MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

FOURTEENTH YEAR. MONDAY APRIL 13, 1896. TWO CENTS.

Men's Mackintoshes!

Showery April, and in this climate quite as showery May. You will get through them best with a Mckintosh to help you. From lookin you'll agree that we carry a stock equal to all the other stocks combined. We don't buy them to pile up either. We sell them to the daily throng of buyers. And the saving here is fully a fourth from current prices.

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Williamson & Mendenhall

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WE OFFER FOR ONE WEEK:

One Set Champer's Encyclopedia (Am. edition, sheep); One Set Dumas (half leather) and One Set Bulwer (cloth) . . . . . **Very Cheap**

ALBERTSON, 330 HOTEL ST. LOUIS BLOCK.

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Windsor BICYCLES

Bicycle repairing a specialty.

W. M. SPALDING, 17 Fifth Avenue West.

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L. MENDENHALL. ESTABLISHED 1869. T. W. HOOPES

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$12,500 TO LOAN ON IMPROVED PROPERTY.

COMMERCIAL LIGHT AND POWER CO.,

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The only fine line in the city. Everything you want and all at Popular prices.

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The Herald Secures

Clerks, Laborers, Salesmen, Bookkeepers, Barbers, Tailors, Cashiers, Waiters, Canvassers, Collectors, Teamsters, Agents, Coachmen.

Rent that vacant room through a—

Herald Want

BOARDERS of a very superior order are secured through **Herald Wants.**

The Herald Secures

House Girls, Laundresses, Cooks, Stenographers, Chambermaids, Nurses, Seamstresses, Governesses, Copyists, Actresses, Artists, Companions.

LOST..... Articles are daily recovered through a **Herald Want ad.....**

ADVERSE

Senate Decides it Has No Jurisdiction in the Maybrick Matter.

Contract For Printing the Patent Office Gazette is Revoked.

House Considers Matters Relating to the District of Columbia.

Washington, April 13.—Mr. Hoar, from the senate committee on judiciary, reported back Mr. Call's resolution proposing intervention in the case of Mrs. Maybrick. It is an adverse report, and covers only three lines, and makes an indefinite postponement of the resolution. The report recited briefly that the proposed intervention was not a subject in the jurisdiction of the senate. A vote was about to be taken on indefinitely postponing the Call resolution, when Mr. Allen suggested that it would be well to wait until the author of the resolution was present before disposing of the subject. Thereupon the resolution went to the calendar without action.

A lengthy discussion arose over awarding the contract for printing the patent office gazette. Mr. Gorman explained that the preparation of the gazette ought to be open to the fullest competition, and he moved to recede from that provision of the bill giving the contract to the present contractor. He said the present contract should not be continued. The absence of a quorum caused much delay and numerous roll calls, the amendment finally being adopted. This opens the award of the patent gazette to general competition. Mr. Cullom presented a partial agreement from the conference committee on the legislative, executive and judiciary appropriation bills.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, April 13.—This was District of Columbia day in the house. Some preliminary routine business was transacted. A bill was passed to pay the heirs of John Ruben, late United States attorney for the Middle district of Tennessee, $295, being the balance of compensation due him. The house then proceeded with the consideration of the district business.

CLERKS' SALARIES.

House Will Not Favor a Senate Increase.

Washington, April 13.—The house and senate conferees on the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bills have held several meetings, but have not agreed upon a complete compromise, and a disagreement has been reported on several of the most important points of difference. The house conferees have refused to accept the senate amendments to raise the salaries of United States district attorneys and marshals, but the house proposition that the commissions of all commissioners of United States courts terminate on July 1 next has been abandoned.

There was a somewhat bitter discussion over the senate amendment to increase the salaries of clerks to senators from $1200 to $1500, which the house conferees took a stand against, what they termed the extravagance of the senate, in providing for itself. Representatives are allowed clerks, whose salaries are limited to $100 per month during the session of congress, and some do not avail themselves of this allowance, while each senator has a clerk at an annual salary of $1200.

INCREASED SURVEY ALLOWANCE.

Washington, April 13.—The senate committee on public lands authorized an amendment to the sundry civil bill, amending the Carey arid land act of the last congress, so as to provide a basis of security through the states for money expended on reclaiming lands by insuring patents and authorizing liens upon the lands. The committee also favorably reported an amendment increasing the amount of appropriations for surveys to $500,000.

HOUSE BANKRUPTCY BILL.

Washington, April 13.—The house committee on judiciary has finished its work on the bankruptcy bill and Chairman Henderson will report the bill to the house this week, where it is expected it will be called up in a few days. This is one of the bills which the committee on rules is disposed to give an early opportunity for consideration. Mr. Bailey will make a minority report.

REWARD FOR TAYLOR.

Jefferson City, Mo., April 13.—The governor this morning offered a reward of $200 for the arrest of George Taylor, who escaped Saturday.

A SUSPICIOUS GUEST.

Kansas City, April 13.—A special to the Star from Peabody, Kan., says: A man who is believed to be George Taylor, the escaped Missouri murderer, stopped at the Grand Central hotel here last night. He is said to tally with the descriptions of Taylor, received here last fall. His actions were very quiet, and he endeavored to conceal his identity as much as possible. He arrived late last evening, and left the hotel at 4:30 this morning, and has not been seen since. The landlord and police officers are confident that he is the escaped murderer.

THE DOMINION TROUBLE.

London, April 13.—Walter Long, president of the board of agriculture, today said he had received the resolution of the Dominion parliament of March 27, but while deeply regretting that upon any question the government had been unable to accede to the wishes of the Dominion government he felt compelled to say that it was impossible, consistently with the interests of the agriculturalists of Great Britain, to postpone decision on the animals' bill.

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

CRISP STOPS TALKING.

Cannot Continue His Debates With Hoke Smith.

Atlanta, Ga., April 13.—A decided sensation has been created in political circles here by the announcement that ex-Speaker Charles E. Crisp would be compelled to call off the last of the joint debates between himself and Secretary Hoke Smith tomorrow and also to cancel all the engagements he has made to deliver speeches at other points in this state. Mr. Crisp states that he does this on the advice of his physician who informed him this morning, after a careful examination that he was threatened with heart failure, and warned him against a continuance of his speech-making tour. The ex-speaker says that it is possible that he may resume his free silver campaign later on, but that for the present he has decided to submit his chances to the people on his talk already made.

Crisp's withdrawal from the stump is a political bombshell here. It will be remembered that the challenge for the joint debate on the currency question was made first by the Hon. Hoke Smith and accepted by Mr. Crisp. After the second meeting in Atlanta Mr. Crisp secured the postponement of the remainder of the dates on acount of the trouble in his throat. Smith is in Athens today ready for the meeting at Lexington tomorrow and he is understood to be anxious to continue the debate.

CRIPPLE CREEK.

Roughly Handled By Yesterday's Fierce Storm.

Cripple Creek, Col., April 13.—Nobody in this camp ever witnessed a more severe storm than that of yesterday. Although many small buildings and a few large ones were blown down, no fatalities have been reported. The damage to property is estimated at $75,000. At Gillet, the big dance hall was demolished; a 2-story building just completed was toppled over; a new building occupied by the postoffice was blown over, and at least twenty tents were scattered about. In a number of instances gravel was hurled through plate glass with the force of a bullet, not shattering the pane, but leaving a hole the size of the stone. The work of repair was begun early today.

YAMAGATA IN ALBANY.

Japan's Foremost Fighter Received By Gov. Morton.

Albany, April 13.—The special train bearing Governor Morton's staff and Marquis Yamagata arrived here at 1:30, and the party at once took carriages for the executive chamber, where Governor Morton entertained them. In the executive chamber there were present an immense number of people, senators and assemblymen, the women members of Governor Morton's family and prominent citizens. When the governor had shaken hands with the foreigners, Mr. Morton, through an interpreter, bade the marquis welcome to the state. The latter made a suitable response. The party left for New York, after viewing the capitol.

THE POLICEMEN WON.

St. Paul Policemen Get Judgment For Salaries.

St. Paul, April 13.—Frank Horn, police officer, won his suit against the city this morning, and the other suits, 149 in number, followed the same course, the Horn suit being a test case. These suits were the outcome of the attempt to reduce the salaries of the policemen, in which attempt the conference committee could not arrive at an agreement. The pay rolls had not been passed, and the officers could not be paid.

All the suits were for salaries due for January and February. The decision was that under the charter, the salaries of the officers must be fixed by the committee of the council. The supreme court had construed that to mean that these salaries must be fixed annually. The salaries have not been fixed since September, 1892, but have been paid since that time at the rate then fixed until December last. Judge Kelly held that as the salaries had been continuously paid, the resolution of 1892 had been continued in force.

JUNKETING IN VIRGINIA.

Charlottesville, Va., April 13.—The party from Washington reached Charlottesville about noon and were driven at once to Monticello, reaching there at 2 o'clock and receiving an enthusiastic reception. Chauncey Black, Governor Russell, of Massachusetts, and Senator Daniels delivered addresses. Vice President Stevenson presided at the gathering, being introduced by Jefferson Leiter, owner of the Jefferson homestead. The weather was delightful.

KANSAS THOROUGHLY WET.

Scandia, Kan., April 13.—Northern Kansas has had the best wetting for three years. Since Saturday four inches has fallen. A small cyclone passed three miles west of here last night about 3 o'clock. Several barns were destroyed, but no lives were lost. Grass and small grain are in the best possible condition. The river is very high at this point.

THE BOY WAS SHOT.

Denver, April 13.—The autopsy held today on the body of Willie Truesdale, the boy who was supposed to have been stabbed to death by Akola, the Japanese, Saturday night, proved that he had been shot, the bullet going through his heart. This bears out the account of the affray given by Akola, who claims that Mrs. Miller, the boy's aunt, in trying to shoot him, accidentally killed her nephew.

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

LEATHER HOUSE SUSPENDS.

Milford, Conn., April 13.—Green Bros., scrap leather manufacturers, for thirty years located here, have assigned. No assets and liabilities statement has been made. The cause of suspension is due to losses by the poor collections.

STOCK DEALER SUSPENDS.

New York, April 13.—The suspension of W. B. Wheeler & Co. has been announced on the stock exchange. The firm had no contracts outstanding on the exchange, and its suspension is regarded as unimportant.

EXPULSION IRADE REPEALED.

London, April 13.—The under secretary of foreign affairs, George N. Curzon, was asked a question in the house of commons today regarding the irade of the sultan of Turkey, expelling the Protestant and Roman Catholic missionaries from Asia Minor. Mr. Curzon said that the charge d'affaires at Constantinople, John Riddle, had been informed by the Turkish government that the irade expelling the missionaries had been repealed.

RESIGNED

Consul General Williams, at Havana, Steps Out of the Consulate.

Fitz Hugh Lee, of Virginia, Appointed His Successor This Morning.

Williams Has Grown Wealthy and is Also Tired of the Position.

Washington, April 13.—The resignation of Consul General Williams at Havana, which was made public through the nomination of Gen. Fitz Hugh Lee as his successor, caused no surprise here. For months past rumor has been busy with Mr. Williams' name, and it has repeatedly been stated during that time that he had resigned. The denials which were obtained from official sources were always so phrased as to carry only the statement that Mr. Williams was, at the time of the denial, still in office, and the conviction obtained, based not only on these denials, but on certain expressions let fall by Mr. Williams during his visit to Washington last year that his resignation had been at the disposal of the president for some time.

It is known that Mr. Williams has been desirous of surrendering his office, having accumulated a private fortune, and being interested in ventures that require much of his attention and, more than all else, being thoroughly tired of the official duties of his place.

Touching the manner in which he has discharged those duties, the officials of the state department are full of praise, and Mr. Williams leaves the consular service with the reputation of being the model consular officer of the United States. He has been twenty-two years in this service, being appointed in 1874 vice consul general at Havana and promoted to be consul general ten years later. He was born in the District of Columbia and was appointed from New York.

BONDS ARE GOOD.

The Mississippi Gold Clause Does Not Invalidate.

Washington, April 13.—In the United States supreme court today an opinion was handed down in the case of Woodruff, trustee, vs. the State of Mississippi, appealed from the supreme court of that state. The case involved the validity of the bonds issued by the levee board of the state for the improvement of the Mississippi river, which had been questioned because the bonds were made payable in gold.

The supreme court of the state had decided that the bonds were void because the law did not authorize the payment of bonds in any particular kind of money. The opinion today was delivered by Chief Justice Fuller. The opinion of the court below was reversed, and the case remanded.

Justice Harlan delivered the opinion of the court in the cases of John Gibson and Charles Smith vs. the state of Mississippi, tried and found guilty of murder in the state courts. The plaintiffs in error in both cases are colored men. They had sought to have their cases transferred from the state courts to the federal courts under decision 41 R. S. 14, alleging there was a denial of justice, because no men of their color had been summoned as witnesses. The court denied the petition for a transfer, holding that while the statute and the fourteenth amendment to the constitution defined the law, the amendment was only applicable to a permanent constitutional act.

It did not appear that this was the case in Mississippi and the supreme court could not regulate the method of procedure in the state courts. The decision of the state supreme court was therefore affirmed.

WANTS SOME BONDS.

William Graves After Secretary Carlisle's Scalp.

Washington, April 13.—William Graves, of New York, today filed in the district supreme court a petition for a mandamus to compel Secretary Carlisle to deliver to him bonds to the amount of $4,500,000 of the recent issue of thirty-year 4 per cents. The petition sets out that he bid for this amount of bonds at $115.3391 on Feb. 4 last, and complied with all the regulations; that his bid was once accepted; that the original notice of allotment was not sent to him as to other bidders, and though requested, no allowance was made by the department for the amount lost by the negligent act of the department in misdirecting the original allotment notice.

The contention is made that the refusal to deliver these bonds allotted to him in New York, as required, was a mere subterfuge to prevent the petitioner and those who might associate with him from carrying out the terms of the bid and completing the purchase of the bonds, and that the requirement that the petitioner deposit the gold in the sub-treasury at New York and transfer the deposit was not required of other successful bidders, a great hardship to him and invasion of his right to have the bond delivery at New York.

After claiming that the refusal of the department to accept payment for the bonds alloted to him, after the date fixed for the payment of an instalment, is an exercise of arbitrary power and which is unwarranted by law, the petition asks that the secretary of the treasury be restrained from delivering to J. P. Morgan & Co., or any other persons, the $1,500,000 bonds allotted to Graves.

Judge Cole issued an order requiring Secretary Carlisle to appear on Saturday, April 25, and show cause why the mandamus asked by Graves should not be issued.

A DIPLOMATIC TALK.

Berlin, April 13.—It was semi-officially announced today that the imperial chancellor has been in communication with the premier of France during his recent stay in Paris.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Boston—Arrived: Cephalonia, Liverpool.

THROUGH A TRESTLE.

Seven Fatalities Reported in a Kentucky Disaster.

Louisville, April 13.—A special to the Times from Mitchell says: Five men were killed and two others so badly injured that they will die before night in a bridge accident. It happened a half mile from Bedford junction on the Belt railway, on which the stone from the Bedford quarries is transferred from one road to another. The train broke through a trestle. The dead are:

Charles Ogden, conductor.
Sherman Carpenter, fireman.
Warren Leonard, of Walton, Ky.
— Masterton.
— Bevins.

The injured are: Charles Davis, Engineer Menzer.

The train consisted of an engine and two gravel cars, and was running at a high rate of speed at the time of the accident. While passing over what is known as the Standard trestle the last span from the direction of Bedford collapsed. The locomotive was at that time beyond the trestle, and had it not been pulled from the track by the weight of cars behind it the men on the engine would have escaped. As it was, the cars went down with the trestle into a ditch seventy-five feet deep, and the engine, pulled backward in spite of the momentum of the train, rolled over and plunged down an embankment seventy-five feet high. All the men who were on the train were employes of the road and were engaged in ballasting the track with gravel between Mitchell and Bedford. The breaking of the trestle will blockade the road for several days.

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

CULLEN FOR MAYOR.

Bolting St. Paul Democrats Put Him in Nomination.

St. Paul, April 13.—The so-called "bolting or better element" Democratic convention met today and selected a city ticket. In the morning the convention got ready for business by appointing committees and adopting the platform formulated by a committee last week and nominated O. O. Cullen for mayor by acclamation.

It was anounced that Mr. Cullen would not say whether he would accept or decline the nomination until the rest of the ticket had been named, and a recess was taken until 2 o'clock. This afternoon J. I. Beaumont was nominated for comptroller and John Wagener for treasurer.

THE FOURTH ASYLUM.

Hastings-Anoka Fight Goes to Supreme Court.

St. Paul, April 13.—The Anoka-Hastings fight will be taken next to the supreme court for final adjudication. Attorney General Childs has been requested by attorneys for Hastings to allow their clients the further use of his name in an appeal to the highest tribunal. Gen. Childs replied today, cheerfully granting the use of his name in the appeal. He states that it would be manifestly an act of bad faith for him to refuse, and besides he feels that there is so much at stake that there should be every opportunity given for the full and final consideration of the matter.

A SEMI-CENTENNIAL.

Pennsylvania Road Has a Reception of Friends.

Philadelphia, April 13.—The fiftieth anniversary of the incorporation of the Pennsylvania railway was celebrated in an elaborate manner in this city today. The jubilee began formally at noon when President Roberts and the directors of the company held a reception in the assembly room of the big office building of the company. Here the officials of the great corporation from all over the country paid their respects to the head of the road.

A reception was then held in the president's room and the board room to which 800 men, distinguished in finance, railroads, politics and learned professions had been invited. At this function an elaborate luncheon was served and speech making of an informal character indulged in. At 3 o'clock the big event of the day took place. That was the public meeting at the Academy of Music. The opening address was delivered by President Roberts.

TO ARREST HIM.

Warrant Out For Manager Ball of the Minnesota Mine.

A deputy sheriff left on this afternoon's Duluth & Iron Range train for Tower, carrying a warrant for the arrest of Edwin Ball, manager of the Minnesota mine at that place. He is charged with violating the statute which provides that a man shall not be discharged because he is a member of a labor union. The complaint was sworn to by C. J. Rinn, who was discharged by Mr. Ball some time ago. Rinn states that when he asked Ball what it was for he said it was because he was a member of the miners' union.

Rinn further says that Ball had openly stated that he would employ none but non-union men, and that union men need not apply. Ball told Rinn when he employed him that all the rest of the union men in his employ would have to go also.

The case will be prosecuted by the county attorney, assisted by John M. Martin, and the prosecution is instigated by the Trades assembly of this city. The case will probably be important, as it will be made a test case by the Trades assembly and the Minnesota Iron company. If Ball is convicted it will be an important victory for the labor unions of the state.

RIVAL REORGANIZATION PLAN.

New York, April 13.—It is stated that a reorganization plan of the Memphis & Charleston railroad will shortly be issued in opposition to the plan already adopted by the reorganization committee.

MRS. THOMPKINS DEAD.

Bethlehem, Pa., April 13.—Mrs. Augusta Root Thompkins, wife of Gen. Charles H. Thompkins, retired, died here today of pneumonia, after a brief illness, aged 66 years. Mrs. Thompkins was the mother of Capt. Thompkins, of Fort Reilly, and Lieut. Thompkins, of Fort Sheridan. Her remains have been removed to Washington for interment.

MRS. RUNYON'S BEREAVEMENT

Berlin, April 13.—Mrs. Runyon, widow of the late United States ambassador of Germany, has received news of the death of her mother, and with her second daughter, she will sail for New York on the North German Lloyd steamer Lahn on April 28.

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

Panton & White

GLASS BLOCK STORE.

A Natural Sequence

The outgrowth of intelligent and persistent effort to be successful. We are not the creatures of chance, the sport and prey of every stormy wind that blows, nor every bankrupt or shop-worn stock that's thrown on the market. Good buying, close selling, energetic advertising, polite, honest treatment, will make and hold trade. That's why we have earned and maintained our present position over all competitors. The Big Glass Block Store's live, legitimate offerings attract the attention of everybody on both sides of the bay.

Extraordinary Bargains Tuesday!

Read them! Keep posted on what we are doing from day to day! It will pay you.

Silk 25c Dept.

10 pieces Plain Changeable Silks in all colors and combinations, actual value 50c. Bargain price 25c

The Greatest Bargains of the Season.

20 Dress Patterns of Black Brocade Gros Grain Silks in heavy quality, worth $1.25; while they last at 75c

Black Dress Goods.

Entirely new lot of Sicilians and Mohairs, just received. They are bargains.

90c 45-in quality 75c
$1.00 42-in quality 85c
$1.25 50-in quality $1.00
$1.65 56-in quality $1.35
$2.00 56-in quality $1.50

Call and see them.

Colored Dress Goods.

An elegant assortment of spring Novelty Dress Goods, comprising new Bouclés, new Mohairs, new Mixtures, new Crepons, new Cheviots, go on sale at $1.00, actually worth $1.35, $1.50 and $1.25. Remember the price $1.00

Wash Goods.

5000 yards new Prints, all colors, and 2000 yards light Challies, worth 7c. Tuesday's price only 4c

10c—40 pieces Sea Island Percales, 36-in wide and the best cloth, sold formerly at 15c; Tuesday at 10c

A Grand Bargain.

10,000 yards new Dress Ginghams, in plaids and stripes, worth 10c; Tuesday 6c

For Spring Planting and Sowing.

On Bargain Counter No. 1.

All Flowers And Vegetable Seeds, a packet 2½c
Lawn Grass Seed, a packet 15c
Lawn Dressing, a packet 15c
Nasturtiums, large packets ..... 2 for 25c
Sweet Peas, large packet 10c

Bulbs.

Dahlias, each 15c
Peonies, each 20c
Amaryllis, each 10c
Begonias, each 5c
Gladiolus ..... 2 for 5c
Gloxinias, each 10c
Iris, each 10c
Maderia Vines, each 5c
Dwarf and tall Carmas, each 5c
Tuberoses ..... 3 for 5c
Lilium Auratum, each 10c
Lilium Roseum, each 10c
Lilium Album, each 20c

Patrons, Take Notice——

Our Greenhouses at Woodland to be given up and the contents of the three houses to be disposed of at once.

Rose Bushes.

American Beauties, Mateos, Brides, Perles and Bridesmaids, all go at per dozen, without pots $2.25
With pots, per dozen $3.00

Carnation Plants.

Uncle John, William Scott, Portia, Spartan, per dozen, without pots $1.50
With pots, per dozen $2.00

Violet Plants. $1.00

Per dozen $1.00

Place your order quick, they can't last long at those prices.

Flannel Department.

5c—1000 Manufacturers' Remnants of Domet Flannels, worth 8c—at 5c yard.

Outing Flannels.

7c—2 cases Manufacturers' Remnants Outings, light or dark colorings, worth 12½c, at 7c a yard.

Gents' Furnishings.

Tomorrow we will offer 50 dozen Gents' Suspenders, worth 25c and 35c, for—per pair 15c

Panton & White

ECONOMY

Secretary Morton Planning to Save Two Millions of Dollars.

Wants to Make an Economical Record in Agricultural Department.

Disbursing Officers Cautioned Not to Incur Any Avoidable Expense.

Washington, April 13.—It is the expectation of Secretary Morton to have covered back into the treasury, at the end of the present administration, in the neighborhood of $2,000,000, from the appropriations for the agricultural department, for the four years of which he shall have been at its head. To do this, he has plans to save $500,000 a year, but the aggregate may be smaller than hoped for, owing to the rigid pruning of estimates.

Already the amount returned to the treasury from these appropriations has reached $1,014,000. A statement of liabilities of the appropriations of the department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1896, prepared by the disbursing office, shows meager balances to the credit of certain of the funds on April 1. This condition of the balances has been called to the attention of all officers of the department in any way charged with the expenditure or control of public money, in a circular signed by Secretary Morton. Their attention is called to the fact that the present fiscal year is rapidly drawing to a close, and they are cautioned to exercise rigid economy, and under no circumstances to exceed the amount appropriated for the maintenance of their respective bureaus.

For the remainder of the year, requests for services, supplies or other expenses must be confined to such as are urgent and absolutely essential in connection with the work of the current fiscal year. A careful record of all expenditures has been ordered kept in each bureau and division, and the chiefs will be held personally responsible for any deficiency that may occur in connection with their appropriations.

BLOWN TO ATOMS.

Two Hundred Matabeles Killed By Dynamite Explosion.

Buluwayo, Matabeleland, April 13.—Advices received from Gwelo, say that a terrible explosion of dynamite occurred on Friday last at the Eagle Reef store near that place and that 200 Matabeles were killed.

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

DREIBUND IS EXTENDED.

Paris, April 13.—A dispatch to the Main from Venice says that Emperor William and King Humbert, at their conference on Saturday last, decided to prolong the dreibund until 1902, the present agreement including an offensive as well as a defensive clause. The correspondent also says that the African situation was discussed. It was resolved to proceed with the peace negotiations, and, in event of their failure, a fresh expedition, commanded by the duke of Aosta, brother of King Humbert, is to be dispatched against the Abyssinians in September.

RAILROAD MUST PAY.

Topeka, Kan., April 13.—Charles Haber and 142 other cattlemen in Lyon Chase and other counties have banded together to prosecute the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroad company and Brogan & Sons for shipping Texas cattle into the grazing country and spreading disease among their stock. The case was tried in the district court of Lyon county, where the cattlemen obtained a verdict for $50,000 damages, including interest. The defendants appealed to the supreme court and that court sustained the decision of the lower court.

A HEARING ADJOURNED.

Cairo, Egypt, April 13.—The hearing in the proceedings of a syndicate of French bondholders against the commissioners of the caisse of the public debt of Egypt, arising out of the action of the commissioners in allowing a portion of the reserve to be used for the anglo-Egyptian expedition up the Nile, was adjourned today for a fortnight.

TURKS ORDERED HOME.

Constantinople, April 13.—An order has been issued commanding all Turkish students now abroad to return to Turkey. The object of this order is to prevent these students from joining in the young Turk movement.

MINE VICTIMS RESCUED.

Butte, Mont., April 13.—The bodies of John McVeigh, James D. Wyer and John Quinlan, three of the six men who were blown up in the St. Lawrence mine were recovered yesterday.

not one atom

can be lost without the whole body feeling it. The body is like a watch, a machine. This accounts for the success of SCOTT'S EMULSION of Cod-liver Oil in all wasting disease. It feeds, nourishes, keeps up the strength when ordinary food is rejected.

When nutrition is impossible death is certain. Cod-liver oil, say the doctors, is the best nourishment, and SCOTT'S EMULSION, with the Hypophosphites, is beyond comparison the most effective form of cod-liver oil.

50c. and $1.00 at all druggists.

DIPHTHERIA.

Swift, But Fatal in its Action Unless Properly Treated.

Nine out of ten cases can be saved with proper care. This is a disease caused by microbes; they grow and increase in the terrible lesions of the throat; from there they are taken up by the blood, in this way they contaminate the entire system, and the patient dies thoroughly poisoned.

Use Kickapoo Indian Sagwa for this trouble. It purifies the blood; it acts direct on the stomach, liver and kidneys; it expels all poisonous secretions by the natural channels of the body, and enables the great vital organs to perform their natural functions; it carries the patient over the critical point of the disease; convalescence and health attend its use. Purely vegetable; efficient always; harmful never. All druggists sell it. $1.00 a bottle; 6 bottles for $5.00.

MILLENIAL EXHIBITION.

Hungary Will Inaugurate a Big Summer Show.

Washington, April 13.—United States Consul Hammord, at Budapest, sends to the state department an interesting report upon the millenial exhibition at that place, to commemorate the one thousandth anniversary of the foundation of Hungary, which, he says will be of peculiar interest to American tourists, running through the entire summer and fall of the year.

Some of the features of the celebration will be an artistic procession in which the participants will illustrate in the address, the customs of the Hungarians by periods during the past ten years; the opening of 500 schools by the government and the assemblage of a number of congress scientific and literary and artistic bodies. The festivities begin May 2 next, when the millenial will be inaugurated by the emperor.

AFTER ROOSEVELT.

Police Commissioner Receives a Dangerous Package.

New York, April 13.—A package addressed to "Theodore Roosevelt, police headquarters," and marked "Medicine," was brought to the general postoffice today by one of the collectors of mail from one of the down town boxes. It bore no postage stamps, and one of the employes at the postoffice tore off the wrappings at one of the ends. The tear revealed the heads of several matches and bits of fuse.

The package was turned over to an inspector. It is about seven inches long, three inches in circumference and weighs five ounces. Its contents are not yet known. It will be examined at the police bureau of combustibles to determine whether or not an attempt on the life of the commissioner was contemplated.

The examination showed that by a vigorous tearing apart of the brown wrapping paper, the matches would have been rubbed and ignited and set off the fuse, which enclosed a larger cracker. The tube, when cut in two, exposed fine powder, which flashed up at the touch of a match. Thus, contrary to expectation, the bomb was shown to be genuine, though not so dangerous as to have proved fatal. The brown paper wrapper was closed with sealing wax, inside was a covering of cloth, which held together a combination of cracker and fuse. The contrivance was clumsily made.

THE FIRST ORE SALE.

The Block Disposed of Carries No Freight Contract.

Cleveland, April 13.—The first block of iron ore for 1896 delivered has been sold. The ore is a high-grade standard Bessemer, and the sale was made at prices fixed by the sales agents a few weeks ago. It has not been covered by lake freight contract, and the indications are that nothing in that line will be done until the middle of next week.

Neither shippers nor vesselmen show a disposition to hurry matters. The demand for grain carriers at Duluth has fallen off. Coal tonnage is in good demand and shippers are picking up considerable tonnage. The steamers J. H. Wade and Louisiana were chartered last Friday from Cleveland to Milwaukee at 50 cents. Cargoes for the head of Lake Superior are offered at 40 cents.

A JAPANESE REUNION.

Washington, April 13. — Minister Kurino, of Japan, and members of his suite, left here today for New York, where he will meet Count Yamagata, the field marshal of Japan, who won the great battles of the recent Japanese-China war. The distinguished general will not come to Washington.

KILLED HIS WIFE.

Madisonville, Ky., April 13.—About 4 o'clock yesterday morning a negro, named Henry Edmunds, who has not been living with his wife for some time, slipped into her home, and after beating her in a terrible manner, shot her to death. The woman's sister, who was visiting her, came to her aid and Edmunds shot and dangerously wounded her. Edmunds made his escape.

MORMON ESPIONAGE.

Salt Lake, Utah, April 13.—E. B. Critchlow, a gentile member of the legislature, in a half-column article in the Tribune, attacks the alleged methods of the Mormon church officials on political matters. He makes the statement that not a single bill, passed by the legislature, was signed by the governor until it had first been submitted to the church officials. Governor Wells has been interviewed on the subject and says the statement is unqualifiedly false.

DERVISHES WERE ROUTED.

Massowah, April 13.—Further advices from the front show that the Dervishes retreat after the recent fighting was in the nature of a complete rout. Col. Stevani burned the entrenchment works of Tucrut and Gulusit. The retreating Dervishes inflicted considerable loss on the Shoans.

In these days of telephone, telegraph, electricity and steam, people cannot afford to wait days or as many hours for relief. This is our reason for offering you One Minute Cough Cure. Neither days, nor hours, nor even minutes elapse before relief is afforded. S. F. Boyce.

PEACEFUL

Yesterday's Big Storms in Colorado Have All Blown Over.

One Boy Killed at Colorado Springs is the Fatality List.

Many Buildings Were Prostrated and the Damage List is Heavy.

Denver, April 13.—The great snow and wind storm which brought trains to a standstill on the divide between Denver and Colorado Springs yesterday on all railroads, except Santa Fe, abated during the night and today the sun is shining brightly. The railroads will be opened and trains moved today.

At Monument and Palmer Lake, where trains were stalled, there is eight inches of snow on the level and in places drifts are twenty feet deep. Further south the snowfall was even greater. At Trinidad over two feet of snow fell during the day. The hurricane drifted the snow into banks ten to fifteen feet high, blockading all thoroughfares. Traffic on all railroads came to a standstill. Two west-bound Santa Fe and one Gulf passenger train are tied up in Trinidad. On the Raton mountains the storm was more intense than anywhere else, the snow drifting as high as twenty feet.

The telegraph wires south of Trinidad are all down. The storm extended from La Junta to Las Vegas, but was not so severe south of Raton. In Pueblo, the wind attained a velocity of fifty-four miles per hour. Glass was blown out in the business and residence sections of the city and the electric light, telephone, telegraph and fire police wires were badly mixed.

On the prairies to the east, the storm will benefit ranchmen, who have put in a large acreage of small grain, but it is believed some cattle perished in the blizzard. Cripple Creek wires are down and no news has been received from the camp this morning, but according to the latest report received last night the wind had abated and the worst was believed to be over.

The only loss of life so far reported was at Colorado Springs, where J. M. Solomon's house was blown down and his 12-year-old son, James, was killed by being hit on the head by a timber. The other six members of the family, who were in bed, escaped with bruises. In Denver there was no snowfall worth mentioning and the maximum velocity of the wind was forty miles an hour, while on the divide it blew at the rate of seventy-five miles.

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

GERMAN TROLLEYS.

Consular Report Regarding Electric Development There.

Washington, April 13.—A report to the state department upon electric lighting in Germany from United States Consul Monaghan, at Chemnitz, says that the experiments are being made in Dresden, Germany, with accumulators or storage batteries and underground conduits with a view to the replacement of the overhead system of railway propulsion. In Chemnitz the overhead trolley system has been enormously profitable. In this case the trolley wires are supported from iron ropes cemented into the walls of places along the railway thus dispensing with poles and effecting economy in construction. The system has worked perfectly for the past two years and has much to commend it to cities bent on overhead systems.

Accumulators are largely used in Chemnitz for electric lighting. They consist of cylindrical columns twelve feet high by five feet in diameter, so distributed through feet in diameter, so distributed through feet in diameter, so distributed through feet in diameter, so distributed through the city as to make it almost impossible for the light to fail, even should anything happen at the Central station to cut off the current. They act as reservoirs and are ornamental.

BURNED TO DEATH.

San Francisco, April 13.—Fritz E. Rasmay, a child 6 years old, was burned to death last night in a fire which destroyed three houses in the Mission district. Mrs. Catharine Blume, the child's grandmother, leaped from a second story window and was seriously injured. John E. Rasmay entered the home to save his son and narrowly escaped death himself.

SENATOR TRUMBULL ILL.

Belleville, Ill., April 13.—While delivering the oration at the funeral of ex-Governor Koerner Sunday, Senator Trumbull was taken ill. Considering his great age, the physicians express serious doubts as to his recovery.

LI HUNG CHANG IN RUSSIA.

St. Petersburg, April 13.—Li Hung Chang, who is to represent the emperor of China at the ceremonies attending the coronation of the czar at Moscow has arrived here. He was received with high honors. Li Hung Chang is quoted as saying, in the course of an interview, that after leaving Moscow he will visit Berlin, Paris and London and thence to America returning to Pekin in November.

FRENCH DUEL—USUAL RESULT.

Paris, April 13.—The Prince De Sagan and M. Hermant, author of the play "Lamente," fought a duel this morning. They exchanged four shots on the Saint Ouen race course without effect. The trouble grew out of alleged personal reflections on the prince's play. Count Friant and Count Dion acted for the prince.

A LANDERS DISPLAY.

Denver, April 13.—A special from Landers, Wyo., says: A singular phenomenon was a shower in this city last night. First red and then yellow clay fell, followed a little later by almost black mud. People who were out in the storm looked as though they had been churned in a tub full of mud.

THERE WAS NO DUEL.

Wichita, Kan., April 13.—The special sent out from Wellington last night alleging that Editor Branscomb, of the South Haven New Era, was killed in a duel between Editor Richards, of the Wellington Mail and Editor Simons of the Caldwell News, at South Haven was an absolute fake. None of those concerned were in South Haven at the time and all are on the best of terms. No cause can be given for the story.

PITCHER WOOD ASSIGNED.

St. Louis, April 13.—President Young, of the National league, has telegraphed Manager Diddlebock that the national board has awarded Pitcher Wood, of the Atlanta club, to the St. Louis Browns.

THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Governor Allin at Bismarck has issued a proclamation naming May 1 as Arbor day and requesting a due observance by the people of the state.

A man giving the name of S. J. Chalin, and the address of Grand Forks, who was known to have done considerable photographic work in this section, came to Reynolds about two months ago, bringing a camera. He was very busy for several weeks, and, by collecting in advance, secured a large sum of money. At Buxton and other places in this vicinity he pursued the same policy. He left here a month ago and word has been received from him since. People are charging the amount of the receipts which they hold to experience.

Just as soon as the weather program is agreeable and the streets are in fair condition it is more than likely Grand Forks will give ample evidence of having gone about as near crazy over the bicycle fever as even Minneapolis with its bicycle show. Many novelties will be brought out this year in the way of bicycle fads and Grand Forks will undoubtedly have its full share. An entirely new venture in the bicycle line, however, is a bicycle boat, the invention of Royal L. Boulter, manager of the Western Union telegraph office in this city. Mr. Boulter was yesterday awarded a patent on his invention, and as soon as Grand Forks' water course is in condition, will give his friends an opportunity of seeing the novel craft. He has succeeded in keeping the construction of the boat a secret, even from his friends, but now that his patent has been secured, he will take an early opportunity of exhibiting the novel boat, in the construction of which the bicycle idea has been developed in providing for the motive power.

The Republican county convention at Mandan elected sixteen delegates to the Fargo convention, headed by George H. Burgenheimer, who is a candidate for delegate to St. Louis. Strong McKinley and sound money resolutions were unanimously adopted, with the unit rule and no proxies.

A live team of sixteen Fargo ladies instituted a Rebekah lodge auxiliary to the I. O. O. F., at Wheatland. The lodge was named Oak Leaf No. 19, with fifty-five charter members. The initiation was followed by a banquet and ball given in the lodge room.

The new city directory of Grand Forks, which is being distributed by its publishers, makes the population of the city, according to the estimate of its publishers, only 8715, and that of East Grand Forks 2926, or a total of 11,641.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Ex-Superintendent Charles Kahl, died at his home, near Waporeda, Saturday night, after a brief illness. Mr. Kahl was well known over the state in educational circles. He was superintendent of schools in this county from statehood to 1895. The spring enrollments at the Vermillion university will reach over 200, something more than the enrollment of one year ago. Recent rains have made the seeding conditions favorable. A large crop will be put in this spring.

Requisition papers have been issued at Pierre for Fred Gates, who is wanted at Mitchell on a charge of embezzlement. He is supposed to be at Athelstone, Taylor county, Iowa. Arrangements have been about completed for a three days' race meet at Pierre May 14, 15 and 16. All the speedy horses from the range country will be here and an interesting meet is in sight.

At Dickinson the discovery of a human skull in a good state of preservation by well diggers, at a depth of forty feet, beneath a solid 4-foot vein of coal, is attracting a good deal of attention.

At Miller the postoffice was broken into and $130 in cash taken, besides stamps, etc., to an amount not known Saturday night. The safe was blown open with tools and material stolen from Sunderland's blacksmith shop.

At Sioux Falls the United States grand jury has returned twenty indictments, nineteen of them against the Indians accused of raping Ada Menard, a 14-year-old Indian girl. Fourteen of the accused are under arrest and will be tried next week. The jury in the case of Axel Keyes, of Yankton, found damages for the government in $14,000 by his failure to fulfill a grain contract.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Colorado experienced a bad blizzard yesterday. Cripple Creek buildings were badly damaged and it is feared that some lives were lost in outlying camps. In Texas the same storm developed into a tornado and many buildings were ruined throughout the state.

George Taylor, the condemned murderer, who escaped from the Carrolton jail in Missouri, seems to have made his escape for good.

Cleveland had an early morning fire yesterday which caused a loss of $10,000 to a big tenement house. One girl was slightly hurt by jumping from a window.

Baron von Schraeder, who was wounded in a duel at Potsdam, Prussia, by Count von Kotze, is dead. Von Kotze will be arrested by order of the emperor.

An additional shortage of $10,000 has been discovered in the accounts of Maxey Cobb, late treasurer of Lancaster county, Nebraska. This makes his total deficit $16,000.

Col. R. G. Ingersoll occupied the pulpit of the Militant church in Chicago yesterday and preached a sermon from the text "Not darkness, but ignorance." The church was packed.

Capt. Brand was defeated in a recent engagement with the Matabeles and his Maxim gun was disabled. His loss was five troopers killed and sixteen wounded. The Matabeles loss in killed and wounded is estimated at 150.

At New Hampton, Iowa, yesterday Herman Boak shot and killed Mike Bartz and the latter's son and young daughter. Boak thought the girl was his divorced wife and he waylaid the party coming home from church.

Senator Ingalls is sick in bed at Atchison, Kan. It is a severe cold.

John Hoefs and his wife were found dead in bed in Milwaukee. Examination showed arsenical poisoning.

The New Orleans steamship City of Dallas foundered in a storm near Colon a few days ago. Passengers and crew were saved.

GEO. TAYLOR NOT CAPTURED.

Carrolton, Mo., April 13.—No word has yet been received here of the capture of George Taylor, one of the brothers under sentence of death for the murder of the Meeks family, who escaped from the Carrolton jail Saturday night. Sheriff Stanley with Bill Taylor in charge left here at 10:40 this morning for Kansas City, where Taylor will be held for safe keeping.

AN ENGLISH HOROSCOPE.

London, April 13.—The St. James Gazette referring to the imperial importance of the Canadian elections, says it apprehends that if the principles of federation there in justification of the Catholics of Manitoba carry decisively all trouble will be ended. If, however, the verdict is partial and obscure the Conservatives will not have a strong majority, chaos will follow, the constitution will be unworkable, and Canada will be divided by the sword of sectarian strife.

YAMAGATA TRAVELS FAST.

Syracuse, N. Y., April 13.—The train bearing Count Yamagata and his suite and the members of the governor's staff arrived in this city on schedule time today, and after engines had been changed, proceeded onward at the rate of a mile a minute, and the count expressed his pleasure at the high speed attained.

The name One Minute Cough Cure suggests a medicine that relieves at once, and quickly cures. Its use proves it. S. F. Boyce.

A ROYAL FEASTING.

Venice, April 13.—King Humbert, Queen Marguerite and the crown prince, Victor Emanuel, prince of Naples, lunched on board the imperial yacht Hohenzollern today with the emperor and empress of Germany.

DIED OF PNEUMONIA.

Denver, April 13.—D. J. Flynn, traveling passenger agent of the Rock Island road for Colorado and Utah, died here yesterday of pneumonia. He was formerly with the Erie road, but came here six years ago for his health. He was 33 years of age.

PROF. QUIDDE SENTENCED.

Munich, April 13.—Prof. Quidde has been sentenced to three months imprisonment after having been convicted of lese majeste.

One Minute Cough Cure is a popular remedy for croup. Safe for children and adults. S. F. Boyce.

The coming Artist who knows enough to paint a popular subject. 55

BattleAx PLUG

A GREAT BIG PIECE FOR 10 CENTS

You get 5⅓ oz. of "Battle Ax" for 10 cents. You only get 3½ oz. of other brands of no better quality for 10 cents. In other words, if you buy "Battle Ax" you get 2 oz. more of high grade tobacco for the same money. Can you afford to resist this fact? We say NO—unless you have "Money to Burn."

PITCH AND GRAVEL ROOFING. FURNACES AND SKYLIGHTS. TIN AND SHEET IRON WORK. Repairs for the Union and Kernan Furnaces kept on hand REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

McMartin & Co., 23 FIFTH AVE. WEST. Telephone No. 642.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand. PENNYROYAL PILLS. Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for *Chichester's English Diamond Brand* in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. *Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations.* At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. *Name Paper.* Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square Philada.

Sold by all Local Druggists.

SHERIFF'S SALE UNDER FORECLOSURE.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Benjamin Sharpless, Plaintiff,

vs.

Camille Poirier, Margaret G. Poirier, his wife, Duluth Trust Company, as assignee for the benefit of creditors of Camille Poirier, Lyndsley, American Exchange Bank, of Duluth, Minnesota, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 14th day of March, 1896, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, the undersigned, sheriff of said St. Louis County, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, on Wednesday, the 29th day of April, 1896, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot numbered three hundred fifty-one (351), block one hundred twenty-four (124), Duluth Proper, Second Division, according to the recorded plat thereof.

Dated March 11th, 1896.

W. W. BUTCHART,
As Sheriff of St. Louis County, Minn.,
By AMOS SHEPHARD,
Deputy.

TOWNE & DAVIS,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
103-106 Trust Company Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.
March-16-23-30-April-6-13-20—27.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of the sum of thirteen hundred sixty-six and 22-100 dollars ($1366.22) which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Dennis Daley, as mortgagor, to John C. Hunter and Clinton Markell, as mortgagees, bearing date the 18th day of August, 1890, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of September, 1890 at 1:00 o'clock p. m. in Book 27 of mortgages on page 531; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Fractional lots three (3), four (4) and five (5), in block nineteen (19), Hunter & Markell's Grassy Point Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, said lots being situated in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 28th day of April, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of two hundred eighty-nine and 60-100 dollars and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 16, A. D. 1896.

JOHN C. HUNTER,
CLINTON MARKELL,
Mortgagees.

BERT FESLER,
Attorney for Mortgagees,
Hunter Block, Duluth, Minn.
March-16-23-30-April-6-13-20.

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of thirty and 64-100 ($30.64) dollars which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon that certain mortgage executed and delivered by John A. Gobeen, mortgagor to Nathaniel J. Upham, mortgagee, bearing date the 9th day of June, 1890, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 11th day of June, 1891, at 4 o'clock p. m. in Book 61 of mortgages on page 140, which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said Nathaniel J. Upham to Charles Meyer, Jr., by written instrument dated July —, 1891, with an acknowledgement attached dated July 15th, 1891, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 16th day of July, 1891, at 4 o'clock p. m. in Book 42 of mortgages, at page 490, which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said Charles Meyer, Jr., to Melville H. Mixsell, by written instrument dated the 10th day of September, 1891, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 28th day of September, 1891, at 8:20 o'clock a. m. in Book 42 of mortgages on page 539. By an instrument in writing dated the first day of June, 1894, made between said Melville H. Mixsell, assignee of said mortgage, and John A. Gobeen, the mortgagor, the time for the payment of the principal of the debt secured by said mortgage was extended for a term of three years from the first day of June, 1894, to the first day of June, 1897, with interest at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from June 1st, 1894, payable semi-annually on the first days of June and December of each year.

Said agreement was on August 20th, 1894, at 8:30 o'clock a. m. recorded in the office of said register of deeds in Book 121 of mortgages on page 53; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein conveyed which are situated in St. Louis County, Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: Lot numbered five (5), in block numbered one hundred eighty-nine (189), West Duluth, Second Division, according to the recorded plat thereof in the office of the register of deeds for said county and state, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 28th day of April, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of two hundred eighty-nine and 60-100 dollars and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 16, A. D. 1896.

JOHN C. HUNTER,
CLINTON MARKELL,
Mortgagees.

BERT FESLER,
Attorney for Mortgagees,
Hunter Block, Duluth, Minn.
March-16-23-30-April-6-13-20.

SHERIFF'S SALE UNDER FORECLOSURE.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Benjamin Sharpless, Plaintiff,

vs.

Camille Poirier, Margaret G. Poirier, his wife, Duluth Trust Company, as assignee for the benefit of creditors of Camille Poirier, Lyndsley, American Exchange Bank, of Duluth, Minnesota, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 14th day of March, 1896, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, the undersigned, sheriff of said St. Louis County, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, on Wednesday, the 29th day of April, 1896, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot numbered three hundred fifty-one (351), block one hundred twenty-four (124), Duluth Proper, Second Division, according to the recorded plat thereof.

Dated March 11th, 1896.

W. W. BUTCHART,
As Sheriff of St. Louis County, Minn.,
By AMOS SHEPHARD,
Deputy.

TOWNE & DAVIS,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
103-106 Trust Company Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.
March-16-23-30-April-6-13-20—27.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of the sum of thirteen hundred sixty-six and 22-100 dollars ($1366.22) which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Dennis Daley, as mortgagor, to John C. Hunter and Clinton Markell, as mortgagees, bearing date the 18th day of August, 1890, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of September, 1890 at 1:00 o'clock p. m. in Book 27 of mortgages on page 531; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Fractional lots three (3), four (4) and five (5), in block nineteen (19), Hunter & Markell's Grassy Point Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, said lots being situated in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 28th day of April, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of two hundred eighty-nine and 60-100 dollars and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 16, A. D. 1896.

JOHN C. HUNTER,
CLINTON MARKELL,
Mortgagees.

BERT FESLER,
Attorney for Mortgagees,
Hunter Block, Duluth, Minn.
March-16-23-30-April-6-13-20.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of the sum of two hundred eighty-nine and 60-100 dollars ($289.60) which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Dennis Daley, as mortgagor, to John C. Hunter and Clinton Markell, as mortgagees, bearing date the 16th day of August, 1890, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 11th day of October, 1890, at 3:00 o'clock p. m. in Book 28 of mortgages on page 577; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Fractional lots three (3), four (4) and five (5), in block nineteen (19), Hunter & Markell's Grassy Point Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, said lots being situated in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 28th day of April, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of two hundred eighty-nine and 60-100 dollars and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

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March-16-23-30-April-6-13-20.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of the sum of two hundred eighty-nine and 60-100 dollars ($289.60) which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Dennis Daley, as mortgagor, to John C. Hunter and Clinton Markell, as mortgagees, bearing date the 16th day of August, 1890, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 11th day of October, 1890, at 3:00 o'clock p. m. in Book 28 of mortgages on page 577; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Fractional lots three (3), four (4) and five (5), in block nineteen (19), Hunter & Markell's Grassy Point Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, said lots being situated in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 28th day of April, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of two hundred eighty-nine and 60-100 dollars and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 16, A. D. 1896.

JOHN C. HUNTER,
CLINTON MARKELL,
Mortgagees.

BERT FESLER,
Attorney for Mortgagees,
Hunter Block, Duluth, Minn.
March-16-23-30-April-6-13-20.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of the sum of two hundred eighty-nine and 60-100 dollars ($289.60) which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Dennis Daley, as mortgagor, to John C. Hunter and Clinton Markell, as mortgagees, bearing date the 16th day of August, 1890, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 11th day of October, 1890, at 3:00 o'clock p. m. in Book 28 of mortgages on page 577; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

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Dated March 16, A. D. 1896.

JOHN C. HUNTER,
CLINTON MARKELL,
Mortgagees.

BERT FESLER,
Attorney for Mortgagees,
Hunter Block, Duluth, Minn.
March-16-23-30-April-6-13-20.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of the sum of forty-four hundred sixty-six and 22-100 dollars ($4466.22) which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Dennis Daley, as mortgagor, to John C. Hunter and Clinton Markell, as mortgagees, bearing date the 18th day of August, 1890, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of September, 1890 at 1:00 o'clock p. m. in Book 27 of mortgages on page 531; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by vir

WEST END

Epworth League Entertainment at Asbury Methodist Church Tonight.

Music, Recitations and a Debate Are on the Program.

Fire Department Called Out By a Small Boy Joker.

Tonight at the Asbury M. E. church the Epworth league will give its regular bi-monthly entertainment, and the program as given below will show that the members of the league have spared no pains in making arrangements. Those who will take part are well known to the musical and literary world of West Duluth. These entertainments are always well attended, as the people know what to expect, and they will certainly not be disappointed tonight. The admission is free. The following program will be rendered:

Music .....Congregation
Reading .....Miss Sears
Song .....Ber. Abbott
Reading .....Mrs. Cochran
Recitation .....Lana Govkit
Song .....J. W. Bodilly
Debate—"Resolved, that the poet has done more to stir up patriotism in the hearts of the people than the soldier."

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Last nigh: Marvin Phillips applied at the West Duluth police station for lodging. During the night he was taken seriously ill and this morning Dr. Pearson was summoned. Being without friends or money he was given a ticke: to the hospital, where he will be taken care of until he recovers.

Ed Boyle has gone to South Dakota.

N. C. Kingsbury has returned from a business trip through Wisconsin.

At the Westminster Presbyterian church yesterday George Skinner and Neil McKenzie were ordained as deacons. The Lord's supper was served in the morning. At the Asbury M. E. church last evening Dr. Forbes delivered a lecture on "Thomas Jefferson," which delighted the audience that attended.

Dr. Rodwell, of Mesaba, was in the city on business.

The fire department was called out last evening by a false alarm from the corner of Sixty-third avenue wes. and Grand. Some small boy turned in an alarm for fun, and when the department arrived he had disappeared. It is a little late for April fool jokes, and if the authorities learn who the boy was he will be sorry he sprung his little joke.

Saturday a boy arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Austin, of Bay View Heights, and yesterday the parents were presented to Michael Paddon, of Proctorknott, and J. B. Smith, of Hazelwood Park.

Wall paper at S. J. Nygren's.

De Witt's Colic Cure, Little Early Risers and Witch Hazel. Sold at Spencer's.

A BIG VULTURE.

Ate an Entire Cow at a Meal Recently.

A bird of prey as tall as a man! Such is the prize just captured by the superintendent of Richard Gird's ranch in the hills south of Chino, San Bernardino county, says the San Francisco Examiner.

The prisoner is a magnificent specimen of the California vulture, without doubt the largest ever seen captive. From the crown of its ferocious-looking, red-wattled head to its strong, scaly talons, it measures six feet. Its plucky captor is an inch or two shorter in his cowhide boots. The man has the advantage in weight, for the bird weighs 100 pounds. Still that is a fair lighting weight to carry through the rarefied upper air. In order to accomplish this feat the vulture is provided with wings that have a spread of twelve feet. Withal, the ornithologists who have seen it say that it is merely a youngster.

Apart from the red wattles already alluded to, the bird's head conveys the idea of a very bald old man of miserly instincts. The back and the upper part of the wings are gray and the tail and larger wing feathers are a glossy black. The legs and feet are of a reddish hue.

Altogether Mr. Gird's pet is a formidable looking customer. Partly for this reason, partly because of his red poll, partly because of his light weight in contrast to his extreme height and strength, and partly because he shows a vicious inclination to deal knock-out blows to whoever approaches him, Mr. Gird proposes to take good care of his prize and is prepared to match him against any captive wild bird living.

If the match were an eating contest, Mr. Gird would probably be on the safe side. Allured by the palatable flavor of a dead cow, the bird devoured nearly every particle of flesh from its bones, which so oppressed him that however vigorously he flapped his wings he was unable to soar away to his eyrie among distant mountain fastnesses.

In this humiliating predicament he was lassoed and dragged, fluttering ponderously but helplessly, to Mr. Gird's stable. His mood just at present is just a trifle morose, as might be expected under the circumstances, but Mr. Gird hopes to convert the bird into an affectionate and interesting household pet. Even in the bird's present untutored condition his owner declares that he would not take $1000 for him.

Mr. Gird probably does not exaggerate the value of his acquisition. The California vulture is very nearly extinct, owing to the traps laid for birds of prey by settlers.

We have the only padded vans in Duluth for moving furniture. We pay all damages caused by the carelessness of our men. Trunks delivered, 25 cents.
Duluth Van Company,
212 West Superior street.

CHEAP DRAYING.

Furniture, Piano, Trunks and Safe Moving.

All kinds of heavy draying done on short notice. Our prices are reasonable and satisfaction guaranteed. Great Northern Fuel and Transfer company, 210 Superior street west.

George W. Strayer, agent.
Telephone 601.

GET OUR PRICES

Before getting moved. We can save you time and money. Trunks delivered, 25 cents. Office 212 West Superior street.

Don't neglect that cough, it leads to consumption. One Minute Cough Cure possesses a double virtue. It cures and cures quickly. S. F. Boyce.

Sometimes it seems to weary woman that she must certainly give up. The simplest and easiest work becomes an almost insurmountable task. Nervousness, sleeplessness and pain harass her and life seems hardly worth the living.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription was made for her. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery was made for her. The former is for the ills distinctly feminine, the other for her general system. Together they supply a scientific and successful *course* of treatment. The "Favorite Prescription" restores healthy, regular action to the organs distinctly feminine. It forces out all impurities, strengthens the tissues, allays inflammation. The "Golden Medical Discovery" makes appetite, helps digestion, promotes assimilation, fills out the hollows in cheeks and neck with good solid flesh and brings back the gladsome glow of girlhood. With these remedies there is no need of detested "examinations."

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

Lots of green stuff showed up on Provision alley this morning and, with the solitary exception of fruits, there was no change worth noting. Eggs hold the fort at 10½ to 11 cents, but the latter quotation is nearer the average price.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed daily.

BUTTER.	
Creameries, separators, fancy.	18 @20
Dairies, fancy, special make...	15 @16
Dairies, good, fair, sweet.....	12 @15
Fine roll and print.....	12 @14
Packing stock.....	8 @ 9
CHEESE.	
Turns or flats, full cream.....	10 @11
Full cream, Young America....	11 @12
Full cream, second grade.....	8 @ 9
Swiss cheese, No. 1.....	13
Brick, No. 1.....	11 @12
Limburger, full cream, choice..	10 @11
Primost	6
EGGS.	
Candled stock, strictly fresh..	10½@11
SYRUPS, ETC.	
Pure Vt. maple syrup, gal. can.	90
HONEY.	
Fancy white clover.....	14 @15
Golden rod	13 @14
Dark honey	12 @14
Buckwheat, dark	12 @12½
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Fresh Vermont stock per lb....	10
VEGETABLES.	
Beets, per bushel.....	40
Onions, old, per bushel.....	30
Carrots, new, per box.....	$ 1 75
Carrots, new, per dozen.....	35
Onions, old, per bushel.....	40
Onions, new, per dozen.....	25 @45
Celery, large Cal., per doz....	$ 1 25
Turnips, per bushel.....	25
Squashes, Hubbard, per doz....	1 25
Onions, per bushel.....	45
Tomatoes, per basket.....	75 @80
Carrots, per doz bunches....	45 @
Cabbage, old, per barrel.....	3 00
Cabbage, Cal., per lb.....	2¾
Cabbage, Mobile, per crate....	3 50
Lettuce, per box.....	1 25
Lettuce, per dozen.....	20
Horseradish, per barrel.....	6 50@ 7 00
Oyster plants, per doz.....	65 @75
Sweet potatoes, per barrel.....	4 75@ 5 00
Mint, per dozen.....	35
Parsley, per dozen.....	35
Spinach, per box.....	$ 1 25@ 1 35
Radishes, per box.....	1 50@ 1 75
Radishes, per dozen.....	35
Cauliflowers, per dozen.....	1 50
Pieplant, per pound.....	10
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bushel.....	$ 1 35@ 1 50
Medium, hand picked, per bus..	1 25
Dirty lots, per bushel.....	75@ 1 00
Brown beans, fancy, per bus..	1 75@ 2 00
Yellow peas, per bushel.....	1 10
POTATOES.	
Potatoes, Minnesota.....	18 @20
Potatoes, new, per bushel.....	1 25@ 1 50
FRUITS.	
Bananas, bunches	$ 1 00@ 1 50
Lemons, per box.....	3 25@ 3 50
Cranberries, per barrel.....	8 00@ 9 00
Oranges, navel, per box.....	3 50@ 4 00
Oranges, seedlings, per box....	2 50@ 2 75
Strawberries, per case, 24 pints	3 00
Pineapples, per dozen.....	3 50@ 4 50
APPLES.	
Winesaps, per barrel.....	$ 5 00
Ben Davis, per barrel.....	4 00@ 4 50
Willow twig, per barrel.....	5 00
DRESSED MEATS.	
Veal, fancy	6½@ 7½
Veal, choice	5 @ 5½
Veal, heavy, coarse or thin.....	5
Mutton, fancy dressed.....	5½@ 6
Spring lamb, fine.....	14
DRESSED POULTRY.	
Spring chickens, per lb.....	12½
Mixed, per lb.....	12
BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.	
Bran, 200 lb. sacks included...	$ 7 50@ 8 50
Shorts, 200 lb. sacks included..	$ 8 00
Red dog	$ 9 50@ 9 50
Ground feed, No. 1.....	$ 10 50@11 50
Ground feed, No. 2.....	$ 10 50@11 50
HAY, CAR LOTS.	
Choice South Minn.....	$ 6 00@ 8 00
Northern Minn..	$ 5 00@ 6 50
Medium	$ 4 50@ 5 50
Poor	$ 4 00@ 6 00
Tame, ton, choice timothy.....	$ 10 00@11 00

IN NEW YORK.

New York, April 13.—Butter, steady; Western creamery, 12@18c; Elgins, 18c. Eggs, steady; Western, 11½@13c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, April 13.—Butter, weak; dairies, 10@16c. Eggs, quiet, 9@10½c.

MUSTARD AND CRESS.

A charming young hostess, whose residence is on Eighty-first street, has started a pleasant little fad that is growing rapidly in favor among the younger housekeepers of the uptown set. The fad is nothing less than to have fresh and crisp "mustard and cress" served in puris naturalibus, as it grows, on the breakfast table, says the New York Journal.

Mustard and cress is a favorite addition to the thin bread and butter of English breakfasts and teas, and the young hostess has hit upon the design of growing it in her own dining room. The process is simplicity itself. A piece of clean white flannel is placed in the bottom of a soup plate and saturated with water. It is then sprinkled with mustard seed, and a teaspoonful of water night and morning does the rest. In three days the seed sprouts; in a week the plate is a mass of pretty green seed leaves. In ten days it is a forest of crisp and succulent cress, which can be placed upon the table and eaten just as it grows. It seems to freshen up the breakfast table wonderfully, and, besides, it is so "English, you know."

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

PAID FOR EACH NOTE.

At La Scala, Milan, operatic artists are paid for each note sung, says the New York Journal. The unit of pay in the case of the principal tenor is, for instance, 3 francs per note, and thus, in the case of one of Mascagni's operas, where his part contained 610 notes, the tenor was paid 1830 francs each time he sang in this opera. Recently he wished the scale to be raised to 5 francs per note, but this the manager refused. Although the 3 francs per note was fairly good pay, it falls considerably short of what Jean de Reszke, Signor Tamagno or Patti receive; the last named being credited with receiving, for years past, $5 for every note sung, or rather more than 25 francs.

AN IMUROVED PAINT.

Thomas H. Denny, of Cape Charles, Va., has invented an anticorrosive and antifouling marine paint, which has been successfully tested at that place. For many years Mr. Denny has been engaged in some of the best car works in the country, and his familiarity with paints and close study of the action of climates on this particular class of work has led up to his present study to resist the fouling so common in marine work. This paint was plied to both wood and iron and after having been placed in salt water for six months it was found to be clean, hard and unbroken. The merits of this paint will be laid before the navy department with a view to its use on war ships.

Wanted—Good second hand power elevator. Address William Simms, care The Sulphin company.

HIGHER

Wheat Made an Advance Today After a Rather Weak Opening.

Trading on the Duluth Board Dull and of Light Proportions.

The Decrease in the Visible Supply Came Up to Expectations.

Bearish weather reports from the wheat growing states, together with the increase in the world's shipments and weaker cables, caused wheat to open rather weak but changed. The foreign markets reflected Saturday's weakness here faintly. Liverpol was quoted but ½d lower per cental. The Mark Lane London quotations were 6d per quarter higher for wheat and 1s per sack higher for flour. The Northwest receipts were 379 cars, compared with 178 on the year before. Chicago got 10 car loads and sent out 56,330 bus by rail. Exports from the principal Atlantic ports, including wheat and flour, amounted to 250,000 bus. The wheat visible supply about satisfied, by a decrease of 2,262,000 bus, the expectations which had been formed of it. That leaves 53,359,000 bus in sight, compared with 70,487,000 bus a year ago. The decrease on the corresponding week of last year was 2,216,00 bus. Corn increased 142,000 bus and oats increased 240,000 bus.

The price began to recover after the early decline. The advance was accounted for by the summing up of the following items of information which began dropping in after the early decline: The really favorable weather was described as showing up more clearly and unmistakably the great destruction of wheat in Ohio, and generally all over the territory east of the Ohio river. The wheat on ocean passage decreased 480,000 bus. The English visible decreased 1,170,000 bus and the world's shipments of wheat, last week, amounted to only 4,460,000 bus. Although Beerbohm's London Corn Trade List reduced its estimate of Europe's weekly requirements from 7,500,000 bus to 6,800,000 bus, it will be seen that last week's contributions fall short 2,300,000 bus of the reduced amount. Added to that decidedly encouraging feature of the bulls, it was reported at Chicago that 250,000 bus of cash wheat had been sold at Duluth today and a fair amount of red winter at Chicago, and what is perhaps of equal argument it is to be remembered that Saturday's break had a large element of absurdity in it, following such a bullish government report as was issued on Friday and that the break was almost claimed to have been because of such report.

May opened here 1c lower at 63¾c and ruled slow and dull with light trading throughout the morning, but firmed up to 64c before the close which was quite strong. July opened at 65c and worked up to 65¼c. The mills bought 25,000 bus to arrive at ½c under May, while the shippers paid ¾c under May for 50,000 bus. The close was ¾c higher than Saturday for cash stuff and ¾c higher for futures. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 64¾c; April, 64¾c; May, 65¼c. No. 1 northern, cash, 63¾c; April, 63¼c; May, 64c; June, 64¾c; July, 65¼c. No. 2 northern, cash, 59½@60¾c; May, 61¾c. No. 3, 58¾c@59¾c. Rejected, 55¾@59¾c. Tr arrive—No. 1 hard, 64½c; No. 1 northern, 63¼c. Rye, 36c. No. 2 oats, 18½c; No. 3 oats, 18c. Flax, 88c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 67; corn, 2; rye, 1; barley, 2; flax, 10. Receipts—Wheat, 64,-687 bus; rye, 1441 bus; barley, 17,608 bus; flax, 14,036 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 30,608 bus.

STOCK OF GRAIN IN STORE

At Duluth for week ended Saturday, April 11, 1896:

Wheat.	Bushels
No. 1 hard	2,572,267
No. 1 northern.....	8,106,151
No. 2 northern.....	1,263,81
No. 3 spring.....	426,114
No grade	5,121
Rejected and condemned.....	24,428
Special bin	1,513,926
Wheat afloat in harbor.....	512,099
Aggregate	14,864,401
Increase during the week.....	420,201
In store and afloat corresponding date last year.....	12,447,057
Increase for the week last year...	242,326
Stock of corn in store.....	114,57
Stock of oats in store.....	1,180,547
Stock of rye in store.....	220,146
Stock of barley in store.....	455,968
Stock of flaxseed in store.....	2,382,890

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, April 13.—Closing: Wheat, spot steady; wheat spot, No. 2 red winter, Alabama, per cental, 5s 7½d; No. 2 red winter, average price per cental, 5s 7½d; spot No. 1 northern spring, average, 5s 7d. Futures dull. Current month, 5s 6¾d; second month, 5s 6¾d; third, fourth and fifth, 5s 7d. Maize, spot steady. Spot American mixed, per cental, 3s 1d. Futures steady. Current month, 3s 3½d; second month, 3s 1d; third, 3s 1¼d; fourth, 3s 1¾d; fifth, 3s 2¾d; sixth, 3s 3d. Flour, first bakers, Minneapolis, average price per sack of 280 pounds, 18s.

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, April 13.—Estimated receipts hogs today, 32,000; official receipts yesterday, 12,221; shipments, 3833; left over, 200; estimated receipts hogs tomorrow, 29,000; receipts for past week, 93,800; shipments for the past week, 28,629. Light, $3.60@4.00; mixed, $3.55@3.75; rough, $3.35@3.50. Cattle, 18,500. Market slow and generally 5@10c lower. Beeves, $3.35@4.50; cows, $1.90@3.75; Texans, $2.80@3.90; stockers and feeders, $2.90@3.25. Sheep, 12,000. Weak and 10c lower. Cattle, official yesterday, 470; shipments, 649. Sheep, official receipts yesterday, 1792; shipments, 56.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, April 13.—Money on call easy at 3@3½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 5½@6½ per cent. Sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.88¾@4.89 for demand and $4.87¾@4.88 for sixty days. Posted rates $4.88½@4.89 and $4.89½@4.90. Commercial bills $4.87. Silver certificates 60¾@62; no sales. Bar silver 68. Mexican dollars 50¼. Government bonds firm. New 4s registered, $1.17; 5s registered, $1.13 1-3; coupon, $1.13½; 4s registered, $1.08; coupon, $1.09; 2s registered, 95; Pacific 6s, $1.02.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, April 13.—Wheat higher and firm; April, 61¾c; May, 61c; July, 61½@62c. On track—No. 1 hard, 62¾c; No. 1 northern, 61¾c; No. 2 northern, 61c. Receipts, 312 cars.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, April 13.—Wheat, April, 75¼c; May, 72⅝c asked; June, 72c; July, 71⅞c bid; September, 71¾c bid; December, 73½c. Corn, May, 36¼c bid. Oats, May, 24¾c.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, April 13.—Wheat, cash, 61¾c; May, 65¼c asked; June, 65¾c; July, 66¼c; September, 66¾c. Corn, April, 295c; May, 30½c; July, 31¾@31¾c; September, 32⅝c. Oats, May, 19⅝c bid; July, 20¼c asked; September, 20½c. Pork, May, $8.60; July, $8.80. Lard, May, $5.05; July, $5.17. Ribs, May, $4.50 asked; July, $4.65 asked. Whisky on the basis of $1.22 for high wines. Cash: Wheat, No. 2 red winter, 67c; No. 2 spring, 61½c; No. 3 spring, 62@63c; No. 3 hard winter, 61@62c; No. 1 northern spring, 64½c. Cash: Corn, No. 2, 29½c. Cash: Oats, No. 2, 19½c. Flax, cash, 91c; May, 88¼c; September, 92¼c. Timothy, cash, $3.25. rye, May, 35¼@38c; July, 29½c; August, 30½c.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 307 Board of Trade, Chicago, April 13.—After Saturday's decline wheat traders were inclined to be a little bearish today. At one time the market looked like another severe break, but the decline was stopped at put price and shorts became free buyers and continued so all day. The advance was gradual and deceptive but the close is at the highest price. Good cash business was reported at Duluth with some here and the repeal of the hard wheat rule at St. Louis, to take effect Aug. 1, had some effect while the visible decreases both here and in England, the decrease afloat and the remarkably small world's shipments all had bullish effect. The fact remains, however, that outsiders and foreigners are very limited buyers and weather conditions are very favorable.

Corn and oats had better trade and firmer feeling influenced by good shipping demand.

Provisions steady with a great deal of changing from May to July contracts.

Puts, May wheat, 64⅝@65c.
Calls, May wheat, 66¼c.
Curb, May wheat, 65½c asked.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky.....	17¾	18¾	17¾	18
Atchison.....	15¾	16⅝	15⅝	16¼
Sugar Trust.....	119⅞	121⅝	119⅝	121⅛
Canada Southern....	49¾	49¾	49¾	49¾
C., B. & Q.....	78⅜	79	78⅜	79
St. Paul.....	75⅝	76¾	75⅝	76¾
Chicago Gas.....	68¾	69¾	68¾	69¾
Del., Lack. & W.....				
General Electric.....	38¾	38¾	38¼	38⅝
Erie.....				
Reading.....	10⅞	12⅝	10⅞	12½
Louis & Nash.....	49⅞	50⅝	49⅝	50¼
Manhattan.....	110⅝	111¼	110⅝	111
Missouri Pacific.....	24½	24¾	24½	24¾
New England.....				
Chicago & N. W.....	103½	103⅞	103½	103⅞
N. P. preferred.....	11¾	11¾	11⅝	11¾
Rock Island.....	71⅝	72	71½	71⅞
Union Pacific.....	8⅜	8⅝	8½	8⅝
Western Union.....	83¾	84	83¾	84
C., C., C. & Indiana.				
Lake Shore.....				

A UNIQUE POSITION.

Vice President Merely an Emergency Man.

The vice presidency is essentially an office of dignity. No other office under the government, so highly esteemed as that of the vice president of the United States, has such lofty possibilities for its occupant, while at the same time being utterly bereft of influence either to wield patronage or to affect legislation, says the Washington Star. The vice presidency requires a man fitted to fill the highest office under the government. He is an emergency man. Should death remove the president it is he who is called upon to occupy the White House. Should there be a tie in the vote of the senate he then has the deciding vote, but, except in this emergency, he is without influence to affect legislation. While the speaker of the house of representatives assigns all the representatives to places on committees, and in that way virtually determines what legislation shall be enacted, the vice president, not being a member of the senate, has nothing to do with the formation of committees, and is not even admitted to caucuses of his party, in which, if that party have a majority, committee assignments are determined and the policy of the party is mapped out.

The patronage of the vice president consists in the appointment of a secretary, a telegraph operator and a telegrapher's accompanying feature of the bills, it was reported at Chicago that 250,000 bus of cash wheat had been sold at Duluth today and a fair amount of red winter at Chicago, and what is perhaps of equal argument it is to be remembered that Saturday's break had a large element of absurdity in it, following such a bullish government report as was issued on Friday and that the break was almost claimed to have been because of such report.

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NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, April 13.—Money on call easy at 3@3½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 5½@6½ per cent. Sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.88¾@4.89 for demand and $4.87¾@4.88 for sixty days. Posted rates $4.88½@4.89 and $4.89½@4.90. Commercial bills $4.87. Silver certificates 60¾@62; no sales. Bar silver 68. Mexican dollars 50¼. Government bonds firm. New 4s registered, $1.17; 5s registered, $1.13 1-3; coupon, $1.13½; 4s registered, $1.08; coupon, $1.09; 2s registered, 95; Pacific 6s, $1.02.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, April 13.—Wheat higher and firm; April, 61¾c; May, 61c; July, 61½@62c. On track—No. 1 hard, 62¾c; No. 1 northern, 61¾c; No. 2 northern, 61c. Receipts, 312 cars.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, April 13.—Wheat, April, 75¼c; May, 72⅝c asked; June, 72c; July, 71⅞c bid; September, 71¾c bid; December, 73½c. Corn, May, 36¼c bid. Oats, May, 24¾c.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, April 13.—Wheat, cash, 61¾c; May, 65¼c asked; June, 65¾c; July, 66¼c; September, 66¾c. Corn, April, 295c; May, 30½c; July, 31¾@31¾c; September, 32⅝c. Oats, May, 19⅝c bid; July, 20¼c asked; September, 20½c. Pork, May, $8.60; July, $8.80. Lard, May, $5.05; July, $5.17. Ribs, May, $4.50 asked; July, $4.65 asked. Whisky on the basis of $1.22 for high wines. Cash: Wheat, No. 2 red winter, 67c; No. 2 spring, 61½c; No. 3 spring, 62@63c; No. 3 hard winter, 61@62c; No. 1 northern spring, 64½c. Cash: Corn, No. 2, 29½c. Cash: Oats, No. 2, 19½c. Flax, cash, 91c; May, 88¼c; September, 92¼c. Timothy, cash, $3.25. rye, May, 35¼@38c; July, 29½c; August, 30½c.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 307 Board of Trade, Chicago, April 13.—After Saturday's decline wheat traders were inclined to be a little bearish today. At one time the market looked like another severe break, but the decline was stopped at put price and shorts became free buyers and continued so all day. The advance was gradual and deceptive but the close is at the highest price. Good cash business was reported at Duluth with some here and the repeal of the hard wheat rule at St. Louis, to take effect Aug. 1, had some effect while the visible decreases both here and in England, the decrease afloat and the remarkably small world's shipments all had bullish effect. The fact remains, however, that outsiders and foreigners are very limited buyers and weather conditions are very favorable.

Corn and oats had better trade and firmer feeling influenced by good shipping demand.

Provisions steady with a great deal of changing from May to July contracts.

Puts, May wheat, 64⅝@65c.
Calls, May wheat, 66¼c.
Curb, May wheat, 65½c asked.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky.....	17¾	18¾	17¾	18
Atchison.....	15¾	16⅝	15⅝	16¼
Sugar Trust.....	119⅞	121⅝	119⅝	121⅛
Canada Southern....	49¾	49¾	49¾	49¾
C., B. & Q.....	78⅜	79	78⅜	79
St. Paul.....	75⅝	76¾	75⅝	76¾
Chicago Gas.....	68¾	69¾	68¾	69¾
Del., Lack. & W.....				
General Electric.....	38¾	38¾	38¼	38⅝
Erie.....				
Reading.....	10⅞	12⅝	10⅞	12½
Louis & Nash.....	49⅞	50⅝	49⅝	50¼
Manhattan.....	110⅝	111¼	110⅝	111
Missouri Pacific.....	24½	24¾	24½	24¾
New England.....				
Chicago & N. W.....	103½	103⅞	103½	103⅞
N. P. preferred.....	11¾	11¾	11⅝	11¾
Rock Island.....	71⅝	72	71½	71⅞
Union Pacific.....	8⅜	8⅝	8½	8⅝
Western Union.....	83¾	84	83¾	84
C., C., C. & Indiana.				
Lake Shore.....				

A UNIQUE POSITION.

Vice President Merely an Emergency Man.

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THE
EVENING HERALD,

An Independent Newspaper.

Published at Herald building, 230 West Superior street.

DULUTH PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY.

TELEPHONE CALLS.
Counting room 324, two rings.
Editorial rooms 324, three rings.

NEW REDUCED TERMS TO SUBSCRIBERS.
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One year.. .. .. 5.00

Weekly Herald, $1.00 per year; 50 cents for six months; 25 cents for three months.

Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second class matter.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

HERALD'S CIRCULATION.

17,148

HIGH-WATER MARK.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), April 13.—A warm, cloudy condition, with general rains, prevails in the upper lake region, the Mississippi and Lower Missouri valleys. It was also raining at 7 a. m. today in the Red River valley and cloudiness was general over North Dakota and Manitoba. Local storms, with snow or rain, have been followed by fair and decidedly cooler weather in the greater part of Nebraska, Colorado and Kansas.

The barometer is below the normal in all reporting districts. Disturbances are central respectively in the Lower Missouri valley and the region north of Montana, and the pressure is relatively high from the lower lakes southwest to Tennessee.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 28; maximum yesterday, 40; minimum yesterday, 33; rainfall for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., .39 inch.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Cloudy with occasional rain tonight and Tuesday; slightly warmer Tuesday; variable winds, mostly light easterly.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, April 13.—Forecast until 8 a. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin: Rain this afternoon and tonight; rain in north and fair in south portion Tuesday; high easterly winds. Minnesota: Showers this afternoon and tonight; showers in north, fair in south portion Tuesday; high easterly winds.

UNPARDONABLE IGNORANCE.

The Minneapolis Journal recently said: "Any free silver man who thinks the Republicans will yoke free silver and protection together at St. Louis must prepare for overwhelming disappointment. The Republican party is no more inclined to repudiation now than when it passed the act to maintain the public credit twenty years ago in the face of the protesting shrieks of the whole guild of repudiators."

The gold standard papers of the country, in their blind worship of the golden calf, have shown much ignorance, but for utter lack of common information known of all men the Journal takes the blue ribbon. It is astonishing that so many Republican papers should clamor with such vehemence for gold monometallism, led on by Grover Cleveland, when up to this year nearly every state and national platform of the party has declared for bimetallism. As this rate it will not be long before these same Republican organs will be advocating free trade, and when they do they will be equally as consistent as they are now.

The Journal says the Republicans at St. Louis will not yoke bimetallism and protection together. How does the Journal know that the Republican party will change its creed on the money question? The Republican party's advocacy of a protective tariff has been justified only on the ground that it equalized conditions, stimulated production and insured fair prices and reasonable profits. Free trade has been denounced by Republican organs like the Journal because it meant low prices, low wages, small profits, or no profits, and hard times. The coinage of both gold and silver means a large increase in the volume of standard money, a broader basis for business and credits, a gradual advance in the price of commodities and consequently profits and prosperity, instead of losses and bankruptcy. President Cleveland is consistent, for he advocates free trade and the single gold standard because they mean low prices and dear money. The Republican party has heretofore been consistent, as it has always coupled bimetallism and protection. If the party is to be Clevelandized and go over to the English gold standard, it should go the full length and come out for British free trade also, for they mean substantially the same so far as the effect on the great producing masses of the country is concerned.

But where the Journal shows its ignorance is when it says: "The Republican party is no more inclined to repudiation now than when it passed the act to maintain the public credit twenty years ago." The Journal evidently does not know what that act was. The act of Jan. 14, 1875, known as the resumption act, provided that: "On and after the first day of January, A. D. 1879, the secretary of the treasury shall redeem, in coin, the United States legal tender notes then outstanding," etc. According to their terms bonds of the United States were payable in "coin of the standard value of the United States on said July 14, 1870, with interest in such coin," etc. In order to put a legislative interpretation on the word "coin," Senator Stanley Matthews, of Ohio, afterwards a justice of the United States supreme court, introduced and secured the passage through both houses of congress, by a large majority, of the following concurrent resolution:

"That all the bonds of the United States issued, or authorized to be issued, under the said acts of congress hereinbefore recited are payable, principal and interest, at the option of the government of the United States, in silver dollars, of the coinage of the United States, containing 412½ grains each of standard silver; and that to restore to its coinage such silver coins as a legal tender in payment of said bonds, principal and interest, is not in violation of the public faith, nor in derogation of the rights of the public creditor."

So when the Journal talks of payment of the government obligations in silver as repudiation, and attempts to substantiate it by reference to the act of twenty years ago to maintain the public credit, it either shows the densest ignorance or is guilty of a willful perversion of facts. Every act of congress relating to the government bonds and greenbacks has provided for their payment in coin, which the Matthews resolution interpreted to mean standard silver dollars as well as gold.

Such Clevelandized Republican papers as the Journal pretend to believe that if we were to remonetize silver it would ruin the credit of the government. The Matthews resolution passed Jan. 28, 1878, was notice to all the world that government obligations would be paid "at the option of the government of the United States in silver dollars," and that notice holds good today. Did it ruin or even injure the credit of the government? Not at all! On the contrary, our credit has been better than ever before. A reputable paper like the Minneapolis Journal owes it to its readers to either post up on the silver question or else desist from discussing it.

THE DULUTH & WINNIPEG.

The Minneapolis Times publishes an interview with a prominent St. Paul railroad man, defending Sir William Van Horne, president of the Canadian Pacific, from the charges made against him in a suit recently instituted in connection with the Duluth & Winnipeg foreclosure proceedings. He says:

"I am pretty thoroughly familiar with President Van Horne's methods, and especially familiar with the way he has run the Duluth & Winnipeg road, and I must say I believe that everything he did was done for the benefit of the road. But the Canadian Pacific railway man is an alien, and it is easy to create a prejudice against him. The bondholders, who did not get their interest, caused the Duluth & Winnipeg to be put in the hands of a receiver. The bottom fell out of the iron industry, the lumber business took a great slide, and the business conditions were such as to produce a great shrinkage in earnings. The men who sold these bonds are not grumbling."

This defense of President Van Horne is hardly necessary. Charges made in suits of this description are not necessarily true. Every person who knows anything about the Duluth & Winnipeg road and its history is well aware that the men who were in control exhausted all their means in building it to the present terminus at Deer River, and that they fairly begged President Van Horne and his friends to take it off their hands. The latter found that it was burdened with an excessive bonded debt and that the business was insufficient to pay the interest on that debt, in addition to the operating expenses. The bondholders have taken proceedings to foreclose their mortgage, and if President Van Horne and associates purchase the road they will do so to protect the interest which they have already purchased in it. There has been no evidence produced yet that they tried to wreck the road. How many roads are there that have paid operating expenses and interest charges during the past few years? How could it be expected that a road which ends nowhere could make money?

The sale of the Duluth & Winnipeg to the Canadian Pacific people will be a good thing for this section, because it will result in the extension of the road to a connection with the Canadian Pacific at St. Vincent and give Duluth another transcontinental line, with all the attendant traffic. The completion of this road will probably be followed by the transfer of the Canadian Pacific passenger steamers to the Duluth route, and this fact should not be lost sight of by the committee of the jobbers' union that is now endeavoring to secure a public dock for passenger boats.

WHY NOT?

If Mr. Hill is so anxious to establish a passenger rate of 2 cents a mile over his line between Duluth and St. Paul and Minneapolis, why would it not be a good idea for the next legislature to pass a law making 2 cents a mile the maximum rate on all the Great Northern system in the state of Minnesota?

All the sections of the state through which his road runs are entitled to as low rates as the section between Duluth and the Twin Cities. Surely if this portion of the Great Northern system, which is reputed to be the least profitable portion of the line in Minnesota, can afford to carry passengers at 2 cents a mile, the rest of the system can do so at a handsome profit.

THE BLESSED RAIN.

Do not growl at the rain. It is a good thing. It is producing great benefits, which will be apparent when the crops of the Northwest are harvested next fall. During the two winters previous to the one now ending there was a deficiency of rain and snow. There was a lack of moisture and the country suffered in consequence. Many stories have been told of how the lakes and streams throughout the Northwest were drying up, and the evil effects have been pictured strongly. The rains are a blessing to the whole country. They will fill up the streams and lakes and will be absorbed by the thirsty ground, and the results will be highly beneficial. Planting may be delayed in some sections, but it is not a serious matter, as the time thus lost will be more than made up by the stimulus which the additional moisture will give to vegetation.

Plenty of rain and snow in the winter and spring means bountiful crops in the fall. The farmers of the Northwest will get good returns from their industry and prosperity will smile upon them. The country merchant will find an improvement in business. His sales to the farmers will increase; they will want some of the comforts as well as the actual necessaries of life. His collections will be better; the farmers will pay their bills when they have the money. And then the wholesale merchants and the manufacturers and their employes in the cities, and all with whom they transact business, will experience the thrill of prosperity thus engendered.

And so the rains are doing everyone good. They presage abundant crops, and a bountiful harvest means prosperous times.

This is the way the St. Louis Star takes a shot at Chicago: "Chicago is considerably shy on the amount it subscribed to get the Democratic national convention to meet there. The amount was not large, only $40,000, but so hard up is the city that it looks very much as though the amount would not be forthcoming. Truly Chicago is to be pitied. Time was when she talked about raising $10,000,000 as though it were a mere bagatelle, while now she can not raise $40,000. Poor old Chicago! No wonder she wants to hold a Southern states exposition and get a little of the fat of the land which is lying right at the gates of St. Louis."

Governor Morton, it appears, did not have backbone enough to stand up against Platt and his horde of politicians. The Albany correspondent of the New York Tribune says that the governor has disappointed thousands of the men who voted for him in 1894 by placing the special agents of the excise law—sixty in number—in the non-competitive list of the civil service commissioners. This renders it possible for Platt to dictate all the appointments, and will greatly add to his strength as a political boss.

The name of Victoria Woodhull (which has long been Mrs. John Biddulph Martin) is not forgotten in this country. Her present fame, however, has less to do with the advancement of suffrage interests, or even in connection with her duties as editor of the Humanitarian, than with the receptions which she is giving in London. The Court Journal assures the world that not since the death of the late Lady Waldegrave has a hostess made such a success of a "literary salon" in London.

John B. Robinson, of South Africa, is said to be the richest man in the world. His fortune is estimated at £70,000,000 ($340,620,000). In 1878 Robinson was in debt. He had kept a grocery store in the Orange Free State; but he could not make both ends meet. He and his wife begged their way for three hundred miles to Kimberley. Here Robinson laid the foundation of his enormous fortune by picking up a rough diamond worth £250 ($1216).

Hon. Tyre York, Republican, who is a candidate for his party nomination in the eighth North Carolina district, goes about the country mounted on a bull, presumably in search of the farmers' votes. Hon. Tyre York, concludes the Boston Transcript, is the most picturesque personage of the campaign thus far, and his method of canvassing marks a departure from the custom of politicians of riding two horses at once.

The plans that are being made for the Paris exposition in 1900 are full of ingenuity. One interesting corner will represent old Paris with reproductions of vanished streets and quarters celebrated in literature that have vanished before the march of progress.

It is claimed the new steel combination is not a trust, but it appears to have all the features of a trust. An advance in the price of structural steel is already announced.

The St. Cloud Journal-Press is quoting the views expressed by the late James G. Blaine on the tariff question. Why does it not also publish the views which he expressed on the money question?

The machine poet has been seen and passed by the poetry machine which a Montana man claims will turn out verse with the rapidity of a linotype, equal to Shakespeare's or Pope's.

It is said that Senator Hill is supporting President Cleveland for a third term. Whether he is prompted by a newly begotten friendship or by a desire for revenge is not stated.

The story about Mr. Towne and the bicycle, published by the morning paper today, was very interesting, but as every one read it in The Saturday Herald it was rather stale.

Everyone says The Saturday Herald was a beauty, and what everybody says must be true. Next Saturday's edition will be even more attractive.

The Ohio legislature has passed a law providing that murderers shall be put to death by electricity instead of by hanging.

It is really improper for winter to linger so long in the lap of spring.

IN TURN.

Philadelphia North American: Mad-all-over Individual—I called here to kill the editor of this miserable sheet."

Police Assistant—Yes, sir; all right. Just step into the front room. There are two ahead of you on the same mission, but you can do it over their dead bodies, I suppose. Have you any farewell message for your family?"

YOUNG CORPORAL JIM.
(As told by a veteran.)

'Twas down in the valley in '64,
Just one year ere the war was o'er,
That young Jim joined us, gallant and gay
As a full-fledged private in old Troop K.
His eyes were as big and as bright as a girl's,
And close to his head crept his short tawny curls,
And his figure was graceful and lithe and slim,
As a willow that grows near the river's brim.

He was only a lad, not beyond 18,
But the things that he knew and the sights he had seen
Were marvelous even to soldiers old,
And though gentle in nature his spirit was bold.
So they made him a corporal so gallant and gay,
And he carried the guidon in old Troop K.

'Twas a close June morning, the east just gray
With the faintest glimmer of breaking day;
The trumpets were sounding the reveille,
When off to the north like a surging sea
Came the rattle of muskets, the rolling of drums,
And to arms sang the trumpets, to arms, the foe comes!

'Twas the prettiest fight, sir, you ever did see,
Though from where we lay low in reserve with Troop B
It seemed that the Johnnies were having their way,
Till the general sent word for a charge by Troop K.

"Prepare to mount, mount!" just as cool as at drill,
"Trot," "gallop," then "charge!" and we rode for the hill.
At the very first volley both officers dropped.
For a moment we wavered, we almost were stopped,
When just like a flash to the front young Jim popped,
Waved the guidon on high while we all held our breath,
And then like a hero rode straight to his death.

Did we carry the place? Just you read the report;
That Phil Sheridan made to the point, sharp and short:
"While the troops all fought well, the event of the day
Was the taking of Mound Hill by galloping K."

And Jim, yes, we found him quite close to the hill,
Shot clean through the head, sir, all quiet and still.
Fast clasping the guidon he lay on the sod,
His young bonny face turned straight up to his God.
We buried him close to the spot where he fell
From that death-dealing shower of bullets and shell.
We gave him a headboard, the best that we could,
Not much 'twas to look at, of unpainted wood,
But one fellow, a poet, wrote this on the board:
"Corp'l Jim, who died game in his boots, and the Lord."

Thomas H. Wilson, U. S. A.

SOLID FOR LEE.

Little Falls Transcript: The Sixth congressional district presents a solid front for any favorite candidate before the state convention, and we believe William E. Lee will have practically the solid support of the district for governor before the state convention. If it was not for the influence of state officers and appointees the support would be unanimous, but the interests of office holders and state institutions are powerful in some quarters, and the powers that be have a certain following regardless of the individual to be aided or the candidates who are against him. The localities where such influences control are very few in the Sixth district, and Clough's strength is confined closely to them. And that influence is of the most treacherous character, as Clough will find out. It is entirely selfish, and therefore unreliable.

THE PASSING OF EUSTIS.

Anoka Herald: William Henry Eustis' boomlet for governor has faded with the advance of the campaign, as the rose of June withers under the scorching July sun. 'Twas ever thus. Willie; the cold, hard and unfeeling world does not appreciate the abilities one possesses until he has shown more of them than you have. Your exotic should have been carefully protected in the genial atmosphere of the Wicked City of the West, until you were sure it would bear the critical gaze of practical Minnesota.

AN ERROR CORRECTED.

To the Editor of The Herald:

In your issue of April 10, in an article headed "Barley Mead," in which you expose the places that kept that beverage for sale without having a license for the sale of intoxicating liquors, you name the Pavilion as one of the places that kept it for sale. Permit me to say that such an assertion is false, without the least foundation, and very misleading to the public. I had charge of the refreshment part of the Pavilion last season and most positively assert that at no time during the season was barley mead or any other intoxicant for sale or to be had in the Pavilion. There was a place back of the Pavilion at which barley mead was sold, but it was run by a private individual and had no connection whatever with the Pavilion. By inserting this in your paper and thus placing matters in their true light to the public you will be conferring a great favor on Yours truly, Mrs. G. W. Alexander.

Duluth, April 13.

DREAMED OF MONEY.

The citizens of the western part of Lebanon county, Ind., are all agog over the strange stories told by William M. Richardson, a farmer. About two years ago Mr. Richardson's mother died. During her last years she was very eccentric, and before her death she told various persons that she had buried large sums of money on different parts of her farm, but she always refused to divulge the hiding places. After her death a large part of the dooryard and garden was dug up, but no trace of the hidden wealth was found, and the matter was dropped, says the Cincinnati Commercial Gazette.

About three months ago Mr. Richardson had a dream in which he was told to visit a clairvoyant of Indianapolis and he would learn something regarding the hiding place of the money. This dream, Mr. Richardson says, was repeated at frequent intervals, and he finally decided to test the fortune teller's ability. Going to Indianapolis, he gained an audience with a gypsy palmist who, he says, told him he would find $1200 buried at a point in his orchard.

With much skepticism Mr. Richardson followed her directions, and recovered $1243.50. With this money he paid off a mortgage on his farm, and had about spent the entire amount when his sister demanded half of the funds as one of the heirs of their mother, and a lawsuit was for a short time imminent, but the claim was finally compromised.

Recently he had another dream, which again summoned him before the palmist, and he answered to the call on Thursday. On his return he went to one of his creditors, who resided in Lebanon, and told him he had been told where to find $1500 more, but could not obtain it for seven days, and asked that much extension on the note that was due. He says he is confident of finding the money, and has opened negotiations for the purchase of another farm.

PAPA "FELT BAD."

New Orleans Times-Democrat: A little girl was crying during an intermission in the performance yesterday evening at the Grand.

"What is the matter, little one?" asked a motherly old lady.

"I am afraid my papa is very sick," she replied between her sobs. "He has gone out five times already since we came here to get some medicine, and says he feels awfully bad."

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

OFFICE OF
BLACKWELL'S DURHAM TOBACCO COMPANY.
DURHAM, N. C.

To ALL Merchants Who Retail TOBACCO.

Dear Sir:

You are entitled to receive FREE from your wholesale dealer, WHITE STAR SOAP with all the

Blackwell's Genuine Durham Smoking Tobacco you buy. One bar of soap Free with each pound, whether 16 oz., 8 oz., 4 oz., or 2 oz., packages.

We have notified every wholesale dealer in the United States that we will supply them with soap to give you FREE. Order a good supply of GENUINE DURHAM at once, and insist on getting your soap. One bar of Soap FREE with each pound you buy. Soap is offered for a limited time, so order to-day. Yours very truly,

BLACKWELL'S DURHAM TOBACCO COMPANY.

If you have any difficulty in procuring your soap, cut out this notice and send it with your order to your wholesale dealer.

ABOUT ALUMINUM.

It May Become an Electrical Conductor.

In an article appearing in the London Electrical Review, G. L. Addenbrooke announces that, according to researches of Lord Kelvin, the conductivity of pure aluminum is 68.5 per cent of that of pure copper. Lord Kelvin's researches have, therefore, raised this by 21 per cent, so that the conductivity of a wire of pure aluminum of the same section, instead of being a little over half that of copper wire of similar section, is more than two-thirds the conductivity. Consequently, the diameter of an aluminum wire of the same conductivity as a given copper wire will be only 15 per cent greater, or less than one-sixth greater than that of the copper wire. This is a small fraction, and it is evident that for such a small increase of diameter the extra cost of insulating aluminum conductors to the same thickness as copper ones, and to secure the same conductivity will present no serious obstacle.

Looked at in another light, copper is about 3.3 times the weight of aluminum; on Lord Kelvin's figures the conductivity of wire of equal weights of copper and aluminum will therefore be as 100:22.6, so that the weight of an aluminum wire of the same conductivity as a copper one would be four-ninths of the latter, or considerably less than one-half.

As aluminum is just as pliable and easy to work as copper, it goes without saying what an advantage it would be in constructing heavy cables, and how much less strain on the insulating material it would impose. For overhead lines as proved by the supply of wire, the advantages of obtaining a conductor of equal conductiveness, with a trifling increase in diameter and of half the weight, are also manifest.

As a conductor, aluminum is now about twice as costly as copper; but as by the electrolytic process the price has already been reduced in eight years from 90 cents per ounce to 35 cents per pound, it is abundantly clear that, with the inevitable improvements which are taking place, the difference in price between aluminum and copper, which still exists, will be more than obliterated before long.

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

WAS A GENTLEMAN.

And His Neighbors Hanged Him For It.

Back of Duvall's bluff, in Arkansas, is a country where schools are scarce, and civilization of the most primitive type, says the Washington Star.

A prominent attorney of this city had occasion to go down there a short time ago to look over some land titles, and stopped over night at a log cabin, which contained one room and a loft. The only occupant was a white-haired old man, too feeble to walk without the aid of a heavy cane.

"Are you not lonely here?" asked the lawyer.

"Yep."

"Have you no friends to whom you could go?"

"I reckon my darter 'd keer fer me, in Memphis, but bein' sartin Providence air my way, I'm stayin,' hoping ter git about by spring."

"How long have you lived alone?"

"'Bout a y'ar. Yo' see, my son Bill war with me. He went to Texas, an' cum home one of the most puffec' gentlemen yo' ever seed. An' that high-spirited yo' could see he war diffrunt from the low-down trash 'roun' hyar. So a passel of 'em got together an' hung 'im right down thar by the spring."

"Hung him! What for? asked the astonished disciple of Blackstone.

"Jes' 'cause a rich war jealous o' his livin' like a gentleman an' bein' high-spereted. One of 'em cum an' stole Bill's best houn' pup, an' in cose, Bill, bein' a gentleman, war in honor boun' ter shoot the thief, which he did. As purty a shot as yo' ever seed. Feller never batted an eye. Then his low-down frens' come an' hung Bill. I'm jess stayin' here till rheumatiz gits so I kin stomp 'roun' a leetle and git a few of 'em, an' then I'll go to my darter's. I've been that po'ly I ain't had no shot at none of 'em yit, but I'll git 'em in the spring."

NO FORTUNE TELLING.

Washington Star: "No, sir," he said positively to the street fakir who had entered his cigar store; "you can't put up any fortune-telling machines in my shop." "But this is simply to replace the old one that we took out to repair." "I know that. But I don't want it. It ruins my trade." "Why, man, anything that interests people and brings them here will help business." "You can't convince me of that. I saw how it worked. A man came in here to buy a 5-cent cigar. He was on his way to the counter when he sighted the machine. He dropped his penny in the slot, and what do you think it said?" "Told him he was going on a journey or that he would receive a letter with news in it." "Neither. It said in big nervous type: "You are about to encounter the peril of your life.'" "What did he do?" "What would any man do? You don't suppose a man would go ahead and buy a 5-cent cigar after such a tip as that, do you? He hasn't been here since, and I've just settled down in the realization that that fortune-telling snap has lost me one of the best customers I ever had."

W. T. Sanford, station agent of Leeper, Clurion county, Pa., writes: I can recommend One Minute Cough Cure as the best I ever used. It gave instant relief and a quick cure. S. F. Boyce.

AMUSEMENTS.

The LYCEUM
L. N. Scott, Manager.

TONIGHT and TOMORROW NIGHT
Engagement of the Eminent Comedian,
SOL SMITH RUSSELL
The Brilliant Comedies—Tonight.
"THE RIVALS,"
By R. Brinsley Sheridan.
Tomorrow Night in a Grand Double Bill,
"AN EVERY-DAY MAN,"
A new Comedy in three acts.
"MR. VALENTINE'S CHRISTMAS,"
A charming play in one act.
Mr. Russell carries all his own special and complete scenery and properties.
PRICES—$1.50, $1.00, 75c, 50c and 25c.
Get Seats Early.

2 Nights—Wednesday and Thursday—April 15-16
A Carnival of Mirth and Melody.
Amy Lee and the Eccentric Comedian
Frank Doane
And an Excellent Company.
Presenting their latest successful Comedy Drama—
"Miss Harum Scarum"
POPULAR PRICES—Box seats, $1; Dress Circle, 75c; Parquet, 50c; Family Circle, 35c; Gallery, 25c.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR
Lecture Course
PILGRIM CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.
April 14—Rev. T. H. Cleland, D.D., "A Peep at the Other Side"
April 28—Rev. C. H. Patton, "Where to Find Gold."
May 12—Prof. A. J. Woolman, "Mexico," with stereopticon.
May 26—Entertainment.
Tickets for sale at Kilgore & Stewert's. Full Course 50c. Single Lecture 15c.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Samuel C. McCormick and Louisa E. McCormick, his wife, mortgagors, to James R. Nelson, mortgagee, dated December 22nd, 1893, and recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on December 27th, 1893, at two-forty (2:40) o'clock p. m. in Book ninety-one (91) of mortgages on page four hundred seventy-two (472), such default consisting in the non-payment of the principal and interest money due upon said mortgage debt and in the non-payment of the sum of one hundred seventy-four and 89-100 ($174.89) dollars for taxes for the years 1893 and 1894 which had become due and were a lien upon said premises hereinafter described and were delinquent and were paid by said mortgagee in accordance with the provisions of said mortgage on the 20th day of November, 1895, and

Whereas, there is therefore claimed to be due and there is actually due upon said mortgage debt at the date of this notice the sum of two thousand five hundred thirty and 05-100 ($2530.05) dollars, principal, interest and taxes paid, and

Whereas, said mortgage contains a power of sale which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise, having been instituted to recover said debt, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statutes in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows to-wit: The east half (e½) of lot numbered three hundred and twenty-seven (327), in block numbered fifty-three (53), Duluth Proper, Second Addition, according to the recorded plat thereof as recorded in the register of deeds' office of and for said county of St. Louis, which said premises with the hereditaments and appurtenances will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt, interest and taxes and seventy-five (75.00) dollars attorneys' fees as provided by statute and allowed in said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law which sale will be made by the sheriff of St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, and county of St. Louis on Wednesday, the 29th day of April A. D. 1896, at ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon of that day subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 16th, 1896.
JAMES R. NELSON,
Mortgagee.

TOWNE & DAVIS,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
103-106 Duluth Trust Company Building,
Duluth, Minn.
March-16-23-30-April-6-13-20-27.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty-five and 50-100 dollars interest which heretofore became due and payable and is yet unpaid upon a certain mortgage duly made and delivered by Wesley Terryberry, John H. Harris and Betta F. Harris, his wife, mortgagors, to American Loan and Trust Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 15th day of March, 1893, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 4th day of April, 1893, at 9 o'clock a. m. in Book 54 of mortgages on page 66; which mortgage and the debt thereby secured were duly assigned by said American Loan and Trust Company to the undersigned George S. Cushing, who is now owner and holder thereof, by written instrument, bearing date the 13th day of April, 1893, and duly recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 22nd day of April, 1893, at 8 o'clock a. m. in Book 55 of mortgages on page 297.

And whereas said default is a default in one of the conditions of said mortgage and has remained for a period of more than ten days, it has become optional with the holder of said mortgage and the notes secured thereby by the terms thereof to declare the whole debt secured by said mortgage to be immediately due and payable, in the exercise of which option the whole amount secured by said mortgage is hereby declared and claimed to be due and is due, owing and unpaid, amounting at the date of this notice to the sum of seven hundred fifty-four and 70-100 dollars.

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: Lot number thirty-one, in block number one hundred fifty-one, in Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Wednesday, the 22nd day of April, 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, together with fifty dollars attorneys' fees, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as by law provided.

Dated March 9th, 1896.
GEORGE S. CUSHING,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

FRANK A. DAY,
Attorney for said Assignee of Mortgagee.
Duluth, Minn.
March-9-16-23-30-April-6-13.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

THE Nicollet ROUTE

Trains for all points East leaves Duluth Union Depot at 4:00 P. M. Daily, with WAGNER PALACE SLEEPING CAR for Sault Ste. Marie, and Dining Car, serving supper.

Westbound train arrives 11:20 a.m.
Ticket offices: 426 Spalding House block and Union Depot.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RAILROAD COMPANY.
February 3, 1896. Daily except Sunday.

7:45 am	Lv.....	Duluth	Ar	3:35 pm
8:35 am	Lv..	Proctorknott ..	Lv	3:06 pm
10:22 am	Ar..	Iron Junction ..	Lv	1:13 pm
10:30 am	Ar.....	Wolf	Lv	1:05 pm
10:45 am	Ar.....	Virginia	Lv	12:45 pm
10:44 am	Ar.....	Eveleth	Lv	10:56 am
11:00 am	Ar..	Mountain Iron ..	Lv	12:30 pm
11:56 am	Ar.....	Biwabik	Lv	12:28 pm
11:25 am	Ar.....	Hibbing	Lv	12:13 pm
9:00 am	Lv.....	Virginia	Ar	1:45 pm
10:33 am	Lv.....	Wolf	Lv	1:25 pm
11:25 am	Ar.....	Hibbing	Lv	12:18 pm

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN the conditions of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by L. M. Hanson and Thomas Larsen as executors of the estate of Ellen Rindahl, deceased, mortgagors, to Mrs. N. H. Bridgman, mortgagee, bearing date the 5th day of September, 1894, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 10th day of September, 1894, at 1:50 o'clock p. m. in Book 122 of mortgages on page 57; and the said mortgage containing a provision that in case default is made in any of the provisions of said mortgage that the mortgagee may declare the whole sum secured by said mortgage to be due, and the said mortgagee has elected and hereby does elect to declare the whole sum secured by said mortgage to be due, and claims that the amount due at the date of this notice is the sum of one thousand and forty-three and 55-100 ($1043.55), of which amount $75.00 is for taxes paid by said mortgagee.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises therein described, viz: Lots seven (7) and eight (8), in block twenty-one (21), West Duluth, First Division, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof, with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereto belonging, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest thereon, and fifty dollars attorneys' fees, as provided by said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law; the said sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, county and state aforesaid, on the 13th day of May, 1896, at 11 o'clock and fifty minutes in the forenoon of said day; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale.

Dated March 24th, 1896.
MRS. V. H. BRIDGMAN,
Mortgagee.

PHELPS, TOWNE & HARRIS,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
605 & 606 Palladio Building,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-30-A-6-13-20-27-M-4.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of seven hundred eighty-eight and 65-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by David Vaugen, and Anne Vaugen, his wife, mortgagors, to Sophia A. Miller, mortgagee, bearing date the 16th day of November, 1892, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 30th day of November, 1892, at 8 o'clock a. m. in Book 103 of mortgages on page 222, and default having been made in the payment of $14.70 insurance which was agreed in said mortgage to be paid by said mortgagor and which has been paid by said mortgagee, thereby becoming by the terms of said mortgage an additional lien upon said mortgaged premises, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot three (3), block one hundred (100), West Duluth, Second Division, according to the accepted and recorded plat thereof on file in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 21st day of April, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of seven hundred eighty-eight 65-100 dollars and interest and $14.70 insurance premiums paid as aforesaid, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 9, A. D. 1896.
SOPHIA A. MILLER,
Mortgagee.

WILLIAM C. WHITE,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Offices 706-8 Torrey Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.
March-9-16-23-30-April-6-13-20.

FLORIDA,
The land of Sunshine, Flowers and Fruit,
IS EASILY REACHED BY TAKING THE ST. LOUIS & CAIRO SHORT Line
The "Holly Springs Route" From St. Louis.
FAST TIME, LOW RATES, LIBERAL LIMITS THROUGH PULLMAN SLEEPERS.
GEO. E. LARY, Gen'l Pass. Agt, St. Louis, Mo.

SPECIAL SALE . . .

TOMORROW

THE LAST DAY,

Your choice of any suit in the house, made to order, for

$15.00.

Fit and Workmanship Guaranteed.

Don't fail to take advantage of this Tailor-made Suit Sale. Come early and avoid the rush.

Joe Bloom Tailoring Co.

214 West Superior Street.

Don't Forget, our Word Contest Ends April 25th, 1896.

TEMPERANCE.

Rev. G. H. Humason's Sermon Last Evening.

At the First M. E. church last night Rev. G. H. Humason spoke on temperance, taking his text from the well known Proverbs xxii. 31-32, "Look not upon the wine when it is red, when it giveth its color in the cup, when it moveth itself aright. At the last it biteth like a serpent and stingeth like an adder."

The church was packed, and in the body of the auditorium sat a large number of members of the Good Templars society. Dr. Humason said in substance:

"When I think of the awful devastation drink is making in the land I feel that every Christian minister should preach upon the subject in no uncertain terms. For statistics of the evils of intemperance I refer you to any temperance paper. We have heard a great deal on this subject, but a great deal more can be said. I am glad that our school text books deal with the subject, because there is more power in an educated public sentiment than in all the legislation ever devised. Indeed, legislation is powerless, unless there is a public sentiment behind it.

"We have temperance laws now, but they are not enforced. Local prohibition has proved futile, and high license, while it works better in cities than prohibition, does not work so well in the country. Happy is the soul that heeds the warning of the Scriptures against intemperance. Avoid even moderate drinking as a pathway to more awful indulgence. Some people may drink moderately all their lives and never go farther, though the contrary is claimed by some temperance orators. I am not prepared to say that a man who takes a drink once in a while cannot get to heaven.

"Yet the tendency, as in all other first steps, is toward a wider and more hurtful indulgence. Hence the danger and hence the need to beware. If one does not even look upon the wine he is beyond question safe. Don't sit in a barroom and see the bottles, smell the odor, hear the oaths and listen to the vile stories which the liquor has inspired in some poor wretch's brain. One must be near the bottom of the scale of decency to appreciate a smutty story, and intoxicating liquor is the author of smut.

"For one thing, pure liquor is not sold. Drink leads a man to bad company, to gradually increased indulgence, to drinking, to excess, and to drunken excesses. The sparkling wine, mixed with good cheer, laughter and song, leads to the flowery entrance to the dark, skeleton-lined passage to death. Beware of it. In every glass of liquor there lies a spark of hell. You may smack your lips over the wine, but like a serpent it glides between them to fasten its venomous bite upon vitals, and it will not let go until it has robbed you of your last dollar, your last friend and your last drop of blood.

"I could dwell for hours on the evils of strong drink. They are incalculable. Now for the remedy: For the individual, total abstinence is the only safe course. For the nation prohibition is the remedy, and it must be national to be effective. It is the best human remedy, but it will take time to educate the people up to national prohibition. I am inclined to think woman's suffrage would expedite this consummation."

Style is stamped in every line of the Gordon hat. Ask your hatter for it.

To Fix the Date.

President W. C. Sargent and Secretary George Gibson, of the Minnesota and Winnipeg Rowing association, will go to Minneapolis this week to attend the annual meeting of the executive committee, of which they are ex-officio members. Among other matters to be decided upon is the date of the amateur regatta at Lake Minnetonka.

For cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, cuts, sprains, burns, stings, chilblains, sciatica, and lumbago, use Salvation Oil.

Capt. Brown Here.

Capt. W. C. Brown, of Buffalo, superintendent of marine for the Northern Steamship company, arrived in Duluth yesterday and he will inspect the fleet now here and get ready for the opening season of navigation. The loading of the freight boats for the down trip will begin tomorrow. The first boat from here is expected to leave about April 25.

A FALSE DIAGNOSIS.

La Grippe is confounded by many persons with a severe attack of catarrh, which in some respects resembles the former. These individuals suffer severely with pain about the forehead, eyes and ears, with soreness in throat and stoppage of the nasal passages, and, in fact, are incapacitated for work of any kind for days at a time. These are catarrhal sufferers. Ely's Cream Balm has been used with the best results in such cases. The remedy will give instant relief.

DATE OF NEXT SOUTHERN EXCURSION.

Tuesday, April 21, via Pennsylvania Short lines from Chicago. Address H. R. Dering, A. G. P. agent, 248 South Clark street, Chicago, for further information.

Headache is the direct result of indigestion and stomach disorders. Remedy these by using DeWitt's Little Early Risers, and your headache disappears. The favorite little pills everywhere. S. F. Boyce.

Banjos, guitars, mandolins. Coon's.

AMUSEMENTS.

SOL SMITH RUSSELL.

Tonight Sol Smith Russell, the famous comedian, will appear at the Lyceum, presenting Sheridan's comedy "The Rivals." Mr. Russell will assume the difficult part of Bob Acres, made famous by Joseph Jefferson and other great comedians. All the parts in this great play will be in capable hands, as Mr. Russell's company was organized especially for the production of this classic work. The comedy will be given with due attention to detail in the way of scenery and property.

Tomorrow evening Mr. Russell will appear in a comedy by Marguerite Merrington entitled "An Every Day Man," and a one-act piece called "Mr. Valentine's Christmas."

The supporting company of this season is pronounced superior to any Mr. Russell has had on any previous occasion. The principals are as follows: Charles Mackay, Alfred Hudson, George Woodward, George Denham, Miss Radcliffe and Fanny Addison Pitt.

"MISS HARUM SCAIRUM."

The attraction at the Lyceum on Wednesday and Thursday will be sprightly Amy Lee and funny Frank Doane in the new dramatic comedy success "Miss Harum Scairum." The play and the stars have been enthusiastically received throughout the East and the play is said to afford these clever artists unusual scope for the satisfactory display of their acknowledged talent and abilities. The supporting company is pronounced one of unusual capabilities and the costumes and scenic environment particularly attractive. Miss Lee enacts the part of Cissy a waif and Mr. Doane is seen in the eccentric character of Visch, an itinerant piece peine fakir, a part admirably suited to his well-known comedy work.

THE DIXON'S TRIP.

Carried Several Passengers and Considerable Freight.

The Booth steamer H. R. Dixon left her dock yesterday morning at 10:10 for Isle Royale and intermediate points. She was blocked outside the ice belt by the Singer tug Excelsior and reached clear water in two hours and five minutes.

As is usual on first trips of the season the boat was well loaded and she had a large passenger list. Among the latter were Henry Mayhew and Christ Soderberg for Grand Marais; C. Harris, for Poplar river; G. H. Malone, wife and four children for Wenagerie island, and G. H. Feldtman, president of the Wendigo Copper company, and general manager of the Isle Royale Improvement company, and a party of miners and mechanics for Isle Royale. In addition to these there were half a dozen fishermen's families for different places on the north shore, and about twenty-eight prospectors who will disembark at Grand Marais and commence the exploration of the Cook county nickel belt. The next Sunday boat, it is expected, will carry up eighty additional explorers sent out by Minneapolis and Milwaukee parties who will spend the summer in the nickel belt.

Mr. Feldman carried with him for Isle Royale, considerable furniture, a cow and other domestic animals and some mining pumps. He will commence the erection of a number of buildings on the island and expects to rush things this summer.

A lot of dredge and dock material was taken up for Williams, Green & Williams, and the boat bristled with all sorts of household furniture.

The S. B. Parker left this morning for south shore points and will go as far down Chequamegon bay as the ice will permit.

The Band Concert.

The Pavilion was well filelled yesterday afternoon in spite of the bad weather and it is apparent that that resort is to be more popular this year than for the past two seasons. The band rendered a fine program and received a large amount of applause. The band is in fine form this year and never played better. The grand descriptive fantasia "Columbus" was played yesterday, also Waldteufel's charming waltz, "Espana." Flotow's great overture to "Martha," Suppe's overture "The Beautiful Galatea," and many other beautiful numbers.

During the intermission a couple of newsboys, irrepressible "Mascot" being one of them, sang a number of songs for the crowd and were rewarded with a shower of nickels and dimes.

An Escaped Lunatic.

Thomas Morrissey, who has been at St. Mary's hospital under treatment for delirium tremens escaped yesterday afternoon and came up town. His strange actions attracted the attention of a policeman and he took him in custody. The patrol wagon was called for the purpose of taking him back to the hospital. He grew very violent on the way back and when he arrived there the sisters were afraid to admit him. He was therefore taken to the county jail and unless he calms down will be examined as to his sanity.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

500, $1000, $2000 to loan. D. W. Scott, Mesaba building.

THE SALE

Assets of the Bell Estate Offered at Auction This Morning.

All of the Sales Were Made at Remarkably Low Figures.

Bank Property Brought a Trifle Over $20,000--- The Other Sales.

The sale of the assets of the Bell estate opened at 10 o'clock this morning at the bank building at 3 West Superior street. At the time of opening a large crowd had gathered, some to pick up bargains if there was any opportunity, but the most of them to gratify curiosity.

Judge Dickinson made a statement of the conditions on behalf of Assignee Clinton Markell, before the opening of the sale. He explained that there are a large number creditors opposed to making the sale at this time and that the assignee is acting under the orders of the court. All property would be sold, he explained, subject to the confirmation of the court and if that is not obtained the sale will be void in each case in which the court refuses its sanction. The real estate would be transferred with taxes paid and clear title, otherwise the purchaser would not be required to take it. Ten per cent of the amount of the bid would be required as a guarantee of good faith. Each purchaser would be required to sign a memorandum of sale.

W. D. Gordon was the auctioneer and, as usual, his ready tongue kept the crowd in good humor. The first piece of property offered was the bank property at 3 West Superior street, in which the sale took place. The vault, fixtures, etc., were included and the valuation of the property has been $50,000. The mortgage on it amounts to $17,500, and the bids were for the property and the mortgage.

Walter Van Brunt started the ball rolling with an offer of $2500. There was a pause of some minutes and Miron Bunnell yelled $3000. C. W. Elston, who had been standing quietly by chimed in with $3100. Bunnell then jumped to $3150 and after repeated calls and entreaties for more, made by the auctioneer, the property went to Bunnell at that figure. This means $20,650 for the property. Many people did not believe the court would confirm the sale at that price.

The Warner building next the Y. M. C. A. block was next offered. It has a mortgage of $15,000; is a 3-story brick and has a rental of $1932 a year. It is valued at $45,000.

C. W. Elston began the bidding at $1000. Capt. Norrie made it $1100. Then began a pretty struggle the amounts jumping $25 each time until it reached $1475. C. S. Sargent then entered the field and the scramble was three-cornered for a time. Finally when it came to about $2200 all dropped out but Sargent and Elston. The property finally went to Sargent for $2575, making $17,575 the actual purchase price.

The Portland division property opposite the court house in block 45, was next offered. J. B. Silberstein bought lot 6 for $700; D. Buchanan lots 11 and 12 for $1200; J. D. Stryker lots 13 and 14, for $1250; D. J. Stringer, lots 15 and 16 for $1750. Lot 3, in block 31, on which C. M. Hill's barn is situated was sold to Mr. Hill for $850.

Lake county lands supposed to have mineral deposits were next offered. Lot 8, in section 12-64-6 went to W. C. White for $135. He also purchased the nw¼ of ne¼, section 13-64-16 for the same price. A. C. Jamieson bought the sw¼ of nw¼ of section 13-64-6 for $88.

At this point the sale adjourned to 2 o'clock.

Police Were There.

An aggregation of sports stood around in the cold yesterday afternoon at Duluth Heights waiting for a dog fight that had been advertised around the charmed circle. One of the animals, a bull dog with a bear trap mouth and a record as a fighter, owned by a Duluth man, was on deck, but the West Duluth dog failed to show up. To add to the prevailing depression, Sergt. Kenna and Patrolmen Terry and Fiskett appeared. The atmosphere now became freezing and the crowd dispersed, the uptown man taking the forfeit.

WHEN TRAVELING,

Whether on pleasure bent, or business, take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver, and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms or sickness. For sale in 50-cent and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup company only.

ENDORSED QUAY.

Ambler, Pa., April 13.—The Seventh district Republican convention, here to nominate delegates and alternates to the national convention at St. Louis, elected by acclamation Hugh B. Eastburn, of Doylestown, and W. B. Holland, of Norristown; alternates, Senator Henry G. Moyer, Perkins; Isaiah R. Halderman, Hatfieldville. The convention endorsed Senator Quay for president.

COVERED WITH SCALES

Eczema made its appearance on my head in its worst form, and it continued spreading until my face was covered with scales and became a horrid sight. I had a fine head of hair, seven years' growth, and had to sacrifice it. I was in despair. The physicians had failed even to relieve me, when one recommended CUTICURA SOAP. My father procured a set of CUTICURA REMEDIES, and in three weeks the scales left my face and the skin lost its florid hue. *In six weeks I was entirely cured.* My face was smooth and my complexion clearer and finer than it had ever been before.

Miss MARION A. SMITH, Sunbury, Pa.

SPEEDY CURE TREATMENT.—Warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, gentle applications of CUTICURA (ointment), and mild doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, greatest of humor cures.

Sold throughout the world. Price, CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, 50c. and $1. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston.

"How to Cure the Worst Eczema," mailed free.

DR. WURTH'S OPINION

OF THE NEW DISCOVERY IN MEDICINE.

A Remarkably Successful Remedy For Dyspepsi, Indigestion and Stomach Troubles.

Dr. Wurth, in commenting on recent discoveries in medicine, said: There is none which is certain to be so valuable and far-reaching in benefit as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, the new stomach remedy; I say far-reaching, because people little realize how important a sound stomach and vigorous digestion is to every man, woman and child.

Indigestion is the starting point of consumption, heart disease, Bright's disease, diabetes, nervous prostration, liver troubles; why is this so? Simply because every nerve, muscle and tissue in our bodies is created and nourished from the food we eat. If that food is, by reason of a weak stomach, compelled to lie for hours, a sour, fermenting mass of half digested food, it poisons the blood and nervous system, creates gas which distends the stomach and bowels, causing pressure on the heart, lungs and other organs and seriously impeding their action.

He says, further, the point to direct attention is not the nerves, nor heart, nor lungs, nor kidneys, but the stomach, the first cause of all the mischief.

The remedy to use for indigestion and weak stomachs is not some cathartic, but a remedy which will digest the food, increase the flow of gastric juices, absorb the gases, and Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will accomplish exactly this result in any case of stomach trouble, because these tablets are composed of the digestive acids, aseptic pepsin, Golden Seal and bismuth, pleasant to taste, and no being a patent medicine, can be used by anyone with perfect safety. I believe Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will cure any form of indigestion and stomach trouble except cancer of the stomach.

Full size packages of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold by druggists at 50 cents or by mail from Stuart company, Marshall, Mich. A book on stomach diseases, together with thousands of testimonials, will be sent by addressing above or call on your druggist for them.

FOR YOUNG MEN.

Charles B. Brown Talked to Them Last Evening.

Charles B. Brown, of Minneapolis, occupied the pulpit at the First Presbyterian church last night. Mr. Brown is an earnest and enthusiastic Y. M. C. A. worker, and delivered an interesting talk on the necessity of means for inducing young men to lend their aid in church work. He read statistics which had been carefully compiled showing that in cities where the population of young men numbered 3500, only eighty-five, or less than 5 per cent were church members, 25 per cent attended church occasionally and 75 per cent were non-church goers. In some Western cities the proportion of church members was much smaller. In one city where the population of young men was 3500, only twenty-nine were found to be church members. A canvass of the city of San Francisco on a Sunday evening resulted in ascertaining that while 2000 young men were found in the churches, 33,000 were found in saloons and resorts of questionable repute.

In closing, Mr. Brown said the Y. M. C. A. now has a membership of over 500,000.

A new feature of the work is the organization of college branches, of which 513 now exist. A large number of branches are composed almost exclusively of railroad men. The association is nonsectarian, appealing to the intellectual, moral and physical powers, without which man would be an imbecile, and, as an agent in cultivating these latent forces, the Y. M. C. A. is an institution which benefits a community.

After the Inspector.

Samuel Goldstein, the fruit man whose stock of bananas was confiscated by Inspector LeBow at West Duluth, on Wednesday last, through Allen, Baldwin & Baldwin, his attorneys, served notice on the inspector that he is required to make good the loss and damages for loss of time.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

New Troops For Service in Matabeleland Offered.

London, April 13.—In the house of commons the secretary of state for the colonies made a statement today regarding the situation in Matabeleland. He said the governor of Cape Colony, Sir Hercules Robinson, had offered to dispatch immediately to the disturbed districts a force of 300 cavalry and 200 mounted infantry from Natal, in addition to the volunteers and police which it had been arranged should be sent to Matabeleland.

Mr. Chamberlain added that Sir Hercules Robinson would also raise a force of 250 Basutas to assist in quelling the rebellion, and he (Mr. Chamberlain) was consulting with the war office as to the steps necessary in order to replace the troops occupied in interior points.

FOR THE SOUDAN.

It is reported at Aldershot Hall camp that the Ninth lancers have been ordered to get ready to start for the Egyptian expedition to take part in the Soudan campaign.

WELCOME RAINFALL.

Mitchell, S. D., April 13.—Rain began falling here Saturday night at 8 o'clock and continued until Sunday evening at 6 o'clock. During that time the precipitation was 1.14 inches, while for the past thirty days it amounts to four inches. The ground is in a fine condition for seeding.

RECEIVING BULLION.

London, April 13.—Amount of bullion gone into the Bank of England on balance today £88,000.

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

SPECIAL EXCURSIONS—LOW RATES

For homeseekers and business men via The Northwestern Line—C. St. P. M. & O. Ry. on April 7 and 21 and May 5, to points in

Alabama,
Arizona,
Arkansas,
Kansas,
Kentucky,
Louisiana,
Mississippi,
Missouri,
Nebraska,
North Carolina,
Oklahoma,
South Dakota,
Tennessee,
Texas,
Virginia,

For rates to any particular point or other information call at 405 Mesaba block, Duluth.

B. W. Summers, Agent.

REMOVED.

I. H. Ishum, watchmaker and optician, has removed to Albertson's bookstore, No. 330 West Superior street.

VAUGH IS DEAD.

Death Ends the Misery of the Park Policeman.

David Vaugh was murdered. This was demonstrated in a way to convert the most reluctant to The Herald's theory of the case by the post mortem examination of the body of the unfortunate man, which was conducted by Dr. Magie on Saturday afternoon at C. O. Nelson's undertaking rooms. After the post mortem had excluded every possible hypothesis but that of foul play on which to account for Vaugh's death, the police made up their minds to call on Mrs. Sier, of 1522 West Michigan street, at whose place, according to Twaddle's story, Vaugh received his injuries by falling down stairs. That lady had disappeared, taking her household goods with her.

Vaugh had expired Friday evening, at St. Mary's hospital, without having at any time since being injured recovered sufficiently to tell his story of what occurred on the night of Feb. 25. Early on the morning of Feb. 26, Vaugh, who was a park policeman, was taken to the central police station, apparently in an intoxicated condition, and booked as a common drunk, spending the night in a cell. On the following morning he was found to be delirious, and the back of his neck and head presented a puffed, bruised appearance. He was removed to St. Mary's hospital, where he was attended by Dr. Magie, who gave it as his opinion that Vaugh had been pounded with some blunt instrument, like a sandbag or air-brake pipe, which latter is often used by thugs.

The police, however, were inclined to believe the story told by Poundmaster Twaddle and Mrs. Annie Sier, to the effect that Vaugh had received his injuries by falling down a flight of stairs in the building, No. 1522 West Michigan street, where the latter had apartments, where Vaugh and Twaddle had wandered in an intoxicated condition after having spent the afternoon drinking at Kennedy's saloon, 2232 West Superior street. This statement was corroborated by a peddler, who said he arrived on the scene just as Vauga was picked up.

Although the police were inclined to rest satisfied with this explanation, the suspicions of Secretary Helm, of the park board, were not quieted, and he insisted that a further investigation be made. Twaddle was, accordingly, subjected to a severe questioning, and he revised his original story somewhat. According to his first statement, he and Vaugh entered Kennedy's saloon about 1 o'clock in the afternoon and remained there until nearly 7 o'clock in the evening. One detail after another coming to light, Twaddle so far altered his story as to make 4 o'clock the hour at which the two visited Kennedy's place, and this revised version was in turn badly demoralized by the statements of a street car conductor and of Vaugh's neighbors, who accounted for him for the time from 4 o'clock to 6:30 o'clock in the evening. Vaugh, himself, also, on the only occasion he referred to the matter, spoke in a rambling way about "some person or persons being too many for him." Mrs. Sier, too, under pressure, told a story that differed from her first one.

A few men talk through their hats, but all men talk of the $3.50 Gordon. It's the latest.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Favorable Opening With Some Activity Shown.

New York, April 13.—The stock market opened firm and higher on fairly active dealings. Sugar was the feature of the trading, and under good buying orders rose 1 per cent to 120¾. The advance was stimulated by further rise in the prices of refined product. The other industrials were in favor, Tobacco gaining a point. Business in the railway shares was light, but fractional gains were general.

The distribution of business was rather wide, after 10:15 and by the expiration of the hour, further gains of a fraction were general. Tobacco rose to 85¼, but the high level induced realizing sales, which carried it down to 82½. The announcement of an engagement of $700,000 gold for export tomorrow failed to influence the market, sentiment continuing bullish.

Purchases to cover shorts in tobacco at the low point caused a rally of 1 per cent to 84½. Gains of an equal amount were made in a few of the specialities. The volume of business was, however, very light up to midday, operators being disposed to restrict their dealings. The market was almost stagnant, but prices were well held. The sales to noon were 88,100 shares.

MORE GOLD GOING.

New York, April 13.—Heidelbach, Ickelheimer & Co. will ship tomorrow $700,000 in gold.

The healing properties of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve are well known. It cures eczema, skin affections and is simply a perfect remedy for piles. S. F. Boyce.

HER LIFE TRULY SAVED.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Does It.

Mrs. Chas. La Point, a well-known resident of Denver, praises this wonderful remedy. Her testimony should convince all as to the worth of the New Heart Cure and Restorative Nervine. Her letter dated Sept. 11th, 1894, reads as follows:

MRS. LA POINT, 2137 Humboldt St.

"Typhoid fever left me with heart trouble of the most serious nature. Nothing the doctors gave had any effect. I had severe pains in the heart, and was unable to lie on my left side for more than three minutes at a time. My heart seemed to miss beats, and I had smothering spells, in which it seemed every breath would be my last. We accidently saw an advertisement of

Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure

and Restorative Nervine, and purchased a bottle of each. After taking the remedies a week, I could be lifted in a chair and sit up an hour, and in a short time I was able to do light housework. I shall be ever grateful to you for your wonderful medicines. Truly they saved my life.

MRS. CHAS. LA POINT.

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1. 6 bottles for $5 or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores ...Health.

The New Shoe Store!

The Famous Popular Priced Shoe House

OPENS TODAY AT

111 West Superior Street

Slater's Old Stand.

Our goods have all been selected with great care, and only those whose positive worth make them exceptional values will be found in our store. We believe that you will find it to your interest to buy of us. Our goods are all bought for spot cash and will be sold for the same. No credit. One price to all. THE FAMOUS BARGAINS FOR THIS WEEK. Big values, small prices

RUBBERS—

Ladies' Storm Rubbers, narrow toe	43c
Misses' Storm Rubbers	35c
Child's Storm Rubbers	30c
Ladies' Rubbers	25c
Misses' Rubbers	18c
Men's Rubbers	50c, 60c, 75c

SHOES—

Infants' Shoes	13c, 23c
Child's Shoes, sizes 6 to 8	49c
Child's Shoes, sizes 9 to 11	59c
Misses' Shoes, sizes 11 to 2	85c
Boys' Shoes, sizes 2½ to 5½	98c
Men's Shoes	98c

THE FAMOUS

BARGAIN SHOE STORE

Slater's Old Stand, 111 West Superior Street.

A TALE OF TRANSFERS.

How Some People Abuse a Great Privilege.

"Only a little transfer
Of a color akin to buff.
Yet some folks will often use them
In a manner exceeding tough."

"The Duluth street railway is one of the most liberal corporations in this country in the manner of giving transfers, but its patrons are not nearly so fair in their treatment of the little buff slips which are freely given," said a railway official in an interview recently.

"A certain class of patrons and a class which, strangely enough, is in the majority among the ranks of upper tendom, are guilty of frequent little meannesses, or bits of petty dishonesty which may, if persisted in, result in an abridgment of the transfer privilege. Thus far it has only resulted in the placing of special company detectives at the principal transfer points, who watch the passengers and inform the company of those who misuse the corporation's liberality. Here are a few of the instances which have been reported and which are on file in the general office.

About March 21 a lady got off a car along with two other ladies, not companions, at the corner of Third avenue west and Superior street, and the conductor, supposing she and the two other ladies were traveling together, gave her three transfers. It was a Saturday afternoon, and as she stepped off the car she met two other ladies, not the two who got off the car at the same time (for they had gone away), but two friends. They waited for a Fourth street west car and the three got on board. A company official was in the car and saw the whole proceeding. The conductor came around with his usual cry of "fare, please," and the first lady tendered the three transfers which the conductor received and passed out of the car. Then came the denouement! The two accompanying ladies opened their pocket books and each gave the first lady a nickel, which she smilingly pocketed. That was a clear case of transfer conspiracy, and the name of each person is known at the general office. "That is a pretty piece of business for respectable ladies to be engaged in," said the railroader already referred to.

Last week a young gentleman got a transfer which did not belong to him, and with a bundle of books on one hand he swung himself on board a hill car. A road official was there in person and saw the traveler holding the transfer. The conductor came along, took the fares up in his car and stepped outside only to be joined by the official spoken of.

"What did Mr. ——— give you?" asked the officer.

"A transfer," said the conductor.

"Take it back to him and tell him you want his fare," was the instruction.

The conductor did as he was told, and the passenger rather saucily said he had paid his fare "on the other line." The conductor reported immediately and was told to collect the fare again, and let the man make a "kick" about it to the general office if he wished to.

The conductor went back again and insisted on his fare, and the party picked up his books and left the car. If he had been right he wouldn't have left the car.

Two young couples—four persons—have a scheme, although they are not in "cahoots," as the saying goes. They live in the East End and are presumably well off, but they stoop to the petty pilfering practice of swapping transfers. They are well known to the general office people, also to the special detectives, and some day they may be called down in a very unpleasant manner.

These are only a few incidents of despicable meanness—thievery is a proper though harsh name—which have been noticed, and it is a crying shame that the liberality of a corporation should be abused to such an extent.

"It is a curious fact that very little misuse of transfers is reported from the poorer people to whom the expenditure of a nickel for a car ride is a weighty matter. Self respect seems to actuate them to a greater extent than it does those who have much larger incomes," said the official spoken of and then he turned to his phone to tell an anxious mother that "your baby has not been found in any of our cars. We will give them an extra sweeping and report to you later on! Good day, ma'am!"

The company, although perfectly cognizant of these cases, has generously refrained from making exposures of the culprits, but it has about reached a point where "forbearance ceases to be a virtue."

MAYOR TRUELSEN'S "FRIENDSHIP."

To the Editor of The Herald:

The remarks of Mayor Truelsen in the News Tribune of Sunday morning are so inconsistent that little need be said to confute the statements made. That gentleman starts out with the assertion that "he is the friend of the workingman," and can explain his position satisfactorily to any right thinking union man." Now just look for a moment at Mayor Truelsen's definition of friendship: "He causes the apprehension of two union men on an alleged breach of the law, keeps them in charge until bail is found, and then dismisses the case for want of evidence." Judas Iscariot was the friend of the Carpenter's Son. Save us from our friends! Mayor Truelsen should not lose sight of the fact that our duty is to be useful, not according to our desires, but according to our powers. But the union men in the city have learned to consider the source and mind of the person who commends them before they set a value on his esteem. Truly yours,

James McDowell.

Duluth, April 13.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treament, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from ten drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by druggists, 75 cents.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

DEVOTED LOVERS

Of a full, sweet, mild and enjoyable smoke are asked to try the famous Davenport. In all first-class retailers hands.

Promptness is a commendable virtue. That's why we offer you One Minute Cough Cure. It is prompt in relief and prompt in curing. That is what it is made for. S. F. Boyce.

HOW'S YOUR HEAD?

You will feel better, think better, if you have your scalp scientifically treated. Prevents the hair falling out; imparts freshness and vigor to the scalp.

MME. BOYD & WILBUR, Masonic Temple.

MEN BE MANLY

We send the marvelous French Remedy CALTHOS free, and a legal guarantee that CALTHOS will STOP Discharges & Emissions, CURE Spermatorrhea, Varicocele and RESTORE Lost Vigor. *Use it and pay if satisfied.* Address VON MOHL CO. 39 B. Sole American Agents, Cincinnati, Ohio.

DULUTH TRUST CO.,

CAPITAL $130,000.

Surplus and undivided profits $10,000.

Will take entire charge of property for non-residents and others. Collect rents, pay taxes, Insurance, etc.

FRANKLIN J. CULFORD, Pres't,
EDWARD P. TOWNE, V. Pres't,
CALVIN E. HOW, Sec'y

The Great Eastern Duluth

Covert Coats, Club Coats

From our own Great Tailor Shops.

Fashion's correct style in Gentlemen's Outer Garments are shown here. The cloths, imported from all the great foreign looms. The most up-to-date fashions followed with scrupulous exactness. This is why this store has become Duluth's headquarters for Spring Coats. Prices about half what the merchant tailor charges. They run like this:

$10, $12, $15, $18, $20, $25.

Special Sale of Men's Mackintoshes.

Today we place on sale 100 Black Cape Mackintoshes, extra well made stylish garments, seams sewed, tapped and cemented, worth at least $5. Today and Tomorrow..... **$3.95**

Gentlemen's Fine Mackintosh Coats, either box or cape, diagonal serge, fancy cassimere lined, shaped velvet collar, never sold before for less than $9; we will sell just 30 of them Today and Tomorrow for..... **$5.95**

The Great Eastern's Boys' Clothing Department

It is the foremost exponent of what can be accomplished in the production of Boys' and Children's High Art Clothing at Moderate Prices. No other store in the Northwest offers such beautiful and well-made clothes at the low prices the Great Eastern offers them for.

For Tuesday and Wednesday's Sale—

300 Boys' and Young Men's Long Pant Suits, (Ages 13 to 19) Dark Gray, Black, Blue and Brown Diagonal Cheviots, sold at other stores for $7.50. The Great Eastern's Price **$5.00**

200 Boy's Knee Pant Suits (Ages 5 to 15 years) of Strictly All-wool Cheviots and Cassimeres, Pants made with double seat and double knees, good looking and well wearing, other stores' regular $4.50 Suits. The Great Eastern's Price **$2.95**

Boys' and Girls' Tam O'Shanters in Blue, Brown, Tan, Red and other fancy patterns, plain or trimmed with feathers and ornaments, elsewhere $1; here.... **50c**

Boys' Stylish Neckwear, the neatest, swellest, best Ties shown anywhere this season, Four-in-hands, Tecks, Windsor Ties and Bows, best values in the world at ..... 25c to **50c**

M. S. BURROWS & CO.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio. Phone No. 9.

Smoke Fadion cigar. W. A. Foote.

Thomas Henry Huxley will be discussed by the Unity club this evening and the leaders will be J. M. Robinson, Mrs. C. L. Lewis and J. W. Hunt.

The funeral of Ray Donovan, son of Detective Donovan, took place yesterday afternoon. The police department sent floral remembrances.

The meeting of the People's Parliague on Saturday evening was not very well attended owing to the poor weather.

There will be a meeting of the board of directors of the Y. M. C. A., held at the association rooms this evening, at 8 o'clock. There will be business of importance to transact.

Robert Banfield pleaded guilty in the municipal court this morning to a charge of vagrancy, and was fined $10 and costs, in default of payment of which he went up the hill.

A regular meeting of Court Central Duluth, No. 1727, I. O. F., will be held at A. O. U. W. hall, corner Seventeenth avenue west and Michigan street, on Friday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Brother O'Keefe, H. C. R. of the state of Minnesota, is expected to be present.

At the Bethel last evening a large audience was present. Evangelist Wishard preached a powerful sermon from the text, "What Think Ye of Christ." At the close of the service when the invitation was given, three persons came forward, expressing a desire to lead Christian lives. Meetings will be held every night this week. This evening Mr. Wishard will use a chart entitled "The Two Roads," to illustrate his sermon.

The Catholic club will meet this evening at the club rooms and a short musical program will be given.

M. E. Fillatrault, a former resident of this city, but of late residing at Two Harbors, where he held the position of postmaster, died there yesterday of heart disease. The remains will be brought here this evening by special train and afterwards taken to Faribault where the interment will take place Wednesday.

A marriage license has been issued to Julius H. Tufte and Carrie Rovtad.

PERSONAL.

Miss Edith McPhee, of Two Harbors, who has just graduated from the Duluth Business university, has returned to her home to accept the position of stenographer for the superintendent of the Duluth & Iron Range Railway.

A. G. Winslow, of Racine, Wis., upon graduating from the Duluth Business university, accepted the position of stenographer and bookkeeper for Whitmore & Casson, wholesale lumbermen of Duluth.

Louis Goldnamer, manager of the boys' department at the Great Eastern, returned today from New York.

William Allen, of Tower, is in the city today.

O. C. Harrison, of Waukesha, is in the city.

Mrs. J. C. Rosser and daughter came down from Grand Rapids today.

C. M. Taylor, of Mountain Iron, was at the St. Louis today.

Andrew Erwin, of St. Paul, assistant attorney general, was in the city this morning.

Mrs. J. B. Brisbin, of St. Paul, was at the St. Louis yesterday.

P. Flanagan, a lumberman of Norway, Mich., was in the city yesterday.

G. W. Norton, of Louisville, Ky., arrived in the city today to look after his large property interests.

Noah W. Gray, of Ashland, was at the Spalding today.

A number of St. Paul wholesale coat men were in the city today, among them J. J. Rhodes, of the Ledlaw company; J. E. McWilliams, of the Oslo, and C. S. Morgan, of the St. Paul and Western.

J. E. Hull, traveling passenger agent of the Lake Shore road, is in the city.

W. D. Lowry, the Minneapolis insurance man, is in the city.

G. W. Phillips, of Northfield, was in the city today.

E. R. Rice, a Buffalo, N. Y., vesselman, is in the city.

Register A. J. Taylor, of the United States land office, returned today from a thirty-days trip. He was in Tower for a time and then went South.

R. S. Munger, who has been in the East negotiating for the location here of a large manufacturing institution, has returned.

J. C. Flynn, of Little Falls, was in the city yesterday.

Henry W. Hoch, of Marquette, Mich., is in the city.

J. P. Sims, of Minneapolis, was in the city today.

E. B. Hawkins came down from Virginia this morning.

QUICK LOANS—
6% WITH OUR INVALUABLE "On or Before" Repayment Plan.
WITHOUT THE GOLD CLAUSE.
LOWER RATES FOR LARGE LOANS. BUILDING LOANS A SPECIALTY.
R. M. NEWPORT & SON,
W. B. CHAPIN, Mgr. Providence Bdg.

Annual Bread Contest.

The second annual Bread Contest of the **Duluth Imperial Mill Co.** will be held Saturday, June 6, 1896, in the forenoon. The place will be a convenient location on Superior street, to be announced later.

125 sacks of **"Duluth Imperial" Flour** given as prizes. Watch this space for further particulars.

INQUEST

Coroner's Jury is Considering the David Vaugh Case Today.

George Twaddle Gives His Story of What Occurred That Afternoon.

Vaugh Had a Bad Fall While Confined at the Hospital.

An inquest on the body of David Vaugh was commenced this forenoon by Deputy Coroner Stocker at C. O. Nelson's undertaking rooms, 1823 West Superior street. The jury is composed of A. Rockwell, J. Hewell, E. Downie, E. G. Swanstrom, Charles S. Pierce and M. A. Fedje.

George Twaddle, who was arrested yesterday, was in charge of Chief Hansen. His manner was composed, a somewhat swollen condition of the eyes alone indicating that he suffered any emotion. He was the first witness and told his story without hesitation or faltering.

He testified that he had known Vaugh for about twenty-five years. Had known him in Ireland, and the acquaintance had been kept up ever since they had come to this country. There might be a blood relationship between them, but he could not say as to that. They had always been close friends. Vaugh was a sober, industrious man. Did not remember ever having seen him very much under the influence of liquor. He drank once in a while, but had never seen him when he was unable to take care of himself prior to Feb. 26. He was a healthy man; never complained of anything but rheumatism. Saw him on Feb. 25 first in Bob Kennedy's saloon at Twenty-third avenue west and Superior street. Jack Alexander told him he was in there. Alexander said:

"You can't guess who is in Kennedy's saloon."

TROUBLE BETWEEN THEM.

Twaddle inquired and found it was Vaugh. He started right up to see him and was surprised to hear he was in there, for there had been trouble between Vaugh and Kennedy on account of money Vaugh had loaned Kennedy, and Vaugh had not been in his place since they had had some conversation about the loan, a period of about three months. Alexander had seemed surprised, also, that Vaugh was in Kennedy's place. To the best of witness' recollection it was between 2 and 3 o'clock when he found Vaugh in Kennedy's place. He fixed time between 2 and 3 o'clock by tracing his own movements that day. He left home about 1 o'clock that afternoon and walked out to Hazelwood Park and back, about one and a half miles. Returned at once and stopped in Dr. Davis' office at Twentieth avenue west; stayed there about twenty minutes, and when he went out met Alexander, who told him of Vaugh's being in Kennedy's place. He met Alexander within a few minutes after he left Dr. Davis' office. Vaugh was drinking a glass of beer when Twaddle went in. They talked a little and took a drink together, Vaugh saying:

"It won't do any harm. I have taken six or seven already."

This was before 3 o'clock. Witness was in there about 6 o'clock. Vaugh was there too, and so were Kennedy and the bartenders. They sat in a little room at the back of the building and talked of various subjects, Vaugh saying that when he got his money from Helm he would go home. He said he thought that would be by May 1. They drank whisky and beer and had cigars. Vaugh drank about as often as the rest did. He got up from the table about 6 o'clock. A boy named Joe Clovet or Clement was in the room part of the time.

THEY WENT TOGETHER.

Kennedy and Twaddle suggested that it was time to go home and Twaddle and Vaugh went out together. They walked down Michigan street. Vaugh did not want to go home and they went direct to Mrs. Sier's place. Vaugh rested there and Twaddle wanted to go home. Vaugh wanted to go in and see a friend he said he had there. Twaddle attempted to dissuade him, but Vaugh insisted and they went up the outside stairway and rapped. A woman opened the door. She seemed to know Vaugh, but did not appear to want him there, and Twaddle asked Vaugh to come. The woman asked Twaddle to go home, but Vaugh refused, whereupon Twaddle started to go down stairs. Vaugh appeared to the witness to miss his footing and rolled down against the witness, who fell against the rail and then down on top of Vaugh. He found Vaugh not able to walk when he attempted to get him up. He called to the woman who had descended the stairs to throw down something to put under his head, and witness started to find help. He met Sergeant Nelson, who suggested that they take Vaugh up to Kennedy's, as he did not want to run him in. They got a buggy and took Vaugh to Kennedy's. When they found Kennedy he did not want to take him in and, at Kennedy's suggestion, took him to the hotel. They helped get off Vaugh's shoes and then left him.

Witness thought he left him about 11 o'clock and went back to Kennedy's first to tell him where he had put Vaugh. He was at Kennedy's two or three hours. He knew Vaugh was hurt but supposed he would be all right in the morning.

HAS BEEN AT KENNEDY'S.

Twaddle admitted that he had been at Kennedy's saloon nearly every day since Vaugh was hurt. He was there last night when he was arrested. As long as Vaugh was with witness that day he was not struck nor did anybody have a cross word with him. Witness was not perfectly sober all the time he was with Vaugh, but remembers everything that occurred. Kennedy and Vaugh had no trouble that the witness knew of beside the money matter. Vaugh had supported Kennedy at the last election the witness thought. He was not certain how long they were at Mrs. Sier's, but though it was about fifteen minutes. He did not hear all that passed between Vaugh and the woman. She had said that Vaugh was drunk and wanted him taken out. Witness left Vaugh standing at the top of the stairs and saw nobody else besides Mrs. Sier and Vaugh while they were there. He was about seven or eight steps from the bottom of the stairs when Vaugh struck him in falling. He said Vaugh had not told witness the woman's name when the former suggested going up there. All were in one room together all the time they were there.

OLE OLSSEN CALLED.

Ole Olssen was the next witness examined. He testified that he is 20 years old and was bartender for Bob Kennedy on Feb. 25. He did not know Vaugh. He had been there nearly two months but had not seen Vaugh, to his recollection, in Kennedy's before Feb. 25. He remembered Vaugh and Twaddle being there on that day. They had a glass of beer or two at the bar and then went into the back room, where they were at 5:30 o'clock when the witness went to supper. Twaddle went into the saloon about 9 o'clock and went out to look for Kennedy. Witness went home at 9:15 o'clock, leaving Kennedy in charge. At 5:30 o'clock, Vaugh was somewhat intoxicated. Witness did not hear what they talked about in the back room. He took drinks in to them several times. Witness and Kennedy had no talk about the matter the next day. He heard that Bob Kennedy and Twaddle had been talking about the occurrence in the saloon that afternoon and the circumstance of the case. They had been down to Mrs. Sier's, he had heard. He did not know that Vaugh was hurt in the saloon that afternoon and knew nothing more about the case. He was working in Kennedy's saloon all yesterday afternoon.

The witness was sure that Vaugh and Twaddle were in the saloon all the afternoon until 5:30 o'clock.

DR. MAGLE'S TESTIMONY.

Dr. Magle testified that he saw Vaugh the morning after he was taken to the hospital, and he had evidently been severely pounded. His head was much swollen, especially over the right side and occiput. One eye was swollen shut, and there were bruises on the lower portion of the head and below the occiput. The left parietal region was the only spot that had escaped injury, a spot about as large as a man's head. The skin was bruised a little on top of the head, which was the only cut. He developed a violent meningitis, but recovered so as to be able to get up, at which time brain softening set in. He had not been perfectly lucid at any time the witness had seen him since the injury.

He fell out of a window about two weeks ago, broke a bone in the right ankle and suffered a fracture of the spine. The fall hastened his death, but the post mortem had shown that his original injuries were fatal. He thought it an impossibility that he had received all his injuries from falling down stairs. The injuries were produced by numerous blows—fifteen or twenty. The post mortem disclosed an extensive fracture of the skull at the back upper portion of the head. There was a circular fracture three inches in diameter, and two radiating therefrom toward the left and right ears respectively. There was no depression of the bones, but it was quite loose. As a result of the inflammation, the brain covering was found adhering to the brain cap. About a tablespoonful of serous matter escaped through an opening in the brain pan. As a result of inflammation the other membranes of the brain were closely adherent. The brain appeared gray and soft, and absorption was present. Under left temporal lobe, quite an accumulation of blood was found. The injuries to the brain were a sufficient cause of death, and it is a wonder that he had survived so long. The bones of the spine had been fractured. The cord was normal, but a depression from a displaced bone had caused a pressure on it resulting in a paralysis of the lower limbs. The entire skull fracture could have been caused by falling down stairs, but the concussion of the fall would not have caused such bruises. Some signs of old pleurisy were found, but all the organs were in good condition for a man of his age. It would have been possible for one to have walked for several days after receiving such injuries about the head. He did not discover any such odor of alcohol as is present after a period of intoxication.

Dr. G. C. Gilbert testified in corroboration of the testimony of Dr. Magle. He was satisfied that the injuries about the head could not have been caused by falling down stairs. In the opinion of the witness it would be impossible that such injuries could have been caused by falling down stairs.

Dr. Boyer testified that his conclusions are the same as those drawn by Drs. Magle and Gilbert.

The inquest was adjourned to 2:30 o'clock, the jury to take a view of the premises at 1522 West Michigan street, the home of Mrs. Sier, which Vaugh and Twaddle visited, and where, according to the latter's story, Vaugh fell down stairs and received his injuries. Detective Ryan arrived at the house with Mrs. Sier, whom he had brought over from Superior. She stated what had occurred at the house that night. She was not under oath, and her statement was informal, tallying in the main with Twaddle's testimony.

Mrs. Sier (or Cyr), who was the first witness examined this afternoon, testified as to Twaddle and Vaugh going to her house, her story being about the same as that told by Twaddle. She was firm on the point that Vaugh fell down stairs. He had insisted on staying in her house. Twaddle wanted to leave, and she, thinking to induce Vaugh to go also, went down stairs and stood at the back of the house. While there she heard a fall, and found Vaugh lying in the doorway. She went up stairs and, after throwing out a coat to place under Vaugh's head, locked herself in and saw no more of either of the men.

Is Very Insane.

Mrs. Gunelda Peterson, who has been hounding the county officials for some time with a charge that a well known lumber killed both Lena Olsen and A. A. Austin, was found to be insane this afternoon and was ordered sent to Fergus Falls. Mrs. Peterson sticks to her story, and she only regrets now that she cannot see the governor, whom she thinks would prosecute the murderers. When she came in this afternoon she saw her husband sitting in the probate office, and she told him he had better go home, as his head was too small.

Mrs. Henrietta Graves, of 805 West Fourth street, was to have an examination as to her sanity at 4:30 this afternoon.

FIRE DEPARTMENT HORSES FOR SALE.

Two large bay horses for sale. Apply to the chief engineer.

THE COURTESY OF A TRIAL.

The makers of the famous Davenport cigars are confident you will afterwards prefer it to all others. Sold everywhere.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair,
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

KILGORE & SIEWERT,
NEW STORE—LONSDALE BLDG.

Headquarters for Hats

CUT THIS OUT! of your thought, viz.: that you can buy a $5 Hat for $3.50. You can't unless the style is passe! We sell the very best

$3.00 Hats for... $3.00
$3.50 Hats for... $3.50
$4.00 Hats for... $4.00
$5.00 Hats for... $5.00
$2.00 Hats for... $2.00

The Newest Styles from Six of the best Manufacturers in the Hat business.

WE ARE SOLE AGENTS FOR EXTRA QUALITY DUNLAP & CO. CONTINENTAL HATS.

Sole agents for Dr. Jaeger Sanitary Woolen Underwear.

KILGORE & SIEWERT.

MONEY TO LOAN
5% AND 6%
With the On or Before Clause.
ANY AMOUNT. NO DELAY.
JULIUS D. HOWARD & COMPANY.
201-202 First National Bank Bldg.

A PUZZLING CASE.

It Involves the Payment of Rent in Advance.

Judge Morris this noon decided a peculiar case, that of Carl M. Johanson, as administrator for John Erickson, against Celia Hoff, as administrator for Nels J. Hoff. The suit was to recover about $700 for rent of a building on Superior street occupied by Nels J. Hoff, who was in the shoe business. The defense was that a lease had been drawn for three years which recited the payment of $1500 in advance. The lease was produced, and it recited the fact of the payment, but the plaintiff claimed that it had never been paid and that the statement that it had was put in there for another purpose.

The lease was drawn up between Erickson and Hoff, and afterwards both men shot themselves. There was, therefore, no evidence as to whether the $1500 had been paid or not, except that Hoff, some days before he killed himself, had stated in the presence of witnesses that he intended to pay this rent. He was then under guardianship imposed by the probate court.

Judge Morris decided that the rent had not been paid, and gave judgment for the plaintiff. The case was tried before with a similar result, and it was carried up by the defendant, and it puzzled the supreme court, and it ordered a new trial, with two dissenting opinions.

Frybergen & Johanson were for the plaintiff and George L. Spangler for the defendant.

The appeals from the allowance of county commissioners of O. W. Baldwin's bills of $960 for prosecuting suits against the county on the road appeals, and the appeals from the county surveyors' bills were to have been taken up by Judge Moer, in district court this morning, but the county's counsel failed to show up and the case was continued to Wednesday.

Judge Moer this morning sentenced Charles O'Rourke, who pleaded guilty to grand larceny in the second degree, to six months in the county jail.

New so-called remedies spring up every day like mushrooms; but the people still cling to Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

$10,000 6% To Loan! ON First Mortgages.
Mendenhall & Blackshaw,
Herald Building, 220 W. Superior St.

HE STRUCK DYNAMITE.

For This Reason Ole Diseth Claims Large Damages.

Ole Diseth, by his guardian ad litem, this morning began suit against Winston Bros. and Dear to recover $5085 for personal injuries. He is a common laborer, and claims that he did not have sufficient intelligence of such matters to be aware of the danger which he encountered and which resulted in the accident which is responsible for this suit. He was working for the defendant last February on a road bed near Hibbing, handling a pick. He was picking dutifully away Feb. 3 when his pick struck a stick of dynamite which had been left in the ground. The force of the explosion which followed picked Diseth up and deposited his mixed up form some distance away. Of course he did not get through this most shocking experience without some injury, hence his suit. John Jenswold, Jr., is his attorney.

George B. Spencer, as assignee for the E. H. Steele Co., has begun suit against the Great Northern and Duluth & Iron Range roads to quiet title to lands in 54-14 and 55-15. George B. Spencer is the attorney.

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

The following births have been reported to the health department: A daughter to Matt and Lina Ettinger, of 308 Eighteenth avenue west; a son to W. H. and Sarah Beach, of 518 East First street; a son to August and Sofie Lund, of 1532 West First street; a daughter to Charles and Carolina Hammar, of 517 Nineteenth avenue west; a son to Dominick and Pascalina Cosciatta, of 536 Lake avenue south.

The following deaths have been reported: Mable Chapman, of 708 Twenty-third avenue east, of gastro enteritis; Harriet Monroe, of 1702 West Second street, of peritonitis; Ray E. Donovan, of 208 Eighth avenue east, of pneumonia.

Prompt delivery of trunks for 25 cents each. Duluth Van company, 212 West Superior street.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

J. E. WIELAND. E. J. MUNSEY.
DULUTH BICYCLE EXCHANGE.
New wheels, second hand wheels, repairing. 205 W. Michigan. 306 W. Superior.
BICYCLE ACADEMY
For ladies and gentlemen at 26 E. Superior street. Lessons from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. daily. Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings 7:30 to 9:30. Entrance Monday and Wednesday evenings, 25 E. Michigan St.

HOTEL OLIVER. ELY, MINN.
Best accommodations on the Range. Newly furnished throughout. Charges moderate. Home comforts for Transients; with good Livery in connection.
R. T. LAWRENCE, Prop.

HOUSES TO RENT.
1715 E. Superior Street, hot water heat, electric lights, all modern improvements, per month $40
Other houses in the East End from $15 to $50.
Money to loan on Real Estate.
THE DULUTH BANKING CO., 400 BURROWS BUILDING.

Store to Rent.....
SPLENDID LOCATION. BEST PART OF SUPERIOR STREET. UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR A BUSINESS OPENING.
C. H. GRAVES & CO., Agents for Stores, Houses and Lots.
Torrey Building, First Floor.

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MASON, FENWICK & LAWRENCE, Patent Lawyers, Solicitors and Experts.
Estab'd Washington, D. C. 1861. Palladio Bldg, Duluth, Minn.
(Inventors guide book free.)

A first-class meal served in the best style and at lowest prices at the SARATOGA RESTAURANT, 25 W. Superior Street. STEVE HART, Prop.

TEETH MUST SOMETIMES BE EXTRACTED!

The tooth is so badly decayed that filling or crowning could not save it for which there is no other remedy but the forceps. We extract teeth and guarantee to do it without pain. Being better equipped with the very latest improvements there is no argument on this point.
DR. SCHIFFMANN, Top floor, front, Woodbridge Bldg.

FREIMUTH'S

A Grand Illustration of Money-Saving Opportunities!

Silks.

A cheap sale of fine Silks that is winning the the friendship of hundreds.

It is so well known the reliable silks we sell that when we speak of such a cheap selling event all wearers of silks take heed.

2500 yards of silk worth up to $1.00 sell at 49c.

They consist of checked taffetas, figured taffetas, figured chinas, French epengalines, striped taffetas, brocaded satins, together with several other gems that are worth up to $1.00 a yard, go on sale tomorrow morning at..... **49c**

Black Silks, worth from $1.00 to $1.25, sell at 75c.

They consist of black figured damask, plain black Peau de Soie, plain black Melrose, Satin, plain black Taffetas, plain black Bengalines, ranging in price up to $1.25, go at..... **75c**

Woolen Dress Goods

25 pieces Woolen Dress Stuffs, worth up to 75c, sell at 39c.

They consist of 46 inch cold Serges and silk and wool mixtures, all good, reliable fabrics, have sold up to 75c a yard, all go at **39c**

Black Woolen Dress Goods ranging up to $1.35, sell at 79c.

They consist of black wool figures, Sicilian, figured Mohair, Satin Glace, Serges, Empress Cords and Henriettas that are worth up to $1.35, sell at..... **79c**

15 pieces of Black Dress Stuffs ranging up to 75c, sell at 49c.

They consist of black Granites, figured Brilliantines, Serges and plain Sicilian which are worth up to 75c, go at..... **49c**

Wash Goods.

1000 yards of Zephyr Ginghams in stripes and plaids, well worth 15c a yard, sell tomorrow at, per yard..... **8c**

2500 yards of 9c Dress Prints sell tomorrow at **6c**

1000 yards of 12½c Outing Flannel go on sale tomorrow at **8c**

Very low prices on Organdies, Dotted Swisses, French Ginghams, Dimities and Crepons.

Linens.

7 pieces of 58-inch silver Flax Loom Damask, worth up to 65c a yard, go on sale tomorrow at **49c**

10 pieces of all linen full Bleached Damask, 64 to 68-inch wide, worth up to 95c, sell tomorrow at..... **69c**

6 pieces 72-in finest quality double Satin Damask, worth fully $1.50 a yard, go on sale tomorrow at..... **$1.12½**
Napkins to match.

50 dozen ¾ all linen Napkins, good assortment of patterns, worth $2.25 a dozen, sell tomorrow at **$1.55**

25 pieces of heavy linen Crash Toweling, always sold at 12½c, sells tomorrow at **10c**

White Goods.

25 pieces of checked Nainsook, sold elsewhere at 10c, sell here at **6½c**

500 remnants of Fancy White goods and plain Swisses, worth up to 20c a yard, sell tomorrow at, a yard..... **9c**

FREIMUTH'S

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

FOURTEENTH YEAR. TUESDAY, APRIL 14, 1896. TWO CENTS.

THE RELIABLE GASOLINE STOVES AND RANGES

Are the most perfect made and are serving thousands of satisfied customers throughout the country.
Do not fail to see this line if you are interested. We can save you dollars and lots of work and trouble if you buy a "Reliable."
No goods are higher in quality or lower in price.

Everything to Furnish a House Complete!

Partial Payment Plan — All goods are sold on this popular credit system. Part cash and the balance in convenient monthly payments.

French & Bassett,

Third Avenue West and First Street.

Minn Hist'l Society

PIANOS $167

A Good Second Hand Upright Piano .....

We have the largest assortment of new pianos at the head of the lakes

Pianos and Organs for Rent.

SALEROOMS— Phoenix Block, Fourth Avenue W. and Superior St—2nd Floor. — DULUTH MUSIC CO. E. G. CHAPMAN, Manager.

A CARD.

We take pleasure in announcing that we have secured the services of

Mr. Carl Berkelman,

Who has been for many years identified with the furniture interests of the city, and who would be pleased to see his friends and customers and to serve them in the house furnishing line.

French & Bassett,
Third Avenue West and First Street.

Swift's Cotosuet

A million dinners a day!
A million Cotosuet dinners eaten in America daily—the million best dinners.

Sold wherever lard is—in 3 and 5 lb. pails.
Made only by Swift and Company, Chicago.

"THE MORE YOU SAY THE LESS PEOPLE REMEMBER."
ONE WORD WITH YOU,

SAPOLIO

CUT FLOWERS.

Chicago Flooded with them. We took advantage of the overflow and bought 10,000 Roses and Carnations today. They will be on sale tomorrow forenoon at 11 o'clock.

Roses 19c a doz. **Carnations 12½c a doz.**

Panton & White, Glass Block Store.

LUTES LAUNDRY

Try our patent wing point turner on your collars. No broken edges; gives new finish to old ones.

Telephone your orders to Number 447

Gold and Silver! Bring us your REPAIRING OF JEWELRY and Silverware, gold, silver or nickel plating. All work done by only first-class mechanics and GUARANTEED. We carry the largest line of precious stones in the Northwest and set them up to suit you. We pay cash for old gold and silver or work it over into any design. We also do bicycle repairing and replate any part of a wheel.

DORNER & CO., Metropolitan Block. Second Floor—Next Freimuth's.

MORRILL

Vermont's Senator Reaches the Advanced Age of 86 Years.

Chaplain Milburn Calls Attention to His Remarkable Vigor of Intellect.

Many Reports From Senate and House Committees Are Received.

Washington, April 14.—That venerable figure of the senate, Mr. Morrill, of Vermont, reached the ripe age of 86 years today, and the event was referred to in the opening prayer of the chaplain, Rev. Dr. Milburn, who spoke of the white-haired senator as hale in body, clear, sound and vigorous in intellect, esteemed by his brother senators, by his state and by the whole public. At the conclusion of the prayer, Mr. Morrill received congratulations from many of his associates. As a mark of respect to Mr. Morrill, the senate directed that the chaplain's prayer be inserted in the record. Shortly after the session opened, Mr. Morrill gave an added evidence of his vigor by announcing that on Thursday next he would speak of the necessity of additional quarters for the national museum. Mr. Squire was then recognized for a speech on the need of coast defenses.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, April 14.—The Nicaragua canal and the Hawaii cable question were considered by the house committee on commerce, but no votes were taken on any of the bills. It was decided to dispose finally of the question of reporting a canal bill one week from next Friday. In the meantime the hearings may be continued, and probably some of the government engineers will be called on to give their views. Gen. Swayne, who represents the Pacific Cable company, of which company Spaulding is president, made a statement to the committee in favor of that company.

THE NEW STATES.

Arizona's Case Will Be Favorably Reported.

Washington, April 14.—At a special meeting of the house committee on territories today, the Arizona statehood bill was ordered reported favorably to the house. The vote stood 5 in favor, and 2 against. Those in the affirmative were: Republicans—Scranton, Perkins, Lefevre; Democrats—Turner and Cooper, of Texas. Those against were: Republicans—Hadley and Low. Mr. Avery was paired with Mr. Knox and Mr. Harris was paired with Mr. Harrison.

Mr. Owens was present but did not vote. The special meeting had been called, he said, for the purpose of hearing read the report on the New Mexico statehood bill. It was not proper that the Arizona measure should be taken up without warning and while members who opposed it were absent. His request that the matter go over to the next regular meeting was refused, however, and he absented himself from the room while the vote was being taken.

A NEW OFFICIAL.

Director in Chief of Scientific Bureaus Recommended.

Washington, April 14.—Senator Proctor, chairman of the committee on agriculture, was today authorized by the committee to make a favorable report on a bill to provide for a director-in-chief of the scientific bureaus of the agricultural department. The question has been before the committee for some time, and the propriety of the change has been urged by almost all the agricultural colleges in the country as well as by many other institutions of learning.

The bureaus which would be placed under the charge of the proposed director include the weather bureau, the bureau of animal industry and about fifteen divisions of the department engaged in technical and scientific investigations. Under the present system, the general charge of this work has been confided to the assistant secretary. It is the understanding in the committee that the bill will not be pressed for consideration at the present session.

TURKEY MISSIONARIES.

Rev. Knapp Will Be Sent to Alexandria.

Constantinople, April 14.—A thorough ventilation of the action of the sultan toward the Protestant and Roman Catholic missionaries in Asia Minor has had a decidedly beneficial effect. The United States charge d'affaires, John W. Riddle, has received a written assurance from the Turkish government that the Rev. George P. Knapp, the American missionary recently expelled from Bitlis, will be delivered to the United States consul at Alexandria.

It is further stated that the sultan's irade providing for the expulsion of the other missionaries from Asia Minor has been repealed, and for the present, at least, the missionaries need not anticipate any further trouble. It is understood that in both these cases the sultan has acted upon the advice of the Russian ambassador.

BISHOP RYAN'S FUNERAL.

Buffalo, April 14.—The funeral services over the remains of the late Bishop Ryan were held in the cathedral today. Archbishop Corrigan officiated at the pontifical high mass, and the sermon was preached by Archbishop Ireland. Prelates from various parts of the United States and Canada were present. The body, at the conclusion of the ceremonies, was lowered into the vault in the cathedral beside that of Bishop Ryan's predecessor in office.

THE MINERS IN SESSION.

May Vote Down Eight-Hour Day Resolution.

Ishpeming, April 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—The executive officers and delegates from the local branch of the Northern Mineral Workers' union are in executive session at Mine Workers' hall. They are very close mouthed, but it is learned that the conservative members of the assembly are determinedly thwarting the attempt to pledge the union to the demand for an 8-hour day, and from present appearances the resolution will not carry.

The employers have reached a thorough understanding and would close the mines in preference to yielding.

THE STATE'S APPEAL.

Objections to Decision in Section Thirty Case.

Washington, April 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—The appeal of the state of Minnesota, represented by State Auditor Dunn and Attorney General Childs, from the commissioner's decision denying its claim to the Craig "forty" in section 30, on account of the swamp land grant of 1860, was received at the land office today.

It contains sixteen allegations of error, exception being taken to every point covered in the commissioner's decision. The appeal was forwarded to the secretary late today, and his decision will probably be forthcoming in a short time.

MISSISSIPPI IS HIGH.

And West St. Paul is Liable to Flood.

St. Paul, April 14.—The Mississippi at this point is seven feet above low water mark and rising rapidly. Nearly half of this rise has occurred since yesterday morning, and if the river continues to boom as it has the past few days, quite a number of the people on the West Side will be compelled to seek quarters elsewhere.

DAMS SWEPT AWAY.

Narrow Escape of Men at St. Cloud Today.

Minneapolis, April 14.—A St. Cloud special to the Journal says: A dozen men who were working on the ice gorge in the Mississippi river, opening a channel, narrowly escaped being swept over the dam. A sudden rise in the water broke up the ice, which rushed toward the dam. The men managed to scramble ashore over floating cakes of ice. The bridges and dam were unharmed, but the water is very high and the situation is quite serious.

A Royalton special says: The bridge over the Mississippi, west of here, built six years ago, was swept away today along with the Platte river dam at this place. The Pine Knoll dam, McLean's dam on Skunk brook, and the Two Rivers' dam have gone out also. It is the biggest flood for years.

NEWMARKET RACES.

American Horses Will Figure During the Week.

Newmarket, Eng., April 14.—The Newmarket-Craven meeting began here today and lasts until Thursday, inclusive, was eagerly awaited by the turfites, as it marked the opening of the regular racing season and is likely to throw light on the Derby prospects. But there was additional interest in the racing today, as it was the occasion of the debut of Pierre Lorillard's string of American horses, his entries today being Aristette, King of Bohemia and Glaring. Not one of Mr. Richard Croker's horses have reached here although Inspector Albany and Red Banner entered for the Ashley plate, and Sir Excess for the Bafraham plate tomorrow.

Mr. Lorillard, during the meeting may also run Magic or Sandia for the double trial plate; Lamecock or Pigeonwing for the 2-year-old plate, and Astrophia in the Schley plate, and besides, Mr. Foxhall Keene has Faustina and a brown colt entered for the column produce stakes. The weather was cold and stormy. The first race in which an American competed was the Vistor plate, handicap, 150 sovereigns, in which Pierre Lorillard's King of Bohemia was not placed. J. Newton's gelding, Forceburn, was first, with F. Wishurd's Helen Nichol second, and W. M. Redfern's filly Confessional, third.

YOUTHFUL POISONER.

Tried to Poison a Family in Oregon.

Eugene, Ore., April 14.—Oral Poindexter, a lad 12 years old, was arrested at his home, four miles north of Coburg this morning and was brought to this city on a charge of attempting to kill the family of Mrs. Hiram Smith, a widow, who lives on a farm adjoining that of T. Poindexter's. For some time past the Smith family have felt that they were the victims of persecution, as repeated attempts had been made to poison the entire family by scattering poison about the dishes and eatables.

S. O. Garrison, a neighbor, was appointed special officer to ferret the matter out. He obtained his first clue last Saturday. Mrs. Smith was away from home, but one of the little girls was left to keep watch. She saw the boy come with a vial and pour something into the pump. The next day she was working about the chicken house and was struck over the back of the head with a club by the same boy and was left unconscious. Other evidence was secured against the boy until sufficient was obtained to warrant his arrest. It is supposed that Poindexter's act is the result of some old feud between the families.

KALMAN'S SCHEDULES FILED.

St. Paul, April 14.—Adolph Kalman, the wholesale milliner, who recently made an assignment to B. L. Goodkind, has filed schedules of insolvency in the district court. The total assets at the nominal value are given at $142,530; estimated cash values, $66,130. Of the liabilities the following is made in the recapitulation: Absolute and contingent, $148,921; absolute, $103,348; bills payable, $38,007; special capital contributed by August Oppenheimer, $15,000.

WRECKS

Queen & Crescent Train Plunges Through a Trestle in Louisiana.

Rear-End Collision Smashes a River Bridge at Sedalia.

Attempt to Wreck the Cleveland & Pittsburg Limited Express Fails.

New Orleans, April 14.—A train consisting of a combination baggage car, two day coaches and a sleeper plunged through a trestle at Mile 33, on the Queen & Crescent road, three miles above Vosburg, this morning. Reports of the accident is meager, but the latest information received at the main office at this point is to the effect that six passengers were injured, one seriously.

BRIDGE COLLISION.

Four Tramps Hurt and a Bridge Wrecked.

Sedalia, Mo., April 14.—By a rear-end collision of two trains on the Gasconade bridge, on the Missouri Pacific, at midnight, four tramps were more or less seriously hurt, and one span of the bridge torn down.

The injured are: Henry Brennan, W. E. Stanfield, Ed Stewart and Peter McErshelbuck. None of them were fatally hurt. Trains are compelled to go by other routes between Sedalia and St. Louis.

CLEARED IN TIME.

Attempt to Wreck an Express Train Foiled.

Cleveland, April 14.—A dastardly attempt to wreck the limited express train, due in this city at 4:20 a. m., on the Cleveland & Pittsburg road, was made this morning before daylight, near the southern limits of the city. A rolling mill employe, on his way to work, discovered and removed the obstruction just in time to avoid a terrible wreck.

Two heavy railroad ties had been placed from rail to rail on the track, and heavy ties were also placed parallel with the rails on the outside. Scarcely had the obstruction been removed when the limited thundered by at the rate of sixty miles an hour.

AFFAIRS IN EGYPT.

Dervish Army Now Numbers 30,000 Men.

New York, April 14.—A dispatch to the Herald from Wady Halfa, Egypt, says: Sarras and Akasheh have been strongly garrisoned. The railway between these points is being pushed forward as rapidly as possible.

The Dervishes at Suaarda, who now number 20,000 have advanced their posts to Mograkah, distant fifteen miles from Akasheh, the main body of the Dervishes still remaining at Dongola. The moral effect of the announcement of the expedition has been excellent in the Soudan and has been of the utmost service to the Italians at Kassala.

PEARL BRYAN'S HEAD.

Jackson and Walling Were Seen Throwing it Away.

Cincinnati, April 14.—At Newport, Ky., today the attorneys for the commonwealth made an official announcement that they would prove that Jackson and Walling were together on the Covington suspension bridge soon after the murder of Pearl Bryan, and that they were seen throwing the head of the murdered girl into the Ohio river.

They state this information is given out because of the continued demands of interested parties to know whether the prosecution has any evidence as to the disposition of Pearl Bryan's head. The attorneys will not let anyone know who are the witnesses in this connecting link until the trial begins next Tuesday.

NORTH DAKOTA CONVENTION.

Fight Between Hansbrough and Lamoure Forces.

Fargo, N. D., April 14.—The city is thronged today with eager politicians and one of the bitterest fights in the history of the state is expected tomorrow at the Republican convention. The Republican party leaders, Congressman Johnson, Senator Hansbrough, Hon. Judd Lamoure are here and already the fight is on. The main fight will be on the chairmanship of the convention, and the Lamoure and Hansbrough factions are the opposing contestants.

It looks now as though this would be the condition of affairs all through, and as each issue comes up the friends of each of these leaders will fall in line for a victory one over the other. Hansbrough's support is strong, but the Lamoure men are equally confident. It will be a thorough McKinley convention, and it is not thought that silver will be an issue at all. Out of something like forty-five delegates, as near as can be ascertained, they are about equally divided.

LYMAN TRUMBULL BETTER.

Chicago, April 14.—Lyman Trumbull is expected to be out of bed within a week, unless some unlooked for complication should follow the surgical operation performed upon him yesterday.

CROP REPORTS.

Iowa Reports Plenty of Moisture Everywhere.

Des Moines, Iowa, April 14.—The Iowa weekly weather crop bulletin issued today, says: Reports from all parts of the state show that the drouth has been effectually broken, the measurements of precipitation ranging from one to four inches. There is ample moisture in all sections and in many localities the soil is thoroughly soaked.

Farm work has been delayed and some seeding of small grain remains to be done in nearly all districts. A fair start has been made in plowing for corn. Farmers are pushing things on all lines with renewed confidence. In the districts where winter wheat is grown, reports are generally more favorable. There are indications of an increased acreage of spring wheat, compared with last year and a probable decrease in the acreage of oats.

IN ILLINOIS IT IS FAVORABLE.

Chicago, April 14.—The Illinois weekly weather crop bulletin today says: As a whole, the past week has been very favorable for the farmers, although the cold weather of the first half still further retarded the season, but being followed by warm showers, much good has resulted to vegetation generally. Winter wheat, rye and grasses have been much improved over central and northern counties, and in the southern the condition of wheat is fair, except in central counties.

Oat sowing has progressed rapidly, and most of the crop is in with the early sown coming up nicely. A few small patches of corn have been planted in the extreme southern counties. Generally, however, corn ground is being prepared, stalks cut and burned and soil turned over, considerable old clover ground being plowed for corn.

KANSAS IS SATISFIED.

Topeka, April 14.—The Kansas weather crop bulletin for the week just ended says: Warm showers have prevailed during the week and the eastern half of the state has been well watered, the heaviest rains occurring in Miami. Some high winds prevailed, but the presence of moisture greatly benefited wheat which is in good condition. Oats are generally up and corn planting is about completed in the southern and just begun in northern counties. Peaches, pears and plums are in full bloom, with good promise.

MISSOURI IS COMPLACENT.

Columbia, Mo., April 14.—The weekly crop bulletin issued today says: The rains and warm weather have exceedingly benefited wheat and grasses and the condition of the wheat crop is greatly improved. In a few counties, principally in the central sections where rains were light, wheat is still looking badly, but as a rule, the crop is reported as looking well. Oats sowing is practically completed, except in some of the northern counties and the early sown are coming up well. As a rule, plowing has progressed favorable to corn planting and is well under way. The prospects for fruit continue excellent.

Death of Mrs. Anderson.

Mrs. James M. Anderson died yesterday afternoon at her home on West Seventh street, rather suddenly. She has been ill for some time from paralysis, but was recovering. Yesterday she was taken with convulsions, and expired late in the afternoon. Mrs. Anderson has resided in Duluth about two years, having come here with her husband from Bismarck, N. D. Mr. Anderson is a retired minister of the Presbyterian denomination. The body will be taken to Litchfield, Conn., for burial. Her husband and four children survive her; two daughters, Miss Jessie and Miss Elizabeth, residing here, a daughter, Miss Agnes, residing in Brooklyn, and a son, Robbins, attending Yale college. Mrs. Anderson was a woman of considerable literary ability, and during her life wrote frequently for the Atlantic Monthly and other periodicals.

A MURDERER ELECTROCUTED.

Dannemora, N. Y., April 14.—Joseph Selanek was put to death by electricity in the state prison at Clinton today. Selanek murdered his sweetheart, Theresa Kamora, by cutting her throat with a razor, at Johnstown, on Aug. 20, 1895, on account of jealousy. Neither the murderer nor his victim could speak a word of English. There was no appeal from the decision of the trial court, which was rendered on February last. The only defense entered was insanity.

DISPUTES HOLMES' STORIES.

Pittsburg, April 14.—Insurance Inspector Gary, of the Fidelity Mutual Life, of Philadelphia, in which Holmes' victim, Pietzel, was insured, is in the city. He says Holmes did not commit all the murders he confessed to. Kate Darke is in Omaha, Dr. Russell is in Michigan, Roma Van Fassant is in Arkansas and Robert Latimer is in Chicago. Gertrude Conner did not die for six weeks after leaving Chicago for Iowa.

SHOT HER ASSAILANT.

New Castle, Pa., April 14.—Mrs. Susan Shaffer, aged 76 years, and her housekeeper, Mrs. Martha Burt, were alone at the home, near Bessemer last evening, when an unknown Italian appeared and attempted to assault Mrs. Burt. She ran to another room, pursued by the man, and just as he was about to seize her, she grasped a revolver and shot him, the ball taking effect in the bowels and instantly killing him.

A POPULAR LAND BILL.

Dublin, April 14.—Commenting on the new Irish land bill, introduced yesterday in the house of commons, by the chief secretary for Ireland, Gerald Balfour, the Freeman's Journal says that "it should be amended and not rejected." The Independent says: "It is a distinct advance upon any similar proposition." The Press: "It is clear that the government is guided by a generous and statesmanlike conception of the problem."

A PECULIAR FATALITY.

Kansas City, April 14.—A special from Girard says: George Gilmore and wife were fatally burned last night in Woods county, by the explosion of a bottle of carbonic acid, purchased by Gilmore to kill prairie dogs.

WINONA MAN SUICIDES.

Winona, Minn., April 14.—Jacob Mowery, a well-known resident of Winona for the past forty years, and a member of Winona's first city council, committed suicide in an outhouse early this morning by shooting himself in the right temple. Mr. Mowery was 68 years of age. Despondency was the cause of the deed.

EX-MAYOR SUICIDES.

Spartanburg, S. C., April 14.—Ex-Mayor W. W. Gilreath, of Greenville, S. C., one of the most prominent men in the state, was found dead in his office in Greenville early this morning. A pistol with which he had been shot was found by his side. It is supposed to be a case of suicide.

Wednesday!

—AT—

PANTON and WHITE'S BIG STORE

MIDWEEK FLYERS!

Are you in a position to take advantage of them?

Ladies' Kid Gloves.
Four-button, all colors and black, worth $1. Wednesday **75c**

Silk Dept.
10 pieces brocaded Gros Grain Silks in blacks only, worth $1.25. Wednesday **75c**

Black Goods--Remnants.
100 Remnants of fine Black Dress Goods, mostly Arnolds and Priestley's, to be closed Wednesday at greatly
....REDUCED PRICES

Golf Suiting.
For your choice of 100 pieces Golf Suiting, worth 25c..... **15c**

Outing Flannels. Domet Flannels.
5c per yard. 1000 Manufacturers' Remnants to be closed out at half their value, namely..... **5c**

Ladies' Opera House.
For ladies' Opera Hose, with fancy tops and black boots... **25c**

Attend the Big Embroidery Sale on Counter No. 2.

For Spring Planting and Sowing.

On Bargain Counter No. 1.

All Flowers And Vegetable Seeds, a packet	2½c
Lawn Grass Seed, a packet	15c
Lawn Dressing, a packet	15c
Nasturtiums, large packets	2 for 25c
Sweet Peas, large packet	10c

Bulbs.

Dahlias, each	15c
Peonies, each	20c
Amaryllis, each	10c
Begonias, each	5c
Gladiolus	2 for 5c
Glozinias, each	10c
Iris, each	10c
Maderia Vines, each	5c
Dwarf and tall Cannas, each	5c
Tuberoses	3 for 5c
Lilium Auratum, each	10c
Lil um Rosenm, each	10c
Lilium Album, each	20c

Patrons, Take Notice——

Our Greenhouses at Woodland to be given up and the contents of the three houses to be disposed of at once.

Rose Bushes.
American Beauties, Metoes, Brides, Perles and Bridesmaids, all go at, per dozen, without pots..... **$2.25**
With pots, per dozen..... $3.00

Carnation Plants.
Uncle John, William Scott, Portia, Spartan, per dozen, without pots..... **$1.50**
With pots, per dozen..... $2.00

Violet Plants.
Per dozen..... **$1.00**

Place your order quick, they can't last long at those prices.

Cloak Dept.
Today we received 100 dozen New Shirt Waists with detatchable collars beautiful designs. All on sale tomorrow.
PRICES RIGHT.

Free. Free.

Hot Cocoa and Chocolate Served Free to all Ladies from This date until further notice. Try it.

SOMETHING
Is going to happen here Thursday. Watch this paper tomorrow night. Watch.

Panton & White

DEFENSES

Senator Squire, of Oregon, Thinks We Are Exposed to Attack.

Navy is Too Small and Weak and Should Be Enlarged.

Perilous Condition of Sea Coast Cities in Event of Attack.

Washington, April 14.—Senator Squire delivered his announced speech in favor of an $80,000,000 appropriation for national defenses. It was a forceful argument, and commanded much attention. He said in part:

"What an absurd spectacle has the congress of the United States presented during the present session by its persistent talk in favor of the intervention by the United States in behalf of Cuba and Venezuela. How cheap is all this talk, sincere though it may be, on many occasions. Any man who has informed himself on the subject of national defenses knows that we are in no condition to undertake war or suffer war. We can talk loud and long and profess sympathy, pass resolutions and make believe to ourselves that we are actually taking a hand in the diplomatic affairs and international questions of great moment, but those who are not self-deceived by egotistical glamor, and who know the facts, are perfectly aware of the painful truth that this demonstration is mere talk and bluster and vapid sentiment, or at most, it is a sympathy that is easily satisfied with merely verbal expressions."

"The people," he continued, "did not know how shamefully their interests are being bandied and played with by those who represent them in the halls of congress. They do not know that the great sea coast cities, teeming with wealth, are exposed and defenseless against attack by foreign navies, with vessels far outnumbering ours in strength. They do not know that our navy itself may be hopelessly crippled by the destruction of our undefended navy yards, depots of supplies, dock yards, powder mills and arsenals."

The senator said all the evidence taken by the committee on coast defenses showed that the condition of our sea coast defenses is lamentible in the extreme. The defensive works are of a character incapable of resisting modern artillery. "The evidence is overwhelming that in case of war our whole people would suffer immeasurably. From such investigation as has been practicable, it is evident that a large amount of destructible property, estimated at not less than $10,000,000,000 in value, is open to attack, or at least to heavy assessment for the purpose of securing immunity from destruction. The president of the chamber of commerce of New York has informed me that he has given careful attention to the question of properties that would at present be sacrificed in the cities of New York, Brooklyn and Jersey City. He has consulted with many of his colleagues in the great business institutions of New York, and estimates that property valued at $4,000,000,000 is subject to destruction, or to the imposition of ransom, in capture of the port of New York by a hostile fleet."

The senator gave a comparison of our navy with that of England, and presented a statement of all steel vessels in the American navy, including those authorized by law; also some data as to the naval fighting strength of the various nations. He then said: "This summary is believed to be the most favorable to the United States that can be made from the record, and still it showed this country to be far behind the great nations of the world in naval strength. Moreover, it leaves out of sight our deficiency in torpedo boats and torpedo boat destroyers, of which latter we have today one small vessel in commission, while Great Britain has 131, Germany 116, France 106, Italy 106, Russia 78 and even Spain has 17 torpedo vessels all in the list I have given being 115 feet in length and over. Sixty-two of the British vessels are torpedo boat destroyers, having superior tonnage and speed."

The senator argued that the suggestion to defend our coasts and seaport cities by fleets is impracticable, for it will, he said, require expenditures running up into several hundred million dollars to do the work effectively. The navy is designed for aggressive operations. To return its mobility and its power to make offensive return it should not be fettered to our great cities for the purpose of protecting them. If the policy of building up the navy is to be continued at the expense of having defenseless shores when the time comes when a change of policy must be made, there is no doubt that the money expended for coast defenses will bring a better return in protecting our country than the same amount of money appropriated for ships.

Senator Squire then argued that at a glance at the historical development of our coast defense will show that the question now under consideration does not indicate a new departure, but is a logical step in continuation of the settled policy of this government since its foundation. He referred to the sea coast defenses of European powers and to reports from time to time that England is increasing her fortifications and heavy armament in Canada on both Atlantic and Pacific coasts, and in this connection said: "So it is, we are encircled as a nation with a chain of foreign fortresses and coaling stations impervious to attack, while our rich sea coast cities and ports, commencing at Portland, Me., near to fortified Halifax, in Canada, continuing down the coast, Portsmouth, New Bedford, Providence and Narragansett bay, to New London, New Haven and Bridgeport, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Wilmington, Norfolk, Wilmington, N. C.; Charleston, Port Royal, Savannah, Pensacola, Key West, Mobile, New Orleans and Galveston, within a few hours rapid steaming from the foreign fortified ports of Bermuda, Nassau, Havana and Kingston, and again on the Pacific coast, San Diego, San Francisco, Portland, Ore., and Puget Sound, with its United States dry dock coaling places and cities, some of them within sound of British cannon at Esquimault, all lay dominated, exposed and helpless against the attack of any foreign power that possesses a navy.

"Fabulous wealth lies at the mercy of a free booting enemy, if such shall at any time elude our small and scattered navy. Our foreign commerce and our coasting trade are alike without harbors of refuge behind land defenses. Our great dry docks and shipbuilding yards, our farms, factories and powder mills, near the coast, are subject to easy destruction, and our own navy is without protected bases for receiving supplies and for effecting the repairs that are constantly required. And yet, we plume ourselves on our diplomacy."

In closing, the senator expressed the hope that the bill providing for the expenditure of $80,000,000 for sea coast defenses would be adopted without modification.

THE HOTEL MEN.

Having a Big Time on the Pacific Coast.

Los Angeles, Cal., April 14.—It was nearly day light this morning before the last of the special trains bearing the delegates to the seventeenth annual convention of the Hotel Men's Mutual Benefit association reached Los Angeles. They were due here six hours earlier, but the snow storm in Arizona delayed them.

A royal welcome was extended to the 400 excursionists and the ride from Barstow to this city was exceedingly pleasant after the tedious journey through the mountains and desert. The program for today began with the opening of the convention at 10 a. m. In the afternoon a carriage drive was taken through the city and at 6 o'clock the delegates will go to Santa Monica, where a ball will round out the day's pleasure.

BREADSTUFF'S MOVEMENT.

Exports For March Show an Increase.

Washington, April 14.—A statement prepared by Worthington C. Ford, chief of the bureau of statistics, shows that the exports of breadstuffs during March were $10,096,557 against $8,716,411 in March 1895; of cotton, $19,006,570 against $15,271,926 a year ago; of mineral oils, $4,359,244 against $3,036,766 a year ago, and of provisions, $12,823,749 as compared with $13,259,780. For nine months ending March 31, 1896, except cotton, which statistics are for only seven months, the comparison with the same period ended March 1, 1895, is as follows: Breadstuffs 1896, $102,668,649; 1895, $79,995,894; cotton 1896, $160,119,086; 1895, $166,879,280; mineral oils 1896, $45,563,750; 1895, $31,554,308; provisions 1896, $120,034,883; 1895, $123,827,828.

MISSOURI'S CAPITAL.

Preparations Made to Remove it to Sedalia.

Jefferson City, Mo., April 14.—John R. Bothwell, J. C. Van Nipper, P. C. Stratton, J. B. Quigley and others from Sedalia, presented yesterday a bond signed by the American Surety company, of New York, for the carrying out of the provision of the constitutional amendment removing the capital from Jefferson City to Sedalia.

A. M. Hough, of Jefferson City, asked the governor to withhold his official action until such time as they could file objections to the bond. The governor set the date for acceptance or rejection for next Monday at 10 o'clock.

Baco-Curo The only scientific cure for the Tobacco habit.

Baco-Curo Cures when all other remedies fail. (Write for proofs).

Baco-Curo Does not depend on the will power of the user. It is the Cure. Vegetable and harmless.

Baco-Curo Directions are clear: "*Use all the Tobacco you want* until Baco-Curo notifies you to stop."

Baco-Curo Is the *Original Written Guarantee* Remedy that refunds your money if it fails to cure.

Baco-Curo Does the Curing. Its Competitors do the Blowing.

Investigate **Baco-Curo** before you buy any remedy for the Tobacco Habit.

The U. S. Courts have just decided that

BACO-CURO

Is what it Pretends to be

A CURE

WHICH DO YOU WANT? A CURE OR A SUBSTITUTE?

One box $1.00; three boxes (and guaranteed cure) $2.50, at all druggists, or sent direct on receipt of price. Write for free booklet and proofs. EUREKA CHEMICAL & MFG. CO., LaCrosse, Wis.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best Salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Duluth Drug company.

DISMAL

McBride Says the Coal Business is Going to Destruction.

Cheap Coal and Cheap Mining Has Hurt Miners' Organizations.

Things Look Gloomy For the United Mine Workers of America.

Columbus, O., April 14.—In the report today of Secretary-Treasurer Patrick McBride to the United Mine Workers of America he says the coal trade was better prior to 1890, when this association was formed, than it is now. The value of coal on board the cars at the mines for 1896 was $110,420,851, and for 1894 the value was $1,768,350 less than in 1890, although the product was greater by 7,500,390 tons.

This condition, so detrimental to both miner and operator, was caused, he said, by the cursed system of the survival of the fittest. Prior to 1890, Central Pennsylvania was represented in the National Mine Workers. Now they are not here. The two Virginias and their cheap coal had much to do with effecting the changed conditions. Formerly all their coal went to the Atlantic seaboard. Today there is more West Virginia coal in Chicago than Ohio coal, though the former has to pass through Ohio en route to Chicago. The financial condition of the association shows a debt of about $3000, with about $1100 on hand. Mr. McBride said he expected to see the debt of about $1900 wiped out before the convention adjourned.

Mr. McBride and President Penna, in their respective reports, touching the difficulties they encountered in trying to get Pittsburg to agree to conditions favorable for increased mining at better prices in Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, sought to show that they ought not to be censured for failure. Conditions were against them. They had, they said, accomplished all that men could do under the circumstances.

DOGS IN PHILADELPHIA.

Annual Kennel Club Show is a Success.

Philadelphia, April 14.—The annual dog show of the Philadelphia Kennel club opened today with every promise of success. Some of the most famous prize winners in the country are on exhibition, and the competition for the prizes is keen. In the Bernards, of the twenty-seven entries, twelve are rough coats. Among these is the great Leeds Barry, winner of first prize in the open stakes at the last New York show, in a class of twenty-seven. In the challenge class for smooth coats are Scottish Leader and Melrose King. In great Danes, there is Maj. McKinley I. At Chicago his neighbor, Osceola Neversell, won first place, and the major got only reserve.

The dog that probably attracts the most attention is the Russian wolf hound, in which class there are several entries. In the challenge class are Champion Argo and Champion Princess Irma, winners of first and second prizes at New York. For Gordon setters there is a fine entry of the kennels of Dr. C. Dixon, Highland Yota and Highland Boy, of Milwaukee, and Wanglvanhoe, of Dr. Shafer's kennels, St. Louis. Spaniels include some of the best dogs owned in America, notably Mariola Vitis, Scandal Toby, Sladder and Gossip and the best from the Rowland P. Kearney, Mepal Ethelred, Brookside, Belle Isle and Swiss Mountain kennels. Coolies have thirty-eight entries. In the division of poodles there are thirty entries, bull dogs thirty, and bull terriers thirty-four. Fox terriers in the two divisions have fifty-eight dogs.

HEARD FROM CLEVELAND.

But Canovas is Ill and Cannot Be Interviewed.

London, April 14.—A dispatch from Madrid to the Pall Mall Gazette, published this morning, says: "Senor Canovas Del Castillo (the Spanish premier) is ill and cannot be interviewed. His relatives, however, confirm the existence of a communication from President Cleveland. But in the present state of public feeling it will be impossible for the government to accept his offer.

"Matters are very complicated, and while the government will do everything in its power to avoid a quarrel with the United States, it will prefer to figh: rather than lose Cuba through foreign pressure. The coming cortes will grant Cuba every reasonable franchise to be enjoyed under the Spanish flag."

During the winter of 1893, F. M. Martin, of Long Reach, W. Va., contracted a severe cold which left him with a cough. In speaking of how he cured it he says: "I used several kinds of cough syrup, but found no relief until I bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, which relieved me almost instantly, and in a short time brought about a complete cure." When troubled with a cough or cold use this remedy and you will not find it necessary to try several kinds before you get relief. It has been in the market for over twenty years and constantly grown in favor and popularity. For sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle by all druggists.

Beecham's pills are for biliousness, bilious headache, dyspepsia, heartburn, torpid liver, dizziness, sick headache, bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, loss of appetite, sallow skin, etc., when caused by constipation; and constipation is the most frequent cause of all of them.

Go by the book. Price 10¢ and 25¢ a box. Book *free* at your druggist's or write B. F. Allen Co., 365 Canal Street, New York.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

The Mississippi river is very high and frequent jams of logs and ice take place. Some damage has been done at St. Cloud and more is feared.

At Milwaukee Thomas Wall, a prominent Oshkosh man, dropped dead in the Wisconsin Central office.

At New York last night Young Griffo, of Australia, was out-pointed, out-done and out-classed by Charlie McKeever, of Philadelphia, who was the lighter man of the two, in a 20-round match.

Schaefer defeated Gardner at billiards in Boston last night by a score of 300 to 222.

Harry Wright's day was generally observed by old time baseball players all over the country yesterday and the monument fund received considerable money as a result.

The warship Monterey and a Swedish vessel collided in Puget sound yesterday. Both boats were damaged slightly.

Mayor Strong, of New York, has decided against the greater New York bill.

A report from Little Falls, Minn., says: High water from rains and melting snow has washed out several dams on the logging streams and the dams at the two flour mills on Swan river and Two rivers have gone out. The Mississippi is not unusually high but small streams contain more water than for years.

The last of the bodies of the St. Lawrence mine explosion victims at Butte were taken out today after some of the rescuers had very narrow escapes from the caving earth. None of the bodies were badly mutilated except that of Con Lowney. The latter has been shipped to Hancock, Mich., and that of John Quinlan to Ishpeming. The others will be buried in Butte by the miners union.

Sir John Schultz, ex-lieutenant governor of Manitoba, died yesterday at Monterey, Mexico, where he had gone in search of renewed health. Deceased was born at Amherstburg, Ont., in 1840 and was one of the fathers of Canadian confederation in the West.

Mexican Indians killed all the town officials in Juquela yesterday and Mexican troops are in pursuit of the miscreants.

M. A. Hanna says he never received any invitation to attend an A. P. A. conference in Washington and therefore could not have refused it.

Five men were fatally injured by an explosion of fire damp in the Woodward mine near Wilkesbarre, Pa., last night.

At St. Joseph, Mich., the fishing boat Olive E was blown into the lake by the south gale yesterday. She left port early in the morning before the wind rose to a gale. Her crew consists of four men. She is a sail boat but has a small steam plant. When last seen she was several miles out in the lake and drifting northward apparently unable to make headway against the gale.

Last night from the stage of the Chicago Opera house James J. Corbett announced that the National Sporting club, of London, had offered a purse of $10,000 for a fight between himself and Fitzsimmons. "Fitzsimmons is going abroad May 2," said Corbett, "and I close my season the second week in May. I intend to take the first boat I can get for England and hope to bring Fitzsimmons to an agreement to fight."

Charles Lewis, who staged "Valentine's Christmas," which Sol Smith Russell uses as a curtain raiser, committed suicide at Danville, Ill., yesterday by shooting himself.

Miss Mary Linnet, of Chicago, shot and killed Miss Trowbridge, a well-known young lady at Elgin, Ill., yesterday, and then killed herself. She was crazy.

SKINNY SUFFERER SAVED.

What Do You Think Makes Strong Men Weak?

Experience of a Prominent North Dakota Politician Who Gained 40 Pounds in a Few Weeks.

Every man likes to be strong.

Why shouldn't you be?

Are you a tobacco user?

Of course you know that tobacco users, as a rule, are away below normal weight, because tobacco destroys digestion and sets certain nerves on fire. That wears on the brain, saps its power and you gradually become impotent. It is called "lost manhood." You never get weak this way when you gain flesh like our friend Williams. Read what he says:

ONE BOX DID IT.

Sykeston, Wells Co., N. D. July 25.

Gentlemen: One box of No-To-Bac cured me of the tobacco habit, both smoking and chewing, after having used the weed for nearly forty years. My health is much better, nerves strong and steady, and I have gained over forty pounds in flesh. I have recommended No-To-Bac to some of my friends, all of whom have been cured. I firmly believe that No-To-Bac will do for others what it has done for me. I heartily recommend it to all those who have become slaves to the use of tobacco and desire to be emancipated.

W. A. WILLIAMS, County Auditor.

Now don't you think No-To-Bac worth a trial, especially when you buy from your own druggist under an absolute guarantee of cure? Get our booklet, "Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away," written guarantee of cure and free sample, mailed for the asking. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

AN APPELLATE DECISION.

St. Louis, April 14.—Judge Sanborn, in the United States appellate court, has handed down a decision in the case of the Old National bank of Grand Rapids, Mich., and the Southern National bank of New York, appellants, vs. S. R. Cockrill, receiver of the First National bank of Little Rock, Ark., reversing the judgment of the lower court with instructions that out of the fund raised by the sale of the property in question, the receiver of the First National bank be allowed $1129 for expenses and taxes and the remainder be distributed between the receiver, the Southern National bank and the Old National bank. The controversy arose over the distribution of the proceeds of some cotton mills in Little Rock.

A ST. LOUIS AMENDMENT.

St. Louis, April 14.—At a meeting of the Merchants' exchange, section 2 of rule 8 of bylaws was amended. The section was as follows: On and after June, 1895, on sales of No. 2 red winter wheat for future delivery, the tender of No. 2 hard winter wheat, in whole or in part, shall be deemed sufficient." For some time red wheat has been at 74, and hard at 62, and the commission men claimed their business was paralyzed by the law, and got up a petition for its repeal. The milling men, it is said, opposed the repeal.

See the Gordon hat! Don't buy unless you want to. You'll want to.

BANKER KUPP CAPTURED.

San Diego, Cal., April 14.—John Kupp, a banker of La Crosse, Wis., charged with feloniously receiving money, was captured last night by Chief Brenning, acting with Sheriff Gunderson, of La Crosse. The sheriff started for Wisconsin at once with his prisoner. Kupp's family is here.

SATOLLI LEAVES ST. LOUIS.

St. Louis, April 14.—Cardinal Satolli left for Washington last night. The cardinal was much pleased with the plan of his entertainment while here.

FOR INDIGESTION.

TAKE HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE.

Dr. A. R. Boyd, Aberdeen, S. D., says: "I have used and recommended it in cases of nervous debility, indigestion and for strengthening the brain."

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea --the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." CARLOS MARTYN, D. D., New York City.

Castoria.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results." EDWIN F. PARDEE, M. D., 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY

Results of treatment.

DR. RODRIQUEZ SPANISH TREATMENT. A Positive Written Guaranteed Cure for LOST MANHOOD and all attendant ills, both of young and middle-aged men and women. The awful effects of YOUTHFUL ERRORS, shrunken or undeveloped organs, weakness, Nervous Debility, Nightly Emissions, Consumption, Insanity, Exhausting drains and loss of power of the Generative Organs, unfitting one for study, business and marriage, is quickly cured by Dr. Rodriguez Spanish Nerve Gralne. They not only cure by starting at the seat of disease, but are a great NERVE TONIC and BLOOD BUILDER, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks, and restoring the FIRE OF YOUTH to the patient. By mail, $1.00 per box or 6 for $5 with written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book free. Spanish Nerve Grain Co., Box 2259, New York.

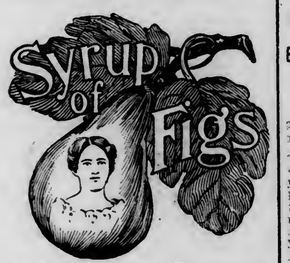
Cut Flowers!

Chicago Flooded With Them.

We took advantage of the overflow and bought 10,000 Roses and Carnations today. They will be on sale tomorrow forenoon at 11 o'clock.

Roses- 19c per doz. | **Carnations- 12½c per doz.**

PANTON & WHITE, Glass Block Store.



Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of thirteen hundred and two and 28-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Margrie A. Blake and Edgar Brown, mortgagors, to H. Lorenz & Co., mortgagees, bearing date the 1st day of March, 1895, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 17th day of April, 1895, at 3:30 o'clock p. m. in Book 91 of mortgages, on page 563.

Which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said H. Lorenz & Co., mortgagees, to the National Bank of Illinois, by written assignment dated the 18th day of March, 1896, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds, on the 20th day of March, 1896, at 4:40 o'clock p. m., in Book 107 of mortgages, on page 396; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northeast quarter of the northwest quarter (ne¼ of nw¼) of section six (6), township fifty (50) north, range fourteen (14) west, containing forty (40) acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 9th day of May, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of thirteen hundred two and 28-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 24th, A. D. 1896.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF ILLINOIS, Assignee of Mortgagees.

WILLIAM C. WHITE, Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagees, Offices 706-8 Torrey Building, Duluth, Minnesota.

Duluth Evening Herald, March-24-31-A-7-14-21-28-M-5.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of seven hundred thirty-six and 40-100 dollars ($736.40) which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by James Sullivan, as mortgagor, to John C. Hunter and Clinton Markell, as mortgagees, bearing date the 19th day of August, 1890, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of September, 1890, at 1:00 o'clock p. m. in Book 28 of mortgages, on page 546; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot number eight (8), in block twelve (12), in Hunter & Markell's Grassy Point Addition to Duluth, acording to the recorded plat thereof on file in the office of the register of deeds in and for said St. Louis County, said lots being situated in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 6th day of May, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $736.40 and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 24th, 1896.

JOHN C. HUNTER, CLINTON MARKELL, Mortgagees.

BERT FESLER, Attorney for Mortgagees, Hunter Block, Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, March-24-31-A-7-14-21-28.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of one hundred sixty dollars and fifty cents, interest which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Herman Haertel, unmarried, mortgagor, to Anna P. Hillebrand, mortgagee, bearing date the 17th day of April, 1894, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 17th day of May, 1894, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book XI of mortgages, on page 513.

And whereas said default is a default in one of the conditions of said mortgage, it has become optional with the holder of the said mortgage and the notes secured thereby, by the terms thereof, to declare the whole debt secured by said mortgage to be immediately due and payable, in the exercise of which option the whole debt secured by said mortgage is hereby declared and claimed to be due, and is due, owing and unpaid, amounting at the date of this notice to the sum of one thousand six hundred and ten (1610) dollars and fifty (50) cents.

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said premises will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lots numbered five (5) and six (6), in block numbered thirteen (13), in Harrington's Addition to Oneota, according to the recorded plat thereof on file or of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 28th day of April, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of one thousand six hundred and ten and 50-100 dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and seventy-five (75) dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 16th, A. D. 1896.

ANNA P. HILLEBRAND, Mortgagee.

FRED W. HARGREAVES, Attorney for said Mortgagee, 5 Mesaba Block, Duluth, Minn.

March-17-24-31-April-7-14-21-28.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

E. C. Bodman, plaintiff, vs. Andrew P. Wilson, Bertha Wilson, Theophilus Nauffts, June B. Noyes, Bernard Lemke, Schiller-Hubbard Co., a corporation, the Board of County Commissioners, of the County of St. Louis, Minnesota, Frederick H. Sigrist, as assignee of Andrew P. Dodge and Susan C. Freeman, co-partners as Dodge & Freeman, insolvents, defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 6th day of April, 1896, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, as sheriff of St. Louis County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, on Thursday, the twenty-first (21st) day of May, 1896, at ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due thereon, with expenses of sale, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All of lot numbered twelve (12), and the westerly twenty feet (w. 20 ft.) of lot numbered eleven (11), all in block numbered twenty-two (22), Endion Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof.

Dated April 7, 1896.

W. W. BUTCHART, As Sheriff of St. Louis County, Minn. By AMOS SHEPHARD, Deputy.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN, Attorney for Plaintiff. Duluth Evening Herald, April-7-14-21-28-May-5-12.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of fourteen hundred seven and 78-100 dollars ($1407.79) which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Carrie Nelson, as mortgagor, to John C. Hunter and Clinton Markell, as mortgagees, bearing date the 9th day of September, 1890, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 21st day of October, 1890, at 8 o'clock a. m., in Book 70 of mortgages, on page 43; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot numbered eight (8) and nine (9), in block numbered seventeen (17), in Hunter & Markell's Grassy Point Addition to Duluth, according to the plat thereof of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said St. Louis County, said lots being situated in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 6th day of May, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $1407.79 and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 24th, 1896.

JOHN C. HUNTER, CLINTON MARKELL, Mortgagees.

BERT FESLER, Attorney for Mortgagees, Hunter Block, Duluth, Minn. Duluth Evening Herald, March-24-31-A-7-14-21-28.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of three thousand five hundred and fifty-two and 66-100 dollars ($3552.66) principal and interest, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Philip M. Graff (widower), mortgagor to Maria A. Bailey, mortgagee, bearing date the 14th day of November, A. D. 1891, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota on the 17th day of November, A. D. 1891, at 8 o'clock a. m., in Book 71 of mortgages at page 564, and whereas no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises therein described and covered by said mortgage, viz: All those tracts or parcels of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lots five (5) and six (6), in block forty-seven (47), Portland Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and the said premises together with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto pertaining will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest and the sum of one hundred and twenty-five and 74-100 dollars ($125.74) assessments, which assessments have been paid at the date of this notice by said Maria A. Bailey, the undersigned mortgagee, and fifty ($50.00) dollars attorneys' fees as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state on Saturday, the 18th day of April, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 3rd, 1896.

MARIA A. BAILEY, Mortgagee.

STEARNS, WATROUS & STEARNS, Attorneys for Mortgagee, 206-208 First National Bank Building, Duluth, Minnesota. March-3-10-17-24-31-April-7—14.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of eight hundred sixty-eight and 33-100 dollars ($868.33) which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Timothy G. Vaughan, as mortgagor, to John C. Hunter and Clinton Markell, as mortgagees, bearing date the 18th day of August, 1890, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 4th day of October, 1890, at 2:30 o'clock p. m. in Book 71 of mortgages, on page 92; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot number eighteen (18), in block eight (8), in Hunter & Markell's Grassy Point Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file in the office of the register of deeds for said St. Louis County, said lots being situated in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 6th day of May, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $868.33 and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 24th, 1896.

JOHN C. HUNTER, CLINTON MARKELL, Mortgagees.

BERT FESLER, Attorney for Mortgagees, Hunter Block, Duluth, Minn. Duluth Evening Herald, March-24-31-A-7-14-21-28.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, March 31, 1896.

In the matter of the estate of William R. Brodie, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of John Sullivan, administrator of the estate of William R. Brodie, deceased, representing among other things that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered that said

The Mammoth One-Fourth Off Removal Sale going on at the popular ONE CENT STORE, 209 West Superior St., Duluth's Great Bargain Center.

WEST END

Social Excitement of Last Week Has Subsided and Quietness Prevails.

The Epworth League Entertainment Last Evening Was Well Attended.

Militiamen Have Received a New Lot of Fine Uniforms.

From a social standpoint West Duluth promises to be very dull this week. After the Lenten season everyone seemed very anxious to have a good time, and the result was a ball every evening last week, but now the enthusiasm has subsided. The Epworth league entertainment last evening was well attended and all who were present thoroughly enjoyed the exercises. The regular program was not followed on account of the absence of some who were to take part. The next regular entertainment will be given in two weeks, and a debate will be arranged as one of the features of the exercises between members of the Duluth high school residing in West Duluth. The Epworth league will meet this evening for the purpose of arranging a social to be given in the near future.

Dancing is the popular fad in West Duluth and the dancing school is well attended every session. Professor Collins started a juvenile dancing class. The professor has a large class, as the West Duluth youths are anxious to learn. The people of Proctorknott are anxious to have an adult dancing class organized, and an effort will be made to secure Professor Collins as instructor.

THE MILITIA BOYS.

The militia boys of West Duluth have finally had their wishes satisfied about new uniforms, and now are the happy possessors of fifty new uniforms, and it is safe to say the boys' appearance will do credit to this end of the city. The morning paper published the old story of the boys trying to secure better quarters. About six months ago The Herald published an account of the poor quarters of Company H, and the boys have been trying to work the aldermen from this end of the city to have the quarters of the company changed, but as yet have been unsuccessful.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

West Duluth is remarkably healthy at present. There are very few cases of typhoid fever, and the doctors say no new cases are developing.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Dunham, of Cameron, Wis., are visiting their daughter, Mrs. I. T. Burnside.

Born—A boy to Mr. and Mrs. James Lemieux, residing on Sixty-second avenue west.

Ben Habberstad, who has been absent from West Duluth for over a year, has accepted a position with Gottwald & Hanni and will reside here in the future.

E. W. Mosher, of the firm of Mosher & Knittle, is on the road as salesman for the Sprague-Warren Grocery company, of Chicago.

A baseball team has been organized at Proctorknott for the sesaon of 1896.

Wall paper at S. J. Nygren's.

CHEAP DRAYING.

Furniture, Piano, Trunks and Safe Moving.

All kinds of heavy draying done on short notice. Our prices are reasonable and satisfaction guaranteed. Great Northern Fuel and Transfer company, 210 Superior street west.

George W. Strayer, agent.

Telephone 601.

I suffered terribly from roaring in my head during an attack of catarrh, and because very deaf, used Ely's Cream Balm and in three weeks could hear as well as ever.—A. E. Newman, Grayling, Mich.

CATARRH.

ELY'S CREAM BALM opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores, Protects the Membrane from Colds, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. The Balm is quickly absorbed and gives relief at once.

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren street, New York.

FIGHT TO A FINISH.

Minnesota Iron Company Will Test a State Law.

Edwin Ball, agent and general manager of the Minnesota Iron company, at Soudan, appeared in the municipal court this afternoon for arraignment on the charge of violating the state law by discharging an employe for belonging to a labor organization. He came down on the Duluth & Iron Range train in charge of Deputy Sheriff W. N. Shephard, who made the arrest.

Mr. Ball was accompanied by Attorney Hollister, who appeared for him. Assistant County Attorney McPherrin appearing for the state. The defendant waived the reading of the complaint and entered a plea of not guilty. The defense was ready for trial at once, but, on request of the prosecution, the case was set for Friday next, the defendant depositing $25 bail for his appearance at that time.

Mr. Ball had not much to say, except that the company is determined to ascertain whether or not it can manage its own affairs. Mr. Hollister, by way of conveying the idea that it is to be a fight to a finish, remarked that it was not to be expected that the company would quit in the first round. When Mr. Ball was asked concerning the notice which he is claimed to have caused to be posted at the mine, warning men not to join labor unions, he looked at his attorney, who came to the rescue with the remark that the notice referred to an entirely different matter.

It is said that this is the first case of the kind that has arisen in this state.

Noted Bass Singer.

Ch. Trautvetter is endeavoring to secure Edward Kuss, a famous basso, to give a concert in Duluth. He is an old friend of Mr. Trautvetter, and has a great reputation. He has sung in all of the great European cities, and has been connected with several prominent grand opera companies in the old country. He has also acquired great fame in oratorio work. When "The Creation" was produced at Rockford, Ill., he sang the bass part, and one of the papers there said: "The singing of Edward Kuss was a revelation to Rockford people of the possibilities of the oratorio, and his refined and highly artistic rendition of the recitatives and airs is without exception the finest work of the kind done in the city in recent years."

The Answer Filed.

The answer of E. M. Fowler and others in the case of William F. Vandervoort vs. E. M. Fowler et al has been filed in the United States court. This is the suit over the Adams mine property. The defendants allege that Vandervoort transferred his title to Morris Thomas, and that through him it descended to themselves. They also ask that in the event of the title being declared to be in the plaintiff, he be required to pay the value of the improvements made on the land, which are alleged to amount to $300,000.

The Municipal Court.

Mercy tempered the justice that was dealt out to the delinquents who appeared in the municipal court today. There were three cases of plain drunks. The accused all pleaded guilty and were allowed to go with the admonition to do so no more. They were Levi Huntly, Walter Whittle and K. H. Dennette. M. T. Martell and J. W. Smith, who were found sleeping in box cars, were also allowed to go with sentences suspended.

The Author Now Dead.

The Associated Press brought the news today of the suicide of Charles E. Lewis, at Danville, Ill. He is the man who arranged the one-act play, entitled "Mr. Valentine's Christmas," which Sol Smith Russell will produce this evening. His death was due to despondency. Mr. Russell received a letter from him a few days ago, and it was written in a despondent vein. Mr. Russell says he was a bright young man, and he heard of his death with great regret.

BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

The following births have been reported to the health department: A daughter to John and Annie Furrie, of 2406 West First street; a son to Simon and Annie Johnson, of 513 Second avenue west; a son to James J. and Eugenie Daley, of 229 West Fifth street; a daughter to Steinz and Julia Weskowski, of 518 East Eleventh street; a daughter to Walter and Sidney Murray, of 806 Lake avenue south; a son to Jacob and Emma Sandberg, of 2008 West Fourth street; a daughter to John and Clara M. Brown, of Nineteenth avenue west and Superior street.

The death of Elizabeth R. Anderson, of West Duluth, of uraemi, has been reported.

A SUBJECT OF SINCERE CONGRATULATION

Is the non-possession of an actively sensitive nervous system. There are hosts of people who, although free from any positive nervous disease, are set, so to speak, upon "tenter hooks" by slight noises or an unexpected occurrence of the smallest moment. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is of inexpressible benefit to the nervous. Taken before bedtime it insures tranquil, healthgiving slumber, and used between meals it restores that sound digestion usually denied to nervous invalids. It is also eminently beneficial to sufferers from rheumatism, malaria, debility, constipation and kidney troubles. Persons falling off in the matter of appetite, flesh and the ability to sleep soundly should resort at once to this superb nervine, alterative and tonic. For nearly half a century it has been a leading medicine, and has received the highest tributes from the medical profession. Use it and be convinced.

Chew National Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

DECLINED

The Wheat Market Opened Strong and Declined Near the Close.

Liverpool Reported an Advance and a Good Consumptive Demand.

Weather Clear in North Dakota and Seeders at Work Again.

Wheat was not very active today. Business was about equally divided between May and July. The market ruled a little higher during the morning but weakened during the noon hour and closed at the low point. The opening strength was largely the result of a sentimental feeling, such as is frequently observed in expressions of opinion concerning the probable crops from Kansas, without those uttering them being able to advance a satisfactory reason for the faith that is in them. A private cablegram from Liverpool quoting ½d advance and a good consumptive demand tended to inspire some of the traders, the word "consumptive" in the dispatch having a world of possibilities attached to it in their minds. The weather was ideal for the furthering of the plant growth throughout the winter wheat belt, but dispatches from the country kept dropping in, as they had on the day before, complaining of damage already done which no improvement could help. Fargo and Grand Forks reported the weather clear and fine and that seeders have gone to work again.

May opened here 4c up at 64½c and, after dropping to 64c, advanced to the split 64⅜@⅝c. Then it ruled steady to noon, after which it dropped to 63⅝c. July opened at 65⅝c, declined to 63⅜c, advanced to 65⅛c and sold down to 64⅞c. The shippers bought 75,000 bus at 5c under May, and the mills paid ⅛c under May for 10,000 bus to arrive. The close was ⅜c lower all round than yesterday. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 64½c; April, 64⅜c; May, 65⅜c. No. 1 northern, cash, 62⅝c; April, 62⅝c; May, 63⅝c; Jun, 64½c; July, 64⅞c. No. 2 northern, cash, 59½@60⅝c; May, 61c. No. 3, 58½@59½c. Rejected, 55½@59½c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 64⅜c; No. 1 northern, 62⅝c. Rye, 36c. No. 2 oats, 18½c. No. 3 oats, 18c. Flax, 88c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 165; oats, 8; rye, 2; barley, 20; flax, 15. Receipts—Wheat, 82,405 bus; corn, 635 bus; oats, 2440 bus; barley, 4540 bus; flax, 448 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 3853 bus; oats, 3178 bus.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, April 14.—Money on call easy at 2½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 5½@6½ per cent. Sterling exchange heavy with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.85½@4.85¾ for demand and $4.83¾@4.83⅞ for sixty days. Posted rates $4.86@4.89 and $4.89@4.90. Commercial bills $4.86¾. Silver certificates 60@61½; no sales. Bar silver 67¾. Mexican dollars 58¾. Government bonds steady. New is registered, $1.17; coupon $1.17; 5s registered, $1.13½; coupon $1.13½; 4s registered, $1.03½; coupon, $1.03; 2s registered, 95; Pacific 6s of '95, $1.03.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, April 14.—Wheat, April, 74¾c; May, 75¾c. Corn, May, 36⅞c bid. Oats, May, 24½c.

FLOUR STATEMENT.

Following is the flour statement for the head of the lakes for the week ended April 11, 1896:

	Bbls.
Production by local mills	24,920
Receipts by rail	25,300
Exports	3,960
Total shipments	35,305
Stocks in store	239,315

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, April 14.—Wheat, May, 64⅝@65c; June, 65¼c. Corn, April, 25⅝c; May, 30⅜c; July, 31⅛c; September, 32⅝c. Oats, April, 15c; May, 19⅜c; July, 20¼c; September, 20⅝c. Pork, April, $8.55; May, $8.60; July, $8.80; September, $9.00. Lard, April, $4.85; May, $4.97½@5.00; July, $5.12; September, $5.27. Ribs, April, $4.35; May, $4.37½; July, $4.52. Whisky on the basis of $1.22 for high wines. Cash: Wheat, No. 3 red, 62c; No. 2 spring, 65½c; No. 3 spring, 62c; No. 2 hard winter, 65½c; No. 3 hard winter, 61@63c; No. 1 northern spring, 65½c. Cash: Corn, No. 2, 28½c. Cash: Oats, No. 2, 19½c. Flax, cash, 92c; May, 89½@90c; September, 92½@93¼c. Timothy, cash, $2.25; April, $2.25; September, $3.25. Rye, cash, 37c; May, 37½c; July, 39½c; August, 38c. Barley, cash, nothing doing.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 207 Board of Trade, Chicago, April 14.—The see-saw market in wheat continues. The home influences are favorable for higher prices, but foreign markets do not support us and outside as well as local traders seem willing to take quick profits. The selling of the past two days by the supposed manipulators has been the heaviest on the breaks and they have surely been the best buyers on the bulges. There was some covering early by local shorts while on the decline there were heavy sales by leading pit traders and also by outside bears who covered wheat on the recent break and put it out again today. The Southwest sent selling orders, and crop reports generally quoted better conditions since recent rains, though one point in Central Illinois reported great damage from chinch bugs. We look for a good scalping market and advise purchases on good breaks, but think the short interest too small and outsiders too disinterested for any marked upturn at present.

Corn and oats very dull but inclined to follow wheat.

Provisions generally weaker. Lard and ribs were freely sold by packers and longs, while pork was comparatively steady.

Puts, May wheat, 64½c.
Calls, May wheat, 65⅝c.
Curb, May wheat, 64⅞c bid.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾
Atchison	16¾	16¾	16¾	16¾
Sugar Trust	121¾	123	121¾	122¾
Canada Southern	50	50¾	50	50¾
C., B. & Q.	79	79⅝	78¾	79⅜
St. Paul	76½	76⅞	76	76⅛
Chicago Gas	69⅜	70⅜	69½	70
Del., Lack. & W.	153	153	153	153
General Electric	36⅜	36⅜	37⅜	37⅜
Erie	.....	.....	.....	.....
Reading	12½	13	12¾	12¾
Louis & Nash	50⅜	50⅜	50¼	50¼
Manhattan	111⅜	111⅜	111⅜	111⅜
Missouri Pacific	24⅞	25¼	24⅞	25⅛
New England	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chicago & N. W.	103⅜	104⅛	103⅜	104⅛
N. P. preferred	11½	11⅝	10⅝	10⅝
Rock Island	71⅜	72	71½	71⅝
Union Pacific	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
Western Union	83⅜	84⅛	83⅜	84⅛
C., C., C. & Indiana	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lake Shore	.....	.....	.....	.....

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

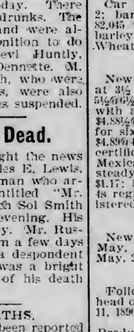
Minneapolis, April 14.—Wheat, weak: April, 61⅝c; May, 60⅝@⅞c; July, 62¼c; September, 62c. On track—No. 1 hard, 62⅝c; No. 1 northern, 61⅜c; No. 2 northern, 60⅝c. Receipts, 293 cars.

BELL ESTATE SALE.

Several Large Judgments Were Sold Today.

The Bell estate sale attracted considerable interest again today. A number of judgments were sold. One against the Forrestal Brothers for $23,666.10 was bought by Capt. Norris for $150. He also bought the A. J. Whiteman judgment of $26,786.88 for $45, and a judgment against Henry Clark for $636.42 for $2. S. B. Silberstein and Peterson bought a judgment against H. Perry Mills of $681.45 for $25 and one against C. E. Dewitt of $1013.89 for $25. A judgment against Frank Burke of $573.38 sold to W. T. Bailey for $10; one against J. W. Anderson for $3011.70 to N. J. Miller for $136; one against Morris Thomas for $112 to W. Grimmer for $24, and one against Dr. McCormick for $492.11 to W. W. Sanford for $21.

The sharpest bidding was over the Masonic Temple association judgment, amounting to $16,694.10. The first bid was $75 and the second $1000. The crowd gasped for an instant. It finally went to L. E. Judson for $2550. A second mortgage on 150 feet on West First street north of the Palladio building, securing a debt of O. W. Saunders for $17,555.64, was sold to F. D. Smith for $200. Yesterday afternoon 420 shares of Masonic Temple association stock sold for $1.25 for the whole lump.



How many young men and young women are cut off just when the future seems brightest and fullest of promise! They are taken away by the disease which causes over one-sixth of all the deaths in the world—the disease which doctors call consumption. There is absolutely no reason in the world why consumption should be fatal—why it should be even serious. It is a disease of the blood, and can be cured absolutely and always by purifying and enriching the blood. The only exception to this is the case where the disease has been neglected and improperly treated until it is stronger than the body—until the body has become so weak as to have lost the ability to recuperate. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will cure 98 per cent. of all cases of consumption if used according to directions. It also cures all lingering coughs, bronchial and throat affections.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

In District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of the assignment of Susman Cohen, insolvent:

Upon reading and filing the petition of Paul W. Reimer, assignee of the estate of Susman Cohen, insolvent; and it appearing to the court that all of the property belonging to said estate has been converted into money, that the time for filing releases in said matter has expired and that said assignee has filed his final report and account in said matter in the office of the clerk of said court.

It is hereby ordered that all persons interested appear before this court at a special term thereof to be held at the court house, in the city of Duluth, county and state aforesaid, on Saturday, the 9th day of May, A. D. 1896, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed and the said assignee and his bondsmen discharged.

It is hereby further ordered that a copy of this order be published once in each week for three successive weeks, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper published at Duluth, Minnesota, and that a copy of said order be served by mail upon the insolvent and all creditors entitled to participate in the distribution of said estate, at least twenty days before the time so named for such hearing.

Dated April 14th, 1896.

By the Court.
PAGE MORRIS,
Judge.

Duluth Evening Herald, April-14-21-28.

ONE CENT A WORD!

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—SITUATION TO DO LIGHT housework by young German girl. F 56, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AT ONCE BY an experienced stenographer and bookkeeper, owning good machine. Address F 61, Herald.

WANTED—WORK BY COMPETENT stenographer and bookkeeper; good reference; salary no object in order to get work at once. Address D. F., Herald.

FIRST CLASS DRESSMAKER, WHO has recently come from Chicago would like dressmaking by the day. Will guarantee best of work and furnish references. Inquire of Mr. Brown, at Panton & White's.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN OF 18, A situation in office; has a knowledge of bookkeeping; writes a good business hand. Best of references. G 41, Herald.

HAVE YOU ANY CARPET LAYING OR odd jobs. Address Carpet Layer, 431 First avenue west.

WANTED, BY YOUNG MAN OF 21, A position as collector or office or store work of any kind; or to drive delivery wagon. Address W. H. L., 525 West Superior street, city.

POSITION WANTED BY A YOUNG lady as stenographer or copyist. Address 325 East Superior street.

WANTED—WASHING BY THE DAY OR will take it home, or housecleaning. Send postal card or call at 419 East Fourth street, down stairs.

WOULD LIKE SEWING BY THE DAY or to take home. Call at 806 East Sixth street.

YOUNG LADY STENOGRAPHER wants position. Has had experience. References. Address E. D. 409 Twenty-fourth avenue west.

LADY WITH TEN YEARS' EXPERIence would like to do dressmaking by the day. Call at 415 East Fourth street, up stairs.

WANTED—HOUSECLEANING OR washing to do by day or week. Address 314 West Fourth street. Mrs. C. W. Carpenter.

WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, situation at any kind of laboring work; good references. Apply John Barrett, 121 Fourth avenue west.

WANTED—POSITION AS BOOKKEEPer by a young lady of experience; well acquainted in the city; can furnish good references. Address G 42, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS STENOGRAPher, typewriter or bookkeeper. Rapid penman. Good references. Salary no object in order to secure position at once. Address N. E., care Herald.

WANTED—BY TWO EXPERIENCED girls, dining room or chamber work. Inquire 412 Lake avenue.

WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED LADY, position as stenographer and typewriter. References. Address G 48, Herald.

PAPERHANGING WANTED BY GOOD workman. F 21, Evening Herald.

A COMPETENT DRESSMAKER would like work by the day. 421 First avenue west.

WANTED—HOUSE CLEANING OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 390 Lake avenue south.

THE READERS OF THE HERALD are patrons of your line of business. Place your advertisements here and secure their trade. You can get our lowest monthly rate by starting a business card this month.

FRATERNITIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 20, 1896. Work First degree. Ellsworth Benham, W. M., Edwin Mooers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 18, 1896. Work Third degree. F. W. Kugler, acting W. M., J. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Wednesday, April 15, 2:30 p. m. Past and M. E. degrees 7:30 p. m. Royal Arch degree. Banquet. All Royal Arch Masons especially invited. W. E. Covey, H. P., George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month 8:00 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday May 5, 1896. W. E. Richardson, E. C., Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in Brown hall, Brown block, 10 East Superior street. Nels Anderson, M. W.; J. H. Powers, recorder.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.—MRS. BANKS, midwife, 320 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cared for also.

WANTED—TO BUY.

HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR OLD clothing. The New York buyer is in town for a few days only. Get it ready and address G 80, Herald, and same will be called for promptly.

LOST.

LOST—ON FIFTH AVENUE, BEtween Second street and the Lyceum entrance, a pair of gold rimmed eyeglasses with chain and hook attached, marked A. E. M. Finder will please leave at Lyceum drug store and be suitably rewarded.

LOST—DARK BROWN WATER SPANiel dog. Will finder please return to 123 Sixth avenue west and secure reward.

ONE CENT A WORD

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—STEADY YOUNG LAD about 15 years old. 118 East Superior street.

WANTED—ONE GOOD HUSTLING canvasser. Salary and commission; steady employment; big money to a good worker. The Singer Manufacturing company, 614 West Superior street.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—A GIRL TO COOK AND DO general housework. Apply at 1131 East Second street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in small family. 504 East First street.

WANTED—AT ONCE, A COMPETENT girl for general housework. Mrs. A. H. Holgate, 127 East Third street.

WANTED—A GOOD EXPERIENCED girl for general housework. None but competent girls need apply. 219 Fourth avenue east.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 1128 East First street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in small family. 504 East Fourth street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR LIGHT HOUSEwork. Apply 722 East Fourth street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in small family. Must be good washer and ironer. Apply, forenoons, 720 West First street.

WANTED—AT ONCE, COMPETENT girl for general housework at 1515 East Superior street.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

LADIES CAN ALWAYS FIND GOOD girls and good girls can always find good places; also the best and cheapest hair goods, switches and chains at Mrs. M. C. Seibold's, 225 East Superior street.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

In District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Elizabeth James, Plaintiff,

vs.

Northwestern Loan & Investment Company, C. M. Bailey, Francis A. Smith, Evelyn F. Whitehouse, Alice H. Symonds, Charles Bryant, Walter H. Wing, H. M. Pickard, W. W. Bradstreet, Frank A. Small, Jull E. Briggs, Oliver W. Blake, E. G. Blake, James Andrews, D. W. Pettingill, George H. Andrews, Monmouth Academy Fund, George H. Andrews, treasurer, Willard G. Hopkins, A. C. Otis, Julia M. Folsom, Clinton Markell, C. M. Gray, H. M. Blake, O. B. Clason, H. E. Whitman, A. H. Bailey, L. O. Cobb, Eleanor W. Moody, George W. Heseltan, Andrew J. Williams, Ellen E. Vickey, George A. Pike, Harrison T. Clough, Viola E. Small, E. Winston Briggs, Henry Green, C. I. Bailey, E. A. Bailey, Mary T. Myrick, Addie R. Myrick, Alfred Hitchcock, Howard Owen, Henry Winslow, Rufus K. Blake, A. R. Crane, Helen A. C. Flint, George Bailey, James Williamson, Jr., N. R. Pike, Esther Pike, Louise H. Bradbury, W. P. Whitehouse, G. A. Robinson, Lizzie S. Robertson, Hellie M. Snell, Josiah Snell, Lizzie H. Wheeler, J. H. Lowell, L. Estelle Park, Mary B. Gould, W. P. Walsh, Ruel M. Dexter, B. F. Sleeper, W. W. Washburn, Eugene M. Bailey, W. H. Lowell, L. D. Cooke, George Sleeper, H. Ramsdell, Fred K. Blake, G. W. Cottle, Emery O. Bean, F. M. Fogler, Hattie P. Keyes, Eva O. Parks, Mary F. Park, Eldora E. Tibbetts, F. P. Keyes, Thomas H. White, John F. Peterson, George A. Ramsdell, Katie T. Richards, Oscor J. Morse, George O. Small, Earl H. Lyford, E. S. Lyford, George W. Wheeler, J. J. LeTourneau, Velzera P. Call, Charles A. Chase, Clara E. Langdell, Sarah E. Robinson, Charles A. Briggs, Henry Y. Dudley, Samantha S. Wood, Evinda A. Whittier, Mary A. McCullum, George W. Currier, Lester M. Andrews, Ellen Eastman, Charles E. Pike, George L. Pike, Sarah C. B. Ramsdell, Flora A. Brooks, Fred A. Waldron, Adelia R. Waldron, Linton E. Waldron, William L. Waldron, Mark Rollins, J. C. Atkins, David H. Elis, Lizzie McClough, Thomas A. Jewett, John Metcalf, Horatio Clark, Flora E. McCullough, Frank H. Roberts, Nydia H. LeTourneau, Eva J. Roberts, J. Ardine Blake, W. H. Parlin, Trustees Methodist Episcopal Church of Monmouth, Me., H. S. Blue, Defendants.

The state of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the clerk of the said district court, at the city of Duluth, in said county and state, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their offices in the Lonsdale building, in the city of Duluth, county and state aforesaid, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein.

Dated February 24th, 1896.

WASHBURN, LEWIS & JUDSON,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.
500-506 Lonsdale Building,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, April-14-21-28-May 5-12-19.

ONE CENT A WORD!

TO RENT—ROOMS.

TWO FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED rooms, light housekeeping, if desired, beautiful lake view; cheap if taken at once. 205 East Third.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS IN brick house. 521 West Second.

ROOMS AND BOARD—FIRST-CLASS location; central. 32 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS with bath. 129 West Fourth street.

FURNISHED ROOMS. 117 WEST SECond street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH all modern conveniences, about two blocks from Spalding house. 213 Fifth avenue west.

LARGE, LIGHT, WELL FURNISHED rooms with bath, furnace electric lights and piano. Not far up hill. Fine view. 720 West First street.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE hardwood floors. R. S. Powell, 640 First National bank.

FOR RENT—HOUSE, CORNER THIRD street and Second avenue west; from May 1. R. P. & J. B. Paine, room 4, 206 West Superior street.

FOR RENT CHEAP—SEVERAL DEsirable houses, all modern improvements. Apply 104 Providence building.

WE HAVE HOUSES TO RENT FROM $6 to $40 per month. Duluth Trust company, Trust company building.

FOR RENT—HOUSES AND FLATS IN Ashtabula terrace. Fred A. Lewis, Herald building.

TO RENT—FLATS.

NEW STEAM HEATED BRICK FLATS; all modern conveniences. 411, 414, E. Wieland, 438 Lake avenue south, tel. 452.

FEW VERY FINE FLATS—NONE BUT first-class tenants need apply. 205 Lyceum.

BUFFALO FLATS, NINTH AVENUE east and First street. Rents reduced. F. C. Dennett, 501 Palladio.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED ON DIAMONDS, jewelry and personal property of all kinds on short notice and easy terms. 439 Chamber of Commerce.

SHORT TIME LOANS ON CHATTEL or collateral security. 201 Palladio.

LOANS ON DIAMONDS, FURNITURE, etc. Commercial paper bought. Room 715 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, jewelry, etc. Standard Loan office, 324 West Superior street.

PERSONAL.

COMPOUND BATHS, LADIES ONLY. Miss Smith, over Suffel's, 129-131 West Superior street.

DO YOU READ THE WANT ADS IN The Herald? If you read this one, others will read yours. Bring in your copy at once. It is the cheapest good advertising you can buy.

PROFESSIONAL.

MRS. JULIA L. HUGHES—SUPERFLUous hair, moles, etc., permanently destroyed by electricity, without injury. Also scientific face massage and complexion treatment. Manicuring. Choice toilet preparations. 305 Masonic temple, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—10,000 purchasers for Pianos and Organs at—

N.D.COON'S

106 W. Superior St.

WANTED TO RENT.

WANTED—FOUR ROOMS, CENTRAL. Address G 72, Herald.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 14th, 1896.

In the matter of the estate of Louis S. Beaudoin, deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Amanda Beaulieu, of the county of St. Louis, representing among other things that Louis S. Beaudoin, late of the county of St. Louis, in the state of Minnesota, on the 29th day of March, A. D. 1896, at the county of St. Louis died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county and that the said petitioner is a daughter of said deceased and praying that administration of said estate be to Joseph Beaulieu granted.

It is ordered that said petition be heard before said court on Thursday, the seventh day of May, A. D. 1896, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 14th day of April, A. D. 1896.

By the Court.
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)

Duluth Evening Herald, April-14-21-28.

THE

EVENING HERALD,

An Independent Newspaper.

Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior Street.

DULUTH PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY.

TELEPHONE CALLS.

Counting Room 324, two rings.
Editorial Rooms 321, three rings.

NEW REDUCED TERMS TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Every Evening Delivered or by Mail:

ONE WEEK.....TEN CENTS

Single copy daily	.02
One month	.45
Three months	$1.30
Six months	2.60
One year	5.00

Weekly Herald, $1.00 per year; 50 cents for six months; 25 cents for three months. Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second class matter.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

HERALD'S CIRCULATION.

17,148

HIGH-WATER MARK.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (Central time), April 14.—Rain or snow has fallen in all reporting districts, except the western part of North Dakota and the eastern slope of the Rocky mountains from Colorado to Kansas. The precipitation has been mostly in the form of light snow in Montana and the Canadian Northwest, and rain in the remaining districts. The heaviest twenty-four-hour rainfalls reported are 1.36 inches at Memphis and .88 inch at Sault Ste Marie. The weather is now generally fair, except in the Canadian provinces, and from the Northern Rocky mountain region east to the Red River valley, where cloudy weather prevails, with snow or rain.

A barometric depression extends from Lake Superior to Wyoming. The pressure has increased in the region north of Montana, with a decided fall in temperature. In the Canadian Northwest, at 7 a. m. today, the temperature ranged from 14 to 40 degrees above zero; in the lake region and central valleys it ranged from 38 at Duluth to 60 at Memphis.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 38; maximum yesterday, 45; minimum yesterday 36.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Showers this afternoon and tonight; Wednesday showers or snow flurries and cooler; fresh southwest winds shifting to northwest.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, April 14.—Forecast until 8 a. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin: Generally fair tonight and Wednesday; fresh southwest winds becoming variable. Minnesota: Generally fair tonight and Wednesday and warmer in northern portion tonight; variable winds.

A NORTHWESTERN PIONEER.

A Winnipeg dispatch announces the death of Sir John C. Schultz at Monterey, Mex., where he had gone with the hope of benefiting his health. Dr. Schultz, as he was more generally known, was a prominent figure among the pioneers of the Canadian Northwest. Born in 1840, in Amherstburg, Ont., educated at Oberlin college in Ohio, and in medicine at Queens university, Kingston, and Victoria university, Cobourg, where he graduated as a physician, he went, in 1860, to the Northwest and began the practice of his profession at Fort Garry, now the city of Winnipeg. But Dr. Schultz did not confine his attention to medicine. The population was sparse, and the patients were not numerous in these early days, and the doctor, who was a keen business man, also engaged in the fur trade, and soon accumulated considerable money. Of a literary turn of mind, he filled the columns of the Nor'wester, Winnipeg's pioneer paper, with many interesting articles, and the rest of his spare moments was devoted to studying the fauna, flora, soil and climate of the new country.

Dr. Schultz took a leading part in the stirring scenes connected with the half-breed rebellion of 1869-70, led by Louis Riel. Dr. Schultz was the leader of what was known as the Canadian party, and was captured by Riel, who had been made president of the provisional government. Schultz was imprisoned, and after a trial by court martial, was sentenced to death. But the execution of the sentence was delayed, and one day Dr. Schultz made his escape. It was in the middle of winter. Many feet of snow covered the ground. The cold was intense. But the young doctor was not dismayed by these difficulties in the way of getting out of the reach of the half-breed rebel leader. He would rather perish from exposure than suffer death at Riel's hands. And so on foot he pushed eastward along the route where now runs the Port Arthur division of the Canadian Pacific railway. He suffered great hardships while passing through this bleak and inhospitable country, but his determination was great and his physical strength powerful, and finally he pushed through the Rainy Lake region southward and reached Duluth and safety. From this point he made his way eastward to Canada.

This terrible journey and the great sufferings which he endured proved too severe a strain upon his constitution. His health was shattered, and throughout the remainder of his life Dr. Schultz was an invalid. But he never ceased to take an active part in the affairs of Manitoba. When the rebellion was crushed he returned to Fort Garry as a member of the Northwest council, and was elected to the Dominion parliament for Lisgar. From 1871 to 1882, when he retired, he represented that constituency in the house of commons. In the latter year he was appointed a member of the Canadian senate, and resigned about six years ago to become governor of Manitoba, the first and old resident of the province to receive that honor. It may be remembered that Riel was not punished after the rebellion of 1869-70, but when, fifteen years later, he started a second rebellion in the Saskatchewan country, and was captured, he was convicted of high treason and hanged in the mounted police barracks at Regina. Dr. Schultz thus lived to see the man who had condemned him to death perish himself upon the gallows. A few years ago, Dr. Schultz was knighted by the queen in recognition of his long public services.

NAVAL MILITIA.

A Washington correspondent, writing on the subject of the naval militia, makes the suggestion that one of the best battalions in the country might be organized in Duluth, as this city has every facility for practice drills. There are several organizations of naval militia on the lakes, the best one being at Detroit, which can hold its own with any similar corps on the Atlantic or Pacific coast. There are several battalions in California, and it is said that they did much better service in preserving order during the strike of three years ago than did the regular land militia. The Herald has on several occasions urged the formation of a naval reserve corps here, and not long ago a number of young men manifested an interest in the project that promised good results. The subject should not be permitted to drop. Once organized and equipped, such a battalion would become decidedly popular.

The appropriation made by congress for the naval militia of the United States during the next fiscal year is comparatively small, nevertheless this reserve naval force is rapidly coming to be recognized as an important factor in national protection and officers of the navy who were somewhat prejudiced against the scheme at first are now convinced that an efficient corps of naval militia in each of the seaport cities would be a most valuable adjunct to the regular service in case of hostilities with any foreign power. The increase of seamen in the navy is not keeping pace with the increase of ships, and it is scarcely likely that congress will in time of peace provide for a sufficient number of men to give a fighting complement to every United States vessel of war afloat. With a good force of trained men in reserve, however, the navy could be thoroughly manned almost at once.

The only difficulty is that most of the vessels used in the practice cruises of the various battalions of naval militia are of obsolete pattern and the men are trained in handling weapons which would not be used in actual conflict. This objection will doubtless be obviated, however, when the use and importance of this unpaid army of defenders is better understood. If a naval battalion should be started here, there is hardly any doubt that some assistance towards its maintenance could also be obtained from the state. While the National Guard is peculiarly a state organization, it is liable to be called upon for active service outside the state, and the naval reserve corps, while bearing a more direct relation to the federal government, would also be entitled to recognition and aid from the state.

Boston papers are really angry at Senator Turpie, of Indiana, because he made fun at the expense of Senator Lodge in the senate the other day. Mr. Turpie had been referring to Mr. Lodge's criticism of the Spanish minister, but he said the senator's demonstration was not one threatening war. "It all came from his fondness for a certain confectionery, puffs—not tutti frutti, nor ices, but puffs, play puffs." Amid the suppressed laughter of senators Mr. Turpie told of the dangers threatening Mr. Lodge from the many puffs. It was a pretty pen-and-ink picture, but Boston does not like it.

The Wadena Tribune wants to nominate some other Duluth Republican in place of Congressman Towne. The Tribune may rest assured that no Republican residing in Duluth would consider for a single moment the idea of accepting a nomination for congress to succeed Mr. Towne. They all desire that Mr. Towne shall remain in the position where in a single session he has secured a degree of popularity and high standing not attained by any other member during his first term in congress.

There will be deep regret that Mr. Crisp has been compelled to abandon the joint debate with Hoke Smith in Georgia on the money question, owing to the state of his health, his physician having warned him that heart failure is threatening him. Mr. Crisp has been making strong, argumentative and eloquent speeches that were in striking contrast to the weak arguments of the ponderous secretary of the interior.

The Life of a New York woman was recently saved by her corsets. A pistol bullet struck one of her corset steels and fell to the floor. Yet in spite of this impressive lesson, the Boston Transcript concludes, few men will put on corsets when going out gunning with the man who never knows when the gun is loaded.

The great poet of the South who has been coming so long has reached Memphis, Tenn. His name is Will T. Hale, and Memphis critics cannot make up their minds which is the finer line:

Miasma's bane the sloggy pool infests,
Or
Across the brooklet's bar, in wild derision,
The kildees call.

The trolley editor has been "stirring up the animals" again in the News Tribune menagerie, and another loud roar directed at The Herald is the result. It is really too bad that the morning paper is always behind in the race for news, but it will always be the case, as long as it is issued the day after the news is news.

Despite the fact that they said six weeks ago that McKinley had enough delegates elected to nominate him on the first ballot, the McKinley managers are still hustling for votes. Is it possible that they doubt Arithmetician Grosvenor's statistics?

The latest story from London is about a strong woman who, while supporting a platform with a piano and her husband, sings a love song. As to the quality of the song there is little said, but she has enough to bear without criticizing that portion of her performance.

A sarcastic goldbug organ in the East says that ex-Speaker Crisp is going to pass the summer at Newport, where he can hear what the wild waves are saying if they mention that bimetallism is making any progress in Europe.

The Atchinson Globe thinks that every man should try to go to heaven as a final triumph over his enemies, who will probably not get there. But some men would not be happy in a place where they had no enemies to fight.

New Jersey is always furnishing surprises, and the latest astonishing story which comes from the little state is that the governor is experiencing difficulty in filling the offices at his disposal.

President Cleveland is not exhibiting any great hurry in deciding what he will do regarding Cuba. Perhaps he intends to wait until the Cubans have captured Havana.

It was hardly necessary for Holmes to confess. A judge and jury settled the question of his guilt some time ago, and the hangman will do the rest.

In circulation and advertising the evening paper everywhere surpasses the morning paper, because the evening paper is essentially the home paper.

While Secretary Carlisle says he will not run in the presidential race this year, it is noticeable that he is still in training.

Jack Chinn gained a national reputation out of the Kentucky contest, and Dink otts is jealous of his fame.

Spring must be here. The circus season has opened and pink lemonade is again seeking its victims.

The indications point to another ministerial crisis in France. But this is not a novelty.

April showers are not appreciated in the city, but the farmers give them a hearty welcome.

Corbett and Fitzsimmons are again fighting—on paper.

AMUSEMENTS.

SOL SMITH RUSSELL.

Sol Smith Russell always finds an enthusiastic reception when he appears at Duluth, and last evening was no exception. The Lyceum was not packed, but it was a large audience, and Mr. Russell was welcomed as an old and true friend. At the close of the second act he made a short speech, expressing his gratification at the applause given him and the company. He said that it was his intention to continue in the presentation of the old classics such as the play of the evening. It must fall to some one to preserve these beautiful plays and traditions in these days when farce and burlesque are all the rage, and he said that it is his intention to continue in this direction. It is a matter of gratification to him, he said to find that although the people have been running so much to farce, they can still appreciate the beauty and charm of such classics as "The Rivals."

"The Rivals," by Sheridan, has been one of the most enduring of English comedies and has never lost its hold on the people who love pure comedy of the highest kind. Few plays have so many important parts; in fact, a company of stars could find in it ample opportunity for the display of their abilities.

The part of Bob Acres has been made famous by Joseph Jefferson and others. Mr. Russell plays it much after the Jeffersonian style, but he has an individuality and method of his own, nevertheless. Like all great and lasting comedy parts, it retains its great interest because it is so real and human. Bob Acres is, most certainly, but easily taken from real life. To burlesque or overdraw it would be to kill it, and complete ease and naturalness are absolutely essential in portraying it. Mr. Russell realizes all of the demands of the part. He has the faculty of conveying in a look, an action or a single word the full humor and meaning of a passage, and loses his own personality in the character. The stage may well congratulate itself that Mr. Russell has associated himself with those who are endeavoring to revive and preserve the classics, and he is certain to win a high place among them.

The support given Mr. Russell was excellent. Alfred Hudson as Sir Anthony Absolute was good, and George Woodward made a fine Sir Lucius O'Trigger. Charles Mackey played the juvenile part of Jack Absolute and was all that could be desired. George Denham is worthy of praise for his David and received no small share of popular favor. Miss Fanny Addison Pitt made an excellent Mrs. Malaprop, the pompous lady who summons all the big words in the dictionary to her use regardless of what their meaning is. Miss Minnie Seligman as Lydia Languish was charming and played the part in a dainty and winning manner.

Tonight Mr. Russell will present "An Everyday Man," a three-act comedy by Marguerite Merrington, and a curtain-raiser entitled "Mr. Valentine's Christmas."

"MISS HARUM SCARUM."

Amy Lee and Frank Doane, who are to appear at the Lyceum tomorrow and Thursday nights in the sensational comedy drama entitled "Miss Harum Scarum," assume many disguises in order to thwart the plans of the villain and his companions, and succeed in a manner that warms the blood of the spectator. Miss Lee is a capable example of Lotta, Minnie Palmer, Katie Putnam and Annie Pixley school of melodramatic and comedy soubrettes, being both sprightly and vigorous. Frank Doane is a comedian who is both versatile and clever, and surrounded as these two artists are by a most capable company, their performance will no doubt be one of the rare treats of the season.

Banjos, guitars, mandolins. Coon's.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

HER HAPPY DAY.

A CHARMING STORY OF MEDICINE AND MARRIAGE.

Two Open Letters From a Chicago Girl —How Happiness Came to Her.

Among the tens of thousands of women who apply to Mrs. Pinkham for advice and are cured, are many who wish the facts in their cases made public, but do not give permission to publish their names for reasons as obvious as in the following, and no name is ever published without the writer's authority; this is a bond of faith which Mrs. Pinkham has never broken.

Chicago, Jan. 8th, '95.

My dear Mrs. Pinkham:—A friend of mine, Mrs. ——, wants me to write you, because she says: "you did her so much good." I am desperate. Am nineteen years of age, tall, and weighed 138 pounds a year ago. I am now a mere skeleton. From your little book I think my trouble is profuse menstruation. My symptoms are: ° ° ° ° etc.

Our doctor (my uncle) tells father that I am in consumption, and wants to take me to Florida. Please help me! Tell me what to do, and tell me quickly. I am engaged to be married in September. Shall I live to see the day? ° ° ° °

LUCY E. W.

Chicago, June 16th, '95.

My dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

This is a happy day. I am well and gaining weight daily, but shall continue the treatment and Vegetable Compound during the summer, as you suggest. Uncle knows nothing about what you have done for me, because it would make things very unpleasant in the family. I would like to give you a testimonial to publish, but father would not allow it. ° ° ° ° I shall be married in September, and as we go to Boston, will call upon you. How can I prove my gratitude? ° ° ° °

LUCY E. W.

Just such cases as the above leak out in women's circles, and that is why the confidence of the women of America is bestowed upon Mrs. Pinkham.

Why are not physicians more candid with women when suffering from such ailments?

Women want the truth, and if they cannot get it from their doctor, will seek it elsewhere.

THE ROUNDER.

"I want to find a Daniel to interpret a dream," said Capt. T. H. Presnell yesterday, "I had one last night which is a puzzler to me and I would like to know whether it has any significance."

"What is it? Maybe I can find a meaning for it," suggested the newspaper man to whom he was talking.

"Well, it's a daisy," said the captain. "I dreamt that I was in the jail yard up on the hill and a double hanging was in progress. Sheriff Butchart was master of ceremonies and there was a large crowd present. One fellow was brought forward, the noose was adjusted, the trap was sprung and he was shuffled off into eternity with neatness and dispatch. Then Sheriff Butchart looked around for another man. Finally he saw me.

"'Come on, you'll do,' he said and I was forthwith yanked up to the platform, to the great satisfaction and amusement of the crowd. The sheriff adjusted the noose and was just about to spring the trap when some fellow out in the crowd shouted:

"'Hold on, there; that man is not guilty. I am the man who did it.'

"'Well, come up here and be hanged then,' responded Sheriff Butchart.

"The man came forward and the same procedure was carried out as in the other case. The black cap was put over his head, the noose was adjusted and the trap was sprung. The body shot downward and after one quick jerk all was quiet. Sheriff Butchart remarked that all was over and was leaving when he heard a sound from the top of the gallows. Looking around he saw the man he had just hanged climbing up the rope hand over hand.

"Well, I'll be durned," said the sheriff, and started over to hang him again.

"That was the end of the dream for I wandered off in some other direction after that. Now, what do you make of it?"

The newspaper man pondered. "What did you eat last night?" he finally asked.

"Well, now, let me see," said the captain reflectively, "I had some pumpkin pie and some——"

"Hold on! that's enough. All is explained," said the newspaper man and the captain joined in the laugh and admitted that possibly that fact explained the dream.

° ° °

A party of high school scholars started out for a merry time last Friday evening. Their destination was Lester Park where they were to dance and return on the last car. When they met at the appointed time and place the discovery was made that there were just thirteen persons in the party and immediately there was a flutter of excitement. One or two who were superstitious wanted to limit up at least one more but the majority thought it would be great fun to go with thirteen just to prove the absurdity of the superstition, for they were sure they were going to have such a delightful time. But alas, there is not one in all that crowd who will not now admit that thirteen is a hoodoo number.

All went well until they reached the place where they were to dance. Then their troubles began. There were no musicians there although they had been engaged in advance and were to have been there long before that hour. After a grand skirmish a piano player was procured and the young people congratulated themselves that their troubles were over. They were only in the beginning, however, for everything went wrong. The floor was poor, the supper was wretched and when time came to return home all were glad to go.

But again the fates intervened and brought a further chastisement for the party that had cared to brave the hoodoo which attaches to number 13. On the way home and when about three miles from the city the axle of the street car broke. There was nothing to do but wait until relief came and it was a long time coming too. When this poor belated party of thirteen finally arrived at their homes it was 5 o'clock in the morning and one and all vowed that never again would they question the thirteen superstition.

SHEBOYGAN MAN SUICIDES.

Chicago, April 14.—Charles Hacker, aged 50 years, of Sheboygan, Wis., shot and killed himself last night. This morning his dead body was found in the Lake Front park with a bullet wound in the right temple.

AN ENGLISH EXPLOSION.

Durham, Eng., April 14.—An explosion has taken place in a colliery at Willington, near this place. Eight men are known to have been killed, and it is believed that eighteen miners in all will lose their lives.

DULUTH INVENTORS.

Washington, April 14.—(Special to The Herald).—A patent for a bath apparatus was today issued to Michael J. Lyons and J. Beemer, of Duluth.

SANTA CLAUS SOAP. SANTA CLAUS SOAP.

"The Last Piece hung,—and the day but just begun!"

All women who have no time and strength to waste, who want snowy clothes and soft hands should use the famous

SANTA CLAUS SOAP

The best and purest soap. Made for laundry, and general house use. Sold everywhere.

Made only by
THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago.

Cut Flowers!

Chicago Flooded With Them.

We took advantage of the overflow and bought 10,000 Roses and Carnations today. They will be on sale tomorrow forenoon at 11 o'clock.

Roses 19c per doz.

Carnations-12½c per doz.

PANTON & WHITE, GLASS BLOCK STORE.

THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

The executive committee of the county Young Men's Republican league has called a meeting at Casselton for April 28, to effect a permanent county organization. There are fourteen clubs in this county and much effective work will be done in the campaign this fall.

At Thompson the entire stock of the E. L. Spafford insolvency case was sold by Assignee Agnes Elton to Wyman, Partridge & Co., of Minneapolis, for $56,000, being the highest bid. Mr. Spafford will resume business at an early date.

The Casselton business men held a joint meeting Saturday night for the purpose of hearing reports of committees and perfecting permanent organization. Mayor Meredith presented the organization committee's report. William Strulow presented the committee's report on constitution and by-laws. Both were adopted. Officers were then elected as follows: Franklin Potter, president; C. R. Meredith, R. D. Glasgow, vice presidents; W. T. Sprake, secretary; M. A. Baldwin, treasurer; executive committee, William Strehlow, E. F. Gilbert, E. G. Gutherie, Frank Lynch, H. H. Walters.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

The supreme court has given prohibition a severe blow in its decision upholding the Yankton city ordinance licensing saloons. Tom Boughton, a saloonkeeper, was fined by the city justice for selling liquor without a city license. He appealed to the circuit court where the verdict was sustained. He again appealed to the supreme court which tribunal also declares that the city has the right to require license.

At Centerville Thompson and Gamble, evangelists, are holding a two-weeks' series of union revival meetings. Business places close early each night, and a deep spiritual interest is manifested. George Duryea closed his saloon last week and said he would quit the business.

The remains of Mrs. W. H. Thrall, wife of the state superintendent of Congregational missions, were taken to Pepperell, Mass., from Huron yesterday morning, accompanied by her husband. A large concourse of people, including the city council, gathered at the depot. Rev. B. H. Burtt conducted the funeral services yesterday afternoon, which were largely attended. Messages of sympathy were received from all parts of the state from prominent clergymen and church people elsewhere.

The life of Sheriff Fuller, of Butte county, has been threatened by William West, the Kansas desperado and murderer, recently apprehended by him, and turned over to the authorities of Kansas. West threatens to kill his captor if he ever gets out of jail. He is fully capable of attempting to carry out his threat, if given the opportunity, for it was for a similar act of vengeance that he is now a felon. A deputy United States marshal in Kansas arrested West for some infraction of the law and he was placed in jail. While there he swore that if he ever got out he would kill the officer. One night himself and several other desperate characters broke jail, and instead of trying to get out of the country, West went to the home of the deputy marshal and shot him dead.

The Standard Savings bank has been started at Huron. The new bank purchased the fixtures of the National Bank of Dakota, which goes into voluntary liquidation.

DEATH SENTENCES AFFIRMED.

Albany, N. Y., April 14.—Sentences of death were affirmed today in the cases of the three New York murderers, namely: Tuttle Tuffeskewitz, Louis P. Herman and Charles Pustolka. Tuffeskewitz was convicted of the murder of Adolph Balensiefer, his business partner. Herman shot and killed his wife in a family quarrel. Pustolka stabbed his wife three times because he believed her unfaithful. All three men are confined in Sing Sing prison awaiting death.

GREATER NEW YORK.

Albany, N. Y., April 14.—The consideration of the question of repassing the greater New York bill over the recess of Mayors Strong and Wurster will be deferred until Tomorrow, owing to the absence of Senator Ellsworth, the Republican leader, from today's session.

DEVOTED LOVERS

Of a full, sweet, mild and enjoyable smoke are asked to try the famous Davenport. In all first-class retailers hands.

MEN of all AGES

Quickly, Thoroughly, Forever Cured.

Four out of five who suffer nervousness, mental worry, attacks of "the blues," are but paying the penalty of early excesses. Victims, reclaim your manhood, regain your vigor. Don't despair. Send for book with explanation and proofs. Mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

BLOOD POISON

A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary Syphilis permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for the same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Syphilitic BLOOD POISON that we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Nasonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, bearing date March first (1st), 1890, executed and delivered by Edgar A. Coffin, (unmarried), mortgagor, to George Milmine, mortgagee, and recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis county, Minnesota, on April twenty-fifth (25th), 1891, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., in Book thirty-six (36) of mortgages, on page two hundred ninety-five (295); such default consisting in the non-payment of the principal sum thereby secured with interest thereon from September first (1st), 1895, all of which became due on March first (1st), 1896, without grace, and in the non-payment of eleven and 22-100 ($11.22) dollars insurance premiums upon the premises covered by said mortgage, which has been heretofore paid by said mortgagee in accordance with the provisions of said mortgage.

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of one thousand five hundred eighty-three and 22-100 ($1583.22) dollars, principal, interest, exchange and said insurance premiums paid.

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot one hundred and eighty-three (183), of block sixty-seven (67), Duluth Proper, Second Division, according to the recorded plat thereof in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 30th day of April, 1896, at 11 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of four hundred and twenty-eight and 48-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Duluth, March 30th, A. D. 1896.

ISAAC E. WEST,
Attorney,
423 Chamber of Commerce,
Duluth, Minn.

DAVID H. WILLIAMS,
Administrator of Emeline S. Norton,
Mortgagee.

March-17-24-31-April-7-14-21.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-eight and 48-100 ($28.48) dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas McLaughlin and Kate McLaughlin, his wife, of St. Louis County, Minn., mortgagors, to Emeline S. Norton, of Litchfield County, Conn., mortgagee, bearing date the 15th day of May, 1894, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 15th day of May, 1894, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 127 of mortgages, on page 262.

And whereas, the said Emeline S. Norton, now deceased, by Byron H. Williams, administrator of her estate, and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred and twenty-eight and 48-100 ($428.48) dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent) eight per cent per annum, from the 16th day of March, 1896, and whereas the said power of sale has become opertive, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot one hundred and eighty-three (183), of block sixty-seven (67), Duluth Proper, Second Division, according to the recorded plat thereof in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 30th day of April, 1896, at 11 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of four hundred and twenty-eight and 48-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Duluth, March 30th, A. D. 1896.

DAVID H. WILLIAMS,
Administrator of Emeline S. Norton,
Mortgagee.

ISAAC E. WEST,
Attorney,
423 Chamber of Commerce,
Duluth, Minn.
March-17-24-31-April-7-14-21.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-eight and 48-100 ($28.48) dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas McLaughlin and Kate McLaughlin, his wife, of St. Louis County, Minn., mortgagors, to Emeline S. Norton, of Litchfield County, Conn., mortgagee, bearing date the 15th day of May, 1894, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 15th day of May, 1894, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 127 of mortgages, on page 262.

And whereas, the said Emeline S. Norton, now deceased, by Byron H. Williams, administrator of her estate, and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred and twenty-eight and 48-100 ($428.48) dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent) eight per cent per annum, from the 16th day of March, 1896, and whereas the said power of sale has become opertive, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot one hundred and eighty-three (183), of block sixty-seven (67), Duluth Proper, Second Division, according to the recorded plat thereof in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 30th day of April, 1896, at 11 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of four hundred and twenty-eight and 48-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Duluth, March 30th, A. D. 1896.

DAVID H. WILLIAMS,
Administrator of Emeline S. Norton,
Mortgagee.

ISAAC E. WEST,
Attorney,
423 Chamber of Commerce,
Duluth, Minn.
March-17-24-31-April-7-14-21.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of four thousand six hundred forty-five and 25-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Philip M. Graff, widower, mortgagor, to Michael Lutz, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of April, 1894, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 16th day of June, 1894, at 8:20 o'clock a. m., in Book 80 of mortgages, on page 388.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Michael Lutz, mortgagee, to Frank Hibbing by written assignment dated the 21st day of March, 1896, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the fourth day of April, 1896, at 20:25 o'clock a. m. in Book 148 of mortgages, on page 10, said assignee being now the owner and owner of record thereof, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The undivided one-third of all that part of the west half of lot twenty-four (24) and of all of lots twenty-five (25), twenty-six (26) and twenty-seven (27), in block five (5), in that part of Duluth formerly called Portland, and of lots fifty (50) and fifty-two (52), on East Superior street, in Duluth Proper, First Division, that lies within one hundred (100) feet of the southerly line of Superior street, in said city of Duluth, according to the plats of said premises as the same are recorded in the office of the register of deeds of said Saint Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The easterly one-half (½) of lot numbered fifty-seven (57), in block numbered fifty-seven (57), Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, on file of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said St. Louis County; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state on the fourteenth (14th) day of May, A. D. 1896, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fee, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Duluth, Minn., March 31st, 1896.

GEORGE MILMINE,
Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Mortgagee.

Duluth Evening Herald, March-31-A-7-14-21-28-May-5.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of four thousand six hundred forty-five and 25-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Philip M. Graff, widower, mortgagor, to Michael Lutz, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of April, 1894, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 16th day of June, 1894, at 8:20 o'clock a. m., in Book 80 of mortgages, on page 388.

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Dated Duluth, Minn., March 31st, 1896.

GEORGE MILMINE,
Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Mortgagee.

Duluth Evening Herald, March-31-A-7-14-21-28-May-5.

AMUSEMENTS.

The LYCEUM

L. N. Scott, Manager.

Last Time, Tonight!

Engagement of the Eminent Comedian,

SOL SMITH RUSSELL

In a Grand Double Bill

"AN EVERY-DAY MAN,"

A new Comedy in three acts.

"MR. VALENTINE'S CHRISTMAS,"

A charming play in one act.

Mr. Russell carries all his own special and complete scenery and properties.

PRICES—$1.50, $1.00, 75c, 50c and 25c.

Get Seats Early.

2 Nights—Tomorrow Night and Thursday Night.

April 15-16

A Carnival of Mirth and Melody.

Amy Lee and Frank Doane

Eccentric Comedian

And an Exc

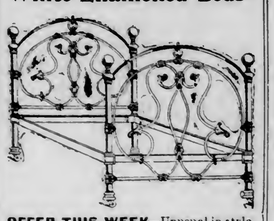
Like Old Times

Our great store is constantly thronged with buying visitors.

Such values as we offer quicken trade and the public shows its appreciation of the very superior class of goods we sell, and makes liberal purchases.

Low prices are created and maintained throughout the year. Others may make them for a day—we hold them down all the time with a firm hand while you get the benefit.

Here's a New Style in White Enamelled Beds-



OFFER THIS WEEK—Unusual in style, differing in shape from the conventional sort sold elsewhere; hand wrought, brass mounted, best furnace baked enamel, on easy working casters. Price, including the new unsagable steel wire spring..... **$10.75**

Carpet Dept.

Bigelow Axminsters and Body Brussels in choice private designs not to be found elsewhere in the city. Goods on hand and ready for immediate delivery. Customers do not suffer the delay occasioned in buying from sample. We match all the new colorings in Wall Paper and Draperies. China and Japan Mattings, Linoleums, Mats and Rugs.

We Carry in Stock Everything

Necessary to completely furnish a house from top to bottom. We sell on very easy payments.

Everything bought from us guaranteed to be as represented, and an investigation of our prices will prove them to be from 10 to 15 per cent under those of any other dealer in the city.

Duluth Agents For . . .

Remington, Spaulding, and Victor Bicycles.

Smith, Farwell & Steele Co.

Duluth, Minnesota.

Draperies.....

This is a good time to prepare for house furnishing and to help to make it interesting and furnish your homes with little money we hunted the markets and were able to stock our Drapery department with all the new things, and at such low prices that anyone can afford to buy.

The Following Goods are Only a Few of the Many For Tomorrow—

50 pairs Nottingham Lace Curtains, worth $1.25, at..... **75c**

35 pairs Chenille Portieres in all colors, dado or plain, fringed on both ends, worth $3.75, at..... **$2.50**

30 pairs Irish Point Curtains in white, which is newer than the ecru, at..... **$3.75**

New Fish Nets and Lace Edges to match, new Silkolines in figured and plain, new Table Covers, new Scarfs, Down Pillows, Silks, Brocatels, Derbys and Tapestries, Fringes, Cords and Gimps for Furniture Covering.

50 Illuminated Japanese Rugs of the best quality, size 3x7, sold everywhere for $3.00, our price..... **$1.50**

40 Brussels Rugs, 3x6, fringed, the newest Rug out..... **$1.50**

40 Illuminated Bureau Rugs at..... **48c**

Complete line of Wood and Brass Poles, Sockets, Ends, Brackets, Extension Rods, etc., always on hand.

Silberstein & Bondy

TO MARRY A NOBLEMAN.

Miss Minnie Radcliffe Soon to Be Wedded.

Miss Minnie Radcliffe, the pretty young actress now visiting Duluth as leading lady in Sol Smith Russell's company, is soon to become the wife of an European nobleman. While she was traveling in Europe last fall she met a nephew of the duke Von Metternach, an Austrian. This was at a reception at the American legation at Vienna. Young Von Metternach was badly smitten with the charms of the charming young American girl, and during her stay in Vienna paid assiduous court. Miss Radcliffe in turn felt drawn toward the aristocratic Austrian, her feeling growing deeper as the acquaintance progressed.

Before her European visit was concluded, Von Metternach had proposed and was accepted, the fair one, however, stipulating that her engagement with Mr. Russell should be completed. To this arrangement the ardent lover reluctantly agreed. Accordingly Miss Radcliffe will desert the stage at the close of the present season and devote herself to preparing for the marriage, which will shortly thereafter take place.

Miss Radcliffe's mother, who is also an actress, known on the stage as Marian Lester, is naturally very proud of her daughter's conquest, particularly as the wealth is all on the bridegroom's side. Miss Radcliffe's charming face and manner constitute her sole fortune, the world's goods for the youthful pair being amply provided by the groom.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treament, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from ten drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by druggists, 75 cents.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

To Advertise For Bids.

The county commissioners yesterday afternoon decided to advertise for sealed bids for $150,000 in road bonds. The bonds will be issued in denominations of $1000 each bearing 4 per cent interest, payable semi-annually at the American Exchange National bank of New York. All bids must be accompanied by a certified check of $2500. The board adjourned to Friday afternoon.

MONEY.

Offices in the Exchange building to let at reasonable figures and with every possible convenience. No better location in Duluth.

One house left in Chester Terrace.

No. 119 East Superior street is the only store building left on our list—everything else gone. We intend to *let* this building—the rent we get will cut no figure; the building must be occupied.

Fire Insurance written, on houses, stores, furniture, stocks of goods, grain and coal.

Money can still be had in reasonable amounts at low rates on good real estate security, in spite of hard times and high taxes. But money is not very plentiful and rates are certain to advance.

Wm. E. Lucas & Co

1 Exchange Building

ONE HONEST MAN.

Dear Editor: Please inform your readers that if written to confidentially I will mail in a sealed letter the plan pursued by which I was permanently restored to health and manly vigor, after years of suffering from nervous weakness, night losses and weak, shrunken parts.

I have no scheme to extort money from anyone whomsoever. I was robbed and swindled by the quacks until I nearly lost faith in mankind, but thank heaven, I am now well, vigorous and strong, and anxious to make this certain means of cure known to all.

Having nothing to sell or send C. O. D., I want no money. Address

James A. Harris,
Box 296, Delray, Mich.

For cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, cuts, sprains, burns, stings, chilblains, sciatica, and lumbago, use Salvation Oil.

REMOVED.

I. H. Isham, watchmaker and optician, has removed to Albertson's bookstore, No. 330 West Superior street.

THE FERRY

The City Will Take Charge of it in the Future.

Aldermen Wrestled Vigorously Over the City Attorney's Salary.

Sharp Talk Was Freely Indulged in But No Decision Was Reached.

The Robinson Crusoes of Park Point are to be rescued. The city is to operate the ferry and they will be able to resume relations with the rest of the United States. By a resolution passed by the council last evening the free ferry will be in charge of the board of public works. Alderman Trevillion remarked, in support of the measure, that the Park Point people, under the present arrangement, are virtually cut off from the rest of the world. Their condition, apparently, is like that of castaways on some forlorn isle of the ocean, dependent on chance passing sails. On Sunday there was no service at all until late in the afternoon, when a tug was secured. The board is also instructed to get figures on $10,000 casualty insurance to indemnify the city in case of accident in the operation of the ferry.

The salary question occupied a large portion of the evening. The matter of fixing the compensation of the city attorney proved to be a problem that could not be settled at the first go, and after hammering at it a while it was laid away for some future occasion when time hangs heavily and other sources of diversion are wanting. All figures were tried, from $2000, by Alderman Coventry's motion, to $1000, which Alderman Sang thought about the right amount.

Alderman Krumsieg moved as an amendment to Alderman Coventry's motion that the salary be fixed at $2400, both the motion and amendment being lost. Alderman Olafson then tried his hand at it, moving that the salary be fixed at $2300. This motion was lost, and the council tried to adjourn and could not.

The council then, figuratively speaking, sat down to breathe for a while and then went at it again. The sums of $2600 and $2700 were successively proposed and the motions were lost.

ARE INCONSISTENT.

During the debate on the motion fixing the pay at $2700 Alderman Krumsieg took occasion to inveigh against the inconsistency of members who signed a report favoring $2000 a year for the city attorney, and who then came into the council and fought for $2700 a year. He was mad all over and said he hoped the motion would not go. Then Alderman Sang, whose motion fixing the amount at $1000 had been unceremoniously knocked out, said it was a shame that the council should mock the people, who were crying for retrenchment, and that if the requisite majority of two-thirds could not be secured, the committee on claims and accounts would be justified in refusing to pass the pay roll with the city attorney's name on it until the council could agree to reduce his pay.

Alderman Olafson told the council that the city attorney expected a cut, the alderman's remarks indicating that he thought it would be cruel to disappoint him.

A vote was then taken and the motion fixing the salary at $2700 was lost, the result being 6 yeas, 10 nays.

Then an adjournment was tried again, the motion being lost, and, on motion of Alderman Krumsieg, the vexing question of the salary of the city attorney was passed over and his assistant's wage was considered, with the result that the latter will have to worry along on $1500 a year, instead of $1800 as heretofore.

THE CLERK'S SALARY.

The city clerk next danced on the carpet, and after Alderman Richardson had made an attempt to sequestrate his fees, only to learn that it could not be done, his compensation was fixed at $1200. It was resolved that the portion of the retrenchment report relating to the fire department be referred to the board of fire commissioners to investigate and report thereon.

A proposal from J. W. Norton, in behalf of himself, Martha H. Norton and others, to pay $25,000 in cash in full of all assessments against their property in West Duluth for street improvements was referred to the finance committee, mayor, president of the council and the city attorney, with power to act.

The sums of $41.66 per month for the Women's and Children's home and $30 per month for the Women's hospital were appropriated for the year commencing with the present month, and the clerk was ordered to draw warrants therefor.

Two communications from R. S. Colnon, the riveted steel pipe man, were read. One was a protest against readvertising for bids for pipe. Mr. Colnon said he had already taken steps to secure himself on material, and there was a flavor of possible damages and hard feelings generally in the epistle. The other was a proposition with a string as large as a Brooklyn bridge cable attached to it. Mr. Colnon proposed that the contract for pipe be at once ratified, on condition that nothing further is to be done on either side until the city notifies Mr. Colnon that it has funds to pay for the pipe. Mr. Colnon, however, reserves the right to terminate the contract at any time previous to such notification. This was referred to the waterworks committee.

THEY WANT M'GREGOR.

A petition asking the retention of A. T. McGregor as fire commissioner, signed by lumber firms and others carrying in the aggregate a large amount of insurance, was presented and referred to the committee on public offices, officers and elections.

A petition signed by Andrew McCormick and others was presented, setting forth that the Lakeside Land company would be involved in difficulties that might further cripple and possibly render impossible a car service to Lakeside should the 15-minute service asked for on March 30 be ordered, and asking that the present service be continued until the clouds roll by. It was referred.

The mayor communicated to the council the appointment of David Olson as poundmaster for the Third district, and Assessor Wadhams reported the following appointments of deputy assessors: George E. Long, Harry Withrow, E. J. McLaughlin, J. H. Gray, H. M. King, W. W. Allen, L. F. Merritt, A. F. Seward, N. N. Ole, R. H. Doran, R. C. McKinley, F. H. Barnard and W. H. Crulkshank.

The Marine National and Security banks filed their bonds as depositories in the sum of $50,000 each. Bills for medical attendance on the family of Louis Reinhartsen during the time they had diphtheria, aggregating $68.30, were ordered paid by the city.

Liquor licenses were granted to Smith & Parson, 214 Fifty-fifth avenue west, and George Schmidt, 521 west Superior street. The clerk was ordered to advertise for bids for the care and operation of the city ambulance. Leave was granted to use the city hall on the evening of April 16 for a meeting to organize a citizens' club.

The bill presented by the Trades assembly for the expense of legal services in behalf of Schulte and Carson, the Lyceum boycotters, was referred to the city attorney, who was requested to inform the council if the mayor acted under his advice in causing the arrests.

The matter of the appointments of Joseph Ryan as detective and W. M. Abrahamson as fire commissioner was laid over for one week.

A PLAGUE OF THE NIGHT.

ITCHING PILES AND OTHER RECTAL TROUBLES EASILY CURED BY A NEW AND SAFE METHOD.

A Remarkable Number of Cures Made By the Pyramid Pile Cure.

About one person in every four suffers from some form of rectal disease. The most common and annoying is itching piles, indicated by warmth, slight moisture and intense, uncontrollable itching in the parts affected.

The usual treatment has been some simple ointment or salve which sometimes gives temporary relief, but nothing like a permanent cure can be expected from such superficial treatment.

The only permanent cure for itching piles yet discovered is the Pyramid Pile Cure, not only for itching piles, but for every other form of piles, blind, bleeding or protruding. The first application gives instant relief and the continued use for a short time causes a permanent removal of the tumors or the small parasites which cause the intense itching and discomfort of itching piles.

Many physicians for a long time supposed that the remarkable relief afforded by the Pyramid Pile Cure was because it was supposed to contain cocaine, opium or similar drugs, but such is not the case. A recent careful analysis of the remedy showed it to be absolutely free from any cocaine, opium, or in fact any poisonous, injurious drugs whatever.

For this reason the Pyramid Pile Cure is probably the only pile cure extensively recommended by physicians, because it is so safe, so prompt in the relief afforded and, so far as known, the only positive cure for piles except a surgical operation.

In one year the Pyramid Pile Cure has become the best known, the safest and the most extensively sold of any pile cure before the public.

Nearly all druggists now sell it at 50 cents and $1 per package.

Address the Pyramid company, Albion, Mich., for book on cause and cure of piles and also hundreds of testimonials from all parts of the United States.

If suffering from any form of piles ask your druggist for a package of Pyramid Pile Cure and try it tonight.

VAUGH WAS MURDERED.

Coroner's Jury Unable to Determine By Whom.

Death from injuries received at the hands of some person unknown, is the verdict returned by the coroner's jury that sat in the inquest on David Vaugh yesterday afternoon.

George Primo, a street car conductor, was the second witness examined after the noon adjournment, the first having been Mrs. Cyr, whose evidence was given in The Herald last evening. Primo testified that he carried Vaugh from Third avenue east to Twenty-third avenue west, about 4 o'clock in the afternoon of Feb. 26. He testified he knew the deceased well and detailed with particularity the circumstances connected with Vaugh's ride on his car that day.

H. L. Primo, also in the employ of the street car company, though: he had seen Vaugh at his house that afternoon.

R. C. Kennedy, the saloonkeeper, testified that Vaugh and Twaddle spent the afternoon of the 26th in his place, drinking and talking, leaving at 6 o'clock in the evening. Neither was intoxicated when they left. Vaugh remarked he was going to see his girl. About two and a half hours later, Vaugh and Twaddle returned in a buggy, and he learned that Vaugh had been hurt. Witness and Vaugh had always been good friends, the misunderstanding about a loan resulting in a coolness for awhile, but there had been no bitter feelings. Joe Clements and Albert Wylie had been in the saloon in the afternoon when Vaugh and Twaddle were there.

Secretary Helm, of the park board, testified to Vaugh's appearance at the police station when he first saw him, and told of talking with him at the hospital at one period when Vaugh was rational for a few moments. Vaugh was asked by the witness to tell about the affair and the latter had said something about having been done up. He did not say by whom, but his words about being done up followed some references he had made to drinking in Kennedy's saloon. Vaugh said something about having been struck from behind, but his mental grasp was weak and he could not be brought to recite the events of the afternoon in a connected manner. In the evening, witness had returned with Dr. Magie to talk further with Vaugh, but the latter had relapsed into a semi-conscious condition.

This concluded the examination and the jury returned a verdict as stated, after brief deliberation.

Soft hats for hard heads; stiff hats, too, if you like the Gordon, $3.50, hat.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COLIC, CHOLERA AND DIARRHOEA REMEDY.

This is the best medicine in the world for bowel complaints. It acts quickly and can always be depended upon. When reduced with water it is pleasant to take. Try it, and like many others you will recommend it to your friends. For sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle by all druggists.

GRATEFUL
AND
COMFORTING
For Tired, Aching, Irritated Feet is a warm bath with
CUTICURA SOAP
and a gentle anointing with CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure.
This treatment allays itching and irritation, soothes inflammation and painful swellings of the joints, softens hard, roughened skin, and purifies the perspiration.
Sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG & CHEM. CORP., Props., Boston.

MUNYON'S RHEUMATISM CURE

Munyon's Rheumatism Cure is guaranteed to be absolutely harmless and a strong tonic in building up the weak and debilitated. It cures acute or muscular rheumatism in from one to five days. Sharp, shooting pains in any part of the body stopped by a few doses. A prompt, complete and permanent cure for lameness, soreness, stiff back and all pains in hips and loins. Chronic rheumatism, sciatia, lumbago, or pain in the back are speedily cured. It seldom fails to give relief from one to two doses, and almost invariably cures before one bottle has been used. Price, 25 cents.

Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure is guaranteed to cure all forms of indigestion and stomach troubles. Price, 25 cents.

Munyon's Kidney Cure speedily cures pains in the back, loins or groins and all forms of kidney disease.

Munyon's Vitalizer restores lost powers to weak men. Price, $1.

Ask your druggist for free copy of Munyon's Guide to Health, and treat yourself at home with harmless remedies that contain positive cures for all diseases. Sold by all druggists, mostly 25 cents a bottle.

Personal letters to Professor Munyon, 1505 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa., answered with free medical advice for any disease.

THE MINES AT ELY.

Seven Hundred Men Working at the Chandler.

Things are moving smoothly at the Chandler mine, according to the Ely Times: The company is making active preparations to begin the shipment of ore. The steam shovel is in condition and ready to go to work at any moment. Shipping will begin in about ten days. Seven hundred men are now employed at this mine. Last month's output was 61,000 tons, and there is 271,000 tons in stock piles. The new No. 4 shaft is now down 350 feet and sinking has been discontinued, but drifting at the sixth level, in order to strike the ore body, is being pushed. The additional new Corliss engine is now in and in running order.

At the Pioneer things are in a transition state, and as a consequence the ore output is much diminished, temporarily, however. This company has just finished putting in its new mammoth hoisting plant, purchased of Messrs. Webster, Cant & Lange, of Akron, Ohio, and are now engaged in changing the old skips for the new. Already one is in running condition and is hoisting ore. The remaining ones will follow shortly. These skips have a capacity of four tons, but are not yet being used to their full, as prudence dictates that new machinery should be handled carefully until "it gets down to its bearings." It is expected that in a very few days more all will be running smoothly and to its full capacity. This hoist is a magnificent piece of machinery, one of, if not the best on the ranges.

A new body of ore has been recently struck at the Zenith mine and work is progressing satisfactorily. Quite a stock pile is already on the surface. About seventy men are employed.

THOMAS HENRY HUXLEY.

Discussion at the Unity Club Last Evening.

The Unity club had up for discussion last evening Thomas Henry Huxley, the great philosopher, biologist, agnostic and exponent of Darwinism, and the life, character and science of the great thinker were ably discussed by Dr. J. M. Robinson and Mrs. C. L. Lewis.

Dr. Robinson's paper was bright, clear and thorough, indicating a familiarity with his subject. He said that crayfish and agnosticism were not apparently similar subjects, yet we find Huxley discussing both. His earlier studies dealt with life, being upon biology and more particularly zoology, and later he put man in the zoo. His first paper dealt with one of the lowest forms of life, a curiosity found in South sea waters. His last and best papers dealt with the highest form of life, man. Dealing thus with biology and comparative anatomy it was not strange that he should branch out in the allied science of metaphysics.

Huxley's science at one time became somewhat controversial, and he took up the lecture platform, some of his best things being written for public speeches. The combative instinct was strong in him, but he was not pugnacious, and his controversies were many and successful. A notable instance was his verbal duels with Gladstone, in which Gladstone often came out worsted.

It is not often that a great student is found to be a speaker, yet Huxley was a fluent talker. He had a fine command of English and he dealt lucidly with difficult questions. He was apt in translating knotty reasoning into comprehensible language without sacrificing accuracy. He was a great teacher, and to his work in a large measure is due the present standing of science.

He was Darwin's right hand man and he popularized and advocated the theories which Darwin conceived. His greatest service was performed when he broke down the ecclesiastical barriers to free reasoning on subjects on which the church had finally passed. He made no attack on religion; he merely claimed the right to think for himself.

Dr. Robinson then briefly outlined Huxley's life and struggles, developing the side of his character which gave plenty of room to art and letters and which moved him to write a poem of great depth of feeling on the occasion of the death of his friend Tennyson. He defined Huxley's agnosticism and read from an essay on the subject in which Huxley tells how he devised the term because he was the only member of his society who did not have a title for his particular brand of belief.

Mrs. C. L. Lewis read a clever and interesting paper. She said that Darwin discovered the theory of evolution, but Huxley popularized it. Darwin lacked the qualifications necessary for this, but Huxley possessed them in abundance. It was Huxley who called our attention to the fact that the cerebral structure of man is less different from the orang-outang than that of the orang-outang is from that of the monkey. He told us that man was not "thrown complete on the world, but that like Topsy, he "just growed." Man is the product of natural selection and the survival of the fittest.

Mrs. Lewis then dealt at length with Huxley's ethics, quoting freely from his works to show his beliefs. His ethics, in brief, are his theories of evolution carried into society. He believes that man inherits his passions and habits from his ancestors, the beasts.

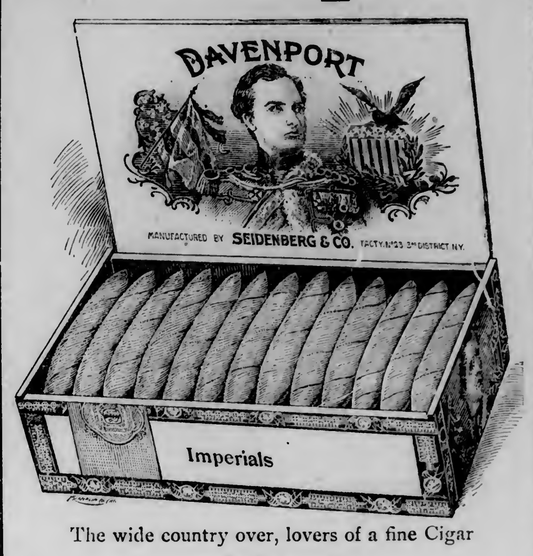
Mrs. Lewis' paper was listened to with much interest, and she was heartily applauded.

A general discussion followed in which several took issue with Huxley, especially on his agnosticism.

COCKROACHES are a nuisance. Exterminate them. **COOKELINE** will do it. 25c, extra size 75c, at all druggists.

The national standard in high grade Cigars is the Famous

Davenport



The wide country over, lovers of a fine Cigar prefer the superb

Davenport.

If your dealer don't keep it ask him to order a trial lot.

Sold Everywhere.

SAMUEL KAUFMAN.

Prominent Marquette Man Heavily Interested Here.

Elsewhere in this issue of The Herald will be found an advertisement of S. Kaufman's Rheumatic and Kidney Powder, a Marquette preparation of exceeding merit, and contrary to its usual custom The Herald feels impelled to say a few words about its inventor or discoverer.

Samuel Kaufman has for a long time been recognized as a prominent figure in Michigan, particularly in the Upper Peninsula, where his standing is in the front rank in business, social and political circles. He is also heavily interested in Duluth. At home he is connected with several banks and other business enterprises, and in all respects he is an enterprising and go-ahead citizen.

His rheumatism and kidney remedy is a proprietary medicine of far more than ordinary merit and is meeting with unbounded success wherever it is introduced, and it will undoubtedly find favor in Duluth. A pamphlet setting forth a large number of testimonials from people who are well known all over the country has been published, and at the home office there are hundreds of others equally as good.

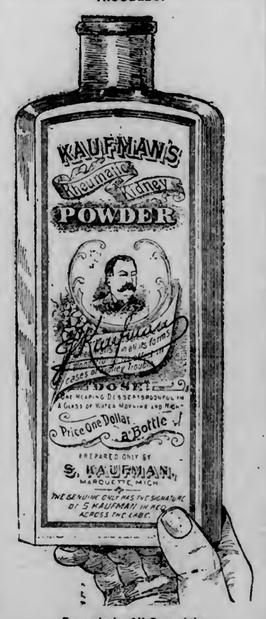
AN AFFIDAVIT.

This is to certify that on May 11, I walked to Melick's drug store on a pair of crutches and bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm for inflammatory rheumatism which had crippled me up. After using three bottles I am completely cured. I can cheerfully recommend it.—Charles H. Wetzel, Sunbury, Pa.

Sworn and subscribed to before me on Aug. 10, 1894.—Walter Shipman, J. P. For sale at 50 cents a bottle by all druggists.

A SURE CURE

FOR RHEUMATISM, KIDNEY AND STOMACH TROUBLES.



For sale by All Druggists.

Retailers supplied by the SAGAR DRUG CO., Wholesalers for Duluth, Minn.

"This Famous Remedy cures quickly and permanently all nervous diseases, such as Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Headache, Wakefulness, Lost Vitality, nightly emissions, evil dreams, impotency and wasting diseases caused by youthful errors or excesses. Contains no opiates. Tones nerve tonic and blood builder. Makes the pale and puny strong and plump. Easily carried in vest pocket. $1 per box; 6 for $5. By mail prepaid with a written guarantee to cure or money refunded. Write us for free medical book, sent sealed in plain wrapper, which contains testimonials and financial references. No charge for consultations. Beware of imitations. Sold by our advertised agents, or address NERVE SEED CO., Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill.

SOLD IN DULUTH, MINN., BY S. F. BOYCE AND BY MAX WIRTH DRUGGISTS.

THE TREMONT

12-14 LAKE AVENUE N.

CENTRALLY LOCATED.
ROOMS SINGLE AND EN SUITE.
STEAM HEAT.
BATHS ON EACH FLOOR.
ELECTRIC LIGHTS, ETC.
SERVICE UP-TO-DATE.

Try It!

SPECIAL RATES FOR THE WINTER.
Room and board $5 per week and up wards.

DULUTH TRUST CO.,

CAPITAL $130,000.

Surplus and undivided profits $10,000.

Will take entire charge of property for non-residents and others. Collect rents, pay taxes, Insurance, etc.

FRANKLIN J. PULFORD, Pres't,
EDWARD P. TOWNE, V. Pres't,
CALVIN F. HOW, Sec'y

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of two hundred thirty-three and 78-100 dollars interest, and the entire sum secured having become thereby due and payable, to-wit: Twenty-seven hundred and thirty-three and 78-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Sadie A. Aldrich and Thomas C. Aldrich, her husband, mortgagors, to Catherine M. Gleason, mortgagee, bearing date the 19th day of December, 1892, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 20th day of December, 1892, at 4 o'clock p. m. in Book 138 of mortgages on page 261; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots No. ten (10) and eleven (11) in block No. twenty-nine (29), London Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file in the office of the register of deeds in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 22nd day of April, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of twenty-seven hundred and thirty-three and 78-100 dollars and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 5, A. D. 1896.

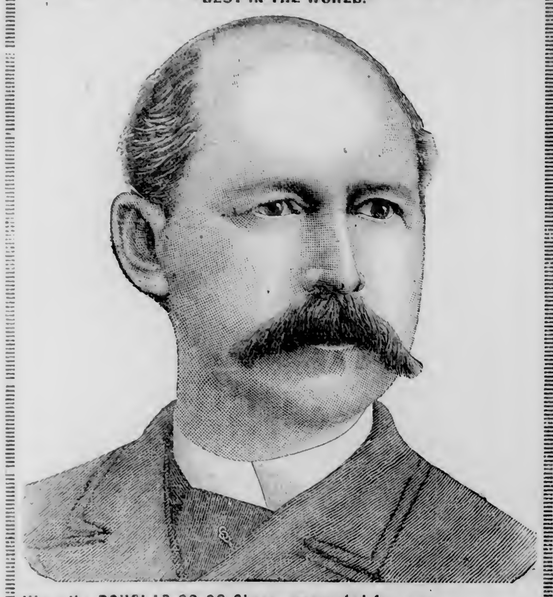
CATHERINE M. GLEASON,
Mortgagee.

WILLIAM C. WHITE,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Offices 703-8 Torrey Building,
Duluth, Minn.
March-10-17-24-31, April-7-14-21.

SUFFEL & CO.
129-131 W. Superior St.

THE DOUGLAS SHOES

"BEST IN THE WORLD."



Wear the DOUGLAS $3.00 Shoes, unequaled for wear.
Wear the DOUGLAS $3.00 Shoes, best fitting Shoe made.
Wear the DOUGLAS $3.00 Shoes, made in all the latest styles.
Wear the DOUGLAS $3.00 Shoes, you always get value for your money.
Wear the DOUGLAS $3.00 Shoes, every pair warranted.
The W. L. Douglas Shoes for Boys at $2 and $1.75; try them.
If you want the best value on earth for your money try the W. L. Douglas shoes.

Price of Men's $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $4.00.

FOR SALE ONLY BY——

SUFFEL & CO.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist. Palladio. Phone No. 9.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Fsore.

Frank M. Guthrie, who has been freight agent of the Lehigh Valley railroad at Duluth for several years, has just received an addition to his duties, being also made passenger agent. The Lehigh valley route is one of the most picturesque in the country, and the train service is unsurpassed.

The engagement of Miss Mary Schmeidler to Eugene C. Lamprecht, of Minneapolis, is announced.

The formal opening of the Catholic club took place last evening at the fine club rooms on West Fourth street. There was a large attendance, and a very pleasant evening was spent by all present. A short musical program, consisting of vocal solos by the Misses Shannon and Killilea, recitations by J. McKinnon, and an address by F. W. Sullivan, on "The Objects and Aims of the Club," closed the evening's entertainment.

The woman's auxiliary of the Unitarian church will meet with Mrs. Goffe, 1614 East Superior street, tomorrow at 3 o'clock.

Second papers were issued this morning to Karl Fredrikson and Alexander Sang, and they are now citizens of this country. Mr. Sang is a brother to Alderman David Sang.

Marriage licenses have been issued to John Gilbert and Caroline Pender, and to Martin D. Merrick and Lena Eliza Wiegerland.

The chamber of commerce will meet tomorrow afternoon. The committee appointed to investigate the sending of the lumber jacks to the Twin Cities will make a report, and the subject will be discussed. Other subjects will be discussed.

About fifty couples were present at the dancing party given by Professor Collins' class at the Masonic Temple hall last evening, and all were delightfully entertained.

The lake rate for grain to Buffalo is weaker today, though it still holds at 3 cents. Shippers are now bidding 2½ cents for July delivery, which is a new factor in the situation.

The funeral of David Vaugh, who died at St. Mary's hospital on Friday night from injuries received on Feb. 26, at the hands of some unknown person, will occur tomorrow afternoon. Services will be held at C. O. Nelson's undertaking rooms, 1823 West Superior street, at 1:30 o'clock, Rev. Mr. Dresser, of Grace Methodist Episcopal church, officiating. Interment will be at Forest Hill cemetery.

Miss Kading, dressmaker, is now located at 312 Temple Opera.

A lad named Albert Frantz, residing on Twenty-second avenue east, near London road, was run into yesterday afternoon by a bicycle ridden by R. C. Kruschke, sustaining a severe cut on the right ear and a general shaking up. The accident occurred on London road between Eighteenth and Nineteenth avenues east. Kruschke, it is claimed, was riding on the sidewalk at the time.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. William T. Smith, of 320 East Fourth street, received word last night of the death of her sister, Mrs. Moore, of Hornellsville, N. Y.

Henry E. Harris has returned from New York.

J. P. Joy, of Ashland, is in the city.

N. H. Clapp, of St. Paul, is in the city.

L. P. Graves, of Buffalo, is in the city.

Harris Richardson, of St. Paul, is at the Spalding today.

A. R. Colborn, of Michigan City, Ind., is in the city.

J. Culbert Faries, of Minneapolis, is in the city today.

Mrs. S. S. Fifield, of Ashland, is spending a week in Duluth, visiting Mrs. S. E. Peachey and other friends.

William M. Prindle left yesterday afternoon for New York and other Eastern points, and will be gone a month.

A. W. Harzman has returned from his Eastern trip.

Secretary Force, of the police department, is very ill.

Miss Minnie Kortin, of Escanaba, Mich., is visiting Miss Lucy Peterson.

E. W. Matter went to Chicago today.

Mrs. C. A. Britts left today for Osage, Iowa.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Merritt and Mrs. L. J. Merritt left this afternoon over the St. Paul & Duluth for San Diego, Cal. They will visit the Yosemite valley, and returning by way of Puget sound will stop at the Yellowstone park. L. J. Merritt will follow in a few days.

FREE PILLS.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of constipation and sick headache. For malaria and liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25 cents per box. Sold by Duluth Drug company, druggist.

We have the only padded vans in Duluth for moving furniture. We pay all damages caused by the carelessness of our men. Trunks delivered, 25 cents.

Duluth Van Company,
212 West Superior street.

GET OUR PRICES

Before getting moved. We can save you time and money. Trunks delivered, 25 cents. Office 212 West Superior street.

125 Sacks of "Duluth Imperial" Flour Given Away
===June 6th, 1896.===
Watch this space for particulars.

TAILORS

Meeting Called For This Evening to Talk Over Grievances.

Boycotts Are Established Against Two Shops and More May Come.

Sheriff Butchart is Afflicted With Too Many Religious People.

Affairs in the tailoring trade have reached a point, by reason of trouble with employes and slashing of prices, where it is felt that some concerted action is necessary to bring about a better condition of things, and to this end a meeting of the Merchant Tailors' exchange has been called and will be held at the St. Louis hotel this evening. The exchange is composed of the merchant tailors of Duluth and Superior, and they will bring their united wisdom to bear on a solution of the present difficulties, with the result probably that the arbitration board will be called on to adjust matters.

The Carlington Tailoring company is claimed to be responsible, apparently, for the present demoralization of rates, which has resulted in a reduction of prices to a point that makes it burdensome to pay the union scale, as a consequence of which some of the other firms have taken occasion to ignore their agreements with the union. This has led to retaliation in the form of boycotts, until the situation now is that two firms are under the ban and a third is at daggers drawn with its employes.

At the last meeting of the Trades assembly the case of the firm last referred to was brought up by the delegates from the Tailors' union in the form of a request for aid, and the assembly, in response thereto, appointed a committee to wait on the offending firm, a step that is only taken when the assembly believes that a cause of grievance exists and is usually preliminary to a declaration of war. Added to these troubles is the problem of meeting the secret cutting of rates that, it is more than suspected, is being resorted to, bringing about, on the whole, a condition of going from bad to worse. This, the merchant tailors feel, must be altered, even if some pretty severe disciplining has to be resorted to.

BELIEVES IN A LIMIT.

Sheriff Butchart Finds There is Too Much Gospel.

Sheriff Butchart is a believer in any attempts to reform or to evangelize his boarders at the county jail. Any member of Grace Methodist church, at the West End, will testify that the genial sheriff would not oppose any such effort—not in a thousand years. But he has come to the conclusion that there is such a thing as too much of a good thing, and there is going to be a reform in the methods of conducting services at the jail Sunday afternoons.

It is a regular thing for details from the various churches of the city to come up Sunday afternoons and hold services for the prisoners. The idea is no doubt an excellent one, and it has been productive of much good. But since Soular and Verill were sentenced to hang they have attained a morbid notoriety which usually follows such a sentence, and not only is the jail besieged with curious visitors, but the Sunday afternoon delegations from the churches have grown immensely, and while the sheriff does not wish to impugn the motives of the good people who are conducting these services, he cannot help feeling justified that morbid curiosity is responsible in a great measure for the large accessions in numbers.

Last Sunday there were sixty people from different churches, all holding meetings at the same time. The crowd was so large that the deputies had to relax the vigilance with which the boy murderers are usually watched. It is feared that some one, in such a large crowd, could slip in and hand the boys something which might cause mischief.

Therefore the sheriff will ask the churches to limit the number of people sent to hold these services to four or five, and to take turn about, so that there will not be several sets at the same time. If some arrangement is not made, a regulation will have to be enforced to the above effect.

Sheriff Butchart intends no disrespect by this request. He merely regards some action of this kind as necessary with prisoners of the nature of Soular and Verill to be guarded.

MONEY TO LOAN
LOWEST RATES—NO DELAY. ANY AMOUNT.
Stryker, Manley & Buck,
TORREY BLDG.

They May Settle.

The council committee on auditing and finance, together with the mayor, the president of the common council and the city attorney, to whom the council delegated the work of considering the offer made by G. W. Norton to compromise on assessments against the Norton property in West Duluth for the sum of $25,000 in cash, had a session in the council chamber today. It was determined to report in favor of accepting a sum somewhat higher than that named in the offer, the amount settled upon being in the neighborhood of $30,000.

Prompt delivery of trunks for 25 cents each. Duluth Van company, 212 West Superior street.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25 cents a bottle.

The six pianos sold last week from N. D. Coon's would indicate that people rather buy of a responsible house selling first class goods.

Kirk's
EOS
(In Powder Form)
The Great Universal Washing and Scrubbing Compound Has no Equal.
At All Grocers.

FINDS IT EXCESSIVE.

Crosley Park Valuation is Ordered Reduced.

Judge Moer yesterday afternoon filed findings in the matter of the proceedings of the state to enforce payment of delinquent taxes for 1892, which were contested by the Crosley Park Land company. Judge Moer finds that the valuation of $504 per acre placed on the land is excessive, and orders that it be reduced 25 per cent.

Judge Morris has filed findings in the cases of School District No. 5 against its treasurer, C. M. Nelson, and the State bank, to recover school funds entrusted in their hands. Nelson deposited the money held by him in the State bank, so both suits were really against that institution. Judge Morris ordered judgment for $2506.93 against the bank and $2349.75 against Nelson.

The creditors of Susman Cohen have been ordered by Judge Morris to show cause May 9 why the assignee's final account should not be allowed.

New so-called remedies spring up every day like mushrooms; but the people still cling to Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

QUICK LOANS—
6% WITH OUR INVALUABLE "On or Before" Repayment Plan. WITHOUT THE GOLD CLAUSE.
LOWER RATES FOR LARGE LOANS. BUILDING LOANS A SPECIALTY.
R. M. NEWPORT & SON, W. B. CHAPIN, Mgr. Providence Bldg.

ASSERTS HIS CLAIM.

S. F. Wadhams Filed His Bond This Morning.

Samuel F. Wadhams this morning filed his bond as assessor of the city of Duluth with County Auditor Halden. It is in the sum of $500 and has W. B. Silvey's name as surety. The bond recites that he was elected for two years and until his successor should be appointed and should qualify. No successor having been appointed and confirmed within the time required by law, Wadhams claims to hold over for two years more. He bases his claim on the fact that the mayor failed to report another selection to the council within a week after T. B. Hawkes' nomination was turned down.

Yes, the Gordon is the newest thing in hats. Seeing is believing. Believe.

Judge Morris' Court.

Judge Morris' court was the only one which showed any life this morning. He was hearing the arguments in the case of A. L. Newton against the Duluth Heights Land company, to recover for grubbing on Duluth Heights.

The Assessor's Books.

County Auditor Halden is preparing books for the assessors, of which the county has thirty-five, all of whom will be in April 25 to get their books. He has placed upon the books of the range townships the mineral lands held under state leases, using State Auditor Dunn's list for the purpose.

ALL FREE.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it free. Call on the advertised druggist and get a trial bottle, free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing. Duluth Drug company's drug store.

They heard the fluent talker
Until he blew his blast,
Although he thought he had them,
They bought of Coon at last.

FIRE DEPARTMENT HORSES FOR SALE.

Two large bay horses for sale. Apply to the chief engineer.

THE COURTESY OF A TRIAL.

The makers of the famous Davenport cigars are confident you will afterwards prefer it to all others. Sold everywhere.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair,
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

The Great Eastern Duluth.

Our Assortment of Spring Suits and Overcoats... —at—

$6.00 $8.00 $10
$12 $15 $18
$20

IS without a question the Greatest, most perfect and finest of any in the world, and we challenge America to equal the values we furnish.

You can save $5 to $10

Of the prices of any and all other clothing stores in the city and nearly half of the money you would have to pay a merchant tailor.

The Always Ready Suit

Is the handy 3 button sack. It is absolutely essential that every gentleman should have at least one of these suits. They are made this year in Fancy Cheviots, Homespuns and Scotch Woolen Stuffs. Our tailors who make these clothes put their best merchant tailor hands to work on them. They are equal, if not better than the suits your tailor asks $20 more for than we do. See ours, then the tailor's—and you'll come back.

Our Correct Coat.

This is an exclusive Covert, something that has all the earmarks of merchant tailordom—except the big price. It is an up-to-date smart looking top coat that cleverly combines negligee and dress, and gives to the wearer that prestige which is invariably associated with good clothes. Our prices:

$10.00 $15.00
$12.00 $18.00

M. S. BURROWS & CO.

Cut Flowers... Chicago Flooded With Them.

We took advantage of the overflow and bought 10,000 Roses and Carnations today. They will be on sale tomorrow forenoon at 11 o'clock.

Roses 10c a doz. Carnations 12½c a doz.

Panton & White, Glass Block Store.

HOUSES TO RENT.
1715 E. Superior Street, hot water heat, electric lights, all modern improvements, per month.....$40
Other houses in the East End from $15 to $50.
Money to loan on Real Estate.
THE DULUTH BANKING CO., 400 BURROWS BUILDING.

306 W. SUPERIOR STREET. TEL. 189
ELECTRIC WORK FIXTURES MOTORS AND SUPPLIES.
WIELAND ELECTRIC CO.
R. G. WIELAND, Manager.
305 W. MICHIGAN ST. DULUTH
HONEST WORK. LARGE STOCK. TRUST PRICES.

Economy is wealth,
But don't carry it to the extent of injuring your eyes with poor glasses, or neglecting to have them fitted when you cannot see fine print easily at night.

C. D. Trott
Optician.
106 West Superior st.

IF YOU WISH TO—
DRINK.....
A Choice, Wholesome, Palatable and Nourishing Glass of Beer—call for
FITGER'S BEER

Roses
Tea and Everblooming Right for $1
(Price Includes Pots.)

Carnations
At the old Price Per dozen $1

Four houses full of choice plants, nearly everything named in ordinary catalogues.
Everything clean, bright and attractive.
Visitors Welcome at All Times.
LINDSAY'S GREENHOUSES,
Fifty-second avenue east.
Lakeside Cars Stop at the Door.

R. A. BENSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY
Rooms 13-14 Exchange Bldg., Duluth, Minn. Telephone 650.
I am now prepared to submit a daily typewritten report of my operations in detail in any and all cases I may undertake. You then know what you are paying for. No guess work here. I shall endeavor to ascertain facts and facts only. No divorce cases handled. All matters strictly confidential. Remember I am here to stay, and while I am out of politics I am not out of the business. I am doing business every day in the week. Call, address or wire—
ROBT. A. BENSON,
13 and 14 American Exchange Bank Bldg. Duluth, Minn., Cor. 3d Av. W. & Sup. st.

WOOD!
PER CORD.
Dry Birch and Maple, 4 feet length..... $3.50
Dry Birch and Maple, sawed any length $4.25
Dry Birch and Maple, sawed and split... $5.00
Full measure guaranteed.

COAL!
We also handle the best grades of hard and soft COAL in the market. Give us a trial.
Duluth Fuel Co.,
220 W. Superior St., Herald Bldg
Telephone 190.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES AND JEWELRY AT HALF PRICE!
We will, for ten days, sell our entire stock of Fine Jewelry, commencing Wednesday, March 25th, at these extraordinary, unheard of prices.
Nothing reserved, everything goes at exactly half price. This sacrifice is due to want of money, and is an honest sale. You cannot afford to lose this chance.
Goods Sold for Cash Only.
E. C. REGLI,
Rooms 5 and 6, Second floor, 105 West Superior street.
OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL 9.

FREIMUTH'S
READING ADVERTISEMENTS IS PROFITABLE
IF YOU READ—
THE RIGHT SORT.
This store's ads. are peerless for astonishing bargains, and stand first—and only first—when it means money saving. Read our Bargain list for Tomorrow; you'll find it full of the most desirable offerings and all at prices to surprise and impress you with the fact that you get most for your money here.

Wash Goods.
50 pieces of Figured Batiste, all new and desirable shades and patterns, well worth 8c; sell Wednesday at.....5c
75 pieces of half wool Figured Challies, all desirable shades, exact copies of the 35c all wool Challies; they sell tomorrow at—per yard.....8c
15 pieces of Boston Crepon, all light shades, well worth 25c a yard; Wednesday's price, per yard.....12½c

Silks.
A great snap in Silks, Checked Taffetas, Figured Taffetas, Figured Chenes, French Failleslines, Striped Taffetas, Brocaded Satins; worth up to $1.00, Sell Wednesday at—per yard.....49c
Black Figured Damask, plain black Peau de Soie, black Melrose, black Satin Duchess, black Taffetas, black Bengalines; worth up to $1.25, sell Wednesday at—per yard.....75c

Dress Goods.
THESE VALUES ARE ONLY FOR WEDNESDAY.
Black Wool Figures, plain black Sicilian, Figured Mohair, black Satin Glace, Serges, Empress Cords and Henriettas, worth up to $1.25; sell tomorrow at...79c

Shirt Waists.
Women's Shirt Waists, made of good quality Percale, full size sleeves, great variety of colors, worth up to 65c; sell Wednesday at.....48c
Women's Shirt Waists, high collars, Bishop sleeves, double-pointed yoke back, made of Lawns or Percales, pretty colors; they are worth up to $1.50, sell tomorrow at.....89c
Notice—New arrivals of Tan Jackets, Silk Capes and Suits.

Umbrellas.
75 26-inch Black Gloria Silk Umbrellas, worth $1.50; sell Wednesday at.....$1.00
65 26-inch Black Silk Umbrellas, regular $2.00 kind, for tomorrow at.....$1.48

Towels.
50 dozen all-linen Huck Towels, with fast color borders, size 16x34; well worth 15c, sell Wednesday at.....10c
25 dozen hemmed Damask Towels, plain white and with fancy borders, a 20x38; a good 25c Towel, sells tomorrow at.....19c

A SALE OF SHOES
That Every Economist Should Attend.
Ladies' Tan Low Shoes, hand turn, worth $1.75; for—per pair.....$1.19
Ladies' Dongola Button Shoe, spring heel or regular heel, patent tip; per pair.....$1.39
Ladies' excellent quality Dongola Button Shoe, opera or square toe, tip, perfect fitting; a regular $2.50 shoe. Per pair.....$1.73
Ladies' hand turn Tan lace or congress Shoes, Rochester made; you cannot duplicate them for less than $3.50. Your pick at—per pair.....$2.00
Ladies' fine Dongola button or lace Shoe, needle, opera or square toe, patent leather tip; $3.00 value, now—pair $2.19
Ladies' elegant hand turn Shoe, lace or button, the thin flexible edge, in the latest shapes, superior stock and work-manship; $4.00 value—per pair.....$2.98
Misses' Dongola Button Shoes, spring heel, extra quality, patent tip, worth $1.75, now.....$1.39
Tan and Red Shoes for the same price.
Misses' finest hand turn sewed Button Shoes, spring heel, patent tip, handsomely trimmed—per pair.....$1.09
Children's superior quality Dongola Button Shoes, patent tip, sizes 8½ to 11, per pair.....$1.15
Children's Kangaroo Calf Button Shoes, box tip, sizes 8½ to 10½, per pair.....$1.00
Children's excellent Tan Button or Red Shoes, worth up to $1.75, now.....98c
Child's Dongola Button Shoes, patent tip, hand turn, spring heel, sizes 5 to 8, now.....69c
Infants' patent tip, hand turn, sizes 2 to 5, now.....48c

FREIMUTH'S

All Scalp Diseases
which make the hair fall and prevents new growth, are cured by us.
KNAUF SISTERS,
No 7 East Superior St.

HOTEL OLIVER. ELY, MINN.
Best accommodations on the Range. Newly furnished throughout. Charges moderate. Home comforts for Travelers; with good Livery in connection.
R. T. LAWRENCE, Prop.

A first-class meal served in the best style and at lowest prices at the SARATOGA RESTAURANT, 23 W. Superior Street
STEVE HART, Prop.

TEETH MUST SOMETIMES BE EXTRACTED!

The tooth is so badly decayed that filling or crowning could not save it for which there is no other remedy but the forceps. We extract teeth and guarantee to do it without pain. Being better equipped with the very latest improvements there is no argument on this point.
DR. SCHIFFMANN,
Top floor, front, Woodbridge Bldg.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

FOURTEENTH YEAR. WEDNESDAY, APRIL 15, 1896. TWO CENTS.

Young Men's Spring Suits

$8.00
$10.00
$12.00
$15.00
$18.00

There is a Beauty,
A set, a good dress effect about the examples which we are offering that make them exceptional.

The Latest Spring Hats
Another Shipment Just In.
$2, $2.50, $3, $3.50 and the world renowned Knox at $5

Wet Weather Helps.
Mackintoshes—Rubbers—Rubber Coats—Umbrellas—

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

The Big Duluth

125-127 West Superior Street.

Duluth Stove Repair Works.

C. F. WIGGERTS, 1136-1138 West Michigan Street.

General agents for the Peck-Williamson Heating and Ventilating company, Cincinnati.

FIRST CLASS FURNACES.
FIRST CLASS WORK.
LOW PRICES.
CALL AND SEE THE SAMPLE.

Favorite Furnaces are the best on the Market.

WE OFFER FOR ONE WEEK:
One Set Champer's Encyclopedia (Am. edition, sheep); One Set Dumas (half leather) and One Set Balwer (cloth) . . . . . Very Cheap
ALBERTSON, 330 HOTEL ST. LOUIS BLOCK.

DON'T FAIL TO SEE THESE WHEELS—
Windsor Bicycles
Bicycle repairing a specialty.
W. M. SPALDING, 17 Fifth Avenue West.
Patee Bicycles

L. MENDENHALL. ESTABLISHED 1869. T. W. HOOPES
Mendenhall & Hoopes,
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.
$12,500 TO LOAN ON IMPROVED PROPERTY.

COMMERCIAL LIGHT AND POWER CO.,
Successors to HARTMAN GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.
Furnish Electric Current for Light and Power.
Offices:
Rooms 4, 5, 6, 216 West Superior Street.

LUTES LAUNDRY
Try our patent wing point turner on your collars. No broken edges; Gives new finish to old ones.
Telephone your orders to Number 447

Office Supplies.
The only fine line in the city. Everything you want and all at Popular prices.
Chamberlain & Taylor's Bookstore
323 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

POLITICS

Kentucky Republicans Holding a Great State Convention at Louisville.

Bourbon State Republicans Are Divided But Bradley May Win.

A. P. A. Opposition to McKinley Hinted at---Nebraska Republicans Meet.

Louisville, April 15.—The gathering at the Auditorium this afternoon is expected to furnish abundant entertainment for the 1500 or more Republicans from all parts of the state who will be on the floor of the convention. Aside from the local controversies at issue, the novelty of the occasion is appreciated by the Kentucky Republicans and they are fully alive to the opportunity to display their bottled-up enthusiasm such as has occurred but seldom in their political life.

It is doubtful if such a degree of interest was ever aroused in any gathering of a similar character in the bourbon state. The lines between the factions are already clearly drawn, leaders and delegates are compelled from force of circumstances to take a decided position on the personal issues involved, and the earnestness with which the internal strife is waged, augurs no good for the future of Kenaucky's Republicanism, unless today's convention shall give one side an unquestionable domination. The influx of delegates from the country districts began in earnest this morning. So many district conventions were held in various parts of the state yesterday that many of the leaders and delegates were busy with their home fences up to the last moment.

Dr. William M. Hunter, the most active, if not the noisiest, anti-Bradley leader, got in this morning from Bowling Green, where he succeeded in placing two McKinley delegates. He and Mayor Todd and their following were busy all morning preparing for the fight they are to make on the floor of the convention when the state central committee announces the Bradley slate for temporary organization. This will recommend Judge T. Z. Morrow, of Somerset, the governor's brother-in-law for temporary chairman, and Fred Roberts, of Owensboro, for temporary secretary.

The anti-Bradley element will then nominate George Denny, Jr., for chairman from the floor of the convention and the first accurate information either side can have of its numerical strength will be furnished by the vote on these officers. The convention will meet at 2 o'clock, and it is not likely that any work beyond that of organizing will be done at the afternoon session. There are several badly tangled contests that will take up all the spare moments of the credentials committee, and this will probably be no delay in taking a recess until evening to allow this and other committees to get down to work.

The uncertainty of the situation has been heightened by the presence in the city of Judge J. H. D. Stevens, of Missouri; C. P. Johnson, of Illinois, and Mr. Senior, of New York, three members of the national advisory board of the A. P. A. They came into town unheralded and have been very busy making a canvass of the delegates to today's convention. Their influence, it is said, is being actively exerted against McKinley, who has a large number of instructed delegates and many friends among those who are uninstructed and who, it is acknowledged, will unite on the practically united anti-Bradley support. Under existing circumstances this A. P. A. movement is necessarily a pro-Bradley movement, for there are but two principals in the fight for supremacy today. However, the Bradley men disclaim any responsibility for the presence of the emissaries and deny that their endeavors are a part of the Bradley campaign.

The platform, which will not be reached until this evening, will reflect the views of the dominant faction. As the Bradley men seem reasonably certain of a safe working majority the declarations will undoubtedly favor protection, reciprocity and an unequivocal advocacy of the gold standard.

The Bradley managers have decided upon their slate for delegates-at-large. The selections are Senator W. J. Deboe, of Marion county; Col. Lew P. Tarlton, of Fayette county; Rev. S. E. Smith, colored, of Owensboro, and for the fourth man either Gen. E. H. Hobson, of Greensburg, or Col. Albert Scott, of Louisville.

The confidence of the anti-Bradley men has not reached such a degree as to lead them to decide upon the names of candidates for delegates. They say they will make their fight on the organization of the convention; that while they expect to win, they do not think it necessary beforehand to name their candidates for delegates. If they secure control of the convention, they say, they have plenty of good material from which to select their men in the national convention.

NEBRASKA REPUBLICANS.

They Will Meet in Omaha This Evening.

Omaha, April 15.—The Republican state convention will convene this evening to elect four delegates to the St. Louis national convention. The program to select McKinley supporters will be carried out, but there will be some opposition from friends of Gen. Manderson, but insufficient to disturb the slate as previously arranged.

The selection of at least three of the delegates-at-large will be but a question of putting the motion to elect by acclamation. John L. Webster, of Douglas county, L. P. Kenard, of Lancaster, and Peterson Jansen, of Jefferson, are selected. There is no opposition noticeable to their selection. As to the fourth delegate-at-large, there is still uncertainty.

Up to yesterday afternoon, the only apparent candidates were: Matt Dugagerty, of Ogalala, and E. B. Warner, of North Platte. By the arrival of the leaders of the Hall county delegation put an entirely new phase on the situation. The Hall county immediately projected George H. Trummell, of Grand Island, into the contest, and from a small beginning made late in the afternoon, the Trummell boom had grown to formidable proportions today. At this hour all interest in the contest centers on Daugherty, Warner and Thummell. So many of the delegates will not reach the city until late this afternoon that all propositions looking toward a caucus were abandoned. There will be Daugherty, Warner and Taummell caucus later.

There is a good deal of talk about a Sixth district caucus, and in spite of the rapidly growing Taummell sentiment, there are many expressions to the effect that if the Sixth district will agree upon a candidate the delegates of the remaining districts will ratify the choice. It will be difficult, however, to get the Sixth district into a caucus, and the whole contest will likely be settled by a roll call. The state central committee will meet late this afternoon. The contest from Thurston county will be listened to behind closed doors. It is the only contest before the convention, and the recommendations of the state central committee will doubtless be accepted by the convention. The contest will have no bearing on the work of the convention. The platform will be quite similar to that of the Ohio convention.

MISSOURI DEMOCRACY.

Holding a State Convention at Sedalia.

Sedalia, April 15.—Delegates to the Democratic state convention to nominate delegates to the national convention at Chicago were astir early in the morning. It is the largest convention in some years, and a great deal of enthusiasm prevailed. The different congressional delegates met in caucus and selected delegates for each district. These were later passed upon by the convention. As fully 95 per cent of all the delegates sent to the state convention were instructed for "free silver" at 16 to 1, practically no opposition was made to the caucus selection.

Believers in Congressman Richard Bland for presidential candidate were quietly pushing the boom of their candidate and the two factions from Kansas City, about all of whom are for free silver, but divided for and against Governor Stone, were working earnestly for some amicable settlement of their muddle. The convension will be called to order in Woods Opera house at noon by Charles C. Moffit, chairman of the state central committee. Fully 3000 delegates and visitors were present and the greatest enthusiasm prevails.

Chairman Maffit rapped the convention to order at 12:30. After divine invocation, ex-Congressman William Hatch was announced as temporary chairman, and Jeff Pollard, of St. Louis, temporary secretary. When Mr. Hatch stepped forward to make his speech he was granted an ovation. He made a speech, and throughout its delivery was cheered loud and long. The mention of Mr. Bland's name as one of the most valuable and faithful of Democrats, brought forth a flood of applause and cheers. He begged the leaders to stand by the doctrines of the Democracy, as laid down by its founder, and proposed that the Chicago convention would follow the lead taken by the Pertle Springs convention and adopt an unequivocal silver platform.

Whoever the nominee for president might be," he said, "if his platform be that of true Democracy there would not be a third party candidate." Mayor Hastings, of Sedalia, followed welcoming the delegates to the city.

During the progress of temporary organization, the two Kansas city delegations, which up to this time had not been admitted to the hall, were allowed to take their seats. Call of committees by congressional districts to name their selection for delegates and alternates was proceeded with.

A fight over the recognition of the St. Louis delegates as members of the resolution committee ensued. Judge Gibson, the Kansas City gubernatorial candidate, and a member of the Stone delegation, got the floor and made a spirited free silver speech and the white metal adherents was drowned with cheers and howls for recognition of gold men. Prospects of an endless wrangle soon became apparent. Somewhat of a sensation was caused thereafter when State Chairman Maffict leaned over the platform to speak to some one in the audience. Delegate Nicholas Bell, of St. Louis, dashed the dregs of a glass of water he was drinking into Maffitt's face.

COLORADO DEMOCRACY.

Silver Men Are in Strong Majority.

Denver, April 15.—The Democratic state convention was called to order in the Broadway theater at 11:30 today by Olney Newell, secretary of the state central committee, in the absence of Frank P. Arbuckle, the chairman, who is in Arizona. Mr. Newell read a message from Mr. Arbuckle regretting his absence, and saying that he was in sympathy with those Democrats who were fighting for the restoration of silver and concluding: "Manhood and self-respect are more to me than any federal office."

J. McAliney was chosen temporary chairman. Mr. McAliney addressed the convention briefly, declaring that a majority of the Democrats of Colorado believed the free coinage of silver to be the paramount issue before the country and expressing the belief that the national convention would declare for it without reference to the co-operation of other countries. The strength of the silver men in the convention was shown by the enthusiasm with which this remark was received.

John E. Brothers was selected temporary secretary. The selection of committees on credentials and order of business consumed the morning session. An unusual feature was the small number of woman delegates, there being but ten in the total representation of 463. The convention after appointing committees, adjourned until 2 o'clock.

CONNECTICUT DEMOCRATS.

New Haven, Conn., April 15.—The state Democratic convention will be held on June 10, at Hartford, to choose delegates at Chicago national convention.

MASSACHUSETTS DELEGATES.

Worcester, Mas., April 15.—Delegates to represent Third congress district in the Republican national convention were chosen today. They are: Smith, of Leicester, and Marin V. Jefferson, of Worcester. The alternates chosen are: Grauby A. Bridges, of Hopkinton, and James P. Crosby, of Worcester. The delegates were uninstructed.

CHICAGO MAN DEAD.

Chicago, April 15.—John T. Caumasero died this morning at his home in this city. He was one of Chicago's best known merchants.

NO CUT

Minnesota River and Harbor Appropriations Will Not Be Reduced.

Prospect That Some Items Will Be Increased By the Senate.

Questions Which Affect Indemnity Selections By the Manitoba Road.

Washington, April 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—The senate committee on commerce has had the river and harbor bill under consideration for several days, and some of the members of the house have been worried for fear that appropriations for their pet schemes might be cut by this committee. The Minnesota members, however, seem to be perfectly satisfied that no reduction in the appropriations for that state will be made, and if there is any change whatever, the appropriations are likely to be increased instead of reduced. Representative Towne, the Minnesota member of the river and harbor committee, says the appropriations for his state are too rockribbed to be cut in the senate committee, but that an effort will be made to have several items increased.

* * *

Acting Secretary of the Interior Reynolds today approved as a basis for patent school indemnity list No. 7, selected by the state of Minnesota on account of its grant, embracing 4595 acres of land in the St. Cloud district.

* * *

Acting Secretary of the Interior Reynolds today remanded the cases of Olson Aasen, Nilson Vangsnes and Erick Holum against the Manitoba railroad, from the St. Cloud district, to the commissioner of the general land office for a determination of whether the indemnity sections in which the land in controversy was included were made on account of the St. Vincent extension or main line losses, and also whether the selections named the losses to be covered, tract for tract, as required by the departmental regulations.

It is claimed by settlers whose entries were rejected for conflict with the company's selections that they were made as indemnity for losses in the limits of the extension grant, while the land selected is in the limits of the main line indemnity grant. The commissioner is directed to proceed according to his findings after investigating.

In the case of the same road against Luke L. Rowan and other settlers, in the same district, the commissioner is asked to furnish the department with information as to whether the indemnity selections including this land designated the losses, tract for tract, as required by the departmental rules.

GREEK GAMES END.

Olive and Laurel Wreaths For the Victors.

Athens, April 15.—Brilliant weather prevailed here today and the stadion was packed with people desirous of seeing the prizes awarded to the winners of the contests in the Olympic games just concluded. Upon the arrival of the royal party, Mr. Robertson, an American, delivered an ode on the games, using the modern pronunciation. Each of the winners of a first prize received from the hands of the king a wreath of wild olive from the olive trees of Olympia, according to the ancient custom, the proposition to bestow silver wreaths having been abandoned.

The winners of second prizes received laurel wreaths and all the winners received diplomas and medals. The prize winners then paraded in the stadion, the band playing the national air of each nation. Afterward the king proclaimed the close of the games. The greatest enthusiasm was manifested throughout the ceremony.

SPANISH ELECTIONS.

Some Wire Pullers Have Been Fined.

Madrid, April 15.—The election returns to date show the parties to be divided as follows: Conservatives, 818; Liberals, 87; dissenting Conservatives, 5; Independents, 11; Carlistes, 10, and Republicans, 3. Owing to irregularities in Madrid the presidents of the electoral bureau have been fined 100 pesetas each. Fines have also been inflicted upon the wire-pullers.

The Liberals elected in Madrid think of resigning, in connection with the suit for libel against the marquis of Cabrinana, who was instrumental in exposing alleged municipal corruption, and who, as a result, is being prosecuted by the municipal councilors. The marquis has been ordered to find bail, but it is believed he will prefer to go to prison.

ROUGH PASSAGE.

Steamship Majestic Buffeted By the Atlantic.

Queenstown, April 15.—The White Star line steamship Majestic, Capt. Smith, from New York on April 8, for this port and Liverpool arrived here at 7:30 o'clock this morning. She reports that on her first and second days out the strongest gales were encountered, heavy seas swept repeatedly over the steamship and the passengers were confined below. One sailor was lost.

THE TREASURY CONDITION.

Washington, April 15.—Today's statement of the conditon of the treasury shows available cash balance, $270,655,376; gold reserve, $127,081,983.

AN ARMENIAN CONSUL.

Washington, April 15.—The president today nominated Leo Burgholz, of New York to be consul of the United States at Erzeroum, Armenia.

JEALOUS HUSBAND.

Kills His Wife and Then Finishes Himself.

New York, April 15.—Frederick Merrick shot and killed his wife today in her bedroom at their home in Brooklyn. Then, standing before a mirror in an adjoining room, he fired a bullet into his right temple. Death was instantaneous in both cases. The couple, who were well-to-do, had been married six years and leave a child 5 years old. It is alleged that Merrick was suspicious of his wife, and had had a detective watching her for some time past.

About daybreak a woman in the house heard Mrs. Merrick cry out in an alarmed tone of voice: "Oh, Fred, what are you going to do? Are you crazy?"

Immediately the shots rang out in rapid succession. Then there was the sound of a body falling heavily to the floor. After this came a short pause, followed by another shot and the sound of a falling body. There were two bullet holes in Mrs. Merrick's temple, one in the center and the other a little to the right. A third bullet hole was almost exactly in the middle of her chest.

COOKS' CONVENTION.

National Convention in Cincinnati Elects Officers.

Cincinnati, April 15.—The national convention of cooks and waiters adjourned this afternoon to meet at Detroit Sept. 28. It was found necessary to have two sessions this year, because many are engaged now making summer contracts and are unable to attend the convention. A local union was organized here today with thirty-five charter members. The national headquarters were changed from St. Louis to Chicago, where the American Caterer will be published monthly hereafter, as the organ of the association by Vice President William C. Pomeroy, who is also managing editor.

The following officers were elected: President, J. H. Albers, Brooklyn; vice president, W. C. Pomeroy, Chicago; secretary, Frank Eggers, Chicago; treasurer, Edward Longhenry, Chicago; executive board, Henry Meisel, New York; P. H. Hamilton, Detroit; M. P. McSweeney, Denver, and Edward Longhenry, Chicago.

CONTESTED ELECTIONS.

Three Cases Decided By the House Committee.

Washington, April 15.—Elections committee No. 3 of the house today disposed of three contest cases, leaving but one to be acted upon by this committee. The contest between John A. Brown, Populist, vs. John M. Allen, Democrat, from the first Mississippi district, was decided in favor of Mr. Allen. A. L. Newman vs. J. V. Spencer, Seventh Mississippi district, was decided in favor of Mr. Spencer. The committee in the third case, that of Giles O. Pearce, Independent Labor, received 157 votes as against 47,000 for John C. Bell, Populist, and the latter was given the seat. This contest came from the Second district of Colorado. In each instance the action of the committee was unanimous in allowing the sitting member to retain his seat.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Lamoure and Robinson Claim a Big Majority.

St. Paul, April 15.—A special to the Dispatch from Fargo, N. D., says: The Lamoure-Robinson caucus was held in Odd Fellow Temple at 11 o'clock this morning and they claimed 328 delegates were present. This gives them an overwhelming majority. They agreed on Col. E. C. Geary, of Fargo, as temporary chairman, and passed resolutions against any federal office holder being made national committeeman. They then resolved to elect delegates to St. Louis at large, instead of by districts. They selected Johnson, of Richland; Devine, of Lamore; Satterly Waite, of Cass; Hanson, of Traill; Binganheimer, of Morton, and Hughes, of Burleigh.

This gives the Third and Sixth districts two delegates each, and frazes out the entire northern part of the state. The alternates are: Austin King, of Richland; George W. Soliday, of Foster; E. H. Kent, of Nelson; M. B. Cassel, of Steele; H. L. Dickinson, of Starke, and W. Cogswell, of Dickey. This will probably go through in the convention this afternoon.

OVER THE VETO.

New York's Senate Passes Greater New York Bill.

Albany, April 15.—The greater New York bill was passed by the senate over the vetoes of the mayors of New York and Brooklyn. The vote was 34 ayes to 14 nays. The assembly has still to act upon the vetoes.

SALVATION WARFARE.

Milwaukee, April 15.—It is announced that Booth-Tucker, who is to address two meetings in Milwaukee this evening, has prepared a reply to the statement issued by Ballington Booth with regard to his reasons for leaving the army. It is claimed that this reply is a complete refutation of the grievance set forth by Ballington Booth. The document will not be made public, however, until Booth-Tucker receives an answer to a message which he cabled Gen. Booth in London.

IOWA MEDICAL SOCIETY.

Des Moines, Iowa, April 15.—The State Medical society began its three days' annual meeting this morning at 10. The welcoming address was made by Hon. Sidney A. Foster, and the response by J. E. Emery of Des Moines. The convention will probably go to Marshalltown next year. Dr. F. S. Thomas, Council Bluffs, first vice president, is out for the presidency, and seems to stand the best show of election. It is rumored Dr. Cokonower, of this city, secretary of the society, will throw a bomb in the camp in a paper tomorrow, advocating very advanced views on certain lines of practice.

WOOD'S CASE DISMISSED.

Cincinnati, April 15.—When the case of William Wood, as an accomplice in the attempt to procure an abortion on the person of Pearl Bryan, was called today, the prosecuting attorney said the state had no evidence to warrant a trial, and Judge Gregg dismissed the case.

BANK WRECKER ESCAPES.

Des Moines, April 15.—Davies, the Peru bank wrecker, recently captured in New York, broke jail at Winterset last night.

TORRENTS

Michigan Families at the Cleveland Mine Have a Narrow Escape.

A Large Pond of Water Breaks Loose and Inundates the Town.

Families Driven to Upper Floors of Their Residences By Water.

Milwaukee, April 15.—A special to the Wisconsin from Ishpeming, Mich., says: A number of families at Cleveland, a small mining town near here, narrowly escaped death by drowning last night. A large pond, containing about fifty feet of water, broke through the embankment of the South Shore railway tracks and tore a path through a residence district.

The water rose to a height of ten feet within five minutes, driving the affrighted people before it. Many escaped by taking refuge on the upper stories of their houses.

The water finally found lodgement in the Cleveland Cliff company's sawmill mine, which was completely filled in ten minutes after the dam gave way.

The damage to residences and the mine will foot up about $12,000.

NICARAGUA'S WAR.

Belief That Zelaya Will Eventually Crush It.

New York, April 15.—The Herald correspondent in San Salvador says that Vice President Prudentio Alfaro has just returned from his special mission to Nicaragua to arrange a treaty of peace between the revolutionists and President Zelaya. He said: "In compliance with the instructions of my government, I called on both the revolutionary and the government parties. I was well received, but found it impossible to make any arrangement for peace. President Zelaya," he added, "has a strong support, and will eventually crush the rebellion.

VENEZUELAN WARSHIP.

Starts From La Guayara With Sealed Orders.

New York, April 15.—A special to the Herald from La Guayara, Venezuela, says: The Venezuelan warship Rivas, with troops on board, under the command of Gen. Baredas, has sailed from this port. The vessel steered an easterly course. Her commander has sealed orders. The sailing of the warship is regarded here as significant.

CHEATED THE GALLOWS.

Morris, a Murderer, Cut His Throat Today.

Xenia, April 15.—Charles Morris, the confessed murderer of Mr. and Mrs. Doutchett, committed suicide this morning by cutting his throat when told to get ready to go to Columbus to hang. Morris cut his throat with a razor. When the sheriff asked him to get ready he said "All right," and turning around made the cut and died before a doctor could get to him. The sheriff believes Morris had the razor concealed in his cell since he was put in jail. Morris was tried eight years ago for murder and was acquitted.

While in the penitentiary as a burglar, and thinking he was about to die from a self-inflicted wound, he confessed to the murder. Another trial for murder followed.

RACING AT NEWMARKET.

Newmarket, April 15.—There were eleven starters in the race for the Brabraham plate of 500 sovereigns. Prince Soltykoff's Sail won, Mr. Aumont's Domeuse was second, and Lord Derby's Diggle Bay, third. P. Lorillard's Pigeon Wing was among the thirteen starters for the Maiden plate, 102 sovereigns, but was not placed. L. D. Rothschild's Brigg won, with E. C. Clayton's Fast, second, and T. Cardwell's Geddiko, third.

In the race for the Column Produce stakes of 20 sovereigns each, with 30 sovereigns added, there were six starters, and L. D. Rothschild's St. Frusquin won; Prince Soltykoff's Santa Australian, second, and Lord Hindlip's Breehin, third. Among the entries was Foxhall Keene's bay filly Faustina.

WARM IN BOSTON.

Boston, April 15.—The thermometer at the United States signal station at the top of the postoffice building registered 81 degrees above zero at 2 o'clock this afternoon. April 18, 1872, is the only day of April, in twenty-five years, which has equalled this high mark.

A DETROIT BLAZE.

Detroit, Mich., April 15.—The fire at an early hour this morning consumed the entire plant of the Michigan Beef and Provision company and its contents, including 8500 hides, 200 tons of tallow, 200 carcasses of beef, tools and machinery. The total loss is placed at between $85,000 and $90,000; insured for $60,000.

BURNED TO DEATH IN BED.

Falls Village, Conn., April 15.—Bertha Dakin, 2, and Alice Woodin, 9, grandchildren of Nelson Bishop, with whom they lived, were burned to death in their bed last night. Mr. Joseph managed to escape after being seriously burned.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Queenstown—Arrived: Majestic, New York, for Liverpool.

New York—Arrived: Steamer Teutonic, Liverpool.

Hamburg—Arrived: Steamer Patria, New York.

OBJECT

Leading Spanish Paper Discusses the Appointment of Fitz Hugh Lee.

Does Not Think Him a Proper Consul General For Havana.

Believes Gen. Weyler Will Not Let Him Visit the Insurgent Lines.

New York, April 15.—A special to the World from Madrid says: The Spaniards are so much engrossed in their elections that only a few papers have commented upon the appointment of Gen. Fitz Hugh Lee as consul general to Havana. El Imparcial, alone, in a telegram from Washington, challenges the expediency of the selection of such a representative by President Cleveland. However, Gen. Lee will certainly be granted the ordinary consular exequatur by the Madrid government, unless the Spanish minister at Washington finds grounds to object to his appointment. The colonial authorities in Cuba will also afford Gen. Lee all the facilities usually granted to foreign consuls within customary limits of their consular mission and duties.

Gen. Weyler alone can determine how far the new American consul general can be allowed to go over Cuba or report on the situation. In any event Gen. Lee will probably not be allowed to visit the insurgent lines. His predecessor, Consul Williams, has been often bitterly criticised in the Madrid press for having exceeded the instructions of the American government to claim indemnities for American citizens and to insist on an exact fulfillment of the convention of 1877 which expressly stipulated that Americans would never be tried by court-martial, but always by the civil courts, with the assistance of civil counsel, even for alleged complicity in the present civil war.

Many Madrid papers asked that the Cuban and Porto Rico elections be annulled, but the government is not in the least likely to listen to it. The Liberals and Republicans and the ministerial press again deny that President Cleveland has taken any steps, by note or otherwise to sound the Spanish government upon Cuba.

MINNESOTA CROPS.

Very Little Seeding Done During the Week.

Minneapolis, April 15.—The weekly bulletin for the week ending April 13 says: All varieties of weather have occurred during the week, which began with a cool spell, attended by rain, and sleet, and ended with warm showers accompanied by thunder. The excess of moisture, amounting to between half an inch and an inch and a quarter, has caused the top soil to become too wet to be worked, and but very little seeding has been done anywhere during the week, and in the north two-thirds of the state none whatever. Streams and sloughs have more water in them than for several years back, and the roads are very muddy, being in places almost impassable.

Drying weather is now needed, and the farmers are impatient to get to work in their fields. Although it is too early to be sure regarding fruit, winter grain and grasses, it is generally thought they have come through the winter in good shape. Garden peas and spinach were planted last week by some farmers in Hennepin county. The run of maple sap has been improved by the rains. Grass and winter rye have started nicely in the south half of the state, but the ground is yet brown in the north half, and still covered with patches of snow.

NO STEEL RAIL POOL.

Cleveland, April 15.—It is learned that a secret meeting of the steel rail makers was held here yesterday for the purpose of effecting a general pooling. The meeting adjourned last night, after an all day session, without having reached an agreement, and most of the manufacturers left for home. It is understood that the failure to reach an agreement was principally owing to the demands of the Consolidated Steel and Wire company and the Illinois Steel company, for larger proportions of the output than the others were willing to concede.

THE ROYAL TOUR.

Vienna, April 14.—The emperor and empress of Germany and their suites arrived here from Venice at 10:15 a. m. Emperor Francis Joseph and the Archduchess Maria Josefa met their majesties at the railway station and warmly greeted them. The visitors and their host were driven to the Hofburg and were enthusiastically cheered by the crowds in the streets between the railway station and the palace.

FRENCH CUSTOMS RECEIPTS.

Paris, April 15.—The French customs receipts for the first three months of 1896 show increases over 1895 for the imports to the amount of 145,000,000 francs, and exports, 45,000,000 francs.

From Birth

to death man is but organized dust supported by the energies of fuel-foods, of which (barring its bad taste) Cod-liver Oil is, by all odds, the best." So says a famous English physician.

In Scott's Emulsion, the bad taste of the Cod-liver Oil is completely overcome, making it the perfect food and remedy in consumption, anemia, and all forms of wasting complaints. It digests and agrees where other foods repel. No other emulsion is "the same," none "just as good."

50c. and $1.00 at all druggists.

DANGER IN WATER.

Why People Should Be Careful What They Drink Especially at This Time of Year.

"Do you know that there is a dangerous poison in half the water we drink?"

It was an eminent professor of natural science who recently made this startling remark. "I am only stating a fact," he continued, "when I assert that in the springtime nearly all our drinking water contains traces of poisonous vegetable matter. We drink this water, the poison gets into our systems and it is largely the cause of so many people feeling weak, worn out and sickly at his season.

"Do I recommend boiling the water? No, I do not, for while that may kill the disease germs it does not remove them. A far better way is to use pure whisky with it. The best physicians in America unhesitatingly declare this, but—and bear this most carefully in mind—it must be pure whisky, for impure whisky is worse than impure water."

The professor is certainly right and he might have appropriately added that scientific men are also fully agreed that no whisky used in America today is so chemically pure or so free from fusel oil as Duffy's pure malt. It has successfully stood the rivalry of all other whiskies. Why? Simply because it has done wonders for people who needed strenukth, vigor and vitality. Thousands testify to the great benefit derived from taking it. Leading physicians say it is undoubtedly the best thing for counteracting the evil effects of poisonous water. They also endorse it as the best remedy for tired feelings and spring weakness. As there are many inferior imitations of Duffy's pure malt, care should be taken, when purchasing, to see that none of these is substituted by the dealer.

CATTLE INSPECTION.

New and Rigid Bill Favored By Senate Committee.

Washington, April 14.—The senate committee on agriculture today authorized Senator Warren to make a favorable report upon the animal industrial bill. The bill is a recodification of the existing laws bearing on the subject of animal and meat inspection, with numerous important additions. Among the additions are provisions for the extirpation of infectious and contagious diseases, the transportation of live stock and the prevention of exportation or importation of diseased stock in the direct charge of the bureau of animal industry. Stock exposed to contagion, as well as those already affected, are included within the inhibitions of the bill.

Transportation companies are forbidden under a penalty of $1000 from receiving or shipping infected animals for interstate commerce. The owners of cars or pens which have contained diseased cattle are required to disinfect them thoroughly. Veterinary inspection of live stock whose meat is to be exported is exacted, and shippers of meat products are required to mark plainly the packages, so as to indicate the species of the animal. No slaughter of animals at abatoirs having government inspection is to be allowed on Sunday or holidays, or at night in the absence of an inspector. Inspectors are authorized to condemn such animals or carcasses as are found to be diseased, and if necessary to destroy them. It is made unlawful to import carcasses of diseased cattle or other live stock which have not been inspected or certified. The secretary of agriculture is authorized to maintain at the expense of the United States microscopical examinations of swine carcasses at the time of slaughter, whenever and wherever he may deem it expedient, especially with reference to hog meat intended for export. Provision is made for sending veterinary surgeons to districts where horses, cattle or hogs are suffering from infectious diseases. Penalties for disregard or disobedience of the law are provided in all cases, and in several instances fines amounting to $5000 are imposed.

TILLMAN IN COLORADO.

South Carolina's Political Head is in Denver.

Denver, April 14.—Senator Tillman, of South Carolina, arrived in Denver at 7:30 this morning. He was met at the train by leading Democrats and was escorted to the Brown Palace hotel, where he met the committee of reception. The general public reception will be held at the Brown Palace hotel, and tomorrow night he will address the state Democratic convention.

Senator Tillman said this morning: "I have discovered a much stronger spinal column among the silver Democrats. In fact, heretofore, it has been a sort of jolly affair; pressure at home among the constituents of congressmen and senators, and the necessity for progressive action has produced a great change. Men who would not speak to me in December are growing more chummy all the time. There is only one trouble," he continued, "only one reason why we are all being harrassed with doubt, and that is some silver men hate to quit the old parties, and the feeling of loyalty holds them back."

"The outlook is altogether favorable for the Democratic convention to be controlled by the free silver wing. The senator will probably not leave Denver until next Thursday.

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

BATTLESHIP INDIANA.

Special Board Makes a Satisfactory Report.

Washington, April 14.—The special board, consisting of Capt. Picking, Constructor Varney and Chief Engineer Ross, which was appointed to make the trip from Port Royal to Hampton roads on the Indiana, and thus make the final inspection of that vessel, has submitted its report to the navy department. The board finds that there is no weakness or defect in the machinery of the Indiana.

The ship left Port Royal at 6:52 o'clock, on the morning of the 10th, arriving at Hampton roads at 10:10 p. m. on the 11th—forty hours. On the 10th steam was made on four boilers, and with very poor coal the ship made 13.6 knots for two hours under natural draft, with 104 revolutions. The horse power developed was nearly 6000, a very good performance under the conditions. The ship handled well in every particular with a remarkable absence of heavy rolling, the maximum roll under a broadside sea being 20 degrees.

EXPLODED

Two Fireworks Employes Killed Near Chicago This Morning.

Six Other Employes Were Seriously Injured in the Two Explosions.

Building is Wrecked and All in it Were Injured Somewhat.

Chicago, April 15.—One of the main buildings of the Chicago Fire Works company at Grosse Point, fourteen miles north of this city blew up this morning, resulting in the death of two employes and the serious injury of six more. The dead are:

Nicholas Bore.
Annie Bore.

The injured are: Chauncey Siemy, Rosa Mertens, Lizzie Shafter, Katie Tallman, Emma Simpske, Annie Kressant.

The cause of the explosion is not known, but it is supposed to have been caused by some grains of powder being ignited by concussion in the machinery used in making the works. The explosion occurred about 9:30 o'clock.

The first discharge blew over the side of the building. A moment later there was another explosion which shattered the roof. As yet the remains of the young woman have not been found, and it is believed she was blown to pieces. Her brother was horribly mangled.

Several others were so badly burned and lacerated that it is feared they will die. There were eight persons at work in the building at the time, not one of whom escaped injury.

The five girls, Rose Mertens, Lizzie Shafter, Katie Tallman, Emma Simpske and Anna Kressant were quickly removed to neighboring homes where their wounds were cared for. Most of them had nearly all of their clothing torn or burned off.

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

LONDON WEDDING.

German Officer Married to an English Girl.

London, April 15.—Baron Von Ekaditth, military attache of the German embassy, was married to Miss Grace Maple, daughter of Sir J. Blundel Maple, at St. Albans abbey today. The bishop of St. Albans officiated. The ceremony was fully choral and the nave of the abbey was beautifully decorated with white flowers and ferns and palms. The guests included nearly all the members of the diplomatic corps of London and notabilities. There was luncheon after the ceremony in a markee on the lawn at Childwickbury, St. Albans, the seat of afterwards started for the duke of Alba's Sir J. Blundel Maple. The bridal couple chateau near Seville, Spain. The bride and groom received a number of handsome presents.

NEW JERSEY POLITICS.

Republicans Hold a State Convention Tomorrow.

Trenton, N. J., April 15.—Preparations are nearly completed for the holding of the Republican state convention in this city tomorrow to elect four delegates-at-large and two delegates from each of the eight congressional districts in the state to the national convention at St. Louis.

The delegates-at-large, probably will be United States Senator Sewell, of Camden; Hon. Garreta Hobart, of Passaic; Chairman Franklin Murphy, of Newark, and ex-Congressman John Keane, of Elizabeth. It is expected that the convention will instruct for McKinley.

NEWMARKET RACES.

Lorillard's Horse Ran But Was Not Placed.

Newmarket, April 15.—This was the second day of the Newmarket Craven meeting. In the 2-year-old plate of 200 sovereigns, Pierre Lorillard's Lame Rook ran with four others, but was not placed. Lord Rosebery's Harrangue won; Sir Arundel Maple's Sardius second, and Mr. Griffith's Confusion, third.

MOVEMENTS OF PUGILISTS.

London, April 15.—Mysterious Billy Smith will be a passenger on board the Cunard steamer Gallia, which will sail from Liverpool tomorrow for Boston. He is booked to fight "Kid" McCoy twenty rounds for a purse at Woburn, Mass., May 4. "Dan" Creedon has postponed his return to America, owing to hearing that Peter Maher's manager is arranging for a match between Maher and Creedon, the fight to take place in England. "Tom" Tracy has challenged the winner of the Burge-Lavigne fight and Burge has already accepted.

OLD FIRE CHIEF DEAD.

Omaha, April 15.—Ex-Fire Chief John Calligan died last night at his residence of consumption. For twenty-five years he served as Omaha's fire chief and was probably one of the best known fire fighters in the West. Last year his health forced him to retire.

ROYALTY WEDDED.

Vienna, April 15.—Count Von Lamberg and Princess Dorothea Von Hohenlohe, youngest daughter of Prince Constantine Von Hohenlohe Schillingfurst, were married here today. Cardinal Gruscha, archbishop of Vienna, officiated.

A FALSE DIAGNOSIS.

La Grippe is confounded by many persons with a severe attack of catarrh, which in some respects resembles the former. These individuals suffer severely with pain about the forehead, eyes and ears, with soreness in throat and stoppage of the nasal passages, and, in fact, are incapacitated for work of any kind for days at a time. These are catarrhal sufferers. Ely's Cream Balm has been used with the best results in such cases. The remedy will give instant relief.

FRAUD CHARGE WITHDRAWN.

London, April 14.—In the suit of the Times against the Central News, which furnished dispatches to a certain news agency in the United States, demanding the return of money which had been paid by the Times to the Central News for telegraph matter, alleged to have been fabricated or unduly expanded, the news agency submitted to a verdict for nominal charges and costs, the Times withdrawing its charge of fraud.

ELECTION DISPUTE SETTLED.

London, April 14.—The proceedings in the recriminatory petition brought by H. H. Marks, member of parliament for St. George's division, against J. Williams Benn, and all other proceedings in this now famous election case, have been dropped, Mr. Benn withdrawing his plea for a scrutiny of the votes and paying Mr. Marks, who was formerly a New York newspaper man, £10,000 for satisfaction and costs.

THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Lieut. Hambright, Twenty-second Infantry, stationed at Fort Yates, was thrown from his horse yesterday morning and probably fatally injured. He has been unconscious since the accident occurred.

This is what it costs each druggist in the state of North Dakota in order to get a permit to sell intoxicating liquors under the present prohibitory law: Permit, $5; attorney's fees, $5; advertising, $5.50; record book, $1.50; druggist's affidavits each month during the year, including the necessary blanks and notary fees, $72; government revenue license, $25; making a total of $117. This is a small sum in comparison to what a saloonkeeper has to pay for government and city license, and yet some druggists carry on a regular saloon business except that it is all whisky and no mixed drinks. This is what the prohibition law is doing for North Dakota.

Governor Roger Allin and wife passed through Grand Forks en route from Bismarck to his farm near Grafton, where he will remain two or three weeks. His stay, however, will depend on the decision of the supreme court regarding the assessing of unorganized townships. There is some talk that he may have to return to Bismarck sooner to consider the necessity of calling an extra session of the legislature. If the supreme court should decide that unorganized townships cannot be legally assessed, then a special session of the legislature may be called to pass a bill of relief. The action of the Walsh county Republican convention in selecting him as a delegate-at-large to head the Walsh county Republicans in the state convention at Fargo is considered a well-deserved compliment to the governor and pleases him very much.

Superintendent C. H. Jenks, of the northern division of the Great Northern railway system at Grand Forks, has been promoted to the position of general superintendent of the Montana Central with headquarters at Great Falls, for which point he left last evening very much to the regret of many friends and citizens of Grand Forks. Superintendent Jenks' administration of the northern division with headquarters in this city, has been eminently satisfactory. As this new appointment is in the nature of a promotion it is a well-deserved and merited recognition of faithful service to the company. Superintendent Jenks has been in the service of the Great Northern Railway company for the past twenty-six years, and has engaged in no other business or occupation. His whole time has been devoted exclusively to the interest of the Great Northern. His retention by the company for so many years is an evidence of the full appreciation of the company of past faithful service.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

The Sisseton Indians around Wilmot are very indignant and have refused to accept a payment of $18,800 tendered to them by the Indian office, which would give them only $9 per capita. There is now due them $30,000 of interest money, and they have asked for this amount to liquidate their debts and buy seed grain to put in their crops this spring. They have had no payment made them for over a year, and say now they may as well starve without these $9 as with this small amount. A council is being held, and an appeal will be forwarded by them to President Cleveland to do them justice and afford the necessary relief.

The quarterly report of the insane asylum at Pierre shows a total of 291 inmates with a increase of five since Jan. 1. The number of deaths (10) is greater than for any past quarter. There is now due to the insane asylum fund from the different counties $18,381.

Letters have been sent out to county auditors from Yankton asking for information as to telephone companies. In the last list but three or four companies have reported to the state board for assessment, but a number of new companies have been organized and will come in for assessment this year.

The Presho County Argus reports a number of farmers in that part of the state planting mustard seed. It will be a profitable crop to them if the yield amounts to anything. One Sully county farmer has been raising nothing but mustard for several years and says it beats wheat or any small grain. He counts his return at from $10 to $15 per acre.

Cattlemen report cattle hard to get this year near Pierre. A number have gone south to make purchases and have returned empty handed. The cattle could be secured, but at prices which would wipe out profits, and then only in small bunches. Title will result in a much smaller number of young cattle being placed on the range this spring than for several years. The estimated loss for the past winter is one per cent, which is small when it is to be the loss from climatic conditions for any past year since this range has been opened to settlers. The grass on the range has also started and a few days' warm weather will insure pasturage for the whole season.

The lakes near Castlewood that were so near going dry last year, are full of water this spring. Poinsett has raised four feet and is still rising.

LIGHTWEIGHTS TO FIGHT.

New York, April 15.—The Eureka Athletic club, of Long Island city, will be the next in the field with a boxing entertainment. One week from tonight four bouts will be presented in the arena of that club, chief of which will be a twenty-round contest between Tommy Dixon, of St. Paul, and Johnny Lavak, of Cleveland. The winner of this bout will be matched to fight George Dixon, featherweight champion of the world.

INCREASING FRENCH FORCES.

Paris, April 15.—The Evenment learns, it says, that in view of possible events in the Soudan, orders have been issued to increase the supplies and armaments of the French military posts in South Algeria, Tunis, Senegal and Timbuctoo.

EVA BOOTH IN COMMAND.

Toronto, Ont., April 15.—Miss Eva Booth, youngest daughter of Gen. Booth, has been appointed commander of the Salvation Army in Canada and New Foundland.

MICHIGAN SCHOOL BURNS.

Saginaw, Mich., April 15.—The Central school building on the west side was burned this morning. It was built in 1868 at a cost of $9000. Building and contents were insured for $7000.

DECORATIONS BESTOWED.

Vienna, April 15.—Emperor Francis Joseph has bestowed the order of the Golden Fleece upon the German chancellor, Prince Hohenlohe, and Emperor William has decorated Count Golouchowski, the Austrian minister for foreign affairs, with the order of the Black Eagle.

We Make Wheels Too!
Eldredge & Belvidere.
They are the lightest Running Wheels on Earth and Strictly High Grade.
We Always Made Good Sewing Machines! Why Shouldn't We Make Good Wheels?
QUALITY GUARANTEED THE BEST
Marshall-Wells Hardware Co.
DULUTH, MINN.
NATIONAL SEWING MACHINE CO., BELVIDERE, ILLS.

You only get of other good tobaccos 3 1/3 ozs. for 10 cents.

You get of "Battle Ax" same quality, 5 1/3 OZS. for 10 cents.

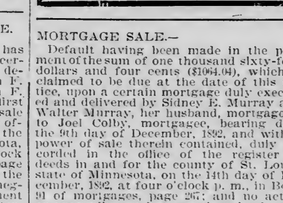
BattleAx PLUG

A GREAT BIG PIECE FOR 10 CENTS

You get over 2 ounces more of "Battle Ax" for 10 cents than any other tobacco of the same grade. These two ounces really cost you nothing, and the 5 cent piece is nearly as large as you get of other high grades for 10 cents.

WEAK MEN

Instant Relief. Cure in 15 days. Never returns. I will gladly send to any sufferer in a plain sealed envelope FREE a prescription with full directions for a quick, private cure for Lost Manhood, Night Losses, Nervous Debility, Small Weak Parts, Varicocele, etc. Enclose the medicines for sale. Address, G. B. Wright, Box 1209, Marshall, Mich.



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Use it and pay if satisfied.
Address VON MOHL CO. 39 B, Sole American Agents, Cincinnati, Ohio.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Notice is hereby given, that default has been made in the conditions of that certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Henry P. Wade and Sarah F. Wade, his wife, mortgagors, to John F. Craig, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of June, 1895, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, on the 4th day of June, 1895, at 8:40 o'clock a. m., in Book 155 of mortgages, on page 35, which default continued to the date of this notice, by the failure and neglect of said mortgagor to make payment of the sum of five hundred dollars, interest, said amount secured, which by its terms became due and payable on the first day of December, 1895.

And whereas the said mortgagee and holder of said mortgage has elected and hereby does elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas, there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of ten thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars, and whereas the power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, to-wit: The northwest quarter of the northwest quarter (nw¼ of nw¼), the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter (se¼ of nw¼), the northwest quarter of the northeast quarter (nw¼ of ne¼), the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter (sw¼ of ne¼), the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter (nw¼ of se¼), the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter (se¼ of nw¼ of se¼), the northwest quarter of the northeast quarter (nw¼ of ne¼ of se¼), the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter (nw¼ of se¼ of se¼), the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter (se¼ of se¼), all in section thirty-five (35), township fifty-one (51) north, range fourteen (14) west of the fourth (4th) principal meridian, and containing two hundred and twenty (220) acres, more or less, according to the United States government survey thereof in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 14th day of May, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of ten thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and one hundred dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated April 1st, A. D. 1896.

JOHN F. CRAIG,
Mortgagee.

WILLIAM C. WHITE,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-1-8-15-22-29-May-6-13.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

Municipal Court, City of Duluth.

Nicholas H. Witt,
Plaintiff,
vs.
John A. Farrell and H. C. Farrell,
Defendants.

The state of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which is filed in the office of the clerk of the municipal court, city of Duluth, county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office in the Torrey block, Duluth, Minnesota, in said county, within ten days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated February 18th, 1896.

SCHMIDT, REYNOLDS & MITCHELL,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
March-11-18-25-April-1-8-15.

MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of one thousand sixty-four dollars and four cents ($1064.04), which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Sidney E. Murray and Walter Murray, her husband, mortgagors, to Joel Colby, mortgagee, bearing date the 9th day of December, 1892, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, on the 16th day of December, 1892, at four o'clock p. m., in Book 91 of mortgages, page 267; and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and covered by the same, to-wit:

All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point four hundred sixty-three (463) feet south of the north line and six hundred sixty (660) feet east of the west line of section number six (6), township number fifty (50) north of range number thirteen (13), thence running east six hundred ninety-three and two-tenths (693.2) feet, thence running south three hundred thirty (330) feet, thence running west six hundred ninety-three and six-tenths (693.6) feet, thence running north three hundred thirty (330) feet to place of beginning, containing five and one-fourth acres of land, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said county of St. Louis, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 1st day of May, 1896, at ten o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, insurance and taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars ($50) attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 18, 1896.

JOEL COLBY,
Mortgagee.

DRAPER, DAVIS & HOLLISTER,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.
Herald—March-18-25-April-1-8-15-22.

MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage dated the 13th day of November, 1888, duly executed and delivered by Anna Pawcett and Joseph Pawcett, her husband, of the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, to the Duluth Building and Loan Association, of the same place, and filed for record in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 15th day of November, 1888, at nine o'clock a. m. of that day and duly recorded in Book "K" of mortgages on page 410, by which default the power of sale contained in said mortgage has become operative.

And whereas there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice, the sum of nine hundred and forty-nine and 30-100 ($949.30) dollars and the sum of seventy-five ($75) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in said mortgage, viz: Lots number seven (7) and eight (8), in block number one hundred and thirty (130), Portland Division of the city of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, all in St. Louis County, Minnesota, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and the taxes, if any, on said premises and seventy-five ($75) dollars attorney's fees and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the sheriff of St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, and in said county and state, on the 23rd day of April, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 11th, 1896.

THE DULUTH BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,
Mortgagee.

JOHN E. DAVIES,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
March-11-18-25-April-1-8-15.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Lela Daggett,
Plaintiff,
vs.
Albert S. Congdon, Winifred N. Congdon, Charles A. Towne and Maude W. Towne,
Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 29th day of February, 1896, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, sheriff of said St. Louis county, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Tuesday, the 21st day of April, 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All the tracts or parcels of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot four (4) and the west half (w½) of lot five (5), in block eight (8), Hunter's Park, First Division, according to the recorded plat thereof in the office of the register of deeds for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota.

Dated March 3, 1896.

W. W. BUTCHART,
As Sheriff of St. Louis County,
By AMOS SHEPHARD,
Deputy.

HENRY S. MAHON,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
March-4-11-18-25-April-1-8-15.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Frank Hibbing and Alexander J. Trimble, co-partners as Hibbing and Trimble,
Plaintiffs,
vs.
Sarah J. Herman and John Herman,
Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 29th day of July, 1895, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned sheriff of said St. Louis county, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday, the second day of May, 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All the right, title and interest of said defendants, Sarah J. Herman and John Herman, her husband, in and to the tract or parcel of land lying and being in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot number twenty-five (25), in block number one (1), in the town of Hibbing, according to the recorded plat thereof, as the same appears of record in the office of the register of deeds of said St. Louis County, and the buildings situate thereon, except the pine timber thereon and the minerals therein, thereon or thereunder.

Dated March 17, 1896.

W. W. BUTCHART,
As Sheriff of St. Louis County, Minn.
By AMOS SHEPHARD,
Deputy.

J. WASHBURN,
Plaintiffs' Attorney.
March-18-25-April-1-8-15-22.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

John R. McNeille,
Plaintiff,
vs.
William C. Sherwood, Amelia Sherwood, Brown Brookenbrough, Bank of Commerce, of West Superior, Wisconsin, Sidney C. Eastman, Marine National Bank, of Duluth, First National Bank, of Wabasha, M. P. Adams, Nicholas Hugo, D. C. Smith and Hudson Wilson,
Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that, under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 16th day of March, 1896, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, sheriff of said St. Louis county, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, on Saturday, the 2d day of May, 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All those tracts or parcels of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lots numbered thirteen (13) and fifteen (15), on East Fourth street, in Duluth Proper, First Division, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in said county of St. Louis.

Dated March 17, 1896.

W. W. BUTCHART,
As Sheriff of St. Louis County,
By AMOS SHEPHARD,
Deputy.

CASH, WILLIAMS & CHESTER,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
March-18-25-April-1-8-15-22.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Charles E. Lovett and Sara R. Lovett, his wife, mortgagors, to Henry G. Fink, mortgagee, dated September 2d, 1893, and recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on September 15th, 1893, at nine o'clock a. m., in Book eighty (80), of mortgages, on page two hundred seventeen (217); such default consisting in the non-payment of the semi-annual installments of interest upon the debt secured by said mortgage, which became due respectively on March 4th, 1894, September 4th, 1894, March 4th, 1895, September 4th, 1895, and March 4th, 1896, each amounting to the sum of five hundred ($500) dollars, by reason whereof the said mortgagee has elected to exercise the option given by the terms of said note and mortgage, by heretofore declaring, and he does now declare, the whole principal sum secured by said note and mortgage, with all accrued interest thereon, to be now due and payable.

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt at the date of this notice the sum of fourteen thousand eight hundred seventeen and 75-100 ($14,817.75) dollars, principal, interest and exchange.

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: An undivided one-half interest in the east half of the southeast quarter and the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter (e½ of se¼ and nw¼ of se¼) of section eleven (11), in township forty-nine (49), north of range fifteen (15) west, according to the government survey thereof, subject to the right-of-way of Missabe & Northern Railroad Company; also an undivided one-half interest in the east half of the northwest quarter and the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter (e½ of nw¼ and nw¼ of nw¼) of section twenty-seven (27), in township forty-nine (49) north of range fifteen (15) west, according to the government survey thereof, subject to the right-of-way of the St. Paul & Duluth Railroad Company; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 15th day of May, A. D. 1896, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, theretofore paid by said mortgagee. In accordance with the provisions of said mortgage, and fifty dollars attorney's fee stipulated for in said mortgage, in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 10, 1896.

HENRY G. FINK,
Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-1-8-15-22-29-May-6.

WEST END

Company H Will Elect a Second Lieutenant This Evening.

Maccabees Will Have an Important Gathering on May 22.

Odd Fellows Entertainment and Ball Will Be Given Next Month.

Company H will hold an important business meeting tonight. Among matters of general interest will be the election of a second lieutenant. Lieut. W. J. Wilkinson has moved away from Duluth and his resignation, which was sent in some time ago, has been accepted. The election tonight will be for the purpose of choosing his successor.

It is understood that Sergts. Towner and Weaver are candidates for the position. Both are young in the service, but are said to be quite proficient in the tactics and either would be able to pass the examination required to obtain the commission. Lieut. Wilkinson at the time of his election had the honor of passing one of the best examinations on the records at the head of the department.

TWO IMPORTANT GATHERINGS.

Two of West Duluth's prominent secret orders are beginning to make arrangements for important gatherings next month, the Odd Fellows and the Knights of the Maccabees. On May 22 D. P. Markey, of Port Huron, Mich., the supreme commander of the Maccabees of the whole world, will be in Duluth to exemplify the new ritual of the order. Other high officers will accompany him, and there will be representatives here from all parts of Northern Wisconsin and Minnesota. The gathering will be for instruction and reunion, and will be the greatest event ever held in the history of the order in this city.

The Odd Fellows lodge met last evening for the purpose of making preliminary preparations for their annual entertainment and ball. The date decided on was May 4. It is the intention to make this the best one yet given by the order in West Duluth. On May 26 the lodge here will attend the anniversary exercises and sermon to be given on that date at the First Methodist church.

DOCKEY-WELINGER.

C. Welinger, of West Superior, and Mrs. B. Dockey, formerly assistant in the office of Dr. J. B. Kenney, at West Duluth, were quietly married last Saturday. The happy couple will make a short wedding trip to the Twin Cities. Later in the season they will take a trip to Europe to visit the old home of Mr. Welinger and other places on the continent. They will make their home in Superior.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

A number of West Duluth young people will attend the dancing party to be given by Professor Ourat's dancing class at the Spalding, this evening.

Mrs. E. Fillatrault has gone to St. Paul with the remains of M. E. Fillatrault, who died at Two Harbors.

Christopher Murphy and wife are down from Grand Marais on a visit.

A number of young people will give a dance at Isaacson & Kauppi's hall on Saturday evening.

De Witt's Colic Cure, Little Early Risers and Witch Hazel. Sold at Spencer's.

Paints at S. J. Nygren's.

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

GREAT TRAVELERS.

Mexico Herald: "What's that?" asked Farmer Corntossel, pointing over his wife's shoulder to the magazine she was reading.

"It's a picter of one o' the sun spots."

"By jing!" he exclaimed, reflectively, "these here baciliuses seems ter be gittin' inter everything."

A SLOW RECOVERY.

New York Herald: Briggs—How long did it take you to get over the appendicitis?"

Griggs—I haven't recovered yet.

"Not recovered! Why, you were operated on two years ago."

"I know it, but the doctor is still after me."

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

SPECIAL EXCURSIONS—LOW RATES

For homeseekers and business men via The Northwestern Line—C. St. P. M. & O. Ry. on April 7 and 21 and May 5, to points in

Alabama,
Arizona,
Arkansas,
Kansas,
Kentucky,
Louisiana,
Mississippi,
Missouri,
Nebraska,
North Carolina,
Oklahoma,
South Dakota,
Tennessee,
Texas,
Virginia,

For rates to any particular point or other information call at 405 Mesaba block, Duluth.

B. W. Summers, Agent.

THERE'S ONLY ONE RAILROAD

That operates its trains on the famous block system between the Twin Cities, Milwaukee and Chicago;

That lights its trains by electricity throughout;

That uses the celebrated electric berth reading lamp;

That runs four splendidly equipped passenger trains every day from St. Paul and Minneapolis through to Chicago, via Milwaukee;

And that road is the

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL.

It also operates steam-heated vestibuled trains, carrying the latest private compartment cars, library buffet smoking cars, and palace drawing-room sleepers.

Parlor cars, free reclining chair cars and the very best dining car service.

For lowest rates to any point in the United States, Canada or Mexico, apply to ticket agents, or address

J. T. Conley,
Assistant General Passenger Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

Note—Elegantly equipped trains from St. Paul and Minneapolis through to Peoria, St. Louis and Kansas City daily.

Before the finished fruit come bud and blossom. Bud grows into blossom and blossom into fruit. And so girlhood merges into womanhood and the woman into motherhood.

The two most critical times in a woman's life are the times which make the girl a woman, and the woman a mother. At these times, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is of incalculable value. It strengthens and invigorates the organs distinctly feminine, promotes regularity of the functions, allays irritation and inflammation, checks unnatural, exhausting drains, and puts the whole delicate organism into perfect condition. Almost all the ills of womankind are traceable to some form of what is known as "female complaint." There are not three cases in a hundred of woman's peculiar diseases that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will not cure.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

Berries were scarce on the market today and pint boxes of strawberries jumped up 15 cents a case. Green stuff was scarce but it was all good and crisp and fresh. There was a new lot of maple syrup, some fresh eggs, a little amount of spring lamb and some pretty fine looking cucumbers. Prices were firm, however, and may go higher until the ground dries out a little.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed daily.

BUTTER.	
Creameries, separators, fancy	18 @20
Dairies, fancy, special make	15 @16
Dairies, good, fair, sweet	12 @15
Fine roll and print	12 @14
Packing stock	8 @ 9
CHEESE.	
Turns or flats, full cream	10 @11
Full cream, Young America	11 @12
Full cream, second grade	8 @ 9
Swiss cheese, No. 1	13
Brick, No. 1	11 @12
Limburger, full cream, choice	10 @11
Primost	6
EGGS.	
Candled stock, strictly fresh	10½@11
SYRUPS, ETC.	
Pure Vt. maple syrup, gal. can	90
HONEY.	
Fancy white clover	14 @15
Golden rod	13 @14
Dark honey	12 @14
Buckwheat, dark	12 @12½
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Fresh Vermont stock per lb	10
VEGETABLES.	
Beets, per bushel	40
Carrots, old, per bushel	30
Carrots, new, per box	$ 1 75
Carrots, new, per dozen	35
Onions, old, per bushel	40
Onions, new, per dozen	35 @45
Celery, large Cal., per doz	$ 1 25
Turnips, per bushel	25
Squashes, Hubbard, per doz	1 25
Onions, per bushel	40
Tomatoes, per basket	75 @80
Carrots, per doz bunches	45 @
Cabbage, old, per barrel	3 00
Cabbage, Cal., new per lb	2½
Cabbage, Mobile, per crate	3 50
Lettuce, per box	1 25
Lettuce, per dozen	30
Horseradish, per barrel	6 50@ 7 00
Oyster plants, per doz	65 @75
Sweet potatoes, per barrel	4 75@ 5 00
Mint, per dozen	35
Parsley, per dozen	35
Spinach, per box	$ 1 25@ 1 35
Radishes, per box	1 50@ 1 75
Radishes, per dozen	35
Cauliflowers, per dozen	1 50
Pieplant, per pound	10
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bushel	$ 1 35@ 1 50
Medium, hand picked, per bus	1 25
Dirty lots, per bushel	75@ 1 00
Brown beans, fancy, per bus	1 75@ 2 00
Yellow peas, per bushel	1 10
POTATOES.	
Potatoes, Minnesota	18 @20
Potatoes, new, per bushel	1 25@ 1 50
FRUITS.	
Bananas, bunches	$ 1 00@ 1 50
Lemons, per box	3 25@ 3 50
Cranberries, per barrel	8 00@ 9 00
Oranges, navel, per box	3.50@ 4 00
Oranges, seedlings, per box	2 50@ 2 75
Strawberries, per case, 24 pints	3 75
Pineapples, per dozen	3 50@ 4 50
APPLES.	
Winesaps, per barrel	$ 5 00
Ben Davis, per barrel	4 00@ 4 50
Willow twig, per barrel	5 00
DRESSED MEATS.	
Veal, fancy	6½@ 7½
Veal, choice	5 @ 5½
Veal, heavy, coarse or thin	5
Mutton, fancy, dressed	5½@ 6
Spring lamb, fine	14
DRESSED POULTRY.	
Spring chickens, per lb	12½
Mixed, per lb	12
BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.	
Bran, 200 lb, sacks included	$ 7 50@ 8 50
Shorts, 200 lb, sacks included	8 00
Red dog	9 00@ 9 50
Ground feed, No. 1	10 50@11 50
Ground feed, No. 2	10 50@11 50
HAY, CAR LOTS.	
Choice South Minn	$ 6 00@ 8 00
Northern Minn	5 50@ 6 50
Medium	4 50@ 5 00
Poor	4 00@ 6 00
Tame, ton, choice timothy	10 00@11 00

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, April, 15.—Butter, steady; creamery, 12@16c; dairies, 10@15c. Eggs, 9@10½c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, April 15.—Butter, steady; Western creamery, 11@17c; Elgins, 17c. Eggs, quiet; Western, 11@12c.

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

MIXED MYTHOLOGY.

Bloomington Eye: The musical manager who protested when he found a performer in his orchestra holding his bow during a rest, saying to him, "I don't pay you to rest!" was superintending the arrangement of some performers who were presenting allegorical characters.

"Here in front," said the author of the piece which was to be given, "we will put the nine muses."

"Nine muses!" exclaimed the manager, contemptuously. "Nine muses would look well in that great space, wouldn't they? We will have thirty-six muses."

THE REAL THING.

New York Mercury: "Yes," said the meek-looking man, "I've no doubt you've had some great hunting experiences in your travels abroad."

"I have, indeed."

"Buffalo hunting?"

"Yes."

"And bear hunting."

"Of course."

"Well, you just come around and let my wife take you house hunting and bargain hunting with her. Then you'll begin to know what real excitement is."

A REMARKABLE FUNERAL.

A few days ago a dance was given at Buckhorn school house in the Osage nation, writes a correspondent to the Kansas City Times. During the progress of the hop Theodore Hayward and Sam Persch attempted to ride their horses into the house. A riot followed and Hayward was slugged, receiving injuries from which he died on Friday. On Saturday his funeral was held near Blackburn. Hayward was a half-breed Osage, and full-blood Indians from Hominy, Gray Horse and Pawhuska attended the funeral, which was conducted by whites. The Rev. J. W. McCarney, a white preacher of Blackburn, conducted the services. It was the first time the Indians ever saw a white burial, and when the choir commenced to sing the squaws set up a terrific howl and attempted to get at the remains. Quiet was finally restored, and after the services the bucks congregated a short distance from the grave and held a pow-wow. The Rev. McCarney was curious to know what they were saying, and asked Interpreter Jake Mosier, who said that the Indians thought the white man's way of burying their dead was "pretty good." The Osages bury their dead by placing them on top of the ground in a sitting posture, and then pile rocks over them until they are completely covered.

ADVANCED

Report of Frost in California Caused Wheat to Advance Today.

Later Dispatches, However, Said No Damage Was Done to Crops.

Pardridge Said to Be Dying and Buying on His Account.

Wheat started firmer today on sensational reports of frost all over California. Cables were steady and higher, which also added some strength to the market, but later cables reported prices unchanged. Apart from the frost in California there was nothing in the news of the forenoon to seriously disturb traders on either side of the market. Foreign markets were easy with no change worth mentioning. The weather throughout the winter wheat belt east of the Rockies gave a continuation of yesterday's almost perfect growing conditions, the only flaw being that it might bring the plant along faster than was desirable. The latter objection will be remedied tomorrow, if the colder weather predicted by the signal service is realized.

The Northwest receipts were 389 cars, against 194 on the corresponding day of last year. Chicago got eleven cars and sent out 75,500 bus by rail. The Atlantic port clearances were small, although not quite so much so as they were yesterday. The four principal ports shipped in wheat and flour together the equivalent of 176,000 bus. Later dispatches from California reported the weather very favorable and no damage done by frost, while the prospects are favorable for a large crop. It was reported from Chicago that Pardridge is again ill and not expected to live, and that considerable wheat and corn buying was supposed to be on his account.

The volume of business on the Duluth board was heavy, particularly in cash stuff. The mills bought 125,000 bus of No. 1 northern to arrive, paying the May price for it, while shippers paid 1c under May for 100,000 bus. May opened ⅛c higher at 63¾c, declined ⅜c, reacted to 63⅝c and ruled steady until noon, after which it firmed up again and touched 64c. July started ⅜c up at 65¼c, declined to 64¾c, reacted to 64⅞c and after noon sold up to 65¾c, the last sale being at that figure. The close was ⅜c higher than yesterday for cash, ⅞c higher for No. 1 northern to arrive, ⅜c higher for May and June and ⅛c higher for July. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 64¾c; April, 64¾c; May, 65¼c. No. 1 northern, cash, 63½c; April, 63½c; May, 64c; June, 64⅝c; July, 65¾. No. 2 northern, cash, 60½@61½c; May, 62⅝c. No. 3, 59½@60½c. Rejected, 56½@60½c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 64¼c; No. 1 northern, 63¾c. Rye, 36c. No. 2 oats, 18½c; No. 3 oats, 18c. Flax, 88c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 109; oats, 3; barley, 4; flax, 8. Receipts—Wheat, 57,951 bus; oats, 5131 bus; rye, 1765 bus; barley, 8403 bus; flax, 3754 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 3108 bus.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, April 15.—Wheat, April, 65c; May, 65½c; June, 66c; July, 66¾@67c; September, 69⅝@7⅜. Corn, April, 28⅝@28⅞c; May, 30½@31c; July 31½@31¾c; September, 32⅜c. Oats, April, 19c; May, 19¾c bid. Pork, May, $8.57; July, 20¼c asked; September, $8.95. Lard, May, $4.37½@5.00; September, $5.25. Ribs, May, $4.40; July, $4.52½@4.55. Whisky on the basis of $1.22 for high wines. Cash: Wheat, No. 2 red, 70c; No. 2 red, 68c; No. 2 spring, 65c; No. 3 spring, 62@68c; No. 2 hard winter, 65c; No. 3 hard winter, 61@62c; No. 2 northern spring, 65c. Cash: Corn, No. 2, 29¾c. Cash: Oats, No. 2, 19¼c. Barley, nothing doing. Rye, cash, 37c; May, 37½c; September, 37⅝c. Flax, cash, 92c; May, 89¾c; July, 92c bid; September, 93¼@93¾c. Timothy, cash, $3.25; April, $3.25; September, $3.27.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, April 15.—Wheat, steady. Close: April, 62¼c; May, 66@66⅛c; July, 66⅝c. On track—No. 1 hard, 63¼c; No. 1 northern, 62¼c; No. 2 northern, 62½c. Receipts, 240 cars.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, April 15.—Wheat, April, 75c; May, 72½c; June, 72¼c. Corn, May, 35⅝c bid. Oats, May, 24¾c.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, April 15.—Closing, wheat spot steady. No. 2 red winter, average price per cental, 5s 7½d; No. 1 northern spring, 5s 7d. Futures dull. Current, 5s 6¾d; second, third, fourth and fifth months, 5s 7d. Corn, spot firm. Spot mixed American, per cental, 2s 1½d. Futures firm. Current, 5s 3½d; second and third, 3s 2d; fourth and fifth, 3s 3d; sixth, 3s 3½d. Flour, first bakers, Minneapolis, average price per sack of 280 pounds, 18s 6d.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝
Atchison	16⅝	16⅝	16¼	16¼
Sugar Trust	123	123⅞	123	123
Canada Southern				
C., B. & Q.	79½	79⅝	79¼	79⅝
St. Paul	76⅛	76⅜	76⅛	76⅛
Chicago Gas	70⅛	70⅛	69⅜	69⅜
Del., Lack. & W.				
General Electric	38⅜	38⅜	37	37⅝
Erie				
Reading	12⅛	12½	12⅛	12⅜
Louis & Nash	50⅜	51⅛	50⅜	51⅛
Manhattan	112⅜	112⅜	112	112
Missouri Pacific	25⅞	25⅞	25⅝	25¾
New England				
Chicago & N. W.	104⅜	101⅛	101	101⅛
N. P. preferred	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝
Rock Island	71⅜	72	71⅛	72
Union Pacific	8⅜	8⅜	8⅛	8½
Western Union	84½	84⅝	84¼	84¼
C., C., C. & Indiana	96	96	96	96
Lake Shore	140	140	140	140

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 307 Board of Trade, Chicago, April 15.—The wheat crowd oversold early on fine weather, though frosts on the Pacific coast caused temporary firmness. Reliable parties on the Pacific coast report California prospects excellent. The feature of the day was the covering of a large line of wheat and corn for a well-known operator who is reported seriously ill. In addition to this, the Trade Bulletin's crop summary was regarded as bullish, and several leading pit traders were conspicuous buyers. A press cable from London aided the early weakness, as it echoed the former impression that Europeans are not worrying about the small supplies of wheat in sight and have discounted the Argentine exportage. The market closed strong at the top prices, and it is in a position to respond to any good buying.

Corn and oats were little affected.

Provisions steady and were also freely bought by shorts, but offerings by packers supplied the demand.

Puts, May wheat, 65c.
Calls, May wheat, 68¼-⅜c.
Curb, May wheat, 65¼-⅜c.

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, April 15.—Hogs, official yesterday, 14,523; shipments, 3575. Cattle, official receipts yesterday, 2641; shipments, 1281. Sheep, official receipts yesterday, 13,242; shipments, 1413. Estimated receipts hogs tomorrow, 16,000; estimated receipts hogs today, 32,000; left over 1000. Market fairly active, 5@10c decline. Light, $3.60@4.00; mixed, $3.50@3.80; heavy, $3.30@3.55; rough, $3.20@3.40. Cattle, 9000. Market steady to firm. Beeves, $3.30@3.40; cows and heifers, $1.50@3.80; Texans, $1.50@3.80; stockers and feeders, $2.80. Sheep, 14,000. Market slow and weak.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, April 15.—Money on call easy at 3½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½ per cent. Sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.88¼@4.88¾ for demand and $4.87½@4.87¾ for sixty days. Posted rates $4.88½ and $4.89@4.90. Commercial bills $4.87½. Silver certificates 68¼; no sales. Bar silver 68⅝. Mexican dollars 53½. Government bonds firm. New 4s registered $1.16½; coupon, $1.17½; 5s coupon, $1.13½; 4s registered, $1.08½; coupon, $2.09; 2s registered, 95; Pacific 6s of '95, $1.02.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Tobacco Was a Chief Opening Attraction.

New York, April 15.—The stock market opened strong and higher on brisk trading, with considerable interest in Tobacco, owing to the ex-dividend opening price. Sugar was decidedly strong on the improved trade conditions and influence of the pool, advancing 1 per cent. Illinois Steel rose 2 and Michigan Central 1 per cent. Advances of fractions occurred in the other shares dealt in, with Louisville & Nashville, Burlington, Manhattan and Pacific Mail prominent. Tobacco lacked support after 10:15, and fell away 2½ per cent to 68. General Electric also declined a point. The general market, however, ruled strong and higher, with Sugar touching 123¾. The distribution of business was very wide, and operations were on a large scale up to 11 o'clock.

Realizing sales in Sugar and Chicago gas caused losses of a point in each stock by the second hour. The general market also ruled slightly lower, being unfavorably affected by the renewed firmness of the foreign exchange market. One leading dealer advanced posted rates ½c for long and short bills. Tobacco exceptionally rallied 1 per cent. Cash sales of this specialty were made at 83 against 85½, the early high price. Londoh has bought Louisville & Nashville and St. Paul to a moderate extent. Toward midday prices stiffened slightly all around. Illinois steel was conspicuous by an advance of 1½, making the net improvement 3½ per cent. The market was then firm and rather quiet. The sales to noon were 89,800 shares.

AT THE BAR.

Chicago Dispatch: If a one-eyed man drinks anything but gin or whisky, avoid that house for a fortnight.

If you get $1.90 change for a $1 bill, walk out quickly and do not return for a week—or the bartender may remember you.

If you see a cross-eyed man coming out of a saloon beware of entering that place for a day and a night, or take the consequences.

If you are in the habit of drinking from a square bottle, shun one that's round, and vice versa. Otherwise your sweetheart may prove fickle.

If you get a glass of flat beer, shift immediately to ale, or trouble will ensue. Two flat beers are very bad luck—in succession or otherwise.

If, in the morning, you look twice at yourself in the mirror behind the bar, before swallowing your drink, you are likely to "see crooked" before night.

If you intend to start a saloon, throw a new broom on the sidewalk. It will be a sign of good luck if the first customer steps over the broom; bad luck if he kicks it.

VALUE OF TURPENTINE.

Northwest Magazine: Turpentine is the best friend housekeepers have, and a supply should always be kept on hand. It is good for burns, excellent for corns, good for rheumatism and sore throat and a quick remedy for fits or convulsions.

It is a cure preventative against moths, a few drops rendering garments safe from such invasion during the summer.

It drives away ants and bugs from store rooms and corners by putting a few drops on the shelves. It effectually destroys bugs and injures neither furniture nor clothing.

For cleaning paint add a spoonful to a pail of warm water. A little in the suds on wash day makes washing easier.

ELECTRICITY IN EUROPE.

In one year the number of electric railways of Europe has increased from forty-three to seventy, and the aggregate length of lines from 189 miles to 434 miles, says the Engineer. The total capacity of central stations has grown in the same time from 10,650 to 18,150 kilowatts, and the number of motor cars from 538 to 1286. Germany heads the list with 227 miles of line; France follows with 59.7 miles; England with 42.6 miles; Austria-Hungary with 27.8 miles; Switzerland with 23 miles; Belgium with 13.4 miles; Italy with 11.7 miles; Spain with 8.7 miles; Russia and Servia with 6.2 miles each; Sweden and Norway with 4 miles, and Roumania with 3.3 miles. Germany has 22 separate lines in service; England has 13; France, 11, and Switzerland, 8. Out of 70 lines, 55 lines use the trolley system with overhead conductors.

PULLED BREAD.

There is no nicer dessert for a luncheon or a family dinner than a piece of pulled bread a bit of cheese and a cup of coffee, says an English paper. Besides, it is "so English, you know." To make the pulled bread, take a loaf of freshly baked bread, while it is still warm and rather underdone, and pull the inside out of it in irregular-shaped pieces about the size of an egg. Put these in a good oven and bake a delicate brown. They are crisp and full of flavor and make a delightful combination with cheese and tender stalks of celery, or the white inner leaves of lettuce, in which case the bread may be served with the salad.

Some very odd but delicious cooking is done among the Spanish families of San Francisco. Here is a recipe that will be found piquant and appetizing: Heat an earthen dish over a moderate fire and melt in it a good sized piece of butter; add a small onion, minced fine, salt, pepper, a teaspoonful of minced parsley and as much minced Chili pepper or a tablespoonful of sweet pepper; break the eggs one by one into the boiling butter and turn them as soon as they are set, using great care not to break the yolks. Serve very hot in the same dish, which may be placed inside one of silver.

WHOLESALE MARRYING.

A dispatch from Wilmington, Del., to the Chicago Times-Herald says: An unusual marriage ceremony was performed at Hockerrin, five miles from here, yesterday afternoon by Rev. Dr. William Jason, president of the state college for colored students. President Jason was invited to officiate at a special service held in Odd Fellows, hall, and during his opening prayer he exhorted the members of the congregation to observe strictly the ten commandments. His prayer was long and fervent, and when he finished eight couples arose and walked to the altar and were united in marriage simultaneously.

Prompt delivery of trunks for 25 cents each.
Duluth Van company,
212 West Superior street.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25 cents a bottle.

All the Successful Merchants of Duluth Advertise in The Herald.

The Saturday Herald . .

Has double the circulation of any other Saturday or Sunday paper published in Duluth.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE IN THE SATURDAY HERALD.

F. S. KELLY,
FURNITURE AND CARPETS.
710 and 712 West Superior Street.

DULUTH, Minn., April 8, 1896.

A. C. WEISS,
Manager Evening Herald,
City.

DEAR SIR:—Believing that credit should be given where credit is due, I deem it a duty to inform you that my advertisement in THE SATURDAY HERALD brought me more results than any other advertising I ever did in this city.

All day Monday my store was filled with people who came in response to my advertisement in THE SATURDAY HERALD and since that time I have received a number of letters from outside towns asking about the goods I offered for sale. Yours truly,

F. S. KELLY.

THE SATURDAY HERALD REACHES THE BUYERS OF THIS SECTION.

ONE CENT A WORD!

SITUATIONS WANTED.

AMERICAN GIRL WANTS A POSITION as house girl or general work in small family. Please call from 2 to 5, or address No. 6 East Fourth street.

WANTED—HOUSECLEANING OR washing to do by day or week. Address 314 West Fourth street.

WANTED—DRESSMAKING. ALSO ALL kinds of plain sewing. 222 First street east.

WANTED—WASHING AND CLEANING by the day. 1022½ West Second.

YOUNG GERMAN GIRL WANTS SITUation to do second work or assist in housework. Address G 24, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION TO DO LIGHT housework by young German girl. F 56, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AT ONCE BY an experienced stenographer and bookkeeper, owning good machine. Address F 61, Herald.

WANTED—WORK BY COMPETENT stenographer and bookkeeper; good reference; salary no object in order to get work at once. Address D. F., Herald.

FIRST CLASS DRESSMAKER, WHO has recently come from Chicago would like dressmaking by the day. Will guarantee best of work and furnish references. Inquire of Mr. Brown, at Paxton & White's.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN OF 18, A situation in office; has a knowledge of bookkeeping; writes a good business hand. Best of references. G 41, Herald.

HAVE YOU ANY CARPET LAYING OR odd jobs. Address Carpet Layer, 431 First avenue west.

WANTED, BY YOUNG MAN OF 21, A position as collector or office or store work of any kind, or to drive delivery wagon. Address W. H. L., 525 West Superior street, city.

POSITION WANTED BY A YOUNG lady as stenographer or copyist. Address 325 East Superior street.

WANTED—WASHING BY THE DAY OR will take it home, or housecleaning. Send postal card or call at 409 East Fourth street, down stairs.

WOULD LIKE SEWING BY THE DAY or to take home. Call at 806 East Sixth street.

YOUNG LADY STENOGRAPHER wants position. Has had experience. References, if wanted. Address E. D. 409 Twenty-fourth avenue west.

LADY WITH TEN YEARS' EXPERIence would like to do dressmaking by the day. Call at 415 East Fourth street, up stairs.

WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, SITUATION at any kind of laboring work; good references. Apply John Barrett, 121 Fourth avenue west.

WANTED—POSITION AS BOOKKEEPER by a young lady of experience; well acquainted in the city; can furnish good references. Address G 42, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS STENOGRAPHER, typewriter or bookkeeper. Rapid penman. Good references. Salary no object in order to secure position at once. Address N. E., care Herald.

PAPERHANGING WANTED BY GOOD workman, F 57, Evening Herald.

A COMPETENT DRESSMAKER would like work by the day. 421 First avenue west.

WANTED—HOUSE CLEANING OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 390 Lake avenue south.

THE READERS OF THE HERALD are patrons of your line of business. Place your advertisements here and secure their trade. You can get our lowest monthly rate by starting a business card this month.

LOST.

LOST—ON FIFTH AVENUE, BEtween Second street and the Lyceum entrance, a pair of gold rimmed eyeglasses with chain and hook attached, marked A. E. M. Finder will please leave at Lyceum drug store and be suitably rewarded.

WANTED TO RENT.

WANTED—FOUR ROOMS, CENTRAL. Address G 72, Herald.

THE DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R. CO. PASSENGER TIME TABLE.

A. M.	STATIONS	P. M.
11 50	Ar..Duluth..Lv	3 15
10 55	Two Harbors	4 15
9 15	Allen Junction	6 00
8 30	Biwabik	6 35
8 15	McKinley	6 50
8 00	Virginia	7 15
7 30	Lv..Eveleth..Ar	7 45
7 20	Tower	7 00
7 30	Lv....Ely....Ar	7 50

Daily except Sunday.

A. H. VIELE,
General Passenger Agent.

DULUTH & WINNIPEG R. R. CO.
Wm. F. Fitch, Receiver.
TIME CARD.

A. M.	STATIONS.	P. M.
11:40	Ar .....Duluth..... Lv	3:05
10:40	Ar..... Cloquet Lv	4:15
9:04	Ar. Stony Brook Junction .Lv	4:54
9:25	Ar..... Woodwood Lv	5:32
8:48	Ar..... Swan River Lv	6:10
8:12	Ar..... LaPrairie Lv	6:53
8:05	Ar..... Grand Rapids Lv	7:00
7:10	Lv..... Deer River .....Ar	7:55

Daily except Sunday.

WILLIAM ORR,
General Passenger Agent, Duluth.

ONE CENT A WORD

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN AS STENOGrapher and typewriter. Apply C. E. Bussel, room 11 Exchange building.

YOUNG MAN, HONEST AND BUSInesslike, who can talk, also furnish bonds to handle business. F 59, Herald.

WANTED—A GOOD SALESMAN WHO has $50 cash, to act as jobber to sell and deliver plug tobacco to retail trade in Duluth. High grade goods, and good profit. Address Falls City Tobacco works, Louisville, Ky.

SALESMEN—EVERYWHERE TO TAKE orders by sample. Goods sold on credit. Big pay, samples and special territory given proper applicants. Address P. O. Box 420, New York city. 2

WANTED—STEADY YOUNG LAD about 15 years old. 118 East Superior street.

WANTED—ONE GOOD HUSTLING canvasser. Salary and commission; steady employment; big money to a good worker. The Singer Manufacturing company, 614 West Superior street.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework. 119 East Third street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 621 East Third street.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in small family. Apply to 315 Fifth avenue east.

WANTED—A GIRL TO COOK AND DO general housework. Apply at 1131 East Second street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in small family. 501 East First street.

WANTED—A GOOD EXPERIENCED girl for general housework. None but competent girls need apply. 219 Fourth avenue east.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 1128 East First street.

WANTED—AT ONCE, COMPETENT girl for general housework at 1515 East Superior street.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

LADIES CAN ALWAYS FIND GOOD girls and good girls can always find good places, also the best and cheapest hair goods, switches and chains at Mrs. M. C. Seibold's, 225 East Superior street.

FRATERNITIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 20, 1896. Work First degree. Ellsworth Benham, W. M., Edwin Mooers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 18, 1896. Work Third degree. F. W. Kugler, acting W. M., J. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Wednesday, April 15, 2:30 p. m. Past and M. E. degrees 7:30 p. m. Royal Arch degree. Banquet. All Royal Arch Masons especially invited. W. E. Covey, H. P., George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month 8:00 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday May 5, 1896. W. E. Richardson, E. C., Alfred LeRichenx, recorder.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105, Meets every Thursday in Brown hall, Brown block, 10 East Superior street. Nels Anderson, M. W.; J. H. Powers, recorder.

WANTED—TO BUY.

HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR OLD clothing. The New York buyer is in town for a few days only. Get it ready and address G 80, Herald, and same will be called for promptly.

PROFESSIONAL.

MRS. JULIA L. HUGHES—SUPERFLUous hair, moles, etc., permanently destroyed by electricity, without injury. Also scientific face massage and complexion treatment. Manicuring. Choice toilet preparations. 305 Masonic temple, Duluth, Minn.

ONE CENT A WORD!

TO RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS SUITAble for light housekeeping, cheap, or one furnished. 209 South Seventeenth avenue east.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS IN brick house. 521 West Second.

ROOMS AND BOARD—FIRST-CLASS location; central. 32 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS with bath. 129 West Fourth street.

FURNISHED ROOMS. 117 WEST SECond street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH all modern conveniences, about two blocks from Spalding house. 213 Fifth avenue west.

LARGE, LIGHT, WELL FURNISHED rooms with bath, furnace electric lights and piano. Not far up hill. Fine view. 720 West First street.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE hardwood floors. R. S. Powell, 604 First National bank.

FOR RENT—HOUSE, CORNER THIRD street and Second avenue west; from May 1. R. P. & J. B. Paine, room 4, 206 West Superior street.

FOR RENT CHEAP—SEVERAL DEsirable houses, all modern improvements. Apply 101 Providence building.

WE HAVE HOUSES TO RENT FROM $6 to $40 per month. Duluth Trust company, Trust company building.

FOR RENT—HOUSES AND FLATS IN Ashtabula terrace. Fred A. Lewis, Herald building.

TO RENT—FLATS.

NEW STEAM HEATED BRICK FLATS; all modern conveniences. $11, $14. E. Wieland, 438 Lake avenue south, tel. 452.

FEW VERY FINE FLATS—NONE BUT first-class tenants need apply. 205 Lyceum.

BUFFALO FLATS, NINTH AVENUE east and First street. Rents reduced. F. C. Dennett, 501 Palladio.

FINANCIAL.

HOW $20 MADE $500 IN 20 DAYS

Our book "How Fortunes Are Made" explains. Sent free. Write at once, as the edition is limited. The BENNINGTON INVESTMENT CO., 38 Wall street, New York.

MONEY LOANED ON DIAMONDS, jewelry and personal property of all kinds on short notice and easy terms. 430 Chamber of Commerce.

SHORT TIME LOANS ON CHATTEL or collateral security. 201 Palladio.

L

THE
EVENING HERALD,

An Independent Newspaper.

Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior Street.

DULUTH PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY.

TELEPHONE CALLS.

Counting Room 321, two rings.
Editorial Rooms 324, three rings.

NEW REDUCED TERMS TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Every Evening Delivered or by Mail:

ONE WEEK.....TEN CENTS

Single copy daily	.02
One month	.35
Three months	$1.00
Six months	2.00
One year	5.00

Weekly Herald, $1.00 per year; 50 cents for six months; 25 cents for three months. Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second class matter.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

HERALD'S CIRCULATION.

17,148

HIGH-WATER MARK.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (Central time), April 15.—A well-defined storm is central in the vicinity of Huron, S. D. The barometer is highest in Alberta, and has continued to rise throughout the Canadian Northwest, causing a general fall in temperature in that section, and as far southward as Wyoming, accompanied by snow. The snowfall since yesterday morning has been heaviest in Montana, where it varies in depth from two to six and one-half inches. Showers are reported in the Dakotas, Minnesota, Wisconsin and Upper Michigan. The weather has continued fair in the southern part of the lake region, the Middle Mississippi and Lower Missouri valleys and the Southwest.

In the lake region and central valleys the temperature at 7 a. m. today ranged from 36 at Port Arthur to 60 at Chicago and 66 at Memphis, while it was as low as 10 at stations in the extreme western part of Montana and the adjacent Canadian province.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 36; maximum yesterday, 48; minimum yesterday, 36.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Showers and slightly cooler tonight: Thursday, rain, snow or rain and colder; northeast winds increasing to high today and shifting to northwest during Thursday.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, April 15.—Forecast until 8 a. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin: Increasing cloudiness with showers late today and Thursday; colder Thursday afternoon; increasing southerly winds. Minnesota: Showers changing to snow flurries tonight and Thursday; much colder; winds shifting to northerly.

ONE MORE UNFORTUNATE.

There are many graves in the newspaper cemetery in Duluth. Another has just been added to the number, the Commonwealth having given up the ghost yesterday. The cash losses of those directly interested in the paper and friends who were induced to contribute aid at various times to keep it alive amount to fully $20,000.

The Herald has never said an unkind word of the Commonwealth nor of the brave men who labored so hard to establish it. The chief obstacle to the success of the Commonwealth was that there is no field in Duluth for a second evening paper. At no time was it on a paying basis. It was a continual struggle for existence, and where the determined, experienced newspaper men who conducted it failed to achieve success, it would be folly for others to hope to win, unless backed by heavy capital.

Despite this and many similar object lessons there will probably be other venturesome people who will conclude that they could make another daily paper pay, but the fact is that if one paper had all the business there is in Duluth, both in the morning and evening fields, it would not make a fortune. But if there is any person who has sufficient capital to put in a complete plant necessary for publishing a first-class newspaper, let him call at The Herald office, where he will find one of the most complete plants in the United States, considering its size. The Herald is well equipped in every way for all the business that can be done by a Duluth newspaper, and it will continue to give its readers the best newspaper that the field warrants, whether there is another evening paper in the field or not.

IGNORANT OR WORSE.

The other day The Herald had occasion to criticize the unpardonable ignorance displayed by the Minneapolis Journal in its attempted discussion of the money question. The Herald said: "It is astonishing that so many Republican papers should clamor with such vehemence for gold monometallism, led on by Grover Cleveland, when up to this year nearly every state and national platform of the party has declared for bimetallism." To this the Journal makes answer that the last Sixth district Republican convention at Aitkin adopted a resolution that favors gold monometallism. Possibly it does mean that, but there were silver men at the convention who expressed the opinion that it did not and that it satisfied them. The Herald has regarded the resolution as a meaningless jumble of words.

But the meaning of the Aitkin convention's resolution has nothing to do with the point which The Herald made last Monday—that "up to this year nearly every state and national platform of the party has declared for bimetallism," and that a declaration at St. Louis in favor of the single gold standard will be tantamount to the party changing its creed on the money question.

The Journal, in replying to The Herald carefully avoids reference to the resumption act of 1875 or to the Matthew's resolution passed in congress in 1878, which gave notice to the world that the obligations of this country would be paid "at the option of the government of the United States in silver dollars of the United States." Yet the Journal recently said that bimetallism would not be endorsed at St. Louis because "the Republican party is no more inclined to repudiation now than when it passed the act to maintain the public credit twenty years ago." The Herald has shown that the Journal was either grossly ignorant of the terms of the resumption act or it deliberately falsified the facts in order to prove that the Republican party has always favored the single gold standard. The Herald is charitable enough to believe that the Journal is ignorant upon this subject.

MILLIONS OF VOTERS.

The New York Sun has been making an interesting study of the voting population. It finds that 12,000,000 voters participated in the presidential election of 1892, and 12,500,000 voters, it is computed, will take part in the presidential election of 1896. There will be one more state voting this year than four years ago, but dueing the intervening time restrictions upon the suffrage, greatly diminishing the electorate, have been established in various Southern states, particularly South Carolina and Florida. The total number of male inhabitants of the United States of voting age, as returned by the federal census of 1890, was 16,940,000; but this total is subject to a reduction of 1,160,000 aliens, and about as many more persons are deprived of suffrage by legal causes in various states, and particularly by constitutional restrictions established by the voters.

A very recent computation made officially of the electors of the United Kingdom gives as the total 6,416,000 out of a total population of 39,000,000. Of these voters 630,000 reside in Scotland and 830,000 in Ireland. The United States stands at the head of all nations in respect of the mere number of electors, though the changes of residence, which are frequent here but comparatively rare in Europe, keep the actual number of voters far below the number of those who are eligible. France, with a total population very much below that of the United States—about one-half the population of this country—has 10,000,000 electors. Germany has 10,000,000 electors, and the number is increasing steadily as the restrictions upon voting are decreased. In Austria there has been a radical reform in the electorate by its wholesale extension. Up to a dozen years ago the total number of voters in Austria was 1,200,000, or less than the voting population of the state of New York, though the total population of the Austrian empire is 41,666,000. There is now pending in the reichsrath at Vienna a bill presented by the president of the council of ministers, Count Badendi, which adds two members to the existing 353 deputies in the reichsrath. The present number of electors in Austria-Hungary is 5,300,000. Of the members of the reichsrath the great landowners elect fifty-eight, the chambers of commerce twenty, the towns 116 and the counties 129. The total number of possible electors who, under the present system, are excluded from the franchise in Austria is 210,000.

Italy, says the Sun, is peculiar among European governments having representative institutions in that, while the actual number of qualified electors is large, the number participating is very small. In other words, a very large number of Italian citizens qualified by law to vote abstain from doing so, desiring by this method to record their opposition to the course of the Italian government in its relation to the papacy. In 1892 3,006,000 Italians were on the registered rolls, of whom 1,600,000 voted—about 5 per cent of the total population of Italy. Belgium is a country which up to ten years ago had less than 100,000 voters, but this number has been vastly increased by the introduction of universal suffrage, with, besides, a provision for cumulative voting, whereby some citizens are enabled to cast two ballots. In the confusion which has resulted the advocates of universal suffrage have been outvoted.

In the United States there is one voter to every four and one-half persons; in Great Britain one to every six persons; in France one to every three and one-half and in Italy one to every ten persons.

A Washington dispatch reports that there is a possibility now that congress will not be able to adjourn until after the national conventions are held. It is said that Senator Gorman is determined that the Republicans shall not have smooth sailing in their efforts to bring about an early recess. According to a prominent Democratic senator, Mr. Gorman went to Senator Aldrich yesterday and said: "I understand that you expect to adjourn by June 1. If so, you are indulging in false hopes. We Democrats don't expect congress to adjourn so soon, and we shall see to it that it does not adjourn until after the national conventions are held."

Great are the Ohio statesmen! The legislature having passed a bill making it a high crime and misdemeanor to wear high hats in theaters, proposes by legislative enactment to correct the beer foam nuisance and prescribe by statute just the size of "cuff" which shall adorn beer mugs in that state. The bill just introduced in the Ohio house provides that the saloonkeeper who permits his bartender to retail an inch of the amber fluid and three inches of effervescence shall, upon complaint to the proper officials, be subject to both a fine and imprisonment. This is a reform that will be popular throughout the whole state of Ohio.

On Easter Sunday, two clergymen, one in New York and the other in Indiana, entertained their congregations with borrowed sermons. The Indiana man drew from Spurgeon, while the New Yorker appropriated the sermon of a New England divine. The Hoosier will be disciplined by his denomination and suspended, at least, from pulpit ministration. The fate of the other, the Rev. Dr. Morgan, rector of one of the wealthiest Episcopal parishes in the country, is uncertain. The rather humorous feature of Dr. Morgan's case is that he used a sermon that was preached by a Unitarian.

According to Gen. Michener, ex-President Harrison's declination had a string to it. "The present Harrison movement," remarked Gen. Michener the other day "merely means that if an emergency arises in which McKinley, Reed, Allison or Morton cannot be named, there is one grand old figure in the background who can be relied upon to lead the Republican party to victory next November." Of course, Gen. Michener will not do anything to prevent this "emergency" arising.

The statement that the A. P. A. will fight Maj. McKinley at the St. Louis convention or at the polls if he be nominated there has raised an interesting question among Republicans who belong to that order. What will they do? Will they obey the orders of the national governing board of the order, or will they remain true to their party allegiance? The prestige of the order depends to a large extent upon the result, and the subject is highly interesting.

Gen. Yellow Jack will now come to the aid of the Cuban insurgents. He is preparing to resume his deadly scepter in the island, and, with every tree and thicket on the healthier uplands sheltering an insurrectionist and a loaded rifle, the Spanish troops in scores and hundreds will be doomed to swelter and die on the pestilential lowlands of the island.

The Kansas City Star, which worships at the shrine of Grover Cleveland, says: "The hopes of the Democratic party are steadily rising with the prospect of McKinley's nomination at St. Louis." If the Star is right on this point, why are the Democrats doing all within their power to aid the anti-McKinleyites of the Republican party?

The Helena Independent concludes that if the rumored increase in railroad rates on theatrical troupes operating west of Chicago will affect only the hamfatters of the profession, the change will be entitled to consider itself a blessing in disguise.

The most that can be truthfully said of Murderer Holmes' confession that it was worth the price which the sensational papers paid for it. But there was very little truth in its statements. Holmes wrote a good story to sell.

There is said to be a probability that Gen. Weyler will not permit Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, the new consul-general at Havana, to visit the insurgents' lines. If he attempts to do this, there may be serious trouble.

Harold Frederic predicts that a French revolution will break out before the end of April. Mr. Frederic evidently forgot that April Fool's day is over.

A national peace congress is to be held at Washington on April 22 and 23, but there are several senators who will not be invited to address it.

Congress should pass a national bankruptcy bill before adjourning. The business interests of the country demand the passage of such a measure.

Mr. Bland is to be formally endorsed for president by the Missouri Democrats, a large majority of whom are free silver men.

The anti-McKinley men continue to exhibit great confidence in their ability to defeat the Ohio statesman.

Does Senator Quay really believe that he has any chance whatever of being nominated at St. Louis?

The advertisers of Duluth appreciate the value of The Herald's columns. They obtain results.

A Rainy Day.

Why should this, a rainy day,
Cause gloom o'er us to fall?
Should we not all remember
It comes at Father's call?

The trees, the buds, the flowers
Alas! where would they be
If every day were sunshine?
Canst thou not hear their plea?

They lift their voice to heaven
And ask our God for showers,
And He doth hear and answer them
These trees, and buds, and flowers.

How could we love the sunshine
If occasionally there were not
Some cloudy days to darken
Our lives and earthly lot?

Look back upon your own life,
See where dark clouds have passed,
Have they not always given
Sunshine a brighter cast?

God does not will that mortals
Should live without a care,
But gives to each some rough days
To mingle with the fair.

Oh! you that in the times past
Have been inclined to say
"I wish we had no rainstorms,
I hate a rainy day."

Think well of what I've told you
And in the days to come
Remember, God has ruled it
That some days must be gloom.

—Joe Fairchild Starkey.

Duluth, April 13.

Banjos, guitars, mandolins. Coon's.

DEVOTED LOVERS
Of a full, sweet, mild and enjoyable smoke are asked to try the famous Davenport. In all first-class retailers hands.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

JUST ABOUT GIRLS.

"Next to my $25 silk petticoat my neighbor's windows are my greatest joy and comfort," said a girl who lives on a narrow cross street of the north side, says "Cinders" in the Chicago Record. "They afford me unlimited opportunities for both study and recreation," said the girl, "and were I deprived of them I'm sure I'd wear crepe in my hat and an 'all-alone-in-the world' expression on my face for the rest of my life. They are my dearest and most profitable friends. They cheer me when I am lonesome, and hoist me out of the slough of despond in spite of all my resolutions to have a nice comfortable spell of the blues.

"In the morning when I go to raise the shades and turn back the shutters I find my friends across the way performing the same duty. Some are yawning and brushing the sleep from their eyes; some are looking crosser than bears with afflicted heads; some are neatly dressed and combed for the day, and all are taking note of the condition of the weather. But that is not the only time we assemble and mentally shake hands. Whenever there is any sort of disturbance on the street—such as a fire, an arrest or even a procession of solemn-plodding street cleaners—we flock to the windows, raise the sashes, stretch our necks over the sills and gaze around with as much eagerness and interest as if we expected to see all the presidential possibilities holding a mass meeting."

A girl who is usually spoken of as "such a sensible little body" has stopped repeating the funny stories she reads in the papers or hears at the theaters. "For," she explains, frankly, "I find that as a feminine Chauncey Depew I am a complete and successful failure. People simply refuse to see anything funny in my jokes, and I might just as well repeat obituary verses for all the laughs or thanks I get. I racked my brains and lay awake nights trying to discover the cause of this humiliating state of affairs, and finally came to the conclusion that my listeners hadn't any sense. That sounds dreadful, but it's the only satisfactory way I could unravel the mystery without making a hollow of my bump of vanity."

Girls, go and do likewise. One woman in a hundred is clever in the after-dinner speaker's art, the other ninety-nine flounder around like lobsters in a kettle of hot water and make a frightful mess of it. It is usually the case that they tell the last part first, drag the first part in at he inglorious finish, scatter the details as recklessly as an unskilled cook throws together a salad dressing, and of course totally forget the point. Then, when the story is at last disposed of, they look anxiously at their unhappy victims, who wear, painful, haggard smiles, no; unlike those facial expressions which are so popular with persons who have immediate engagements with the dentists.

Oh, it's all very dreadful, very harrowing, very humiliating. There is suffering on both sides; the one who tells the story gets hopping mad, and the one who hears it feels indescribably weak and wearied.

My dear girls, wear pajamas if you will, go to the polls and vote like little men, utilize the leap year privilege, discuss occultism and declare that intellec has no sex, but don't, please don't, tell funny stories. We must acknowledge that that is one accomplishment woefully beyond our capabilities or education.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Frank Ives defeated Maurice Daly at Boston last night in the international billiard tournament by a score of 300 to 250. Ives made the phenomenal run of eighty-five points in his forty-first inning. The world's record in public was seventy-seven points by Sexton and in practice in private eighty-one points by Schaefer.

The cruiser Minneapolis will represent the United States navy at the manifestations attending the coronation of the czar.

At Athens a nurse who had been one of the palace attendants since the birth of the present king, in 1868, died Monday and the king and the princes attended the funeral yesterday. They were deeply affected. The king, the crown prince and Prince George and Nicholas carried the coffin and the hearse was followed on foot to the cemetery by the ladies and gentlemen of the court.

March exports from the United States for this year were $73,290,294, an increase of over $10,000,000 from March last year.

At Chicago John Lehman shot and killed his wife and his children and himself in a fit of melancholia. He would have killed his wife and two other children but they were out visiting. He was afraid of losing $1,500 which he had saved up and was also afraid his family would come to want. All were shot through the heart.

At Minneapolis A. H. Ranney, the wallpaper dealer, whose home is at 3239 Ninth avenue south, is lying at the Asbury hospital in a critical condition as a result of a kick in the forehead from a pony early this morning, which crushed in his skull. Grave fears are entertained for his recovery.

The trial of George W. Baxter for the murder of his wife is in progress at Minneapolis. The charge is in the second degree.

A fire in Fairbury, Ill., yesterday destroyed a large part of the town and inflicted a $250,000 loss.

Kate Durkee, of Omaha, who was named as one of Holmes' twenty-seven victims if not dead and claims to be indignant at the story.

Orders have been received at the Marquette federal land office to effect a sale of the old Fort Wilkins reservation on the extreme northern end of Keweenaw point. The old fortifications are still there in an excellent state of preservation, but the place has been abandoned as a military post for many years and latterly has been used as a summer resort.

At Huntington, W. Va., three young children of Sheridan Moore were burned to death while playing in a barn near their home, several miles south of here. It is supposed they were playing with matches.

Spontaneous combustion caused a $225,000 fire in Peoria, Ill., yesterday. Several business places were wiped out.

All window glass factories in the United States will shut down indefinitely May 20.

New York had a $300,000 fire yesterday at 78 Grand street in a lot of importers headquarters. Silks and gloves were the principal articles damaged.

At Chicago W. B. Peters and John Vosey, both engravers, were arrested by federal officers today on a charge of making and selling counterfeit postage stamps. They had done but little business when arrested but were preparing to go into it on a large scale.

An Athens dispatch says that the prizes to the winners in the Olympic games will be branches from the olive trees at Olympia "as was the ancient custom." The intention of bestowing silver wreaths has been abandoned.

During a row among Italians in New York yesterday one man was shot to death and another fatally stabbed, and a third seriously wounded.

A FAILURE IN PARLIAMENT.

Chicago Chronicle: Stanley, who gave up his American citizenship for the honor of a seat on the Tory benches in the English parliament, has turned out a complete parliamentary failure. The explorer has found that while nobody may be somebody in the wilds of Africa, it takes somebody to be anybody in a house where nearly everybody is somebody.

WORLD'S LIBRARIES.

Of European libraries only four have over 1,000,000 volumes, viz., Bibliotheque Nationale, Paris, 2,290,000 books and 80,000 manuscripts; British museum, 1,500,000 books and 100,000 manuscripts; Public Library, Munich, 1,000,000 and 26,000 manuscripts; Imperial Public Library, St. Petersburg, 1,099,300 books and 26,000 manuscripts, says the Cleveland World. The next in size is the Konigliche, Berlin, with 750,000 volumes. The Congressional library at Washington is to hold 1,600,000 volumes, and when fully completed will have an estimated capacity for 5,000,000 books. The Newberry library, Chicago, has been constructed to hold 1,000,000 volumes, and it is intended to increase its capacity to 3,000,000.

OFFICE OF
BLACKWELL'S DURHAM TOBACCO COMPANY.
DURHAM, N. C.

To ALL Merchants Who Retail TOBACCO.

Dear Sir:

You are entitled to receive FREE from your wholesale dealer, WHITE STAR SOAP with all the

Blackwell's Genuine Durham Smoking Tobacco you buy. One bar of soap Free with each pound, whether 16 oz., 8 oz., 4 oz., or 2 oz., packages.

We have notified every wholesale dealer in the United States that we will supply them with soap to give you FREE. Order a good supply of GENUINE DURHAM at once, and insist on getting your soap. One bar of Soap FREE with each pound you buy. Soap is offered for a limited time, so order to-day. Yours very truly,

BLACKWELL'S DURHAM TOBACCO COMPANY.

If you have any difficulty in procuring your soap, cut out this notice and send it with your order to your wholesale dealer.

COCKERILL IN A TRAGEDY.

Perhaps the most tragic incident in the career of John A. Cockerill, whose death Friday called up a host of memories to the minds of friends who knew him best, was the shooting by him of Col. A. W. Slayback, of St. Louis, Oct. 13, 1882, in the office of the Post-Dispatch of that city. Col. Slayback came to the office to demand satisfaction for an article which had appeared in the Post-Dispatch, of which Cockerill was at that time editor. The paper had no sooner been read by the colonel than he rushed to its office, posthaste, and, climbing the stairs to the editorial rooms, ran past the city editor, Henry Moore, with his hand beneath the tails of his frock coat. Before Moore could collect himself sufficiently to appreciate the import of the visit from the enraged politician, he heard the noise of voices raised in dispute in the next room, and almost immediately afterward a pistol shot, followed by the fall of a heavy body upon the floor.

As Moore ran into the news room to see what was the matter he was met by Victor Cole, foreman of the composing room, who cried out to him:

"I'm just going for a doctor. Cockerill has killed Col. Slayback."

Slayback was lying on the floor in front of Cockerill's desk, the blood oozing from a wound in the prostrate man's left eye. Cockerill was stooping over him with his head in his arms and was wiping away the blood from the wound and from the mouth and nose, whence it was flowing. Mr. McGuffin, business manager of the Post-Dispatch, and W. M. Sopher, a friend of Slayback, were also in the room and seemed dazed and at a loss what to do. Cockerill alone was calm. In response to the excited query, "My God, Cockerill, what does this mean?" from the city editor, he replied, "Never mind now. Run for a doctor." Then he added, as if in justification of himself, "Col. Slayback attempted to kill me."

This was the first statement that had been made concerning the shooting. What happened before the arrival of Moore was as follows:

SLAYBACK DRAWS A PISTOL.

Col. Cockerill, Mr. McGuffin and Foreman Cole were in consultation concerning the eight-page supplement which it was the custom of the Post-Dispatch to issue on Saturdays, when Slayback, trembling with rage and excitement, rushed into the room. Drawing a revolver from his pocket he cried:

"So you are here, are you?"

With this he began to elevate his weapon, but Col. Cockerill, by this time aware of his danger, had turned to a drawer near by and drawn from it a pistol, which he kept there in case of emergency.

But he did not at once fire. In a tone full of warning he said to his enraged adversary:

"Not a single step farther, as you value your life. Lower your weapon at once."

Unfortunately for him, Col. Slayback did not heed the command. He continued to advance step by step before he could pull the trigger Mr. Cockerill fired. The ball went straight, for the shooter's hand did not tremble, and the wounded man fell to the floor with a groan. While his antagonist was bending over him, Clopton shouted: "I'll kill you for this!" and eyewitnesses say he would probably have done so had he not been seized by McGuffin, who placed the pistol let fall by Slayback to Clopton's head and made him drop his own weapon.

EVENTS PRIOR TO THE TRAGEDY.

The trouble which led up to the shooting was one of long standing. During the session of court the previous winter Slayback was attorney in a case still on appeal against him was John M. Glover. Bitter disputes took place between the men as to the merits of the case, and Cockerill, in the columns of the Post-Dispatch, to some extent espoused the cause of Glover, without ever having made any sort of an attack on the integrity or judgment of Slayback. A card was published in the Post-Dispatch by Glover in which a bitter attack was made on his political opponent, but Cockerill did not know it was in the paper until the edition had been printed, run off and then stopped the presses and removed the card.

Although Slayback had promised to personally chastise Glover, he did not do so, and the two men met in court on other occasions, without having any further altercations. Shortly after these happenings, James O. Broadhead, Slayback's law partner, entered the race for the Democratic nomination for congress from the Eighth district. The Post-Dispatch came out for Glover, who happened to be Broadhead's opponent, and this reopened old wounds. Slayback took every occasion possible to denounce the paper, and, finally, at a political caucus one night, referred to its editor in uncomplimentary terms, and said instead of being a newspaper it was an assassin of private character. Col. Cockerill was the more incensed at these remarks because he and Slayback had met at a private gathering a few nights before and there agreed to patch up all their differences. They had then shaken hands in the presence of a number of friends and seemed to be on the best possible terms.

OLD FRIENDS TO THE FORE AGAIN.

New York Sun: Out of the old field cometh this new corn. Welcome to the new faces of old friends now turning up every day. Among them are: Sriking the keynote, sounding the toesin, the people are for him, the people's choice, the plain people's choice—it is not clear who the handsome people favor; probably Mr. Allison—and will support him to the bitter end, and no second choice, nominated in an eloquent speech, remarks on taking the chair roused the enthusiasm of the vast audience to the highest pitch. audience arose as one man, with the deepest respect for all other candidates will continue to rally around their own peerless orator, patriot and statesman, is his own platform, our standard bearer, has never faltered in his devotion to the great principles of Republicanism, and last, but by no means worse, a scathing letter.

HARRISON STILL A POSSIBILITY.

Washington Post: Every day adds force to the hypothesis that Harrison will eventually become a factor in the Republican equation. Who is there, save Harrison, to combine the hostile forces and make a fight, with any prospect of victory, against McKinley? Of course the situation is not quite what the McKinley trumpeters would have us think. Of course it is more than possible that, between this and June 1, the whole situation may be transformed. But, meanwhile, the thoughtful men of the party are considering the chances carefully, and there can be no doubt that they are considering Harrison among them.

Headache is the direct result of indigestion and stomach disorders. Remedy these by using DeWitt's Little Early Risers, and your headache disappears. The favorite little pills everywhere. S. F. Boyce.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE.—

James Gallagher, on the 13th day of February, 1894, mortgaged to Charles H. Chick, the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section number fourteen and the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section number fifteen, of township number sixty-six, north of range number twenty west, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to secure the payment of two hundred and twenty-two dollars and fifty cents by said James Gallagher to said Charles H. Chick, with interest at the rate of 8 per cent per annum, six months from said date.

This mortgage was recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 16th day of February, 1894, in Book 81 of mortgages, on page 446, and by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot number five (5), in block number two (2), Centredale Addition to Duluth, according to the certified plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds within and for St. Louis County, state of Minnesota, being in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 7th day of May, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of two hundred ninety-eight and 05-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and 25 dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 25, A. D. 1896.

JOHN WARE,
Mortgagee.

JAQUES & HUDSON,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
10½-2-3 Security Building,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-25-A-1-8-15-22-29.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE.—

John H. Louks, on the 13th day of February, 1894, mortgaged to Charles H. Chick the north half of the northeast quarter of section number twenty-two, and the southwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section number fifteen, of township number sixty-six, north of range number twenty west, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to secure the payment of three hundred and twenty-two dollars and fifty cents, by said John H. Louks to said Charles H. Chick, with interest at 8 per cent per annum, six months from said date.

This mortgage was recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 16th day of February, 1894, in Book 81 of mortgages on page 448.

There is now claimed to be due at the date of this notice on the note secured by said mortgage, the sum of three hundred and seventy-five dollars and ninety-seven cents for principal and interest, and the further sum of five dollars and eighty-nine cents, paid by the said Charles H. Chick for taxes, which had become due and payable on said above described property. No action at law has been brought for the recovery of any part of the above sums of money and default has been made by the mortgagor in the payment of said sums.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the above described parcel of land will be sold by the sheriff of St. Louis County, Minnesota, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door of the county court house, in Duluth, Minnesota, on the twenty-first day of May, 1896, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount then due on the debt secured by said mortgage and the amount, if anything, paid for taxes on said parcel of land by the undersigned mortgagee, with interest on said principal sum at 8 per cent per annum, and the costs of this foreclosure, including an attorney fee of twenty-five dollars, provided in said mortgage.

Dated Duluth, Minn., April 8, 1896.

CHARLES H. CHICK,
Mortgagee.

WHITE AND McKEON,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-8-15-22-29-May-6-13.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of two hundred and eighty-two and 50-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Arnold McComb, unmarried, of the village of Eveleth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, mortgagor, to the Duluth Mining Investment Company, of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, mortgagee, bearing date the twenty-fourth day of August, 1894, and with the power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the fourteenth day of September, 1894, at 4 o'clock p. m. in Book 95 of mortgages, on page 58.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All of lot numbered nine (9), in block numbered twelve (12), in the village of Eveleth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file in the office of the register of deeds in and for said St. Louis County, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, said county and state, on the 22d day of May, 1896, at ten o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated Duluth, Minnesota, April 8th, 1896.

DULUTH MINING INVESTMENT COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

MICHAEL P. ROACH,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
358 Providence Building,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-8-15-22-29-May-6-13.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of the assignment of Julius C. Schaefer, insolvent;

Upon reading the said petition of Fred W. Smith, assignee in the above entitled matter, it is hereby ordered that he sell and dispose of all the remaining assets of the said estate consisting of the following described property, to-wit: Lot numbered ten (10), in block numbered sixty (60), and lots numbered nine (9) and ten (10), in block numbered one hundred thirty-one, Portland Division of Duluth. That said real estate is encumbered by a mortgage in the sum of fifteen hundred dollars ($1500). Fractional lot one (1), in section twelve (12), township fifty-one (51), north of range fifteen (15), west, unencumbered. And promissory notes as follows: Note of W. P. Hurlburt, dated July 17th, 1892, for sixty-six dollars 25-100 ($66.25); note of Duncan McCloud, dated November 19th, 1890, for fifty dollars ($50); note of Neil McLaughlin, dated September 1st, 1891, for thirty dollars ($30); note of Frank E. Hoare, dated August 12th, 1892, for fifteen dollars ($15); note of W. A. Murray, dated June 8th, 1891, for two hundred dollars ($200); note of T. B. Hoover, dated October 4th, 1892, for two hundred twenty and 20-100 dollars ($220.20); note of Wm. Alden, dated October 1st, 1890, for seventy-six dollars ($76); note of James Billings, dated August 26th, 1885, for eighty-seven dollars ($87); note of Leroy Coons, dated August 23rd, 1893, for twenty dollars ($20); note of A. T. Sherer, dated September 26th, 1892, for sixty and 55-100 dollars ($60.55); note of F. N. Brett, dated July 19th, 1892, for fifty dollars ($50); note of Chas. M. Strickland, dated April 17th, 1893, for thirty-three dollars ($33).

That such sale be made by said assignee at public auction thereof at the front door of the court house on the 28th day of May, 1896, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon. That notice of such sale be given to all creditors by mailing them forthwith a copy of this order, and by publishing same once in each week for six (6) successive weeks immediately preceding such sale in The Duluth Evening Herald.

April 11th, 1896.

By the Court,
PAGE MORRIS,
Judge.

SMITH & McMAHON,
503-4-5 Torrey Building,
Duluth Minn.,
Attorneys for Assignee.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-15-22-29-May-6-13-20.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of one hundred and eighty-eight and 65-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Gust Thiele, mortgagor, to John Ware, mortgagee, bearing date the 4th day of March, 1892, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 7th day of May, 1892, at 8 o'clock a. m., in Book 91 of mortgages, on page 62; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot number five (5), in block number two (2), Centredale Addition to Duluth, according to the certified plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds within and for St. Louis County, state of Minnesota, being in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 7th day of May, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of two hundred ninety-eight and 05-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and 25 dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 25, A. D. 1896.

JOHN WARE,
Mortgagee.

JAQUES & HUDSON,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
10½-2-3 Security Building,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-25-A-1-8-15-22-29.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE.—

John H. Louks, on the 13th day of February, 1894, mortgaged to Charles H. Chick the north half of the northeast quarter of section number twenty-two, and the southwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section number fifteen, of township number sixty-six, north of range number twenty west, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to secure the payment of three hundred and twenty-two dollars and fifty cents, by said John H. Louks to said Charles H. Chick, with interest at 8 per cent per annum, six months from said date.

This mortgage was recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 16th day of February, 1894, in Book 81 of mortgages on page 448.

There is now claimed to be due at the date of this notice on the note secured by said mortgage, the sum of three hundred and seventy-five dollars and ninety-seven cents for principal and interest, and the further sum of five dollars and eighty-nine cents, paid by the said Charles H. Chick for taxes, which had become due and payable on said above described property. No action at law has been brought for the recovery of any part of the above sums of money and default has been made by the mortgagor in the payment of said sums.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the above described parcel of land will be sold by the sheriff of St. Louis County, Minnesota, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door of the county court house, in Duluth, Minnesota, on the twenty-first day of May, 1896, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount due then on the debt secured by said mortgage, the amount, if anything, paid for taxes on said parcel of land by the undersigned mortgagee, with interest on said principal sum at 8 per cent per annum, and the costs of this foreclosure, including an attorney fee of twenty-five dollars, provided in said mortgage.

Dated Duluth, Minn., April 8, 1896.

CHARLES H. CHICK,
Mortgagee.

WHITE AND McKEON,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-8-15-22-29-May-6-13.

MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage dated the 9th day of September, 1889, duly executed and delivered by Carl Jansen and Par G. Sundstedt and Edla Augusta Sundstedt, his wife, all of the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, to the Duluth Building and Loan Association, of the same place, and filed for record in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 16th day of September, 1889, at 4 o'clock p. m. of that day in Book "K" of mortgages on page 446, by which default the power of sale in said mortgage has become operative.

And whereas there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of thirteen hundred and seven and 17-100 ($1307.17) dollars and the sum of seventy-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated for in said

Cloak Sale

Owing to the bad weather, the ladies were somewhat at a disadvantage to select their Spring Capes or Jackets, and to make our large CLOAK DEPARTMENT a large gathering of ladies, we will have SPECIAL inducements for tomorrow's trade:

16 Covert Jackets, Persian half-lined, pearl buttons, made up as stylish as any $20 Jacket, and any other house will ask from $10.00 to $12.50. Our price tomorrow..... **$6.50**

12 tan colored, swell-made, Kersey Jackets, all silk lined, as handsome and good as other houses here ask $12.50 for (please compare). Our price tomorrow **$8.50**

20 Black Diagonal Clay Worsted Jackets, silk lined, pearl buttons, as good as any $15 Jacket sold elsewhere. Our price tomorrow..... **$8.50**

18 Velvet and Silk Brocaded Capes, all silk lined, handsomely trimmed, very stylish, tomorrow..... **$4.75**

The above items are without exception the best values that were ever presented to the public, where such saving in money can be made on new and stylish garments.

Silk Shirt Waists

WERE RECEIVED TODAY, and without many words, can say that no other house can sell such elegant Silk Waists at such low prices as we do.

50 dozen Laundried Shirt Waists, equal to any $1.00 Waist—for tomorrow..... **50c**

35 dozen Waists, at..... **25c**

Skirts.

Separate Skirts—hundreds to select from—each one guaranteed for wear, fit and price.

Dress Goods and Silk Department.

We are the leaders in Dress Goods and Silks, not only in styles and quality, but in low prices. We give you from 25c to $3.00 a yard, in each instance, better value than you can find anywhere else. We invite all to compare our styles and prices with any house in the country.

Full line of Imperial Pinned Paper Patterns IN STOCK. New Catalogue is now out.

Silberstein & Bondy

THE OTHER SIDE.

Dr. Cleland Gives Glimpses of European Life.

The Christian Endeavor course of lectures to be given at Pilgrim Congregational church was opened last evening by Rev. Dr. Cleland, of the First Presbyterian church, who took his auditors across the water and gave them "A Peep at the Other Side," his selection of sketches of the journey being so arranged that, by their suggestions, his hearers were actually carried with him from the New York dock, where the big Cunarder was boarded, to the mother country and thence to the continent. By skillful touches, the course of the ocean greyhound was depicted, and incidents of life on shipboard were graphically portrayed.

Following an impulse apparently not to be resisted by members of the cloth, the speaker told an amusing anecdote at the expense of a clerical brother, and then landed his audience in Liverpool, where the surprises, and, to an American, the problems of English railway travel were encountered. In company with the lecturer, the audience now dodged the hungry hordes of tip-seeking servants in a London hostelry, crossed the channel, and were jolted about continental railway trains from gay Paris to historic Rome. St. Peter's was visited, all stood for awhile witnessing the imposing ceremonial of worship in a Greek church, and, over the tomb of Napoleon, reflected on the littleness of human greatness.

The lecture was concluded with birds-eye views of grimy old London, and calm, well-kept Paris, and the auditors again landed on home soil, both amused and interested with the trip. The next lecture of the course will be delivered on April 28 by Rev. C. H. Patton, the subject being "Where to Find Gold."

For cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, cuts, sprains, burns, stings, chilblains, sciatica, and lumbago, use Salvation Oil.

FOUND HER SON.

"Pop Corn Bob" Discovered By His Parents.

Humane Officer Haskins, assisted by Detective Ryan, yesterday afternoon took charge of a 17-year-old boy, named Emil Henry Hintermister, who has been living with a man named Paul Leonardo and his wife, in a small shanty in the rear of the Bethel. Through information gained from the boy himself, the officers were put in communication with Mrs. Alice Hintermister, of Trout Lake, Mich., who claimed that the boy is her son, and that he was carried off by Leonardo about ten years ago, from her home at Trout Lake. Mrs. Hintermister forwarded money to pay the lad's way home, and, on request of Officer Haskins, the chief of police detailed Detective Ryan to assist in getting the boy out of the clutches of the Leonardo family.

The task was quickly accomplished, and last evening's South Shore train bore Henry to his Michigan home. The boy has been kept on the streets selling popcorn, allowed to run wild, and denied all school privileges, and was in a fair way to make a crook. Leonardo appeared at the headquarters of the Humane society last evening and indulged in some loud talk about damages and money due for the boy's board, but, on finding that his bluff made small impression, quickly subsided.

It's just as easy to try One Minute Cough Cure as anything else. It's easier to cure a severe cough or cold with it. Let your next purchase for a cough be One Minute Cough Cure. Better medicine; better results; better try it. S. F. Boyce.

Northern Pacific Wreck.

An expensive freight wreck occurred on the Northern Pacific night before last two miles from Sawyer station, about sixteen miles from Duluth. It was caused by a large washout, the existence of which was not known. The engine and six cars passed over safely, but fifteen cars, which came over after, were tumbled into the ditch, and some of them were badly smashed. The train was loaded mostly with wheat. Traffic was delayed by the accident for some time, but everything is running smoothly again.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treament, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from ten drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by druggists, 75 cents.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Smoke the "Tam Dinham" cigar, sold only at 21 West Superior street.

THE HALL MARKS ON ENGLISH SILVERWARE

much as they are relied upon, are sometimes forged, and therefore actually afford less protection to the purchaser than does the famous Trade-mark of the GORHAM Manufacturing Company

TRADE MARK STERLING

which stands for precisely the same standard of value —925-1000—and is everywhere regarded as trustworthy and conclusive.

Too good for Dry Goods Stores—Jewelers only

GORHAM SILVER.
SOLD IN DULUTH BY
F. D. Day & Co
Leading Jewelers.
315 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

THE TIME

Schedule Which the Northern Boats Will Follow This Year.

Will Be in Duluth About Twenty-One Hours Each Trip.

First Sailing Not Announced But Will Probably Be on June 9.

The time card of the North Land and North West has not been officially promulgated as yet, but it is learned from a semi-official source that it will be as follows:

The westbound boats will leave Buffalo Fridays and Tuesdays at 8:30 p. m.; arrive at Cleveland Saturdays and Wednesdays at 7 a. m., leaving at 7:30 a. m.; arrive at Detroit at 2:30 p. m. and leaving at 3 p. m. of the same day; arrive at Mackinac Island Sundays and Thursdays at 10 a. m. and leave at 10:30 a. m.; arrive at the Sault at 5:30 p. m. and leave at 7 p. m. of the same day; arrive at Duluth Mondays and Fridays at 4:30 p. m.

The eastbound boats will leave Duluth Saturdays and Tuesdays at 1:45 p. m.; arrive at the Sault Sundays and Wednesdays at 11:15 a. m. and leave at 12:45 p. m.; arrive at Mackinac Island at 7:30 p. m. and leave at 8 p. m. of the same day; arrive at Detroit Mondays and Thursdays at 3 p. m. and leave at 3:30 p. m.; arrive at Cleveland at 10:30 p. m. and leave at midnight of the same day; arrive at Buffalo Tuesdays and Fridays at 11 a. m.

The boats will stay in Duluth from Friday and Monday at 4:30 p. m. to Saturday and Tuesday at 1:45 p. m., remaining twenty-one hours and fifteen minutes. They will stop in Buffalo from 11 a. m. to 8:30 p. m., nine and a half hours.

The date of the first sailing has not yet been fixed upon, but the first boat will probably leave Tuesday, June 9. It has not been decided which boat will leave Tuesdays, but it will probably be the North Land.

The Northern Steamship company has chartered the Centurion in addition to the Emily P. Weed for this season's business.

The first lot of flour to be moved in the harbor this season was towed in the lighter Ben Bunk, from the Russell mill at South Superior to Sinclair & Moody's dock, by the tug Record yesterday afternoon.

The Record is widening the channel to the Superior dry dock, which is being made ready for a number of boats which need slight repairs. Some difficulty is being experienced in thawing out the dock. There are enough boats waiting to go in to keep it busy several weeks.

The Carrington pumped up the E. P. Weed's boilers yesterday.

COL. FRANCIS W. PARKER.

Prominent Educator Will Lecture at High School.

Col. Francis W. Parker, president of the Cook county, Ill., normal school, will lecture in the Assembly hall, Central High School building, on Friday evening, April 17, at 8 o'clock. Subject, "The Ideal School."

Col. Parker is one of the best known educators in the country, and his lecture will be of interest to both teachers and parents—we might add, of interest to all who are giving any thought to educational subjects. What he says will be especially valuable, coming from so high an authority.

The lecture will be free, admission by ticket only. These can be obtained from G. T. Boyd, book room, Central High School building.

There are many good reasons why you should use One Minute Cough Cure. There are no reasons why you should not. If in need of help. The only harmless remedy that produces immediate results. S. F. Boyce.

"GREATEST ON EARTH."
Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine.

Mr. R. T. Caldwell, is book-keeper in the First National Bank of Fulton, Ky.

"I was completely run down. My nerves became so unstrung through loss of sleep and worry that I felt sure I would be compelled to give up my position. I would lie awake all night long, and it took but little

R. T. CALDWELL.

to shake me up so that I could not possibly attend to my business as I should. In connection with this I had liver trouble, heaviness about the stomach, and pains in different parts of my body. I was also much reduced in flesh. I was persuaded to try

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine.

I first procured a trial bottle from a local druggist and good results quickly followed. I then procured a dollar bottle, and by the time I had used this up I was a different man. I am now on my third bottle and am able to sleep soundly and eat regularly, something I could not possibly do before taking your *Nervine*. I am now *fully recovered*, and do not hesitate to pronounce Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine the *greatest nervine on earth*."

Fulton, Ky. R. T. CALDWELL.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores ...Health

DR. WURTH'S OPINION

OF THE NEW DISCOVERY IN MEDICINE.

A Remarkably Successful Remedy For Dyspepsi, Indigestion and Stomach Troubles.

Dr. Wurth, in commenting on recent discoveries in medicine, said: There is none which is certain to be so valuable and far-reaching in benefit as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, the new stomach remedy; I say far-reaching, because people little realize how important a sound stomach and vigorous digestion is to every man, woman and child.

Indigestion is the starting point of consumption, heart disease, Bright's disease, diabetes, nervous prostration, liver troubles; why is this so? Simply because every nerve, muscle and tissue in our bodies is created and nourished from the food we eat. If that food is, by reason of a weak stomach, compelled to lie for hours, a sour, fermenting mass of half digested food, it poisons the blood and nervous system, creates gas which distends the stomach and bowels, causing pressure on the heart, lungs and other organs and seriously impeding their action.

He says, further, the point to direct attention is not the nerves, nor heart, nor lungs, nor kidneys, but the stomach, the first cause of all the mischief.

The remedy to use for indigestion and weak stomachs is not some cathartic, but a remedy which will digest the food, increase the flow of gastric juices, absorb the gases, and Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will accomplish exactly this result in any case of stomach trouble, because these tablets are composed of the digestive acids, aseptic pepsin, Golden Seal and bismuth, pleasant to taste, and not being a patent medicine, can be used by anyone with perfect safety. I believe Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will cure any form of indigestion and stomach trouble except cancer of the stomach.

Full size packages of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold by druggists at 50 cents or by mail from Stuart company, Marshall, Mich. A book on stomach diseases, together with thousands of testimonials, will be sent by addressing above or call on your druggist for them.

NOTHING AGAINST HER.

Mrs. Cyr Knows Nothing of the Vaugh Affair.

If Mrs. Annie Cyr is carrying a load of guilt on her conscience for any part she may have taken in the events that culminated in the death of David Vaugh at St. Mary's hospital on Friday night, her demeanor and conversation certainly do not reveal it. If she had a hand in, or a guilty knowledge of, the death of Vaugh, the skill with which she conceals all those outward appearances that furnish clues to the inquisitorial detective eye would entitle her to rank as one of the most subtle and hardy criminals of the age.

The police at this stage have absolutely no evidence against her, the county attorney does not believe she was concerned in the affair, and her own conduct is consistent with innocence. To be sure, she moved to Superior, a fact that is considered by some to argue the existence of a powerful and extraordinary motive; but Superior is not far away, and she returned voluntarily yesterday to sign the transcript of her testimony given at the inquest, and at no time during her stay here on this occasion has she been in durance. In common with all the other witnesses examined before the coroner, Mrs. Cyr was requested to go to the county attorney's office and sign her name to the testimony, and, in accordance with this direction, she came over to Duluth yesterday afternoon. Not knowing where Mr. Arbury's office is, she sought Detective Ryan at police headquarters for direction as to where to go.

It was late when she arrived there, and a telephone message failing to reach Mr. Arbury, she decided to stay all night to save another trip. Having no place to go, she was offered accommodation in the woman's department of the jail, which she accepted, and was turned over to the matron, who looked after her wants. This morning Mr. Arbury had a talk with her, but nothing developed to cast suspicion on her. Mrs. Cyr will return to Superior today and, unless unexpected developments occur, no complaint will be entered against her.

TOBACCO TO MINORS.

Three Dealers Arrested For Violating the Law.

Complaints have reached the officials of the Humane society from various quarters that some tobacco dealers were constantly violating the law prohibiting the sale of tobacco to minors. Humane Officer Haskins took the trail this morning, and, assisted by De Soon, Robbie, who is an efficient ally in the work, enough evidence was secured against three unscrupulous dealers to make it very interesting for them. No trouble being encountered in the purchase by Robbie of tobacco in any form.

The places visited were those of Mike Flinn and R. Bergur, on St. Croix avenue, and Annie Dorsey, a lady of dark complexion, whose shop is in St. Croix alley. From each of the shops, "coffin nail" cigarettes, cigars the lineage of which is crossed by the bar sinister of cabbage and smoking tobacco of ten mule power and an odor resembling the fumes emanating from the crater of a volcano, were secured. Complaints were at once entered against the parties named and they will face their justice.

The First Anniversary.

The celebration of the first anniversary of the organization of Division No. 1, Daughters of Erin, took place last evening at St. Clement's hall. An excellent program consisting of vocal solos, recitations and addresses was given and at its close a series of card games consisting of progressive pedro were begun. Forty tables were going for one hour and at the conclusion of the games refreshments were served by a committee of the ladies. A very pleasant evening was spent by all who attended.

The Force Increased.

Two policemen have been added to the force, the new officers being D. C. McLennan and John Link, who donned their star today. Mr. McLennan has seen service before and both men will prove valuable additions to Chief Hansen's cohorts. It will now be possible to effectively patrol the docks and Piedmont avenue east.

Water is High.

There is high water in all the streams around Duluth, and as a consequence the railroads have been troubled with small washouts, one of which caused the accident on the Northern Pacific. The employment of men to watch the tracks has been made necessary in a number of places.

BARGAINS FOR....

Dinner Sets.....

Thursday, Friday and Saturday,

10 Austrian China Decorated Sets, 100 pieces regular price $30. They go at just HALF PRICE..... **$15.00**
These will not last long.

5 Mercer Porcelain Decorated Dinner Sets, 100 pieces, regular price $25. They go at HALF PRICE..... **$12.50**
Buy one while you can.

10 Meakin's Band Dinnner Sets. 85 pieces. Regular price $10. Take them for HALF PRICE..... **$5.00**

Banquet Lamps.

10 Banquet Lamps, with one of the best burners in the market. Regular price $3.75. Take them for..... **$1.88**

Chamber Sets.

We have just 10 12-piece Decorated Chamber Sets left. Now is the time to get one at A BARGAIN.

F. A. PARKER CO., 10 EAST SUPERIOR ST.

AMUSEMENTS.

SOL SMITH RUSSELL.

Sol Smith Russell was given another fine reception at the Lyceum last evening, quite as hearty as on the evening previous. He made another little speech at the close of the second act, expressing his pleasure at the appreciation shown. He remarked that the play, "An Everyday Man," was written by a woman, and said that women are winning considerable success as dramatic writers, and that he believed in encouraging them. With a sly wink he invited any of the women who had plays to send them to him. At this the audience laughed heartily.

The evening's performance opened with a curtain-raiser entitled "Mr. Valentine's Christmas." It is a dainty and beautiful piece and was arranged from a sketch published in Life. Mr. Valentine, an old bachelor who is nearing the final goal, in his imagination entertains the sweethearts of his boyhood days on Christmas eve. A table is set and handsomely decorated, and at the place of each he tenderly lays a bouquet of flowers which were her favorites. As he does so he recalls the past and relates many incidents, some humorous and some touching, of his courtships. He drinks their health and finally drops over into his chair and expires with the name of his best beloved on his lips. Mr. Russell plays the part to perfection, giving to it a tender pathos and resignation that makes it very touching. It is a delicate piece of work admirably done, and is a remarkable contrast to the character of playing in which Mr. Russell is ordinarily seen. It was but another illustration of Mr. Russell's versatile ability and genius. George Woodward as Old Clem, Mr. Valentine's faithful servant, was excellent.

"An Everyday Man" is a fairly good play, but not remarkable. It presents Mr. Russell in the character of a plain, everyday husband, mechanical, matter-of-fact and easy going in his ways. His relatives, who boast of Plymouth Rock blood, persuade him that there is too much of the humdrum in his life, and think he ought to have a good time now and then. They persuade him to go to New York. He goes, and by some chance the whole family visit him there and find him howling drunk, as they believe, although he was masquerading. There is the usual reconciliation at the close after a few but people are found out and some other matters straightened up. There is much that is inconsistent and overdrawn in the play, but Mr. Russell does some very clever work. In the first act he is especially good. This is the most natural of the play and has some fine humor and presents some beautiful pictures. The second act permits Mr. Russell to appear as a rollicking drunkard, and it is needless to say that he convulses the audience.

The support was good. Alfred Hudson as Saltonstall, the father-in-law, was fine, and George Woodward as Rev. Dr. Lathrop and George Denham as Dr. Fulton were all that could be desired. Charles Mackey was good as Dallas Dwight. Miss Minnie Radcliffe made a charming wife, playing the part with fine feeling and intelligence. Miss Fanny Addison Pitt was excellent as Hutchinson, the family housekeeper, and Miss Fernandez made a bright and winsome Lucy.

"MISS HARUM SCARUM."

Tonight and tomorrow night at the Lyceum the attraction will be Amy Lee and Frank Doane, supported by a capable company of players, who will be seen in the new dramatic comedy success "Miss Harum Scarum," from the pen of E. J. Swartz, a well-known author. Mr. Swartz hesitated a long time before entrusting this play for production, but after seeing the work of Miss Lee and Mr. Doane, he willingly handed them the manuscript, feeling sure that in their hands "Miss Harum Scarum" would receive full justice. His confidence was not misplaced, and the plays and stars have been one emphatic success from the start and have received high encomiums of praise from all the Eastern papers and public as well.

Duluth, Minn., April 14, 1896.

Received of W. R. Mathews & Sons, agents of the Fidelity and Casualty company, of New York, $50 (fifty dollars), in full for all claims against the Fidelity and Casualty company on account of broken leg sustained by me on March 29, 1896, as per stipulations set forth on certificate accompanying "Mutual Benefit" plug tobacco. A. F. Weber.

REMOVED.

I. H. Isham, watchmaker and optician, has removed to Albertson's bookstore, No. 330 West Superior street.

WOMEN AND WOMEN ONLY are most competent to fully appreciate the purity, sweetness, and delicacy of CUTICURA SOAP, and to discover new uses for it daily. To cleanse, purify, and beautify the skin, to allay itching and irritation, to heal chafings, excoriations, and ulcerative weaknesses, nothing so pure, so sweet, so speedily effective as warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, followed, when necessary, by mild applications of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure.

Sold throughout the world. Price, CUTICURA, 50c; SOAP, 25c; RESOLVENT, 50c, and $1. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Proprietors, Boston.

"How to Produce Luxuriant Hair," mailed free.

COUNTING THE MAILS.

Postal Union Countries Will Commence Next Month.

Washington, April 15.—The triennial international counting of all mails going from one country to another in the Postal union will take place from May 1 to May 28. The postoffice department has, therefore, ordered all railway postoffices exchanging mail direct with that to Canada, to exclude from the Canadian mail, and forward to either the New York or Boston postoffice for counting, all articles for delivery in New Foundland, Saint Pierre and Miquelon and to San Francisco, or Tacoma, all articles for Japan, Hawaii and the Australian colonies.

All closed mail sacks or packages addressed to the New York or San Francisco postmasters received from Canada or Mexico in railway postal cars during the counting period will be forwarded to those offices.

SILVER DICK.

Consents to Become a Presidential Candidate.

Sedalia, Mo., April 15.—After innumerable conferences, ex-Chairman Richard P. Bland consented, at a late hour last night, to become a candidate for the presidency. The resolution endorsing Bland as a presidential candidate will be presented at today's convention by Governor Stone, who will make a speech of endorsement and ask the convention to adopt the resolution unanimously.

CROOKED WHEELMEN.

Bay City Men So Designated in California Events.

San Francisco, April 15.—At a special meeting of the road racing committee of the California Associated clubs last night it was decided to disqualify the Bay City wheelmen, the winners of last Sunday's 100-mile relay race. It is alleged that the Bay City's representatives on the sixth and seventh relays changed the packet outside the proper lines.

It is claimed by the riders that they changed the packet within bounds, and their statement is upheld by two of the judges who were standing near the line. But the referee claims otherwise, and the race committee has decided with him. This decision gives the cup to the Garden City cyclers, who finished second in the race. The Bay City wheelmen will protest against the decision of the board.

CENTRAL AMERICAN EXPOSITION.

Washington, April 15.—Minister Arriaga, of Guatemala, has informed the department of state that a Central American exposition will be held in the capital city of that republic next year from March 15 to July 15. Though it is a Central American exposition, it will nevertheless comprise a foreign section, where the exhibitors of other countries may show their wares, and a cordial invitation is extended by the Guatemala government to the citizens of the United States to be represented.

DUTY ON BACON AND HAM.

Washington, April 15.—Secretary Morton is in receipt of advices through the department of state from the United States minister at Stockholm, Sweden, that the Riksdag has voted to increase the custom rates on smoked pork to 20 ore per kilo, and to increase the custom duty on pork of other kinds to 20 ore. One ore equals .268 cents of our money.

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

AN EXPLOSION KILLS FOUR.

Seattle, Wash., April 15.—The steamer Willapa, from Alaska, brings news of a terrible explosion in the tunnel between the Treadwell and Mexican mines, which occurred on Friday afternoon, April 3. Four men were badly injured and so horribly mutilated that they died in agony.

You don't want a torpid liver. You don't want a bad complexion. You don't want a bad breath. You don't want a headache. Then use DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills. S. F. Boyce.

Proposals For Bonds.

Sealed bids will be received at the county auditor's office, in the city of Duluth, up to two o'clock p. m., of Thursday, June 4th, 1896, for $150,000.00 4 per cent 20-year county road bonds of the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota.

For particulars write

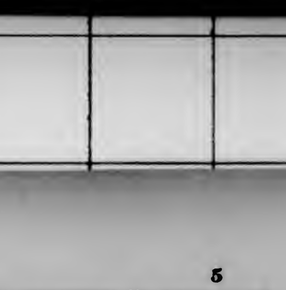
O. HALDEN,
County Auditor,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, April-15-22-29.

PITCH AND GRAVEL ROOFING. FURNACES AND SKYLIGHTS, TIN AND SHEET IRON WORK.
Repairs for the Union and Kernan Furnaces kept on hand
REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

McMartin & Co.,
23 FIFTH AVE. WEST.
Telephone No. 642.

Vitality IN MEN Restored.



Failing Sexual Strength in old or young men can be quickly and permanently cured by me to a healthly, vigorous state. Sufferers from....

NERVOUS DEBILITY,
VARICOCELE, NIGHT LOSSES,
AND ALL WASTING DISEASES should write to me for advice. I have been a close student for many years of the subject of weakness in men, the fact is, I was a sufferer myself. Too bashful to seek the aid of older men or reputable physicians I investigated the subject deeply and discovered a simple but most remarkably successful remedy that completely cured me and fully enlarged me from a shrunken, stunted condition to natural strength and size. I want every young or old man to know about it. I take a personal interest in such cases and no one need hesitate to write me as all communications are held strictly confidential. I send the recipe of this remedy absolutely free of cost. Do not put it off but write me fully at once, you will always bless the day you did so. Address,

THOMAS SLATER, Box 2052
Shipper of Famous Kalamazoo Celery.
KALAMAZOO, MICH.

DR. DIX'S Celebrated Female Powders never fail. 10,000 ladies declare them to have saved their lives after all other remedies have failed. Particulars 4 cents. DR. S. T. DIX, Back Bay, Boston, Mass.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, ST. LOUIS COUNTY—SS.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
Mary Collins, Plaintiff.
vs.
Mary Winn, Defendant.

The state of Minnesota to the said defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the 11th judicial district in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the city of Duluth, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of two hundred and seventy-three dollars, with interest as follows, at the rate of 7 per cent per annum from the 9th day of August, 1890, on two hundred and fifty dollars and on twenty-three dollars from the 9th day of September, 1890, together with the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated February 25th, 1896.

J. D. HOLMES,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
98 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-15-22-29-May-6-13-20.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Whereas default has been made in the conditions of one certain mortgage executed by Sivert Thompson and Johanna Thompson, his wife, mortgagors, to The Scandia Building and Loan Association, mortgagee, bearing date February 11th, 1889, and filed for record and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of and for the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, on February 15th, 1890, at 11 o'clock a. m., in Book K of mortgages, on page 419 thereof, and

Whereas there is now claimed to be due and is due on said mortgage the sum of three hundred seventy-one and 50-100 (371.50) dollars, and in addition thereto the sum of sixty-two and 34-100 (62.34) dollars taxes on the premises described herein, paid by the mortgagee at this date, aggregating in all four hundred thirty-three and 84-100 (433.84) dollars.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in said mortgage, which premises are situated in the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: Lot number eleven (11), in block number twenty-two (22), of Macfarlane's Grassy Point Addition to Duluth, according to the plat thereof now of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county, which sale will be made at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, on the 26th day of May, 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of said county, to pay said debt, twenty-five (25) dollars attorney's fees, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year after date of such sale as provided by law.

Dated April 15th, 1896.

THE SCANDIA BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION, Mortgagee.

JNO. RUSTGARD,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-15-22-29-May-6-13-20-27.

DR. FAULKNER,
SPECIALIST.
Successfully treats all chronic, private and nervous diseases of male and female. No detention from business. Consultation Free. Office, room 4, over 19 East Superior st. Duluth.

KILGORE & SIEWERT,

NEW STORE—LONSDALE BLDG.

New Mackintoshes, Silk Umbrellas...

SOLE AGENTS
EXTRA QUALITY
DUNLAP & CO.
CUSTOMIZED HATS.

Hats Correct Styles.

Dunlap & Co.'s, $5.00.
Stetson, $4.00, $5.00.
Roelof's, $3.50, $4.00.
Schelles, $3.00, $4.00. $5.
Guyers, $3.00, $4.00.
Cork Hats, $2.00.

Ladies' Shirt Waists,
Ladies' Collars and Cuffs,
Ladies' Neckwear,
} THE STYLISH KINDS.

New Neckwear, Gloves, Night Shirts, Pajamas.

KILGORE & SIEWERT.

MINERS BEING DROPPED.

Mining Companies Get Back at the Union.

Ishpeming, Mich., April 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—The mines here will lay off 700 miners this month. The reason given is lack of sales and large stocks of unsold ore, but the movement is generally regarded as a counter blow for the Miners' union, which has grown to include nearly all the mine workers. Several hundred men have already been discharged on the Gogebic, and similar action is looked for elsewhere. The relations between the miners and the mining companies are strained.

The Minnesota Iron company is in a pretty good conditon to face a strike, should one occur as the result of the present meeting of mine workers at Ishpeming. The company's Canton mine, at Biwabik, has about 160,000 tons of ore on the stockpile, and as this covers the amount allotted to this mine for the coming season, it will be shut down. At the mines at Soudan there is an immense stockpile, including fully 500,000 tons of ore already crushed and ready to be loaded on the cars. The stockpile at the Chandler mine at Ely contains 300,000 tons. Other companies have also good stocks mined, and the open pits, of course, are natural stock piles.

TIN PLATE CONVENTION.

Manufacturers From All Over the Country Meet.

Pittsburg, April 15.—The tinplate manufacturers are here from all over the country to attend the general meeting of tinplate producers which meets here tomorrow to consider the recent advance in tinplate bars and devise means to improve the existing conditions. The meeting promises to be the largest gathering of tinplate manufacturers ever held in this country, and will include the independent producers as well as the members of the tinplate association.

It is said an effort will be made to have all the manufacturers agree to maintain prices, and if that is successful an advance to cover the increased price of steel billets will probably follow. It is no; believed that a fight will be made by a steel billets pool. The executive committee of the Tinplate Manufacturers' association was to have met this morning to outline a plan for submission to the meeting tomorrow, but it was postponed until later in the day.

COAL TRUST BILLS.

Morton Will Veto Them if Not Withdrawn.

Albany, N. Y., April 15.—Governor Morton today asked Assemblyman Robbins to withdraw the coal trust bills, which passed last week, giving the attorney general the right to prosecute all trusts. The governor gave as a reason for making the request that he had not time to examine them, and he would like to make them thirty-day bills.

Mr. Robbins returned an answer that under no circumstances would he jeopardize the bills by bringing them back. "The coal trust lawyer and lobby are still here," said Mr. Robbins, "and I don't propose to run any risk. The bills are plain enough and can be handled in ten days."

When Governor Morton received Mr. Robbins' answer he sent back another message saying that if the bills were not withdrawn, as requested, he would veto them without any delay. He did not believe they would be jeopardized in any way by delay.

CLUE TO GEORGE TAYLOR.

Carrollton, Mo., April 15.—A telegram has been received from Bogard, seven miles north of here, calling on the sheriff for a posse. The telegram says they have a clue that will lead to George Taylor's capture. No other particulars are obtainable. Deputy Sheriff Cummings has left with a posse.

SUIT FOR $1,000,000

Chicago, April 15.—One million dollars is the sum demanded by Edward S. Richards from the Grand Trunk railway for an infringement on his patent grain transferring apparatus. In a suit filed in the federal court today Richards charges the Grand Trunk railroad with using his invention and asks the court to decree him $1,000,000.

KILLED IN A COAL MINE.

Lockhaven, Pa., April 15.—Michael and Andrew Alynsk, brothers, were killed in the mines of the Kettle River mine, this county, today by a fall of coal.

DINGLEY RENOMINATED.

Auburn, Me., April 15.—The Republican convention, for the Second congressional district, was held today. Congressman Nelson Dingley, Jr., was renominated by acclamation. The following delegates to the St. Louis convention were chosen: Charles E. Littlefield, of Rockland, at large; district delegates, Hiram W. Ricker, of Poland, and Harold M. Sewell, of Bath. The delegates were not instructed.

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

CONVICTS CURED.

Consumption Vanquished By a New Decoction.

Pittsburg, April 15.—The asepticlin cure for consumption has been tried on three convicts in the Western penitentiary with remarkable success. The convicts all had pulmonary tuberculosis and were considered incurable. A month's treatment shows an uninterrupted record of rapid and marvelous improvement; until the patients are to external appearances well men.

THE ELBE LOSS.

Steamship Crathie Has to Foot the Bill.

Rotterdam, April 15.—The owners of the British steamship Crathie, belonging to Aberdeen, have been condemned to pay 565,500 florins damages to the North German Lloyd company for the sinking of the steamship Elbe by collision during the morning of Jan. 30, 1895, with a loss of 335 lives.

ROW OVER DEBS.

Faculty of Chicago University Object to Him.

Chicago, April 15.—Division of opinion and not a little feeling has been aroused among the students of the Chicago university by the decision of the faculty in barring E. V. Debs from speaking before the students some time during the next quarter. At a meeting of the local oratorical association it was agreed to invite the labor leader, but when the members of the faculty were apprised of the intended invitation they immediately sent out for the representatives of the association and firmly demanded that no such invitation should be issued.

They declared that Mr. Debs belonged to a dangerous element and his appearance at the university of Chicago with the sanction of the faculty would endanger the standing of the institution among the orthodox people. Members of the oratorical association are disposed to resent the position which the faculty has taken.

WASHINGTON SILVER SENTIMENT.

Tacoma, Wash., April 15.—The silvermen in the Democratic state convention made an all-day fight for a silver platform and a silver delegation instructed to vote for a free coinage candidate for president. President Cleveland's administration was endorsed. A free silver resolution was adopted, but the delegates were not instructed. The delegates to Chicago are: Hugh C. Wallace, Tacoma; R. C. McCorby, Whiteman; J. C. Fenton, Spokane; J. F. Gierton, Chehalis county; Thomas Maloney, Portage; J. L. Sharpstein, Walla Walla, and Charles A. Darling, New Whatcom.

GAVE TILLMAN A PITCHFORK.

Denver, April 15.—Senator Tillman, who will address the Democratic convention this evening, was tendered a reception last evening at the Brown Palace hotel. A large crowd greeted the senator, who, after being presented with a pitchfork made from gold and silver taken from the mines of Colorado by Hon. E. R. Holden, in behalf of the Tillman club, made a short address which was received with applause. Mr. Tillman then shook hands with several thousand people.

A VIENNA PARADE.

Vienna, April 15.—The weather was splendid and the parade of the garrison in honor of the emperor and empress of Germany passed off brilliantly. When Emperor William in Austrian huzzar uniform rode upon the parade ground, the bands played the German national anthem. So soon as Emperor William appeared, Emperor Francis Joseph galloped up to him, saluted and delivered the report. Their majesties then rode side by side down the front of the troops.

TILLMAN IS POPULAR.

Denver, April 15.—The presence of United States Senator Tillman in Denver has aroused enthusiasm among Colorado Democrats. The state convention, which will meet this afternoon, consists of 489 delegates. No cut and dried program has been arranged, but it is certain that anti-administration delegates will be sent to Chicago. The men slated for selection are: Charles Thomas and Thomas J. O'Donnell, Denver; Adair F. Wilson, of Durango, and James N. Carlisle, of Pueblo. The convention will listen to an address by Senator Tillman this evening.

LOTS OF MATABELES.

London, April 15.—An official dispatch from Buluwayo, Matabeleland, says: "It is impossible to estimate the number of the enemy. The whole country is now in the hands of the rebellious natives, and they are massing in great force northward. It will require a large force of troops to dislodge them."

WHEN TRAVELING,

Whether on pleasure bent, or business, take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver, and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50-cent and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup company only.

OPPOSED

Many Creditors Do Not Like the Sales of the Bell Assets.

Considerable Talk of a Movement to Prevent Their Confirmation.

Would Prefer to Wait Than See Such a Sacrifice.

It is being freely intimated today that an effort will be made to prevent the confirmation by the courts of the sales of the assets of the Bell estate which have been made during the past two or three days at auction in the Bell bank building at 3 West Superior street. There has been no organized movement among the creditors so far as can be learned, and there may not be, but it is extremely improbable that the sales will be confirmed without objection.

It is said that one man can be produced who would raise the bid for the bank building $20000, making about $25,000 in all. At that price it would be ridiculously cheap. There are, in fact, a great many people who claim that if they had been aware of the sale they would have been there and secured some of the bargains. On the other hand, however, the sale was advertised, and there is no reason why they should not have known it.

One of the creditors who was quite prominent in the recent agitation over the affairs of the bank said today: "I think the creditors would all be willing to grant Mr. Markell more time. It does not seem right to sacrifice this property after carrying it through the hard times, just at a time when it would seem that there is to be a revival. I do not believe the sales ought to be confirmed."

Yesterday afternoon a one-twenty-fourth interest in forty acres in section 30-63-11—the famous section 30—sold to George W. Buck for $300. A one-eighth interest in eighty acres in section 29-63-11, directly adjoining the other, sold to S. Loeh for $255. The sale will be concluded tomorrow morning.

IT IS FINAL.

Mr. Schmied Says the Commonwealth is Dead Forever.

"This is final," said Manager Schmied, today, when asked if the Commonwealth would gather itself for another go. "Plans—why, I have none at present, save to get some sleep; I have had none for a week," continued Mr. Schmied. The man who has for so long breasted the waves of adverse fortune in a courageous struggle to put the Commonwealth on its feet, smiled the smile of a man who, though he has received a hot one, is ready to come up for another round with fate, as he went on setting up "pi," for he had his coat off and was working like a nailer.

Editor Pardee remarked that plans are expensive. "I have had plans for several years," said he, "and they cost. I can't tell what I will do so long ahead as day after tomorrow. I may go out and dig; I may go East—anywhere that fortune leads me. There is one place I'll not go, and that is Iowa. I have a prejudice against Iowa; it is a flat-bottomed state where they have prohibition."

Mr. Pardee remarked that every man in Iowa believed in prohibition for his neighbors and had a can in the cellar for himself, and liquid refreshment was thus found right in the home circle.

Mr. Pardee said that Mr. Evans was at home getting acquainted with his family, and as to what he intended for the future Mr. Pardee could not say.

MISSISSIPPI FLOOD.

Observer Lyons Says it Will Go Still Higher.

St. Paul, April 15.—At 7 o'clock this morning the government guage on the river showed a rise of 1.3 feet since yesterday morning, bringing the level up to 8.3. "That is the highest the river has been," said Observer Lyons this morning, "since May, 1884, when the record was 8.4. The river will continue to rise, because we are going to have more rain. There is a heavy rain storm in North Dakota now, and we shall get it during the night. It follows, therefore, that there will be a rise in the river. I don't, however, anticipate any great amount of damage as the greater the width of the stream, the greater its capacity for carrying off the volume of water."

ST. PAUL REGISTRATION.

St. Paul, April 15.—The registration in this city, all precincts being reported, was 9084, as against 5053 on the first day for registration two years ago.

TIMELY.

San Francisco Wave: While the train was crawling through the sagebrush district an Eastern capitalist, espying an upology for a dwelling in the midst of the bleakness, remarked aloud:

"A man must be a blamed fool to live in such a God-forsaken country as this!"

"Excuse me," answered a native, who had boarded the train at a watering station, "but I think you are mistaken in calling that settler a fool. It takes a blanked smart man to make a living in this country, while any idiot can make a living in a city."

TO EXTINGUISH BURNING OIL.

Water will not extinguish burning kerosene oil, but dry sand will, and it is a wise precaution to keep a box of sand in some convenient place to be used in an emergency. Such a precaution might prevent a serious disaster. If this is not at hand, the flame should be smothered by throwing some heavy rug or woolen substance over it.

LIFE.

"What is life but what a man is thinking of all day?"—Emerson.
If life were only what a man
Thinks daily of—his little care;
His petty ill; his trivial plan:
His sordid scheme to horde and spare;
His meagre ministry; his small
Unequal strength to breast the stream;
His large regret—repentance small;
His poor, unrealized dream—
"Were scarcely worth a passing nod;
Meet it should end where it began.
But 'tis not so. Life is what God
Is daily thinking of for man.
—Julie M. Lippmann in Harper's Magazine for April.

HETTY GREEN'S BLUFF.

Found a Man Who Took Her at Her Word.

"The way Hetty Green got her first millions—two or three at least—was by inheritance," said R. A. Chase, of Boston, at the Hotel Page, in the Washington Post. "She has added a good many more millions to the original pile left by her father, the late Edward Mott Robinson. Robinson got his start in life up our way; he was a New Bedford man and laid the foundation of his fortune by close attention to the whaling business. His boats made many a capture of these monsters of the deep and they turned to gold in the hands of Robinson. Afterward he went to New York and became one of the greatest traders on the seas of his day. He did not leave all his wealth to Mrs. Green unconditionally, but finally the bulk of the estate passed into her keeping.

"Mrs. Green at one time did business with the well-known New York banking house of John J. Cisco & Co., and deposited with them her cash, bonds, securities and other forms of money, running into big figures. One day she went to the bank to express her dissatisfaction with the way some matter of hers had been conducted. Mr. Cisco, the head of the concern, argued the question with her in a temperate way, but her wrath was aroused and she would not be appeased. Finally she stated her intention of withdrawing from the bank, then and there, every sumarkee that stood to her credit. She said it with emphasis, and not in the way of one who merely puts forth a bluff. Anyway Mr. Cisco took her seriously and told her it would give him the greatest pleasure to accommodate her; that she should have every dollar that was hers on the spot and straightway ordered an employe to get out Mrs. Green's gold and silver coin, greenbacks, treasury notes, stocks and bonds and all other kinds of lucre the lady possessed. The clerk was a good while at it, but he at length piled $5,000,000 or $6,000,000 in front of the owner, who had been regarding the pile with interest.

"'There's your property, Mrs. Green,' remarked the old banker, 'please remove it.'

"'I have changed my mind and you can keep it.'

"'Excuse me, madam, but we don't care for your patronage any longer. Please take your money away.'

"Old Cisco was deaf to all her pleadings to let the stuff stay. He was just as resolute as she had been wrathful, but he consented to let one of his men go out and buy a trunk to pack the cash and other financial tokens in, and then let the man accompany Mrs. Green and her trunk to another depository.

CRIMEAN BATTLES.

Bloodiest Spots Recorded in Modern History.

The country for many miles below Sebastopol is "one vast, dread, drear, burnt-out plain," but very impressive through the memories of that bloodiest war of which it was the theater, says the Springfield Republican. On the hillsides are some enormous natural caves, one of which, it is said, can contain a whole regiment of soldiers, and which, I believe, was utilized by the English. One catches a glimpse of the valleys or gorges of Balaklava, and passes within sight of the English, French and Italian cemeteries. From Sebastopol itself we were rowed across the bay to the great Russian cemetery, where 100,000 soldiers are said to be buried. At the top of the elevation on which the cemetery lies is a memorial chapel, the interior of which is one of the most beautiful things of Russia. The walls almost completely lined with mosiacs in delicate light colors, representing largely scenes from the passion, and solemn angels in white garments. The other ornamentation is of silver or gold on a white ground.

On the walls are tablets commemorative of the Russian regiments which took part and the soldiers who fell in the Crimean war. Shady avenues radiate from the chapel through the grounds, where beside the monument of the heroes of 1854-55 are those of the numerous army and navy officers who have died of late years, and great mounds, covered with enormous granite slabs, beneath each of which 200 soldiers are said to lie. Certain restrictions and prohibitions have lately been removed from the town of Sebastopol, considerable building and renovation have been engaged in and the place is assuming a more prosperous aspect than it is said to have worn for many a long year. Here, too, we are close upon classical ground. Only a few versts south, upon the coast, is the ancient Tauris, where Iphegenia was for so long the priest of Artemus.

STRAIN ON A BRIDGE.

A train always exerts greater strain on an iron bridge when going quickly than when going slowly, but the difference in the strain depends on the structure of the bridge and is much more in some cases than in others, says Engineering. When the train goes over the bridge it causes a wave to travel along the bridge owing to the elasticity of the iron. That part of the bridge just in front of the train is raised a little, and the part under the train is lowered so that each part of the bridge is successively raised and lowered as the train goes over it, and the more quickly the train travels the more sudden this will be and consequently the more violent. The strain produced will vary with the square of the velocity of the wave, so that the train will exert four times the strain when it doubles its velocity, nine times when it triples its velocity.

PHOTOGRAPHIC LENSES.

A new photographic lens has been introduced in Germany, which is a quadruple combination, that may be used as a single lens or as a component of a double, says the New York Journal. In the lens there are two couples of single lenses, each made of a collecting lens and a dispersing lens. The collecting lens of one couple has a higher refractive power, and if the other a lower refractive power, than their respective dispersing lenses. The glasses are selected to produce achromatic combinations. It is claimed that this lens gives very high marginal distinctness, wide angle and great lighting power. A doublet may be formed out of two lenses, with a diaphragm between.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

SAMBO'S IDEA.

Col. T. A. Dodge is responsible for the following story of a negro preacher whose congregation finally made a great racket every Sunday. Upon being questioned, the old man, with evident sorrow for the ignorance of the colonel, said: "Doan you know the Lawd's prayer?" "Of course," replied the colonel; "but what has that to do with it?" "Doan de Lawd's prayer say hollered be thy name?" replied the all-wise preacher.

BROUGHT BACK.

Five Years of Agony. Released at Last.

The Past Seems Like a Terrible Nightmare, and the Present Health and Happiness.

How the Indian Accomplished a Wonderful Restoration.

There are thousands of women throughout our land who are living the lives of hopeless invalids, unable to enjoy their existence, let alone to attend to the ordinary duties of life. If more of them would follow the example of Mrs. Harriet Jansen, 554 Bay St., St. Paul, Minn., there would be much less misery in the world. Mrs. Jansen was an invalid for five years and had spent an untold amount of money for doctors and medicines without experiencing the slightest relief. She was at last urged by a friend to purchase a bottle of Kickapoo Indian Sagwa. It is best perhaps to let her tell the results in her own words:—

"I have taken three bottles of Kickapoo Indian Sagwa, and now I feel like a new person, my appetite has returned, I sleep well, and enjoy myself as I used to before I became ill and life had become a burden to me. I can again do my housework, something that I was unable to do for several years. I am gaining in flesh and my friends say I look five years younger. I desire to recommend your medicines, especially your Kickapoo Indian Sagwa, to all suffering from any disease for which you claim they are a cure, as I am sure it will do all and more than is claimed for it."

The principle of health and how to keep it, of life and how to prolong it, is so simple when looked upon in a rational manner, that there is hardly any excuse whatever for the existence of sickness. This getting up in the morning tired, nervous and restless. This continual irritability where the slightest noise is actual pain, loss of flesh, a general languor, susceptibility to colds, continual headaches, nausea, a "gone" feeling stomach, coated tongue, are all symptoms of some derangement of the kidneys, liver, stomach or blood. Remove that cause, purify the blood, the great river of life of the human system and these disagreeable symptoms will give way to perfect health that will continue throughout a long life. There is no better way to procure this perfect health than by using Kickapoo Indian Sagwa. It is infallible as a cure for all complications of the organs above mentioned. Relief is felt almost with the first dose and the happiest results are soon obtained by its use.

Remember that Kickapoo Indian Sagwa, as well as all the other Kickapoo Indian Remedies, are absolutely harmless, containing no poisonous ingredients of any description. It is purely vegetable, and almost miraculous in the manner in which it acts.

Anyone desiring special advice will by writing us be accomodated, as one of our corps of physicians will treat all correspondence in confidence and give such advice as is best for them. Kickapoo Indian Medicine Co., New Haven Conn. All druggists sell Kickapoo Indian Sagwa.

Every Merchant Should Add to Their Advertisements in The Evening Herald.

Mail Orders Solicited...

As the circulation of The Evening Herald was never before as large as it now is in the towns of the Vermilion and Mesaba Ranges, along the Duluth & Winnipeg Ry., Northern Pacific Ry., and, in fact, all the country tributary to Duluth.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF ST. LOUIS COUNTY, MINNESOTA.

William C. Stevens, Plaintiff,
vs.
Andrus R. Merritt, Lizzie D. Merritt, his wife; Hanson E. Smith, as administrator of the estate of Casalus C. Merritt, deceased; Eliza M. Merritt, Caroline Merritt, Mary Merritt, Charles A. Merritt, Wilbur Merritt, Olive Merritt, James A. Nichols, Cash Winters, Henry Solem, First National Bank of Richfield Springs, New York; Alfred Oakland, Kelsey D. Chase, Chas. E. Hasey, Penn Land & Loan Company, Charles F. Leland, Charles S. Beck, Jr., George M. Peters, C. D. Firestone and O. G. Peters, partners doing business as Columbus Buggy Company; First National Bank of Vassar, Michigan, Edward H. Stephens, Bank of Baldwin, Wisconsin, First National Bank of Johnson City, Tennessee, George H. Rathman, First National Bank of Menominee, Wisconsin, Second National Bank of Louisville, Kentucky, Bank of Allentown, Tennessee, International Trust Company, First National Bank of Chattanooga, Tennessee, Citizens' Bank & Trust Company, A. E. Wyatt, John W. Coulter, E. T. Archibald, W. B. Hosmer, Henry T. Morgan, Isaac S. Anderson, A. L. Friedman and A. W. Cook, partners doing business as "Powell's Valley Bank;" Lookout Bank of Morristown, Tennessee, E. E. Coe, D. C. Smith, Hudson Wilson, W. M. Wells and E. Wells, F. C. Dennett, Newberry Savings Bank, Duluth Hardware Company, First National Bank of Duluth, N. T. Brown, Charles A. McPherrin, Mrs. P. A. Gearhart, International Bank of West Superior, Wisconsin, Jennie H. Williams, Maria Carlson, John Drew, Nellie G. Frizzell, F. B. Kaufman, G. H. Richardson, William H. Magie and Samuel H. Boyer, individually and as partners under the firm name of Magie & Boyer; L. A. Belding and Charles Wright, individually and as partners under the firm name of Belding & Wright; A. E. McManus, David Sloan, John E. Merritt, A. J. Tallon, Security Bank of Duluth, Charles Scribner's Sons, J. B. Vail, John Doe, a person whose name is unknown to plaintiff, as receiver of the First National Bank of Johnson City, Tennessee, Defendants.

SUMMONS.

The state of Minnesota to the above named defendants, and to each of them: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office No. 118 Chamber of Commerce Building, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this case will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated Duluth, Minnesota, March 30, 1896.

O. W. BALDWIN,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
118 Chamber of Commerce Building, Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, April-15-22-29-May-6-13-20.

SUMMONS, MONEY DEMAND. COMPLAINT FILED.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Henry Folz, Plaintiff,
vs.
Elzear Perrault, Defendant.

The state of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office in the Torrey Building, in the city of Duluth, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of eighty-two dollars and eighteen cents, with interest at the rate of 7 per cent per annum from the 8th day of January, 1896, together with the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated April 6th, 1896.

SMITH & McMAHON,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
503-501 and 505 Torrey Building, Duluth, Minnesota.

Duluth Evening Herald, April-15-22-29-May-6-13-20.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Charles D. Campbell, Patrick Doran, Plaintiffs,
vs.
M. M. Gasser, as administrator of the estate of Hiram C. Allard, deceased; and the unknown heirs of said Hiram C. Allard, Defendants.

The state of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiffs in the above entitled action, which complaint is filed in the office of the clerk of the above named court, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscribers at their offices in rooms 302, 304 in First National Bank Building, in the city of Duluth, in said county, with in twenty days after the service of this summons upon you exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein.

Dated April 7th, 1896.

ALLEN, BALDWIN & BALDWIN,
Attorneys for Plaintiffs,
302-4 First National Bank Building, Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, April-15-22-29-May-6-13-20.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 14th, 1896.

In the matter of the estate of Charles J. Bertram, deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Edward L. Bertram, of said county.

It is ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court for examination and allowance at the probate office in Duluth, in said county, on Monday, the ninth day of November, A. D. 1896, at ten o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless, for cause shown, further time be allowed.

Ordered further that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 14th day of April, A. D. 1896.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, April-15-22-29.

THE NORTH WESTERN LINE
C. ST. P. M. & O. RY.

Trains Leave and Arrive Duluth:

10:45 A. M. EX. SUN.—DAY EXPRESS for St. Paul, Minneapolis, Eau Claire. Has Parlor Car. Arrives Duluth 6:00 p. m.

5:00 P. M. DAILY—CHICAGO LIMITED for Chicago and Milwaukee. Pullman and Wagner Vestibuled Buffet Sleepers to Chicago. Arrives Duluth 10:30 a. m.

11:00 P. M. DAILY—NIGHT EXPRESS for St. Paul and Minneapolis. Has Pullman Sleeper. Arrives Duluth 7:00 a. m.

G. M. SMITH, General Agent. B. W. SUMMERS, City Ticket Agent. 405 Mesaba Block, Opposite Spalding.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R. RUNS
YELLOWSTONE PARK LINE

THROUGH CARS
—TO—
Fargo, Grand Forks and Winnipeg,
—TO—
HELENA, BUTTE, SPOKANE, TACOMA, SEATTLE, PORTLAND.

Pullman Sleeping Cars, Elegant Dining Cars, Tourist Sleeping Cars.

TIME SCHEDULE.

	Leave Duluth Daily	Arrive Duluth Daily
Dining Cars on Pacific Express,		
Pacific Express for all Minnesota and Dakota points, Winnipeg, Yellowstone Park, Helena, Butte, Spokane, Tacoma, Seattle, Portland, Alaska, San Francisco and all Pacific coast points	7:30 pm	8:00 am
Chicago Limited for all Wisconsin Central & Milwaukee, Lake Shore & Western points, Milwaukee, Chicago and beyond	4:20 pm	11:05 am

Through tickets to Japan and China, via Tacoma and Northern Pacific Steamship Co., an American line.

For information, time cards, maps and tickets, call on or write F. E. DONAVAN, City Ticket Agent.

or CHAS. S. FEE, Gen'l Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

THE BURLINGTON ROUTE

In Past Years has published in this paper from week to week short articles on various subjects, scientific, historical, geographical and all of them have been interesting.

This Year The Burlington wants to use our space in telling you more directly about its line, so these articles will not appear in the newspapers. They will, however, be written and printed regularly, and if you want them during 1896, send your name and address to the General Passenger Agent as below and you will receive by mail each month a sheet containing the articles for that month.

Meanwhile the finest and fastest trains in the West are via The Burlington from St. Paul and Minneapolis to Chicago, St. Louis and all other prominent cities and towns East and South.

Tickets and particulars as to routes and rates of fare will be furnished by your home agent, or if he cannot supply them, address

W. J. C. KENYON,
Gen. Freight & Pass Agent,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

FLORIDA,

The land of Sunshine, Flowers and Fruit,

IS EASILY REACHED BY TAKING THE ST. LOUIS & CAIRO SHORT Line

The "Holly Springs Route" From St. Louis.

FAST TIME, LOW RATES, LIBERAL LIMITS THROUGH PULLMAN SLEEPERS.

GEO. E. LARY, Gen'l Pass. Agt. St. Louis, Mo.

St. Paul & Duluth R. R.

DULUTH SHORT LINE

Trains Leaving and Arriving Duluth.

9:00 A. M. DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.—Arriving St. Paul 2:50 p. m.; Minneapolis, 3:15 p. m.; Stillwater, 3 p. m., making direct connections with all diverging lines east, south and west.

1:55 P. M. DAILY—THE FAST LIMITED.—Arriving St. Paul 6:25 p. m.; Minneapolis, 6:40 p. m.; Stillwater, 7:10 p. m.; Chicago, 7 a. m.; Omaha, 9 a. m.; Kansas City, 4 p. m.; St. Louis, 3 p. m., connecting with all lines south, east and west. Parlor cars to St. Paul, Minneapolis, Chicago, etc.

11:15 P. M. DAILY—NIGHT EXPRESS.—Arriving St. Paul 7 a. m.; Minneapolis, 7:15 a. m.; Stillwater, 7:15 a. m.; with sleepers, Duluth and West Superior to St. Paul and Minneapolis. Direct connections with all morning trains east, south and west. Sleepers ready for occupancy at 9 p. m.

TRAINS ARRIVE DULUTH.—Day Express, 1:50 p. m.; Fast Limited, 4:45 p. m.; Night Express, 6:30 a. m.

For tickets to any point in United States or Canada, sleeping car berths, call at city ticket office, 401 West Superior street, corner Palladio building.

Baggage checked direct from residences. Steamship tickets to and from Europe.

F. B. ROSE, Northern Passenger Agent.

PANTON & WHITE

Glass Block Store

SUPERIOR AND MICHIGAN STS. AND SECOND AVENUE WEST. DULUTH.

To Our Superior Patrons...

All goods bought in this house are delivered at your home free of any expense to you. It pays to trade in Duluth at THE BIG GLASS BLOCK.

Bargain Counters Nos. 1 and 2.

We will have a surprise for you on those Counters Thursday morning. Be on hand early—and furthermore, they will be changed every day. Watch them—get your money ready.

Dealers, Take Notice!

We will positively refuse to sell any of the goods advertised in this Circular in wholesale quantities. They are for our Retail trade exclusively and we wish them—and them alone—to get the benefit of these wonderful Bargains.

THE BIG STORE CHALLENGE SALE!

THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, APRIL 16th, 17th and 18th.

Read the Magnificent List of Bargains for Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

Every Department in the Big Store contributes its quota. Among the mighty list you will surely find something you want—something you absolutely need. The Big Store is fairly honey-combed with bargains, with new goods, new ideas, new methods and grand values. Everybody is talking about the extraordinary business we are doing and the marvellous bargains we are offering, but although our business is now larger than any three stores in Duluth, we mean to make it still larger by continually placing Reliable Up-to-Date Goods on our counters at prices that will simply paralyze and annihilate all competiton.

Shrewd and careful spenders of the mighty dollar will not fail to take advantage of this colossal three days' sale, but remember the old adage of the "Early Bird." We have ample quantities of everything, but even then some of the bargains may not hold out till Saturday night. Therefore, be wise and come early when you have the cream of everything to select from.

PANTON & WHITE.

Silk Department.

Black and Colored Dress Silks.
Challenge Sale 69c
15 pieces elegant black brocade gros grain Silk, 33 pieces colored Rhadames, Armures and Failles, worth $1.25 to $1.50. All go at **69c.**

Black Dress Goods Dept.

New Black Dress Goods.
Challenge Sale..... 45c
100 pieces new Black Dress Goods in all-wool and Mohair, plain and fancies, worth 75c, 85c to $1.00. All go at **45c.**

Colored Dress Goods Dpt.

Colored Henriettas and Serges.
Challenge Sale 38c
Only 20 pieces all-wool Henriettas and Serges, 46 inches wide, all pure wool and all colors; worth 75c. All go at **38c.**

Wash Goods Dept.

The bargain of a Lifetime.
Challenge Sale..... 6c
50 pieces 36-in Percales, 475 remnants Fine Seersuckers, 1700 yards of odds and ends of Ginghams, etc., worth 12½ to 18c. All go at **6c.**

Linen Dept.

Challenge Sale 59c
15 pieces 68-in Bleached Satin Damask, splendid quality worth 75c. Challenge Sale **59c.**

Turkey Red Damask
23c—25 pieces oil boiled Turkey Red Damask, worth 39c.
Challenge Sale 23c

Domestic Dept.

Towels.
Challenge Sale... 5c
100 doz Crochet Towels size 18x36, worth 10c each.

Muslin.
Challenge Sale... 5c
2 cases Manufacturers' Remnants of Bleached Muslin, 36 inches wide, worth 8c. Challenge Price **5c.**

Flannel Dept.

Here you are, Ladies.
Challenge Price... 8c
100 pieces Vicuna cloths, 75 pieces Verlaine Cloth, handsome as French Flannels, fast colors, worth 12½c and 15c; Three Days' Challenge Sale **8c.**

Lining Department.

36-in Rustle Percaline.
Challenge Sale..... 13c
5000 yards Rustle Taffeta Percaline, now in use for Skirt Linings, worth 25c. All go at **13c.**

Gents' Furnishing Dpt.

Natural Wool Underwear.
Challenge Price..... 39c
1 case Natural Wool Spring Underwear, just the thing for this kind of weather, worth 75c. Challenge Price **39c.**

Hosiery Dept.

10c Challenge Price. Ladies' Black Hose
Seamless and Fast Black, worth 18c a pair.
Challenge Price 18c
1 case Ladies' Fine Guage Black Hose, worth 25c any place; Thursday, Friday and Saturday 18c.

Knit Underwear Dept.

Silk Vests for Ladies.
49c each for Ladies' Silk Vests, any color, worth and cheap at 75c.
Challenge Price..... 49c
AGAIN—1 case Ladies' White or Natural Balbriggan Vests, the 25c kind, go at..... **12½c**

Notion Department.

Hose Supporters
Challenge Price.. 5c
Ladies', Children's or Misses' Shoulder Brace or Side Supporters, worth up to 25c. Challenge Price **5c.**

18c Silk Thread. **Challenge Price**
A Doz. 300 doz Black Silk Thread, 12 Spools in a box. Challenge price for three days **18c.**

Lace Department.

Choice desirable Laces almost given away!
5c per yard for Torchon, Medici, Normandy, Oriental and Brabant Laces, worth 10c to 25c; **Challenge Price 5c.**
15c 5000 yards fancy laces, worth up to 35c; **Challenge Price 15c.**

Ribbon Department.

All Silk Ribbons
5c 10,000 yards No. 5 and No. 7 all-silk Ribbons, worth 8c and 10c; **Challenge price 5c.**
10c 7500 yards all-silk Ribbons, worth 15c and 20c, Nos. 9, 12 and 16; **Challenge price 10c.**

Embroidery Dept.

15c Challenge Price.
For this great three-days' sale we will offer thousands of yards of fine Hamburg and Nainsook embroideries, worth up to 35c, manufacturers' remnants, for three days only **15c.**

Handkerchief Dept.

Challenge Price..... 17½c
100 dozen White embroidered Handkerchiefs, worth up to 50c, All go during this sale at **17½c.**
5c 200 dozen Ladies' and Children's White and Colored Border Handkerchiefs at **5c.**

Boys' Clothing Dpt. Second Floor.

For the Boys!
Challenge Price..... $2.98
50 Boys' handsome double-breasted suits, 4 to 12 years of age, worth $4 50 each; Challenge price **$2.98.**

Cloak Dept. Second Floor.

50 Ladies' Jackets to be let out during this sale at the ridiculous price of **$2.48.**
$2.98 EACH: LADIES' CAPES. This is a handsome Broadcloth Cape with fancy button trimmings, worth $5.00.
Challenge Price..... $2.98

Corset Department.

Summer Corsets.
Challenge Price..... 39c
We would advise you to buy now—you can save money. Three cases of them just in. For three days we make them **39c** a pair. See them.

Misses' Cloak Dept. Second Floor.

Challenge Price..... $6.50
100 Misses' stylish spring Jackets, sizes 14, 16 and 18, made of all wool cheviots, box front, fan backs, cheap at $10.00; Challenge price **$6.50.**

Millinery Dept. Second Floor.

Ladies' Trimmed Hats.
Challenge Price..... $2.75
200 of them, no two alike, in straws, lace and braid, all worth double the money. Three days **$2.75.**

Stationery Dept.

Playing Cards.
Challenge Sale 7c Per Pack
500 packs of playing cards, worth 15c, go at **7c.**
500 BOXES OF STATIONERY.
24 Envelopes, 24 sheets Paper, ruled or plain, formerly sold at 20c and 25c.
Challenge Price..... 12½c

Carpet Dept. Second Floor.

We are are after your trade on Carpets.
Challenge Price..... 41c
25 patterns all wool Ingrains, splendid quality, worth 55c the world over, for three days. Challenge sale price, **41c.**

Upholstery Dept. Second Floor.

Chenille Portiers.
Challenge Sale Price $1.89
200 pairs good Chenille Curtains, 12 colors to select from Dado top and bottom, and fringed top and bottom, worth $3.25. Challenge price, **$1.89** per pair.

Rug Dept. Second Floor.

Bargains the password here.
Tokio Rugs, size 18x36, worth 50c. **Challenge Price. 29c.**
Tokio Rugs, sixe 30x60, worth $1.75. **Challenge. Price. 98c.**
Tokio Rugs, size 6x9, worth $7.50. **Challenge Price. $4.39.**

Glove Dept.

The Ladies will be here by the hundred.
59c PER PAIR. **Challenge Price**
500 pair 5 button Kid Gloves, worth $1.00.
99c 250 pair 4 button and 5-hook lace kid gloves worth $1.50.

Millinery Dept. Second Floor.

Ladies' Trimmed Hats.
Challenge Price..... $2.75
200 of them, no two alike, in straws, lace and braid, all worth double the money. Three days **$2.75.**

Children's Hat Dpt. Second Floor.

Sailor Hats.
Challenge Price..... 12½c Each
2000 Boys' and Misses' Sailor Hats, navy, brown, red, white, worth 25c each, Thursday, Friday and Saturday Challenge price **12½c.**

Muslin Underw'r Dpt. 2nd Floor.

A grand opportunity, ladies!
95c Challenge Price.
The lot consists of new Empire Night Gowns, Umbrella Skirts, Chemises and Drawers, all made of the best muslins and cambric, beautifully embroidered and worth up to $1.75 each, all go at 95c

Patent Medicine Dept.

How do those prices suit you?
Carter's Little Liver Pills, worth 25c. **Challenge Price 15c**
Sarsaparilla Blood Medicine worth $1.00. **Chall'nge Price 39c**
All Diamond Dies.....**7c a packet**
Ammonia, large bottles, **Challenge Price.. 8c**

Toilet Article Dept.

How do these suit you?
1000 Tooth Brushes, worth 15c to 25c.
Challenge Price..... 10c
1000 Dressing Combs, worth 15c, 20c and 25c, all go during the grand
Challenge Sale at..... 10c

Men's Shoe Department

WE ARE AFTER YOU GENTLEMEN. Thursday, Friday and Saturday you will be after our shoe bargains.
$2.48-Challenge Price-$2.48
500 pairs Men's fine Shoes, including Hanan & Sons' make, worth $5 to $8.
Challenge Price..... $2.48

Ladies' Shoe Dept.

$2.48 Challenge Sale.
300 pairs Ladies' Dongola Kid Shoes, opera and square toes, patent leather tips, worth $3 50, $3 75 and $4.00; For three days **$2.48.**

Children's Shoe Dept.

75c is the Challenge Price.
275 pairs Children's Shoes in dongola or straight goat, formerly sold at $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50; Three days' sale **75c** per pair.

Trunk and Pict're Dpt. Basement.

TRUNKS Challenge sale $1.75
One car load of trunks on sale from $1.75 up.
PICTURES Challenge sale, each 25c
1000 framed Pictures and wall pockets go in one lot for, each..... **25c**

Jewelry Department.

15c Challenge Price.
25 dozen Belt Buckle Sets, worth 25c.
25c Challenge Sale Price.
15 dozen Shirt Waist Sets, silver or gold plated, worth 50c to 75c.

Crockery Dept. Basement.

French China.
Challenge Sale 95c
$5000 worth of French China Salad Bowls, Sugars and Creams, Chop Trays, Bread and Cake Plates, Spoon Trays, Pin Trays, Olive Dishes, etc, worth $2 to $3 75. All go in one lot for **95c.**

Glassware Dept. Basement.

Fruit Bowls.
Challenge Sale . 10c
10 gross large size glass EACH. Bowls, and 5 gross large footed glass Fruit Stands, imitation cut glass, worth 35c to 50c; all go in one lot for **10c** each.

Silverware Dept. Basement.

Silverware.
Challenge Sale..... $1.95
$5000 worth of high grade warranted Silverware Tea Sets, Fruit Baskets, Cake Stands, Castors, Bread Trays, Nut Bowls, Bon Bon Trays, etc., worth from $5 to $8.50 each; all go in one lot for **$1.95** each.

Baby Carriage Dept. Basement.

Baby Carriages.
Challenge Price $7.95
Our entire stock of $10 and $11 Baby Cabs, all new Styles, go in one lot for **$7.95** each. Now is your time.

Hardware Dept. Basement.

Bread Boards.
Challenge Price 25c
All our 38c, 48c and 58c Bread Boards, go in one lot for 25c each.

Tin Kettles.
Challenge Price. 10c
50 gross 4-qt heavy tin Preserving Kettles, all go for **10c** each.

Toilet Paper Dept. Basement.

Toilet Paper.
Challenge Price 25c
500 cases best quality toilet paper for 10 rolls. in rolls or packages all go in one lot—10 rolls for **25c.**

Glassware Dept. Basement.

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Challenge Sale . 10c
10 gross large size glass EACH. Bowls, and 5 gross large footed glass Fruit Stands, imitation cut glass, worth 35c to 50c; all go in one lot for **10c** each.

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Our entire stock of $10 and $11 Baby Cabs, all new Styles, go in one lot for **$7.95** each. Now is your time.

Hardware Dept. Basement.

Bread Boards.
Challenge Price 25c
All our 38c, 48c and 58c Bread Boards, go in one lot for 25c each.

Tin Kettles.
Challenge Price. 10c
50 gross 4-qt heavy tin Preserving Kettles, all go for **10c** each.

Toilet Paper Dept. Basement.

Toilet Paper.
Challenge Price 25c
500 cases best quality toilet paper for 10 rolls. in rolls or packages all go in one lot—10 rolls for **25c.**

Book Department.

WEBSTER'S DICTIONARIES.
69c Challenge Price.
Same size as the $100 nes. Get one while they are cheap.
1000 popular cloth covered books good authors, regular 25c book.
Challenge Price..... 10c

PANTON & WHITE

Glass Block Store

SUPERIOR AND MICHIGAN STS. AND SECOND AVENUE WEST. DULUTH.

Mail Orders.

All Mail Orders received previous to Saturday night will be filled at these marvellously low prices. Get your orders in early in case some of the lines are sold out previous to Saturday night.

Free! Free!

On Bargain Counter No. 3 we will serve Cocoa and Chocolate to all ladies visiting our store. The famous Volkmann Stollwerk & Co. brand. Come and try a cup of those delicious beverages. You are welcome.

Flowers.

Thousands of Cut Flowers on sale at prices that will surprise you.

Potted Plants.

Garden Seeds, Vegetable Seeds, Lawn Grass Seeds, Bulbs of all kinds at Glass Block prices.

PANTON & WHITE GLASS BLOCK STORE, DULUTH, MINN. PANTON & WHITE

SUFFEL & Co

Sole 331 W. Superior St

Are the Exponents of True Economy.

Which dictates that you buy always where you can get the best for the smallest amount of money.

Dry Goods!

SPECIAL COMBINATION SALE

For Three Days Only

Read what small sums of money will purchase during those 3 days.

At 19c.

All 25c Dress Goods for three days, per yard	19c
2 yards of 15c Silesia for three days	19c
2 doz 15c a doz Dress Stays three days for	19c
2 pair Dress Shields, (worth 15c a pair) for	19c
Table Cloth, fast color, turkey red, for three days, per yard	19c
Men's 25c Cotton Socks, for three days, per pair	19c
Ladies' 25c Fast Black Cotton Hose, for three days, per pair	19c
3 yards best quality Apron Gingham, for three days	19c
3 yards best 10c Outing Flannels, for three days	19c
Men's best 25c Suspenders, three days' price	19c
KID GLOVES—With every pair of Kid Gloves sold a bottle of highly perfumed BON MARCHE French glove powder will be given free of charge, try our embroidered back Kid Gloves at	98c

At 29c.

Ladies' Fast Black 50c Matchless Hose, one pair for	29c
Men's 50c Fast Black Cotton Socks, 1 pair for	29c
2 pair of Ladies' 20c Fast Black Cotton Hose, for three days	29c
All 40c a yard Dress Goods, for three days	29c
2 yards best English Silesia, worth 20c a yard, for three days	29c
Best English 50c Hair Cloth, for three days, per yard	29c
Ladies' Shirt Waists, latest styles, for three days	29c
6 yards best grade of Calico, for three days	29c
3½ yards best 12½c Shirt Waist Percale, for three days	29c
2 cakes of 25c CUTICURA Soap, for three days	29c
2 pairs large Honey Comb Towels, worth 50c, for three days	29c
4 cakes of WOOL SOAP, for three days	29c

Try our "GERSTER" Kid Gloves, the best sold in Duluth. With every pair 1 bottle French Glove Powder FREE.

At 39c.

All 50c Dress Goods, for three days' sale	39c
5 pieces Plaid Shirt Waist 75c Silk, for three days, at per yard	39c
English Moreen Skirting, worth 50c a yard, for three days, per yard	39c
10 yards Crash Toweling, for three days	39c
The 50c MOTHER'S FRIEND Boys' Shirt Waists, three days at	39c
Best grade 50c Corsets, for three days' sale	39c
Men's 50c Working Shirts, for three days	39c
Men's 50c Suspenders, for three days	39c
Men's 50c Neckties, all styles, for three days	39c
8 yards best 7c Calico, for three days	39c
2 pairs Men's 25c Cotton Socks, for three days	39c
2 pairs Ladies' 25c Fast Blk Cotton Hose, for three days at	39c
Ladies' 25c Handkerchiefs, for three days, 2 for	39c
Men's 25c Handkerchiefs, for three days, 2 for	39c
2½ yards 9-4 Bleached Sheeting, for three days	39c

With every pair of Kid Gloves a bottle of Bon Marche Glove Powder given FREE OF CHARGE.

At 49c.

10 pieces 75c Dress Goods, all styles, three days' price—per yard	49c
8 pieces 75c Fancy Waist Silks, three days' price—per yard	49c
All 75c Corsets, for three days at	49c
Ladies' 75c Fast Black Silk Hose, for three days—per pair	49c
Ladies' 75c drop-stitch Fancy Lisle Hose, three days' price—per pair	49c
Men's Spring Underwear, per suit, shirt and drawers, for	49c
7 yards "Fruit of the Loom" Bleached Muslin, for three days	49c
10 yards all-linen Crash Toweling for	49c
8 yards heavy gray 15c Outing Flannel for	49c
1 pair Nottingham Lace Curtains, sale price	49c
5 yards Lonsdale Cambric for	49c
10 yards 7c Unbleached Muslin for	49c
Table Linen, worth 75c, three days' price—per yard	49c
2½ yards Turkey Red Table Cloth, for	49c
2 bottles of regular 50c Perfume for	49c

Try our "KID GLOVES," with every pair a bottle of Glove Powder Free.

At 59c.

8 yards 10c Bleached Muslin, for three days	59c
Best $1.00 Summer Corset, for three days	59c
Our $1.00 6-hook Black Corsets, sale price	59c
2 pairs regular 50c Fast Black Hose for	59c
3 pairs regular 25c Fast Black Hose for	59c
12 yards Unbleached Muslin for	59c
7 yards 12½c Cretonne for	59c
White Bedspreads, worth $1.00, at	59c

Wear the C. B.—the best fitting Corsets in the world.

Try our PREMIER FAULTLESS MONOGRAM SHIRT WAISTS—perfect fitting.

Wear the "BURLINGTON" Fast Black Hose—every pair warranted.

PRICE ALWAYS THE LOWEST.

SUFFEL & Co

PHILLIPS & CO.,

218 West Superior Street.

OUR STOCK OF SPRING SHOES IN TAN AND BLACK AT $2.00, $3.00, $4.00 and $5.00

Are without exception the best values ever shown for the money. The styles are exclusive; the workmanship the best. We can fit any foot, no matter how wide or how narrow.

BOYS' SHOES!

Bring your boys to us, we will fit them out in shoes that wear. They cost no more than others charge for shoddy goods. Prices—

98c, $1.25, $1.50.

MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S....

Misses' spring heel shoes, sizes 11 to 2	85c
Misses' dongola shoes	98c
Misses' dongola shoes, narrow toes, sizes 11 to 2	$1.25
Child's 75c spring heel shoes	49c
Child's 85c spring heel shoes	59c

PHILLIPS & CO.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio. Phone No. 9.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

Miss Kading, dressmaker, is now located at 312 Temple Opera.

The friends of George A. Smith, who recently lost a leg on the Lon Range road at Highland, have arranged a ball for his benefit, which will be held at Odd Fellows' hall this evening.

Keystone chapter, No. 20, R. A. M., will confer the Royal Arch degree this evening and a banquet will follow.

The roster of drunkards in the municipal court today was comprised of the names of Mike O'Connell and John Johnson. They were fined $10 and costs each. They could not pay and went up on the hill.

The death of Frank Anthes, of 508 St. Croix avenue, of typhoid fever, has been reported to the health department.

Inspectors Monaghan and Chalk inspected the tug Excelsior this afternoon. On Monday they will leave for a Southern trip. They will inspect ten boats at Stillwater, two at Wabasha and one at Prescott.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Adolph Wosaman and Jennie Kennedy, and to L. G. Rogers and Mary E. Hartley.

At the adjourned meeting of the board of county commissioners, to be held Friday afternoon, the only matter of importance to come up is the consideration of the bonds of county depositories. A number of petitions for abatement of taxes will also be heard.

J. P. Davis has sold 100 feet on the northeast corner of Fourth avenue west and First street to J. D. Tilleston for $42,000. The two lots are 50 feet by 140 feet, so the price is $430 per front foot.

Blocked By Ice.

That pertinacious bit of ice which has been moving back and forth in front of the canal entrance, now clearing away and next stopping up the entrance, has drifted back again, and the Barker had quite a pull to get through it this noon. The ice is mostly slush and small chunks, and it is very ugly stuff to combat.

The Dixon's Return.

The H. R. Dixon, of Booth's line, arrived from Isle Royale at 6 o'clock this morning with a number of north shore passengers and several tons of fish. Capt. Hector reports Two Harbors, Beaver bay and Grand Marais as clear of ice. He did not touch at Thunder bay points at all. Isle Royale is girdled with a five-mile belt of ice all around the land, and it will be some time before clear water will be found at the different landings. The weather was choppy, cold and rough during the trip. The boat leaves again next Sunday.

CHEAP DRAYING.

Furniture, Piano, Trunks and Safe Moving.

All kinds of heavy draying done on short notice. Our prices are reasonable and satisfaction guaranteed. Great Northern Fuel and Transfer company, 210 Superior street west.

George W. Strayer, agent.

Telephone 601.

Bayha & Tibbetts, undertakers, 31 East Superior street. Telephone 284. No extra charge for lady assistant.

THE WEST END JEWELERS.

Hulberg Brothers got in a neat line of jewelry that is for sale cheap.

PERSONAL.

H. P. Hubbell, the insurance man, of Winona, is in the city today.

J. A. Redfern came down from Hibbing yesterday.

J. L. Camp, of Brainerd, was in the city yesterday.

C. R. Ainsworth, of Moline, Ill., is at the St. Louis today.

Rukard Hurd, of St. Paul, is in the city today.

Edward G. Hick, of Toledo, Ohio, is in the city today.

I. H. Shattuck, of the Hotel Nicollet in Minneapolis, is in the city today.

Len B. Loss, agent of the Eugene O'Rourke company, is in the city.

Miss Angie Neff left yesterday for Nellsville, Wis., having been called by the serious illness of her father.

Thomas Bardon, of Ashland, is in the city today.

E. W. Durant, Jr., of Stillwater, is in the city today.

Clark L. Poole returned today from Dubuque, Iowa, where he has been for several weeks.

Samuel Mathews, of Stillwater, was at the St. Louis last evening.

W. W. Potter, of Chippewa Falls, Wis., was in the city yesterday.

Albert A. Allen, of Los Angeles, Cal., was at the St. Louis yesterday.

Andrew Gowan, of Cloquet, was in the city last evening.

H. Leighton came up from Minneapolis last evening.

Moses Cook, who has been East for some months, returned to Duluth this morning to remain.

Charles Ringuette, of Jamestown, Dakota, is an interested visitor in Duluth today.

William Blodgett, of Boston, and J. M. Howells, of Chicago, are in the city today on business.

H. B. Sturtevant, of Ely, is in the city today.

J. G. Ketcham came down from Tower today.

L. G. Truesdell and J. F. Hayden, of Minneapolis, are in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Satterlee, of Minneapolis, are in the city, and will attend the Hartley-Rogers wedding this evening.

Among the Grand Rapids people who came down this morning were D. M. Dunn, J. E. Tapley and C. H. Marr.

Perry Roberts went to Chicago this afternoon.

New so-called remedies spring up every day like mushrooms; but the people still cling to Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

BUYS BY THE CAR LOAD.

I. Abrahamson returned yesterday from the East, and this morning three car loads of clothing arrived from the East, the result of a fortunate purchase in an Eastern city. The bad weather is raising havoc with trade in the Eastern cities, and Mr. Abrahamson, with a pocket full of ready cash, was just in time to secure the bargain of his life, and that he knows bargains when he sees them will soon be proved to all by the big sale soon to be put on at his stores.

It not only relieves; it does more, it cures. We refer to One Minute Cough Cure. Suitable for all ages, all conditions, at all times. S. F. Boyce.

CHANGE OF BASE.

May 1 the Northern Pacific railroad will move its Duluth city offices to the Spalding hotel. Entrance 428 West Superior street.

A trial convinces the most skeptical. Carefully prepared, pleasant to the taste. One Minute Cough Cure is a valuable remedy. S. F. Boyce.

125 Sacks of "Duluth Imperial" Flour Given Away ---June 6th, 1896.---

Watch this space for particulars.

STRAINED

Some of the Merchant Tailors Are at Outs With the Journeymen.

They Claim the Scale Is Too High and Are Cutting It.

Merchant Tailors Considered the Matter and Reached a Conclusion.

A strike among the journeymen tailors is one of the complications which is likely to be added to the labor troubles in Duluth before very long. Three of the merchant tailoring establishments are having trouble with the union. They claim that the scale is too high, and more than they can afford to pay. There has been some cutting, and consequently those who were paying the full rate were dissatisfied.

At the meeting of the Duluth-Superior merchant tailors' exchange last evening it was practically decided to let each establisment fix its own scale; that is, deal with its men independent of the others. This will undoubtedly precipitate matters and cause the journeyman tailors to force the issue. The merchant tailors who object to the scale now supposed to be in force claim that if held rigidly to it they cannot compete with the outside firms and individuals who come in and secure a large amount of work at cheap prices. These outside people, the merchant tailors claim, pay much smaller wages.

The merchant tailors are preparing a statement, which they expect to publish within a day or two, and if an open breach does not follow, present indications count for nothing.

At the meeting of the exchange last evening the following officers were elected: President, F. J. Mueller, of Duluth; vice president, O. L. Midbust, of West Superior; secretary, Julius Mueller, of West Superior; treasurer, E. Levi, of Duluth.

The merchants tailors are circulating a petition asking the council to adopt radical license measures to stop the cloth peddlers from operating in the city. It is set forth that they pay no rent, no taxes, demoralize the tailoring business and swindle the people.

$10,000 6% To Loan! ON First Mortgages.

Mendenhall & Blackshaw, Herald Building, 220 W. Superior St.

HER DOWER RIGHT.

Mrs. Holcomb Claims She Never Signed a Deed.

Judge Morris was hearing arguments in a case this morning which possesses quite a little interest. It was the case of Mrs. H. A. Holcomb against the Independent school district of Duluth, to recover her dower right in one of the lots which make up the High School block. Some years ago Holcomb sold the lot to the school district, signing the deed as a single man. He was married, however, and his wife lived in Bayfield, Wis., at that time while he conducted a saloon in this city. He has since died, and now his widow sues for one-third of the value of the lot as her dower right. She wants $3000.

The defense was that Mrs. Holcomb knew of the matter at the time and did not consider it worth while to fight it. Judge Morris took the matter under advisement.

Frank Muncia, who was convicted during the present term of court of running a house of ill-fame at Virginia, was arraigned before Judge Morris this morning and sentenced to pay a fine of $250 or go to jail for six months. He preferred to pay his fine, and turned in the required amount to the county treasury.

O. W. Baldwin's contested claim against the county was to have come up this morning, but court was not in session so it was postponed to this afternoon.

HER HUSBAND'S LIFE.

Mrs. Gardner Wants $5000 as Compensation.

Helen M. Gardner yesterday begun suit against the Duluth, Missabe & Northern to recover $5000 for the loss of the life of her husband, George W., who was killed at Iron Junction while employed as brakeman. A train on which Gardner was working struck a pile of dirt on the track and was derailed, killing Gardner. H. E. Hall and G. B. Edgerton, of St. Paul, are the attorneys. Accompanying the complaint is a paper showing that the case has been settled and dismissed.

Ellen E. Marston has sued S. H. Jones for $1000 on a note through H. T. Abbott, her attorney. William Harwood has sued the Conservative Investment company to foreclose a $7000 mortgage on land in 50-14. Allen, Baldwin & Baldwin are the attorneys.

Judge Morris has appointed L. M. Willcuts receiver of the property of John McLean in supplementary proceedings with bonds of $6000. McLean is restrained from disposing of his property until further orders. The receiver is appointed on the suit of Donald McLean, and a stay of twenty days has been interposed.

Committee at Work.

The committee appointed by the chamber of commerce to confer on the water question with a view to determining upon the course best calculated to facilitate the work met at the city engineer's office and entered upon an examination of the plans this afternoon. The committee is composed of Messrs. Simonds, Hudson, Harris, Joerns, Cobb, G. N. LaVaque and L. J. Merritt.

Nothing so distressing as a hacking cough. Nothing so foolish as to suffer from it. Nothing so dangerous if allowed to continue. One Minute Cough Cure gives immediate relief. S. F. Boyce.

ONE ON MR. WHITE.

The Chicago Times-Herald Used His Name.

In the Chicago Times-Herald of April 11 appeared an article from Duluth containing severe strictures on Superintendent Denfeld, of the Duluth public schools. It was signed by S. F. White. Judge White, it is said, was accused of being the author before he had seen the paper and denied it. He is reported to have sent it down under a nom de plume, and supposed it was so published. The gentleman who is responsible for the story says that when Judge White found that the Times-Herald had not used his nom de plume, but had inserted his name instead, his surprise was great. The letter called forth a remark from a member of the board that the board could not be expected to take 60,000 people into its confidence whenever it took a step in matters of government of the schools. Said he:

"There are 300 teachers on our staff. Of these, there is an average of 50 or 60 whom it is to the interest of the schools to weed out, in the course of which process changes are frequently being made. To admit arguments pro and con would result in our having to spend all our time in explaining and vindicating our course, and in answering petitions, with which we would be besieged. It is a fact that the poorest teachers usually have the most friends to interest themselves in their case, the reason of which is that such teachers, it will be found, have put in the time they should have devoted to school work to extending and cultivating their social relations.

"Superintendent Denfeld has his faults, but he stands high among the educators of the country. The animus of Judge White's attack is well known—he is impelled by personal reasons and not by any disinterested desire for the good of the schools."

MONEY TO LOAN 5% AND 6%

With the On or Before Clause.

ANY AMOUNT. NO DELAY.

JULIUS D. HOWARD & COMPANY.

201-202 First National Bank Bldg.

JUNIOR EXHIBITION.

Program Which Will Be Given This Evening.

The third annual junior exhibition will be given in the Assembly hall of the High School this evening at 8 o'clock. The class of '97 numbers seventy-eight pupils. The program for the evening is as follows:

Invocation ..... Rev. T. H. Cleland
Music ..... Selection
High School Banjo Club.
Oration ..... "The Evolution of Our Republic."
Eby Giddey.
Recitation ..... "A Song of the Camp"
Sabra Ellison.
Chorus (Mascot) Audran ..... "Song of the Drum"
Junior Class.
Olympus—
Ancient ..... Margaret Whiteford
Modern ..... Ruth Scott
Chorus—
a. "Happy and Light," "Bohemian Girl" ..... Balfe
b. "Tinker's Chorus," "Robin Hood" ..... De Koven
Junior Class.
Recitation ..... "Mr. Tarvis' First Hunt"
Anna Lindbeck.
Oration ..... "Spain and the United States"
Selby Brown.
"A Legend of the St. Louis" ..... Ethel Quigley
Plantation song—
a. "Go Sleep, My Honey" ..... Vanderpoel
Duet, Misses Margaret McLean, Dora Swan.
b. "Watermelons Spoilin' Down at Johnson's" ..... J. Thomas
Solo, Charles Applehagen.
Essay ..... "Just Plain Folks"
Mary Weddell.
Paper ..... Junior Record, Vol. III
Agnes Dole.
Class song, arranged by Anna Lindbeck and A. F. M. Custance .....
By the Junior Class.

Mr. Freimuth Home.

I. Freimuth returned last evening after a month's absence in the Eastern markets. Mr. Freimuth says business in New York at the retail stores is very poor, owing much to the cold and backward spring, but that the wholesalers are very much pleased with the orders they are receiving from the Western trade, particularly the Northwest, where business is thought to be at present the best in the country. New Yorkers have a great deal to contend with at present, he says, as with bad weather, Roosevelt and the Raines law they hardly know where they are at. The army of clerks at the Metropolitan store have been kept busy early and late for the past week marking and arranging the new goods, which are there in greater quantities than ever before.

A Slight Increase.

From figures compiled by a local railroad man it appears that Duluth, Superior and the Twin Cities received during the period between Sept. 1, 1895, to March 31, 1896, a gain of 80,927 bushels of wheat over the same period last year.

THE COURTESY OF A TRIAL.

The makers of the famous Davenport cigars are confident you will afterwards prefer it to all others. Sold everywhere.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair,

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

FREIMUTH'S

An Emphatic Fact!

The focus of an ever-increasing trade and the climax of successful retailing—is our constant and everlasting watchfulness to offer the MOST FOR THE LEAST MONEY.

No such VALUES have heretofore been quoted as we shall give tomorrow.

Dress Goods.

20 pieces all-wool 46-inch French Serge, in black and colors, never before sold at less than 50c, tomorrow only 32c

10 pieces of Mohair figured and plain black Soliel Dress Goods, made by Priestley, regular $1 quality, price tomorrow only 69c

18 pieces bright colored Wool Plaids, suitable for Waists and Children's Dresses, regular value 25c, tomorrow only 15c

Silks.

Another Chance Tomorrow.

2000 yards of figured and checked Changeable Taffeta Silk, just the thing for Waists, regular value $1, tomorrow 49c

Cloak Room.

Great Sale of Ladies' Mackintoshes

New double texture Mackintoshes, made with a detachable double cape, absolutely waterproof; cheap at $8.50, tomorrow only $5.00

Double texture all-wool Henrietta Mackintoshes, full double detachable cape, guaranteed waterproof: worth $10.00, tomorrow at $6.75

Ladies' double texture Mackintoshes, made of all-wool Cashmere, lined with fancy plaid lining, velvet collar; sold everywhere at $12.50, tomorrow at $8.50

New Jackets, New Capes, New Suits—just in.

FREIMUTH'S

A LIVELY TIME.

Sparks Flew at the Endion Club Meeting.

The question of the location of the future home of the Endion club is absorbing the attention of the members and giving rise to some warm contention. At a meeting held last night, the matter was discussed. R. C. Mitchell let off some pyrotechnics that filled the air with sparks. He fired at all the officials in turn, and withered the directors with the hot blasts of his invective. He resented the efforts made to get the club "dragged out to the East End," and said he wanted it where people who lived at the West End could reach it.

P. M. Graff, in turn, scored Mr. Mitchell. He told him he could not dictate the whole policy of the club, and advised Mr. Mitchell to not exhaust himself trying. A meeting will be held next Friday evening to argue the matter some more. The following officers were elected: John Howard, president; B. Silberstein, vice president; O. G. Brice, secretary; Charles F. Leland, treasurer; D. Elliott, O. H. Clark, James Buntin, directors.

HARTLEY-ROGERS WEDDING.

Governor Clough and Wife Here to Attend.

The marriage of Miss Mary E. Hartley and Rev. Lewis G. Rogers, of Buffalo, N. Y., which was to have taken place at high noon today, has been postponed to 8:30 o'clock this evening. The postponement was to await the arrival of a number of guests from Brainerd and Minneapolis, among others Governor and Mrs. Clough, who arrived this afternoon, and are guests of G. G. Hartley. The ceremony will be performed this evening by Dr. Cleland, of the First Presbyterian church, at the residence of G. G. Hartley, the brides brother. After the ceremony the bridal couple will leave for the East, and will spend the summer in England.

We have the only padded vans in Duluth for moving furniture. We pay all damages caused by the carelessness of our men. Trunks delivered, 25 cents.

Duluth Van Company,
212 West Superior street.

GET OUR PRICES

Before getting moved. We can save you time and money. Trunks delivered, 25 cents. Office 212½ West Superior street.

DOES IT NOT LOOK REASONABLE That cash and conservative buyers with small store expense can sell goods cheap. Go to Hulberg Brothers, jewelers, and you will not be sorry, 1801 West Superior street.

Have you seen those Elgin watches that Hulberg Brothers sell for $10.

All the talk in the world will not convince you so quickly as one trial of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve for scalds, burns, bruises, skin affections and piles. S. F. Boyce.

Can buy a good 8-day clock of Hulberg Brothers now for $3.50.

HOTEL OLIVER, ELY, MINN.

Best accommodations on the Range. Newly furnished throughout. Charges moderate. Home comforts for Transients; with good Livery in connection.

R. T. LAWRENCE, Prop.

IF YOU WISH TO—

DRINK.....

A Choice, Wholesome, Palatable and Nourishing glass of Beer—call for

FITGER'S BEER

HOUSES TO RENT.

1715 E. Superior Street, hot water heat, electric lights, all modern improvements, per month $40

Other houses in the East End from $15 to $50.

Money to loan on Real Estate.

THE DULUTH BANKING CO., 400 BURROWS BUILDING.

Store to Rent.....

SPLENDID LOCATION. BEST PART OF SUPERIOR STREET. UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR A BUSINESS OPENING.

C. H. GRAVES & CO., Agents for Stores, Houses and Lots.

Torrey Building, First Floor.

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MASON, FENWICK & LAWRENCE.

Patent Lawyers, Solicitors and Experts.

Estab'd Washington, D. C. 1861. Palladio Bldg, Duluth, Minn.

(Inventors guide book free.)

A first-class meal served in the best style and at lowest prices at the

SARATOGA RESTAURANT, 25 W. Superior Stree

STEVE HART, Prop.

TEETH MUST SOMETIMES BE EXTRACTED!

The tooth is so badly decayed that filling or crowning could not save it for which there is no other remedy but the forceps. We extract teeth and guarantee to do it without pain. Being better equipped with the very latest improvements there is no argument on this point.

DR. SCHIFFMANN, Top floor, front, Woodbridge Bldg.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

FOURTEENTH YEAR. THURSDAY, APRIL 16, 1896. TWO CENTS.

THE RELIABLE GASOLINE STOVES AND RANGES

Are the most perfect made and are serving thousands of satisfied customers throughout the country.
Do not fail to see this line if you are interested. We can save you dollars and lots of work and trouble if you buy a "Reliable."
No goods are higher in quality or lower in price.

Everything to Furnish a House Complete!

Partial Payment Plan All goods sold on this popular credit system. Part cash and the balance in convenient monthly payments.

French & Bassett,

Third Avenue West and First Street.

PIANOS $167

A Good Second Hand Upright Piano

We have the largest assortment of new pianos at the head of the lakes.

Pianos and Organs for Rent.

SALEROOMS— Phoenix Block, Fourth Avenue W. and Superior St—2nd Floor. } DULUTH MUSIC CO. E. G. CHAPMAN, Manager.

Gold and Silver! Bring us your REPAIRING OF JEWELRY and Silverware, gold, silver or nickel plating. All work done by only first-class mechanics and GUARANTEED. We carry the largest line of precious stones in the Northwest and set them up to suit you. We pay cash for old gold and silver or work it over into any design. We also do bicycle repairing and replate any part of a wheel.

DORNER & CO., Metropolitan Block. Second Floor—Next Freimuth's.

L. MENDENHALL. ESTABLISHED 1889. T. W. HOOPES

Mendenhall & Hoopes,

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

$12,500 TO LOAN ON IMPROVED PROPERTY.

COMMERCIAL LIGHT AND POWER CO.,

Successors to HARTMAN GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.

Furnish Electric Current for Light and Power.

Offices:

Rooms 4, 5, 6, 216 West Superior Street.

LUTES LAUNDRY

Try our patent wing point turner on your collars. No broken edges; Gives new finish to old ones.

Telephone your orders to Number 447

Office Supplies.

The only fine line in the city. Everything you want and all at Popular prices.

Chamberlain & Taylor's Bookstore

323 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

The Herald Secures Clerks, Laborers, Salesmen, Bookkeepers, Barbers, Tailors, Cashiers, Waiters, Canvassers, Collectors, Teamsters, Agents, Coachmen.

BOARDERS of a very superior order are secured through Herald Wants.

Rent that vacant room through a Herald Want

The Herald Secures House Girls, Laundresses, Cooks, Stenographers, Chambermaids, Nurses, Seamstresses, Governesses, Copyists, Actresses, Artists, Companions.

LOST..... Articles are daily recovered through a Herald Want ad.....

MAINE

Thomas B. Reed First, Last and Only Choice of All.

Rousing Republican Convention Held in Portland, Maine This Morning.

Speech of the Venerable Hannibal Hamlin the Permanent Chairman.

Portland, Me., April 16.—With enthusiasm almost unequalled in the history of the Republican party in this state, the convention for the nomination of delegates to the national convention at St. Louis, was held here today. The enthusiasm was centered about the name of Hon. Thomas B. Reed, the unanimous choice of the convention as a candidate for president of the United States. In fact, there was no one to be found among all the delegates from whom the slightest reference to Reed did not call forth a demonstration of some sort. Reed buttons and badges were everywhere to be seen, and from Hon. Joseph Manley, who called the convention to order, to the least prominent delegate present, there was an apparent desire to enter into competition to show who could cheer the loudest for the favorite candidate.

"The convention was the largest that has ever assembled in this city, every delegation being filled. Previous to the state convention, the First congressional district convention was held and the following delegates to the national

THOMAS B. REED.

convention were elected: George P. Wescott, Portland; Charles E. Townsend, Brunswick, and Capt. J. F. Warner, of Buxton. Resolutions were adopted supporting Reed for the presidency and recognizing no second choice at St. Louis.

The state convention, which is to nominate delegates-at-large to the national convention, was then called to order by Hon. Joseph Manley, chairman of the state convention. Hon. Hannibal Hamlin, of Ellsworth, was chosen chairman, and in acceptance of the office spoke in part as follows:

"Under the protective system, so well provided by Republican party in 1892, when the Democratic party last went into power, the United States had become prosperous beyond the most sanguine expectations. In 1861, when the Democratic party went out of power, our total wealth was $16,000,000,000. In 1893, when the Republican party went out of power, our total wealth was more than $60,000,000,000. 'The year 1892,' says Dun's review of trade, 'has been the most prosperous ever known in business.'

"In the year 1893, the Republican party went out of power, while the wheels of industry were steadily turning and the laborer had plenty of employment. The Democratic party pledged to its doctrine of free trade, came in. Confidence was shaken, the wheels of industry stopped; hundreds of thousands of workingmen were thrown out of employment. Coxey's army invaded Washington, mills shut down; banks failed; railroads went into the hands of receivers, and depression followed, which called to mind the disastrous panic of 1873. In the year 1894, the Wilson-Gorman tariff act was passed, which has been rightly named, 'a tariff for deficiency.' Scarcely a month has elapsed since it became a law when the receipts of the government have equalled the expenditures, and the government was obliged to do that which it had never done before since the days of James Buchanan, namely, to borrow money to pay its running expenses in the time of peace.

"As we review these facts, why should we not almost expect the very earth, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, from Canada to the Gulf, cry, 'let the grand old party be returned to power; let its protective system be inaugurated together with reciprocity, the wise creation of our never-to-be-forgotten statesman, James G. Blaine.'"

Taking up the subject of the currency, Mr. Hamlin argued against the 16 to 1 silver coinage proposition, saying: "Upon this basis the gold and silver dollars would not circulate side by side in this country, and instead of more money we should have less. Gold money would not circulate with the silver, but would be hoarded and used for payments abroad, where it is the only legal tender money.

"It is not more money that we want, but what we do want is the party in power pledged to honest money, which will not break its faith with the people, so that the man who buys a bond payable in ten or any number of years to come, or makes a contract for labor, on which money is to become due in the future, will know that he is to be paid in dollars worth 100 cents each, and not in anything which may be worth the fraction of a penny less. Let the Republican party pledge itself anew to the doctrine of honest money, its higher confidence in business, and save its prosperous and respected country from bankruptcy and dishonesty."

At the mention of Reed's name, the cheering continued, increasing in strength and in volume for fully five minutes. Mr. Boutelle was chosen secretary, with a long list of assistants. When the formal organization had been completed, Herbert M. Heath, of Augusta, chairman of the committee on resolutions, reported the following platform:

"The Republicans of Maine gladly join with their brethren in other states in presenting to the Republicans of the nation for promotion to the presidency the speaker of the house of representatives. He needs no platform but the record of his life. Under his administration, as his public efforts conspicuously show, would be restored that Republican policy of protection taught by Lincoln, illustrated by the signal prosperity of the country for thirty years, and surrounded by the reciprocity of Blaine, a policy which would be adapted to the business of the country and adjusted with care from time to time to the changed conditions. Then, with confidence and prosperity restored, revenue will be made adequate to the support of the government and the issuing of bonds ostensibly for the maintenance of the redemption fund, but really to meet deficiency will cease.

"He is opposed to the free and unlimited coinage of silver, except by international agreement, and until such agreement can be obtained, believes the present gold standard should be maintained. He has always been uncompromisingly for the maintenance of the highest national credit, but with the utmost good faith toward the public credits, not for the creditor's sake, but for the nation's sake; for the sound reason that the most valuable possession of any nation in the state of war or distress next to the courage of its people is an honorable reputation. Who ever pays with honor, borrows with ease.

"Sound finance and certainty at the treasury and protection for producers will mean prosperity and peace. Our candidate favors measures for the restriction of immigration, he favors a just administration of all pension legislation, and is an earnest friend of American shipping and its restoration to its former rank in the world. He stands for the preservation of national honor at home and abroad. Under his administration, the Republican party can say with him: 'And when the time comes, as it surely will come, for us to lead this land back to those paths of prosperity and fame which were trodden under Republican rule, for so many years, we shall take back with us our ancient glory undimmed by adversity; our ancient honor, unsullied by defeat.'"

The following delegates-at-large were elected: Amos L. Allen, of Alfred; Charles Littlefield, Rockland; Edwin C. Burleigh, Augusta; Dr. E. A. Thompson, Dover. Governor Cleaves, Hon. Lewellin Powers and Herbert M. Heath, all made brief speeches endorsing Reed and his policy. John O. Patton, of Bath, endeavored to introduce a resolution favoring legislation to discriminate in favor of American ships, but he was ruled out of order. He then tried to present the resolution as a minority report of the committee on resolutions, saying that if Mr. Reed favored American shipping it would not hurt him to say so. Mr. Patton was ruled out of order on this also, and the convention adjourned.

A COLORADO RIPPLE.

Denver, April 16.—The Democratic convention for the First district of Colorado selected R. W. Speer, of Denver, and E. J. McCarthy, of Leadville, as delegates to the national convention. The Second district chose H. H. Seldenridge, of Colorado Springs, and S. I. Hallet, of Pitkin.

TIN PLATE MAKERS.

Largest Gathering Ever Held Now at Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, April 16.—The largest gathering of tinplate manufacturers ever held, is now in session here, considering plans to overcome the advance in the price of tinplate bars. The meeting convened at 11 o'clock this morning and included many producers not members of the association. When adjournment was taken for lunch, no decision had been reached. The executive committee held held an early morning session and submitted two plans for consideration. One was to establish a central selling agency and uniform prices, and the other to form a combination somewhat similar to the steel manufacturers' pool, each producer to have an allotment equal to the capacity of the plant.

Some doubts were expressed as to the feasibility of the latter plan as the trust laws in some of the states interfere with the arrangement. These plans were thoroughly discussed, and it is expected that a satisfactory arrangement will be arrived at before adjournment.

BIG CLAIM SETTLED.

Hamburg, April 16.—The Boersen Halle has a dispatch from Caracas, Venzuela, saying that a settlement of the railway claims made by Germany on behalf of German subjects has been signed by the representatives of the Disconto Gesselshaft North German bank and the government of Venzuela, the latter agreeing to pay 36,000,000 of bolivars in settlement of past liabilities, future claims and the guaranteed interest due.

THURMAN'S MESSAGE.

Denver, April 16.—Hon. Allan W. Thurman, of Ohio, sent a message to the Democratic state convention of Colorado, predicting a victory for silver at Chicago if the Democrats from the Western states are united and determined, and declaring that the prospects "ought to awaken in the breast of every true Democrat such feelings of exultation and courage that even were he three score years and ten, yet he would feel it was his duty to be in the front."

A CYCLONE AT SEA.

Southampton, April 16.—The North German Lloyd steamship Spree, Capt. Willigerod, from New York, on April 7, for Bremen, via this port, arrived here at 8:50 this morning and reported having passed through a terrific cyclone shortly after her departure from Sandy Hook. The steamer, however, was not injured.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Queenstown.—Arrived: Belgian, Philadelphia for Liverpool.

Plymouth.—Arrived: Fuerst Bismarck, New York for Cherbourg and Hamburg.

New York.—Arrived: State of Nebraska, Glasgow.

Southampton.—Arrived: Spree, New York for Bremen.

COLORADO MAY BOLT.

Denver, April 16.—The News says editorially today that the representatives of Colorado, in the national gathering of the Democratic party, will walk out of the hall and out of the party unless the platform contains an unqualified declaration for free coinage and the candidate is suited to the platform.

REPORTED

Resolution Regarding the Boundary Line Submitted to the House.

Commission Proposed to Settle Ownership of Hunter's Island.

Boundary Along the Great Lakes is Also to Be Considered.

Washington, April 16.—(Special to The Herald).—The sub-committee on foreign affairs, of which Representative Heatwole is chairman, today submitted a voluminous report to the house upon Representative Towne's resolution for the consideration of a boundary line between Lake Superior and the Lake of the Woods. The report also covers Senator Harris' resolution for the determination of the boundary along the line of the great lakes, and in brief is as follows:

The boundary line so far as Hunter's island is concerned is in a confused state in the language of the department. This point is pertinent as to the district between Lake Superior and the Lake of the Woods. The Webster-Ashburton treaty of 1842 should be a sufficient guide for the correct location of the boundary by the international supervising committee.

The language of the treaty of 184 designates the boundary line as thence to and through Cypress lake to Basswood lake. By reference to the map, it is seen that Cypress lake is on the north of Hunter's island and Basswood lake is on the south. Therefore if it is desired that the instructions of the treaty be literally carried out the boundary as marked by various maps is not correct. A strict interpretation of the treaty would cut Hunter's island in two. No definite determination has been arrived at, showing exactly the fixed line between Canada and the United States concerning that portion northwest of Lake Superior, or the line through Lake Erie. Many complaints have been made of seizure of American fishing craft and interference with American rights and property in consequence of the uncertainty as to the true boundary. The report recommends that the following resolution be presented as a substitute for the Towne and Harris' resolutions:

Resolved, that the sum of $75,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be appropriated for the expenses of the commission on the part of the United States to act jointly with a similar commission to act on the part of Great Britain for determination under the existing treaties of the true boundary line between the United States and the Dominion of Canada, at all necessary points between the St. Lawrence river and the Lake of the Woods.

A voluminous correspondence is appended to the report. Chairman Hitt says this is the most important matter that has been before the house at the present session, and it is a high compliment to Mr. Heatwole to be selected to present it to the house. The appointment of the commission, and the details of the negotiation, will rest with the president if the proposition of the committee is adopted.

PACIFIC RAILWAYS.

Bill Regarding Settlement of Government Debts Assured.

Washington, April 16.—Consideration of the bill for settling the government's debts of the Pacific railways, at this session by the house, seems to be assured. At a meeting of the house committee held today, Chairman Powers announced that Speaker Reed had promised that the bill should be brought up in the house within two weeks and that all the time necessary for its consideration would be given. An important amendment to the bill, proposed by Mr. Hepburn, was adopted by the committee.

It follows: "And that said companies hereinbefore mentioned, their successors, lessees and assignees, shall cooperate in making track conections with all railways of other companies now or hereafter built to points of junction with their roads, and shall share equally with companies owning such roads in the cost thereof; and at any point where two or more railroads shall connect with their roads or either of them, they and their successors, lessees and assigns shall afford to all such connecting roads, equal times, terms, rates and facilities for the interchange of traffic, both passenger and freight, between such connecting roads and their respective roads and every part thereof. And any contract, arrangement or device by sale, lease, consolidation, through car service or otherwise, intended for or resulting in any preference or advantage whatsoever to any such railroad so connecting at any such common point, or which shall subject any such railroad so connecting at any common point to any prejudice or disadvantage whatsoever, is hereby declared unlawful."

It was also decided to report to the house the resolution introduced by Mr. Bingham, calling on the attorney general for information upon the proposed reorganization of the Northern Pacific.

MAY NOT SHUT DOWN.

Pittsburg, April 16.—President James A. Chambers, of the Chambers Glass company, one of the largest window glass concerns in the country, was not present at the meeting of the manufacturers in Indianapolis, as the Chambers company is not connected with the Pittsburg Window Glass company. Mr. Chambers declines today to say whether or not he would observe the shut down agreement of the association.

SUMMER RESORT SCORCHED.

Asheville, N. C., April 16.—Fire today destroyed the dining room and quarters about this room of the large and fashionable Battery Park hotel. The rest of the building was saved. Several firemen were slightly injured.

NAVIGATION OPENING.

Boats Can Reach the Sault By Monday.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—The mercury registers 61 degrees today. The ice is wasting away very rapidly. Under present conditions boats can reach here by Monday. The tug Merrick is expected in the Sault river on Saturday.

THE ICE IS SOFT.

Buffalo, N. Y., April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—The tug Fabian went a mile into the ice this morning and did not find it hard enough to stop a boat.

TO CURTAIL PRODUCTION.

Miners Are Alarmed at the Companies' Action.

Ishpeming, Mich., April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—The mine workers' convention will close this evening. Many mine managers from Wisconsin, Minnesota and Michigan are here and will hold a secret meeting this afternoon, when definite arrangements will be made for a curtailment of production and working forces, to take immediate effect.

The decision of the convention to leave the matter of demanding shorter hours with the executive committee may serve to avoid an open rupture between the miners and owners, especially as the more conservative miners are greatly alarmed at the threatening aspect of the mining companies, which are now ready to deliver a blow which they have been preparing since last summer's big strike.

MURDERER CAUGHT.

Fatally Shot By a Policeman at Appleton, Wis.

Appleton, Wis., April 16.—Gus Seilke, who murdered in cold blood his employer, Edward Davis, a wealthy farmer near Markesan, April 4, and has since eluded officers, was captured here this morning, after a desperate struggle, in which he was probably fatally shot by Policeman Garvey. Seilke arrived here yesterday and stopped at an obscure hotel. He carried a Winchester rifle with which the murder was committed and remained in his room most of the time. This morning when the hotel proprietor rose it was found that Seilke had left before daylight. Suspicion was aroused, and officers being notified a chase was begun.

Garvey overtook Seilke on a railroad about a mile from the city and called upon him to surrender. Seilke raised his rifle to fire, whereupon the officer shot him twice, once just over the heart and once in the hand. After being shot, Seilke dropped the gun and ran nearly a mile before he was caught. He was taken to a hospital and will probably die.

There is no doubt that he is Seilke, the murderer, as he has been identified by two persons from Green Lake county, who have long known him. Besides, the description sent out tallies exactly, even to the rifle he carried. Seilke also practically admits his identity, frequently muttering: "You have got me at last." There is a reward of $300 for his capture.

GRAND TRUNK PLANS.

President Wilson Coming Over to Inspect the Road.

London, April 16.—Sir Charles Rivers Wilson, president of the Grand Trunk railway, of Canada, will sail for America on April 25. In an interview today, he is quoted as saying that the object of his trip across the Atlantic is chiefly to inspect the road. The management, he added, was heartily gratified at the manner of the shareholders at the recent semi-annual meeting. At the next meeting there will be several important financial measures to discuss, the most important being the receivership of the Vermont Central railway, now under the control of the Grand Trunk.

This matter, said the railroad president, will receive the most careful attention, as the Vermont Central is a vital part of the Grand Trunk system. In conclusion, Sir Charles said: "We do not propose to lease any new roads. Our policy is one of strict conservatism. We must contract rather than expand the service. There will be a special meeting of the traffic association in New York in order to confer upon different matters. We have amicable arrangements with all our competitors, especially the Canadian Pacific."

WOMEN ON DEMAND.

Teeming Canadian East Will Relieve the West's Famine.

Vancouver, B. C., April 16.—The mayor of Vancouver has received a peculiar letter from Toronto, written in the interests of the young women in Toronto and other Eastern Canadian cities. In this unique epistle the writer states that according to statistics, there is a shortage in the female population in the Northwest territories, amounting to about 90,000, and there is in Eastern Canada a corresponding overplus of unmarried women.

In order to equalize matters it is proposed to send young women of good health and moral character West to be distributed where the demand is greatest, and for this purpose it is intended to establish a home at Vancouver for the reception and distribution of the young women for British Columbia.

NEWMARKET RACES.

American Horses Do Not Appear to Advantage.

Newmarket, April 16.—There were eleven starters, including Pierre Lorillard's King of Bohemia, in the race today for the flying handicap plate, 12 sovereigns, five furlongs. J. A. Miller's Barney Hill won, with Calnaco second. The American horse was not placed.

In the Newmarket stakes for 500 sovereigns, distance one half mile, James Joggy's brown colt, Tyranny, beat L. D. Rothschild's Utica. Sixteen horses went to the post in the double trial plate, including Pierre Lorillard's Sandia, which was not placed. The course was five furlongs, and the plate was of 200 sovereigns for 2-year-olds. E. Foster's High Candelabr won, Sir J. Blundell Maple's Barndoor second, Mr. Dobell's Laguna third.

THE CHALLENGE SALE AT PANTON & WHITE'S BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

Drew out an immense crowd this morning. Tomorrow and Saturday we will put on an extra force of salespeople in order our patrons get waited on more promptly.

Free chocolate and cocoa served daily to our customers.

Tremendous Bargains in Every Department!

CUT FLOWERS!

Tomorrow we will offer 2500 extra choice Cut Roses at—

25c per doz.

PANTON & WHITE.

KENTUCKY

Blue Grass Republicans Boom Gov. Bradley as Presidential Candidate.

But They Instruct Delegates For McKinley as Second Choice.

Hard Money, Protection and Free Schools---Much Enthusiasm.

Louisville, Ky., April 16.—The Republican convention resumed its work this morning, with the prospect of at least two more protracted sessions before the remainder of its task, the adoption of a platform and the election of delegates, alternates and electors, is disposed of. The inability of the committee on resolutions to report last night, which made it necessary to hold a two days' convention, was not due to any wide difference of opinion in that body, but to the fact that its members thought the struggle between factions would be so bitter last nigh; that the platform would not be reached.

The committee got together early this morning and it is expected to be presented some time today. While the Bradley men have control of the organization the majority is insignificnt, and the McKinley men are sure to make a stubborn fight when the resolutions are up and when the election of delegates is reached. On yesterday's vote the Bradley men had a majority of ninety-one out of a total vote of 1575. This does not include a number of contests which have since been decided. The work of the credentials committee has served to slightly lessen the Bradley majority, but still leaves the governor's friends on top.

The convention simply wore itself out last night, and after four hours of wrangling the tired delegates threw up both hands and called everything off until morning. All the leaders were given a chance at the speech making, and then one ambitious patriot after another harrangued, until the delegates absolutely refused to hear any more, yelling down two successive would-be speakers. This exhaustion was not conducive to early rising, and the result was that the committee were not all present when the chairman rapped for order this morning.

At 9:50 the chairman announced that the first business in order was the report of the committee on resolutions. The committee was not ready and nominating speeches were reported. The rules were suspended and Judge O. S. Deming, of Laurel county, and Samuel Cape, of Clay, were chosen as electors at large for the state.

The resolutions committee then filed upon the stand and presented its report. The resolutions created great interest. The chairman had proceeded but a few seconds when he came to the declaration against free silver. This caused the greates demonstration of the day, except the one when the presidential candidates were reached. The latter came close to greater and general confusion and the enthusiasm was about equally divided, the greater part of the convention taking part in both demonstrations. The resolutions are as follows:

"The Republicans of Kentucky, reposing confidence in the justice and patriotism of the people, and believing that a clear, concise and unequivocal declaration of principles is due from the party to the voters, present the following platform, for the consideration of the intelligent voters: We are opposed to the free and unlimited coinage of silver, believing that it would involve the country in financial ruin. The gold dollar is the best dollar and least liable to fluctuations, and for these reasons, and in order to conform our standard to that of other great commercial nations, we favor it as the standard money of the United States, and the maintaining on a parky with it every other dollar, whether of silver or paper.

"We favor a tariff, so regulated as to protect the interests of all classes of our citizens, upon articles which may be successfully manufactured or produced in this country, thus insuring good wages to the laborer and a home market to the producer, and in this connection we favor the re-establishment of the doctrine of reciprocity. We believe that such a system will defray every governmental expense, gradually liquidating all indebtedness, restore confidence, put into motion every wheel of industry, rekindle the fires in our furnaces, re-establish the markets for the products of our farmers and relieve the undue excitement now prevailing over the country.

"We believe in an American policy which will protect Americans and American interests in all parts of the world, and will maintain the doctrine of non-interference in American affairs of the monarchs of the East. We sympathize with the people of Cuba in the struggle for independence, and trust that their efforts may establish a republic based upon the intelligence and patriotism of a free people. We believe that the intelligence of its citizens is the safeguard of the republic, and to that end we believe it is necessary to maintain and extend our system of free American schools.

"Believing in the availability and fitness of Governor William O. Bradley as a presidential candidate, mindful of the splendid victory under his leadership, proud of his executive ability, knowing the soundness of his views on the tariff and financial questions, and confident that his nomination will secure for the Republican party the electoral vote of Kentucky and other Southern states, we declare him our choice for the presidency, and instruct the delegates elected by this convention as delegates from the state to the next Republican national convention to cast their votes for him as presidential nominee. But in the event his name is withdrawn from before the St. Louis convention and he ceases to be voted for there, then they are directed to cast their votes for the Hon. William McKinley, the great friend of protection, so long as his name shall remain before the convention."

Other resolutions endorse the state administration, the last Republican house of the legislature, and condemn the Democratic senate for defeating legislation necessary to the financial welfare of the state.

The platform was adopted without opposition, but it is an empty victory for the Bradley men, whose plan has been to give the delegates-at-large instructions. The McKinley men are jubilant over their success in forcing recognition from the faction which has controlled the convention from the outset. The convention then proceeded to the election of delegates-at-large.

The four delegates-at-large chosen are: A. R. Burham, of Richmond, one of the original McKinley men; Col. Lewis P. Tarlton, of Lexington, one of Governor Bradley's right hand men, and Senator W. J. Deboe, also a Bradley supporter, received a majority on the first ballot and were declared elected.

THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

The state Republican convention at Fargo declared for McKinley, sound money and protection. Senator Hansbrough did not cut much of a figure in the proceedings. The delegates to the St. Louis convention were instructed to use all honorable means to support McKinley. The following are the delegates: C. M. Johnson, Richland; O. S. Halson, Traill; T. Satterwaite, Cass; J. M. Devine, Lamoure; Alex Hughes, Burleigh; J. H. Bingenheimer, Morton. The alternates are: Austin King, Sargent; G. W. Holliday, Foster; E. H. Kent, Nelson; M. B. Cassell, Steele; H. L. Dickenson, Stark; W. A. Caldwell, Dickey. The following is the money plank adopted by the convention:

"The Republicans of North Dakota in convention assembled, renew their devotion to the doctrine of protection. The Republicans of North Dakota are unyielding in their demand for honest money. We are unalterably opposed to any scheme that will give to this country a depreciated or debased currency. We favor the use of silver as currency, but to the extent only and under such restrictions that its parity with gold can be maintained. We are therefore opposed to the free and unlimited coinage of silver, until it can be arranged by international agreement."

The season of 1896 promises to show a substantial growth for Farman at its close. Two new stores have just opened up, work will commence shortly on a Methodist Episcopal church, new sidewalks are being built, and many other improvements are in contemplation. Work on the new artesian well will begin before long, and its completion is sure to be followed by a flouring mill and perhaps a creamery.

At Bathgate the weather continues wet and cold. The heavy snow of last week has not all disappeared, and the roads are in fearful shape. There will not be any seeding done this week, which will make it very late, and this with the small amount of plowing done last fall will decrease the acreage of wheat fully 20 per cent. The sale of machinery is very large here this year. There are three retail stores here and all have done a large business. There will be more building done here than for any previous year for some time. The village of Bathgate will vote on incorporation at the next election and will probably incorporate as a city.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

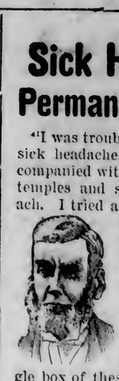
A tornado passed through Faulk county, northeast to southwest, yesterday morning, resulting in two deaths and several injured. Considerable damage was done at Cresbard. Millard and Burkmere. Several houses and barns were blown away. The residence of E. T. Evans, near Cresbard was completely destroyed, killing Mrs. Evans and two children and badly injuring himself and wife. At Burkmere the Whone Bill company elevator was demolished and the Cresbard church moved from its foundation.

A severe hail and wind storm occurred between 3 and 4 o'clock yesterday morning in the southeast part of Edmunds county and northeast part of Faulk county. The extent of the storm and damage is not yet fully known. The house of James Kinney, with his family, consisting of himself and five children, was taken up and scattered over the prairie. All the members of the family were considerably hurt, one child fatally, it is feared. Other dwelling houses and school houses, barns and wind mills were made kindling wood of and scattered over the prairie. Persons are reported to have been injured in Cresbard, Faulk county.

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

Sick Headache Permanently Cured

"I was troubled, a long time, with sick headache. It was usually accompanied with severe pains in the temples and sickness at the stomach. I tried a good many remedies recommended for this complaint; but it was not until I began taking



AYER'S Pills that I received anything like permanent benefit. A single box of these pills did the work for me, and I am now a well man." C. H. HUTCHINGS, East Auburn, Me.

For the rapid cure of Constipation, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Nausea, and all disorders of Stomach, Liver, and Bowels, take

AYER'S Cathartic Pills

Medal and Diploma at World's Fair.

Ask your druggist for Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

CANADA

Edward Farrer, a Dominion Liberal, Gives Some Idea of Reciprocity.

Tells the House Committee the Benefits Which Would Result.

Liberals, if Returned to Power, Will Negotiate an American Treaty.

Washington, April 16.—In response to invitation, Hon. Edward Farrer, one of the Liberal leaders in Canada, has submitted to the house sub-committee on ways and means on reciprocity, a long statement giving the Liberal view of a reciprocity arrangement between the United States and Canada. Mr. Farrar gives at great length a history of the commercial relations between the republic and the provinces since 1846, prior to which date there was comparatively little trade across the border, largely owing to the existence of a system of preferential duties in Canada, intended to foster trade between the provinces and England, somewhat in the line of Mr. Chamberlain's proposed imperial confederation scheme.

Mr. Farrer shows by figures in what particular he considers that plan failed to help either Canada or England and how he claims it went down under the free trade system in 1846. He points to the remarkable growth of Canada under the reciprocity treaty of 1854, and recounts the heroic, though vain efforts of the Canadians to prevent the lapsing of that treaty.

Touching the treaty negotiated by Mr. Blaine in 1890 to bring about reciprocity between the United States and Newfoundland, which were pigeonholed by Lord Salisbury, he alleges, because of the jealousy of the Dominion authorities, Mr. Farrer held that it contained the principles upon which a treaty might now be framed that would be acceptable to the Liberals in Canada, seeking as they do to secure the commercial independence of the Dominion and relieved from the necessity of consulting England in treaty making, and the hampering requirement of conceding to England the best terms offered to any foreign country.

Referring to that treaty, Mr. Farrer says: "These articles were selected with a triple object; the first was that they should be articles of common use among the people, or affecting the prosecution of our leading industries; the second that they should be of such a character as to be difficult to smuggle across the lines, and easy of identification as a genuine production of Canada or the United States; the third that they should be as far as possible the production of branches of industry, natural to Canada or the United States, and in which a considerable intertraffic between the two countries might reasonably be adopted

"A sliding scale, by which the existing custom duties were to be gradually reduced, was provided for in order to give the manufacturers some time for preparation for the change. The Liberal party would be prepared to negotiate a treaty with the United States on somewhat similar lines, if it should be returned to power at the approaching elections. It is safe to say that it would be prepared to negotiate on even broader lines. It fully realizes that the opposition of the present government at Ottawa for a reciprocity in natural products only is scarcely fair to the United States, for most of the gain would be to Canada; that any equitable arrangement must permit the United States to pay in factory goods the natural products and raw material coming from Canada. Moreover, such a treaty would be beneficial to the farmers and lumbermen, fishermen and miners of Canada, in providing them with cheaper factory goods than they can now obtain in Canada."

In further support of a reciprocity agreement, Mr. Farrer contends that it would check the immigration of Canadians into the United States, which has now grown to be very formidable; that it would accord with natural conditions and the wants of both countries, and would place upon a more satisfactory basis the now delicate and dubious question of the boundary privilege as exercised by Canadian railroads.

NORTHWESTERN MILLING.

Minneapolis, April 16.—The Northwestern Miller gives the following milling news for the week: The flour output at Minneapolis last week was 251,695 barrels against 190,050 barrels the preceding week and 151,195 barrels for the corresponding week last year. The flour market was quiet last week. A good deal is going to lake ports to await the opening of navigation. The domestic orders booked last week came from all parts of the country, and are of a character clearly indicating the trade was gradually wearing down flour stocks, so that it would soon have to buy more freely.

HONOR TO LI HUNG CHANG.

Constantinople, April 16.—The steamer conveying Li Hung Chang to Russia, on his way to attend the ceremonies of the czar's coronation at Moscow, will be escorted through the Mediterranean by a Russian warship.

A SWISS LANDSLIDE.

Berne, Switzerland, April 16.—An immense landslide has occurred at Truhb, twenty miles east of this place. Many farms have been devastated, whole woods have been carried off and the loss is said to be most serious.

Beecham's pills are for biliousness, bilious headache, dyspepsia, heartburn, torpid liver, dizziness, sick headache, bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, loss of appetite, sallow skin, etc., when caused by constipation; and constipation is the most frequent cause of all of them.

Go by the book. Pills 10¢ and 25¢ a box. Book *free* at your druggist's or write B. F. Allen Co., 365 Canal Street, New York.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Sheriff Holmberg, of Minneapolis, started for St. Cloud yesterday morning in charge of a reformatory prisoner, Frank Johnson, sent up for burglary. The train was hardly outside the city when Johnson leaped from the window and made good his escape.

Little Falls is to have a finish fight between Smith and Baker.

The Olympian games will be repeated at Athens at intervals of four years.

Rev. George P. Knapp, the American missionary, has arrived at Aleppo on his way out of Turkey.

J. R. McDonald, of Milwaukee, has purchased the Milwaukee & Wawautosa Motor railway for an Eastern syndicate. The price paid was $450,000. The line will be extended and equipped with electricity, the plans including a line to Waukesha and the Wisconsin lake resorts.

The New York assembly sat down on the barbers' Sunday closing law so far that shops in New York, Buffalo, Brooklyn and Saratoga can remain open on Sundays until noon.

Secretary Carlisle addressed an immense audience at the Chicago Auditorium last night. His talk was to the workingmen on the currency questions and he refused to talk politics. At the conclusion of the secretary's remarks J. C. Roberts, who was in the audience, rose from his seat and began to talk. There were loud cries of "Sit down," but Mr. Roberts kept on. Finally several policemen started down the aisle and Mr. Roberts subsided. There was much excitement in the hall for a few minutes.

Maurice Daly, of New York, defeated Garnier, the Belgian champion at Boston last night by a score of 300 to 257.

Three little boys from Chippewa Falls, Wis., arrived in St. Paul in a box car, against their will. They were playing about the depot in Chippewa Falls and got into a box car to wait for the train that brought the daily papers. Suddenly the door of the car was closed and the boys did not see daylight until they got to St. Paul. They will be sent home.

It was warm in St. Paul yesterday, the thermometer standing at 80 in the shade during the afternoon.

Immigration authorities at Ellis' Island, N. Y., will send back to Italy 531 Italians now detained there.

At Chicago George H. Hartendorf, aged 46, and his son Henry, aged 16, are under arrest on a charge of having conspired to defraud Mrs. M. H. Schneider, of Bavaria, out of $100,000. A curious story of how the man tried to personate another man, and the boy was palmed off as an adopted son, in order to get possession of the money.

The school census of Chicago, now practically complete, shows the city to have a population of approximately 1,770,000. This is an increase of 200,000 over the school census of two years ago. The directory estimate for 1895 was 1,885,000.

At St. Paul a move was made in the two interest suits of the Farmers' Loan and Trust company, of New York, vs. the Northern Pacific railway by the attorneys for the company to strike the complaint from the files. The actions are respectively for $1,209,000 and $500,000 unpaid interest, due on what are known as Northern Pacific branch line bonds. A stay has been ordered until the hearing is had.

Stowed away in the hold of the steamship Teutonic, which reached New York yesterday, were arms which are to be shipped to Cuba for the use of the insurgents. The arms were purchased abroad by an agent of the revolutionary party. There are seventy-four cases of the machetes and each case is said to contain one-half gross of the weapons. There are also nineteen cases containing shovels and machetes. The shovels in the packages are said to be few and were packed in simply to make it appear that the cases are intended for the use of sugar growers. There are enough of the machetes on the Teutonic to arm nearly 6000 men.

Charles M. Murphy, the professional bicyclist, has deposited with the American Wheelman $100 to bind a match between himself and Walter C. Sanger, of Milwaukee. Murphy's challenge calls for a series of three races for a purse of $500 to $1000, the races to take place within sixty days after May 30; the limit in which the acceptance is allowed.

C. H. Foote, an official of the Illinois Steel company, has closed a deal with the Nelson estate for 600 acres of iron lands in Iron river, Mich. The Youngstown mine is included in the purchase. It is thought that Mr. Foote was acting as agent for the steel company. There are large deposits of low grade iron ore on the lands.

Three masked men looted the Farmers' bank at Maitland, Holt county, Mo., Wednesday night. They secured $1000 in silver which they dumped in to a wagon and escaped. A young man who roomed in the bank building was bound and gagged and then the robbers took their time in drilling into the safe.

MILLERS MAD.

Liverpool Dock Discrimination Against American Flour.

New York, April 16.—Charles C. Bovey and John Crosby, of Minneapolis, representing the National Millers' association, are in this city. They say flour inspectors of London are greatly exercised over what they hold to be a discrimination against American flour. Flour from America enters London docks and is subjected to a landing charge of 18 cents per ton. French flour and American wheat escape this charge Parliament has enacted that no charge whatsoever shall be made on goods landing at loose docks, but the steamship companies, it is stated, issued to American millers a bill of lading containing a clause subjecting flour to the 18 cents charge per ton.

In this way the miller contracts himself out of the laws of parliament and must pay the tax. Furthermore, the dock companies, it is stated, propose now to increase the tax of landing materially. With these facts in view, Messrs. Bovey and Crosby have been in Washington, where they have represented to a sub-committee of the house ways and means committee that the American flour product is subjected to charges in contravention of English law and which they have urged may be abated through retaliatory legislation here.

EMBEZZLED $30.000.

Attorney Page Steals From an Insane Client.

San Francisco, April 16.—Ex-District Attorney James D. Page has been found guilty of embezzlement of $30,000 from an insane patient for whom he had been appointed guardian. Page fled to New York, where he was arrested last fall, and subsequently brought back to this city.

A ROAD FOR HUNTINGTON.

Los Angeles, April 16.—Receiver C. W. Smith and the bondholders committee of the Atlantic Pacific road, who are making a tour of inspection of the property, arrived here by special train last night. In reply to a question as to whether C. P. Huntington had secured control of that portion of the road between the Needles and Mojave, Mr. Smith said: "No, but if Huntington wants it he can have it."

HOUSE ADJOURNS.

Ottawa, April 16.—The house adjourned at 2:30 this morning after being in continuous session since Monday at 3 o'clock.

ONE HONEST MAN.

Dear Editor: Please inform your readers that if written to confidentially I will mail in a sealed letter the plan pursued by which I was permanently restored to health and manly vigor, after years of suffering from nervous weakness, night losses and weak, shrunken parts.

I have no scheme to extort money from anyone whomsoever. I was robbed and swindled by the quacks until I nearly lost faith in mankind, but thank heaven, I am now well, vigorous and strong, and anxious to make this certain means of cure known to all.

Having nothing to sell or send C. O. D., I want no money. Address

James A. Harris,
Box 296, Delray, Mich.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." CARLOS MARTYN, D. D., New York City.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results" EDWIN F. PARDEE, M. D., 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY

DR. RODRIGUEZ SPANISH TREATMENT. A Positive Written Guaranteed Cure for LOST MANHOOD and all attendant ills, both of young and middle-aged men and women. The awful effects of YOUTHFUL ERRORS, Shrunken or undeveloped organs, weakness, Nervous Debility, Nightly Emissions, Consumption, Insanity, Exhausting drains and loss of power of the Generative Organs, unfitting one for study, business and marriage, is quickly cured by Dr. Rodriguez Spanish Nerve Grains. They act quickly and surely by starting at the seat of disease, but are a great NERVE TONIC and BLOOD BUILDER, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks, and restoring the FIRE OF YOUTH to the patient. By mail, $1.00 per box or 6 for $5 with written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book free. Spanish Nerve Grain Co., Box 2599, New York.

Results of treatment.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

Swift's Cotosuet

Most young house-keepers use it.
But older people cling to the old ways till the young people convert them.

Sold wherever lard is—in 3 and 5 lb. pails.
Made only by Swift and Company, Chicago.

"THE MORE YOU SAY THE LESS PEOPLE REMEMBER," ONE WORD WITH YOU,

SAPOLIO

A SURE CURE FOR RHEUMATISM, KIDNEY AND STOMACH TROUBLES.

For sale by All Druggists.
Retailers supplied by the SAGAR DRUG CO.,
Wholesalers for Duluth, Minn.

HOW'S YOUR HEAD?

You will feel better, think better, if you have your scalp scientifically treated. Prevents the hair falling out; imparts freshness and vigor to the scalp.

MME. BOYD & WILBUR,
Masonic Temple.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 7th, 1896.

In the matter of the estate of Mary H. Wishart, deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Isaac E. West, of said county.

It is ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court, for examination and allowance, at the probate office in Duluth, in said county, on Monday, the second day of November, A. D. 1896, at ten o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless, for cause shown, further time be allowed.

Ordered further that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 7th day of April, A. D. 1896.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, April-9-16-23.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for *Chichester's English Diamond Brand* in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. *Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations.* At Druggists or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. *Name Paper* Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square Philada., Pa.

Sold by all Local Druggists.

ORDER FOR HEARING PETITION FOR GUARDIAN.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 2nd, 1896.

In the matter of the guardianship of Anna Anderson, a minor:

On reading and filing the verified petition of Andrew P. Anderson, of Duluth, in said county, representing among other things that he is a cousin of said minor, that said minor is a resident of Dalarna, Jenna, Sweden; that said minor is entitled to personal property in said county of the value of about three thousand dollars, and that to protect and preserve the legal rights of said minor it is necessary that some proper person should be appointed guardian of the estate of said minor and praying that Carl M. Johanson, of said county, may be appointed as such guardian.

It is ordered that said petition be heard at a special term of the probate court to be held in and for said county of St. Louis on Saturday, the 25th day of April, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the probate office in Duluth, in said county.

It is further ordered that notice of such hearing and of the time and place thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published in Duluth, in said state and county.

Dated at Duluth, the second day of April, A. D. 1896.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, April-2-9-16.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Charles W. Hoyt and Jennie M. Hoyt, his wife, mortgagors, to Henry Streeter, mortgagee, bearing date February twenty-eighth (28th), 1891, and recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on March fourth (4th), 1891, at 11:45 o'clock a. m., in Book sixty-two (62) of mortgages, on page two hundred thirteen (213) thereof; such default consisting in the non-payment of the principal sum thereby secured, together with the semi-annual installment of interest due thereon March first, 1896.

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of six thousand two hundred sixty-two and 84-100 ($6262.84) dollars, principal, interest and exchange.

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the said power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All of lot numbered twelve (12), of block numbered one hundred ninety-one (191), of West Duluth, Seventh Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the twenty-fifth (25th) day of April, A. D. 1896, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest and the insurance premiums and taxes, if any, on said premises, paid by said mortgagee at the time of said sale, and one hundred dollars attorney's fee, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 12th, A. D. 1896.

HENRY STREETER,
Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
March-12-19-26-April-2-9-26.

WEAK MEN

Instant Relief. Cure in 15 days. Never returns. I will gladly send to any sufferer in a plain sealed envelope FREE a prescription with full directions for a quick, private cure for Lost Manhood, Night Losses, Nervous Debility, Small Weak Parts, Varicocele, etc. I also have the medicines for sale. Address,
G. B. Wright, Box 1209, Marshall, Mich.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.—In District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

John F. Craig, Plaintiff,
vs.
Thomas Cullyford and Annie Gordon Cullyford, his wife, Defendants.

The state of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You and each of you are hereby required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is now on file at the office of the clerk of the district court in and for said county, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, within twenty days from the date of the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., April 2nd, 1896.

WILLIAM C. White,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Office 706-8 Torrey Building,
Residence 222 East Third street,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, April-2-9-16-23-30-May-7-14.

SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE.—Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court of the state of Minnesota, in and for the Eleventh judicial district and county of St. Louis, on the 17th day of March, 1896, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in said court and county in an action therein, wherein W. L. Alexander was plaintiff and George T. Blake was defendant in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendant, for the sum of seventy-eight and 51-100 ($78.51) dollars, which said execution has to me, as sheriff of said St. Louis County, been duly directed and delivered, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction, to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, on Monday, the 4th day of May, 1896, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all the right, title and interest that the above named judgment debtor had in and to the real estate hereinafter described on the 17th day of March, 1896, that being the date of the rendition of said judgment, the description of the property being as follows, to-wit:

Lot number six (6), East Second street, Duluth Proper, First Division. Also lots numbered thirty-six (36) and thirty-eight (38), in block ninety-two (92), Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the respective plats thereof of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, said lots lying and being in St. Louis County Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Minn., March 17, 1896.

W. W. BURDICK,
As Sheriff of St. Louis County, Minn.
By AMOS SHEPHARD,
Deputy.

WHITE AND McKEON,
Attorneys for Judgment Creditor.
March-19-26-April-2-9-16-23.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Camille Poirier and Margaret G. Poirier, his wife, mortgagors, to S. B. Aspinwall, mortgagee, bearing date August first (1st), 1894, and duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on August fourth (4th), 1894, at four (4) o'clock p. m. in Book one hundred twenty-seven (127) of mortgages, on page two hundred forty-two (242); such default consisting in the non-payment of the two semi-annual installments of interest upon the debt secured by said mortgage, and of the coupons given for the same, which became due respectively on August first (1st), 1895, and February first (1st), 1896, each amounting to the sum of thirty-five ($35.00) dollars, and which defaults still continue, by reason whereof said mortgagee has elected to exercise the option to him given by the terms of said mortgage, and the principal note secured thereby, by heretofore declaring, and he does hereby declare, the whole principal sum secured by said note and mortgage, with all accrued interest thereon, to be now due and payable.

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of one thousand eighty-two and 62-100 ($1082.62) dollars, principal, interest and exchange.

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises therein described and covered by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows to-wit: Lot three (3), in block sixty-six (66), Endion Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and the said premises together with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto pertaining will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest and the sum of one hundred and sixty-five and 17-100 dollars ($165.17) taxes and assessments which taxes and assessments have been paid at the date of this notice by said O. P. Stearns and J. D. Ensign, the undersigned mortgagees, and the sum of fifty dollars ($50.00) attorneys' fees as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Saturday, the 18th day of April, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 20, 1896.

S. B. ASPINWALL,
Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-26-A-2-9-16-23-30.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of one thousand one hundred and twenty-six and 50-100 dollars ($1126.50) principal and interest, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by William W. Hancock, mortgagor, to O. P. Stearns and J. D. Ensign, mortgagees, bearing date the 24th day of September, A. D. 1891, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 18th day of March, A. D. 1892, at 1:20 o'clock p. m. in Book 91 of mortgages at page 2; and whereas no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises therein described and covered by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows to-wit: Lot three (3), in block sixty-six (66), Endion Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and the said premises together with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto pertaining will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest and the sum of one hundred and sixty-five and 17-100 dollars ($165.17) taxes and assessments which taxes and assessments have been paid at the date of this notice by said O. P. Stearns and J. D. Ensign, the undersigned mortgagees, and the sum of fifty dollars ($50.00) attorneys' fees as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Saturday, the 18th day of April, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 5th, 1896.

O. P. STEARNS,
J. D. ENSIGN,
Mortgagees.

STEARNS, WATROUS & STEARNS,
Attorneys for Mortgagees,
205-206 First National Bank Building,
Duluth, Minn.
March-5-12-19-26-April-2-9-16.

WEST END

Presbytery of Duluth Will Meet at Westminster Church Next Week.

The Sessions Will Be Held on Tuesday and Wednesday.

Ladies of the Methodist Church Will Give a Dime Social.

The presbytery of Duluth will meet next Tuesday and Wednesday in Westminster church, West Duluth. The first session will be held Tuesday evening at 7:30, and will consist of a sermon by the retiring moderator, the communion of the Lord's supper and the election of new officers and committees for the ensuing year. Three sessions will be held on Wednesday, forenoon, afternoon and evening. The evening meeting will be a popular one, with addresses on various topics of interest to all Christian people. About thirty ministers and elders will be present.

METHODIST CHURCH SOCIAL.

The ladies of the Methodist church will give a dime social at the church tomorrow evening. Refreshments will be served, after which a cake sale will take place. On May 5, two weeks from Friday night, the ladies of the same church will give a concert, and the program will include some of the best musical talent in Duluth.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Dr. Forbes, of Asbury church, and Rev. J. W. Heard, of Lesser Park, will exchange pulpits on Sunday morning.

Sergt. Peterson, of the police force, was taken suddenly with pleurisy last night and was carried to his home in a serious condition. He is reported better today.

Mrs. C. C. Salter has returned from a visit in St. Paul.

Mrs. J. D. Gledhill returned yesterday to her home in Mountain Iron after a visit with West Duluth friends.

Sergt. Towner was promoted to second lieutenant of his company at the election last evening.

O. B. Little and wife left this afternoon for Saginaw, Mich. After a visit at that place they will take a Western trip, spending the most of the summer away from home.

HIGH WATER.

St. Louis River and Other Streams Are Swollen.

The ice gorged in the dalles of the St. Louis river yesterday afternoon and caused a good deal of havoc. It overflowed its banks in several places. Last night a piece of the gorge broke away above Crowley's stone quarry and smashed a barn, killing two cows.

The streams on the Duluth & Iron Range and the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railroads are all full, and another good rain would cause trouble. No loss or damage has resulted so far, but both roads report that high water mark has been reached and that a little more moisture might prove disastrous. The Iron Range road is not having so much trouble with water as it is with frost coming out of the ground where the new double track is being put in.

The regular meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held tomorrow afternoon in the parlors of the Presbyterian church.

Wall paper at S. J. Nygren's.

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

SPECIAL EXCURSIONS—LOW RATES

For homeseekers and business men via The Northwestern Line—C. St. P. M. & O. Ry. on April 7 and 21 and May 5, to points in

Alabama,
Arizona,
Arkansas,
Kansas,
Kentucky,
Louisiana,
Mississippi,
Missouri,
Nebraska,
North Carolina,
Oklahoma,
South Dakota,
Tennessee,
Texas,
Virginia,

For rates to any particular point or other information call at 405 Mesaba block, Duluth.

B. W. Summers, Agent.

THERE'S ONLY ONE RAILROAD

That operates its trains on the famous block system between the Twin Cities, Milwaukee and Chicago;

That lights its trains by electricity throughout;

That uses the celebrated electric berth reading lamp;

That runs four splendidly equipped passenger trains every day from St. Paul and Minneapolis through to Chicago, via Milwaukee;

And that road is the

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL.

It also operates steam-heated vestibuled trains, carrying the latest private compartment cars, library buffet smoking cars, and palace drawing-room sleepers.

Parlor cars, free reclining chair cars and the very best dining car service.

For lowest rates to any point in the United States, Canada or Mexico, apply to ticket agents, or address

J. T. Conley,
Assistant General Passenger Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

Note—Elegantly equipped trains from St. Paul and Minneapolis through to Peoria, St. Louis and Kansas City daily.

I suffered terribly from roaring in my head during an attack of catarrh, and because very deaf, used Ely's Cream Balm and in three weeks could hear as well as ever.—A. E. Newman, Grayling, Mich.

CATARRH.

ELY'S CREAM BALM opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores, Protects the Membrane from colds, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. The Balm is quickly absorbed and gives relief at once.

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren street, New York.

When they put a man in jail, he cannot follow his natural inclinations. He cannot eat what he wants to—he is limited to a very frugal diet. Is it not equally true of a dyspeptic? For all of the real enjoyment he gets out of life, he might as well be in jail. He cannot eat what he likes, nor enough. He suffers much, gets little sympathy. At first, perhaps a little heaviness in the stomach, a little sourness, windy belchings and heartburn. Headaches and biliousness and a foul taste in the mouth in the morning. Chronic constipation is almost inevitable, and means that the body is holding poisonous, impure matter that should be gotten rid of. The poison is being reabsorbed into the blood and the whole body. Impurity in the blood may lead to almost any disease. Constipation is the start of it all. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation, cure it so it stays cured. No other remedy in the world will do that. Of druggists.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

Commission men were smiling today. Fairly good weather with a little streak of sunshine and a rather good trading were the leading causes. There was plenty of meat and vegetables on the market and it was all prime stuff. Quite a few changes in quotations were made.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed daily.

BUTTER.	
Creameries, separators, fancy.	18 @20
Dairies, fancy, special make...	15 @16
Dairies, good, fair, sweet.....	12 @15
Fine roll and print.....	12 @14
Packing stock.....	8 @ 9
CHEESE.	
Turns or flats, full cream.....	10 @11
Full cream, Young America....	11 @12
Full cream, second grade.....	8 @ 9
Swiss cheese, No. 1.....	13
Brick, No. 1.....	11 @12
Limburger, full cream, choice..	10 @11
Primost	6
EGGS.	
Candled stock, strictly fresh..	10½@11
SYRUPS, ETC.	
Pure Vt. maple syrup, gal. can.	90
HONEY.	
Fancy white clover.....	14 @15
Golden rod	13 @14
Dark honey	12 @13
Buckwheat, dark	12 @12½
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Fresh Vermont stock per lb....	10
VEGETABLES.	
Beets, per bushel.....	40
Carrots, old, per bushel.....	30
Carrots, new, per box.....	$ 1 75
Carrots, new, per dozen.....	35
Onions, old, per bushel.....	40
Onions, new, per doz.....	25 @30
Celery, large Cal., per doz.....	$ 1 25
Turnips, per bushel.....	25
Squashes, Hubbard, per doz....	1 25
Onions, per bushel.....	40
Tomatoes, per basket.....	60 @75
Carrots, per doz bunches.....	45 @
Cabbage, old, per barrel.....	3 00
Cabbage, Cal., new per lb.....	3½
Cabbage, Mobile, per crate.....	2 50
Lettuce, per box.....	1 00@ 1 25
Lettuce, per dozen.....	30
Horseradish, per barrel.....	6 50@ 7 00
Oyster plants, per doz.....	65 @75
Sweet potatoes, per barrel.....	4 75@ 5 00
Mint, per dozen.....	35
Parsley, per dozen.....	35
Spinach, per box.....	$ 1 25@ 1 35
Radishes, per box.....	1 50@ 1 75
Radishes, per dozen.....	35
Cauliflowers, per dozen.....	1 50
Pieplant, per pound.....	10
Pieplant, per 50 lb box.....	1 75@2 00
Cucumbers, per doz.....	1 50
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bushel.....	$ 1 35@ 1 50
Medium, hand picked, per bus.	1 25
Dirty lots, per bushel.....	75@ 1 00
Brown beans, fancy, per bus..	1 75@ 2 00
Yellow peas, per bushel.....	1 10
POTATOES.	
Potatoes, Minnesota.....	18 @20
Potatoes, new, per bushel.....	1 25@ 1 50
FRUITS.	
Bananas, bunches	$ 1 00@ 1 50
Lemons, per box.....	3 25@ 3 50
Cranberries, per barrel.....	8 00@ 9 00
Oranges, navel, per box.....	3.50@ 4 00
Oranges, seedlings, per box....	2 50@ 2 75
Strawberries, per case, 24 pints	3 00@ 3 25
Pineapples, per dozen.....	3 50@ 4 50
APPLES.	
Winesaps, per barrel.....	$ 5 00
Ben Davis, per barrel.....	4 00@ 4 50
Willow twig, per barrel.....	5 00
DRESSED MEATS.	
Veal, fancy	6½@ 7½
Veal, choice	5 @ 5½
Veal, heavy, coarse or thin.....	5
Mutton, fancy dressed.....	5½@ 6
Spring lamb, fine.....	14
DRESSED POULTRY.	
Spring chickens, per lb.....	12½
Mixed, per lb.....	12
BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.	
Bran, 200 lb, sacks included...$	5 00@ 8 50
Shorts, 200 lb, sacks included...	8 00
Red dog	$ 50@ 9 50
Ground feed, No. 1.....	10 50@11 50
Ground feed, No. 2.....	10 50@11 50
HAY, CAR LOTS.	
Choice South Minn.....	$ 6 00@ 8 00
Northern Minn..	5 50@ 6 50
Medium	4 50@ 5 00
Poor	4 00@ 6 00
Tame, ton, choice timothy.....	10 00@11 00

IN NEW YORK.

New York, April 16.—Butter, weak; Western creamery, 11@17c; Elgins, 17c. Eggs, quiet; Western, 11@13½c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, April 16.—Butter, weak, creameries, 16@18c; dairies, 14@16c. Eggs, 10½@11c.

TO SELL THE GOODS.

Kaufman Matter Brought Into Court Again.

Yesterday L. W. French, of St. Paul, receiver for Kaufman & Yezner, the Ely merchants, whose receivership involved three arrests for obtaining property under false pretenses, obtained an order allowing him to sell by auction certain property of the insolvents.

His petition says that in the Ely store he found goods worth $2500 and book accounts of the nominal value of $2000. Of this he has disposed. He had a suspicion that goods had been concealed and he got the insolvents up to give an accounting. They refused to speak a word on the ground that they might incriminate themselves.

Then he asked them to prepare schedules of assets and liabilities, and this they refused to do on the same grounds. The effort to get anything out of the insolvents themselves failing, he set out to investigate for himself, and he discovered a considerable amount of property which had been concealed in St. Paul and in other parts of the state.

These goods he now has in St. Paul, and he asked the court to allow him to sell them. Judge Moer signed the order authorizing Receiver French to sell the goods in gross at public auction May 1 at 4 p. m. at the office of Kellogg, Johnson & Co.

H. H. Hoyt, attorney for the plaintiff in the suit of Henry Neunstadt, Jr., against William I. Stretch and others, to clear title to lands in 53-12, has filed notice of a motion requiring John M. McClintock, attorney for Stretch, to prove his authority as attorney, failing in which the answer will be stricken out.

Hoyt claims that Stretch located the land and received a patent upon it in 1873. He left in 1878 and never returned. In 1893 Hoyt claims to have received a letter from him in which he said he owned no land in Minnesota and had no legal representative here. On this ground Hoyt asks McClintock to prove his authority.

Judge Ensign has filed findings in the default cases of the Midway company against N. B. Thayer, Leonidas Merritt and F. W. Eaton and against W. H. Curtis and the above defendants in another suit. The findings give title to four lots in 58-17 to the plaintiff.

C. P. Gould has sued F. E. Kennedy and J. W. Norton for $1000 each on notes and F. N. Britt for $1133.32 on notes. Fryberger & Johnson are the attorneys.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25 cents a bottle.

ADVANCED

Wheat Went Up Again on the Strength of Bullish News.

Visions of Scarcity of Wheat Painted By the Price Curent.

Large Buying Orders Were Received at Chicago From the Country.

California frosts were the center of attraction in the wheat pit again today, but the market was nervous and not very active. It was said the alleged killing frost in California had not created as bad a havoc as was reported. The Northwestern receipts were large, being 60 cars at Duluth and 235 cars at Minneapolis, which had a weakening effect, but heavy buying at Chicago, caused, it was said, by large orders from the country, resulted in an advance in the price. Another bullish factor was an article in the Price Current in connection with the last government report. The condition of growing wheat, as given by Washington, had been very generally accepted as true so far as it could be at the date of the returns. The recent favorable weather has caused the traders to forget all about the low condition in the last week in March, until reminded of it again this morning by the Price Current. That journal's enforcement of the government agricultural bureau appeared to have been necessary to the full acceptance of its report, and when it went on to make deductions from the 77.1 of condition as to the amount of wheat it indicated for harvest time, the imaginations became fired as frequently has happened to them before with visions of future scarcity and want.

May opened here ⅛c lower at 65⅞c but soon reacted to 66c. Then it dropped again to 65¾c, but became strong on the close and again touched 66c. July, started ⅛c off at 65¼c, advanced to 65⅝c, declined to 65⅜ and sold up again to 65⅝c. The mills bought 40,000 bus No. 1 northern to arrive at the May price, and the shippers took 10,000 bus at ¼c under May. The close was ⅜c higher all round than yesterday, except May No. 1 hard, which advanced ⅛c. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat.—No. 1 hard, cash, 65⅜c; April, 65¼c; May, 65⅝c; July, 67¼c. No. 1 northern, cash, 63⅞c; April, 63⅝; May, 64⅝c; June, 65c; July, 65⅜c. No. 2 northern, cash, 60½@61½c; May, 61⅝c. No. 3, 59½@60¼c. Rejected, 59½c @60¼c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 65¼c; No. 1 northern, 64¼c. Rye, 36c. No. 2 oats, 18¼c; No. 3 oats, 18c. Flax, 89c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 60; oats, 2; barley, 11; flax, 3. Receipts—Wheat, 80,791 bus; oats, 2060 bus; rye, 44 bus; barley, 11,556 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 6454 bus; oats, 1053 bus; barley, 719 bus.

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, April 16.—Hogs, 29,000; official yesterday, 32,923; shipments, 5862; left over, 7000; estimated receipts hogs tomorrow, 21,000. Market fairly active at 5@10c decline. Light, $3.50@3.90; rough, $3.40@3.70; heavy, $3.25@3.55; mixed, $3.25@3.55. Cattle, receipts, 8500. Market steady to a shade higher. Beeves, $3.35@4.45; cows and heifers, $1.50@3.80. Texas steers, $2.80@3.90. Stockers and feeders, $2.80@3.75. Sheep, 9000. Market steady and weak. Cattle, official yesterday, 8751; shipments, 2922. Sheep, official receipts, 18,383; shipments, 3711.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, April 16.—Money on call 2@3½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 5½@6½ per cent. Sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.88⅞ for demand and $4.87⅝@4.88 for sixty days. Posted rates $4.88½@4.89 and $4.89¼@4.90. Commercial bills $4.87. Silver certificates 67⅝@68¼; no sales. Bar silver 67⅝. Mexican dollars 53⅜. Government bonds strong. New 4s registered, $1.16⅝; coupon, $1.17⅝; 5s registered, $1.12⅜; coupon $1.13½; 4s registered, $1.08⅝; coupon, $1.09; 2s registered, 95; Pacific 6s of '95, $1.03.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, April 16.—Wheat, April, 65¼c; May, 65⅝c; June, 66¼c; July, 66⅞@67c; September, 67½@67¾c. Corn, April, 29⅝@29¾c; May, 30¼@30⅝c bid; July, 31½@31¾c; September, 32⅜c. Oats, April, 19⅛c; May, 19⅝c asked; July, 20@20¼c bid; September, 20¼c asked. Pork, April, $8.35 bid; May, $8.69 bid; July, $8.77; September, $8.97. Lard, April, $4.90; May, $4.92½@4.95 bid; July, $5.07½@5.10; September, $5.22. Ribs, April, $4.35; July, $4.70@4.72½; September, $4.62½@4.65. Whisky on the basis of $1.22 for high wines. Cash: Wheat, No. 3 red, 69c; No. 2 spring, 65½c; No. 3 spring, 62@64c; No. 2 hard winter, 45@c; No. 3 hard winter, 61@62c; No. 1 northern spring, 65¼c. Cash: Corn, No. 2, 30¼c. Cash: Oats, No. 2, 19⅛c. Rye, cash, 36c; July, 40½c. Barley, nothing doing. Flax, cash, 92c; May, 88⅝@88c. Timothy, cash, $3.25; September, $3.07.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, April 16.—Wheat, April, 75⅝c; May, 73¾c asked; June, 72¾c; July, 72¾c bid; September, 72¾c. Corn, May, 36⅝c. Oats, May, 23⅞c.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, April 16.—Wheat, strong; April, 62¾c; May, 63¾@64c; July, 63¼@63¾c. On track—No. 1 hard, 63¾c; No. 1 northern, 62¾c; No. 2 northern, 62c. Receipts, 235 cars.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 307 Board of Trade Chicago, April 16.—The feature of today's wheat trade was the liquidation of May and the buying of July to replace it. The consequent weakness of May wheat deceived the crowd who sold freely for a break which did not come and then bought it in at the close at a fractional advance over last night. The outside news is nearly all bullish. Crop reports continue to favor buyers, but the weather is such that traders are inclined to wait before entering a bull campaign and country buyers do not lend any aid. Seaboard clearances are very encouraging, and the opening of navigation promises a large movement in that direction. There was nothing in today's market to seriously alarm the short seller or to greatly encourage the bulls. In fact during the greater part of the session it was barely steady.

Corn and oats scored a small advance owing to the large outward movement and covering by May shorts.

Provisions steady, some outside buying but local talent supplied the demand.

Puts, May wheat, 65¾c bid.
Calls, May wheat, 66⅝c.
Curb, nothing doing, no trade.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky.....	16½	18¾	18¼	18¼
Atchison.....	16½	16½	15¾	16¾
Sugar Trust.....	128¾	128¾	123¾	125¾
Canada Southern....	50	50	50	50
C., B. & Q.....	79¾	79¾	78¼	78⅝
St. Paul.....	76¾	77¾	76¾	76¾
Chicago Gas.....	69¾	69¾	69	69¼
Del., Lack. & W....	37½	37½	36¾	37
General Electric....	35	35¾	35	35¾
Erie.....	11¾	12¾	11¾	11¾
Reading.....	51¾	52	51¾	51¾
Louis & Nash.....	112	112¼	111¼	111¼
Manhattan.....	25¾	25¾	25¾	26
Missouri Pacific....	65¾	66¾	65¾	66¼
New England.....	104¾	104¾	104¾	104¾
Chicago & N. W....	104¾	105	104¾	104¾
N. P. preferred.....	71¾	72	71¾	71¾
Rock Island.....	84¾	84¾	84¾	84¾
Union Pacific.....	84¾	84¾	84¼	84¼
Western Union.....				
C., C. C. & Indiana.				
Lake Shore.....				

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Very Few Changes in Prices Were Noticed.

New York, April 16.—Trading was fairly active with prices irregular, but showing only slight changes. In the early operations the only fluctuation of importance were declines of ¾ per cent in Tobacco and Reading. The market at 10:15 a. m. was steady. Sugar was subsequently in brisk demand and advanced 1⅛ per cent to 123½. Tobacco also gained 1⅝ per cent and improvements of an equal fraction were registered in some less active shares at 11 o'clock.

Speculation was irregular in the second hour, with heavy trading in the industrial shares. Lead common and preferred were conspicuously strong, and on good buying rose 1⅜ and 2 per cent respectively. General Electric succumbed to bear pressure, losing ⅞ per cent. Aside from sharp fractional declines in Tobacco and Chicago Gas, the other changes in the active list were slight. Edie first preferred advanced 1¾, partly on foreign purchases. London orders are moderate and embrace sales of St. Paul and purchases of Louisville & Nashville. The sales to noon were 93,500 shares.

Bell Estate Sale.

The Bell estate sale was concluded this morning. Ten shares of Spalding house stock sold for 25 cents; 100 shares of Northwestern Autographic Register company stock for $1; ten shares of Minnesota Phonographic company stock for $1, and sixty shares of Iron Bay company stock for $1.

Twenty-five shares of Palladio building stock sold for $1. The auctioneer, W. D. Gordon, was the purchaser. Nobody would bid and finally he said:

"Well, I'll give $1 and I'll frame every share and sell them separately."

Three hundred and sixty acres of land in Carlton county sold to James Sullivan for $300.

Child Dropped Dead.

The 11-months-old child of John Reindl, an engineer, residing on Ninety-seventh avenue west, in New Duluth, while playing on the floor yesterday afternoon, gave a scream and fell back dead.

The mother of the child was at work in the room, and on hearing the cry sprang toward her little one, but life was extinct by the time she had raised it from the floor. Dr. McEwen was summoned, but nothing could be done. Mrs. Reindl said the child seemed in perfect health, and had been laughing and crowing not five minutes before. The cause of death is unknown.

HAS NO BRAINS.

Dr. S. S. Koser, of Williamsport, Pa., has made a remarkable discovery, which will be a theme for discussion among medical men throughout the country, says the Philadelphia Ledger. His knife has revealed a medical wonder, in which a man has unimpaired faculties without a brain. At the request of a number of physicians of Philadelphia, Dr. Koser Sunday evening held a post-mortem examination on the remains of John Bly, of Watsontown, who died recently.

Bly, who was 20 years of age, for a long time suffered with a tumor, which grew into the very base of the brain and occasioned his death. The growth had a visible effect upon his brain, and the case became a curiosity to the medical profession. The tumor was imbedded too deeply into the brain tissue to admit of an operation. It was found that the tumor was nearly as large as a billiard ball. It was so located as to demoralize the nerves of the sight center, and as a consequence young Bly was blind for over three years.

The most singular fact developed was that the entire brain had been hollowed out by the action of the tumor. The cavity was at least five inches in length and was filled with pus. All that was left of the brain was a thin shell composed of the tougher tissues, where the brain matter gathers into nerves, which were less susceptible to the process of decay. When an incision was made in the shell the whole mass collapsed.

The circumstances which made the case almost unprecedented in the annals of medical science was the manner in which the patient retained his rationality and faculties. He had the sense of touch, taste, hearing and smell, and had very tolerable control of his locomotor muscles, could talk, and in fact was comparatively discommoded in no other way than by the loss of vision. His retention of memory was remarkable. He was able to memorize poems up to within two weeks of his death.

THOUSANDS OF HENS.

Some hopeful speculators who have been counting unhatched chickens are about to start a poultry ranch near San Francisco, which is to be the largest in the world. It is to reach its full capacity in three years, when it is to put on the market annually 2,000,000 eggs and 90,000 chickens for broiling. The plant will include two incubators, with a capacity of 2000 eggs each, and no end of houses and pens, which will be contained in a forty-acre ranch. There will be 900 hens laying for the incubators and 10,000 laying for the market.

AN ENLISHMAN'S RESPECT.

Boston Saturday Evening Gazette: An Englishman, in Washington, at dinner, declined to eat an ice frozen in the shape and colors of the American flag. This he did because he held it to be bad form to absorb the national emblem. The incident was significant as showing the distinction and the difference between the British idea of patriotism and our own. Englishmen lift their hats when their flag is carried past, and rise when the national anthem is played in theaters and music halls. No true Briton, in trade or out of it, would use the flag of his country for advertising purposes.

SIGNALED THE BULLET.

Lieut. F. G. Fisher, who took part in the Chitral campaign, says that at Malakaland there was a man with the enemy who had been a marker in a native regiment. When the attack developed he stood on the top of a sungar with a red flag in his hand. Everyone, of course, took potshots at him, and as the bullets whistled past he signalled, "Miss by the right!" or "by the left!" until one caught him full in the chest. He staggered for a moment, signaled "Bull's eye," and then dropped dead.

CHEAP DRAYING.

Furniture, Piano, Trunks and Safe Moving.

All kinds of heavy draying done on short notice. Our prices are reasonable and satisfaction guaranteed. Great Northern Fuel and Transfer company, 210 Superior street west.

George W. Strayer, agent.
Telephone 601.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COLIC, CHOLERA AND DIARRHOEA REMEDY.

This is the best medicine in the world for bowel complaints. It acts quickly and can always be depended upon. When reduced with water it is pleasant to take. Try it, and like many others you will recommend it to your friends. For sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle by all druggists.

Prompt delivery of trunks for 25 cents each. Duluth Van company, 212 West Superior street.

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

All the Successful Merchants of Duluth Advertise in The Herald.

The Saturday Herald . .

Has double the circulation of any other Saturday or Sunday paper published in Duluth.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE IN THE SATURDAY HERALD.

F. S. KELLY,
FURNITURE AND CARPETS.
710 and 712 West Superior Street.

DULUTH, Minn., April 8, 1896.

A. C. WEISS,
Manager Evening Herald,
City.

DEAR SIR:—Believing that credit should be given where credit is due, I deem it a duty to inform you that my advertisement in THE SATURDAY HERALD brought me more results than any other advertising I ever did in this city.

All day Monday my store was filled with people who came in response to my advertisement in THE SATURDAY HERALD and since that time I have received a number of letters from outside towns asking about the goods I offered for sale. Yours truly,

F. S. KELLY.

THE SATURDAY HERALD REACHES THE BUYERS OF THIS SECTION.

ONE CENT A WORD!

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—SITUATION AS CASHIER or place to do general office work by young lady of experience. G 46, Herald.

GOOD LADY COOK WISHES POSITION in hotel or first-class boarding house, with fair salary. F 60, Herald.

AMERICAN GIRL WANTS A POSITION as house girl or general work in small family. Please call from 2 to 5, or address No. 6 East Fourth street.

WANTED—HOUSECLEANING OR washing to do by day or week. Address 314 West Fourth street.

WANTED—DRESSMAKING, ALSO ALL kinds of plain sewing. 222 First street east.

WANTED—WASHING AND CLEANING by the day. 1022½ West Second.

YOUNG GERMAN GIRL WANTS SITUation to do second work or assist in housework. Address G 24, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION TO DO LIGHT housework by young German girl. F 56, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AT ONCE BY an experienced stenographer and bookkeeper, owning good machine. Address F 61, Herald.

WANTED—WORK BY COMPETENT stenographer and bookkeeper; good reference; salary no object in order to get work at once. Address D. F., Herald.

FIRST CLASS DRESSMAKER, WHO has recently come from Chicago would like dressmaking by the day. Will guarantee best of work and furnish references. Inquire of Mr. Brown, at Panton & White's.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN OF 18, A situation in office; has a knowledge of bookkeeping; writes a good business hand. Best of references. G 41, Herald.

HAVE YOU ANY CARPET LAYING OR odd jobs. Address Carpet Layer, 431 First avenue west.

WANTED, BY YOUNG MAN OF 21, A position as collector or office or store work of any kind, or to drive delivery wagon. Address W. H. L., 525 West Superior street, city.

POSITION WANTED BY A YOUNG lady as stenographer or copyist. Address 325 East Superior street.

WANTED—WASHING BY THE DAY OR will take it home, or housecleaning. Send postal card or call at 410 East Fourth street, down stairs.

WOULD LIKE SEWING BY THE DAY or to take home. Call at 806 East Sixth street.

YOUNG LADY STENOGRAPHER wants position. Has had experience. References. Address E. D. 409 Twenty-fourth avenue west.

LADY WITH TEN YEARS' EXPERIence would like to do dressmaking by the day. Call at 415 East Fourth street, up stairs.

WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, SITUATION at any kind of laboring work; good references. Apply John Barrett, 121 Fourth avenue west.

WANTED—POSITION AS BOOKKEEPER by a young lady of experience; well acquainted in the city; can furnish good references. Address G 42, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS STENOGRAPHer, typewriter or bookkeeper. Rapid penman. Good references. Salary no object in order to secure position at once. Address N. E., care Herald.

PAPERHANGING WANTED BY GOOD workman, F 37, Evening Herald.

A COMPETENT DRESSMAKER would like work by the day. 421 First avenue west.

WANTED—HOUSE CLEANING OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jack son, 200 Lake avenue south.

THE READERS OF THE HERALD are patrons of your line of business. Place your advertisements here and secure their trade. You can get our lowest monthly rate by starting a business card this month.

LOST.

FOUND—BUNCH OF FOUR KEYS ON ring. Owner can recover same at Herald by paying for this notice.

LOST—ON FIFTH AVENUE, BEtween Second street and the Lyceum entrance, a pair of gold rimmed eyeglasses with chain and book attached, marked A. E. M. Finder will please leave at Lyceum drug store and be suitably rewarded.

WANTED TO RENT.

WANTED—MODERN NINE ROOM, furnished house, East End, until Dec. 1. To wealthy refined owner who wants his home well care for at nominal rental, this is a rare opportunity. Address stating location and price, prompt pay. F 68, Herald.

WANTED—FOUR ROOMS, CENTRAL. Address G 72, Herald.

THE DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R CO. PASSENGER TIME TABLE.

A. M.	STATIONS	P. M.
11 60	Ar...Duluth..Lv	3 15
10 55	Two Harbors	4 15
9 15	Allen Junction	6 00
8 30	Biwabik	6 35
8 15	McKinley	6 50
8 00	Virginia	7 15
7 20	Lv..Eveleth..Ar	7 45
7 20	Tower	7 00
7 30	Lv....Ely....Ar	7 50

Daily except Sunday.

A. H. VIELL,
General Passenger Agent.

ONE CENT A WORD

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS MAN TO solicit fraternal insurance. State experience. Address P. O. Box 165.

MAN WANTED FOR WORK ABOUT house. Must know something about gardening. Address G 81, Herald.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN AS STENOGrapher and typewriter. Apply C. E. Bussel, room 11 Exchange building.

WANTED—A GOOD SALESMAN WHO has $50 cash, to act as jobber to sell and deliver plug tobacco to retail trade in Duluth. High grade goods, and good profit. Address Falls City Tobacco works, Louisville, Ky.

WANTED—ONE GOOD HUSTLING canvasser. Salary and commission; steady employment; big money to a good worker. The Singer Manufacturing company, 614 West Superior street.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

GIRL WANTED AT 1419 EAST SECOND street. Family of two. No washing or ironing.

WANTED—YOUNG SWEDISH GIRL for general housework. Apply at 502½ East Fourth street. Call tomorrow morning.

WANTED—AT ONCE TAILORESS AT room 5, Williamson block, W. McLean.

WANTED—GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework. 119 East Third street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 621 East Third street.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in small family. Apply to 315 Fifth avenue east.

WANTED—A GIRL TO COOK AND DO general housework. Apply at 1131 East Second street.

WANTED—A GOOD EXPERIENCED girl for general housework. None but competent girls need apply. 219 Fourth avenue east.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

LADIES CAN ALWAYS FIND GOOD girls and good girls can always find good places; also the best and cheapest hair goods, switches and chains at Mrs. M. C. Seibold's, 325 East Superior street.

FRATERNITIES.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105, Meets every Thursday in Brown hall, Brown block, 10 East Superior street. Nels Anderson, M. W.; J. H. Powers, recorder.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 20, 1896. Work Third degree. Ellsworth Benham, W. M., Edwin Mooers, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 26, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting April 22, 1896. Work ——— degree. W. E. Covey, H. P., George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month 8:00 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday May 5, 1896. W. E. Richardson, E. C., Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

WANTED—TO BUY.

HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR OLD clothing. The New York buyer is in town for a few days only. Get it ready and address G 80, Herald, and same will be called for promptly.

PROFESSIONAL.

MRS. JULIA L. HUGHES—SUPERFLUous hair, moles, etc., permanently destroyed by electricity, without injury. Also scientific face massage and complexion treatment. Manicuring. Choice toilet preparations. 305 Masonic temple, Duluth, Minn.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. BANKS, midwife, 330 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cared for also.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE.—Duluth, Minn., April 6th, 1896.

NOTICE OF HEARING.

To Eduardo Ferrari, West Superior, Wis.:

Sir—You will take notice that the honorable commissioner of the general land office by his letter "P" to this office dated Sept. 24th 1895, orders a hearing in the matter of your Com. Homestead cash entry No. 13,663 made January 12th, 1895, upon se¼ of sw¼, sw¼ of se¼ Sec. 2; ne¼ nw¼ and nw¼ ne¼ Sec. 11, Tp. 56 N. R. 8 W. 4th P. M., said hearing to be had before the register and receiver of this office on the 19th day of May, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m.

In accordance with the rules in such cases provided, you are hereby ordered to show cause, at the time and place mentioned, why your said Com. Homestead cash entry No. 13,993 should be sustained.

A. J. TAYLOR,
Register.

Duluth Evening Herald, April-16-23-30-May-6.

ONE CENT A WORD!

TO RENT—ROOMS.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS AND first-class board at 28 West Second street.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT. 211 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FRONT room and alcove, with board, lake view, bath, suitable for two; $5 per week. 214 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS SUITable for light housekeeping, cheap, or one furnished. 209 South Seventeenth avenue east.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS IN brick house. 521 West Second.

ROOMS AND BOARD—FIRST-CLASS location; central. 32 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS with bath. 129 West Fourth street.

FURNISHED ROOMS. 117 WEST SECond street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH all modern conveniences, about two blocks from Spalding house. 213 Fifth avenue west.

LARGE, LIGHT, WELL FURNISHED rooms with bath, furnace electric lights and piano. Not far up hill. Fine view. 720 West First street.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE hardwood floors. R. S. Powell, 604 First National bank.

FOR RENT—HOUSE, CORNER THIRD street and Second avenue west; from May 1. R. P. & J. B. Paine, room 4, 206 West Superior street.

THE
EVENING HERALD,
An Independent Newspaper.

Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior Street.

DULUTH PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY.

TELEPHONE CALLS.
Counting Room 324, two rings.
Editorial Rooms 324, three rings.

NEW REDUCED TERMS TO SUBSCRIBERS.
Every Evening Delivered or by Mail.

ONE WEEK.....TEN CENTS

Single copy daily	.02
One month	.45
Three months	$1.30
Six months	2.50
One year	5.00

Weekly Herald, $1.00 per year; 50 cents for six months; 25 cents for three months. Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second class matter.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

HERALD'S CIRCULATION.
17,148
HIGH-WATER MARK.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (Central time), April 16.—Cloudy weather prevails in all reporting districts, except fair in Michigan, Eastern Wisconsin, Kansas and the Lower Mississippi valley. It was snowing at 7 a. m. today in parts of Montana, Wyoming, South Dakota and the Canadian Northwest, and rain or snow was falling in Nebraska. During the past twenty-four hours snow has been general at stations in the Canadian Northwest, the Upper Missouri and Red River valleys and the Northern Rocky mountain region, the falls ranging from "trace" to 9 inches in depth. The temperature rose to 86 in the shade yesterday afternoon at Chicago and St. Paul, 84 at Davenport, 86 at Kansas City and Omaha and 88 at Dodge City. It was below the freezing point at this morning's observation as far south as the southern boundary of Wyoming and South Dakota and the warm wave still continues in the central valleys and the southern part of the lake region.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 41; maximum yesterday, 49; minimum yesterday, 26.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Partly cloudy with light showers or snow flurries and cooler tonight; fair Friday; fresh north to west winds.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, April 16.—Forecast: until 8 a. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin: Partly cloudy and cooler tonight and Friday; fresh southwest; shifting to northwest winds. Minnesota: Cloudy and colder tonight; fair and colder in southeast portion Friday; fresh northerly winds.

BIMETALLISM THE REMEDY.

The Minneapolis Journal says: "The Republican party, with its magnificent record of maintaining the public credit, will see that the honor of this great nation is not tarnished by repudiation." This is said in reply to The Herald's statement that every act of congress relating to the government bonds and greenbacks has provided for their payment in coin, which the Matthews resolution interpreted to mean standard silver dollars as well as gold. The Journal contends that there is no act of congress or resolution which makes it compulsory upon the government to pay its obligations in silver. No one will dispute this contention. But the Journal carefully avoids reference to the fact that the secretary of the treasury has the option of redeeming the government bonds and greenbacks in either gold or silver coin. The fact that the secretary has not exercised this right is largely responsible for the depleted condition of the gold reserve and the repeated bond issues to keep that reserve up to the desired figure. If the secretary had exercised the power conferred upon him by congress to redeem the greenbacks in either gold or silver, no gold drain of the treasury would have occurred.

The late Secretary Manning met a similar situation in an effective manner. He found that the bankers and money lenders of Wall street had entered into a conspiracy to drain the treasury of its gold and force a bond issue. This is the game which they have twice worked successfully during the present administration. As soon as Mr. Manning learned of this plot he went to New York, called together some of the leading conspirators, and notified them in a manner which showed his determination that should this scheme be put into effect he would instantly issue instructions that when greenbacks were presented to the sub-treasuries for redemption they would be redeemed in gold and silver in equal amounts. For instance, a man who took $1000 in greenbacks to the treasury would receive $500 in gold and $500 in silver. Mr. Manning's firm stand had the desired effect. He checkmated the plot to force a bond issue. Yet the Journal would call Mr. Manning's action repudiation, although he would have acted strictly within the law and in accordance with the policy which the Bank of France has pursued and carries out today.

The Journal says the restoration of bimetallism "would drive $500,000,000 of gold away and we would have an era of distrust, uncertainty, speculation, curtailed trade." The only certain method of ascertaining whether this would be the result of a bimetallic policy is to look at past experience. Take France under bimetallism. The amount of coinage at the French mint from 1803 to 1875 was: Gold, 8,071,839,460 francs; silver, 4,832,067,930 francs. All this coinage was at the ratio of 15½ to 1, and there was no premium offered or given to either metal. There was one-third more gold minted than there was of silver. From 1815 to 1870 the amount of gold imported into France exceeded the exports of the yellow metal by $1,213,532,733. In fact the table of exports and imports of precious metals follows closely the figures of the mint. These figures show that bimetallism was a grand success in France, and that gold was not driven from the country. Why should the experience of the United States under bimetallism be different from that of France? There is another point worth considering. When gold was brought into competition with the greenbacks during the war it did not all leave the country. It continued to circulate upon the Pacific coast, and a considerable amount was held in the reserves of the banks throughout the country. If the general use of a paper currency that at one time depreciated until it was only worth 35 cents to the dollar could not expel all our gold then, is it not absurd to assert that bimetallism could do it now?

At this time, when the Journal and other Clevelandized Republican papers are opposing bimetallism as un-Republican and clamoring for the single gold standard, it is well to remember the words of James G. Blaine upon this subject. "The destruction of silver as money," said Mr. Blaine, "and establishing gold as the sole unit of value must have a ruinous effect on all forms of property except those investments which yield a fixed return in money. * * * It is impossible to strike silver out of existence as money without results which will prove distressing to millions and utterly disastrous to tens of thousands. * * * If, therefore, silver has been demonetized, I am in favor of remonetizing it. If its coinage has been prohibited, I am in favor of having it resumed. If it has been restricted, I am in favor of having it enlarged."

It is true that the Journal was never a very ardent admirer of Mr. Blaine. Its Mugwump soul had but little sympathy with his stalwart Republicanism. But it will hardly have the audacity to accuse that lamented statesman of favoring repudiation of the nation's obligations. Yet every word that Mr. Blaine uttered in the speech from which these extracts are taken has been proven true. Today, as the result of the single gold standard, millions are experiencing distressing results and tens of thousands have met disaster. What is the remedy? The remonetization of silver, as Mr. Blaine advocated.

A BANKRUPTCY LAW.

An earnest effort is being made by a large number of members of the present congress to secure the passage of a just bankruptcy law. There has been no national bankruptcy act since 1878, though efforts have been constantly made to pass one, and the business world has labored to secure one. The prospects are now good that the present congress will enact a law that will operate fairly in settlement of the estates of bankrupts and in conserving the insolvent's assets for the benefit of the creditors. The house committee on judiciary has agreed upon a bill, which is a compromise between the old Torrey bill and the different demands made for a voluntary bankruptcy law, and one having the involuntary feature, and it will be reported with a recommendation for its enactment.

The first national bankruptcy act was passed in April, 1800, and was repealed in December, 1803. This act, it was claimed, was solely in the interest of the creditor class. The second national law was passed in 1841, and repealed in 1843. The objection to this law was that it favored the debtor class. The third and last law was in existence from 1867 to 1878, and this one filled the pockets of the bankruptcy lawyers at the cost of both the creditor and debtor classes. Marshall Field & Co., of Chicago, testify that under the law of 1867-78 they were able to realize only 22 per cent of their claims, but that in nine years after the repeal of that law their average collection of bankrupt claims was 75 per cent. The chief objection to this law consisted of the heavy fees of officials and other expenses. The bill now reported to congress has been prepared with especial care to avoid this obnoxious feature of the law of 1867.

According to the bill now reported to the house the title to the property of the bankrupt does not pass from him until actual adjudications are made. Under the law of 1867 the property was surrendered by the bankrupt when his petition in bankruptcy was filed. Another good feature of the proposed law is that which protects a debtor from oppression by a creditor. No person can be forced into bankruptcy under its provisions unless he commits fraud, or attempts to make fraudulent preferences, or suspends payment for thirty days while actually insolvent. Following is a summary of the main provisions of the bill: Involuntary bankruptcy may be forced only when a debtor (1) absconds or conceals himself for four months with intent to defraud; or (2) has failed, if his property is levied on for $500 or more, he being insolvent, to release the property; or (3) makes a transfer of some of his property for the purpose of defrauding his creditors and not regained the same within ten days; or (4) made an assignment; or (5) while insolvent permitted a preference operating for ten days; or (6) permitted a fraudulent judgment; or (7) has for ten days secreted his property with intent to defraud; or (8) suffered executions for $500 to be returned, "No property found;" or (9) while insolvent has suspended and has not resumed for thirty days, and until a petition is filed, the payment of his commercial paper for $500 or more.

There is no law which congress could pass which would benefit the business world more than would a law similar to that outlined above.

A bill is pending before congress, having favorable consideration, which will simplify and almost revolutionize the working of the patent office. The measure contemplates the establishment of a division of classification, with a chief examiner and seventy-one graded assistant examiners. A clause of the bill provides that the commissioner of patents shall assign to this new division "the duty of preparing a philosophical classification of the subject matter of all letters patent which have been granted in this and in the foreign countries, and of printed publications which constitute the field of search in ascertaining the novelty and patentability of applications for patents, together with such other duties as may be considered necessary by the commissioner."

The Labor World is the name of the latest aspirant for public favor at the head of the lakes. It will be a bi-weekly journal, devoted to the interests of organized labor in this section, and should be very successful. The first number consists of twenty pages, with a cover, and is well filled with advertising, while the reading matter is very interesting. The editor and publisher of the Labor World is Mrs. S. G. Aikin, who has been prominent in labor matters here for a long time, and The Herald wishes her a large measure of the success which she deserves.

It is said that in the Chicago river there were yesterday 400 vessels laden and ready to sail as soon as word was received from Mackinac that everything was clear. The cargoes aggregate $6,000,000 in value. The first boat started last night, and the rest will follow closely. They carry about 850,000 bushels of wheat, 7,000,000 bushels of corn and 1,200,000 bushels of oats.

Hon. Elijah A. Morse has by a letter addressed to the voters of the Twelfth congressional district of Massachusetts informed them that he will not be a candidate for re-election to congress. He alleges the state of his health as the reason for his taking this step at the present time. Congress will thus lose much of its present polish.

A mandamus suit has been brought to compel Secretary Carlisle to deliver to Broker Graves certain United States bonds upon payment of certain moneys. The St. Louis Star directs attention to the fact that this is the first time that it has ever been necessary to bring legal action to compel the Cleveland administration to sell bonds.

The Women's Health Protective association in Brooklyn has decided that big hits in theaters are "extremely irritating to the nervous system, and therefore have an injurious effect on the health." That may be the way the conventionally called "gentler sex" may state the case, but men would say the hats made them swear.

Speaking of his California trip, Dr. Depew says that all the people at the small stations addressed him as Chauncey, as though they'd known him all their lives, and referred to McKinley as Mac. From this Dr. Depew infers that he and Mac are decidedly popular, and he is right.

Five of the twenty-seven people Murderer Holmes claims to have killed have turned up alive. If he had confined himself to a confession of his actual crimes he would have painted himself black enough, but he wanted to make a good story for the sensational newspaper that bought his confession.

Senator Hansbrough was downed in the North Dakota convention. And so should every senator who is so hoggish as to want to be national committeeman and delegate to the national convention. They should not seek to monopolize all the honors.

H. C. Kumpf, who was defeated for mayor of Kansas City last week, was locally famous for never wearing a necktie, while his successful opponent is accused of wearing the A. P. A. collar.

Speaker Reed says he will not voluntarily retire from public life, from which it is inferred that if not nominated at St. Louis for president, he will retain his seat in congress.

Senator Lindsay understands the president pretty well as is indicated by the senators remark that Mr. Cleveland will act upon the Cuban question as he pleases and when he pleases.

Matt Quay says he is well satisfied with the political situation. He evidently does not expect to be nominated at St. Louis, or the situation would not satisfy him.

This is a great country. The mercury registered over 80 in the shade in Boston yesterday, while a snow storm raged in Colorado.

READ OUT OF THE PARTY.

Minneapolis Penny Press: The Journal of last evening pronounces the money plank of the Minneapolis platform of 1892 as not an honest statement, and as not representing the sentiment of the Republican party. The Journal pronounces the Sixth district platform, recently adopted at Aitkin, to be pledged to gold monometallism, and says that it thereby expresses the Republican view. The autocratic gold sheet next door would thereby read out of the Republican party every leader favorable to bimetallism. Were Blaine alive he would have to go. Thomas Carter, chairman of the national Republican committee, must get out. Congressman Towne and the great majority of the Republican congressmen, senators and public men generally west of the Mississippi must pack their grips. Lieutenant Governor Day, State Auditor Dunn, Senators Morgan and Howard, Judges Jamison and Vanderburgh, County Attorney Nye and a host of prominent Republicans in every county and city in the state must say their farewells.

FOR INDIGESTION.

TAKE HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE.

Dr. A. R. Boyd, Aberdeen, S. D., says: "I have used and recommended it in cases of nervous debility, indigestion and for strengthening the brain."

DEVOTED LOVERS
Of a full, sweet, mild and enjoyable smoke are asked to try the famous Davenport. In all first-class retailers hands.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE TURN OF LIFE.

THE MOST CRITICAL PERIOD IN THE LIFE OF A WOMAN.

Experience of Mrs. Kelly, of Patchogue, Long Island.

There is no period in woman's earthly career which she approaches with so much anxiety as the "change of life." Yet during the past twenty years women have learned much from a woman.

It is safe to say that women who prepare themselves for the eventful period, pass through it much easier than in the past.

There is but one course to pursue to subdue the nervous complications, and prepare the system for the change. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound should be used.

It is well for those approaching this time, to write Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. She has the experience of years to aid her in advising. She will charge you nothing.

She helped this woman, who says:—"I have used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in my family ten years, with the best results. Some time ago my daughter had catarrh of the womb, and it entirely cured her. I was approaching the "change of life," and was in a deplorable condition. My womb had fallen, and the bearing-down pains and backache were terrible, and kidneys affected

"I began taking the Compound, and my pains ceased. I consider it the strong bridge between sickness and health, and recommend it to everybody I meet who needs it."—Mrs. L. Kelly, Patchogue, L. I.

SODA FOUNTAIN TIPPLES.

New York World: "Beware the snow upon the peanut, beware the pesky soda fount," said a gold cure graduate yesterday, as he put down a taste of something strong preparatory to going north for a bit of "supplementary treatment."

"I'll tell you what it is boys," he said, "talking of relapses from the gold cure, it isn't whisky that is responsible for most of them. It's the druggists and their new fangled tonics and pick-me-ups and nervines and the like, everyone of which, curse 'em, is some form of alcohol in disguise. The ignorant graduate, feeling a little down in the mouth, or overworked or worried, takes a bracer at the soda fountain, and, presto! before he knows it he is on his back again and either goes straight to the bow-wows or goes back to put another $100 in the tills of the wealthy gold cure magnates.

"The kola is the latest trap of the devil. You will find it in some form in every drug store in the city. Oh, it is a wonder if you will believe the druggists. All the great athletes in the world win their victories by using it—hit. It allays hunger, prevents fatigue, increases muscular power, stimulates the vital forces, multiplies the capacity for labor and enjoyment. Oh, yes; tra, la, la, la! And it lends the cured drunkard straight back into the paths of urlnk.

"The great thing about kola, said a Fifth avenue druggist to me, 'is that it stimulates without depressing. There is no reaction, no bad after effects, as in the case of coca and other nerve forces.'

"Oh, yes, of course; I took his word for it, and—well, ta, ta! I'm off for a few more pennyweights of gold in my bumptious left biceps."

AMUSEMENTS.

"MISS HARUM SCARUM."

Amy Lee and Frank Doane appeared at the Lyceum last evening in "Miss Harum Scarum." The audience was not large, but the usual gallery crowd which is never missing at a popular price performance was out in force. The play is one of the melodramatic kind, with all sorts of improbable situations and complications, and even judged from a 50-cent standpoint, little of merit can be found in it, except that there are no dynamite explosions, runaway trains, etc.

Miss Amy Lee is a gushing, giddy, noisy soubrette, who sings badly and tries to be very kiddish. The general effect of her performance upon the audience is decidedly tiresome. Frank Doane has an abundance of energy and push, but not a great deal of ability. He presents a couple of clever impersonations, especially that of the Italian. Miss Marion P. Clifton is the best individual in the cast. She appears in the character of an old hag something after the style of La Brochard in "The Two Orphans." The balance of the cast is composed of a cheap lot of players. Master Marty Lemon, a small boy, sang a few songs that brought great applause.

LUTTEMAN SEXTET.

Gustaf Tallberg, who lately visited Duluth in the interest of the celebrated Luttemann sextet, of Stockholm, Sweden, has made arrangements with lodge No. 18 of the S. H. and E. F. of A. to give their farewell concert in this city, April 24. The concert will be given at the Pavilion, that being the largest hall in the city. Lovers of good singing will, through this arrangement, be treated to the best in that line that is to be had, as the sextet is known throughout the civilized world as first class. Duluthians are to be congratulated upon securing this opportunity. The Luttemans are supported by a strong company of well known musicians, prominent among whom is Miss Ollie Torbett, the celebrated violinist.

ALL OVER TOWN NOW.

The Mariner's Weekly: This is a New York story of two actresses:

"I hear you are living uptown now," said the elder. "Whereabouts?"

"On Seventy-ninth street. My husband and I have a sweet little house up there."

"Oh, fancy!" exclaimed the other tenderly. "Why, you're right up among the nouveaux riches."

For a moment the younger woman looked indignant. Then she said, "Well, my dear, you know it's impossible to escape from them. Since those Parkhurst raids they're all over town."

MAY BE MORE COMPROMISES.

Little Falls Transcript: All the Republican party can ask of any nominee is to stand on the national Republican platform if the party provides a "straddle" on any question, no Republican nominee can be refused Republican support because he takes advantage of the weak declarations of his party. Of course, no party should take a doubtful stand on any public question, but compromises have been known in the past.

Banjos, guitars, mandolins. Coon's.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

DON'T MISS IT!

"Cleverest thing under the sun in the story-telling line.—Pittsburg Post.

The Black Cat
FOR MAY.

5 Most Clever! Most Original! Most Interesting! STORIES

Ever published by any Magazine.

For Fame, Money or Love?
By R. Ottolengui. Startling story of mystery.

A No Account Niggah!
By Leonard M Prince, U. S. A. Touching tale of an Indian fighter.

A Hundred Thousand Dollar Trance!
By Eugene Shade Bisbee. Thrilling hypnotic experience.

The Mislit Gown!
By Elmer Cook Rice. Fun in a modern woman's club.

The Shifting Sand!
By C. C. Van Ordall. All about the man who dug his own grave.

COMPLETE! CLEVER! CAPTIVATING!

All for 5 Cents.

The Black Cat is sold by Newsdealers. If you haven't a dealer, send us stamps for the "Most fascinating five cents' worth on earth."

The Shortstory Publishing Company, Boston, Mass.

SANTA CLAUS SOAP. | SANTA CLAUS SOAP.

if she uses Santa Claus Soap. It cleans quickly, easily, well, the clothes you wear, the dishes you use. In the laundry it saves clothes, and makes your work light. Get a cake of

SANTA CLAUS SOAP.

at once, and give it a trial. Sold everywhere.

Made only by
THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, CHICAGO.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, made, executed and delivered by Orie S. Dewey and John A. Dewey, her husband, mortgagors, to The Portsmouth Trust & Guarantee Company, of Portsmouth, New Hampshire, a corporation, mortgagee, bearing date May 15th, 1890, and recorded in the register of deeds' office for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on May 23rd, 1890, at eight-twenty (8:20) o'clock a. m., in Book twenty-eight (28), of mortgages, on page three hundred fifty-seven (357), and,

Whereas, such default consists in the non-payment of the principal and interest secured by said mortgage and in the non-payment of the sum of six hundred twenty-eight and 67-100 (628.67) dollars for taxes for the years 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893 and 1894, which had become and were a lien upon said premises hereinafter described and were delinquent and were paid by the said mortgagee in accordance with the provisions of said mortgage on April 6th, 1896, and,

Whereas, there is therefore claimed to be due and there is actually due upon said mortgage debt at the date of this notice the sum of two thousand five hundred forty-two and 42-100 (2542.42) dollars principal, interest and taxes paid, and,

Whereas, said mortgage contains a power of sale which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale contained in said mortgage which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned and pursuant to the statutes in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot numbered six (6), in block numbered one (1), Lester Park, First (1st) Division, as the same is shown by the plat thereof on file in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county of St. Louis, which said premises with the hereditaments and appurtenances will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and taxes (if any) on said premises and fifty ($50.00) dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, by the sheriff of said St. Louis County at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Saturday, the 23rd day of May, A. D. 1896, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided for by law.

Dated April 9th, 1896.

THE PORTSMOUTH TRUST & GUARANTEE COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

TOWNE & DAVIS,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
103-106 Duluth Trust Company Building.
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-9-16-23-30-May-7-14-21-1896.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of one hundred and seventy-one and 77-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by John H. Anderson, Alfred Burke and Martin Wellington, all unmarried, of the village of Eveleth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, mortgagors, and The Duluth Mining Investment Company, of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, mortgagee, bearing date the 2nd day of August, 1894, and with the power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 6th day of August, 1894, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 80 of mortgages, on page 625.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All of lot numbered sixteen (16), in block numbered (8), in the village of Eveleth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file in the office of the register of deeds in and for said St. Louis County, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, said county and state, on the 23rd day of May, 1896, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Duluth, Minn., April 9th, 1896.

DULUTH MINING INVESTMENT COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

MICHAEL P. ROACH,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
305 Providence Building.
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-9-16-23-30-May-7-14.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, executed and delivered by Samuel J. Sterritt and Mary E. Sterritt, his wife, mortgagors, to Nathaniel J. Upham, mortgagee, dated September 6th, 1890, and recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on October 8th, 1890, at eight (8) o'clock a. m., in Book sixty-two (62) of mortgages on page one hundred and one (101), which mortgage was assigned for a valuable consideration by the said Nathaniel J. Upham to J. H. Ten Eyck Burr by an instrument of assignment dated October 14th, 1890, and recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on April 8th, 1896, at 2:45 o'clock p. m., in Book 147 of mortgages on page 30, such default consisting in the non-payment of the principal and interest money due on said mortgage and in the non-payment of the sum of forty-three and 80-100 (43.80) dollars for assessments which had become and were a lien upon said premises hereinafter described and were delinquent and were paid by the said assignee of mortgagee in accordance with the provisions of said mortgage on March 28th, 1896, and,

Whereas, there is therefore claimed to be due and there is actually due upon said mortgage debt at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred fifty-one and 52-100 (751.52) dollars principal, interest and assessments paid, and,

Whereas, said mortgage contains a power of sale which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale contained in said mortgage and of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot numbered one hundred twenty-one (121), in block numbered one hundred and eight (108), Duluth Proper, Third (3rd) Division, according to the recorded plat thereof on file in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county of St. Louis, which said premises, with the hereditaments and appurtenances will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest and taxes (if any) on said premises and fifty ($50.00) dollars attorneys' fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law by the sheriff of said St. Louis County at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Saturday, the 23rd day of May, A. D. 1896, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided for by law.

Dated April 9th, 1896.

J. H. TEN EYCK BURR.
Assignee of Mortgagee.

TOWNE & DAVIS,
Attorneys for Assignee of Mortgagee,
103-106 Duluth Trust Company Building.
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-9-16-23-30-May-7-14-21-1896.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, made, executed and delivered by Joseph Farndale, (unmarried), of Duluth, Minnesota, mortgagor, to Sara B. Boyle, of Clermont County, Ohio, mortgagee, dated the first day of January, 1891, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the third day of March, 1891, at four o'clock to be due afternoon, in Book thirty-six (36) of mortgages on page two hundred and seventy-seven (277).

And whereas such default consists in the non-payment of the interest covenanted to be paid on the principal sum secured by said mortgage, and the mortgagee has elected to declare the whole sum secured by said mortgage to be now due and payable, and there is claimed to be due and is now due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand and sixty-two dollars and sixty-five cents ($1062.65) principal and interest.

And whereas no proceeding or action has been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described at public vendue by the sheriff of the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, at the front door of the district court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Saturday, the twenty-third (23rd) day of May, A. D. 1896, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage with interest thereon and the costs and disbursements of the sale and seventy-five dollars ($75.00) attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in said mortgage and so to be sold is the tract and parcel of land lying and being in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, known and described as follows: to-wit: The northerly one hundred (100) feet of lot number one hundred and ninety (190), in block number ninety-eight (98), in Duluth Proper, Second Division, according to the recorded plat thereof in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Minn., April 8th, 1896.

SARA B. BOYLE,
Mortgagee.

A. H. CRASSWELLER,
Attorney for said Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-9-16-23-30-May-7-14.

AMUSEMENTS.

The LYCEUM
L. N. Scott, Manager.

LAST TIME TONIGHT.
A Carnival of Mirth and Melody.
Amy Lee and the Eccentric Comedian,
Frank Doane.....
And an Excellent Company.
Presenting their latest successful Comedy Drama—
"Miss Harum Scarum"
POPULAR PRICES—Box seats, $1; Dress Circle, 75c; Parquet, 50c; Family Circle, 35c; Gallery, 25c.

TWO NIGHTS, COMMENCING WEDNESDAY, APRIL 22—
The Legitimate Comedian
EUGENE O'ROURKE
Supported by his original Metropolitan company of players, in the greatest of all Irish comedy dramas,
THE WICKLOW POSTMAN.
From the 14th Street Theater, New York.
A STORY of IRISH LIFE TRUE to NATURE
SPECIAL
In conjunction with this massive production
John L. Sullivan and Paddy Ryan
Champion for 12 yrs. Ex-Champ of America
will appear in a three-round scientific exhibition of boxing, introduced by Charles E. ("Parson") Davies, immediately after the performance.
Prices—25c. 35c. 50c and 75c.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
Frank Hibbing and Alexander J. Trimble, Plaintiffs.
vs.
Robert F. Berdie, Defendant.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the fifteenth day of April, 1896, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, sheriff of said St. Louis County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash on Saturday, the 30th day of May, 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth in said county, in one parcel the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The undivided one-half of lot number two (2), in block number eight (8), in the village of Hibbing, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said Saint Louis County.

Dated April 16th, 1896.

W. W. BUTCHART,
Sheriff of St. Louis County.
By AMOS SHEPHARD,
Deputy.

WASHBURN, LEWIS & JUDSON,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys,
500 Lonsdale Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-16-23-30-May-7-14-21.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
New Hampshire Savings Bank, Plaintiff,
vs.
Duluth Trust Company, Maria V. Salter and Charles C. Salter, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 7th day of April, 1896, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, sheriff of said St. Louis County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, on Saturday, the 23rd day of May, 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All that part of lots in land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All that part of lots forty-nine (49) and fifty-one (51), on East Third street, Duluth Proper, First Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, that lies southerly of a line drawn through said lots parallel with and distant eighty (80) feet from the northerly line of said East Third street.

Dated April 8th, 1896.

W. W. BUTCHART,
As Sheriff of St. Louis County.
By AMOS SHEPHARD,
Deputy.

S. T. & WM. HARRISON,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-9-16-23-30-May-7-14.

The Mammoth One-Fourth Off Removal Sale is going on at the Popular ONE CENT STORE, Duluth's Great Bargain Center.

THE GLITTER OF GOLD.

Boom Expected in the Manitou Gold District.

The purchase of the Gasse property by Messrs. Mitchell, Brading & Haycock and the erecting of a stamp mill thereon, and of the "Swede Boys Claim" by the American Gold Mining company, of Kansas City, Mo., has attracted the attention of capitalists and practical mining men to the Manitou district in a way that promises to develop into a well defined boom before the summer is over, says the Fort Frances News.

The "Swede Boys' claim" has been sold and the deal closed, all reports to the contrary notwithstanding. The first payment has been made and before the summer is over the last dollar of the purchase money will have been paid. The first purchase embraced only one location, HP 394, but while in Tower last week the sale was negotiated of two adjoining locations, HP 384-5, to the same company. These locations were owned by Franson brothers, George Asplund and Editor Thomas, of the Fort Frances News. Altogether this gives the American Gold Mining company 250 acres of the most promising gold property to be found on the American continent. Development work will be begun as soon as the snow goes off and pushed along as rapidly as possible.

The News says: "W. D. Ferguson, the energetic representative of the English syndicate operating on the Seine, was in town last week, leaving for Winnipeg via Duluth, on Tuesday. Mr. Ferguson is closing up the options he holds on the Kelly-Mosher and other properties, and he has promised the News an authorized statement of what his company proposes to do as soon as the details of the purchase are consummated."

Ed Leahy has recently sold his interest in several gold locations in the Manitou district. He sold the quarter interest in S 28-29 to D. H. Rice, W. A. Baker, R. J. Wilson and L. Christie; a third interest in HP 406-7 to Thomas Wilson, and a quarter interest in HP 382-3 to the editor of this paper.

John Quirk and Mike Nooman left Monday for the Little Manitou where they have a contract for sinking several test pits for the owners of locations S 28 and 29.

JUNIOR EXHIBITION.

Delightful Entertainment at the School Last Evening.

The third annual junior exhibition of the class of '97 of the high school was given last evening in Assembly hall, which was decorated with the class colors and the national flag for the occasion.

The audience that listened to the well-rendered program was large and enthusiastic, giving expression to their appreciation of the entertainment in frequent applause, despite the restraining influence of the grave and reverend seniors, who attended in a body and lent dignity to the proceedings.

The performance of the High School Banjo club followed the invocation by Rev. T. H. Cleland and was a feature of the evening. If any of the numbers deserved special mention, the duet, "Go Sleep, My Honey," by Misses Margaret McLean and Dora Swan, and a solo, "Watermelon Spollin' Down at Johnson's," by Charles Applehagen, might be mentioned, the latter receiving a hearty encore.

A recitation, "Mr. Traviss' First Hunt," by Miss Anna Lindbeck, convulsed the audience, and the paper by Miss Agnes Dole, "Junior Record, Vol. III," contained many witty allusions to the happenings of the school year and the actors therein.

At the conclusion of the exercises Professor Chastance struck up a gay measure on the piano, and dancing was the order of the hour until nearly midnight. As the assemblage commenced to disperse the junior class yell from seventy-eight throats made the building fairly tremble, the salute being returned with a will by the seniors.

AN AFFIDAVIT.

This is to certify that on May 11 I walked to Melick's drug store on a pair of crutches and bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm for inflammatory rheumatism which had crippled me up. After using three bottles I am completely cured. I can cheerfully recommend it.—Charles H. Wetzel, Sunbury, Pa.

Sworn and subscribed to before me on Aug. 10, 1894.—Walter Shipman, J. P. For sale at 50 cents a bottle by all druggists.

MONEY.

Offices in the Exchange building to let at reasonable figures and with every possible convenience. No better location in Duluth.

One house left in Chester Terrace.

No. 119 East Superior street is the only store building left on our list—everything else gone. We intend to *let* this building—the rent we get will cut no figure; the building must be occupied.

Fire Insurance written, on houses, stores, furniture, stocks of goods, grain and coal.

Money can still be had in reasonable amounts at low rates on good real estate security, in spite of hard times and high taxes. But money is not very plentiful and rates are certain to advance.

Wm. E. Lucas & Co
1 Exchange Building

AGATE LIKE AN EYE.

Peculiar Stone Found Near Knife River Years Ago.

The New York Herald a few days ago contained the following article in reference to a peculiar stone, supposed to be an agate, found near Knife river, on the north shore of Lake Superior, a few miles from Duluth:

"Mr. Vandevoort, of Chicago, found a peculiar stone at the mouth of Knife river, in Lake Superior, as he was going toward shore in a small boat some years ago. It is unique and probably one of the most valuable in America.

"'You know, said Mr. Vandevoort to G. B. Davis, of Cresskill, N. J., 'how clear the water is there. Well, it seemed only about a foot or eighteen inches deep where this eye lay, so I jumped out of the boat to get it. I found the water nearly up to my armpits, but I got the stone.'

"He offered to sell it to Mr. Davis, but he had gone out of the curio collecting business and did not propose to get the fever again. He meant it, too, but two weeks later Vandevoort returned. The stone had been cut and polished, and was such a beautiful specimen that Davis could not resist the temptation. He showed it to a number of professional geologists and oculists. The geologists said it was impossible that it could be a petrified eye. The oculists said yes; there are plainly to be seen the iris and the vitreous humer, and so on.

"Dr. James A. Lydston, of Chicago, saw it, and after close microscopical examination declared it a petrified human eye. He described it thus: First we have its outer layer, which conforms to sclerotic or outer fibrous envelope, and apparently in keeping therewith we note that it is denser in its vitreous characteristics, and from the fact that its opaqueness renders its illumination impossible, it appears dark under the microscope, just as a piece of chalk looks black when held in front of a flame. Lining this we find a somewhat darker pigmented layer composed of circular light and dark strize which answers to the choroidal or pigmentary layer of the eye, and we can microscopically outline its several layers and can even do this microscopically under intense illumination with reflected light. We cannot define the retina, as in its normal state, except its blood vessels; it is perfectly transparent and is indistinguishable, and its structure so delicate that it has possibly been obliterated during the petrifactive changes. In regard to the lens, it appears to have been pushed forward into the anterior chambers and pressed against the iris, and seems to occlude the pupillary opening. The iris is shown in a somewhat typical manner and displays itself in a mottled or tesselated form. Its outlines are distinctly perceptible to the naked eye.

"Mr. Davis believes that the prince of Wales, as master of the Free Masons of England, to whom the eye is an emblem, or the British museum, will get the agate."

For cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, cuts, sprains, burns, scalds, chilblains, sciatica, and lumbago, use Salvation Oil.

A PLAGUE OF THE NIGHT.

ITCHING PILES AND OTHER RECTAL TROUBLES EASILY CURED BY A NEW AND SAFE METHOD.

A Remarkable Number of Cures Made By the Pyramid Pile Cure.

About one person in every four suffers from some form of rectal disease. The most common and annoying is itching piles, indicated by warmth, slight moisture and intense, uncontrollable itching in the parts affected.

The usual treatment has been some simple ointment or salve which sometimes give temporary relief, but nothing like a permanent cure can be expected from such superficial treatment.

The only permanent cure for itching piles yet discovered is the Pyramid Pile Cure, not only for itching piles, but for every other form of piles, blind, bleeding or protruding. The first application gives instant relief and the continued use for a short time causes a permanent removal of the tumors or the small parasites which cause the intense itching and discomfort of itching piles.

Many physicians for a long time supposed that the remarkable relief afforded by the Pyramid Pile Cure was because it was supposed to contain cocaine, opium or similar drugs, but such is not the case. A recent careful analysis of the remedy showed it to be absolutely free from any cocaine, opium, or in fact any poisonous, injurious drugs whatever.

For this reason the Pyramid Pile Cure is probably the only pile cure extensively recommended by physicians, because it is so safe, so prompt in the relief afforded and, so far as known, the only positive cure for piles except a surgical operation.

In one year the Pyramid Pile Cure has become the best known, the safest and the most extensively sold of any pile cure before the public.

Nearly all druggists now sell it at 50 cents and $1 per package.

Address the Pyramid company, Albion, Mich., for book on cause and cure of piles and also hundreds of testimonials from all parts of the United States.

If suffering from any form of piles ask your druggist for a package of Pyramid Pile Cure and try it tonight.

LOW RATES SOUTH.

APRIL 21 AND MAY 5.

Via Pennsylvania Short lines from Chicago. Ask for home-seekers' excursion tickets over that route. H. R. Derring, A. G. P. Agent, 248 South Clark street, Chicago, for details. Free.

CHILD LABOR LAW.

Inspector McCallum Tells What He Found.

According to the report of Factory Inspector McCallum, which was yesterday submited to Labor Commissioner Powers, in St. Paul, giving the results of his work in investigating the matter of the employment of child labor in Duluth, there are no children under 16 years of age employed in the factories of this city. Of the 56 cases investigated, 49 of which were boys and 7 girls, but 45 of the number were under 16 years, all of whom are employed in the department stores. Seven out of the 45 children coming within the purview of the child labor law, were found not to be entitled to excuse or certificates that they had attended school, and they were discharged by their employers at once. Of the 37 remaining, 31 produced certificates of attendance at school, 4 furnished excuses that their labor is necessary for the support of their families and 2 that they are under the necessity of supporting themselves.

The 37 children under 16 years of age who are now at work under the exceptions of the law relating to child labor, are employed as follows: Department stores, 19; printing offices, 2; factories, 9; barber shops, 2; telegraph offices, 4. Two of the children were found to be under 12 years of age, 8 between 12 and 13 years, 6 under 14 years, 12 under 15, and 9 under 16.

WILL DO IT NO MORE.

Railroads Will Not Ship the Woodsmen Next Year.

The chamber of commerce meeting was not well attended yesterday and not very much was done. A. Hirsch asked more time for the committee which is investigating the shipping of woodsmen to the Twin Cities. He said letters had been received from officials of both roads concerned in the trouble, the St. Paul & Duluth and the Eastern Minnesota. Each one laid the blame for beginning it on the other, and each declared that next year would not see a repetition of it.

C. M. Horton presented the plans of an improved bridge which he has designed, and informed the chamber that he was having one constructed here for the purpose of testing it. He claims that one of his bridges capable of supporting ten and a half tons will be as strong as one of those now built will be far lighter in weight. He is convinced that after he has demonstrated the truth of his claims his bridge will supersede all others, and he would like to see them manufactured here in Duluth. He also has a plan for building iron and steel buildings which has been highly recommended. Mr. Horton was assured of the interest of the chamber in his success.

Mr. Horton also called attention to discriminations against the West in freight rates. Structural iron can be hauled from Pittsburg to Kansas City for 29 cents per 100, but from Duluth to Kansas City 66 cents is demanded. Furthermore, it costs far more, he said, to ship from Duluth to Pittsburg than from Pittsburg to Duluth.

The plan of reorganization and consolidation of commercial bodies is not yet dropped, but is being pushed. Several of the bodies have appointed committees which are now conferring in the matter.

The Dallas, Texas, board of trade asked the chamber to urge the Minnesota congressmen to favor the passage of a bankruptcy law. Congressman Towne was requested to do this and to send copies of the pending bills.

COL. FRANCIS W. PARKER.

Prominent Educator Will Lecture at High School.

Col. Francis W. Parker, president of the Cook county, Ill., normal school, will lecture in the Assembly hall, Central High School building, on Friday evening, April 17, at 8 o'clock. Subject, "The Ideal School."

Col. Parker is one of the best known educators in the country, and his lecture will be of interest to both teachers and parents—we might add, of interest to all who are giving any thought to educational subjects. What he says will be especially valuable, coming from so high an authority.

The lecture will be free, admission by ticket only. These can be obtained from G. T. Boyd, book room, Central High School building.

SCRATCH AND SCREAM

My baby broke out with a rash. He would scratch and scream. It would take two to hold him, and one to put medicine on him. We had to hold him sometimes an hour before we could get him quieted down. All said that they never saw such a face or body on any baby as on him. I had to tie his hands tight in a cloth, night and day, for five months. My sister had used CUTICURA, and I began to use it. *After only one application, he lay down and slept* as he had not for a month, poor little fellow. He has not a scar on him now, and is as fair and his flesh is as soft as any baby. While he had this disease I had to cut the sleeves out of his clothes, and put gauze underwear on him to keep him cool. I had to keep pieces of soft cloth around his neck, it was so wet with moisture from the sores, and I had to change the cloths sometimes ten or twelve times a day. MRS. A. HAYNES, Lisbon, N. D.

SPEEDY CURE OF TREATMENT FOR BABY HUMORS.—Warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, and gentle applications of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

DIVIDED

Salvation Army in Duluth May Split Into Two Factions.

One Would Remain Loyal and the Other Join the Volunteers.

Duluth May Then See Two Armies Hold Rival Services.

The civil war in the ranks of the Salvation Army of the United States is not confined by any means to the East. It boils just as fiercely and the advocates of the Ballington Booth and the Booth-Tucker factions are just as vociferous in their claim in the West as they are in the East. And the lowest barometric register and the area of the highest atmospheric disturbances are located, it is said, right in the midst of Duluth's corps of fourteen Salvationists.

When the disturbance in high authority first broke out the Duluth corps immediately began to divide itself. There was no trouble at first, the initial instinct being one of loyalty to the father organization in which the Salvationists had so long worked and sung the glory of the Lord, accompanied by the fervent boom of the big bass drum. But the side represented by Ballington Booth and patriotism did not lack for sympathizers. As to the common object of the evangelization of the world there is no quarrel between the factions. It is merely a question of organization and leadership.

As it became more and more a question of patriotism without losing sight of the first object of Christianizing the masses, the little knot of Ballington Booth sympathizers grew until now the local corps is divided evenly. Seven of the members more or less openly advocate Ballington Booth, America, and the American Volunteers, while the other seven remain loyal to the new leader and the old Salvation Army.

Maj. Stilwell, of Minneapolis, is chief of this district, and if he should join the new organization his forces would undoubtedly follow. But it is understood that he will remain loyal to the Salvation Army. The plucky seven of the Duluth corps, who intend to remain with Ballington Booth in his new Volunteers have decided to act independent of his movements, and they have written to Ballington Booth in New York for permission to organize a corps of Volunteers.

In case his permission is granted, this opens up a curious vista of street worship in Duluth. The people are used to the corps and its street services among those who could probably be reached with the leaven of Christianity only in that way. This means that the city should have two. Two barracks, two armies, two bass drums, two sets of tambourines, with one purpose and that good.

In case the rivalry between the two local corps should grow warm, which would be not unlikely considering the nature of man, still more interesting complications would ensue. Duluth might have the spectacle of two rival organizations, on opposite corners of the street, holding their services with all their own peculiar accompaniments, each trying to see which can make the most joyful noise unto the Lord.

FREE PILLS.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of constipation and sick headache. For malaria and liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25 cents per box. Sold by Duluth Drug company, druggist.

Col. Parker's Lecture.

A lecture on "The Ideal School" will be delivered by Col. F. W. Parker, president of the Cook county, Illinois, normal school, at the High School tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock. Col. Parker is an authority of national reputation on educational matters, and anything he has to say on that subject is of benefit to teachers, pupils and parents.

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

A SAD AFFLICTION.

On Monday afternoon, says the Fort Frances News of April 9, the angel of death entered the home circle of Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Cline and plucked a precious rose bud and bore it away to the glory land. Had she lived three days more little Helen would have been 4 years old. She was an only child and the idol of her parents. The quiet home is filled with sadness and gloom which a large circle of friends try to lessen with mingled sympathy and tears. Little Helen was a bright and winsome child and the pet of all who knew her.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treament, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from ten drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by druggists, 75 cents.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

During the winter of 1893, F. M. Martin, of Long Reach, W. Va., contracted a severe cold which left him with a cough. In speaking of how he quieted it he says: "I used several kinds of cough syrup, but found no relief until I bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, which relieved me almost instantly, and in a short time brought about a complete cure." When troubled with a cough or cold use this remedy and you will not find it necessary to try several kinds before you get relief. It has been in the market for over twenty years and constantly grown in favor and popularity. For sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle by all druggists.

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

MUNYON'S REMEDIES

DOCTOR YOURSELF

A Separate Cure for Each Disease At All Druggists, Mostly 25 Cents a Bottle.

Munyon's Improved Homeopathic Remedies act almost instantly, speedily curing the most obstinate cases. Rheumatism cured in from one to three days. Dyspepsia and all stomach troubles quickly relieved. Catarrh positively cured. Headache cured in five minutes. Nervous diseases promptly cured. Kidney troubles, Piles, Neuralgia, Asthma, and all Female Complaints quickly cured. Munyon's Vitalizer imparts new life and vigor to weak and debilitated men.

Personal letters to Professor Munyon, 1505 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa., answered with free medical advice for any disease.

JUDGE WHITE REPLIES.

Answers a Member of the School Board.

To the Editor of The Herald:

Lack, on the part of your informant, either of mental capacity to comprehend, or of care as to accuracy of statement in reporting my remarks to him causes you to make a statement with reference to me which may I trouble you to correct. About three weeks since my attention was called to an item in the Chicago Times-Herald which seemed to reflect unfavorably on Mr. Lohr, and I wrote an article, signed and sent it to one of the editorial staff of that paper to be inserted if he deemed the matter and the communication of sufficient importance to use. Before its publication, I learned that another article upon the same subject had been written by another citizen of our city and sent to the same paper. I do not take the paper and had not seen the article therein when the member of the board, who is doubtless your informant, met me and spoke about the article in the Times-Herald. I told him I had not seen the published article yet, and neither admitted nor denied the article for the very simple reason that I did not know whether my communication or the other one sent was the one published. I had no occasion to expect that my communication if published was anonymous or signed with any other than my own name. I never shelter myself in communication with the press behind a nom de plume.

The member then asked me to listen to the reason he could give me for the removal of Mr. Lohr, and I stepped to one side with him, and he gave me various instances in which he claimed that Mr. Lohr had proved himself unfit for the position, all of which were frivolous, as instances, but might be summed up in this: Mr. Lohr has been so inquisitive as to discover, expose, reprove or punish serious infractions of proper school discipline on the part of sons of leading citizens, scholars in the high school. To this my answer was, in effect, that I know no reason why the son of the leading citizen in town should be treated any differently than the son of the poorest foreign born laborer, and I am willing to abide by that position be that laborer, Protestant, Catholic or of no religion. I grant that in that conversation the member attempted to enforce upon my mind the absolute infallibility of the school board and referred very sarcastically, as appears from your article, to the effrontery of the ordinary citizens, even if as many are, college graduates and fathers of children in the schools, who should venture to criticize the action of the board.

I have for several years ventured to criticize the course of the school board and of the superintendent of the schools. The former have been extravagant, as witness our High School building, as one equally as good, but not as showy would have done. Ann Arbor, Mich., has the high school, which, in the character of its scholarship, ranks all others in the West. Its school is as well equipped in all respects as ours, but its expense was not half as much.

Perfect candor is preferable to finesse in all government and especially in school government. Perfection of discipline is found in an even, consistent course not marked by undue severity at one time and place, and an equally mistaken ease and mildness on some other exactly similar occasion. The true system of teaching is that of the man who draws out from the pupil what is in him, rather than attempts to pour into him something from without. Because I have found the superintendent lacking in some of these matters, as it seems to me, I have criticized him fairly, frankly and to his face, but I have had no personal difference with the superintendent and am impelled by no personal reasons, and the only means of explanation of such a statement on the part of the member of the school board quoted by you consistent with the personal honesty for which I give him credit is that he has not passed the stage of mental development where one cannot suppose that one person differs with or can criticize another without being animated by personal motives, a too common condition of mind, but not the proper one for members of a board of education. Had the gentleman in question seen my mail the next day, filled with letters from prominent business men of this city, thanking me for my letter, and containing such expressions as this: "There are many men in our city who feel just as you do about our school troubles," he would either revise his opinion about "personal reasons" or conclude that our present superintendent had been very unfortunate in the personal enemies he has made. As to the intimation that Mr. Lohr has devoted his time to social relations, every man acquainted with the facts knows that he has allowed his work to speak for itself, and there is no doubt if instead of so doing he had put in his time, as some others have done, in "exploiting" himself abroad as an educator and "making himself solid" with the board the school would have no change of principal this year. Truly yours, etc.,

S. F. White.

Duluth, April 16.

Company A Banquet.

A most enjoyable affair was the informal banquet given by Company A, Third regiment, at Boyle's last evening. There were present as guests of the company Maj. Bidwell, Capt. De Witt and Capt. Duzag, besides several civilians who are interested in militia matters. A smoke and chat followed the collation.

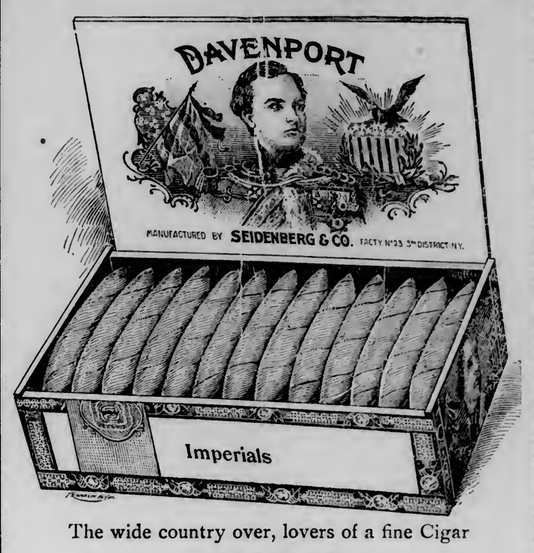
Duluth, Minn., April 14, 1896.

Received of W. B. Mathews & Sons, agents of the Fidelity and Casualty company, of New York, $50 (fifty dollars), in full for all claims against the Fidelity and Casualty company on account of broken leg sustained by me on March 20, 1896, as per stipulations set forth on certificate accompanying "Mutual Benefit" plug tobacco.

A. F. Weber.

The national standard in high grade Cigars is the Fmaous

Davenport



The wide country over, lovers of a fine Cigar prefer the superb

Davenport.

If your dealer don't keep it ask him to order a trial lot.

Sold Everywhere.

The Whist Club.

The fourth in the series of whist games, now in progress, was played last night. The scores were as follows:

NORTH AND SOUTH.	
Moer and Fowler	220
Pardee and Dodge	216
Hamilton and Buchanan	211
Smith and Viele	224
Melachlan and Spellman	216
Wilson and Hegardt	211
McCreary and Wyman	212
Middlecoff and Poteet	228
Total	1,740
EAST AND WEST	
Lardner and Cullom	208
Waugh and Mitchell	202
Foote and Kenealy	191
Tinkham and Roy	206
Baldrick and Merchant	198
Foster and Wray	188
Sargent and White	200
Hessian and Smith	191
Total	1,588

WE CAN'T LAST FOREVER.

But we may prolong our continuance on earth by keeping in good working order the physical engines which providence has vouchsafed to us. Among the more important of these is the liver. Either through neglect or provocation, let this great secretive gland remain in or get into disorder, and you will soon find an Asiatic change in your complexion, you will feel very uneasy in your right side or under the right shoulder blade, your tongue will take on an unseasonable coat of fur, sick headache and nausea will ensue. Don't resort to a powerful purgative, but begin and persevere a course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Then you will get well speedily and thoroughly. This great household remedy for biliousness also relieves and cures malarial and kidney complaints, constipation, incipient rheumatism, dyspepsia and the infirmities begotten by an enfeebled condition of the system. It promotes sleep and a tranquil state of the nervous system.

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

WEAK MEN

CURED AS IF BY MAGIC.

Victims of Lost Manhood should send at once for a book that explains how full manly vigor is easily, quickly and permanently restored. No man suffering from weakness can afford to ignore this timely advice. Book tells how full strength, development and tone are imparted to every portion of the body. Sent with positive proofs (sealed) *free* to any man on application.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N.Y.

THE TREMONT

12-14 LAKE AVENUE N.

CENTRALLY LOCATED.
ROOMS SINGLE AND EN SUITE.
STEAM HEAT.
BATHS ON EACH FLOOR.
ELECTRIC LIGHTS, ETC.
SERVICE UP-TO-DATE.

Try It!

SPECIAL RATES FOR THE WINTER.
Room and board $5 per week and up wa

STATE OF MINNESOTA, ST. LOUIS COUNTY.—

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of the assignment of the Flag River Brown Stone Company, insolvent:

It appearing to the court that the assignee in the above entitled matter has converted the assigned property into money, has filed his final account herein, and prays that the same be allowed, it is ordered that said account be brought on for hearing and allowance before this court at special term to be held at the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state on Saturday, May, 9th 1896, at 9:30 a. m., or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard. Ordered further that notice be given to the insolvent and all persons interested by publishing this order in a daily paper of the city of Duluth once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said May 9th, and that a copy hereof be mailed to said insolvent and to each of its creditors who have filed claims herein not less than twenty days prior to said May 9th.

Dated April 15, 1896.

J. D. ENSIGN,
Judge of said Court.

Duluth Evening Herald, April-15-23-30.

This Famous Remedy cures quickly and permanently all nervous diseases, such as Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Headache, Wakefulness, Lost Vitality, nightly emissions, evil dreams, impotency and wasting diseases caused by youthful errors or excesses. Contains no opiates. Is a nerve tonic and blood builder. Makes pale cheeks and puny strong and plump. Easily carried in vest pocket. $1 per box; 6 for $5. By mail prepaid with a written guarantee to cure or money refunded. Write us for free medical book, sent sealed in plain wrapper, which contains testimonials and financial references. No charge for consultations. *Beware of imitations.* Sold by our advertised agents, or address NERVE SEED CO., Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill.

SOLD IN DULUTH, MINN., BY S. F. BOYCE AND BY MAX WIRTH DRUGGISTS.

BLOOD POISON

A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary Syphilis permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for the same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, Iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Syphilitic BLOOD POISON that we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

All Scalp Diseases

which make the hair fall and prevents new growth, are cured by us.

KNAUF SISTERS,
No 7 East Superior St.

306 W. SUPERIOR STREET. TEL. 189
WORK FIXTURES MOTORS AND SUPPLIES.
ELECTRIC WIELAND ELECTRIC CO.
26 WIELAND, Manager
DULUTH
305 W. MICHIGAN ST. TRUST BLDG.

R. A. BENSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY

Rooms 13-14 Exchange Bldg., Duluth, Minn. Telephone 850.

I am now prepared to submit a daily typewritten report of my operations in detail in any and all cases I may undertake. You then know what you are paying for. No guess work here. I shall endeavor to ascertain facts and facts only. No divorce cases handled. All matters strictly confidential. Remember I am here to stay, and while I am out of politics I am not out of the business. I am doing business every day in the week. Call, address or wire—

ROBT. A. BENSON,
13 and 14 American Exchange Bank Bldg., Duluth, Minn., Cor. 3d Av. W. & Sup. st.

J. E. WIELAND. E. J. MUNSEY.

DULUTH BICYCLE EXCHANGE.

New wheels, second hand wheels, repairing. 305 W. Michigan. 306 W. Superior.

BICYCLE ACADEMY

For ladies and gentlemen at 26 E. Superior street. Lessons from 3 to 6 p. m. daily. Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings 7:30 to 9:30. Entrance Monday and Wednesday evenings, 25 E. Michigan St.

BIG G Trade Mark
CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.
Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent.
Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

SOLDIERS

Hawley's Senate Bill to Increase the Army Favored By Committee.

Senator Hill Roasts Peffer's Bond Sale Resolution This Morning.

The Committee Work Being Rushed in Both Houses of Congress.

Washington, April 16.—The senate committee on military affairs today agreed to report favorably Senator Hawley's bill for the reorganization of the army. The bill increases the force to 30,000 men, to be composed of ten regiments of cavalry, seven of artillery and twenty-five of infantry. The bill, as it will be reported, will also provide for the continuance of the battalion of engineers, as provided by law. This provision was omitted in the original draft of the bill, but was inserted.

ROASTED BY HILL.

Peffer's Bond Sale Resolution Denounced By David.

Washington, April 16.—At 2:35 p. m. the Peffer resolution for an investigation of the bond sales was laid before the senate and a struggle for precedence occurred. Cullom, Hale and Allison urging appropriation bills. It was finally determined to consider the bond resolution, and Mr. Hill took the floor to oppose the resolution.

Mr. Hill said this was a Populist resolution, and no one had a better right to control it than Peffer. It was Populistic and hostile to the issue of all bonds. Mr. Hill declared that the investigation was proposed without any charges or grounds for imputing wrongdoing. Mr. Peffer: Wanted the bond investigation because he though there was a popular curiosity about the bond issues. Senators who wanted the investigation should have made specifications. The course was extraordinary and was taken because no one wanted to be responsible when it was found that nothing wrong had been done. It was a reflection to take a gossip of the street and newspaper insinuations rather than actual well-known facts.

RAILROAD REORGANIZATION.

Washington, April 16.—The sub-committee of the senate committee on judiciary, appointed to consider the bills for the reorganization of the Northern Pacific and the Atlantic Pacific railways, under foreclosure, held a joint meeting today to listen to arguments in behalf of the bills. Attorney Britton, of this city, appeared for the Atlantic and Pacific, and Mr. Moncowitz for the Northern Pacific. They directed their attention especially to the question of the privileges to be extended to purchasers in connection with the stock and bondholders.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, April 16.—The house defeated the Blue amendment to substitute Gen. Howard's name for Gen. Franklin's by a rising vote of 55 to 130, and the soldiers' home resolution, as reported by the committee, was passed.

AN INSANE DEED.

J. O. Kennedy Kills His Wife and Son Today.

Denver, April 16.—J. O. Kennedy, a clerk in the auditor's office of the Union Pacific, Denver & Gulf railroad, formerly travelling auditor of the Union Pacific railroad, shot his wife in the right temple and his young son in the mouth with a small revolver today, then attempted to kill himself with a knife. The wounds are not fatal. Kennedy, through long illness, had undoubtedly become insane.

SUICIDE AT BUTTE.

Butte, Mont., April 16.—J. F. Kelly, one of the largest wholesale fruit dealers in the city, committed suicide by shooting himself in the head today. Cause, domestic trouble. He carried $63,000 life insurance.

CHARGED WITH EMBEZZLEMENT.

Boston, April 16.—The United States grand jury has returned an indictment against W. S. Jewett, of Lawrence, charged with embezzlement of $100,000 from the Springlake National bank of Wolfboro, N. H.

PROTECTING THE SEALS.

Washington, April 16.—The president has issued the annual fur seal fisheries proclamation, reciting the law prohibiting the taking of bearing animals in Alaskan waters, and the act passed to give effect to the Paris arbitration. It warns all persons not to violate these laws under penalty of arrest and punishment.

CARTOONIST GRIMM DIES.

New York, April 16.—Baron Constantine V. D. Grimm, the well-known cartoonist, died today of pneumonia, complicated with kidney disease.

HOUSTON'S ADVANCEMENT.

Washington, April 16.—The comptroller of the currency has designated Houston, Tex., as a reserve city, under the act of March 3, 1887.

NO CRISIS PENDING.

Madrid, April 16.—No instructions have yet been reported as a result of the elections, the government newspapers contradicting the current report that a crisis is impending.

THE TREASURY CONDITION.

Washington, April 16.—Today's treasury statement shows: Available cash balance, $270,480,465; gold reserve, $127,142,353.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best Salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Duluth Drug company.

GET OUR PRICES

Before getting moved. We can save you time and money. Trunks delivered, 25 cents. Office 212 West Superior street.

GRAND RAPIDS WINS.

State Experimental Farm to be Located There.

St. Paul, April 16.—Grand Rapids won in the race for the location of a new substate experiment farm today. Other aspirants for the distinction were Wadena, Virginia and Carlton. The new farm contains 455 acres, and the land is given to the state, there being a nominal charge of $3500 for the buildings and other improvements on the place.

MINNEAPOLIS SUICIDE.

Knute T. Olson Takes His Life by Shooting.

Minneapolis, April 16.—Knute T. Olson, a carpenter, living at 2009 James avenue north, took his life by shooting himself, about 10:30 o'clock last night. He was found this morning, about 7 o'clock, life being extinct. The cause of the deed is thought to have been despondency and old age. He was 61 years of age, and leaves a family of five children, all adults.

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

MINERS' MEETING.

Gov. Altgeld Thanked and Debs Howled Down.

Columbus, O., April 16.—The miners today re-elected Phil H. Penna, Linton, Ind., president; Cameron Miller, Massillon, O., vice president; W. C. Pearce, Corning, O., secretary-treasurer. The executive board is composed of W. C. Webb, John Fanny, Frederick Dilcher, Joseph O'Connor, Henry Stephenson and R. I. Davis. Patrick McBride, retiring secretary, was elected honorary member, and thanked in resolutions worded in the strongest language.

Governor Altgeld was thanked for pardons to certain Illinois miners. Censure was passed upon the Cleveland Gas company for conduct alleged to have been contrary to protection of the miners. A resolution in favor of Debs for presidential candidate raised an awful howl. A substitute that a wage earner or a friend of the wage earners be advocated for the office was adopted.

CANADIAN FLOODS.

Bridges Washed Away and Much Trackage Destroyed.

Montreal, April 16.—Great damage is being done in the eastern townships of Quebec by water rising in the rivers, due to the hot sun melting the snow. Railway bridges and tracks are washed out, houses are submerged and factory fires extinguished. The Quebec Central has lost a great iron bridge, 150 feet long, which crosses a ravine at Ste. Anselma, twelve miles south of Point Levis. Tais cuts off all communication to the New England states.

In the vicinity of Sherbrooke the tracks of the Quebec Central, the Maine Central and the Boston & Maine have been washed out in various places. Traffic will be interrupted for weeks. Sweeping past the city of Sherbrooke the St. Francis river has burst from its confines and covers the country for the distance of half a mile between that city and Richmond.

FRISCO LINE PLANS.

Will Secure the Control of Its Securities.

New York, April 16.—At a meeting of representative interests of the St. Louis & San Francisco road held today a syndicate was formed to purchase from the Atchison railway its holdings of St. Louis & San Francisco securities. The securities include about $5,500,000 of St. Louis & San Francisco consolidated 4½ per cent bonds, $4,496,000 first preferred stock, $9,985,300 preferred and $11,170,200 in shares of common stock.

The St. Louis & San Francisco plan of reorganization has been formulated and will be published within a few days. It is said to provide for foreclosure, independent of the Atchison, and wipes out all the existing issues of stock, cancels the guarantee of the Atlantic & Pacific and also leases of various branch lines.

BRITISH FINANCES.

Surplus This Year the Largest Ever Known.

London, April 16.—In the house of commons today, the chancellor of the exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, made the budget statement. He said that the surplus for 1895-96 was £4,250,000, and he estimated the expenditure for the current year at £100,047,000. The chancellor of the exchequer said that this should be a wonderful year and one of unexampled revenue, in spite of the fact that the expenditures had been the largest since the great war. The surplus was the largest ever known, and a larger sum was devoted to the reduction of the national debt than ever known.

CUBA'S FIRE LOSS.

Havana, April 16.—Letters to Maceo, Gomez and other insurgent leaders show that it is estimated that the loss of property by fire in the district of Artmesma, province of Pinar Del Rioo, alone is $3,000,000.

NO WOMEN DELEGATES.

Gloversville, N. Y., April 16.—At the Troy Methodist Episcopal conference today, the question of admitting women as lay delegates to the general conference was voted down.

PHYSICIAN DROPS DEAD.

Philadelphia, April 16.—The coroner's physician, Dr. William Mattern, dropped dead this afternoon in the coroner's private office.

ELEPHANT KILLING.

An authority states that 100,000 elephants are annually killed in Africa a minimum of 65,000 elephants, yielding a production of raw ivory worth $2,500,000. If measures are not taken for its preservation, the African elephant will, in a score of years, become extinct. Sir Samuel Baker gives about 140 pounds as the average weight of a pair of tusks in a full-grown male. A single tusk sold in London in 1874 weighed 188 pounds, and one in the possession of Sir E. G. Loder weighs 184 pounds. The longest tusk on record appears to be one mentioned by Gordon Cumming, of which the length is given as 29 feet 9 inches, and the weight 173 pounds.

COCKROACHES are a nuisance. Exterminate them. COOKELINE will do it. 25c, extra size 75c, at all druggists.

CIGARETTE SUCKERS.

Men Get Roped Into All Kinds of Skin Games.

The Worst Roped Man is the Cigarette Smoker—Robbed of Health and Manhood, His Most Precious Possession.

"Say, where d'you get that coffin nail, Chimmie?"

"Oh, I caught it on de fly from de guy on de corner."

And the two little bootblacks—God bless 'em, they didn't know any better—sat on the curb and smoked the cigarette, out of sight.

We often wonder, when we see and hear such things, how the other half of the world lives, especially when so many spend their money, and worst of all, their vitality, in smoking cigarettes.

See how the cigarette smoker's hands tremble; the anxious look on his face tells of irregular heart beat; his nervousness betrays itself in a dozen ways. If you are a cigarette smoker you are never feeling quite at ease unless you are puffing a stinking little nerve wrecker.

Don't you want release?

Don't you want just a few months with a pure sweet breath, improved health, vigorous manhood?

See what No-To-Bac has done for others—will do for you:

CURED IN LESS THAN A WEEK.
Oakland, Cal., No. 1821 Market St.,
August 20th, 1895.

Sterling Remedy Co.:

I bought a box of No-To-Bac three weeks ago, from Kirkland and Trowbridge—and it cured me in less than one week, since which time I have recommended it to several others, and have induced at least half a dozen to begin the treatment, all of whom say it is helping them.

I weighed 155 pounds when I began the treatment and now I weigh 163—a gain of eight pounds within three weeks. I am 24 years of age and have used cigarettes and chewing tobacco since I was 12 years of age, smoking on an average for at least five years about twenty-five cigarettes a day. Yours Respectfully,

EDW. J. DOUNELLAN.

You need not take our word for it, nor do we sell No-To-Bac on the recommendation of others. Simply buy from your own druggist, under absolute guarantee, and you run no risk. Get our booklet, "Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away." Written guarantee of cure and free sample mailed for the asking. Address The Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

NEW JERSEY MEETING.

Delegates to Republican Convention Are Uninstructed.

Trenton, N. J., April 16.—There was an early appearance at the hotels, on the streets and in public resorts of delegates to the Republican state convention. There had been no change in the slate that Senator Sewell, Garret A. Hobart and John Kean should be three of the four delegates-at-large. The flat between Franklin Murphy and Elias Ward for fourth place will be carried to the convention this afternoon, the action of the delegates from Essex, the county of both Murphy and Ward, not to be acquiesced in. Four of the eight district conventions to elect two delegates each to St. Louis were held this forenoon with the following results:

First district—Ex-Congressman John O. Eighres, of Salem, and ex-Sheriff Robert P. Hand, of Cape May.

Second district—Ferdinand W. Robling, of Mercer, and Cash M. Bradshaw, of Ocean.

Fourth distric:—A. Balair Kelsey, of Warren, and Stephen K. Large, of Hunter.

Fifth district—William M. Boneman, Barbour, and Joseph P. Quackenbush, of Passaic.

The Sixth and Eighth district conventions will not be held today, but it is practically agreed that the delegates from the Sixth will be J. Frank Ford and Charles Bradley, of Newark, and those of the Eighth will be Frank Bergen, of Elizabeth, and William Ricker, of Essex. None of the district delegates elected today were instructed. The Third and Seventh distric conventions were held last week.

It was an hour after the appointed time when Franklin Murphy, chairman of the Republican state committee, introduced Senator Edward C. Stokes, of Cumberland, as the choice of the state committee for temporary chairman. The selection was unanimously ratified. Mr. Stokes was later made the permanent chairman. After temporary organization had been effected, a recess was taken until 2 o'clock.

The temporary organization was made permanent after the reassembling of the convention. The committee on platform not being ready to report, the convention proceeded with the selection of delegates-at-large. The following were chosen: William J. Sewell, Garret A. Hobart, John Kean, Jr., and Franklin Murphy, of Newark. The following were chosen alternates: C. E. Breckenridge, Congressman H. C. Loudenslager, Barker Gummere, of Mercer, and Charles A. Reed, of Somerset.

The McKinleyites began their fight as soon as the resolutions had been read. Congressman McEwan spoke against the plank, declaring against the non-instruction of delegates and offered a resolution instructing for McKinley. He was ruled out of order, the chair ruling that the resolution should go to the committee on resolutions the convention having previously adopted the platform. Senator Sewell spoke against the instructions. The resolution was laid on the table and the convention adjourned.

The platform in its first section declares for a tariff that will afford adequate income for the expenses of the government, avoid increase of the national debt, revive American industries, restore American wages and re-establish the national prosperity on a sound and stable basis.

The second section demands that "the reciprocity policy adopted by a Republican administration and destroyed by the Democrats should be restored." The Monroe doctrine is endorsed in the third section and in the fourth there is a demand for a more virile foreign policy, and for an enlargement of the navy and the construction of commercial denouses.

Section five says that "the practical sympathy of this nation should be extended to all people who have been driven by oppression and wrong to take up arms in both of the right of self-government. The exclusion of criminal, pauper and anarchistic immigrants is demanded. Discriminating duties in favor of American bottoms is favored.

The eighth section says: "Relying upon the discretion of our delegates to voice the preference of the Republicans of New Jersey in the national convention we refrain from hampering their action by specific instructions; and we pledge and devote ourselves to the hearty support of the ticket there to be selected; indulging at the same time the hope that redeemed New Jersey may be presented on the national ticket in the person of her able and distinguished citizen, the Hon. Garret A. Hobart. In a concluding section, the convention endorses the course of the state legislature and Governor Griggs, the first Republican executive the state has had in thirty years.

"The standard of value in this country and in the other principal commercial nations of the world is gold. Wages and prices have been made and fixed in accordance with this standard, and the welfare of the people demands that it shall be maintained. We regard the agitation for the free coinage of silver as a serious obstacles to our country's prosperity."

THE COURTESY OF A TRIAL.

The makers of the famous Davenport cigars are confident you will afterwards prefer it to all others. Sold everywhere.

A SMOKING MONKEY.

I once went on board of H. M. S. Octavia, to visit an old school fellow, a lieutenant. After dinner we went up on the upper deck to smoke, and I was introduced to Jenny, a pet monkey. An old nautical superstition is, or used to be, that monkeys could talk if they like, but would not, because if they did they would be made to work, says the New York Journal.

The Octavia's monkey was an adept at smoking, and, I regret to say, a confirmed drinker of grog whenever he got the opportunity. No sooner was the pipe "grog" sounded than Jenny was hovering near the tub. In the course of conversation my friend said: "Oh, I want to show you a photograph in my cabin. Here, Jenny, keep my pipe going."

Jenny took the pipe. We were below for quite five minutes, if not more, and when we returned to the main deck, Jenny was squatted against the gun tackle calmly puffing, exhaling and inhaling the smoke from the pipe, which had been intrusted to her care, and the pipe was fully alight and drawing beautifully.

ELEVATING THE STAGE.

The curtain was up on the first scene, but the characters did not appear, says the Cleveland Plain Dealer. In their stead the stage manager glided in and looked over the footlights. "For years," he pleasantly remarked, "we have talked of elevating the stage. You will now see it done." He waved his hand toward the prompt side and almostinstantly the stage slowly arose. When it had reached a height of perhaps six feet the manager, with another gesture, stopped it. "If any gentleman in the audience is still unable to see the stage," he affably remarked, "let him speak right up and we'll cheerfully give her another hoist." Then a shrill voice arose from the back row.

"Just a couple o' feet more, Mr. Manager," said the voice, "an' I'll have the haha on this dum aigrette in front of me!"

Then the play went on.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly made, executed and delivered on the twenty-eighth day of July A. D. 1892, by Lillian F. Buenoman and F. T. Bueneman, her husband, mortgagors, to Emma S. R. Kendrick, mortgagee, which said mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, on the 2nd day of September, A. D. 1892, at nine o'clock and thirty minutes in the forenoon, in Book 73 of mortgages on page 196. Said default is a default in the payment of the interest amounting to forty-eight dollars, which became due and payable on the twenty-eighth day of January, A. D. 1896. Said default having continued for more than thirty days the power of sale in said mortgage contained became operative and by the terms of said mortgage it became optional with the mortgagee in case of such default to declare the whole sum secured by said mortgage to be immediately due and payable, in the exercise of which option, the whole amount secured thereby is hereby declared and claimed to be due, and is due, owing and unpaid, amounting at the date of this notice to twelve hundred eighty-three dollars and fifty-nine cents ($1283.59) principal, interest and insurance paid by mortgagee.

And whereas no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof; now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, which became operative as aforesaid, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described therein, being and situated in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot number fifteen (15), in block number sixteen (16), in Lester Park, Second Division, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for the said county of St. Louis, with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest and taxes (if any), and insurance and seventy-five dollars attorney's fees, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the sheriff of St. Louis County aforesaid at the front door of the court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, on Saturday, the 30th day of May, 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

April 15, 1896.

EMMA S. R. KENDRICK,
Mortgagee.

C. W. CROSBY,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
106 Providence Building,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald. April-16-23-30-May-7-14-21.

IF YOU WISH TO—

DRINK.....

A Choice, Wholesome, Palatable and Nourishing glass of Beer—call for

FITGER'S BEER

Furniture and Carpets at 40c, 50c and 60c .....on the Dollar.....

Can you afford to overlook this closing out sale in making your estimate for Spring House Furnishing?

F. S. Kelly, the Furniture man, **is positively retiring from business,** and his entire stock must be closed out at an early date. Buy now for future needs, as bargain times like this may never come again.

Rockers, Book Cases, Parlor Sets, Sideboards,
Dining Chairs, Bed Room Suites, Extension Tables,
Couches, Lounges, Folding Beds.

The lines are still complete, but don't delay your buying too long, for just what you want may be gone.

F. S. KELLY,

710 and 712 West Superior St.

CARPET CLEANING—Better prepared than ever to care for all orders of Carpet clearing.

MAIL ORDERS GIVEN PROMPT ATTENTION.

STORE OPEN EVERY EVENING until 9 o'clock. Extra salesmen so all can be waited on promptly.

Are you a bargain hunter? Then get the best at the lowest price. The Evening Herald at 10 cents a week by carrier is the article you want.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, March 30th, 1896.

In the matter of the Estate of James H. Swan, Deceased:

Letters testamentary on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Mary E. Swan, of said county.

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court, for examination and allowance, at the probate office in Duluth, in said county, on Monday, the 2nd day of November, A. D. 1896, at ten o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, and the executor of said estate is hereby ordered to give notice to creditors as by law required.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 30th day of March, A. D. 1896.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER,
(Seal.) Judge of Probate.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-16-23-30.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 9th, 1896.

In the Matter of the Estate of Henry Kinnuenen, Deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of John Kinnuenen, of the County of St. Louis, representing among other things, that Henry Kinnuenen, late of the County of St. Louis, in the state of Minnesota, on the 15th day of June, A. D. 1895, at the county of St. Louis died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a brother of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to him granted;

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court, on Saturday, the ninth day of May, A. D. 1896, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 9th day of April, A. D. 1896.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER,
(Seal.) Judge of Probate.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-16-23-30.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of the sum of thirteen hundred and thirty-three and 35-100 dollars principal and interest which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice and also in the payment of the taxes for the years 1892 and 1893 on the premises herein described upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Robert Scarlett and Elanor Scarlett his wife, mortgagors, to People's Savings bank, of Duluth, mortgagee, bearing date the 11th day of September, 1890, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, on the 15th day of September, 1890, at 8:50 o'clock a. m., in Book 62 of mortgages, on page 85.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Peoples Savings bank of Duluth, mortgagee, to M. J. Miller, by written assignment, dated the 16th day of March, 1891, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds, on the 25th day of March, 1891, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 73 of mortgages, on page 347, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots nine (9) and ten (10), in block ninety-three (93), in the Fourth Division of West Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, being in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 30th day of May, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of thirteen hundred and thirty-three and 35-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and seventy-five dollars attorneys' fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 16, 1896.

M. J. MILLER,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
JAQUES & HUDSON,
Attorneys for Assignee,
101-2 and 3 Security building,
Duluth, Minn..
Duluth Evening Herald, April-16-23-30-May-7-14-21.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 4, 1896.

In the Matter of the Estate of Anna La Vigne, Deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto John La Vigne, of said county.

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court, for examination and allowance, at the probate office, in Duluth, in said county, on Monday, the second day of November, A. D. 1896, at ten o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless, for cause shown, further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the fourth day of April, A. D. 1896.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER,
(Seal.) Judge of Probate.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-16-23-30.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of the sum of two thousand four hundred and eighty-eight and 55-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Sewall M. Chandler and Eva G. Chandler, his wife, mortgagors, to John Ware, mortgagee, bearing date the 27th day of September, 1890, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds, in and for the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, on the 30th day of September, 1890, at 8 o'clock a. m., in Book 28 of mortgages, on page 584, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot sixteen (16), in block ninety-one (91), Endion Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, being in St. Louis county and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 30th day of May, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of thirteen hundred and thirty-three and 35-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and seventy-five dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated at Duluth, March 23rd, A. D. 1896.

JOHN WARE,
Mortgagee.
JAQUES & HUDSON,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
101-2 and 3 Security building,
Duluth, Minn..
Duluth Evening Herald, April-16-23-30-May-7-14-21.

St. Paul & Duluth R. R.

Trains Leaving and Arriving Duluth.

9:00 A. M. DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.—Arriving St. Paul 2:56 p. m.; Minneapolis, 3:15 p. m.; Stillwater, 3 p. m., making direct connections with all diverging lines east, south and west.

1:55 P. M. DAILY—THE FAST LIMITED.—Arriving St. Paul 6:25 p. m.; Minneapolis, 6:40 p. m.; Stillwater, 7:10 p. m.; Chicago, 7 a. m.; Omaha, 9 a. m.; Kansas City, 4 p. m.; St. Louis, 3 p. m., connecting with all lines south, east and west. Parlor cars to St. Paul, Minneapolis, Chicago, etc.

11:15 P. M. DAILY—NIGHT EXPRESS.—Arriving St. Paul 7 a. m.; Minneapolis, 7:15 a. m.; Stillwater, 7:15 a. m.; with sleepers, Duluth and West Superior to St. Paul and Minneapolis. Direct connections with all morning trains east, south and west. Sleepers ready for occupancy at 9 p. m.

TRAINS ARRIVE DULUTH.—Day Express, 1:50 p. m.; Fast Limited, 6:45 p. m.; Night Express, 6:30 a. m.

For tickets to any point in United States or Canada, sleeping car berths, call at city ticket office, 400 West Superior street, corner Palladio building.

Baggage checked direct from residences Steamship tickets to and from Europe.

F. B. ROSS,
Northern Passenger Agent.

THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE

C. ST. P. M. & O. RY.

Trains Leave and Arrive Duluth:

10:45 A. M. EX. SUN.—DAY EXPRESS for St. Paul, Minneapolis, Eau Claire. Has Parlor Car. Arrives Duluth 6:00 p. m.

5:00 P. M. DAILY—CHICAGO LIMITED for Chicago and Milwaukee. Pullman and Wagner Vestibuled Buffet Sleepers to Chicago. Arrives Duluth 10:30 a. m.

11:00 P. M. DAILY—NIGHT EXPRESS for St. Paul and Minneapolis. Has Pullman Sleeper. Arrives Duluth 7:00 a. m.

G. M. SMITH, General Agent. B. W. SUMMERS, City Ticket Agent. 405 Mesaba Block, Opposite Spalding.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R. RUNS THROUGH CARS —TO— Fargo, Grand Forks and Winnipeg, —TO— HELENA, BUTTE, SPOKANE, TACOMA, SEATTLE, PORTLAND.

Pullman Sleeping Cars, Elegant Dining Cars, Tourist Sleeping Cars.

TIME SCHEDULE.

	Leave Duluth Daily	Arrive Duluth Daily
Dining Cars on Pacific Express.		
Pacific Express for all Minnesota and Dakota points, Winnipeg, Yellowstone Park, Helena, Butte, Spokane, Tacoma, Seattle, Portland, Alaska, San Francisco and all Pacific coast points	7:30 pm	8:00 am
Chicago Limited for all Wisconsin Central & Milwaukee, Lake Shore & Western points, Milwaukee, Chicago and beyond	4:20 pm	11:05 am

Through tickets to Japan and China, via Tacoma and Northern Pacific Steamship Co., an American line.

For information, time cards, maps and tickets, call on or write F. E. DONAVAN, City Ticket Agent, or CHAS. S. FEE, Gen'l Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

FLORIDA,

The land of Sunshine Flowers and Fruit,

IS EASILY REACHED BY TAKING THE ST. LOUIS & CAIRO SHORT Line

The "Holly Springs Route" From St. Louis.

FAST TIME, LOW RATES. LIBERAL LIMITS THROUGH PULLMAN SLEEPERS.

GEO. E. LARY, Gen'l Pass. Agt. St. Louis, Mo.

Every Merchant Should Add to Their Advertisements in The Evening Herald.

Mail Orders Solicited...

As the circulation of The Evening Herald was never before as large as it now is in the towns of the Vermilion and Mesaba Ranges, along the Duluth & Winnipeg Ry., Northern Pacific Ry., and, in fact, all the country tributary to Duluth.

PRESSURE

Power of Water on a Diving Bell at Two Hundred Feet.

Crushed Like an Egg Shell in Lake Michigan Waters.

Interesting Figures Relative to Pressure at Various Depths.

Lying on its side in Best, Fox & Co.'s scrapyard, like a giant that had met a superior foe in a struggle to the death and gave up the ghost, is the Schon diving-bell, that was crushed by the pressure of the water in the depths of Lake Michigan. It arrived in Pittsburg a few days since, and has been an object of curiosity and study to those who know it is here, says the Pittsburg Dispatch. As it lies now among other scrap, the Schon diving-bell looks like a square boiler with slightly tapering ends that had collapsed. Instead of torn metal bending outward, it is crushed in. Bronze metal an inch thick is ripped and torn as one would tear a straw board. In the same manner one of the plates in the angular end was ripped almost its entire length.

The box was planned by Hubert Schon, a brassmolder of this city. It is, or may be called, a cube six feet in dimensions, although the slightly tapering ends increase is height a few inches, but not its bulk. The material is phosphor bronze, five-eighths of an inch thick. Each plate was cast with a flange, and they were bolted together, the bolts being placed as closely together as was consistent with strength. The side plates were further strengthened by ribs an inch thick and two inches wide. There was an opening for a lookout on each. Fitted in these openings were heavy bars so heavy that openings only three inches square were provided, and back of them were glass plates an inch in thickness. Through these lookouts the explorer in the box could survey everything in sight and telephone to the operators on the surface above.

The makers followed the directions of the inventor, who had estimated that the pressure at a depth of 250 feet could not make an impression on the creature of his fancy, and in course of time it was completed and loaded for shipment to Chicago. On the car it weighed 23,000 pounds. Inserted in the bottom was a short steel shaft two inches in diameter. To this was to be attached weight to sink the box. The box was shipped to Chicago and preparations were made to test the machine off that city, but since the chart showed a maximum depth of seventy feet Milwaukee was chosen.

In the Beer City preparations for testing the Schon bell were completed by Mr. Lutz, Schon and Samuel Harper, Mr. Lutz's representative. Floating and towing equipment was secured, and a preliminary test was decided upon. The scientists of the city said that one could not remain under water in that space longer than fifty or sixty minutes. They figured that 216 cubic feet of air would be consumed in that time, but Schon, when he went down in it for a test, stayed three hours, smoked, burned matches, and watched sewerage of the city float past him, and then only came up because he was tired staying down.

With this point settled, the more important one, whether or no the vessel could withstand the pressure of deep water, was the concern of the friends of the box. They estimated that, at 200 feet, each side of the box would be subjected to a pressure of 530,000 pounds. The actual pressure at that depth is less. But since that weight could not be piled on each of the four sides and two ends at the same time the test could not be made above ground. But, so sure was Mr. Schon that the machine was strong enough, he wanted to go down for the practical test. He was persuaded to wait for the second trip.

Finally all arrangements were completed, and with the bell on a big scow, and a steam lighter in the fleet, a tug hauled the explorers seaward.

The chart showed that the bed of the lake at Milwaukee inclined gradually from the shore, and when the tug had traveled nearly twelve miles the depth of water was considerably more than 200 feet.

A pressure-gauge made for the purpose was attached to the box. Lashed to the chains attached to the end was a scantling, projecting several feet to either side. Ropes were fastened to this to prevent the cage from swinging or twisting. Inside two stringers, eight by six inches, were fixed across the box just below the windows to add to the strength of the heavy metal sides and assist in coping with the pressure under the water. A long-distance telephone was also put in working order, and the box was closed. To the steel bar in the bottom was attached 5600 pounds of metal, but this was found insufficient to sink it, and 1500 pounds of chain were added.

Then the word was given, and the engineer allowed the big bronze box to pass from view. A brief stop was made to weigh the entire outfit under water, and the result was a showing of 500 pounds. Here was a hollow cube of six feet, weighing, all told, 30,100 pounds on the surface, reduced to 500 pounds submerged, indicating that the weight of water displaced was 26,000 pounds, or 13 tons.

Again the thing was started bottomward. Each of the ropes attached to the scantling was marked at intervals of 25 feet as a check on the depth reached. Down, down, it went, but it was not very long before some one saw the telephone come speechless to the surface. It did not need to be heralded; everybody saw it and knew what it meant. Then, as if all the seltzer and soda-water bottling tanks in the National association had been let loose, the water commenced to effervesce and sparkle, and presently a great bubble of air burst and all was over. The word to hoist away was given, and the ill-fated box was brought to view again.

One of the heavy oak timbers was driven into itself and splintered to matchwood. The inch-thick plate-glass was almost pulverized. Mr. Harper says that according to the ropes, the machine was down 200 feet, but the gauge showed a pressure of 99 pounds, which, if it registered correctly, indicated a depth of 228 feet. But on a basis of 200 feet, the pressure which crushed this seemingly invulnerable phosphor-bronze structure was 86.8 pounds per square inch, or 353,-924 pounds to each side of six feet square. The total pressure, therefore, was 2,723,-548 pounds, or 1361.7 tons.

It seems incredible that with all the extraordinary strength of the bell it should be so crushed. With a contrivance that would withstand the pressure of deep water it was Mr. Schon's intention to use it in locating wrecks, and, afterward, by the use of the telephone, to direct the work of wreckers on the surface, either in grappling for cargo, or in placing lighter chains about the hulls of vessels.

In the ordinary diving dress divers seldom work in more than 100 feet of water, at which depth the pressure is 43.4 pounds per square inch. It has been claimed that a diver attempted to descend to the wreck of the Elbe, the Atlantic liner that lies in the English channel in 240 feet of water. He was brought up almost unconscious from 170 feet, where the pressure was 73.78 pounds per square inch, a pressure that few can experience and live.

J. Schneller, of this city, a hydraulic engineer of wide reputation, says apparatus can be constructed that will do the work intended for the Schon machine. He suggested, when consulted, that it be made either in the form of a sphere or an ellipse, for the reason that the pressure cannot get the same action as with a cube, and that the shape he suggests will withstand a much greater pressure than the cube form.

He also suggests that, instead of large barred windows, a glass having magnifying power could be used, that would penetrate the water a greater distance than the eye unassisted. This glass could work in a swivel, to enable it to sweep a large field.

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

THE WEATHER BUREAU.

The instruments used in observing the weather are the aneroid and cistern barometers, wet and dry bulb thermometers, wind vane and compass, anemometer and anemograph, and the rainfall. Of all these the barometer is probably the most important, says Harper's Round Table. The standard form of the instrument is a tube thirty-four inches long, closed at the top, exhausted of air, and immersed at the bottom in a cup of mercury. The purpose of the barometer is to measure the pressure of the atmosphere. In general, the mercury will stand high in the tube when the weather is fair, and low when it is foul. By noting the minute changes, measured on a graduated scale beside the tube, the observer reads the indications of the barometer. The words "fair," "change," etc., engraved on the front of the instrument are disregarded. They have no significance whatever. The rising or falling of the mercury in the tube is caused by the beginning of those atmospheric changes which precede a storm but are not discernible by our senses. The barometer discerns them for us and gives warning of weather changes. Of course there are many different conditions which affect the instrument, and the weather observers are instructed in these matters. The aneroid barometer is round, like one of the cheap nickel-plated clocks that are so numerous, and the changes are indicated by a hand moving across a scale on the dial. The weight of the atmosphere is measured not by a column of mercury in a tube, but by the expansion and compression of a small metal box from which the air has been exhausted.

ALL FREE.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it free. Call on the advertised druggist and get a trial bottle, free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing. Duluth Drug company's drug store.

THE SWEETEST HOUR.

MARION FROELICH. G. FROELICH.

mf
vitard.
1. The po - et sings of the dawn - ing hour, When the sun in the East is for -
2. The fin - gers ply thro' the bus - y day, But my heart, Oh, my heart's ta - ken
3. Now strikes the clock with a sil - ver chime, And my pul - ses they throb while they're
- sak - ing his bow'r, When his ban - ners of gold, and of pur - ple and red, O'er the
wings and a - way, And the mo-ments glide slow that my long-ing would drive, That the
beat - ing in time, How I list to a step, and hear then a voice, That al -
heav - en's a glo - ry un - speak - a - ble shed.
sweet - est of hours would quick - er ar - rive.
- ways has pow - er to make me re - joice.

Sing on, Oh, ye po - ets, I too sing a song,..... Of an hour that brings me my
But toil-ing must cease and the long-est of days,..... Will at last be en - wrapp'd in
I yield to the spell, and o - bey its glad charms,.. That is drawing me in - to my
lov - er a - long,..... And of all the hours..... both ear - ly and late,..... The
the shadowing grays,..... And they bring the time..... that I long-ing wait..... The
lover's strong arms,..... Now the reason you know..... why so highly I rate,..... That
sweet - est to me,..... is the eve - ning at eight!
sweet - est to me,..... that of eve - ning at eight!
sweet - est of hours,..... that of eve - ning at eight!

(2 pp.)—2. The Sweetest Hour.—3.

MILLS' VENTURE.

Wealthy New Yorker Will Build Some Hotels.

When D. O. Mills gets the first of his big hotels completed he is going to offer a room and board for $3.50 or $4 a week to all honest men, says the New York Recorder.

Structurally, the hotels will be inferior to none in New York, and in some respects they will be ahead of any.

The appointments of the hotels are not to be luxurious, but solidly comfortable. The service is to be first class, and the accommodations an improvement on those offered by the most expensive hotels.

Two of the philanthropic enterprises which Mr. Mills is to conduct are to be built right away. The first is to be erected on Bleecker street, south side, running from Thompson to Sullivan streets. This will be known as Mills house No. 1, and will accommodate 1500 men. The contract for the other will be let in a few days. That will be known as Mills house No. 2, and will accommodate 750 men. It will be at Rivington and Chrysde streets.

Ground for the hotels has been purchased. Both will cost Mr. Mills $1,300,000. The Bleecker street house and grounds will cost $950,000 and the other $350,000.

Mills house No. 1, in Bleecker street, will be ten stories high and absolutely fire proof.

The front will be of white pressed brick, much like the stately Mills building in San Francisco, which is used for offices.

Two hundred feet will be the hotel frontage. From front to rear will be more than 100 feet and at the rear there will be an alley. On all sides, therefore, the building will have light and air.

Ernest Flagg, the architect of both hotels, says these will be the best ventilated hotels in New York, and probably in the country. The system is such that there will be a complete change of air in every room in the house every twenty minutes, even with every window and door closed. Huge pipes having a suction from the roof are to be placed in every room, and the light wells will be equipped to suck fresh air from the top as an automatic pump would draw water from a well.

A grand suite of rooms, 200 feet in length, will include the parlors, reading and smoking rooms. Mr. Flagg says that they will form the most spacious suite of rooms in New York, the Waldorf not excepted.

Every room in the hotel will be of equal size and uniform in appearance. Each will be just large enough to accommodate a single bedstead, a chair and a washstand, with foot room between. In a large room there will be a locker for each guest, such as is found in an athletic club, or adjoining a big workroom. Here extra clothing can be kept.

In different parts of the building will be free baths, thirty in all. As arranged, they will be a positive luxury. A little compartment will hold a shower bath, and adjoining it will be a dressing room as large as those found at a Turkish bath.

A free circulating library is another attractive feature. It is the desire of Mr. Mills that the hotel should benefit as many people as possible, and he proposes giving table board for $2.50 or $3 a week and single meals to all worthy comers for about 15 or 20 cents. He has provided for a cafe on an upper floor, where poor devils who can't take regular board can go and get cakes or sandwiches and coffee for a few cents each.

These hotels are to be for no class. The only passport required will be clean linen and respectability. They will be too expensive for tramps and too orderly for toughs.

It is hoped by the projector that the plan will fill the want of thousands of men whose earnings are small and whose tastes are decent.

The two hotels described are to be something of an experiment. It is planned to make them self-supporting. Mr. Mills is going to try a chance price for a year or so, and after that he will fix the rate at precisely the cost a head, as near as can be figured. Unless he is mistaken in the requirements of the class of men he wants to reach, he has no doubt of the success of the ventures.

When success is assured it is his intention to build other institutions of the same kind in other parts of the city, and he may extend the system to San Francisco. It is thought, also, that other cities will recognize the need of such hotels and that public-spirited men everywhere will build them.

The usual objections to places of this kind, one of which has been that they are charitable institutions, is thought to be overcome by the stipulation that they must be self-sustaining. Since no man is to get anything for less than its worth, it is believed that every guest will feel himself independent. Another objection to such an establishment is the customary rules. Here there are to be no rules that do not apply in any well-conducted hotel. Every guest will be free to come and go as he pleases and demand anything as his own that the hotel affords its guests.

One of the most experienced managers of a good hotel is to have charge of Mills house No. 1.

"I am going to have one of those little rooms and live there myself part of the time," said Mr. Mills. "It will be handy for me when I am kept late down town or want to be off early in the morning. I believe there are hundreds of men in this city who do not earn more than enough to pay the price of board and lodging in squalid houses, but who have a heart for better things. I think those men will have business sense enough to take accommodations in keeping with their natural tastes when they can be got for what they are paying now."

D. O. Mills has all sorts of financial interests—banks, buildings, corporations and what not. He made his first million in California, though he is a New Yorker by birth. He went to the Pacific coast in its early days, and started several banks at different times. He had always been a successful financier. Some persons think he is making a mistake now in the Mills hotels, from a financial point of view, and when they charge him with being a philanthropist he replies:

"We don't intend to make any money, but as we don't intend to lose any, where's the philanthropy?"

Nevertheless Mr. Mills will have a stake of $1,300,000 tied up in them, and if they are not successful it is his money that must meet deficiencies.

PERFORMING BEES.

In 1891 a man named Wildeman, of Plymouth England, trained and exhibited a swarm of performing bees, says Pearson's Weekly. He had his bees so well trained that he could make them go through various maneuvers with as much precision and unity as troops of soldiers go through field tactics. The exhibition used to take place in a large hall, outside of which was a garden. When the bees finished their performances they were allowed to have a good time among the flowers. Wildeman would appear before the audiences with the bees swarming all over him. They were on his face, on his hands, crawling over his clothes and his pockets were full of them. The hives of the bees were in a certain part of the large hall. Wildeman would give a whistle, and straightway the bees started off, flying direct to their hives. When they got well settled there he would give another whistle, and back they flew, settling on his face, hands and clothes as before.

SHIP FOR CUBA?

A Peculiar Vessel Now Lying Out of Water.

In the shipyard at Alexandria, just across the river from Washington, is a singular-looking boat, on which the agents of the Cuban revolutionists have had their eyes for a considerable length of time, and now that there is a prospect of their securing recognition as belligerents, there seems to be a good chance that the curious-looking craft may yet fly the single star of Cuba libre, says the San Francisco Report.

The vessel is the steel steamship Howard Cassard, which has been laid up at Alexandria for the last two years, and which has been a constant source of speculation to all the travelers on the Potomac, and especially to the visitors to Mount Vernon. The ship lies at the present time out of water and, as seen from the river, looks like nothing else so much as a gigantic knife blade, for it is high and long and thin and, if one can judge by its lines, ought to move through the water with the ease and rapidity of a swordfish.

Some little time ago rumors were afloat that the Cubans had seen in this curious ship the beginning of their navy, but they promptly denied the stories, and it is only within the last few days, on the eve of the passage of the Cuban resolutions by congress, that the fact has been definitely established that active negotiations are on foot, and that an option has actually been secured on the ship in the interest of the Cubans.

The Howard Cassard is an exceedingly curious bit of marine architecture. It is the result of a theory of a Baltimore man, who believed he could construct a ship which would be particularly well adapted to the carrying of ocean mails, and which would reach a rate of speed not equalled by anything of its size and engine capacity. The vessel is 225 feet from stem to stern and has a depth of hold of 18 feet, drawing 10 feet in the mean.

The singular feature with this unusual length—equal to that of the old type of lake propeller—the steamer has a breadth of beam of only 16 feet, and for this reason when out of the water, as at present, it looks like a tremendous knife blade. At first sight one would say that when in the water the ship would certainly tip over if one of the sailors stepped to its side; but further examination shows that it has 75 tons of lead built into the knife-blade keel, which renders it thoroughly safe.

The deck is of steel, curved over somewhat after the style of the whalebacks, and there are no upper works at all, so that when a sea is taken aboard it runs off like water from a duck's back. Every sixteen feet there is a complete water-tight bulkhead, so that the ship is divided into a number of compartments, as a result of which it could stand considerable shelling from a man-of-war before it would actually go to the bottom.

The boat can be had for $50,000. The negotiations have been carried on by Congressman Woodham, of Chicago.

HIS AILMENT.

Pearson's Weekly: At the police court. The magistrate questioning a witness:

"Your name?"

"Josephus Horther."

"Your age?"

"Forty-three."

"Your profession?"

"Dramatic author."

"That is not a profession; it is a disease."

QUALIFICATIONS FOR OFFICE.

Many foreigners return home from a visit to this country with strange ideas of its ways, says the Chicago Chronicle. A Frenchman who was recently in Washington, when back in Paris had this to say concerning membership in congress: "What of the deputies and senators? As with us, they do a great deal more talking than legislative work. They are more free and easy and they are not so reserved. However, this is quite natural in a country where, in order to be elected a deputy, one has only to be the father of eighteen children, all of them born in the same district. If the same conditions were imposed on us we might succeed in making a successful fight against the increasing depopulation of France. What would not one do to become a deputy?"

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of E. P. Emerson, insolvent:

ORDER.

The above entitled matter came on to be heard on the 28th day of December, 1895, on the application of W. B. Silvey, receiver, in which application it was asked among other things that the time in which said receiver shall and may convert the property and assets of the said estate into money and distribute the net proceeds thereof ratably and in proportion to the amount of their several demands among the creditors of the insolvent E. P. Emerson, who have heretofore, and prior to the date of this order made due proof of their several demands, be extended to May 1st, 1896, and that during the period of said extension up to the 1st day of May, 1896, the said receiver shall continue to operate said Spalding hotel in like manner as the same has been operated by him under order of this court from the 10th day of May, 1894, up to the present time, and said application having been duly considered, and it appearing to this court that it will be for the benefit of said estate and of the creditors thereof and of the said insolvent to make the hereinafter mentioned order, it is therefore, this 9th day of March, 1896,

Ordered by the court, that the time in which said receiver shall and may convert the assets of said estate into money and distribute the net proceeds thereof ratably and in proportion to the amount of their several demands among the creditors of the insolvent E. P. Emerson, who have heretofore and prior to the date of this order made proof of their several demands, be extended and is hereby extended to May 1st, 1896, and that during the period of said extension, up to the 1st day of May, 1896, said receiver shall continue to operate said Spalding hotel in like manner as the same has been operated by him under the order of this court from the 1st day of May, 1894, up to the present time; and it is further.

Ordered that prior to April 1st, 1896, said receiver publish an advertisement in a manner herein specified calling for bids to be made prior to April 10th, 1896, for the purchase of the estate of insolvent. It is further

Ordered that the receiver, at the close of the period fixed in said notice for the receipt of bids for the purchase of the property of the insolvent above mentioned, make a report to this court of any bid received by him for the purchase aforesaid, and that on Saturday, the 25th day of April, 1896, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, the question shall be heard and determined of whether any of such bids shall be accepted, if any are made, or whether an order shall be made extending the time of the said receivership, and providing for the operation of the said hotel after the 1st day of May, 1896. And it is further

Ordered that notice of said hearing be given by publication of this order not less than three times in The Duluth Evening Herald and Duluth News Tribune, two papers published and printed in the city of Duluth, during the two weeks immediately preceding said 25th day of April, 1896.

Dated March 9th, 1896.

By the Court.

S. H. MOER, Judge.

Duluth Evening Herald, April-16-17-20.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of the sum of eight hundred ninety-two and 56-100 dollars ($892.56), which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Lulu S. Schiek, single, mortgagor, to William M. Prindle, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of February, 1892, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds, in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 18th day of February, 1892, at 4:50 o'clock p. m., in Book 61 of mortgages, on page 231.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said William M. Prindle, mortgagee, to A. W. Norton by written assignment dated the 9th day of February, 1892, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds, on the 10th day of March, 1892, at 8 o'clock a. m., in Book 73 of mortgages, on page 631.

Which said mortgage, together with said debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said A. W. Norton, the assignee and holder thereof, to Mary Henrietta Brown by written assignment, dated the 2nd day of April, 1892, and recorded on the 7th day of April, 1892, at 8 o'clock a. m., in Book 97 of said mortgages, page 123; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northwest one quarter of the southeast one quarter (nw¼ of se¼) of section twenty-nine (29), township fifty-one (51), range fourteen (14), containing forty acres more or less, according to the government survey thereof, being in St. Louis county, and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 20th day of May, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eight hundred ninety-two and 56-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 10th, 1896.

MARY HENRIETTA BROWN,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

JAQUES & HUDSON,
Attorneys for Assignee.
101-2 and 3 Security building,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, April-16-23-30-May 7-14-21.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 8th, 1896.

In the Matter of the Estate of Jacob Pearing, Deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Anna Pearing, administratrix of the estate of Jacob Pearing, deceased, representing among other things, that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on Monday, the eleventh day of May, A. D. 1896, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 8th day of April, A. D. 1896.

By the Court.

PHINEAS AYER,
(Seal.) Judge of Probate.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-16-23-30.

The Great Eastern

SOLE AGENTS FOR YOUMANS' CELEBRATED STIFF HATS.

Everybody that wears a Hat

Has heard of the John B. Stetson Co. The people who make the best hats in the whole world. We have sold their soft hats for years, and this season have the exclusive agency in Duluth for their celebrated Stetson Special Stiff Hat.

No better recommendation can be given to a customer when you show him a hat than to simply say "this is a Stetson."

The "Stetson Special" Spring Block for 1896.

This hat is always awaited by the swell dressers with interest, and this season it is a beauty. It has a round crown and brim with a rounding d'Orsay curl, rather flat set. The principal colors—Black, Havana Brown and Dark Brown.

Two Grades—$4.00 and $5.00.

Stetson's Monte Carlo, $5.00.

Stetson's Rob Roy, $5.00.

Special Hat Bargains

For Friday and Saturday.

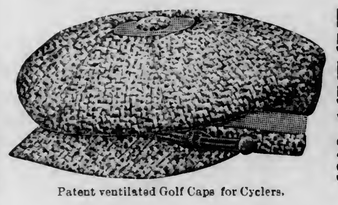
60 dozen Men's Fedora Hats in the best spring colors and and latest shapes, silk trimmed, worth $1.75. Special for Friday and Saturday **98c**

30 dozen Black Stiff Hats, silk trimmed, satin lined, new stylish shapes, worth $2.00 of any man's money. Special for Friday and Saturday..... **$1.19**

25 dozen Black, Brown and Alder Stiff Hats, equal in looks and wear to any $3 00 Derby on earth. Special for Friday and Saturday **$1.98**

The Equal of Any $5.00 Hat for $4.00.

Why pay $1.00 more for some fashionable batters name when it does not make the hat look or wear any better than our "Burrows" Hat. There are some advantages that no fashionable hat maker can give. He can only show his own styles and shapes. We can show his and all the other fashionable batters' styles made up for us in the same qualities of material, but without the name. The $1.00 saved will not be objectionable to many people.



Patent ventilated Golf Caps for Cyclers.

New Golf Caps—50c, 75c, $1.50.
New Golf Yacht Caps—50c, $1.00.
Yacht Caps—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50

The best and cheapest line of Tam O'Shanters in Duluth.
Ladies' Fedoras, the proper kind here.

M. S. Burrows & Co.

"Happy Family."

Another striking evidence of Artist Herbert Conner's ability is displayed today in the corner window of M. S. Burrows' store. It is a fine painting about 3 by 4 feet in size. The subject is Fort Marshall's mastiff dog, which is pictured in repose carefully guarding three little kittens which are romping about secure in the companionship of their huge protecter. It is a wonderfully correct and pleasing picture of animal life and the title is "Happy Family."

Maynard Hall Now.

The name of the Hardy school has been changed. It will hereafter be known as Maynard hall. The privileges of affiliation with the university of Chicago will be continued, which allows graduates at the hall to enter the university without further examination.

Taken Under Advisement.

Judge Moer yesterday took O. W. Baldwin's case under advisement. Mr. Baldwin's case under advisement. Mr. Baldagainst the county for appealed claims was allowed by the county commissioners, and an appeal from that allowance brings up this suit.

Discussed the Plans.

The committee appointed by the chamber of commerce to devise ways and means to keep the work on the waterworks plant going, adjourned last evening after going over the plans and discussing them in the city engineer's office. The members of the committee expressed themselves as being very favorably impressed with the plans. Some of the committee started a discussion on the Minnesota Point scheme, which consumed a good portion of the committee's time. A report will be presented to the chamber at an early date.

WISTERLUND-MERRITT.

The Clifton house, at 219 Fifth avenue west, was the scene of a pretty little wedding last night, Rev. G. H. Humason officiating. Martin D. Merritt was the happy groom, and Miss Lena Eliza Wisterlund was the bride. Both the contracting parties are widely known in Duluth and Superior. The young couple commenced housekeeping today in their new home on Thirteenth avenue west.

After the ceremony at 8:30 o'clock a wedding supper was served, and the invited guests, to the number of about thirty-five, participated.

125 Sacks of "Duluth Imperial" Flour Given Away
===June 6th, 1896.===
Watch this space for particulars.

ARRESTED

A. P. Freeberg Charged With Assaulting a West Duluth Woman.

Claims He Struck Her in the Abdomen With His Fist.

Freeberg Denies Having Hit Her---Has Been Placed Under Arrest.

As the result of a blow delivered by August P. Freeberg, during an altercation yesterday afternoon, Mrs. Emily Roussain, residing on Sixty-third avenue west, near Railroad street, is lying in a precarious condition at her home, with two doctors working over her, and Freeberg is behind the bars at the Central station, under a charge of assault with intent to do great bodily harm.

It is said that Freeberg, who has been prominent in church and social circles, and who is organizer and president of the Scandinavian Union Relief society, has been having some trouble with some of his neighbors of late, he having missed some articles of clothing, the theft of which he charged to certain parties, among whom is Mrs. Roussain.

About 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, the latter called on Freeberg, who resides in the rear of the Relief society building, at the corner of Sixty-third avenue west and Railroad street, in relation to the charges he had been making against her. Exactly what happened cannot be known until Mrs. Roussain shall have recovered sufficiently to tell her story in full, but, according to Freeberg, she abused him, calling him a liar several times, and he finally ordered her out of the house, attempting to enforce his command by pushing her toward the door. The woman resisted and she says that Freeberg struck her a violent blow in the abdomen with his clinched fist.

Freeburg denies that he struck the woman at all, and thinks she must have been injured in falling down the step or in some other way.

Mrs. Roussain, who is in a delicate condition, fainted from pain and fell backwards down the steps to the ground, where she lay until discovered by the people living next door, over an hour afterwards. She was picked up and carried to her home, and Dr. Pearson was summoned. He found that the injured woman's abdomen was bruised and bloating and that she was in great pain. She was made as comfortable as possible and everything that medical skill could suggest was enlisted in the attempt to preserve one life, and possibly two.

Indignation commenced to run high in the locality, and Freeberg rushed up to police headquarters about 4 o'clock in the afternoon to demand protection. No intelligence had been received at the central station on which Freeberg could be held, and he was advised to go back home, it appearing from his story that he had been pitched on in a neighborhood brawl, he exhibiting several bruises on his face to bear out his assertions.

The West Duluth police had, meanwhile, started out after Freeberg and he was arrested at 5 o'clock in the afternoon by Officers Fredel and Schroeder, of the West Duluth station.

He appeared for a preliminary hearing in the municipal court this morning. As the probable outcome of Mrs. Roussain's injuries cannot be ascertained at this time, the hearing was set for Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock, to await developments. Bail was fixed at $500, which the accused was unable to furnish and he was accordingly incarcerated.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio. Phone No. 9.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

Miss Kading, dressmaker, is now located at 312 Temple Opera.

Keystone chapter, No. 20, R. A. M., conferred the Royal Arch degree on a number of candidates from Grand Rapids last evening. Representatives from Grand Rapids, West Superior and West Duluth were present. Speeches and feasting closed the evening.

Helen, the 4-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Cline, who are very well known in Duluth, died in Fort Frances, Ont., Monday, April 6, of a combination of gastritis and pneumonia. The body may be brought to Duluth for interment next fall, but in the meantime is buried at Fort Frances. The family have the sympathy of many Duluth friends in their sore bereavement.

The dealers who were arrested for selling tobacco to minors appeared in the municipal court yesterday and pleaded guilty to the charge, a fine of $5 and costs being imposed in each case. The offenders are Mike Flynn, R. Burger and Dinah Adams.

A meeting of citizens of St. Louis county in general, and Duluth in particular, will be held this evening at 7 o'clock, at the council chamber, to consider the proposed plans for organizing a Citizens' Independent club, which will take a hand in political affairs at the next election.

Charles Nygard was brought in with a broken leg on the steamer Barker yesterday afternoon, and taken to his home on Garfield avenue. Nygard was injured by a log rolling on him while he was at work in the woods, on the north shore, thirty-five miles from Duluth.

Lakeside lodge Order of the World, will have a nightcap social at the King block tomorrow night.

A marriage license has been issued to John E. Hanson and Bolette S. Halvorson.

The following deaths have been reported to the health department: Emil F. Beskin, of Twentieth avenue west and Third street, of caries of the spine; Nels Johnson, of 222 West Sixth street, of old age; Cora Ethel Bergquist, of 1931 West Fourht street, of measles; Herman Wagner, of 706 East Third street, of convulsions.

Rev. S. A. Jamieson will lecture on Friday evening in Highland church on "A Trip to Europe."

The leap year dance given at the Spalding last evening by the young ladies of Professor Gurat's class was a fine success. About sixty couples were present. Hoare's orchestra played.

The High School Musical society will sing "The Palms," by Faure, at the chapel exercises at 9 o'clock Friday morning. Visitors are invited.

The steam ferry Oden is making regular trips between Garfield avenue and Tower slip, though considerable ice is still encountered.

In the municipal court today R. Neddy was found guilty of drunkenness and went up the hill to work out a fine of $10 and costs. Peter McGregor, a "vag," was let off with a suspended sentence on condition that he leave town.

HARTLEY-ROGERS.

Quiet Wedding at the Home of G. G. Hartley.

At 8:30 o'clock Miss Mary E. Hartley, daughter of Mrs. R. R. Hartley, and Rev. Louis G. Rogers, of Buffalo, N. Y., were joined in marriage at the residence of the bride's brother, G. G. Hartley, of 1305 East Superior street. The ceremony was performed by Rev. T. H. Cleland, D.D., of the First Presbyterian church. The wedding was a quiet and simple one but very beautiful. The parlors were decorated with flowers and potted plants, and Hoare's orchestra played. The presents were numerous and handsome.

After the ceremony there was a reception, and about 9 o'clock a wedding supper was served. Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Rogers left on the night train for St. Paul and will go East, leaving there shortly to spend the summer in England.

Among those present were: Governor and Mrs. D. M. Clough, of St. Paul; Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Satterlee, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Hartley, L. G. Truesdell and J. F. Hayden, of Minneapolis; Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Sellwood, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Hazen, Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Neff, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Turle, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. J. N. McKindley, Mr. and Mrs. C. G'Autremont, Miss Sellwood, Miss La Rue Sellwood, Miss Martha Peyton, Luther Mendenhall, Wilcox Ayers, Murray Peyton, C. B. Woodruff, Richard Sellwood and Dr. Ritchie.

CRIMINAL BUSINESS.

Municipal Court Report For the Past Year.

The clerk of the municipal court yesterday afternoon completed his report of the criminal business for the year ending April 1, 1896. It shows in cold figures just how wicked the city is. Considering the increase in population, Duluth people are about as well behaved as during the year preceding.

There were 1782 cases during the year just passed, against 1729 for the previous year. There were 111 grand jury cases, against 96 for the year before. There was one murder case for the period just closed, showing a gain of one in that industry.

The total amount of fines and costs collected for the year just closed is $12,942; and in 1895 it was $14,912.84. Of the grand jury cases, 46 were held, the dismissals being, in nearly every instance, made on motion of the prosecution. There were 141 cases of assault by making threats, only one of which was followed up by the promised pounding. Drunks, of all varieties, numbered 844, against 604 for the year preceding. About one-sixth of the drunks pay their fines, the average of those paying for their fun keeping up despite the hard times.

MONEY TO LOAN
LOWEST RATES—NO DELAY. ANY AMOUNT.
Stryker, Manley & Buck,
TORREY BLDG.

Bloom Under Arrest.

Joseph Bloom had a disagreement with H. D. Greenwood yesterday, during the course of which Greenwood discovered that in the line of tongue lashing and calling names Bloom is vastly his superior. Greenwood accordingly swore out a warrant and had Bloom arrested to get even. The trouble will be rehearsed in the municipal court this afternoon.

Associated Charities.

Capt. J. W. Miller has prepared a statement of the work done by the Associated Charities during January, February and March. It shows a condition of affairs that is encouraging. The number of applications received during this period was more than one-third less than in the same months last year. The work of the Associated Charities has been thorough and systematic, and cannot be too highly commended.

Relief was granted during the three months in 796 cases, of which 43 were single persons, 246 married, 40 widows, 6 widowers, 7 deserted, 455 children. Among the persons aided, the nationalities were divided as follows: Americans 136, English 11, Norwegians 131, Swedes 136, Russians 16, Germans 102, Irish 20, Canadians 106, Polanders 17, Scotch 6, and Danes 6. Of the families aided 140 were Protestants, 81 being Lutherans and 57 were Catholics.

ORDER OF THE WORLD.

The open installation of the Lake Superior lodge of the Order of the World at Normanna hall last evening was largely attended. W. M. Baright, of Minneapolis, deputy supreme president, performed the ceremony, assisted by W. J. Glanville, supreme marshal, and the officers of Lakeside lodge. The program rendered was highly appreciated. Among the numbers were: Piano solo, Miss Summerville; address on "The Order and Its Principles," W. M. Baright; mandolin and guitar duet, G. C. Spalding and J. McMillan; recitation, Mrs. E. R. Stoddard; song, Mrs. E. O. Reppe; reading, Miss Cora Nellis; recitation, Miss J. Nellis. Dancing was kept up until 2 o'clock.

An elegant line of spring millinery at Mrs. O. S. Humes', over Suffel's.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair,
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

HELD UP

Highway Robbery on Fourth Avenue West Early Last Evening.

Dr. McMahon Confronted By Two Men Who Took His Cash.

They Wore Black Masks and Flourished Big Revolvers.

Two masked highwaymen stopped Dr. W. H. McMahon on Fourth avenue west, between Third and Fourth streets, shortly after 9 o'clock last evening, holding him at the point of a revolver while they went through his pockets, robbing him of what money he had on his person, about $4 in amount.

The doctor was plodding up the hill on his way to his boarding place, on West Fourth street, near Third avenue, when two middle-sized men, whom he had noticed approaching, but to whom he had paid no attention, barred his progress with a rough order to hold up his hands.

The rays of a distant light disclosed to the doctor that his interviewers wore black masks, covering the entire upper part of their faces, while the gleaming barrel of a revolver admonished him that discretion is the better part of valor. He at once took the robbers' view of what he ought to do under the circumstances and his arms were at once elevated according to orders. Having appropriated the doctor's cash, the robbers told him to shut up, walk straight ahead and mind his own business.

The whole occurrence occupied a very short time, and ere the victim could realize fully the situation he was continuing on his way up the hill, the ascent being easier because of the decreased weight of the contents of his pockets.

He reported the affair to the police without loss of time and every clue is now being followed by the detectives.

QUICK LOANS—
6% WITH OUR INVALUABLE "On or Before" Repayment Plan.
WITHOUT THE GOLD CLAUSE.
LOWER RATES FOR LARGE LOANS. BUILDING LOANS A SPECIALTY.
B. M. NEWPORT & SON,
W. B. CHAPIN, Mgr. Providence Bdg.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. W. H. Hoyt left today for Minneapolis, where she will spend a month with her mother, Mrs. E. J. Nicol.

Mrs. Peter Toohey and sister, Miss T. Minahan, who have been residing in Duluth the past year, returned to their old home, Bay City, Mich., yesterday.

Archdeacon Appleby, of St. Paul, was at the St. Louis last evening.

C. D. Blackwood came down from Mine Center in the Rainy Lake country yesterday, and will enter the School of Mines at Houghton, Mich. W. N. Preston also came down from Mine Center.

Thomas E. Armistead, of Mobile, Ala., is in the city today.

M. D. Kelly, of St. Paul, was in the city last evening.

D. W. Freeman, of Biwabik, was in the city last evening.

Joseph Canhart, of Minneapolis, formerly president of the normal school at St. Cloud, is in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Wright, of Swan River, are at the St. Louis today.

W. R. Baumbach and boy, of Wadena, are in the city.

J. P. Sims, of Minneapolis, is in the city.

P. S. Brumby, of Menominee, Mich., is in the city.

Fred Farrington, of St. Paul, is in the city today.

R. W. Morey, of Fergus Falls, is in the city today.

A. E. Bleekman, of LaCrosse, Wis., is in the city today.

Superintendent E. L. Brown, of the St. Paul & Duluth road, came up from St. Paul last evening.

Mrs. Theodore Macy has returned from an extended visit at Marquette, Mich.

Mrs. F. C. Dennet left today for Los Angeles, Cal.

W. F. Swan, traveling passenger agent of the Chicago, Burlington & Northern, is in the city today.

Mrs. W. G. Hegardt left today for Seneca, Kan.

Mrs. A. R. Little and Miss Little left today for Flint, Mich.

Mrs. Robert F. Daere and children leave tomorrow for Buffalo to join Mr. Daere, who will superintend the Buffalo agency of the Metropolitan Life Insurance company.

Manager Ed Ball, of the Minnesota mine, came down from Soudan today.

W. E. McCord, of Chippewa Falls, Wis., is in the city.

John Korby, of Ely, is in the city.

Fred G. Stevens, who has been East for two or three months, has returned.

C. P. Cox, of Thomson, is in Duluth today.

THE WEST END JEWELERS.

Hulberg Brothers got in a neat line of jewelry that is for sale cheap.

New so-called remedies spring up every day like mushrooms; but the people still cling to Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

CHANGE OF BASE.

May 1 the Northern Pacific railroad will move its Duluth city offices to the Spalding hotel. Entrance 428 West Superior street.

We have the only padded vans in Duluth for moving furniture. We pay all damages caused by the carelessness of our men. Trunks delivered, 25 cents. Duluth Van Company, 212 West Superior street.

Have you seen those Elgin watches that Hulberg Brothers sell for $10.

DOES IT NOT LOOK REASONABLE That cash and conservative buyers with small store expense can sell goods cheap. Go to Hulberg Brothers, jewelers, and you will not be sorry, 1801 West Superior street.

131 W. Superior Street. SUFFEL & CO. 129-131 W. Superior St. 131 W. Superior Street.

The Sale of All Sales!

Four Bankrupt Shoe stocks now being sold at less than the cost of the leather. Prices astonish the people. It requires no X rays to convince you that there is but one store at the head of the lakes that sells you solid, honest footwear, cheaper than other dealers in their frantic efforts to compete offer their cheap, shoddy Shoes. The circle around which our business revolves is originality, enterprise, honest values, cut prices, aggressiveness and progressiveness. We are the promoters of low prices for high grade footwear. We have no competition. Imitation is the sincerest form of flattery. "WE LEAD," others hobble along, as it were. Our store is packed with customers from day to day. The people are with us. If you need shoes buy them now. We have only one shoe store, it is packed with shoes from ceiling to basement, and they are all made of solid leather and bought by us at about half value. Men's shoes cheap, Ladies' shoes cheap, Children's shoes cheap—shoes for everybody cheap. No connection with any other store. This great shoe sale is at 131 West Superior street.

Suffel & Co.

Auction Sale!

OF HOUSEHOLD GOODS FOR STORAGE CHARGES, 30 WEST SUPERIOR STREET

FRIDAY and SATURDAY,

APRIL 17th and 18th at 2 p. m.

A store full of every class of merchandise which must be sold.

Duluth Feed and Storage Co.
W. D. Gordon, Auctioneer. WAREHOUSEMEN.

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

Can buy a good 8-day clock of Hulberg Brothers now for $3.50.

Men Wanted.....

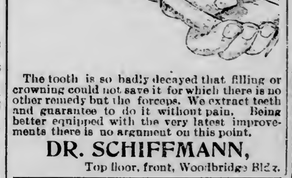
To patronize home trade by buying a $15 Spring Suit of

STOLTZ, the Tailor,

Over 218 W. Superior St.

Every garment made in Duluth by Duluth workmen.

TEETH MUST SOMETIMES BE EXTRACTED!



The tooth is so badly decayed that filling or crowning could not save it for which there is no other remedy but the forceps. We extract teeth and guarantee to do it without pain. Being better equipped with the very latest improvements there is no argument on this point.

DR. SCHIFFMANN,
Top floor, front, Woodbridge Bldg.

DR. FAULKNER,
SPECIALIST,
Successfully treats all chronic, private and nervous disease of male and female. No detention from business. Consultation Free. Office, room 4, over 19 East Superior st Duluth.

DULUTH TRUST CO.,
CAPITAL $130,000.
Surplus and undivided profits $10,000.
Will take entire charge of property for non-residents and others. Collect rents, pay taxes, Insurance, etc.
FRANKLIN J. PULFORD, Pres't.
EDWARD P. TOWNE, V. Pres't.
CALVIN F. HOW, Sec'y

HOTEL OLIVER. ELY, MINN.
Best accommodations on the Range. Newly furnished throughout. Charges moderate. Home comforts for Transients; with good Livery in connection.
R. T. LAWRENCE, Prop.

WOOD!

PER CORD.
Dry Birch and Maple, 4 feet length..... $3.50
Dry Birch and Maple, sawed any length $4.25
Dry Birch and Maple, sawed and split.. $5.00
Full measure guaranteed.

COAL!

We also handle the best grades of hard and soft COAL in the market. Give us a trial.

Duluth Fuel Co.,
220 W. Superior St., Herald Bldg
Telephone 190.

Economy is wealth,

But don't carry it to the extent of injuring your eyes with poor glasses, or neglecting to have them fitted when you cannot see fine print easily at night.

C. D. Trott
Optician.
105 West Superior st.

Roses

Tea and Everblooming Eight for $1
(Price Includes Pots.)

Carnations

At the old Price Per dozen $1

Four houses full of choice plants, nearly everything named in ordinary catalogues.
Everything clean, bright and attractive.
Visitors Welcome at All Times.
LINDSAY'S GREENHOUSES,
Fifty-second avenue east.
Lakeside Cars Stop at the Door.

HOUSES TO RENT.
1715 E. Superior Street, hot water heat, electric lights, all modern improvements, per month $40
Other houses in the East End from $15 to $50.
Money to loan on Real Estate.
THE DULUTH BANKING CO.,
400 BURROWS BUILDING.

A first-class meal served in the best style and at lowest prices at the
SARATOGA RESTAURANT,
25 W. Superior Stree
STEVE HART, Prop.

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

FOURTEENTH YEAR. FRIDAY, APRIL 17, 1896. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Minn Hist Society

The BIG DULUTH

The Child is Father to the Man.

And he feels so if he wears a suit from us.

Taking Care of the Boys!

Is always a first consideration with us. If the children's department be crowded with the best that manufacturers produce we're glad, because if we clothe the boys right, clothing the men right will naturally follow. Therefore,

Mothers, Your Attention!

Never before did we make wiser, closer or more plentiful purchases for the little lads. There is exclusiveness and economy here. Strong, dainty, effective, individual, special clothing for the children.

Blouse Suits--

FOR LADS 4 TO 10.

They're in various all wool fabrics, notable are blue, gray and brown colorings, especially in cheviot cloths. The trimmings add beauty to the suit and do not detract from its lasting quality.

$1.50, $2.00, $3.00, $4.00 and $5.00.

Junior Suit

FOR LADS AGED 3 TO 7.

Mostly in fancy cheviots and worsteds, wool throughout, though other fabrics can be had.

The saving on these Suits will delight you

As much as their beauty and make.

PRICES--

$1.50, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $4.00 and $5.00.

Sack Suits--

FOR LADS 6 TO 16.

Stitched doubly strong as safeguards for the resistless clothes-testing pranks of the ambitious boy. All wool fabrics in dozens of new effects and stylish patterns. They're worth more but we sell them at—

98c, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $4.00, $5.00, $7.00, $10.

Tomorrow, Saturday.....

Bring the boy, and with the abundant light in our Children's department and its excelling scope you'll be sure to please him and satisfy yourself.

The BIG DULUTH

Williamson & Mendenhall

125-127 West Superior Street.

Short and Fat Men and Extra Sized Men!

WE CAN FIT YOU IN SUITS!

Just put in our stock at such popular prices as—

$12.00, $13.00 and $16.00

In regular sizes our stock is immense—handsome patterns $6.00, $8.00, $10.00 and $15.00; better ones in proportion.

CHILDREN'S SUITS AT—

$1, $1.50, $2, $2.50, etc.

C. W. ERICSON,

THE CLOTHIER.

219 West Superior Street.

AUSTIN CAPTURED.

Lena Olson's Murderer Has Been Captured Beyond All Doubt.

James E. Alsop, of Seattle, and A. A. Austin the Same Man.

The Chain of Evidence Against Him is Very Clear and Convincing.

There is little doubt left that at last justice will be satisfied for the brutal murder of Lena Olson, and that her murderer is run to earth. James E. Alsop, alias Albert Ellenson, alias A. A. Austin, was arrested in Seattle, Wash., yesterday by Detective John Courtney, of Minneapolis, on a charge of murder, and as soon as the necessary steps can be taken he will be brought to Duluth for trial. The county attorney is making out the requisition papers today, and as soon as they are completed officers will be sent for him. In the meantime Alsop, for that is his true name, lies in jail in Seattle.

The proof as to his identity is very strong. Details have come out which bind the chain of evidence almost conclusively about him, and little remains to be proven except that A. A. Austin committed the murder, of which there is little doubt. The fact that Alsop is Austin is not to be doubted. Every detail of description is conclusive, and his own hand has written the clues which amply complete the chain.

CHIEF SMITH HERE.

Vernon M. Smith, superintendent of police of Minneapolis, arrived in the city this morning, and he brings with him the evidence which will result in bringing Alsop to justice. A Herald reporter saw Chief Smith in Detective Benson's office this morning, and he told the story of the discovery substantially as follows:

Mary J. Guimond keeps a boarding house in Minneapolis. Some time in March, 1894, a man engaged a room with her, giving the name of Albert Ellenson. He was there several months. He represented himself as a wheat speculator and speculator in general, being, in fact, a gambler.

He frequently endeavored to get Mrs. Guimond to let him take money to speculate with for her, saying that he could double it in a short time. After staying with her several months he left, owing a small bill for board.

He came back in a day or two and left a valise. He then departed for good and she never saw him again except once, when she saw him on the street with a young woman. This was a month or two later, and it must have been near the time of the murder.

VALISE GAVE THE CLUE.

It was this valise that furnished the clues which led to Alsop's arrest. She kept it for a long time, expecting that he would be back, but he did not come, and finally she opened it. She found a number of newspapers, some letters addressed to James E. Alsop and a will made by James E. Alsop in favor of his wife.

Meanwhile the Olson murder case came out in the papers. Mrs. Guimond read the accounts, and some similarities and coincidences struck her. For instance, Alsop claimed to be from England and to be interested in an immense estate there. So did Austin. Furthermore, Ellenson, or Alsop, once told Mrs. Guimond that he might receive letters there under the name of Austin.

"But your name is not Austin," she had replied.

"No, but I might receive letters under that name," said Ellenson.

Recollecting these circumstances, Mrs. Guimond wrote to Chief Smith, saying that if he wanted to hear something about the Olson murder he might do so by calling at her address. She gave no name, and as the police department was constantly receiving similar communications at that time, no attention was paid to it.

HANDWRITING THE SAME.

Finally, however, Detective John Courtney, of the Minneapolis force, was sent to her address. She told what she knew and showed him the contents of the grip. As a result, Chief Smith concluded to investigate. He sent to Duluth and got a specimen of Austin's writing. Detective Benson sent him the clipping from the Merchants' hotel register, where Austin had registered himself and Lena Olson as man and wife. This was compared with the will, and the similarity was so great that Detective Courtney was sent immediately to Tacoma to locate Alsop.

There was no surety that he was there, as he had represented himself in Minneapolis as an Eastern man and an Englishman, and he might have gone in that direction. However, the detective transformed himself into a real estate man and while looking up real estate matters ostensibly, he devoted his time to looking for traces of Alsop, whom at last he located in Seattle.

Last evening he arrested him on a charge of murdering Lena Olson Aug. 21, and he is being held at Seattle for the requisition papers which are in preparation.

Now, as to the evidence. It is nearly all contained in the valise left by Alsop at Mrs. Guimond's. The possession of the letters and the will indicate clearly that Ellenson and Alsop are one and the same person. The personal descriptions, the similar habits and tricks, indicate clearly that Ellenson or Alsop is also A. A. Austin. The resemblances of person and habits are sufficient of themselves, but the hand-writing is absolutely conclusive.

IN ALSOP'S WRITING.

The will is all in Alsop's writing. It covers two sides of a sheet of foolscap, and it leaves all his property to "my dear wife." His children are left $1 each. The will was cancelled in 1890, on the death of his wife, who was killed in Tacoma in that year in a runaway.

The signature on the Merchants hotel register was "A. Austin and wife, St. Paul." Comparing the capital "A" in the signature and in the will they are found to be identical. The same is true of every letter. The whole word "wife" is the best evidence. In the register and in the will, letter for letter, curve for curve, they are exactly the same. His handwriting is a trifle crude and peculiar. His capital "a's" are as round as small letters. In crossing his small "t's" he makes a small curve at the left, where the cross line begins. In dotting his "i's," instead of a dot he makes a small crescent, running from left to right, beginning at an angle of about 45 degrees from a horizontal line across the page. His small "i's" are thin in the upper loop and large and full in the lower loop.

These are some of the peculiarities of his writing, and they are found in both the will, signed and written by James E. Alsop, and found in a valise owned by Albert Ellenson, and the signature of A. A. Austin on the Merchants hotel register. There is no attempt to disguise the hand in the hotel register.

WAS ARRESTED BEFORE.

Dec. 10, 1892, James E. Alsop was arrested in Minneapolis for defrauding G. H. Hollidge, a Tacoma real estate man, of $7971, by selling him real estate to which he had no title. In Ellenson's valise was found a copy of the Minneapolis Tribune of Dec. 11, 1892, giving an account of the arrest and the crime, and describing Alsop as a real estate dealer of Tacoma, in which business he has been engaged, both before and since the murder of Lena Olson.

There was also a Tacoma paper in the valise, giving Alsop's description, but Detective Courtney has that with him in Seattle. The other evidence Chief Smith has left with the Duluth authorities, and he showed them to a Herald man this morning.

In addition to the papers, there was found a handkerchief, which has since been found to be one of Harry Hayward's, and this is another bit of evidence, though not so prominent as other links in the chain. Austin knew Hayward. That much is known. Both were gamblers, and there is much similarity in their crimes.

Austin was known in Minneapolis before the murder, but the police were never able to locate his boarding place until Mrs. Guimond and her story turned up. He had been seen at the Nicollet and other places, but now for the first time is his boarding place discovered.

"The fact that Lena Olson was a Minneapolis girl," said Chief Smith to The Herald reporter this morning, "has always given us much interest in the case, and we have spared no efforts to bring the murderer to justice. Now that we have him, however, and I feel absolutely convinced that this is the right man, we are willing to give this county the honor of stretching the murderer."

A dispatch from Tacoma received this morning says: "James E. Alsop, who was arrested at Seattle yesterday on a charge of having murdered Lena Olsen at Duluth, Minn., in 1894, came here in 1888 from Kansas, where he had been a deputy sheriff. He engaged in the real estate business and several years later was supposed to be worth $80,000. He was made superintendent of the Lake Park, Land & Railway Improvement company, which built a suburban railway, but was removed by the directors. He left Tacoma for Duluth where he engaged in the real estate business and is reported to have gotten into trouble by the alleged forging of a deed, Nov. 24, 1890, also, he drove his wife behind a spirited horse to the top of the hill to look at a house. At the top of the hill he got out for the apparent purpose of fixing the harness. The horse ran away, threw Mrs. Alsop out and she was killed. The body was buried, it is said, without her relatives in the East being notified. Later her brother came out and wanted the body exhumed, alleging foul play. Through the efforts of friends the matter was hushed up. The next July he married Mrs. Julia Minshorn, who had just secured a divorce on the ground of non-support, for which divorce Alsop is alleged to have paid. The couple lived together very unhappy for a year. She still resides here as does also Alsop's son, a young man and his daughter Kate, aged 18. Mrs. Alsop did not wish to make a statement today, but admitted that they did not live happily together."

Alsop's wife was killed in Tacoma, not in Duluth, as the Seattle dispatch states. No one remembers Alsop's having lived here, and it is probable that his visit with Lena Olson was his first.

BENSON WILL GO.

The requisition papers will not be ready before tonight, when an officer will be selected to take them to St. Paul for the governor's signature. It has not been decided yet who is to go. Detective Benson, on account of his previous connection with and interest in the case, wants to go after Alsop, and County Attorney Arbury and Under Sheriff Shephard are of the same mind. Sheriff Butchart is on a train between here and Stillwater, and Mr. Shephard telegraphed him for his decision, which is expected to arrive in time to allow him or another to leave tonight with the papers.

The trip will probably take some little time. Visits must be made to St. Paul and Olympia before going to Seattle, in order to secure the signatures of the governors. Alsop will not be here inside of a week at least.

The entire case so far has taken less than two weeks. It was only twelve days ago that Detective Courtney saw Mrs. Guimond. Immediately Chief Smith wrote to Detective Benson, and he wrote back Austin's description and enclosed his signature from the hotel register.

Benson is telling how he missed the St. Paul & Duluth limited train which burned up in the Hinckley fire. A printer was getting him out some placards containing Lena Olsen's picture, and he was to have had them completed in time for Benson to take them down on that train. They were not ready on time, so Benson missed the train and the Hinckley holocaust.

This afternoon Detective Benson was deputized, and he starts this evening for Tacoma to get Alsop.

PARDRIDGE DEAD.

Famous Chicago Plunger Dies of Bright's Disease.

Chicago, April 17.—Edward Pardridge, one of the most prominent and wealthiest operators on the board of trade died of Bright's disease today after several weeks illness.

Mr. Pardridge's specialty was wheat. It was no unusual thing for him to deal in 3,000,000 to 5,000,000 bushels in one day. On one memorable occasion he was short 15,000,000 bushels. Pardridge's name was on every lip. "Was he to meet a Waterloo or was he to bag the biggest game of his career?" The market soared 5, 8 and even 10 cents; still the little Napoleon of the bears stood out on a great part of the 15,000,000. He instinctively anticipated a rapid decline in the bolstered market. It came, and so sharply that no cover was left to the bulls.

Pardridge made more money thereby than any man had ever before taken out of the market under similar circumstances in Chicago. The plunger's gains in one year were estimated by conservative operators to have reached the total of $1,500,000. Almost equally large were his losses, approaching the $600,000 or $800,000 mark in certain memorable squeezes. His income from selling privileges ranged from $2000 to $3000 a day. At one time he sold calls on 500,000 bushels of wheat, for which he received $50,000. Much of Pardridge's surplus in fortunate periods was safely invested in choice real estate. A short time ago he sold his State street property near Jackson street for over $600,000.

SPECIAL MARINE NEWS.

Rush to Fit Out Lake Vessels Premature.

Cleveland, April 17.—(Special to The Herald.)—The rush to fit out all lake vessels is entirely too early so far as iron ore is concerned. In the absence of sales to the big furnace and steel companies, ore dealers are unable to make arrangements for the distribution of shipments to the various Lake Erie docks, and even should the big furnace companies begin buying within a few days, some time would be required to arrange the dock business. Only a few vessels are offered for first trips from the head of the lakes, and for them vessel owners want $1.

RAINING AT THE SAULT.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., April 17.—(Special to The Herald.)—It is raining this morning, with a light northwest wind. Under the present weather conditions the ice in the Sault river will offer little resistance to boats by Monday next.

STRAITS OF MACKINAW OPEN.

Mackinaw, City, Mich., April 17.—The straits of Mackinaw are open. The first boat to pass through the straits was the steamer City of Berlin, bound from Chicago to Fairport, which passed here yesterday afternoon.

MILL IN PERIL.

Flour Mill in St. Francis Menaced By Flood.

St. Paul, April 17.—A special from Anoka to the Dispatch says: A report was received here before noon that there was danger of the flour mill at St. Francis being undermined. Half of the dam is new. The danger is on the west shore, where the mill stands. The mill and water power are owned by the Woodbury estate, of Anoka. The new steel bridge recently erected by the Gillette-Herzog company is not in danger, being above the dam. Rum river is steadily rising.

WISCONSIN FLOODS.

High Water in Streams About Ashland.

Milwaukee, April 17.—Special to the Wisconsin from Ashland: The water in Northern Wisconsin streams is the highest for years. The employes of the White river pulp mill were out all last night, loosening log jams to save the dam and mill. Logs have been floated back into the woods from many streams and will have to be reloaded after the water subsides. Odanah is overflowed, and the dyke has been washed out of that place. The water is over the threshold of many dwellings.

CHILDREN SUFFOCATED.

Five Smothered in a Massachusetts Fire Today.

Turners Falls, Mass., April 17.—Five children were smothered to death by a fire in a tenement block here today. The fire originated in the basement of the five-story block in which the children and their parents were living. The fire spread so rapidly that the second floor inmates were barely able to escape.

Though blind and nearly overcome by the smoke, a man named Comartine, who lived on the upper floor, seized two of his small children and carried them to a place of safety. Two more children were carried out, but the others perished. A cripple escaped by going down a clothes line. The dead are:

Joseph Comartine, aged 16 years.
Edwar Comartine, aged 9.
Annie Dubois, aged 4.
Lena Dubois, aged 7.
Rosie Bemmler, aged 10 years.

DICK MOORE'S CHALLENGE.

St. Paul, April 17.—Dick Moore, the pugilist, has issued a sweeping challenge to meet any 158 pound man anywhere for any amount, and especially announces that he will beat Paddy Purtell in ten rounds or forfeit everything.

TREASURY CONDITION.

Washington, April 17.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows available cash balance $270,448,466; gold reserve, $127,047,281.

Panton & White's First Grand Challenge Sale....

Has created a most wonderful excitement on both sides of the bay, and has thoroughly demonstrated the fact there is but "ONE STORE" at the Head of the Great Lakes to buy merchandise.

Our Colossal List of Magnificent Bargains

for our usual big Saturday's trade will be a paralyzer for all imitators and would-be competitors. Bargains that will speak for themselves. Bargains when bought the purchaser will be our best advertisement. Bargains that can only be found at the Big Store. Can you afford to stay away Saturday? We say you CAN'T.

Cut Flowers Saturday . . .

Another immense purchase of choice Fresh Cut Flowers.

6,000 ASSORTED ROSES, extra fine, consisting of Meteors, Brides, Bridesmaids, Pearls, Wootens, etc., go on sale Saturday at the ridiculous price of 25c.

25c Per Doz.

WORTH $1.00.

Bargain Counter No. 1.

7000 yards extra choice Wash Fabrics, all kinds of goods worth 18c, 20c, 25c and 35c, Challenge Price, Saturday..... 10c

Bargain Counter No. 2.

Challenge Sale of Laces, Handkerchiefs, Embroideries.

The Prices will Surprise You....

Bargain Counter No. 3.

Garden Seeds, 5 packets for.. 2½c Both Flower and Vegetable.

Potted Plants, Bulbs for Spring Planting, Lawn Seeds, Lawn Dressing, Etc.

Get one of our Seed Catalogues.

Silks.

One lot odds and ends of Silks and Satin Crepes and Swivel, worth 50c to 65c, Challenge Price, ... 25c

49c—An endless assortment of Check Taffeta, Stripe Taffeta, changeable Silks in figures, worth 75c to $1.15, all go at, ... 49c

Black Goods.

50 pieces All Wool Black Dress Goods, worth $1.00 to $1.25, all go at, Challenge Price..... 69c

10,000 yards of black and colored Percaline Finished Cambrics, the best lining in the market, worth 7c to 8c, Challenge Price..... 4c

Extra Fine Fresh Gum Drops....

7½c or 2 lbs for 15c

1000 pounds Crystalized Gum Drops, the kind you pay 25c for anywhere else, Saturday, 2 pounds for... 15c

Ladies' Suits.

Handsome Tailor Made Suits, Reefer or Blazer Jackets and 5-yard Skirts, made of fine storm serge colors, black and navy, worth $10.00; note the price, ... $7.50

Ladies' Skirts.

Made of good figured brilliantine, lined throughout, full width, regular value, $4 00, sale price $2.48

Children's Jackets.

New spring styles with large sailor collar, color red, navy and tweed mixtures, sizes 2 years to 14 years, regular value, $3 75, for Saturday only... $2.48

Boys' Pants.

150 pairs of good strong Knee Pants, sizes 4 to 12 years, choice Saturday, for..... 25c

Corset Dept.

Ball's famous Kabo Corsets, made of good strong coutel, well stayed and boned, colors black, white and drab, worth 75c, Saturday's price, ... 48c

Muslin Underwear.

Fine Muslin Gowns, with full sleeves, pointed yoke, prettily tucked and embroidered, regular value $1.00, Saturday's price, ... 65c

Shirt Waists.

Made of good quality percale, very full sleeves, great variety of styles and colors, worth $1.25, for Saturday, only..... 89c

Get Your Books Saturday.

500 of the latest Novels, publisher's price 50c; Saturday, each... 15c

650 cloth bound Novels, popular authors, worth 50c; Saturday... 19c

Webster's Unabridged Dictionaries, same size and containing all the words the $10 edition has; Saturday, only..... 69c

Drug Dept.

The new Kola Compound, worth $1, for..... 75c

Allcock's Plasters, worth 25c, for 12½c

Ayer's Pills, worth 25c, for..... 15c

Sarsaparilla, worth $1, for..... 49c

Shoe Dept.

Ladies—Take your choice of all those fine Dongola Shoes; been selling for $3, $3 50 and $4; Saturday.... $2.48

Gentlemen—Do you know what a "Hanan Shoe" is? Take your choice of about 300 pairs, Saturday.... $2.48

200 pairs of Child's Spring Heel Shoes, in dongola and straight goat, worth $1.50; Saturday, ... 75c

Saturday Flyers

100 doz Nos. 7, 8 and 9 enameled iron Teakettles; your choice of any size for Saturday, only, each..... 75c

100 doz patent fruit presses and potato ricers, for Saturday only, each..... 25c

500 barrels Flint Glass Tumblers, for Saturday only, each..... 2c

100 doz decorated China Syrup Cans, with plated tops; regular 48c quality; for Saturday only, each..... 25c

Store Open Until 10 P. M.

Panton & White

ARRESTED

Bishop Alberte Jesus Diaz is a Prisoner in Havana Today.

He Is Charged With Aiding and Abetting the Cause of Cuba.

A Naturalized American and This Government Will at Once Investigate.

Washington, April 17.—The state department has received a cablegram from Consul General Williams at Havana announcing the arrest of Protestant Bishop Alberte Jesus Diaz, who is well known throughout the South and to many church people in all parts of the United States. Diaz is a naturalized American and of strong Cuban sympathies, but his friends insist that his work in Cuba has been confined to proselyting for the church, and deny any participation in the rebellion on his part. The message from Consul General Williams contained no details.

The case will be closely followed up by the representatives of the United States, who will take the customary steps to protect the interests of an American citizen. The consul general will insist on a civil trial, should the matter go to the length of a trial. It may be that his release can be obtained without the necessity of a trial, but on this point nothing can be said in advance of an investigation, which Mr. Williams will make into the circumstances leading up to and developed at the arrest.

STATE SUPREME COURT.

Judge Buck Hands Down Three Decisions.

St. Paul, April 17.—In the supreme court yesterday Judge Buck handed down the three following decisions:

James Donovan, respondent, vs. Emil F. Sell, appellant. In September, 1893, the plaintiff, as security for a debt payable in September, 1894, executed to defendant a mortgage on crops of grain to be raised on the defendant's farm during the season of 1894. By the terms of the mortgage the mortgagor was to remain in possession as long as its covenants and conditions were fulfilled, but it was also provided that if the mortgagor should make any attempt to dispose of the property thereupon the mortgagee should have the right to take possession. Shortly afterward the plaintiff, as security for a debt payable in October, 1894, executed another chattel mortgage of like terms on the same property to another person. Held that the execution of the second mortgage was not an attempt to dispose of the property within the meaning of the provisions of the first mortgage. Order affirmed.

Halvor Steenerson, appellant, vs. Great Northern Railway company, defendant. Patrick Meehan et al, intervenors, respondents: A demurrer will only lie to a whole pleading or to the whole of a single cause of action or defense. Knoblauch vs. Foglesong, 38 Minn., 439, followed. Held that allegations of special or consequential damages in the intervenor's complaint growing out of the alleged prior wrongful acts of the plaintiff are not statements of separate causes of action and therefore not demurrable. Order affirmed.

In re estate of Gottfried Schmidt and the appeal of Christina Spriesterbach et al, appellants, vs. Julius Schmidt et al, respondents. Whereupon appeal to this court the question to be determined depends upon an issue of fact, there must be a settled cause or bill of exceptions affirmatively that all the testimony pertaining to such issue is presented. Judgment affirmed.

MARYLAND POPULISTS.

Elect Delegates to Their Convention at St. Louis.

Baltimore, April 17.—The Populist state convention has elected the following delegates to their national convention at St. Louis: At large, S. S. Field, Baltimore city; Walter Vrooman, Dorchester county; W. S. Branson, Prince George's. First district, Ira L. Guilford, of Calvert county; Second district, Charles Joys, of Cecil county; Third district, J. C. Kemp, of Baltimore; Fourth district, Hiram Vrooman, of Baltimore; Sixth district, Singleton Dieffenbaugh, Albany county. The platform adopted reaffirms the Omaha platform of 1892. The delegates to the St. Louis convention are instructed to use all honorable means to effect a union of all opposed to the rule of money bugs, if not under the same name, at least under the same leaders.

FROSTS IN CALIFORNIA.

San Francisco, April 17.—Severe frosts during the last two nights have caused much damage to fruit in the orchards in the center of the state. A dispatch from Fresno says that serious damage was done in the vineyards there and that the frosts will cause a short raisin crop. Two-thirds of the grape crop in the vicinity of Calistoga were destroyed and fruits of all kinds suffered to some extent. The frost had a killing effect on grape vines in the vicinity of Stockton, and the vineyard men declare there will not be half a crop of grapes from the neighboring counties.

thin baby

To be thin, for a baby, is to be deprived of its natural ease; to suffer and not be able to feel it; to wear a sad pinched face; to live on the edge of sickness; to grow imperfectly; and to lose the power of resisting disease. When a baby is thin it needs more fat than it gets from its food; it is starved, fat-starved. **Scott's Emulsion** is the easiest fat it can have; the fat it needs.

50c. and $1.00 at all druggists.

HANCOCK'S STATUE.

Will Be Unveiled in Washington About May 15.

Washington, April 17.—Col. J. M. Wilson, corps of engineers, who has the matter in charge, as the personal representative of Secretary Lamont, is making arrangement for the public dedication of the equestrian statue of Gen. Hancock in this city about the middle of next month. The statue is entirely completed and was placed in position in the reservation at the intersection of Pennsylvania and Seventh avenues yesterday. The statue is enveloped in a canvas covering that will not be permanently removed until the day set apart for its unveiling. It will be temporarily removed in a few days, however, just long enough to permit an inspection of the statue by the national committee charged with its erection. This body consists of Secretary Lamont and Senators Mills, of Texas, and Cockrell, of Missouri.

Their inspection is for the purpose of seeing that the sculptor has executed his work in strict accordance with his contract with the government. This action is preliminary to the formal acceptance of the statue and the payment of the balance due upon it. Capt. Wilson says that the arrangements for the dedication have not yet been fully completed, although it had been practically decided that the ceremony should take place between May 10 and 15.

It is settled that the dedication will be made the occasion of a most imposing military demonstration, in which all the available federal troops at Washington barracks and at Fort Meyer, the National Guard of the district, all the local posts of the G. A. R., the Union veteran legion and the Second army corps will participate.

CLAIMS DISALLOWED.

American Sailors Get Nothing From the Chilians.

Oakland, Cal., April 17.—After five years the claims of Patrick Shields and Andrew McKinstry against the Chilian government for injuries received from assaults of a Chilian mob at Santiago have finally been thrown out of the courts and the commissions. Shields and McKinstry were sailors on the Keewanah that entered Santiago harbor a week after the Baltimore sailors were so roughly handled in that city, in 1891. They made claims against the government of Chili. Shields for $100,000, and McKinstry for $20,000.

President Harrison made these two claims a very important part of one of his messages to congress in January. In this, though he said the men were foreign subjects, they were sailing under the protection of the American flag, and that they should receive the same protection as American citizens. Fallien Orr, of this city, attorney for Shields and McKinstry brought the matter before the British claim commission, composed of Frederick Kerr, as the representative of Great Britain and a representative from Chili and Germany.

CANTEEN LITIGATION.

Army Officers Insisting on a Conclusion.

Omaha, April 17.—A special to the Bee from Chadron, Neb., says: A new phase of the fight on the Fort Robinson canteen came up today when the United States marshal arrived from Omaha with writs of habeas corpus in favor of one of the army officers in the custody of the sheriff for closing the canteen.

The sheriff is required to show the United States court by what authority he holds United States army officers for alleged offenses committed on property over which the federal government has exclusive control. Those who inspired the arrest of the canteen officers primarily are anxious to drop the matter, but the fort officers desire the question settled for future references.

MAFFIT RESIGNS.

He Feels Sore Over the Sedalia Convention.

St. Louis, April 17.—Charles C. Maffit has resigned as chairman of the Democratic state central committee. He denies that he resigned as a result of the Sedalia convention. He said he had been considering the question for some time and that he had decided to resign before he went up to Sedalia, but had waited until after the convention before taking that action.

He said that even if he had been elected a district delegate to the Chicago convention of the insurgents of Zeitoun was in his resignation as chairman of the committee. Mr. Maffit has about decided to go before the national convention at Chicago and contest the action of the Sedalia convention in refusing to ratify his nomination as a district delegate.

CANADIAN FLOOD.

Caused By an Ice Jam in the Rideau River.

Kemptville, Ont., April 17.—An ice jam in the Rideau river has backed up its waters to such an extent that for miles around farm lands are deeply submerged, and it is feared many lives will be lost. The Prescott & Ottawa branch of the Canadian Pacific railway is for some miles covered with water. To protect the trains going through gangs of men are at work keeping the railway track free from drift wood.

DO NOT WANT A MUSSELMAN.

Constantinople, April 17.—The foreign ambassadors have protested against the appointment of a Musselman as governor of Zeitoun, this being contrary to the agreement between the porte and the powers as a result of which the surrenvention he would still have sent brought about. The Turkish government has promised to instruct the valis of Bitlis and Kharput to permit the distribution of relief to the Armenians in accordance with the arrangements previously concluded between the porte and the United States charge d'affairs, J. W. Riddle and the British ambassador, Sir Phillip Currie.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

MAY PUBLISH THE LETTERS.

London, April 17.—Gen. Booth has cabled to the Salvation Army headquarters at New York, instructing the officers to publish the letters in their possession in regard to the charges made by Ballington Booth against the general and his administration.

DEADLY

Bob Fitzsimmons, the Pugilist, Nearly Electrocuted in Cleveland Yesterday.

He Was Knocked Out By Electricity For Over an Hour.

As it Was Nero, His Pet Lion, Was Killed Almost Instantly.

Cleveland, April 17.—Robert Fitzsimmons, the prize fighter, came within an inch of being electrocuted last night. As it was, his pet lion, Nero, was killed and Fitz was severely shocked and quite seriously burned. On account of the extremely warm weather the lion was yesterday taken to the roof of Rumsey's gymnasium, where he was chained up. Shortly after midnight last night Fitz, accompanied by Ernest Raeber, the wrestler, and Lewis Roberson, an attache of the gymnasium, went up on the roof to see the animal.

On reaching the roof Fitz called to the lion, which, upon hearing his master's voice, sprang forward to the length of the chain and over some electric light wires. A shower of sparks quickly followed at the contact of the chain with the wires. The lion received a shock and again jumped toward Fitzsimmons, who sprang back against the wall of an adjoining building. The lion sprang past him, drawing the chain tight around the pugilist's thighs, who cringed under the severe shock.

In his agony the lion leaped over the roof and hung by the neck. Fitz was pulled from the chain and removed to his hotel. There is a burn across his thigh and a small burn on the knuckle on the index finger of the right hand.

Fitz was in a dazed condition for over an hour. When the lion was pulled up from the side of the building he was dead.

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

RACING AT WASHINGTON.

Formal Opening of Season Next Saturday.

Washington, April 17.—A racing meeting of thirteen days duration will be inaugurated at the Bennings' race track Saturday afternoon by the newly organized Washington club. The meeting will formally open the Eastern season of legitimate racing, a season which will continue until the middle of next November. Two years ago, as a result of a decision in the local courts, legitimate racing in his district was discontinued and since that time there has been none of the sport witnessed in this vicinity, except that on the Arlington and Alexander Island tracks, which during the greater portion of their existence were declared "outlawed" by the jockey club.

Washingtonians are therefore delighted with the resumption of legitimate horseracing, and will no doubt lend their hearty support to the organization. Many improvements have been made in the track and the grounds greatly beautified. There will be no public gambling at the track, the pool has torn down the old pool rig and erected another building on the spot. The club house is provided with every convenience, commanding a fine view of the course. The grand stand has been improved, the old club house for members has been enlarged and the paddock has been made a modern one, both as to size and convenience. Many new stables have been erected and the track has been made one of the fastest in the country. The jumping races will be a feature of the meeting and the newly constructed steeplechase course is regarded as one of the most beautiful and difficult in the country.

An excellent program has been arranged for the entire meeting, and it calls for five races each day, the first event being started at 3:15 in the afternoon. In the stake races about every stable of importance in the East is represented.

FREEMAN APPOINTED.

Will Keep Tally For the State on Ore Production.

St. Paul, April 17.—State Auditor Dunn has appointed Dudley W. Freeman, of Biwabik, special agent of the state to look after its mining interests in the Mesaba range. Mr. Freeman has authority necessary to inspect the weighing of ore, test scales and in every way protect the state's interest.

The state has three valuable mineral leases on the Mesaba range, and the income in taxes and royalty is considerable. As has been previously stated in the press, Mr. Dunn proposes to take every precaution to see that no portion of this income is left unpaid.

CONGRESS OF RELIGIONS.

Washington, April 17.—The first national congress of religious education, under the auspices of the American society devoted to that work, will be held in this city on Monday next and will continue until Thursday. Secretary Hilary A. Herbert and Justice Brown will be present. There will be ten sessions of the congress, at which Gen. John Eaton, ex-United States commissioner of education, and Dr. J. Geary, ex-president of the Illinois university, will preside. The list of speakers includes the names of sixty well-known educators and men in public life.

The theme for the first meeting, "Religious Education and National Prosperity," will be discussed by Senator Thurston, Rev. J. E. Grammar, of Baltimore, and Rev. W. H. Milburn, the blind chaplain of the senate.

A RECEIVER'S ATTORNEY.

Omaha, April 17.—Judge Blair has received an appointment as attorney for the receivers of the Union Pacific for the state of Idaho, with headquarters at Pocatello. Judge Blair was formerly a judge of the district court of this county, his term having expired in January of this year.

AN EGYPTIAN SKIRMISH.

Suakin, April 17.—In an encounter which has taken place between a force of Dervishes and a detachment of Egyptian cavalry, thirty Dervishes and eighteen Egyptians were killed.

TWENTY-FOUR POUNDS.

This Is What L. S. Hewitt Gained By Using a Great Remedy.

He Suffered From Asthma For Twenty Years—Read What He Says and Do as He Did.

The proprietors of Dr. Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets are constantly in receipt of unsolicited testimonials of which the following is a sample. It is published only after inquiry which shows that the writer is a man of prominence and influence in his community.

Kenyon, Goodhue county, Minn., Feb. 7, 1896—Eureka Chemical and Manufacturing company—Gentlemen: I wish to say for the benefit of those who are suffering as I have done that I have derived great relief from using Dr. Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets that you manufacture. Last summer, before I began taking these tablets, my weight got down to 117 pounds. Now I weigh 141 pounds. My trouble is asthma which I have had for twenty years. I have taken, I think, all the asthma cures I ever heard of and often wondered when reading the testimonials if I would ever be able to write one. I give this after giving your tablets a fair trial. I am very much benefitted. While I do not expect to be cured, your remedy has built me up so I am better able to stand the attacks when they come and the attacks are very much lighter and shorter than ever before. If anybody doubts my statement they can ascertain the facts by corresponding with any one in our town—banker, postmaster, merchant, hotelkeeper, doctor or druggist. I am well known by all. Yours truly,

L. S. Hewitt.

Mr. Hewitt strikes the nail square when he tells how the tablets built up his strength. That is just what they do. They are sure as an invigorator for nerves, brain, heart and muscles.

Fifty cents and $1 per box (one month's treatment). See Dr. Charcot's name on box. Kola booklet free. All druggists or sent direct. Eureka Chemical and Manufacturing company, La Crosse, Wis. and Boston, Mass.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Western roads will make a one fare round trip rate to St. Louis for the national Republican convention for points within 200 miles of St. Louis. The same rate is also made for the Democratic convention at Chicago, with the same restrictions. Republican convention sale is from June 13 to 17, good until June 21. Democratic sale is July 4 to 8, good to return until July 12. The Prohibitionists get a similar concession for their Pittsburg convention May 24, 25 and 26, good to return until May 30.

At the billiard tournament at Boston last night Schaefer defeated Daly by a score of 300 to 260 and Ives defeated Garnier by a score of 300 to 208.

Chicago medical experts after several experiments with the Roentgen rays declare that typhoid and diptheria bacilli are absolutely destroyed by the rays.

At Milwaukee, Mootz, a carrier pigeon, owned by Otto L. Kuehn, of that city, which the owner released at Denver sixteen days ago, reached the home coop last evening. What makes the feat the more remarkable is that the bird has been cooped all winter.

Arthur Cecil, the actor, is dead at Brighton, England.

The Mississippi bridge that was washed away at Royalton, Minn., by ice, logs and high water, lodged on an island about a mile below the crossing, right side up, and apparently in good condition. The town will get it back in some shape.

Flossie Robinson, the dusky half breed from Crookston, who was sent to the reformatory at St. Cloud and could not be received there because there is no female ward at that institution, and who has been serving her time at the Stearns county jail, has been paroled. She will be employed at the county jail as a domestic, where she is in the custody of Mrs. Doty, the matron.

Game Warden Mendenhall, who disappeared from Mankato several weeks ago, leaving a wife and six children, and who was thought to have been foully dealt with in the discharge of his duties, has been heard from. He writes to a neighbor from Deadwood, S. D., that he is "free and intends to stay so," and is going West. He gives intimation that family troubles have led him to leave.

Chicago had a very hot April spell of weather yesterday, the thermometer standing at 90 in the afternoon.

At Lexington, Ky., Paul M. Goetz, a baker, was found hanging from a hook at his home by a police officer and cut down. He is still alive but cannot recover. He left a letter addressed to four secret societies, of which he was a member, stating that his wife had asked him to kill himself, as she no longer cared for him.

At Indianapolis yesterday Gen. and Mrs. Harrison gave their first informal reception since their marriage at their home in North Delaware street.

At London the Standard announces that ex-King Milan, of Servia, will start in May for a tour of the United States, which may extend to San Francisco and around the world.

At Philadelphia H. H. Holmes was baptized and received into the Roman Catholic church yesterday between 10 and 11 o'clock. The ceremony was performed by Rev. P. J. Daley, pastor of the Church of the Annunciation, within the four walls of Holmes' cell. The condemned man went through the ceremony slowly and solemnly and with every evidence of sincerity.

Old Chief Black Hawk, now 100 years old, is dying at his wigwam nine miles north of Fairchild, Wis. The old chief is the last of his race, being a direct descendant from Black Hawk, the noted chief of the wars of 1832. The dying warrior is the only remnant of the once powerful Winnebago tribe for the last half century.

BASEBALL YESTERDAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 3; Boston, 7.

At Baltimore—Baltimore, 5; Brooklyn, 6.

At St. Louis—St. Louis 5; Cleveland, 2.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 1; Pittsburg, 9.

At Louisville—Louisville, 2; Chicago, 4.

At Washington—Washington, 6; New York, 3.

EXHIBITION GAMES.

At Detroit—Detroit, 6; Toledo, 7.

At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 18; University of Michigan, 11.

The National league season opened yesterday with a total attendance of 37,250 at all games. Philadelphia's ball grounds showing the largest number, 23,000. At Washington the members of congress were in attendance, and there was good weather all over the circuit.

The Western league games open next Wednesday, April 22.

SWIFT'S COMET SEEN.

Mount Hamilton, Cal., April 17.—Swift's comet was observed at Lick observatory last evening. Its position, as observed by President Hussey, was 8 ascensions, 3 hours, 30 minutes and 20 seconds, declination 18 degrees, 19 minutes north on April 16, 0.6896 Greenwich mean time. The comet is moving north at the rate of 2½ degrees per day and very slowly westward. It is about as bright as a seventh magnitude star and has a decided condensation in its head and a short tail.

WANTS IMMIGRATION RESTRICTED.

Washington, April 17.—The secretary of the national Junior Order United American Mechanics has been here for several days in interest of restriction of immigration. It is claimed that more petitions have been sent to congress this session in favor of the passage of some bill to restrict immigration, than ever before.

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

OFFICE OF
BLACKWELL'S DURHAM TOBACCO COMPANY.
DURHAM, N. C.

To ALL Merchants Who Retail TOBACCO.

Dear Sir:

You are entitled to receive FREE from your wholesale dealer, WHITE STAR SOAP with all the

Blackwell's Genuine Durham Smoking Tobacco you buy. One bar of soap Free with each pound, whether 16 oz., 8 oz., 4 oz., or 2 oz., packages.

We have notified every wholesale dealer in the United States that we will supply them with soap to give you FREE. Order a good supply of GENUINE DURHAM at once, and insist on getting your soap. One bar of Soap FREE with each pound you buy. Soap is offered for a limited time, so order to-day. Yours very truly,

BLACKWELL'S DURHAM TOBACCO COMPANY.

If you have any difficulty in procuring your soap, cut out this notice and send it with your order to your wholesale dealer.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of $408.77, which is claimed to be due and which is due, at the date of this notice, upon a mortgage made by Ambrose M. Cox, and Lucinda A. Cox, his wife, (sometimes written L. A. Cox), mortgagors, to Lucy Gray Harrison, executrix of Matthew B. Harrison, deceased, mortgagee, dated June 27, 1893, acknowledged June 28, 1893, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on June 29, 1893, at 8:30 o'clock a. m., in Book 81 of mortgages, on page 113.

Said mortgage, together with the indebtedness thereby secured, was duly assigned by said Lucy Gray Harrison, executrix of Matthew B. Harrison, deceased, to Jno. F. T. Anderson, and Archer Anderson, administrator of Joseph L. Anderson, deceased, by an instrument in writing, dated June 28, 1893, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for said St. Louis County, Minnesota, on June 29, 1893, at 8:30 o'clock a. m., in Book 97, of mortgages, on page 468.

No action or proceeding has been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Notice is hereby given that said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described, and situate in said St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit:

Lot fifteen (15), in block five (5), in Marine Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof in the office of the register of deeds in said county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota.

Said sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Saturday, the second day of May, 1896, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the amount due upon said mortgage debt, and interest, and $25.00 attorneys' fees, as stipulated in said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 19, 1896.

JNO. F. T. ANDERSON,
ARCHER ANDERSON,
Administrator of Joseph L. Anderson, deceased,
Assignees of Mortgage.

COTTON, DIBELL & REYNOLDS,
Attorneys for Assignees of Mortgage,
317-320 Chamber of Commerce,
Duluth, Minnesota.
March-20-27-April-3-10-17-24.

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of that certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Elizabeth P. Sander, widow of Wm. W. Sanders, deceased, her husband, mortgagors, to Samuel E. Stokes, mortgagee, bearing date January 25, 1892, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Jan. 29, 1892, at four o'clock p. m., in Book 98 of mortgages, page 213.

Said default consists in the non-payment of the interest coupon notes secured by said mortgage, which became due according to their terms respectively on July 25, 1895; Jan. 25, 1896; July 25, 1896, and Jan. 25, 1896, each of which coupons is for the sum of $560.00.

The undersigned under the terms of said mortgage has by reason of such default declared the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage due and payable with interest, and there is, therefore, claimed to be due, and there is actually due at the date of this notice on said mortgage debt, the sum of $16,590.92; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot 66 and all that part of lot 68 that lies easterly of a line drawn through said lot 68 parallel with and equidistant from the easterly and westerly lines of said lot, all on West First street, Duluth Proper, First Division, in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 9th day of May, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $16,590.92 and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and two hundred dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 25th, A. D. 1896.

SAMUEL E. STOKES,
Mortgagee.

S. T. & WM. HARRISON,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
Rooms 606-617 Torrey Building,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, March-27-A-3-10-17-21-May-1

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of $10,270.44, which is claimed to be due and which is due at the date of this notice, upon a mortgage, containing a power of sale, made by Joseph Wolf and Jennie C. Wolf, his wife, mortgagors, to The Cascade Bank, of the village of Cascade, county of Dubuque and state of Iowa, dated July 1, 1892, acknowledged September 2, 1892, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on September 6, 1892, at 11:10 o'clock a. m., in Book 91 of mortgages, on page 156.

No action or proceeding has been instituted at law, or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Notice is hereby given that said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described, and situate in said St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit:

The westerly one-half (½) of lot eighty-four (84), in block two (2), Third division of the city of Duluth and state of Minnesota, aforesaid, being twenty-five (25) feet front on Superior street and running the same width easterly to Michigan street one hundred and twenty (120) feet.

Said sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Saturday, the second day of May, 1896, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said mortgage debt and interest thereon, and $200.00 attorneys' fees, as stipulated in said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 19, 1896.

THE CASCADE BANK,
Of the Village of Cascade, County of Dubuque, and State of Iowa,
Mortgagee.

COTTON, DIBELL & REYNOLDS,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
317-320 Chamber of Commerce,
Duluth, Minnesota.
March-20-27-April-3-10-17-24.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Hugo Speier and Augusta Speier, his wife, mortgagors, to William E. Lucas, mortgagee, bearing date February first (1st), 1893, and recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on February sixth (6th), 1893, at four (4) o'clock p. m. in Book one hundred two (102) of mortgages on pages two hundred twenty-three (223), two hundred twenty-four (224) and two hundred twenty-five (225) thereof; which mortgage, with the debt thereby secured, was thereafter duly assigned by said William E. Lucas to W. F. Merrill, by an instrument dated February thirteenth (13th), 1893, and recorded in said register of deeds' office, on February thirteenth (13th), 1893, at 3:10 o'clock p. m., in Book eighty-three (83) of assignment of mortgages, on page three hundred sixty-three (363) thereof; and whereas said W. F. Merrill has since died, and letters testamentary on his estate have been granted to Franklin Trust Company, as executor of the estate of said decedent, a duly certified copy of which letters has duly recorded in the office of said register of deeds for said St. Louis County, Minnesota, and which executor has duly qualified; such default consisting in the nonpayment of the two semi-annual installments of interest upon said mortgage debt, which became due respectively on July 1, 1895, and January first (1st), 1896, amounting to the sum of seventy-five dollars, and which defaults still continue by reason whereof the undersigned executor of said assignee of said mortgage, has elected to exercise the option given by the terms of said mortgage, and of the note thereby secured, by declaring, and it does hereby declare, the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage and note, with all accrued interest thereon, and also the sum of fourteen and 85-100 ($14.85) dollars heretofore paid for insurance premiums upon the premises covered by said mortgage, to be now due and payable.

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of two thousand one hundred seventy-six and 14-100 ($2176.14) dollars, principal, interest and exchange and insurance premiums paid.

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All of fractional block sixty-seven (67), and lots numbered nine (9), ten (10) and eleven (11), in block numbered seventy (70), London Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, on file of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said St. Louis County; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the twenty-fifth (25th) day of April, A. D. 1896, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest, insurance premiums and taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fee, stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 10th, A. D. 1896.

FRANKLIN TRUST COMPANY,
As Executor of the will of W. F. Merrill,
Assignee of Mortgage.
FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Assignee
March-13-20-27-April-3-10-17.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Charles A. Mair, Plaintiff.

vs.

Walter Van Brunt and Mary A. Van Brunt,

Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 12th day of March, 1896, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, as sheriff of St. Louis County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, on Saturday, the twenty-fifth (25th) day of April, 1896, at ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due thereon, with expenses of sale, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lots numbered nineteen (19), twenty-one (21), twenty-three (23), twenty-five (25), twenty-seven (27) and twenty-nine (29), in block numbered fifteen (15), and lots numbered one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4), five (5), six (6), seven (7) and eight (8), in block numbered sixteen (16), in Bay Front Division of Duluth, First Rearrangement, according to the recorded plat thereof.

Dated March 13th, 1896.

W. W. BUTCHART,
As Sheriff of St. Louis County, Minn.
By AMOS SHEPHARD,
Deputy.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
March-13-20-27-April-3-10-17.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 3rd, 1896.

In the matter of the estate of John C. Eckert, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of David S. Eckert, administrator, with the will annexed, of the estate of John C. Eckert, representing among other things that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final accounts of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered that said account be examined and petition heard by this court, on Monday, the 27th day of April, A. D. 1896, at ten o'clock a. m. at the probate office in Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 3rd day of April, A. D. 1896.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)

Duluth Evening Herald, April-3-10-17.

SPECIAL SALE!

Thousands of Dollars Worth of Goods Must be sacrificed at less than half their value.

Best patent Flour, $1.95 per 100; choice patent, $1.85; good family Flour, $1.65 per 100.

CHOICE POTATOES, 20c PER BU.

Choice Oatmeal, $3.30 per bbl.; 50 chests choice new Teas, half price, 8c, 10c, 20c, 25c, 35c per lb; 5000 lbs choice Coffees, 12c, 15c, 18c, 25c, 30c per lb; choice California Sugar Cured Hams, 8c per lb; fancy Hams, 10c per lb; dried Salt Pork and barrel Pork, 7c per lb; choice Bacon 10c per lb; choice Lard, from 6c to 8c per lb; Evaporated Apples, Peaches and Pears, 10c per lb; Prunes, from 5c to 8c per lb; English Currants, 4c; Raisins, 4c; choice Dairy butter, 12½c to 18c; fancy Creamery, 18c to 22c per lb; endless line of Canned Goods, choice Tomatoes, Corn, Lima Beans, String Beans, Peas and other brands, from 75c to 85c per dozen or 4 for 25c; large line of California Peaches, Egg Plums, Green Gages, Apricots, Pears, $1.50 per doz, or 15c per can; 45 bars good Soap for $1.00; 32 bars best Soap for $1.00; Kerosene oil, per gal, 9½c in bbl lots; Strictly Fresh Eggs, 11c per dozen; 25 lbs good Rice for $1.00 or 4c per lb.

Prices subject to market changes. Mail orders promptly attended to, send money order or cash for about the amount of bill and save delay. All goods guaranteed, prices and quality.

Dry Goods and Shoes must be closed out regardless of cost. Come and take them at your own price. Will sell the entire stock for 50c on the dollar on actual wholesale cost.

Prompt delivery will be made to all points. Terms, cash.

J. WILKEY,
Wholesale and Retail Department House,
320 & 205 E. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of E. P. Emerson, insolvent: ORDER.

The above entitled matter came on to be heard on the 28th day of December, 1895, on the application of W. B. Silvey, receiver, in which application it was asked among other things that the time in which said receiver shall and may sell the property and assets of the said estate into money and distribute the net proceeds thereof ratably and in proportion to the amount of their several demands among the creditors of the insolvent E. P. Emerson, who have heretofore, and prior to the date of this order made due proof of their several demands, be extended and made to May 1st, 1896, and that during the period of said extension up to the 1st day of May, 1896, the said receiver shall continue to operate the said Spalding hotel in like manner as the same has been operated by him under order of this court from the 16th day of May, 1894, up to the present time, and said application having been duly considered, and it appearing to this court that it will be for the benefit of said estate and of the creditors thereof and of the said insolvent to make the order hereinafter mentioned order, it is therefore, this 7th day of March, 1896,

Ordered by the court, that the time in which said receiver shall and may convert the assets of said estate into money and distribute the net proceeds thereof ratably and in proportion to the amount of their several demands among the creditors of the insolvent E. P. Emerson, who have heretofore and prior to the date of this order made proof of their several demands, be extended and made to and is hereby extended to May 1st, 1896, and that during the period of said extension, up to the 1st day of May, 1896, said receiver shall continue to operate said Spalding hotel in like manner as the same has been operated by him under the order of this court from the 1st day of May, 1894, up to the present time; and it is further

Ordered that prior to April 1st, 1896, said receiver publish an advertisement in a manner herein specified stating the time fixed to be made prior to April 10th, 1896, for the purchase of the estate of insolvent. It is further

Ordered that the receiver, at the close of the period fixed in said notice for the receipt of bids for the purchase of the property of the insolvent above mentioned, shall make a report to this court of any bid received by him for the purchase aforesaid, and that on Saturday, the 15th day of April, 1896, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, the question shall be heard and determined of whether any of such bids shall be accepted, if any are made, or whether an order shall be made extending the time of the said receivership, and providing for the operation of the said hotel after the 1st day of May, 1896. And it is further

Ordered that notice of said hearing be given by publication of this order not less than three times in The Duluth Evening Herald and Duluth News Tribune, two papers published and printed in the city of Duluth, during the two weeks immediately preceding said 25th day of April, 1896.

Dated March 9th, 1896.

By the Court,
S. H. MOER,
Judge.

Duluth Evening Herald, April-16-17-20.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of $408.77, which is claimed to be due and which is due, at the date of this notice, upon a mortgage made by Ambrose M. Cox and Lucinda A. Cox, his wife, (sometimes written L. A. Cox), mortgagors, to Lucy Gray Harrison, executrix of Matthew B. Harrison, deceased, mortgagee, dated June 27, 1893, acknowledged June 28, 1893, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for said St. Louis County, Minnesota, on June 29, 1893, at 8:30 o'clock a. m., in Book 81 of mortgages, on page 112.

Said mortgage together with the indebtedness thereby secured, was duly assigned by said Lucy Gray Harrison, executrix of Matthew B. Harrison, deceased, to Jno. F. T. Anderson, and Archer Anderson, administrator of Joseph L. Anderson, deceased

WEST END

Disgraceful Actions of Some Hoodlums at S. Pletner's Tailor Shop.

The Front of His Building Smeared With Offal and Dirt.

E. F. Mitchell's House Almost Burned a Few Nights Ago.

Samuel Pletner, the tailor and dyer, with a business stand at the corner of Central avenue and Gosnold street, was made the victim of a disgraceful performance by some young hoodlums last night. The whole front of his building was smeared with offal, and this morning presented an unsightly and disgusting appearance. The police department has been working on the case all day, and quite will probably be some arrests made shortly. Several days ago a couple of well known young men had trouble with the tailor over some trousers, and a slight scrap took place at his place of business. These young men are suspected of either doing the deed themselves or of instigating others to do it. Last night Briggs had one of them on the inquisitorial rack this morning, and learned some facts in reference to the case.

HOUSE NARROWLY ESCAPED.

E. F. Mitchell, tae ex-alderman, narrowly escaped losing his home by fire last Monday evening. He was away at the time, and Mrs. Mitchell left the house alone for a short time while she stepped out to visit a neighbor. When she returned, the house was on fire in several places in the front room, and was filled with dense smoke. With the help of neighbors the flames were extinguished in a short time, the damage amounting to about $100.

The fire was caused by the explosion of a coal stove, which had been kept closed so tightly that a large amount of gas is supposed to have accumulated, and found vent in this manner.

LONGSHOREMEN'S MEETING.

A special meeting of the Longshoremen has been called by the president of the society, to be held at Svea hall tomorrow, at 2 p. m. It is understood that business of considerable importance will be transacted.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

George Cirlin has returned from Missouri, where he has spent some time in the employ of the McDorough Manufacturing company.

F. H. Deuster has gone to Chicago to be absent several weeks on business.

Born, at the homes of George Nevers and D. McKinnon, daughters, and at the homes of D. Munsergh and C. Frank, sons.

The teachers of the Fairmont school served luncheon at noon hour yesterday to Professor Denfeld and Professor Carhart, ex-president of the normal school at St. Cloud.

The regular monthly meeting of the Women's Christian Temperance union was held this afternoon at the Congregational church.

Emil Gross entertained a number of his friends at his home last evening. Dancing, cards and refreshments were the order of the evening.

Andy Miles has been elected a delegate to the supreme grand lodge of the World to be held at Philadelphia on June 11.

Mrs. F. C. Dennet left on the limited yesterday for California, where she will visit for some time.

Hon. H. R. Mallett, of Forston, is a guest of his sister, Mrs. C. J. Birch.

Mrs. Eureka Langdon, an old offender, registered at the village bull last night under the charge of plain drunk.

Wall paper at S. J. Nygren's.

Have you seen those Elgin watches that Hulberg Brothers sell for $10.

DOES IT NOT LOOK REASONABLE That cash and conservative buyers with small store expense can sell goods cheap. Go to Hulberg Brothers, jewelers, and you will not be sorry, 1801 West Superior street.

C. L. E. Ellefsen & Sons,
CASH GROCERY,
123 First Ave. East.

Get the most for your money by doing your trading here tomorrow.

Corn, per can	5c
3-lb can Peaches, very good	12½c
3-lb can Bartlett Pears, a dandy	15c
3-lb can Muscat Grapes, can't be beat, only	12½c
3-lb can Grated Pineapple, only	15c
3-lb can Green Gage Plums	12½c
3-lb can Apricots, at	12½c
2-lb can Canadian Peas, only	5c
Maple Syrup, per quart	25c
Jackson Baking Powder, per 1-lb can, only	15c
Corn Starch, per package	5c
12 bars Fairbanks' Brown Soap for	25c
Fancy Bananas, per dozen	15c
Fancy Lemons, per dozen	15c
Good Oranges, per dozen	20c

We have fancy creamery butter and also dairy butter selected from the best butter makers.

TOMORROW

We will have a full line of green vegetables and all at the right prices.

We deliver to any part of the city until 9 p. m.

Mail orders given prompt attention.

C. L. E. Ellefsen & Sons,
CASH GROCERS.
123 First Ave. East.

The old story of Prometheus is a parable. Prometheus was on terms of intimacy with the gods. From them he stole fire, and gave it to men. For this sin he was bound to the rocks of Mount Caucasus, and vultures were set upon him. They only ate his liver. This grew again as fast as it was pecked away. Are his sufferings to be imagined?

Take a modern interpretation of the parable. There is no cooking without fire. In cooking and eating the mischief lies. The stomach is overtasked, the bowels become clogged, they cannot dispose of the food that is given them. The impurities back up on the liver. Then come the vultures—the torments of a diseased liver.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is more than equal to the vultures of dyspepsia and its kindred diseases. Every atom of the "Discovery" is like a ferret, wherever it is sent. It is as sure as the needle of the compass. There is no more need of suffering from dyspepsia than there is of hanging ones self. Sold by all medicine dealers the world over.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

It was a regular country fair down on Provision alley today. Buyers were plenty and so were the different attractions. Asparagus and mushrooms were present; nice, ripe tomatoes and other green stuff with prices slightly lower. String beans, green peas and butter beans will be in tomorrow—if it don't rain, and that is no joke, either, for the rains have been holding the shipments back from the South.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed daily.

BUTTER.	
Creameries, separators, fancy	18 @20
Dairies, fancy, special make	15 @16
Dairies, good, fair, sweet	12 @15
Fine roll and print	12 @14
Packing stock	8 @ 9
CHEESE.	
Turns or flats, full cream	10 @11
Full cream, Young America	11 @12
Full cream, second grade	8 @ 9
Swiss cheese, No. 1	13
Brick, No. 1	11 @12
Limburger, full cream, choice	10 @11
Primost	6
EGGS.	
Candled stock, strictly fresh	10½@11
SYRUPS, ETC.	
Pure Vt. maple syrup, gal. can	90
HONEY.	
Fancy white clover	14 @15
Golden rod	12 @14
Dark honey	12 @14
Buckwheat, dark	12 @12½
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Fresh Vermont stock, per lb	10
VEGETABLES.	
Beets, per bushel	40
Carrots, old, per bushel	30
Carrots, new, per box	$ 1 75
Carrots, new, per dozen	35
Onions, old, per bushel	40
Onions, new, per doz	25 @30
Celery, large bu., per doz	$ 25
Turnips, per bushel	25
Squashes, Hubbard, per doz	1 25
Onions, per bushel	40
Tomatoes, per basket	60 @75
Cabbage, Cal., new, per lb	2
Cabbage, Mobile, per crate	3 50
Lettuce, per box	1 00@ 1 25
Lettuce, per dozen	20
Horseradish, per barrel	6 50@ 7 00
Oyster plants, per doz	50 @60
Sweet potatoes, per barrel	4 75@ 5 00
Mint, per dozen	35
Parsley, per dozen	35
Spinach, per box	$ 1 25@ 1 35
Radishes, per box	1 50@ 1 75
Radishes, per dozen	35
Cauliflowers, per dozen	1 50
Pieplant, per 50 lb box	1 50@ 1 65
Cucumbers, per doz	1 50
Asparagus, per doz	2 75
Mushrooms, per lb	50
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bushel	1 35@ 1 50
Medium, hand picked, per bus	1 25
Dirty lots, per bushel	75@ 1 00
Brown beans, fancy, per bus	1 75@ 2 00
Yellow peas, per bushel	1 10
POTATOES.	
Potatoes, Minnesota	16 @18
Potatoes, new, per bushel	1 25@ 1 50
FRUITS.	
Bananas, bunches	$ 1 00@ 1 50
Lemons, per box	3 25@ 3 50
Cranberries, per barrel	8 00@ 9 00
Oranges, navel, per box	3.50@ 4 00
Oranges, seedlings, per box	2 50@ 2 75
Strawberries, per case, 24 pints	3 00@ 3 25
Pineapples, per dozen	3 50@ 4 50
APPLES.	
Winesaps, per barrel	$ 5 00
Ben Davis, per barrel	4 00@ 4 50
Willow twig, per barrel	5 00
DRESSED MEATS.	
Veal, fancy	6½@ 7½
Veal, choice	5 @ 5½
Veal, heavy, coarse or thin	5
Mutton, fancy dressed	5½@ 6
Spring lamb, fine	14
DRESSED POULTRY.	
Spring chickens, per lb	12½
Mixed, per lb	12
BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.	
Bran, 200 lb, sacks included	$ 8 00@ 9 00
Shorts, 100 lb sacks	8 50@ 9 00
Shorts, 200 lb, sacks included	8 00
Red dog	8 50@ 9 50
Ground feed, No. 1	10 50@ 11 00
Ground feed, No. 2	10 50@11 50
HAY, CAR LOTS.	
Choice South Minn	$ 6 00@ 8 00
Northern Minn	5 50@ 6 50
Medium	4 50@ 5 00
Poor	4 00@ 6 00
Tame, ton, choice timothy	10 00@11 00

IN NEW YORK.

New York, April 17.—Butter, steady; creamery, 10@16c; Elgins, 16c. Eggs, steady; Western, 10½@11c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, April 17.—Butter, steady; creameries, 11@17c; dairies, 9@14c. Eggs, steady, 9@10c.

GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL.

Chicago's Famous Hostelry to Be Torn Down.

Chicago, April 17.—The old Grand Pacific hotel property has been leased for ninety-nine years from the Northwestern university by a company of Chicago capitalists with the provision that the present structure shall be torn down at once. The lessee is the Illinois Trust and Savings bank.

The structure that will replace the famous hotel will be a bank building and will be occupied by the Illinois Trust and Savings bank, giving it what the stockholders expect will be the finest banking home in the United States. The building will be modeled after the Bank of England.

JOHN STETSON ILL.

Boston, April 17.—John Stetson, the theatrical manager, is critically ill of pneumonia at his home in this city.

THE WEST END JEWELERS.

Hulberg Brothers got in a neat line of jewelry that is for sale cheap.

New so-called remedies spring up every day like mushrooms; but the people still cling to Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

CHANGE OF BASE.

May 1 the Northern Pacific railroad will move its Duluth city offices to the Spalding hotel. Entrance 428 West Superior street.

We have the only padded vans in Duluth for moving furniture. We pay all damages caused by the carelessness of our men. Trunks delivered, 25 cents.

Duluth Van Company,
212 West Superior street.

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

Can buy a good 8-day clock of Hulberg Brothers now for $3.50.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind collic, 25 cents a bottle.

BOOMING

May Wheat Went Kiting on Heavy Buying Orders From St. Louis.

Suspicion That These Orders Started From Armour & Co.'s Office.

Damage By Chinch Bugs Reported and Killing Frosts in California.

There were more killing frosts reported from California today and wheat started higher, but the gain was soon lost on favorable growing weather in the winter wheat states. Then Chicago reported heavy buying on orders from St. Louis, and the price advanced again. These orders were for heavy chunks at a time, 50,000 bus and 100,000 bus lots. Some would have it that the orders which arrived from St. Louis were merely sent around a loop in that direction from Armour & Co., to the floor of the Chicago board of trade. People will indulge in imagination for far fetched reasons for things that are not perfectly clear to them. Whether the St. Louis orders originated in Armour & Co.'s office or not, it is very certain that the filling of these orders gave this market the impetus that sent May wheat kiting.

It was claimed that some of the St. Louis buying was because of some bad reports regarding the weather, and ravages of chinch bugs, but the bug stories were only partially confirmed by dispatches from the city that was buying so much wheat on the strength of them. Telegrams from the Northwest were to the effect that seeding was making rapid progress and that a much larger area than on the year before was being put in. In North Dakota and the northern parts of the other Northwestern states seeding has not yet commenced, but the seeded area is said to be rapidly extending northward. The receipts at Duluth were 74 cars against 89 last year, but Minneapolis had 227 cars.

May opened 1c higher at 64½c, receded to 64¾c but quickly recovered and advanced steadily to 65¾c, easing off 65c near the close. July also started ½c up at 65¾c and advanced to 66¾-¾c, but sold off again to 66⅝c. The mills bought 10,000 bus No. 1 northern to arrive at the May price, while the shippers paid ¼c under May for 20,000. The close was 3c higher all round than yesterday. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 63¾c; April, 65¾c; May, 66¾c; July, 68c. No. 1 northern, cash, 64¾c; April, 64⅝@65¾c; May, 65⅜c; June, 65¾c; July, 66⅜c. No. 2 northern, cash, 61¼@62¼c; May, 62¼c. No. 3, 60¼@61¼c. Rejected, 57¼@61¼c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 65c; No. 1 northern, 64¾c. Rye, 36c. No. 2 oats, 18½c; No. 3 oats, 18¼c. Flax, 85½c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 74; oats, 1; barley, 5; flax, 7. Receipts—Wheat, 90,646 bus; oats, 3564 bus; barley, 7064 bus; flax, 14,110 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 1318 bus.

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, April 17.—Hogs, receipts yesterday, 27,000; shipments, 6866. Cattle, official yesterday, 8500; shipments, 3000. Sheep, official receipts yesterday, 11,126; shipments, 2000; estimated receipts hogs tomorrow, 12,000; estimated receipts hogs today, 18,000; left over, 5000. Market active prices averaging 5c higher. Light, $3.50@3.85; mixed, $3.45@3.90; heavy, $3.30@3.60; rough, $3.45@3.50. Cattle, steady to firmer. Cows and heifers, $1.50@3.35; Texans, $2.85@3.95; stockers and feeders, $2.50@3.85. Sheep, 8000. Lambs, steady; sheep dull and lower.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, April 17.—Wheat, April, 66¼c; May, 66⅝@67c; June, 67¼@67½c; July, 67⅝c bid; September, 68¼c. Corn, April, 30c; May, 30½c; September, 32½c. Oats, April, 19½@19¾c; May, 20c bid; June, 20c; July, 20½c; September, 20¾c. Pork, April, $8.67; May, $8.72; July, $8.92. Lard, April, $4.90; May, $4.95; July, $5.10; September, $5.15. Ribs, April, $4.37½; May, $4.40; July, $4.45. Whisky on the basis of $1.22 for high wines. Cash: Wheat, No. 2 red, 71½c; No. 3 red, 70c; No. 2 spring, 66⅝c. No. 3 spring, 63@66c; No. 2 hard winter, 66¾c; No. 3 hard winter, 62@63c; No. 1 northern spring, 66¾c. Cash: Corn, No. 2, 30¼c. Oats, No. 2, 20c. Flax, cash, 91½@92c; September, 92½@93c. Barley, not quoted. Rye, cash, 37½c; July, 39½c; August, 40½c. Timothy, cash, $3.25; September, $3.05.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, April 17.—Wheat, steady; April, 63¼c; May, 61⅞@62c. On track—No. 1 hard, 64¾c; No. 1 northern, 63¾c; No. 2 northern, 62¼c. Receipts, 277 cars.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, April 17.—Wheat, April, 76⅝c; May, 73¾c bid; June 73¼c bid; July, 73¼c; August, 73¼c; September, 73¼c; December, 73¼c. Corn, May, 36¾c. Oats, May, 25c bid.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of commerce and 207 Board of Trade, Chicago, April 17.—Yesterday's strength in wheat was continued today, and the market looked more bullish than for a long time. St. Louis started the advance on reports of chinch bugs in the Missouri wheat fields and followed it up with buying orders all day. Some leading local traders who bought yesterday sold early, only to replace the wheat at higher prices. The death of Mr. Partridge also occasioned buying by some of his brokers to even up his open trades. Cables again reflected dull markets and indifference of foreigners to our conditions. With fine weather and good crop prospects of their own, they are not so much alarmed at our outlook as they may be later. The course of the market the past few days has been very favorable to the bulls, and the unturns have come quickly and when least expected.

Corn and oats firm and higher. The corn pit was full of buying orders from the Southwest.

Provisions firmer with wheat. The buying came mainly from the packers and shorts who sold at much higher prices.

Bluts, May wheat, 65¾@66c.

Calls, May wheat, 67¼-⅜c.

No curb.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky	18¾	18¾	17⅜	18¾
Atchison	*16⅜	16¾	16¼	16⅜
Sugar Trust	125⅝	125½	123	123⅝
Canada Southern	49⅜	49⅜	49⅜	49⅜
C., B. & Q	74⅜	75⅜	73⅝	73⅝
St. Paul	77	77¾	76½	76⅝
Chicago Gas	69½	69¾	68¼	68¾
Del., Lack. & W				
General Electric	37¼	37¾	37⅛	37⅝
Erie				
Reading	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜
Louis & Nash	51⅝	52	50⅞	51⅛
Manhattan	111	111½	108¾	109½
Missouri Pacific	26	26⅜	25⅜	25⅜
New England	93⅛	93⅝	67⅛	68⅜
Chicago & N. W	101	104	103⅜	103⅜
N. P. preferred	10⅝	10¾	10	10½
Rock Island	71⅜	71⅝	71	71
Union Pacific	8⅜	8⅝	8⅛	8⅛
Western Union	81½	81¾	81⅛	81⅛
C., C., C. & Indiana	61⅜	61⅝	60¾	61⅜
Lake Shore	147⅜	147¾	147⅜	147⅜

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, April 17.—Money on call easy at 3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 5@6½ per cent. Sterling exchange dull but steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.85¾@4.88¾ for demand and $4.87½@4.88 for sixty days. Posted rates $4.85½@4.89 and $4.89½@4.90. Commercial bills $1.87. Silver certificates 68¼. Mexican dollars 54. Government bonds steady. New 4s registered, $1.16⅞; coupon, $1.17⅜; 5s registered, $1.12⅜; coupon, $1.13⅝; 4s registered, $1.08⅝; coupon, $1.09; 2s registered, 95; Pacific 6s of '95, $1.03.

No Old Passe Stuff Offered You Here!

No Old Footwear that people refused to buy in other cities and thereby caused merchants to go into bankruptcy, but

SPRING SHOES FOR EVERYBODY!

Of the Stylish kind and all made for this season's trade. You want New Shoes for Spring. Come right to headquarters and you will see such an assortmeht of New Shoes and prices so low, that you cannot help but buy.

Ladies' Shoes.

A complete line of best makes. Tan and Black Lace or Button. Latest styles at..

$2, $2.50, $3 and Up.

GENTLEMEN'S SHOES.
The Newest of New Styles.

Like above cut, in Calf, Russian Lorther, of latest shade, Vici Kid and Patent Leather. Price ..... **$3, $4 and $5.**

Ladies' Oxfords

And Slippers of all leading kind. A new and nobby line

....Just In.

This is the New Medium
Toe, neat stylish and comfortable. Tans and blacks. Price..... **$3, $4 and $5.**

New Style Children's, Misses' and Boys' Shoes—
Both in Tans and Black. Rubbers of all kinds, best quality, to fit the most pointed toed Shoes. Ladies' pointed toe Storm Rubbers, 50c. Ladies' good cheap Rubbers, 25c.

A. Wieland, 123 W. Superior St

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Market Was Heavy and Quite Irregular.

New York, April 17.—The stock market opened active and irregular with decided heaviness in the high priced industrial shares. Realizing sales carried Sugar downward, and Tobacco 1¼ per cent. Lead declined a smart fraction. The changes in the railway list in the first fifteen minutes were unimportant. The market was then steady at the concessions noted.

Covering by shorts rallied Sugar to last night's closing figures. Lead was also well supported and gained ⅞ per cent. Chicago Gas on the other hand showed a sagging tendency and Tobacco was barely steady. The railway shares generally gained a slight fraction, for by the close of the first hour of increased dealings. The main trend of values was upward, but the fluctuations in the industrial group were somewhat erratic.

The volume of trading fell off considerably after 11 o'clock, and irregularity in prices was a characteristic of the ensuing hour, the tendency being downward. Chicago Gas yielded to 68¾ on the announcement that the Ogden company had won its mandamus suit. Tobacco was quite erratic, rallying to 68¼ and subsequently receding to 67¾. The market at midday was still drooping. The sales to noon were 79,100 shares.

POPE IS WILLING.

To Act as Mediator Between Spain and Cuba.

London, April 17.—A dispatch from Rome to the Pall Mall Gazette says, that the papal nuncio at Madrid has been instructed to propose the mediation of the pope in order to bring about a settlement of the troubles in Cuba, or to urge upon Spain the acceptance of President Cleveland's reported offer of mediation. The Globe discussing the the effect of the election policy of the Spanish premier, Senor Canovas Del Castillo, says that either Cuba must be allowed to follow the example of the South American republics, or the motherland must grant a generous measure of autonomy.

WEYLER'S METHOD.

Three Cubans Executed in Havana Today.

Havana, April 17.—Three prisoners of war, Gregorio Borges, Esteban Hernandez and Jose Bacallao, were executed at 7 o'clock this morning at the Cabana fortress. They belonged to the insurgent band commanded by Dr. Bruno and were captured by the soldiers of the Aripiles battalion during the attack made by the enemy at Managua, in this province, and the burning of property in that vicinity.

CHEAP DRAYING.

Furniture, Piano, Trunks and Safe Moving.

All kinds of heavy draying done on short notice. Our prices are reasonable and satisfaction guaranteed. Great Northern Fuel and Transfer company, 210 Superior street west.

George W. Strayer, agent.

Telephone 601.

Prompt delivery of trunks for 25 cents each. Duluth Van company, 212 West Superior street.

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly made and delivered by Charles E. Marsden, mortgagor, to American Loan and Trust Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 20th day of June, 1892, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 25th day of June, 1892, at 8 o'clock a. m., in Book 51 of mortgages, on page 495, which mortgage and the debt thereby secured were duly assigned by said American Loan and Trust Company to the undersigned Henry W. Wilkinson, who is now the owner and holder thereof, by written instrument, bearing date the 20th day of June, 1892, and duly recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 8th day of April, 1895, at 9 o'clock a. m., in Book 117 of mortgages, on page 420.

And whereas said default consists in the non-payment of the sum of three hundred and fifty dollars interest, which became due and payable by the terms of said mortgage, and the notes secured thereby in five several installments of seventy dollars each on December 1st, 1893, 1894 and 1895, and June 1st, 1894 and 1895, all of which with interest on said several installments at 7 per cent per annum is yet due and owing upon said mortgage; and whereas said default consists further in the failure to pay four hundred seven and 21-100 dollars taxes and assessments duly levied upon the premises covered by said mortgage and paid by the undersigned on April 22nd, 1895, thereby becoming a part of the debt secured by said mortgage bearing interest at 7 per cent per annum from the date of said payment, and whereas by reason of said several defaults it has become optional with the holder of said mortgage and mortgage notes to declare the whole debt secured by said mortgage including taxes so paid as aforesaid to be immediately due and payable; now in the exercise of such option the whole amount thereof has been declared and is hereby declared and claimed to be due, amounting at the date of this notice to the sum of twenty-eight hundred seventy-one and 43-100 dollars.

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale which power by reason of said default has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: Lot number three hundred fifty-seven, in block number seventy-five (75), in Duluth Proper, Second Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Monday, the first day of June, 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, including taxes so paid as aforesaid, together with seventy-five dollars attorneys' fee, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale, as by law provided.

Dated April 16th, 1896.

HENRY W. WILKINSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

FRANK A. DAY,
Attorney for said Assignee of Mortgagee.
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-17-24-May-1-8-15-22.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

H. H. Hanford et ux to C. T. Osborn, und ¼ interest ne¼ section 34-50-18 ..... $ 350

M. Vail et mar to J. Jackson et al, lot 12, block 15, Ely 350

H. Armstrong et ux to White & Priest Lumber company, n½ of ne¼ and n½ of nw¼ section 25-57-21 1,600

J. Wargin to Mitchell & McClure, n½ of nw¼ section 18-50-15 60

Total ..... $ 2,360

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY FURNITURE PAYing for same in board. G 63, Herald.

HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR OLD clothing. The New York buyer is in town for a few days only. Get it ready and address G 80, Herald, and same will be called for promptly.

PROFESSIONAL.

MRS. JULIA L. HUGHES—SUPERFLUous hair, moles, etc., permanently destroyed by electricity, without injury. Also scientific face massage and complexion treatment. Manicuring. Choice toilet preparations. 205 Masonic temple. Duluth, Minn.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-eight hundred ninety-two and 29-100 dollars, which amount is claimed to be due and is due, owing and unpaid at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly made and delivered by Francis Long, mortgagor, to Wm. J. Frame and Morris H. Milmore, partners as Glaser Frame & Co., mortgagees, bearing date the 10th day of January, 1895, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 12th day of January, 1895, at 11:15 o'clock a. m., in Book 95 of mortgages, on page 161.

And whereas said default is a default in one of the conditions of said mortgage, which contains a power of sale that by reason of said default has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: Lot number four hundred and nineteen (419), in block number one hundred fifteen (115), in Duluth Proper, Second Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Monday, the first day of June, 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, together with seventy-five dollars attorneys' fee, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale, as by law provided.

Dated April 16th, 1896.

WM. J. FRAME AND MORRIS H. MILMOPE, partners as GLASER FRAME & CO.,
Mortgagees.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for said Mortgagee,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-17-24-May-1-8-15-22.

ONE CENT A WORD

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—WORK BY THE DAY washing and cleaning or washing taken home. 514 East First.

WANTED—SITUATION AS CASHIER or place to do general office work by young lady of experience. G 46, Herald.

GOOD LADY COOK WISHES POSITION in hotel or first-class boarding house, with fair salary. F 60, Herald.

AMERICAN GIRL WANTS A POSITION as house girl or general work in small family. Please call from 2 to 5, or address No. 6 East Fourth street.

WANTED—HOUSECLEANING OR washing to do by day or week. Address 314 West Fourth street.

WANTED—DRESSMAKING, ALSO ALL kinds of plain sewing. 222 First street east.

WANTED—WASHING AND CLEANING by the day. 1022½ West Second.

YOUNG GERMAN GIRL WANTS SITUation to do second work or assist in housework. Address G 24, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION TO DO LIGHT housework by young German girl. F 56, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AT ONCE BY an experienced stenographer and bookkeeper, owning good machine. Address F 61, Herald.

WANTED—WORK BY COMPETENT stenographer and bookkeeper; good reference; salary no object in order to get work at once. Address D. F., Herald.

FIRST CLASS DRESSMAKER, WHO has recently come from Chicago would like dressmaking by the day. Will guarantee best of work and furnish references. Inquire of Mr. Brown, at Panton & White's.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN OF 18, A situation in office; has a knowledge of bookkeeping; writes a good business hand. Best of references. G 41, Herald.

HAVE YOU ANY CARPET LAYING OR odd jobs. Address Carpet Layer, 431 First avenue west.

WANTED, BY YOUNG MAN OF 21, A position as collector or office or store work of any kind, or to drive delivery wagon. Address W. H. L., 525 West Superior street, city.

POSITION WANTED BY A YOUNG lady as stenographer or copyist. Address 325 East Superior street.

WANTED—WASHING BY THE DAY OR will take it home, or housecleaning. Send postal card or call at 410 East Fourth street, down stairs.

WOULD LIKE SEWING BY THE DAY or to take home. Call at 806 East Sixth street.

YOUNG LADY STENOGRAPHER wants position. Has had experience. References. Address E. D. 409 Twenty-fourth avenue west.

LADY WITH TEN YEARS' EXPERIence would like to do dressmaking by the day. Call at 415 East Fourth street, up stairs.

WANTED—POSITION AS STENOGRApher, typewriter or bookkeeper. Rapid penman. Good references. Salary no object in order to secure position at once. Address N. E., care Herald.

PAPERHANGING WANTED BY GOOD workman, F 37, Evening Herald.

A COMPETENT DRESSMAKER would like work by the day. 421 First avenue west.

WANTED—HOUSE CLEANING OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 390 Lake avenue south.

THE READERS OF THE HERALD are patrons of your line of business. Place your advertisements here and secure their trade. You can get our lowest monthly rate by starting a business card this month.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

MILLER WANTED TO WORK UNDER instructions. Single man preferred. Call at Fred Borchert, Spalding hotel.

WANTED—ONE GOOD PAINTER. THE Sulphin company.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS MAN TO solicit fraternal insurance. State experience. Address P. O. Box 165.

WANTED—A GOOD SALESMAN WHO has $50 cash, to act as jobber to sell and deliver plug tobacco to retail trade in Duluth. High grade goods, and good profit. Address Falls City Tobacco works, Louisville, Ky.

WANTED—ONE GOOD HUSTLING canvasser. Salary and commission; steady employment; big money to a good worker. The Singer Manufacturing company, 614 West Superior street.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK TO COMmence work April 24. Apply 325 East Second street.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Must be willing to leave city. Apply to Mrs. Fogleson, 17 West Superior street.

GOOD GIRL WANTED FOR GENeral housework. 905 London road.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. Call 529 West Second.

GIRL WANTED. 2 WEST SECOND street.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, A DINING-room girl; good wages. Mrs. Braff, Nelson house, city.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. Call 516 Lake avenue north.

WANTED—A GIRL OR WOMAN TO DO mending, 21 West Superior street.

WANTED—AT ONCE TAILORESS AT room 3, Williamson block, W. McLean.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

LADIES CAN ALWAYS FIND GOOD girls and good girls can always find good places; also the best and cheapest hair goods, switches and chains at Mrs. M. C. Seibold's, 225 East Superior street.

FRATERNITIES.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105, Meets every Thursday in Brown hall, Brown block, 10 East Superior street. Nels Anderson, M. W.; J. H. Powers, recorder.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 20, 1896. Work Third degree. Ellsworth Benham, W. M., Edwin Mooers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 18, 1896. Work Third degree, F. W. Kugler, acting W. M., J. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting April 22, 1896. Work M. M. degree. W. E. Covey, H. P., George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month 8:00 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday May 5, 1896. W. E. Richardson, E. C., Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. BANKS, midwife, 330 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cared for also.

ONE CENT A WORD!

TO RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED room with all modern conveniences. 324 West Third street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH board, $4 per week; day board, $3. 114 West Second street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS AND first-class board at 28 West Second street.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT. 211 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FRONT room and alcove, with board, lake view, bath, suitable for two; $5 per week. 214 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS SUITable for light housekeeping, cheap, or one furnished. 209 South Seventeenth avenue east.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS IN brick house. 521 West Second.

FURNISHED ROOMS. 117 WEST SECond street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH all modern conveniences, about two blocks from Spalding house. 213 Fifth avenue west.

LARGE, LIGHT, WELL FURNISHED rooms with bath, furnace electric lights and piano. Not far up hill. Fine view. 720 West First street.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE hardwood floors. R. S. Powell, 604 First National bank.

FOR RENT—HOUSE, CORNER THIRD street and Second avenue west; from May 1. R. P. & J. B. Paine, room 4, 206 West Superior street.

FOR RENT CHEAP

THE
EVENING HERALD,
An Independent Newspaper.

Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior Street.

DULUTH PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY.

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Six months	2.60
One year	5.00

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

HERALD'S CIRCULATION.
17,148
HIGH-WATER MARK.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (Central time), April 17.—The area of high pressure has moved eastward to Manitoba. A storm is central in Southwest Kansas, and a trough of low pressure extends thence northeast to Lake Huron.

Showers have been general in Southern Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska and Kansas, and snow was falling, at this morning's observation, in Wyoming, Colorado and parts of South Dakota and Montana. Fair and warm weather continues in the southern part of the lake region, the Ohio and Lower Mississippi valleys.

Temperatures above 80 were reported yesterday as follows: Chicago, 81; Kansas City, 81; Dodge City, 84; Davenport, 82. From Colorado northward to the limits of observation the weather is remarkably cool for the season. At 7 a. m. today it was coldest in Western Montana, with temperatures of 8 and 10 degrees above zero.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 40; maximum yesterday, 51; minimum yesterday, 40.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Showers and colder tonight; showers Saturday; brisk and high northeast winds.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, April 17.—Forecast until 8 a. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin: Showers and cooler tonight and Saturday; northeast winds, increasing in force tonight. Minnesota: Fair, except showers in south portion tonight and Saturday; colder tonight; fresh northerly winds.

GRAND RAPIDS' VICTORY.

Grand Rapids has won in the contest for the new state experimental station. Other aspirants for the distinction were Barnum, Cloquet, Aitkin and Wadena, and it was no disparagement to them that the committee which had the power of selection decided in favor of Grand Rapids. Each place had its peculiar advantages, and the arguments presented in support of their claims were very strong, but after a careful consideration of all the offers, the agricultural committee of the state university regents decided that the spirit with which the appropriation went through the legislature would be best carried out by establishing the station at Grand Rapids. The object of the legislature was to see what could be done in an agricultural way with the sandy soil in the northern part of the state, and in making their decision the regents considered not only this feature, but the rainfall, range of temperature, and, in fact, the general desirability of the different locations of the station.

The offer made on behalf of Grand Rapids was that for the consideration of $3500 there would be turned over for the use of the committee 455 acres of land, including the improvements. These include a house and barn, with the various farm buildings, and two miles of fencing. The money to be paid is represented as being less than the cost of the improvements, and the land is, therefore, practically donated. Of the 455 acres, 70 are under cultivation. The farm is situated on Prairie river, a mile and a half from the station at Grand Rapids.

The people of Grand Rapids deserve congratulations for their enterprise in making such a splendid offer to the committee, and The Herald has no doubt that they will be greatly benefited by the location of the station and the results of the experiments, demonstrating the splendid character of the agricultural lands of Itasca county.

RECOGNIZING CUBA.

The New York Sun has presented many strong arguments in favor of the recognition of Cuban belligerency, but not one is stronger in appealing to American sympathy than the claim that after this country had recognized the Cuban insurgents as belligerents, Spain could no longer treat them as pirates if captured at sea and as brigands if captured on land. Spain would be compelled to change her methods at once and completely. Captured insurgents would thereafter be treated as prisoners of war and would either be exchanged or provided with decent food and lodging. "If this were the only gain accruing from the status of belligerency," says the Sun, "it would be of immense value to the Cubans, who at present are hunted like wild animals; and it would be of benefit to the Spanish themselves, who are degraded by Weyler's savagery."

The Milwaukee Sentinel, however, disputes the Sun's argument. It reasons in this way: "The Sun has confounded the effects of our recognition with the effects of Spanish recognition. If Spain should recognize the insurgents as belligerents she would put herself under obligation to treat her revolted Cuban subjects as enemies and not rebels until hostilities were ended. If the United States should recognize the insurgents as belligerents we should take upon ourselves the duties of neutrality and should confer upon ourselves its rights, and we should give certain rights both to the insurgents and to Spain. Upon the character of the warfare carried on by Spain our recognition would have no legal effect whatever. Spain would still be free to conduct the war in her own way, treating her captives, at her own discretion, as brigands, pirates, or prisoners of war; exchanging them; lodging and feeding them properly, or sending them to dirty prisons and giving them food not fit for pigs."

WILL BEAR WATCHING.

The Minneapolis Times says: "State Auditor Dunn has learned that there is a break in the Clough forces up in Mille Lacs county, and has taken his departure for Princeton to patch up matters. The Rum river region is important to Governor Clough in his approaching contest, and to Mr. Dunn has been assigned the pleasing task of keeping that section of the commonwealth in order."

This is really distressing. Heretofore "Bob" Dunn has been in the habit of boasting that he carried the vote of Mille Lacs county in his vest pocket and could deliver the Republican delegation from that county to any candidate that he pleased. Therefore, it is somewhat surprising to learn that he has hastily departed to the Rum river to patch up breaks in the fences, which he always declared were never in need of repair. And yet it is only a short time since there was evidence given that State Auditor Dunn has well nigh lost his grip in Mille Lacs county. The delegation which went from Princeton to the recent Aitkin convention asserted its independence of Bob Dunn's bossship, and voted for a candidate for the national delegate against whom he has hurled some the choicest expletives in his rich vocabulary. In view of this fact, perhaps, no astonishment should be expressed that he now finds it hard work to whip the independent Republicans of Mille Lacs county into line for a gubernatorial candidate whom they do not want.

And at this time it may be well to remind Governor Clough that he should not place two much reliance upon Bob Dunn's promises of support. While he may be shouting for Clough at present, he may be found voting and working for Lee or somebody else when the state convention arrives, providing he can get a seat in that body. In 1892 the Sixth district Republicans held a convention at Brainerd to elect delegates to the Republican national convention. Mr. Dunn yearned to be one of the two district delegates, and he was finally chosen after he had made certain pledges. One of these pledges was to support President Harrison for renomination. Another was to support Mr. Kendall in Mille Lacs county for congressional nomination. The third pledge was that he would support Hon. R. G. Evans for re-election as national committeeman.

How did Mr. Dunn observe his pledges? When he reached Minneapolis, he shouted for Blaine instead of Harrison. He subsequently broke his promise to support Mr. Kendall and aided Judge Searle's candidacy. He tried to "throw down" Mr. Evans and was only kept from voting against that gentleman by threats of members of th Brainerd convention who notified him that a vote against "Bob" Evans would mean his political extinction. In view of these facts, Governor Clough should keep a close eye on Mr. Dunn's movements. He is a slippery and entirely selfish politician.

CHEAPER FARES.

The Commercial club last night appointed a committee to wait on the street car company and urge a reduction of fare to 3 cents for children attending the high school, it being claimed that children of parents of limited means in the suburbs and at other long distances from the school are unable to attend.

The Herald trusts the street car company will give the request of the Commercial club careful consideration. Whether the company will be disposed to grant the request is questionable, particularly in view of the difficulties which attend the collection of a special fare from a certain class of passengers. It might be possible to arrange for such a reduction to children attending the high school, to apply to cars running at certain stated hours, the children being provided with tickets to be sold to them in quantities at the reduced rate. It is stated that school children get reduced rates on street cars in several cities, but on this point The Herald has no definite information. The question is largely a business proposition, to be decided by the company itself.

MANITOBA REJOICING.

The people of Manitoba, except the Catholic minority who desire a return to the separate school system, are rejoicing over the latest turn in the school muddle which has taken place at Ottawa. The Dominion government has withdrawn the remedial bill which was before parliament. Sir Charles Tupper, the government leader in the house, said he withdrew it on account of the policy of obstruction pursued by the opponents of the measure, the house having twice been in continuous session nearly a week, but he was probably glad of the opportunity of being able to shelve the question in this way.

The Conservative government, of which it is expected Sir Charles Tupper will be premier before the general elections, will make the claim to the French ministry that the Liberals are responsible for the failure of the remedial bill to pass, while their Ontario supporters will be told that it was never intended to pass the bill and that, having now been withdrawn, it will not be again revived. An effort will also be made to bring other issues to the fore in the campaign, particularly the tariff question.

One thing seems certain, and it is over this prospect that there is popular rejoicing in Manitoba—coercive legislation will not be attempted again, and the province will be permitted to conduct its school without interference from the outside.

THE HERALD TOMORROW.

The Saturday Herald has attained a high degree of popularity on account of its many excellent features, with the result that its circulation is double that of any other Saturday or Sunday paper published at the head of the lakes or in the state of Minnesota, outside of the Twin Cities. It is the constant endeavor of the management to keep it always in the lead, and no pains are spared to introduce new features that will interest and instruct its numerous readers.

Tomorrow's edition will be found to be particularly attractive. The ladies are great admirers of the Saturday edition, which always contains much matter of special interest to them. The fashion department tomorrow will be very complete, and special attention is directed to the numerous and correct illustrations that will be given of the latest fashions. In "Across the Tea Table" they will find interesting and valuable discussions of subjects which specially interest them, while the society page will give full information regarding all events of the past week and those in prospective in Duluth's social circles.

The bicycle page is a recently added feature which interests the multitude of wheelmen and wheelwomen of this section. All other forms of sport will be fully represented in tomorrow's issue. A special correspondent will give an interesting account of a springtime journey up the Mississippi river by boat from New Orleans to Natchez. Another interesting article will tell about the many gardens in the suburbs of Duluth. All the latest theatrical gossip will be given, while organized labor will find the customary budget of news covering the whole field of labor. The department of science and invention is another feature of The Saturday Herald that finds numerous readers. Then there will be the special London cable letter with all the latest gossip of the old world, and the complete telegraphic report of the Associated Press, special dispatches from all parts of the Northwest, in addition to all the news of Duluth and its suburban neighbors.

A GOOD APPOINTMENT.

The appointment of Dudley W. Freeman, of Biwabik, to be special agent of the state to look after its mining interests on the Mesaba range, particularly as to the collection of taxes and royalties from state leases is an excellent one. Mr. Freeman is a young man of strict integrity and is well qualified to perform the duties of the position, and there is no doubt he will zealously guard the state's interests.

The McKinley league of New York has issued a savage attack against Governor Morton. First, it is alleged that he is in his 72d year. He would be 77 years old before he could finish his term of office. Second, he is the candidate of a faction, not of the united Republican party of New York. Third, while the first year of Governor Morton's administration was commendable, he has since the presidential ambition was instilled into him placed himself and his high office entirely at the disposal of the state machine. He has put himself in this canvass entirely in Platt's keeping. Fourth, Mr. Morton will not be honestly supported even by the machine. He is simply a means whereby Mr. Platt hopes to gain absolute control of the delegates from New York state.

Referring to the recent incident in New York of a clergyman being accused of plagiarizing his Easter sermon, the Boston Transcript says it recalls a story of a clergyman who was in the habit of quoting from various sermons without giving due credit to the authors—and to such an extent as to provoke the ire of one of his parishioners. On a certain Sunday a quotation was made by the pastor. The parishioner rose from his seat and said: "That's Blair;" another quotation soon followed, "That's Fuller." Still another theft, "That's Channing," said the accuser, as he rose from his pew cushion for the third time. "Put that man out," bellowed the reverend plagiarist. "That's original," said his critic—"That's his own."

Mr. Carlisle's speech at Chicago to the workingmen was one of the strongest which has been delivered on the side of single gold standard, but, while he prophesied serious loss to those who have put money into savings banks, loan associations and other forms of investment, he was compelled to admit that the price of commodities would increase greatly. For this concession to the truth of one their arguments, bimetallists may feel pleased.

The Chicago Record remarks that doubtless it is Mr. McKinley's "friendly attitude" to the other candidates that gives him this yearning desire to nick off pieces from the other candidates' booms. He wants them as mementos.

Field Marshal Yamagata is so polite and so unacquainted with American institutions that he must be acquitted of sarcasm in saying in response to the greetings of Governor Morton's staff that he was pleased to meet so many military men. If the marshal were to stay here longer he would learn that a governor's staff is "magnificent but it is not war."

They say Mascagni has an enterprising business idea of the value of everything connected with himself. While the composer of "Cavalleria" was in Munich, a photographer requested him to sit to him for his picture. "Certainly," said Mascagni, "but my charge for sitting is 1000 francs." Needless to say the photographer did not proceed further.

The New York Herald publishes an estimate of the probable attitude of the delegates to the Chicago convention on the financial question, which foot up as follows: For gold, 354; for silver, 338; doubtful, 218. This would make the convention closely divided, and it gives hope that gold monometallism may not be endorsed.

There are strong indications that the murderer of Lena Olson has at last been captured. The police authorities never relaxed their efforts to run down the man who gave his name as Austin and undoubtedly killed the woman for the sake of her money, and it is hoped that they have now secured the right man.

Frank Nye, the well known and brilliant county attorney of Hennepin county, is making free silver speeches of great eloquence and power.

There will be much rejoicing at Grand Rapids over the capture of the state experimental farm.

CATHODOGRAPH OF A LADY.

She is so tall, so slender; and her bones,
Those frail phosphates, those carbonates of lime,
Are well produced by cathode rays sublime,
By oscillations, amperes, and by ohms.
Her dorsal vertebrae are not concealed
By epidermis, but are well revealed.
Around her ribs, those beauteous twenty-four,
Her flesh a halo makes, misty in line.
Her noseless, eyeless face looks into mine.
And I but whisper, "Sweetheart, Je t' adore."
Her white and gleaming teeth at me do laugh.
Ah, lovely cruel, sweet cathodograph!
—Life.

KATHLEEN MAVOURNEEN.

Kathleen Mavourneen, the song is still ringing,
As fresh and as clear as the trill of a bird.
In world-weary hearts it is sobbing and singing,
In pathos too sweet for the tenderest words.

O, have we forgotten the one who first breathed it
And have we forgotten his rapturous art?
Our meed to the master whose genius bequeathed it;
O, why art thou silent, thou voice of my heart?

Kathleen Mavourneen, thy lover still lingers,
The long night is waning—the stars pale and few.
Thy sad serenader, with tremulous fingers,
Is bound with his tears as the lily with dew.

The old harpstrings quaver, the old voice is shaking,
In sighs and sobs moans the yearning refrain;
The old vision dims and the old heart is breaking—
Kathleen Mavourneen, inspire us again.
—James Whitcomb Riley.

THE JOURNAL'S MISTAKE.

Princeton Union: The Duluth Herald quite properly takes the Minneapolis Journal to task for going back on the Minneapolis platform of 1892 and shouting for gold monometallism * * * It is absurd for the Journal to set up that gold monometallism is the platform of the party. If the convention was in favor of the single gold standard it would have said so. That kind of talk is what drives conscientious Republicans out of the party to swell the Populist ranks. * * * The Journal is an able and valuable newspaper and champion of the Republican party, but it makes a big mistake when it attempts to pledge the Republicans of the Sixth district to gold monometallism. That is a bigger job than any gold organ can accomplish. There is no district in Minnesota, unless it be the Minneapolis and St. Paul district, that stands for gold monometallism.

SULTAN OF BERHUT'S PERIL.

Tripoli, April 17.—Advices received here from Tebu say that 2000 to 4000 Dervishes, armed with Martini Henri rifles, are advancing against Abraha, sultan of Berhu, who is opposed to Mohammedans. Severe fighting has occurred between Tunisians and the Tripolitans. Great excitement prevails on the frontier and the tribesmen in all directions are arming.

DEVOTED LOVERS
Of a full, sweet, mild and enjoyable smoke are asked to try the famous Davenport. In all first-class retailers hands.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

The Indian Danger Signal.

Consisting of a column of smoke, which, when it appeared at the top of a high hill acted as a signal and warned the Indian that an enemy was approaching, or imparted other information to him.

Just as readily were they with their keen perception able to perceive the signal of the approach of that most dreaded of all enemies, death, noting on the human face the shadow of the approach of this greatest of foes. A face that was sallow or blotched, a lack breath, a lustreless eye, loss of flesh and many other symptoms that proclaim the presence of disease was apparent to them. Their KICKAPOO INDIAN SAGWA given immediately to people thus afflicted and by its great purifying qualities, combined with its revivifying and health promoting action, the great vital organs of the body were speedily restored to health, thus insuring to them as a race, lives proverbially long and free from sickness.

Kickapoo Indian Sagwa and other of their remedies can be bought to-day at all druggists and continue to do for civilized man what the Indian has obtained by their use for centuries

BIG CUT!
In Groceries..
Removal Sale...
Our steadily increasing business makes it imperative for us to get into more commodious quarters. On May 1 we will move into the old Glass Block Store, 118-120 West Superior street.
We wish to reduce our enormous stock, as moving it will be expensive. Time is a great factor with us. To move goods rapidly we have pruned off all margins. Now is your chance to buy goods at first cost.
Our prices have always been the lowest of the low!
Our Removal Sale Will Challenge any Sale of Groceries ever made in the Northwest.....
ALL CANNED GOODS and BOTTLED GOODS at incomparable prices.
SPICES and EXTRACTS at prices never before heard of.
TEAS and COFFES at big reductions.
DRIED FRUITS at jobbing prices.
So on all through the line. We will make it interesting to you to help us move our mammoth stock. We have a large stock of choice Baldwin Apples, the best apple in the market at present. We will sell same away below market prices.
MAIL ORDERS CAREFULLY FILLED. Write Us for Prices.
Prompt delivery to all parts of the city.
NOTE—Our present Fixtures for sale at a big bargain.
SUTTON & MAAS,
17 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

W. W. Lewis, one of the recently elected aldermen at Fargo, died yesterday of heart failure, superinduced by an attack of pneumonia. Deceased was one of the most prominent young business men in the state. He was assistant cashier of the Red River Valley National bank, secretary of the Fargo Fork Packing company, and a partner in the firm of Lockhart & Lewis, the most prominent real estate dealers in the county. He leaves a wife and child.

Judge McConnell granted a divorce at Fargo to Mrs. McBride, formerly of Kincardine, Ont. She alleged non-support and claims to have lived with her husband, whom she married five years ago, only five months. Mrs. McBride is a daughter of R. T. Walker, a prominent grain man and the operator of Canadian steam vessels on the great lakes. She was granted the right to resume her maiden name.

Hope has organized a gun club and will hold club shoots on alternate Wednesdays.

Grand Chancellor E. H. Milham, Supreme Representative J. F. Hillshir, Brig. Gen. F. S. McDonald, William H. Eustis and Col. Fred B. Watson, of the Knights of Pythias, of Minneapolis, Wednesday night attended a Pythian celebration given under the auspices of Fargo lodge No. 2.

Last week County Auditor Hennessy, of Nelson county, was wedded in Grand Forks. It now transpires that the wedding had its touch of quiet romance. Mr. Hennessy and his bride were engaged twenty-four years ago in New York state. A misunderstanding resulted in a quarrel and the match was broken up. Both married other persons. Some years ago he was left a widower and she a widow. Last fall Mr. Hennessy made a trip to New York and there meeting his former fiancee, they again plighted their troth. Last Sunday the lady arrived from New York and they were married by Father Conaty.

The executive committee of the North Dakota State Immigration association is in session at Fargo. The committee will check up the funds received from the different counties on the $10,000 assessment made for the state by the convention last December. Secretary Power announces that the progress of the work has been entirely satisfactory and that practical results are evident in many sections.

The eleventh annual session of the North Dakota conference of the Methodist church began in Jamestown Wednesday with about 200 delegates in attendance. Bishop Vincent, the father of the Chautauqua movement is in attendance, presiding. The past year has been a prosperous one in this state and there has been much growth in the denomination. The conference will be in session until Monday. Few or no important changes will be made. The conference embraces the entire state which is divided into the districts of Fargo, Grand Forks and Jamestown. There are between eighty and ninety churches in the conference with a membership of 5000. There are 115 Sunday schools and 6000 scholars. The seventy-eight church buildings and forty parsonages are valued at $179,000 and $31,000 respectively on which there is an aggregate indebtedness of $11,000. Maintenance requires $55,000 a year. Last year all but about $8000 of this amount was raised. The annual collections for the various benevolent purposes amounted to thousands of dollars, and a portion goes to the maintenance of the Red River university at Wahpeton, the especial protege of the Methodists in North Dakota.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

The owners of the Danielson mine, on Squaw creek near Lead City, are now working four different ore chutes. The ore is yellow carbonate of high grade, some of it running $200 per ton. They are now regular shippers to the smelter at Deadwood and Kansas City. The experience of these people has encouraged owners in that district to push their development work, with the result that new strikes are of a daily occurrence.

The first meeting of the new city council at Huron was held Thursday night. Mayor Hutchinson gave the aldermen a wholesome and practical talk, recommending the strictest economy in the management of city affairs; urged that all pending litigation in which the city is interested be disposed of as quickly as possible; directed attention to gambling halls and places of vice and recommended their prompt suppression. His speech was loudly applauded.

Dr. Charles Eastman, of St. Paul, has been at the Sisseton agency lately for the purpose of making arrangements with the Indians to rent their lands to white settlers for a period of five years. Comparatively few of the Indians till their lands, and thus thousands of acres of rich soil lie idle, which might be of valuable use. The Indian payment is still delayed, and nothing definite in regard to it can be learned at this agency.

LEE GAINING STRENGTH.

Elk River Star-News: William E. Lee is now recognized as the most dangerous opponent to Governor Clough's renomination in the field. Mr. Lee would make a good clean governor, and it is pleasant to see that he is gaining strength wherever his candidacy is seriously considered.

WHY NOT?

Princeton Union: First-class passage from St. Paul to Duluth costs $3 just now. If railroads can carry passengers profitably at 2 cents per mile why wouldn't it be proper for the coming legislature to pass a law fixing the maximum rate at that figure?

Elk River Star-News: Sure enough. Good idea. Push it.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of eighty dollars interest which became due and payable on August 1st, 1895, and in the payment of a like amount which became due and payable as interest on February 1st, 1896, all of which is owing and unpaid at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly made and delivered by James McCahill and Mary E. McCahill, his wife, mortgagors, to Alexander Macrae, mortgagee, bearing date the 28th day of July, 1894, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the first day of August, 1894, at 3:50 o'clock p. m. in Book 127 of mortgages on page 238, which mortgage and the debt thereby secured were duly assigned by said Alexander Macrae to the undersigned Ellen M. Round, who is now the owner and holder thereof, by written instrument, bearing date the first day of August, 1894, and duly recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 15th day of October, 1894, at 8:40 o'clock a. m. in Book 107 of mortgages on page 137.

And whereas said default is a default in one of the conditions of said mortgage, it has become optional with the holder of said mortgage and the notes secured thereby by the terms thereof to declare the whole debt secured by said mortgage to be immediately due and payable, in the exercise of which option the whole thereof is hereby declared and claimed to be due, and is due, owing and unpaid, amounting at the date of this notice to the sum of twenty-one hundred eighty-three and 32-100 dollars.

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale which by reason of said default has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described, at public vendue, by the sheriff of the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, at the front door of the district court house, of said county, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Monday, the eleventh (11th) day of May, A. D. 1896, at ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon of said day to satisfy the amount which shall then be due upon the said mortgage, with interest thereon, and the costs and disbursements of the sale, and seventy-five ($75.00) dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in said mortgage and so to be sold at said sale are the tracts and parcels of land lying and being in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots numbered two hundred and sixty (260) and two hundred and sixty-two (262), in block numbered fifty-eight (58), Duluth Proper, Second Division, according to the plat thereof recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Minn., March 26th, 1896.
WILLIAM L. MAHON,
Mortgagee and Assignee of Mortgage.
HENRY S. MAHON,
Attorney for said Mortgagee and Assignee of Mortgage.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-27-April-3-10-17-24-May-1.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made, executed and delivered by Morris Thomas and Angie C. Thomas, his wife, of the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, mortgagors, to Sarah Mahon, of the city of Detroit, Wayne County, Michigan, mortgagee, dated the twenty-third (23rd) day of December, A. D. 1890, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the twenty-fourth (24th) day of December, A. D. 1890, at four (4) o'clock p. m., in Book eighty-two (82) of mortgages, on page ninety-three (93).

And whereas such default consists in the non-payment of interest secured by and covenanted to be paid in said mortgage, and in the non-payment of insurance premiums upon the premises described in said mortgage and covenanted to be paid in and by the said mortgage, and there is claimed to be due and is now due upon said mortgage, at the date of this notice, the sum of three thousand nine hundred thirty-one dollars and seventy-six cents ($3931.76), principal and interest, and sixty-one dollars and thirty-nine cents ($61.39), insurance premiums, paid by said mortgagee, and interest thereon up to the date of this notice, according to the provisions of said mortgage.

And whereas no proceeding or action has been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described, at public vendue, by the sheriff of the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, at the front door of the district court house, of said county, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Monday, the eleventh (11th) day of May, A. D. 1896, at ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon of said day, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due upon the said mortgage, with interest thereon, and the costs and disbursements of the sale, and seventy-five ($75.00) dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in said mortgage and so to be sold at said sale are the tracts and parcels of land lying and being in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots number ten, eleven and twelve, in Scoville's rearrangement of block number twenty-five, Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Saturday, the 25th day of April, 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, together with fifty dollars attorneys' fee, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as by law provided.

Dated March 13th, 1896.
ELLEN M. ROUND,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for said Assignee of Mortgagee,
Duluth, Minn.
March-13-20-27-April-3-10-17.

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The premises described in said mortgage and so to be sold at said sale are the tracts and parcels of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots numbered eleven (11) and twelve (12), in block numbered forty-six (46), Endion Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, and lot numbered ninety-two (92), in block numbered one hundred and sixty-three (163), Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the plat thereof recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Minn., March 26th, 1896.
SARAH MAHON,
Mortgagee.
HENRY S. MAHON,
Attorney for said Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-27-April-3-10-17-24-May-1.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.—

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Minnesota Point Street Railway Company will be held at the office of the treasurer, B. Silberstein, at number 9 West Superior street, Duluth, Minnesota, on Tuesday, the 5th day of May, A. D. 1896, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing a board of six directors and for the transaction of such other business as may be properly brought before them.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 8th day of April, A. D. 1896.
WALLACE WARNER,
Secretary.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-10-17-24.

AMUSEMENTS.

The LYCEUM
L. N. Scott, Manager.
2 Nights, Commenc'g Wednesday, April 22
The Legitimate Comedian
EUGENE O'ROURKE
Supported by his original Metropolitan company of players, in the greatest of all Irish comedy dramas,
THE WICKLOW POSTMAN.
From the 14th Street Theater, New York.
A STORY of IRISH LIFE TRUE to NATURE
SPECIAL
In conjunction with this massive production
John L. Sullivan and Paddy Ryan
Champion for 12 yrs. Ex-Champ of America
will appear in a three-round scientific exhibition of boxing, introduced by Charles E. ("Parson") Davies, immediately after the performance.
Prices—25c, 35c, 50c and 75c.

J. E. WIELAND. E. J. MUNSEY.
DULUTH BICYCLE EXCHANGE.
New wheels, second hand wheels, repairing.
205 W. Michigan. 306 W. Superior.
BICYCLE ACADEMY
For ladies and gentlemen at 26 E. Superior street. Lessons from 3 to 6 p. m. daily Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings 7:30 to 9:30. Entrance Monday and Wednesday evenings, 25 E. Michigan St.

Chil= dren's Day!

We are pleased to state that we never forget the little ones, and we only waited for an opportune time (which we think is tomorrow) to let them know what good things we have for them—for the babe of three months to the young Miss of 16. We have without exception the largest and nobbiest stock of Reefers of any house in the Northwest, and admitted by all mothers who have seen and priced them, to be nicer, better made, better trimmed and at lower prices than anything they have seen.

We will start the early morning with——

50 Children's All-Wool Reefers, in red and navy, sizes from 4 to 12 years, at the small price of—each..... **90C**

In addition to our large stock, we received today more of those Ladies' Jackets and Capes that we are selling for just about **ONE-HALF** what others are asking for similar. We would respectfully remind you that if you contemplate purchasing a **JACKET, CAPE, SKIRT, SILK OR WASH WAIST,** do not put it off, but come at once and make your selection, as we are headquarters for style and low prices.

50 dozen black or tan Misses' Lisle Ribbed Hose, heavy weight, equal to a 25c hose—our price..... **10C**

100 Children's and Misses' Cloth Caps in different styles and shapes—at..... **25C**

New Lace Collars in the newest designs.
New Persian Belts in gold and silver.
New Veilings, New Trimmings, just in.
New Gloves and Handkerchiefs.

OUR $1.25 KID GLOVES in black, tan, red and cream are recognized to be equal to any two-dollar glove. We fit and guarantee every pair.

10 different styles of 5c Handkerchief, the best in the market. Anything new, such as Linen effects in Handkerchiefs from 20c to 25c apiece, you will find them here.

NEW FANS—**work of art**—in the new sizes, are all in, at prices ranging from..... **25C to $7.50**

New Pocket Books, the best value in the market.
New Shopping Bags in the newest shapes.
Please have our new Umbrellas shown to you—
You will buy one on sight.

Silberstein & Bondy

RESPECTS THEIR WISH.

How the Supervising Inspector's Office is Located.

A few weeks ago W. B. Tibballs, supervising inspector of hulls and boilers of the Fifth district, removed his office from St. Paul, where it had been for many years, to Dubuque, Iowa, his own home. This action made the people of St. Paul wild and they remonstrated loudly. Duluth also took an interest in the scrap, and thought the office should have been brough; here if anywhere, because the largest part of the work is done here. A few days ago Secretary Carlisle wrote a letter answering some criticisms made by the Pioneer Press on the removal of the office and the department's allowance of it.

The secretary says that the supervising inspector of the Fifth district has charge of Minnesota, Iowa and parts of Illinois, and hence is not out of his district when he makes his headquarters at Dubuque. The department has always respected the wish of the supervising inspector in each district to make his headquarters with the local inspectors office nearest his home.

This information will probably enlighten some Duluth people who have thought it possible to obtain the removal of the office to this city.

WHEN TRAVELING,

Whether on pleasure bent, or business, take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver, and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms or sickness. For sale in 50-cent and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup company only.

The Flower Show.

Capt. J. W. Miller is anxious that the people of Duluth will not forget the flower show to be given in August by the Associated Charities. Now is just the time to plant flowers in order to have them ready for the show. The list of premiums is an attractive one, and ought to induce a large display, both in the line of cut flowers and plants. This will be the second annual show. Last year's was a fine success, and exceeded the expectations of the projectors.

COL. FRANCIS W. PARKER.

Prominent Educator Will Lecture at High School.

Col. Francis W. Parker, president of the Cook county, Ill., normal school, will lecture in the Assembly hall, Central High School building, on Friday evening, April 17, at 8 o'clock. Subject, "The Ideal School."

Col. Parker is one of the best known educators in the country, and his lecture will be of interest to both teachers and parents—we might add, of interest to all who are giving any thought to educational subjects. What he says will be especially valuable, coming from so high an authority.

The lecture will be free, admission by ticket only. These can be obtained from G. T. Boyd, book room, Central High School building.

Duluth, Minn., April 14, 1896.

Received of W. B. Mathews & Sons, agents of the Fidelity and Casualty company, of New York, $50 (fifty dollars), in full for all claims against the Fidelity and Casualty company on account of broken leg sustained by me on March 29, 1896, as per stipulations set forth on certificate accompanying "Mutual Benefit" plug tobacco. A. F. Weber.

THREE CENT FARE.

Commercial Club Wants it For School Children.

At last night's meeting of the Commercial club Henry Haskins brought up the question of 3-cent fares on the street cars for children attending school, and especially the high school. He said that many families living in the West End whose means were limited were practically deprived of the advantage of receiving the benefits of an education in the high school because of the expense of car fare. He asked that the street railway company be requested to allow such children a 3-cent fare. He stated that such a reduction had been made in several large cities.

Dr. Bakke suggested that the reduction apply only during stated hours. Alderman Stevens remarked that it appeared to him that 3 cents was enough for a child anyway. The plan, on the whole, was highly popular with the club, and on motion the chair was empowered to appoint a committee to wait on the street railway company and urge the reduction. The committee as appointed consists of Henry Haskins, R. C. Sloan and C. W. Wilson.

N. L. Summerfield arose to urge that the St. Paul & Duluth be compelled to stop its limited trains at the Twendeth avenue station. He did this in behalf of the business men of the West End, many of whom, he said, were large shippers and members of the club. The idea was very favorably and enthusiastically received.

S. D. Hill said that many of the largest shippers of the city were in the West End and members of the club, and the company should give considerable consideration to an expression of opinion in the premises by the club. The matter was referred to the transportation committee, to which the president and secretary were added.

A communication was received from President Hugo, of the chamber of commerce, which was not the least important of the business of the meeting. He urged that it was necessary to devise some plan by which the two organizations could unite with others to work for the welfare of the whole city. A committee, consisting of Dr. Bakke, A. Swordling and W. W. Allen, was appointed to meet the executive committee of the chamber to evolve a plan for uniting in harmony to a common end. The committee will report at the next meeting.

Congressman Towne and Senators Davis and Nelson acknowledged receipt of the resolutions favoring free foot passage over the interurban bridge. W. A. Washburne was elected secretary, vice J. H. Peake.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treament, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from ten drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by druggists, 75 cents.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

THE COURTESY OF A TRIAL.

The makers of the famous Davenport cigars are confident you will afterwards prefer it to all others. Sold everywhere.

GET OUR PRICES

Before getting moved. We can save you time and money. Trunks delivered, 25 cents. Office 212 West Superior street.

A DEFECT

Edward Ball, the Minnesota Mine Manager, Was Dismissed Today.

Complaint Was Not Properly Drawn and Could Not Be Amended.

Effort to Form a Citizens' Club Was Not Very Successful.

The case of the state against Edwin Ball for discharging an employe for belonging to a labor union was dismissed in the municipal court this morning because of a defect in the complaint. It was alleged that Rinn, the discharged employe, is a member of the Soudan Northern Mineral Mine Workers' Progressive union, when, in fact, he belongs to the Soudan Mine Workers' union, No. 18, a body existing under a charter from the first named organization. The state made a motion to amend, which was denied, whereupon it moved a dismissal, which was granted.

Manager Ball was rearrested this afternoon, a new warrant supposed to cover the defect having been sworn out.

IT WAS A FIZZLE.

Citizens' Club Meeting Not Much of a Success.

The meeting held at the city hall last evening for the purpose of organizing a Citizens' club to throw off the yoke of the gangster and the professional politician would not be called a howling success, either in point of numbers or enthusiasm. In vain C. W. Ruger, the self-appointed chairman, strove to arouse the populace—that is to say, the thirty-two representatives of the populace who were present—to a pitch of enthusiasm. Like broken spirited slaves, they sit supine. They could not be induced to even throw up their caps and give even a croak for the cause of political liberty.

The meeting was called to order by Mr. Ruger, who said that the call for it had grown out of a feeling of dissatisfaction at the manner in which politics in St. Louis county are manipulated, and the people compelled to cast their ballots for county and city officers. The people felt that they should free themselves from rascality and ring rule. The club would be confined to St. Louis county and local politics. The parties would not be abused, but the club would stand in the higher level of advocacy of the right men, irrespective of politics. After further picturing the frightful condition to which the people of St. Louis county are reduced by gang rule, the speaker suggested that a secretary be appointed.

A voice named O. P. Stinson, who, after a faint attempt to skirk the responsibility, took on himself the duties of that office.

The chair then submitted to the assemblage the proposition that a citizens' club of St. Louis county be organized. A chorus of two ayes pronounced in favor of organizing, whereupon the chairman announced that notice would be given of a meeting to be held for the purpose of organizing, within a week or ten days. After an opportunity had been given to any who desired to speak, of which nobody availed himself, the meeting adjourned until futher notice.

The Y. M. C. A. Canvass.

The canvass on the Y. M. C. A. debt is making progress every day, and Secretary Charles B. B. Brown, of the Minneapolis association, who has charge of the work, believes that the full amount needed to place the Duluth Young Men's Christian association on a solid basis can be raised. It is necessary, however, for all to do something, and he earnestly desires that every merchant, and every friend of young men, who has not contributed in this effort, do so, as soon as possible. Subscriptions may be sent to C. F. How, treasurer Y. M. C. A., with Duluth Trust company, and all contributions will be thankfully acknowledged. Secretary Brown has been asked to remain a while longer in Duluth, and continue the canvass in behalf of this worthy institution.

For cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, cuts, sprains, burns, stings, chilblains, sciatica, and lumbago, use Salvation Oil.

NEW YORK LEGISLATURE.

Albany, N. Y., April 17.—The concurrent resolution reported by the senate finance committee today fixed the date for the final adjournment of the legislature on April 30, and was passed by a unanimous vote without debate in the senate and immediately sent to the assembly and adopted.

A CONVERTER EXPLODES.

Peoria, Ill., April 17.—By the explosion of a converter at the American Glucose company, at 2:15 o'clock, John Hoey and a man named Burns were instantly killed. John Wilson, Mat Conoly and John Dooley were badly injured. The fourth story of the works in which the converter was located was wrecked.

ONLY CURE FOR PIMPLES IS Cuticura SOAP

It is so because it strikes at the *cause* of the *Clogged, Irritated, Inflamed, Sluggish,* or *Overworked* Pore.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Sole Proprietors, Boston.
"How to Prevent Pimples," 64 pages, illus., free.

DR. WURTH'S OPINION

OF THE NEW DISCOVERY IN MEDICINE.

A Remarkably Successful Remedy For Dyspepsi, Indigestion and Stomach Troubles.

Dr. Wurth, in commenting on recent discoveries in medicine, said: There is none which is certain to be so valuable and far-reaching in benefit as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, the new stomach remedy; I say far-reaching, because people little realize how important a sound stomach and vigorous digestion is to every man, woman and child.

Indigestion is the starting point of consumption, heart disease, Bright's disease, diabetes, nervous prostration, liver troubles; why is this so? Simply because every nerve, muscle and tissue in our bodies is created and nourished from the food we eat. If that food is, by reason of a weak stomach, compelled to lie for hours, a sour, fermenting mass of half digested food, it poisons the blood and nervous system, creates gas which distends the stomach and bowels, causing pressure on the heart, lungs and other organs and seriously impeding their action.

He says, further, the point to direct attention is not the nerves, nor heart, nor lungs, nor kidneys, but the stomach, the first cause of all the mischief.

The remedy to use for indigestion and weak stomachs is not some cathartic, but a remedy which will digest the food, increase the flow of gastric juices, absorb the gases, and Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will accomplish exactly this result in any case of stomach trouble, because these tablets are composed of the digestive acids, aseptic pepsin, Golden Seal and bismuth, pleasant to taste, and no being a patent medicine, can be used by anyone with perfect safety. I believe Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will cure any form of indigestion and stomach trouble except cancer of the stomach.

Full size packages of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold by druggists at 50 cents or by mail from Stuart company, Marshall, Mich. A book on stomach diseases, together with thousands of testimonials, will be sent by addressing above or call on your druggist for them.

ARE RUNNING DEER.

Hounds Are Chasing Them in This Vicinity.

It is evident that the practice of running deer with hounds is being followed in the vicinity of this city, and the game wardens would probably find business to engage their attention should they take a jaunt through the woods within ten or fifteen miles of Duluth. Yesterday a young deer was discovered lying on the shore in an exhausted condition in the vicinity of Lakeside. The creature was dripping wet and had, apparently, been in the water for some time. It was picked up and carried to a barn near by, where it was left to recuperate. People living in the vicinity of Lester river say that they heard the baying of dogs a short time before the animal was discovered, and the presumption is that it had been run from a point a considerable distance back from the lake.

Accident at the Fayal.

An accident occurred in a lift in one of the levels of the Fayal mine last Monday night, says the Eveleth Hustler, whereby a trammer named Oblac, an Austrian, lost his life and his comrade was very badly injured. Through some unforseen cause a large chunk of ore, some five or six tons, fell from the place where the miners were working, broke through the lagging and fell on the men below, burying Oblac and partially burying his mate. Deputy Coroner Darms held an inquest, and after hearing the evidence in the case the jury returned a verdict of accidental death by the falling of a body of ore, and that the miners or mining company were in no way to blame for said accident.

To See the City.

When Alexander C. Steele, who resides at 1920 Dingwall street, went out into his yard this morning, he was astonished to find a moose, about 2 years old, frisking around the lot. The animal was almost as tame as a cow, and was evidently getting a taste of city life. A large number of people quickly gathered around. Mr. Steele's first impulse was to shoot the beast, but some one reminded him of the severe law against shooting moose, and he refrained. A crowd of small boys soon took after the animal, and chased it around that part of the city, and it finally took to the woods. Deer are quite frequently seen around here, but moose do not often wander in so close.

A Pioneer Gone.

W. P. McElroy, one of the Northwestern pioneers and at one time a resident of Duluth, died at Pierre, S. D., on Wednesday. Mr. McElroy was born in Ireland, and came to this country in 1854. From 1861 to 1864 he campaigned through Dakota with Gen. Sully as chief of wagon train, and when the Indian troubles were settled, went to Minneapolis and afterwards to Duluth. He came to Fort Pierre and carried the first mail across from Fort Pierre to the Black Hills. He then went to Bismarck, remaining for several years as a contractor for the Northern Pacific road, and came to Pierre in 1880, where he was appointed the first justice of the peace, and in that capacity had many rough characters to deal with. Since that time he has divided his time between Pierre and the Black Hills, living at Pierre for the past six years.

A FALSE DIAGNOSIS.

La Grippe is confounded by many persons with a severe attack of catarrh, which in some respects resembles the former. These individuals suffer severely with pain about the forehead, eyes and ears, with soreness in throat and stoppage of the nasal passages, and, in fact, are incapacitated for work of any kind for days at a time. These are catarrhal sufferers. Ely's Cream Balm has been used with the best results in such cases. The remedy will give instant relief.

"The Ideal School."

"The Ideal School" is the subject on which Col. Francis W. Parker will lecture in the High School Assembly hall this evening, commencing at 8 o'clock. Col. Parker is president of the normal school of Cook county, Illinois, and is an authority of national repute on educational subjects. There will be no fee charged, but admission will be by ticket only, which can be procured from G. T. Boyd, book room, High School building.

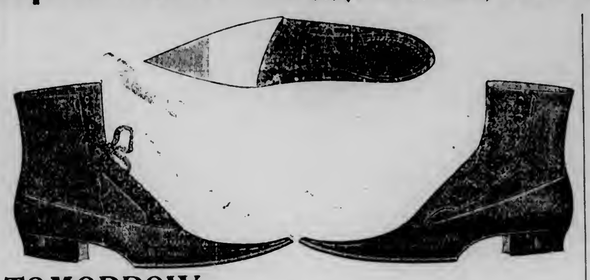
WRIT OF ERROR ALLOWED.

Washington, April 17.—The district court of appeals today allowed the writ of error to the United States supreme court asked for by counsel for Elverton R. Chapman, the New York stock broker, convicted for having refused to answer questions propounded by the senate sugar trust investigation committee. The case probably will be heard by the supreme court next term, as a motion to advance on the docket will be made.

PHILLIPS & CO

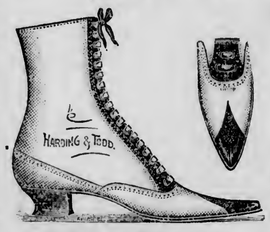
218 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

Special Sale MEN'S SHOES--All broken line of Men's Fine Shoes, Hanan's, Strong & Gearfield's, Carroll & Sons' $5, $6 and $7 Shoes, black and tan **$3.50**



TOMORROW ....
The price of our $5.00 New Woman's Shoes will be..... **$3.50**

TOMORROW ....
We put on sale the finest line of Ladies' Patent Leather French and Vici Kid Shoes ever shown, price, $3.00, $4.00 and **$5.00**



Ladies' Latest Style Shoes
Button and lace, needle toes, would be good value at $4.00, our price
$3.00

Men's Tan Shoes
Russia Calf, Vici Kid and Hog Skin Shoes,
$3.00.

SEE OUR BARG IN TABLE ....
All odd lines of Ladies' Shoes where we have only a few pairs left on this table at your own price.

SEE OUR TAN SHOES ....
We are showing more styles of Spring Footwear than any house in the city. You will miss it if you buy before you see our goods and prices.

Our Ladies' and Gents' Shoes at $1.25, $1.50 and $2.00 are unequalled for style and wear.

Infant's Shoes, sizes 2 to 5, **23C**

Child's Kid Shoes, sizes 6 to 8, **49C**

Child's Kid Shoes, sizes 9 to 11, **59C**

Misses' $1.25 Spring Heel Shoes, sizes 11 to **85C**

Boys' School Shoes, **98C.**

Men's Fine Shoes— **98C.**

Ladies' storm Rubbers, narrow toes (tomorrow only), **40C.**

Ladies' Rubbers, **25C.**

Misses' Rubbers, **25C.**

Phillips & Co., The Big Shoe Store.

HAVE MADE COMPLAINT.

Neighbors Report Bad Things of Stephens' Family.

People living in the vicinity of Fourth street and Fifth avenue east, have called the attention of the humane authorities to a deplorable condition of affairs existing in the family of a man named Stephens, residing in that neighborhood. Stephens and his wife, the neighbors say, are both addicted to looking too long and often upon the juice of the corn, and when under the influence of their potions, as they frequently are, the children are forced to fly the parental roof and seek safety with whomsoever will take them in, while the old folks convert the family domicile into an arena in which they settle vi et armis the quarrels that are constantly arising between them. The neighboring folk watch the place as people watch a volcano, and at short intervals the crash of glass and high words announce that the eruption has broken forth and that there is a scrap on at Stephens'. There are two daughters, belonging to Stephens by his first wife, but their presence seems to have no restraining influence on the pair.

The oldest daughter, Mabel, who is 12 years of age, is feeble-minded, and, at the instance of Judge Edson, she was taken before Judge Ayer today, preliminary to having her consigned to the school for feeble-minded children at Red Wing. A young daughter, Emma, who is fairly bright, will also be looked after.

Stephens is a baker by trade. The last time the couple engaged the attention of the police was about three weeks ago, when Stephens appeared at headquarters carrying a section of one of his ears in his hand, which he said Mrs. Stephens had lopped off in a pass she made at him with the family bread knife.

AMUSEMENTS.

"THE WICKLOW POSTMAN."

Eugene O'Rourke, who is well and favorably known, not only as a clever delineator of Irish character, but as a singer and agile dancer, will appear here on next Wednesday and Thursday evenings. He will present a new Irish comedy-drama, especially written for him by the author-actor, Mark Price, entitled "The Wicklow Postman." Both Mr. O'Rourke and Mr. Price claim that in this play they have entirely gotten away from the conventional Hibernian drama, which has done such service in past years, but with which the public has become somewhat satiated.

In conjunction with Eugene O'Rourke in this massive production, the ex-champion of the world, the only John L. Sullivan, defender of his title for twelve years, and ex-Champion of America Paddy Ryan, will also appear at all performances, being introduced by the famous manager and backer of athletes, Charles E. Davies, or more familiarly known as "Parson" Davies. There are no objectionable features in the exhibition which takes place immediately after the performance.

A CALIFORNIAN MISSING.

Chicago, April 17.—S. B. Hibben, a wealthy citizen of Los Angeles, Cal., disappeared from the Metropolitan hotel last night, and is still missing. It is feared he is suffering from mental aberration. He is the manager of the Arizone Sand Stone company, of Santa Anna, Cal., and is one of the largest stockholders. He underwent a surgical operation last winter. Since that time he has not been himself, and his wife brought him to Chicago for medical treatment.

Bayha & Tibbetts, undertakers, 31 East Superior street. Telephone 284. No extra charge for lady assistant.

Smoke the "Tom Dinham" cigar, sold only at 21 West Superior street.

SHOE SALE...

Positively Going Out of Business At an Early Date.....

A grand opportunity to buy Reliable Shoes at less than their actual value.

214 WEST SUPERIOR ST. **H. T. HYDE**

HAYDEN & CAVERLY,

Dealers in the Choicest Brands of

Wines, Liquors, Cigars.

602 West Superior St. (Old News Tribune Office.)

THIS PALATIAL RESORT WILL HAVE A

GRAND OPENING! TOMORROW, SATURDAY, APRIL 18, '96

At which time a Free Lunch will be served during the entire day. An orchestra will furnish Excellent Music.

Everybody is expected to be present.
Opening Day—Saturday, April 18.....

Shirt Waists

In all respects we are thoroughly equipped to provide the tasteful woman with anything she may require in the way of Shirt Waists, in either silk or cotton fabrics; every garment we offer is of the newest and most fashionable design, and a large majority of the styles shown are controlled exclusively by us for this section. Upwards of 3000 waists are here ready for your approval—the largest and best assortment north of Chicago. The strong points about our waists are the elegant styles, perfect fit, fine workmanship, durability of colors, and lowness of prices.

SPICER=HOLDEN CO.

1501-1503-1505-1507-1509 Tower Ave., Corner Belknap Street. WEST SUPERIOR, WIS.

During the coming week, we will again furnish positive, indisputable and overwhelming evidence of our superiority over all other stores in the retailing of Reliable Merchandise.

$5.00 Ladies' Bicycle Suits, Skirts, Jackets, Bloomers and Leggins, made of fancy mixed Suiting, perfect fitting, well made; a regular $8.50 Suit.

$6.00 Ladies' Blazer Suits, made of fancy Covert Mixtures, skirt five yds around, lined with rustling Taffeta and bound with Velveteen; a regular $10.00 Suit.

$1.75 Ladies' ready-made Skirts, made of Figured Brilliantine, 4½ yards around, lined with rustling Taffeta, Velveteen binding; would be cheap at $4.00.

$2.50 Ladies' five-yard Skirts, made of plain Brilliantine, lined with rustling Taffeta, bound with Velveteen; worth $5.00.

Special For Saturday Only,
APRIL 18th.

3000 Yards
BEST DRESS PRINTS
at 3c a yd.

These goods are all new and choice 1896 styles, and the very best goods made, such brands as Simpson's, Pacific's, Merrimack's, etc. Positively none of these goods will be sold to dealers.

12½c 100 dozen Ladies' fine imported fast black Hose, full fashioned, full regular made, high spliced heel, double toe, fine guage; sold elsewhere at 25c.

98c 10 dozen genuine "C.P." French Corsets; regular prices $2.00 and $2.50.

$1.39 100 Ladies' Fedora Hats in black, navy and mixtures, finished with braid and trimmed with quills; regular price $2.50.

39c 100 dozen Ladies' nobby stylish Shirt Waists, made of best quality Domestic Percale, laundried collar and cuff, Bishop sleeve, colors warranted fast, perfect fitting, well made; you can not match them at less than 75c.

Stylish Wraps and Dresses....

It has always been our special aim to give at all times unusually high values for very little money. To carry this plan into successful operation, without sacrificing quality, has been accomplished only by untiring enterprise and unlimited resources. The many ready-made garments sold here show how well these methods have been appreciated by the people of Superior and Duluth. Consider our prices and weigh them well, then investigate the remarkable worths they represent, and you'll be able to understand why it is that this store leads the entire northwest on Ladies', Misses' and Children's ready-to-wear garments; over 1500 garments here to select from.

ONLY HALF AN HOUR'S RIDE. TAKE GARFIELD AVENUE CAR. WE WILL CHEERFULLY REFUND YOUR FARE IF WE MISREPRESENT IN ANY PARTICULAR.

GRAND SPECIAL SALE
FRESH CUT FLOWERS,

For Saturday, April 18th, from 11 a. m. to 9 p. m. (if they last)
10,000 best quality Fresh Cut Flowers at the following extraordinary low prices:

5000 Choice Carnations, assorted colors ..... at 7 cents a dozen
4000 Common Roses, very choice ..... at 15 cents a dozen
1000 American Beauty Roses ..... at 50 cents a dozen

These Flowers are positivelp the best that money will buy.
We do not own any greenhouses, but we do sell Cut Flowers at extremely low prices.

RUSHING

Congress Shaping Matters in Preparation For an Early Adjournment.

Senate Discusses the Opening of the Uncompaghre Indian Reservation.

House Hurries Through a Number of Minor and Unimportant Bills.

Washington, April 17.—To avoid a struggle for precedence the senate, on motion of Mr. Cannon, took up the resolution directing the secretary of the interior to open the Uncompaghre Indian reservation without further delay, the understanding being that the bond investigating resolution should come up at 2 o'clock as unfinished business.

After Mr. Brown had spoken for the resolution he asked for a vote, but Mr. Gorman objected. This brought on a warm colloquy. Mr. Aldrich said that it must be clear that there was something behind these efforts at delay and the persistence in putting off votes, and Mr. Gorman responded that it was the first intimation coming from a distinguished senator on the other side of the chamber that delays in public business were occurring.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, April 17.—The approach of the final adjournment of congress is indicated by the great pressure at the opening of the session of the house for unanimous consent on minor bills, such as pension bills, bills to donate condemned cannon to G. A. R. posts, which were passed by unanimous consent this morning. Mr. Pickler then demanded the regular order. This being Friday, the day under the rules was devoted to the consideration of private bills. Some pension bills favorably acted on at the last Friday night session were first passed.

RECIPROCITY MATTERS.

House Will Take No Action During This Session.

Washington, April 17.—No action toward a revival of the reciprocity scheme will be taken by this house, according to a decision made today by the Republican members, who held a caucus today, and discussed the whole question. They agreed to report to the house the testimony on the reciprocity policy taken by the committee during the past few weeks, but not to recommend any legislation on the matter by this congress.

The reciprocity scheme includes so many problems interwoven with the tariff that the Republicans think it unadvisable to take it up until a general tariff revision is begun.

NICARAGUA CANAL.

Partial Report of the Canal Commission Made.

Washington, April 17.—The Nicaragua canal commission, which visited the Isthmus last summer, presented some features of its side of the canal question before the house committee on interstate and foreign commerce today. Engineer Mordecai T. Endicott, U. S. N., a member of the commission, was a witness. He resented the statements by Hon. Warner Miller and Engineer Menocal, of the canal company, that the investigations by the commission had been of a cursory nature. The board was in Nicaragua forty-two days, and spent thirty-four days in actual field work. Except in a few important details, the plan of Engineer Menocal seemed to Endicott feasible.

While the company's plan contemplated a canal twenty-eight feet deep, the commission was convinced that at certain seasons the water would fall to twenty-four feet, unless the dams were built to a greater height. Mr. Endicott was asked if he thought the canal would be a danger to the United States in case of war? He replied that in the event of war with a nation like Great Britain, the government would be obliged to abandon the canal, but might solve the problem by blowing up the locks. From a military point of view, the canal was desirable.

The present value of all the work done by the company, Mr. Endicott estimated at $500,000. Its harbor works at Greytown were in bad condition, and not much of value remained. Portions of the work would have to be removed. The company's five dredges were sunk in the harbor and were obsolete. His estimate of the value of the company's property, when in good condition, was $1,250,000. He did not believe the canal could be built for $65,000,000 (the company's estimate), even conceding Mr. Menocal's plans to be feasible.

The question being asked whether, if the government was willing to pay $133,000,000 for the canal, it would be advisable to begin work at once, the engineer replied that the government should make more satisfactory surveys and estimates before going forward. It was most important that sufficient hydraulic data be secured, and it was also possible that further investigation would increase the estimates of cost.

FUNDING BILL REPORTED.

Washington, April 17.—Senator Gear today reported to the senate the Pacific railroad funding bill agreed upon by the sub-committee of the senate and house.

UNION PACIFIC LANDS.

Washington, April 17.—Senator Warren today introduced a concurrent resolution directing the secretary of the interior to resume the patenting of lands to the Union Pacific railroad. It recites that the patenting of lands granted to the Union Pacific was suspended a year ago, and in Western Nebraska, Northern Colorado, Wyoming and Utah, lists of land granted to the Union Pacific amounted to 2,500,000 acres, all of which, less 120,000 acres, have long since been sold to third parties.

More than one half of that sold has been paid for in full in cash and railroad deeds have been issued; that the balance is under contract, one half of which has already been paid, and that the clear title cannot pass until the patents are issued to the company. The secretary rescinds his order and causes patents to be issued without delay.

IS NOT CONVINCED.

Street Railway Company Objects to Assessments.

The question of the obligation of the street railway company to sweep and sprinkle the streets between its rails was discussed at the meeting of the board of public works today. The company does not seem over anxious to stand the expense of cleaning, and the contention was advanced that as no dirt results from the use of electric power, the company cannot be called on, under the terms of its charter, which contemplates the use of animal power. The board will probably let the contract for cleaning the whole street and assess the company for its pro rata share.

A New Building.

The erection of a 2-story brick building on the lower side of Michigan street, between First and Second avenues west, has been begun. It is being built by Eastern people who are represented here by D. W. Scott. The building will be 50 by 95 feet, with two stories on the Michigan street front and three at the rear. It has already been leased.

HELD FOR EXTRADITION.

Washington, April 17.—Ambassador Bayard has notified the state department of the arrest in London of Tugner and Dunlap on a charge of implication in the Burden diamond robbery. The prisoners are held for extradition.

CUBAN ELECTIONS.

Madrid, April 17.—A number of the newspapers of this city and elsewhere demand that the elections in Cuba be annulled, and ex-Premier Silgesia intended to annul the Cuban elections on the ground that the electors, owing to the state of rebellion prevailing, were not free to vote as they pleased.

COX BROS.,
Duluth's Leading Market,
101 East Superior St.

Come to Headquarters Tomorrow for Everything in Meats.

COX'S PRIZE ROAST BEEF at..... 12½c PER LB

Is the bargain of the times.

Genuine Spring Lamb, Spring Chickens and Turkeys . . . .

If you want something extra fine try our

Boiled Ham.

Prompt Delivery Everywhere.

COX BROS.,
Telephone 231. 101 East Superior St.

THE GOLD COUNTRY.

Another Miner Who Believes In Its Future.

W. A. Preston, of Mine Center, has been in the city for two or three days, having come down from the Rainy lake gold region. Mr. Preston is a miner of wide experience and has been in the Seine river country during the winter making a study of it. He has not become interested in any of the properties as yet. He was rather skeptical regarding the mining wealth up there and went there with the intention of satisfying himself as to it before trying himself. Mr. Preston says he is free to admit that he is enthusiastic over the country and believes that there will be many millions made up there some day. The great need of the country at present is a railroad, and the people stand ready to encourage any road that will build in there.

The work of development has been in progress all winter. The Foley properties is proving very rich. The shaft is down 200 feet, and the ore shows up better in the bottom 50 feet than above that. The gold is evenly distributed all through and the vein is wider, being over forty inches. A twenty-stamp mill is to be put in this summer.

The Ferguson English syndicate has closed a deal for the Kelly-Mosher property and still holds options on several other pieces.

The Wiley find, recently made, is wonderfully rich so much so that Mr. Preston said he is afraid to tell it. It was discovered twenty miles north of the present Wiley location. On the present property there is a five-stamp mill and another of the same size is to be put in at once. There are some splendid finds on Calm lake. The Bull property on that lake has been sold to Canadian and Detroit people. The "Swede Boys," as they are called, have sold four locations on Minilon lake to the president of a smelting works in Sioux City, Iowa, for $15,000. The claim known as "The Frenchman's" has been sold to Ottawa parties and they will put in a mill at once.

The Siliana and Regina mines near Rat Portage are making big money. The Siliana is turning out from $2500 to $3000 every week at an expense of $700. This is with a ten-stamp mill. The owner will expend $25,000 in increasing the capacity of the plant this summer. The Regina is doing even better and has been making some phenomenal runs but probably from picked rocks.

W. C. T. U. Entertainment.

A literary and musical entertainment will be given by the ladies of the W. C. T. U. this evening at the Ironton hotel. After the program is rendered there will be a contest for prizes in the solution of a flower puzzle, and supper will be served. The following is the program:

Instrumental music	Edward Payne
Bible reading	
Prayer	
Hymn	
Address	Mrs Emily Merritt
Song	
Recitation	Miss Payne
Instrumental music	E. Payne
Recitation	Mr. Thompson
Song	
Dialogue—"A Love Sick Maiden"	
Recitation	Perry Payne
Instrumental music	Miss Dow
Recitation	Miss Huntley
Song	
Declamation	James Dunn
Recitation	Miss Robinson
Song	
Farce—"The Old House Closed Forever"	Spooks

Wanted.—A first-class maker at Mdlle. Gagnier's, 22 Third avenue west.

PERSONAL.

Miss Carrie Eldridge, so well known as head of the cloak department at Howard & Haynie's, leaves tomorrow for Chicago and after a short visit with friends there, will go to Asheville, N. C., to spend the summer.

Miss Sophie Freimuth, who has been in New York city for the past year has returned to spend the summer here.

John A. McDonell, dockmister for the Northern Steamship company, has resigned to accept a similar position with the Western Transit company in this city.

Henrick Gunderson, a graduate of the Musical conservatory at Christiania, Norway, and a former pupil of Gerard Tonning, is in the city and may remain here. He is a pianist and pipe organist.

E. T. Williams left today for Chicago.

Mrs. A. C. Jones has gone to Davenport, Iowa.

C. M. Harrington, the Minneapolis grain man, was in the city last evening.

H. D. Macdonald, of St. Paul, was in the city last evening.

H. P. Hubbell, the Winona insurance man, was at the Spalding last evening.

J. H. Gale, of Hunter, S. D., is at the St. Louis.

D. W. Freeman, of Biwabik, was in the city last evening.

F. H. Dear, of Hibbing, is in the city today.

James Norton, of Ewen, Mich., is at the St. Louis.

F. McDonaugh came up from Eau Claire last evening.

E. W. Durant, Jr., of Stillwater, is in the city today.

Daniel L. Hart, agent of the Stuart Robson company, is in the city today.

George C. Squires, the St. Paul lawyer, was in the city last evening.

S. G. Palmer, of Minneapolis, is in the city today.

R. L. Farrington came up from St. Paul this morning.

L. E. White, of Cloquet, is in the city today.

E. S. Hitchins and F. E. Draper, of St. Paul, are at the Spalding.

C. F. Houghton, of Corning, N. Y., who is a heavy owner of Superior stock and other Duluth real estate, is in the city looking after his interests.

J. P. Joy, of Ashland, is at the Spalding today.

S. B. Hamph, vice president of the Ironton Structural Steel company, has returned from the East.

Jaunty hats at Mdlle. Gagnier's, 22 Third avenue west, opposite French & Bassett's.

Will Keep Them Locked.

Michael Chalk, inspector of boilers, is requiring all towing boats in the harbor, which includes principally the tugs, to lock their safety valves with Yale locks, the key being deposited with him. This does not meet the approval of the tug men, but they cannot do anything. It effectually precludes the possibility of carrying more steam than the boiler is allowed, a thing which tugs have been known to do now and then, and this is precisely what the inspector desires.

Board is in Doubt.

There is a difference of opinion among the members of the board of public works as to the basis on which the premium for casualty insurance in connection with the operation of the free ferry are to be computed, and as to exactly what the proposition of the insurance company in regard to the free ferry insurance means. It was decided to call on the company's agent to elucidate.

MILLIKEN RENOMINATED.

Waterville, Me., April 17.—Congressman Milliken was nominated today by the Republican convention for the Third district.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio. Phone No. 9. Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

A permit was taken out by Robert Vincent today for alterations in and additions to the brick block owned by him, situated on the south side of West Superior street, between Twenty-first and Twenty-second avenues. The projected improvements will cost about $5000.

Highest price paid for old clothes. New York buyer in town. Send postal to G 80, Herald. Will call promptly.

A meeting of the Endion club will be held at the Chamber of Commerce this evening to take into consideration the question whether the club shall reconsider its determination to make its future place of meeting in the Columbus block. That selection was made at the last meeting.

A special meeting of the Federated Trades assembly will be held in the Union club rooms this evening at 8 o'clock.

The body of Miss Ida Ella Taylor, who died yesterday of consumption at the Woman's hospital, will be shipped to Brookston, Ind., today for interment.

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

A FORTUNATE FIRE.

Intended Suicide Saved in Nick of Time.

Chicago, April 17.—A fire in the Clifton house this afternoon caused much excitement among the inmates and almost precipitated a panic. When the fire broke out the employees of the hotel ran from room to room to awaken any of the guests who might be asleep. In one room they found A. F. J. Hustead, of Ridgefarm, Ill., unconscious from asphyxiation. He had turned on all the gas jets and then laid down on the bed.

A letter was found on the table requesting the hotel clerk to notify J. A. Foster, cashier of the Farmers' bank at Ridgefarm, Ill. Ill health was given as the reason for the deed. He will probably recover. The damage by the fire was nominal.

DERBY HORSE RACING.

Croker's Horse Failed to Get a Place Today.

Derby, Eng., April 17.—The Derby spring meeting opened today and will be continued tomorrow. Thirteen horses started in the Doveridge handicap stakes of 1000 sovereigns. The event was for 3-years-old and upward, the second horse to receive 50 sovereigns out of the stakes. The course was the straight mile. Lord Cadogan's Court Ball won; Mr. Vyner's Sardis, second; and Baron De Rothschild's Medis, third.

The Wellbank handicap of 500 sovereigns was won by Wallace Johnston's Remember Me. Twelve horses started over the course, five furlongs.

Richard Croker's colt, Montauk, started in the Drakelow stakes, in a field of seven, but was not placed. G. G. Menzies' King of Pearls won. The Drakelow stakes of five sovereigns each for starters, with 200 sovereigns added, was for 3-year-olds.

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

Banjos, guitars, mandolins. Coon's.

HOTEL OLIVER. ELY, MINN.
Best accommodations on the Range.
Newly furnished throughout. Charges moderate. Home comforts for Transients; with good Livery in connection.
R. T. LAWRENCE, Prop.

A first-class meal served in the best style and at lowest prices at the
SARATOGA RESTAURANT,
25 W. Superior Stree
STEVE HART, Prop.

TEETH MUST SOMETIMES BE EXTRACTED!

The tooth is so badly decayed that filling or crowning could not save it for which there is no other remedy but the forceps. We extract teeth and guarantee to do it without pain. Being better equipped with the very latest improvements there is no argument on this point.
DR. SCHIFFMANN,
Top floor, front, Woodbridge Bl'd'g.

DULUTH TRUST CO.,
CAPITAL $130,000.
Surplus and undivided profits $10,000.
Will take entire charge of property for non-residents and others. Collect rents, pay taxes, Insurance, etc.
FRANKLIN J. PULFORD, Pres't.
EDWARD P. TOWNE, V. Pres't.
CALVIN F. HOW, Sec'y

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of two thousand seven hundred thirty-eight and 93-100 ($2738.93) dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Ida M. Wyatt and Grant Wyatt, her husband, to Arthur M. Wickwire, bearing date the 2nd day of August, 1891, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 8th day of August, 1891, at 8:20 o'clock a. m. of that day, in Book 80 of mortgages on page 626, which said mortgage and the debt secured thereby were thereafter by an assignment in writing dated the 11th day of December, 1891, and recorded in the office of the said register of deeds on the 18th day of December, 1891, at 10:40 o'clock a. m. of that day in Book 121 of mortgages on page 158, duly assigned by said Arthur M. Wickwire to Duluth Heights Land Company.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that under the power of sale contained therein, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises therein described, to-wit: Lots seventeen (17) and eighteen (18), in block twenty-one (21), Duluth Heights, Sixth (6) Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, and situated in said county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, seventy-five ($75.00) dollars attorneys' fees, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, on the 18th day of May, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day.

Dated April 3rd, 1896.

DULUTH HEIGHTS LAND COMPANY,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
McGIFFERT & HUNTER,
Attorneys for Assignee of Mortgagee.
208-211 Herald Building,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-3-10-17-24-May-1-8.

FREIMUTH'S

Crockery and House Furnishing Departments the Center of Attraction

for all shoppers. We interest all by offering continuously a great number of Real Bargains in every department. Nothing misrepresented. Assortments the largest, quality the best, prices the lowest.

TRY HERE TOMORROW!

Oatmeal Saucers.
5 gross Blue Japanese Oatmeal Saucers, Saturday, each..... 3c
One dozen to a customer.

Bread and Butter Plates
Choice of all of our Vienna and French China Bread and Butter Plates; Regular prices, 28c, 35c and 45c; Saturday, each..... 19c

Water Pitchers.
Best quality white Water Pitchers, neatly decorated—
1-quart size, each..... 17c
3-pint size, each..... 23c

Mirrors.
Oak Framed Mirrors—
8x10 size, each..... 20c
9x12 size, each..... 25c
10x14 size, each..... 33c
10x17 size, each..... 38c

Cuspidors.
Decorated Vienna China Cuspidors, our regular price 98c each; Saturday, each..... 57c

Glassware.
200 odd Wine Glasses, Beer Glasses and Water Glasses, worth up to 10c each; Saturday, each..... 5c

Jardinieres.
Saturday our entire stock of Jardinieres at 1-3 off regular price

Nut Sets.
Saturday, 200 sets nickel plated Nut Picks and Cracks at, per set..... 29c

Cake Cutters.
All shapes, sizes and styles of fancy Cake and Doughnut Cutters. Saturday, each..... 2c

Carpet Sweepers.
The genine Bissell Carpet Sweepers, worth $2.75. Saturday, each..... $1.98

Steel Enamelled Spiders.
8 inch Steel Enamelled Spiders, regular price, each, 25c. Saturday, each..... 15c

Egg Poachers.
Silver Egg Poachers. Saturday, three-ring size..... 19c
Four-ring size..... 39c

Dog Collars.
Saturday our large assortment of all grades of Dog Collars at half our regular low price.

Lunch Boxes.
Large size leatherette Lunch Boxes, the 39c size. Goes Saturday at, each..... 25c
Third floor.

Baskets.
Work Baskets, Fancy Baskets, Lunch Baskets. All at..... Half Price

One new stock of Baby Carriages now on sale.
Carriages at..
$5.50
$6.75
$7.49
$7.98
Up to $25 Each

FREIMUTH'S

WE OFFER FOR ONE WEEK:
One Set Champer's Encyclopedia (Am. edition, sheep); One Set Dumas (half leather) and One Set Bulwer (cloth) . . . . . **Very Cheap**
ALBERTSON, 330 HOTEL ST. LOUIS BLOCK.

DON'T FAIL TO SEE THESE WHEELS—
Windsor BICYCLES
Bicycle repairing a specialty.
W. M. SPALDING, 17 Fifth Avenue West.
Patee Bicycles

L. MENDENHALL. ESTABLISHED 1869. T. W. HOOPES
Mendenhall & Hoopes,
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.
$12,500 TO LOAN ON IMPROVED PROPERTY.

COMMERCIAL LIGHT AND POWER CO.,
Successors to HARTMAN GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.
Furnish Electric Current for Light and Power.
Offices:
Rooms 4, 5, 6, 216 West Superior Street.

Auction Sale!
OF HOUSEHOLD GOODS FOR STORAGE CHARGES, 30 WEST SUPERIOR STREET
FRIDAY and SATURDAY,
APRIL 17th and 18th at 2 p. m.
A store full of every class of merchandise which must be sold.
Duluth Feed and Storage Co.
W. D. Gordon, Auctioneer. WAREHOUSEMEN.

125 Sacks of "Duluth Imperial" Flour Given Away
---June 6th, 1896.---
Watch this space for particulars.

FALLEN

Rumor in London That the Matabeles Have Captured Buluwayo.

Extra Troops Ordered to Start at Once For Africa.

Authorities Suppress Any Definite News of the Matabele Uprising.

London, April 17.—The Exchange Telegraph company, says it is rumored that Buluwayo has been captured by the Matabeles. The news is not confirmed from other sources.

A dispatch from Aldershot says that the Middlesex regiment has been ordered to start immediately for South Africa. Considerable anxiety is felt regarding the South African situation, and the government is openly blamed for its inaction.

SITUATION IS SERIOUS.

But Authorities Try to Suppress Information.

(Copyrighted 1896 by the Associated Press).

Cape Town, April 17.—The difficulty in obtaining news of the Matabele uprising increases day by day, owing to the restrictions of the authorities, but it is positively known that the situation about Buluwayo has grown darker and that a large force of troops will be necessary to restore order. Urgent requests for troops have been made by people not directly interested in the British Chartered South Africa company, and they blame the government for postponing the departure of infantry for South Africa.

The inaction of the war office is undoubtedly due to the desire of Joseph Chamberlain, the secretary of state for the colonies, to avoid anything which might be construed into an attempt to coerce the South African republic, but coerce the South African republic, but it lain is holding his hands off, the Boers are openly being drilled under their imported German instructors, and are accumulating arms and ammunition, constructing for the fortifications and bringing heavy guns from Germany.

The policy of President Kruger is one of delay, to avoid doing or saying anything definite until the Transvaal is in a position to defy Great Britain and then independence of the South African republic will be declared. The Orange Free State may be actually incorporated in the republic. The natives will everywhere be incited to rise against British rule and an attempt will be made to drive the British out of South Africa. The plan is openly talked of and chuckled over among the Boers, but the home authorities seem to be utterly blind to the danger ahead, and the chartered company, in the interests of its stockholders, is doing everything possible to suppress the truth, and the belief is growing that nothing short of a terrible disaster such as the capture of Buluwayo will bring the British government to its senses.

It is stated that fully 15,000 Matabeles have massed for the attack on Buluwayo, which although placed in a fair state of defense, could not hold out against the headlong, rushing charge of the native regiments which, if they only number a half of 15,000, might sweep over the town, even if thousands were staying the onslaught.

MORE TROOPS PROMISED.

Chamberlain's Announcement Greeted With Great Cheering.

London, April 17.—Alarming reports reached here today from Cape Town, and other parts of South Africa, regarding the situation in Matabeleland. According to one report over 15,000 rebels are massing for an attack upon Buluwayo. This is believed by the secretary of the state for the colonies, Mr. Chamberlain, to be overdrawn, and the officials of the British Chartered South Africa company say they have no fear for the safety of Buluwayo.

In the house of commons Mr. Chamberlain, replying to a question on the subject, said that the government had decided to replace the troops withdrawn from Natalland, Cape Town. Therefore, a battalion of the line and a body of mounted infantry would be dispatched to these places as soon as possible. This movement, he added, was connected with the decision of the government to increase the strength of the garrison of Cape Town, a step which had been urged by the military authorities who were of the opinion that the present garrison of Cape Town was inadequate for the defense of the dockyard and coal depots.

This announcement of Mr. Chamberlain's was greeted with loud cheers, and was looked upon as meaning that the government had finally decided to send adequate re-inforcements to South Africa. Mr. Chamberlain added, however, that except in the greatest emergency, the imperial troops were not suited to the work of quelling a native insurrection, which in the government's opinion can be most promptly dealt with by the local forces. There was, he also said, an ample number of men, and a sufficient supply of arms for that purpose in South Africa. The only difficulty experienced was that of transporting the men and the supplies from one point to another.

Finally Mr. Chamberlain said that the government was prepared to authorized the recruiting if necessary, of colonial troops for the suppression of the disturbances in South Africa. But the chartered company would have to bear the expenses.

LAW IS CONSTITUTIONAL.

New York, April 17.—The judges of the appellate division today handed down decisions in three cases brought to test the Perry Gray racing law. One case was that of the people ex rel of Joseph Sturgis against John Fallon, former warden of the Tombs prison, and the other two cases were the people against Samuel D. Lawrence, president of the Morris Park Jockey club. The order of Justice Ingraham upholding the constitutionality of the law was upheld by the court.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair,
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

M'KINLEY DENIES.

Does Not Even Know of the Society.

Portland, Ore., April 17.—The Junior Order of American Mechanics and the A. P. A. are not in harmony over the parent organization's fight on McKinley. The local organization recently published an attack on McKinley and said he was an honorary member of the Young Men's Institute. L. Wennel, state councillor of the Junior Order of Ohio, was asked about the matter and has forwarded the following letter from McKinley:

"Mr. L. H. Wennel, Junior Order of American Mechanics. Dear Sir: I have yours of March 31, enclosing letters and newspaper clippings from your friend, W. E. Harris, of Portland, Ore. I have my attention drawn to the article attached to Mr. Harris' letter in another letter from the state of Oregon. I authorize you to inform your friends that the statement that I am an honorary member of the Young Men's Institute is false, that I do not even know the nature or objects of that organization. I am yours sincerely, William McKinley."

EIGHT-HOUR DAY.

Boston Carpenters Believe They Will Get It.

Boston, April 17.—The story that a widespread strike is to be begun in May 1 to bring about the adoption of the 8-hour day, which has been sent to Western papers from this city is denied by labor leaders here. The exact situation is explained as follows: At the convention of the American Federation of Labor held last December, the question of the 8-hour working day was discussed at length, and it was finally decided that the National Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America should assume the leadership in the struggle on May 1, 1896. With this end in view, the Carpenters' union in this city has been steadily strengthening their organization and are desirous of obtaining an 8-hour day with $2 for a day's pay.

President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, and P. J. McGuire, secretary of the Brotherhood of Carpenters' and Joiners' of America, will be here to confer with W. H. Sayward, general secretary of the National Master Builders' association and a committee for the Master Builders' association, on the question Monday.

The carpenters are confident that their demand will be granted on the ground that Secretary Sayward has publicly announced that he is in favor of the movement, and it is also claimed that in expressing their willingness to take $2 for a day's pay, the carpenters are making a winning concession, as hundreds of carpenters are today receiving from $2.50 to $2.75 a day.

IT IS NOT SEILKE.

He is an Insane Man Named Strong.

Appleton, Wis., April 17.—The man shot and captured yesterday supposed to be Seilke, the murderer of Farmer Davis, of Green Lake county, proves not to be the man wanted. Officers arrived last night from Markesan and failed to identify him. He is now positively identified as Joseph Strong, who was born and raised near this city, but has been absent from this locality several years.

Strong appears to be insane, with a hallucination that he is pursued by the enemies who seek his life, and that is the reason he attempted to shoot the officer when arrested. Strong's mother and brother diet insane, and from marks on his underclothes it is believed he has recently been incarcerated in some insane asylum. He will probably recover.

BELONGS TO OKLAHOMA.

House Committee Organizes the Disputed Territory.

Washington, April 17.—The Lacey bill, for the reorganization of Greer county, claimed by both Oklahoma and Texas, and which was the subject of a recent decision by the supreme court, was favorably acted upon by the house judiciary committee today. The bill organizes the county as Greer county, Oklahoma, with Magnum as the county seat, and authorizes the governor of Oklahoma to appoint the usual county officers. It provides for the transfer of public buildings and establishes the status of cases before the courts, also providing that jurisdiction over acts of violence committed while considered a part of Texas be valid.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York.—Arrived: Persia, Liverpool.

London—Arrived: Lord Erle, Baltimore.

Bremen—Arrived: Spree, New York, via Southampton.

Northwestern Market Co.,
217 East Superior St. 217 24th Av. West.
Telephone 339.

Front quarter of Veal	8c
Hind quarter of Veal	10c
Leg of Mutton	10c
Roast Pork, per lb	8 and 10c
Pork Chops, per lb	10c
Salt Spare Ribs, per lb	5c
Pot Roast, per lb	6 and 8c
Boiling Beef, per lb	4c
California Ham, per lb	8c
Tennessey Bacon, per lb	9c

Try Our Home Made Sausage of all kinds.

SATURDAY!
Our Busiest Day of the Week.
In addition to the items below, which we advertised for Thursday, Friday and Saturday, we will add for Saturday only, your pick of 50 footed berry bowls
At 19c Each!
These are worth from 30c to 50c each.

Dinner Sets.
10 Austrian China Decorated Sets, 100 pieces regular price $30. They go at just HALF PRICE..... $15.00
These will not last long.
5 Mercer Porcelain Decorated Dinner Sets, 100 pieces, regular price $25. They go at HALF PRICE..... $12.50
Buy one while you can.
10 Meakin's Band Dinnner Sets. 85 pieces. Regular price $10. Take them for HALF PRICE..... $5.00

Banquet Lamps.
10 Banquet Lamps, with one of the best burners in the market. Regular price $3.75. Take them for..... $1.88

Chamber Sets.
We have just 10 12-piece Decorated Chamber Sets left. Now is the time to get one at A BARGAIN.

F. A. PARKER CO., 10 EAST SUPERIOR ST.

Duluth's great Bargain Center,
THE POPULAR
ONE CENT STORE....
209 West Superior street.
OUR MAMMOTH ONE-FOURTH OFF REMOVAL SALE NOW GOING ON.

The hustle and bustle of getting ready for a new store and the imperative necessity of reducing our stock in order to facilitate moving, makes this sale a memorable event in the history of the One Cent Store. Only nine days more of this mammoth sale. Go with the crowds. Don't wait until we start to move. A few examples of prices that prevail here until April 25th:

10-piece Chamber Set, Regular price, $4 79; 1/4 off price..... $3.60
10-piece Chamber Set, Regular price, $2 48; 1/4 off price..... $1.86
Glass Water Sets, Regular price, $1 09; 1/4 off price..... 82c
Glass Water Sets, Regular price, $1.56; 1/4 off price..... $1.17
Glass Water Sets, Regular price, $1.98; 1/4 off price..... $1.49

No. 9. Granite Fry Pan, regular price, 34c; 1-4 off price..... 26c
No. 8 Copper Bottom and Rim Wash Boiler, regular price, 93c; 1-4 off price..70c
90 feet Jute Clothes Lines, regular price, 9c; 1-4 off price..... 7c
Mrs. Potts' Sad Irons, polished, per set, regular price, 75c; 1-4 off price.....56c
Mrs. Potts' Sad Irons, nickel-plated, per set, regular price, 98c. 1-4 off price....74c

ORIGINATORS OF LOW PRICES.

BURDEN'S DIAMONDS.

Captured Along With the Thieves in London.

London, April 17.—An important arrest was made on Bond street yesterday. William Dunlap, described as a valet, and M. Turner, said to be a footman, were taken into custody by the police. They stated that they left the employ of a gentleman in New York recently. In Dunlap's pocket, the police found diamonds valued at $15,000, believed to have been stolen, and a search of the room occupied by the couple revealed them to be in possession of bracelets, tiaras, rings, scarf pins, set with diamonds and emeralds, and other jewelry, estimated to be worth $75,000.

BURDEN'S SERVANTS.

New York, April 17.—The men, Turner and Dunlap, arrested in London, were formerly servants in the employ of Mr. Townsend Burden, of this city, who on the night of Dec. 27 was robbed of jewelry valued at about $60,000, the chief piece being a diamond necklace worth about $20,000.

There is no doubt that these are the men who robbed the house of I. Townsend Burden, of New York, in December last, of jewelry to the value of about $60,000. The officials of the United States embassy have cabled Secretary Olney to this effect and have asked for extradition papers.

Police Inspector Forrest, who made the arrest, said today: "I merely arrested the men on suspicion. They looked overdressed, and when their room was searched I recognized the jewels, particularly a large emerald, from a description we had of them. Further I learned that the men had offered jewelry for sale to Streeter, the Bond street jeweler, who, although not knowing anything about the Burden robbery, was suspicious, and informed the police."

There is keen interest between Inspector Forrest and Mr. Streeter as to who will get the reward said to have been offered by Mr. Burden for the recovery of the jewels.

A CHICAGO BLAZE.

Chicago, April 17.—A 4-story brick building at No. 45 Jackson street was destroyed by fire today. The loss is estimated at from $75,000 to $100,000. The first floor of the building was occupied by Lindauer & Friend, clothiers; Davis, Johnson & Co., hydraulic presses; Florentine & Son, picture frames, and the National Merchandise company.

AN ARTESIAN SUCCESS.

Cairo, Ill., April 17.—Flowing artesian water was obtained in Cairo today at a depth of 507 feet, after passing through 135 feet of rock.

THE FAMOUS CASH SHOE STORE... 111 WEST SUPERIOR STREET

Special Sale Tomorrow! Stylish Spring Shoes.
Your Choice
Of any of our Ladies' finest Shoes, tan or black, all styles, Tomorrow only..... $3.50

Men's Russet Shoes.
We place on sale tomorrow our line of Men's Tan shoes at $3, all the newest shapes and latest styles, sold all over at $4 00, our price only..... $3.00

Special Bargains in Boys' and Misses' Shoes==

Boys' $2 calf shoe tomorrow	$1.25	Misses' Shoes, sizes 11 to 2,	89c
Boys' $1.25 school shoes	98c	Child's 75c Shoes,	59c
Boys' $2.00 button Shoes,	98c	Child's 65c Shoes,	49c
Men's Working Shoes,	98c	Child's Rubbers,	17c
Ladies' Storm Rubbers,	43c	Infants' Shoes,	23c
Misses' Storm Rubbers,	35c	Misses' Rubbers,	18c
		Ladies' Rubbers,	25c

The Famous Reliable Shoe House

The Great Eastern Duluth.

Best Clothing—Lowest Prices Always.

There Will be Some Wonderful Bargain Selling Here Tomorrow.

Bargains that will in addition to the already extremely low prices bring you in touch with some of the best and most thoroughly dependable ready-to-wear clothes made in this country. You always save money if you trade at **The Great Eastern.**

Lot 1.

200 Men's Spring Suits—made of 3[illegible] stylish all-wool Cloths, single-breasted sack styles, excellently trimmed and thoroughly well-made. You could never equal them at any other store for less than $9. At the Great Eastern Saturday for the remarkably low price of.. **$5.95**

Lot 2.

In this lot we have four different styles, made to sell for $12, nobby spring suitings in cheviots and cassimeres. If comparison is worth anything, these suits ought to be $12, Saturday for... **$8.00**

Lot 3.

Men's Spring Suits in Cassimeres, Cheviots, Scotch Tweeds and Clay Worsteds, dark and light shades, finely made, well fitted and should undoubtedly sell for $15. They're to go tomorrow at..... **$10**

Lot 4.

We have just received 350 Black Clay Worsted Sack and Frock Suits, closed out from the manufacturers at about 60c on the dollar. They are well made, perfect fitting and equal in every respect to the ordinary stores' $14 Suits. Just for a flyer we'll sell them tomorrow for..... **$7.50**

250 Men's Spring Overcoats

Strictly all wool, light and dark shades, elegant silk sleeve linings, worth $10 to $20 in every sense of the word, but the sizes are for small men only—33, 34, 35, 36. In order to sell them out quickly, the Great Eastern places them on sale tomorrow at these phenomenally low prices:

$5, $7.50, $10.

Tomorrow we offer Gentlemen's most fashionable Spring Overcoats in Coverts, Cheviots, Serges and Meltons, plain and strap seams, medium and short lengths, that anywhere else (if you could find the same nobby styles) would mean $20 to $22; at the phenomenal price of only—

$15.00.

Buy Your Furnishings at the Great Eastern.....

You're always sure of the best, the newest, the most stylish Haberdashery, and always sure to get them at the lowest prices.

Gentlemen's Spring Underwear, medium weight Merino Underwear, soft non-irritating and non-shrinkable; the ideal garment for this time of the year, color's—Brown and Blue, always sold at $1.50; Special for Tomorrow..... **$1.25**

75 doz. Merino Shirts and Drawers, non-shrinkable; colors Light Brown and Silver Gray, worth $1.25; Special for Tomorrow..... **$1.00**

50 doz. Men's Black Maco Cotton Half Hose, with white feet, only 25c—per half dozen..... **$1.40**

50 doz Fine Maco Cotton Half Hose, Brown, Blue and Black, elegant for wear—25c, per half dozen..... **$1.40**

60 doz fancy Embroidered Half Hose, regular 50c values; now 35c, per half dozen..... **$2.00**

New Neckwear, Beautiful New Colored Shirts, Gloves, Nightrobes.

Boys' Department Specials.

100 doz light print and outing flannel Waists Tomorrow..... **15c**

500 pairs Gray Diagonal Cassimere Knee Pants Tomorrow..... **19c**

50 doz Brownie Overalls Tomorrow..... **25c**

100 doz new Yacht and Golf Caps Tomorrow..... **25c**

Beautiful new Silk Windsor Ties and Bows Tomorrow..... **25c**

Double-breasted Knee Pant Brown Diagonal Cassimere Suits Tomorrow..... **$1.50**

All-wool Cheviot Combination Knee Pant Suits, with two pairs of double seat and double knee Pants, Tomorrow..... **$2.90**

Elegant Black and Blue Clay Worsted Knee Pant Suits, nicest dress suit in the world for the price—$4.00 and..... **$5.00**

Our Golf Combination Suit (like cut) made of wear-resisting Scotch Tweeds..... **$5.90**

Boys' Black and Blue Diagonal Cheviot Long Pant Suits, (sizes 14 to 19 years)..... **$5.00**

Boys' Black Clay Worsted Long Pant Suits, sizes 14 to 19 years, tomorrow..... **$7.50**

New Spring Reefers and Top Coats.
Beautiful Tam O'Shanters.
Ladies' Fedora Hats.
Headquarters for everything that men or boys wear.

COMBINATION TERROR SUIT

Coat, Two Pants and Cap. Pants Double Seat and Knee.

M. S. BURROWS & CO.

A CLUE

Detectives Are Getting Some Evidence in the Vaugh Case.

Some Interesting Developments May Come Within a Short Time.

Mayor Truelsen Denies That Abrahamson Is to Turn Black Down.

The police are exerting every effort to unravel the mystery of the Vaugh case and it is more than probable that there will be important developments within the next day or two. Detectives Ryan and Donovan have in the tolls an individual, who has been, at least, a very warm friend of Mrs. Cyr, and a frequent visitor at her domicile. This person was in the sweat box several hours this afternoon. The detectives maintain the front of a sphinx as to the identity of their caller, and the nature of the information that had been extracted from him.

THE MAYOR DENIES IT.

Did Not Appoint Abrahamson to Turn Black Down.

The mayor brands as a falsehood a rumor which is current that he had appointed W. M. Abrahamson a fire commissioner to serve the end of turning down Chief Black.

"There is not a word of truth in it," said he today, when spoken to in regard to the matter. "I appointed Mr. Abrahamson because I thought he would make an efficient and valuable member of the board. I told him distinctly that I wanted no promise from him other than that he would do his duty."

$10,000 6% To Loan! ON First Mortgages.

Mendenhall & Blackshaw,
Herald Building, 220 W. Superior St.

The Saturday Club.

Mrs. Ellsworth Benham has charge of the program for the Saturday club tomorrow. The discussion on Africa will be led by Mrs. Barnes. The program is as follows:

"Our Great Observatories"...Mrs. Seeley
"Charles and Maria Mitchell"...Mrs. Williams
Soprano solo...John McKusick
"Professor Ohnsted and Other Astronomers"...Mrs. McGonagle
"Our Weather Bureau and Signal Service"...Mrs. Grannis

Taken to Prison.

Mrs. Samuel D. Smith, the weepful, left yesterday for Stillwater in the company of Sheriff W. W. Butchart. She will spend thirteen months in arduous labor in that city, and during her stay there will be the guest of the warden of the state penitentiary. Her two children have been sent to Fairhaven, Mich., where they will be cared for by Mrs. Smith's relatives. Meanwhile Samuel D. Smith will go marching on until he is overtaken by the fate which has enveloped James E. Ellenson Austin Alsop, of Tacoma.

Visiting Grain Inspectors.

William Smiley, supervising grain inspector at Chicago for twenty-five years, and W. P. Andrews, chief grain inspector at the same place, were in the city this morning accompanied by Chief Inspector A. C. Clausen, of this state. They are spending the day looking over the elevators and sampling yards at Duluth and Superior and were on the board of trade this morning.

Miss Kading, dressmaker, is now located at 312 Temple Opera.

Always the cheapest for millinery. Mdlle. Gagnier, 22 Third avenue west, opposite French & Bassett's.

An elegant line of spring millinery at Mrs. O. S. Humes', over Suffel's.

EVERYTHING....

The Market Affords for a Perfect Sunday Dinner.

LOBSTERS, FROGS' LEGS, SPRING CHICKENS, STRICTLY FRESH CAUGHT LAKE SUPERIOR TROUT and WHITE FISH.

RANGE'S FANCY ROASTS OF BEEF.
RANGE'S FANCY ROASTS OF PORK.

If not now a patron, try us with a trial order tomorrow.

First East End delivery at 9 a. m.

W. L. RANGE.

Telephone 122. 321 West Superior St.

Gronseth & Olsen,

CASH GROCERS,
401-403 EAST FOURTH STREET.
TELEPHONE 292. Established 1887.

Saturday Bargains.

A FULL LINE OF FRESH VEGETABLES AT LOW PRICES.
Strawberries, Oyster Plant, Mint, Onions, Celery, Cucumbers, Watercress, Parsley, Pieplant, Asparagus, Beets.

Radishes, 3 bunches for	10c
Lettuce, 3 heads for	10c
Lemons, fancy, per doz	12c
Bananas, fancy, per doz	15c
Tomatoes, fancy, per lb	15c

CANNED GOODS.

Apples, Hamburgh, gal can, per can	19c
Apples, Main, gal can, per can	19c
Tomatoes, Velvet, gal can, per can	20c
Tomatoes, Boyle brand, 10c can for	7c
Tomatoes, Purity brand, 10c can for	7c
Corn, Bismarck brand, 8c can for	6c
Corn, Enterprise brand, 10c can for	7c
Boston Baked Beans, 10c can for	8c
Pie Peaches, 10c can for	8c
Hominy, Hopkins, 10c can for	8c
Golden Wax Beans, 3-lb can, 10c can for	8c
Strawberries, 10c can for	8c
Raspberries, 10c can for	8c
Blueberries, 10c can for	8c
Muscat Grapes, 12½c can for	10c
Apricots, 12½c can for	10c
Egg Plums, 12½c can for	10c
Early June Peas, Hamburgh, 13c can for	10c
Imported Sardines, fine quality	10c
Domestic Sardines, best quality, per can	3c
Van Camp's Pork and Beans in Tomato Sauce, 3-lb cans	15c
Van Camp's Pork and Beans in Tomato Sauce, 2-lb cans	12c

BUTTER and EGGS.

Dairy, good quality, per lb, 15c, 18c, and	20c
"River Home," Dairy, 20c and	22c
"Clover Leaf," Creamery, 1-lb prints	25c
Finest Separator Creamery, per lb	23c

Eggs at wholesale prices.

RUNKEL BROTHERS' CHOCOLATE. To introduce this article in this market we shall give exceedingly low prices for Saturday:

Runkel Bros. Premium, per lb	32c
" Sweet Red Ribbon, per cake	8c
" Sweet Vienna, per cake	6c
" Sweet Anchor, per cake	4c

Miscellaneous.

Table Syrup, Crystal Drip, per gal	27c
N. O. Molasses, per gal	23c
Jelly, assorted, per pail	33c
Webb's Perfect Starch, per lb	5c
Ivory Soap, laundry size, 10c cake, for	7c
Van Camp's Home-Made Catsup, pint bottle	10c
Yellow Peas, per lb	1½c
Yellow Beans, per lb	2c

Deliveries: Woodland, Tuesday 1 p. m. and Wednesday 7 a. m.

GRONSETH & OLSEN

Anderson...

CASH GROCERY CO.

We have just received another carload of

Fresh Butter and Eggs!

Which will be sold at the following prices:

Choice Dairy Butter, per lb	18c
Good Dairy Butter, per lb	15c
Strictly Fresh Eggs, per doz Limit 5 doz.	10c
4 cans of Mustard Sardines for	25c
3 cans of oiled Sardines for	10c
3-lb sack of Salt, per sack	2c
2-lb can of Roast Beef, per can	20c
Lunch Tongue, very fine goods, per can	25c
Fancy Salt Salmon, per lb This is a snap.	7c
Choice Seedling Oranges, per doz	15c
Fancy Bananas, per doz	15c

Anderson...

Cash Grocery Co.,
Cor. First Ave. East and Superior St.

HOUSES TO RENT.
1715 E. Superior Street, hot water heat, electric lights, all modern improvements, per month..... $40
Other houses in the East End from $15 to $50.
Money to loan on Real Estate.
THE DULUTH BANKING CO.,
400 BURROWS BUILDING.

SUFFEL & Co

129-131 W. Superior St.

Are the Exponents of True Economy.

Which dictates that you buy always where you can get the best for the smallest amount of money.

Dry Goods!

SPECIAL COMBINATION SALE
For Tomorrow Only!
Read what small sums of money will purchase Tomorrow.

At 19c.

All 25c Dress Goods for tomorrow, per yard	19c
2 yards of 15c Silesia for tomorrow	19c
2 doz 15c a doz Dress Stays tomorrow for	19c
2 pair Dress Shields, (worth 15c a pair) for	19c
Table Cloth, fast color, turkey red, for tomorrow, per yard	19c
Men's 25c Cotton Socks, for tomorrow, per pair	19c
Ladies' 25c Fast Black Cotton Hose, for tomorrow, per pair	19c
3 yards best quality Apron Gingham, for tomorrow	19c
3 yards best 10c Outing Flannels, for tomorrow	19c
Men's best 25c Suspenders, tomorrow, price	19c

KID GLOVES—With every pair of Kid Gloves sold a bottle of highly perfumed BON MARCHE French glove powder will be given free of charge, try our embroidered back Kid Gloves at..... 98c

At 29c.

Ladies' Fast Black 50c Matchless Hose, one pair for	29c
Men's 50c Fast Black Cotton Socks, 1 pair for	29c
2 pair of Ladies' 20c Fast Black Cotton Hose, for tomorrow	29c
All 40c a yard Dress Goods, for tomorrow	29c
2 yards best English Silesia, worth 20c a yard, for tomorrow	29c
Best English 50c Hair Cloth, for tomorrow, per yard	29c
Ladies' Shirt Waists, latest styles, for tomorrow	29c
6 yards best grade of Calico, for tomorrow	29c
3½ yards best 12½c Shirt Waist Percale, for tomorrow	29c
2 cakes of 25c CUTICURA Soap, for tomorrow	29c
2 pairs large Honey Comb Towels, worth 50c, for tomorrow	29c
4 cakes of WOOL SOAP, for tomorrow	29c

Try our "GERSTER" Kid Gloves, the best sold in Duluth. With every pair 1 bottle French Glove Powder FREE.

At 39c.

All 50c Dress Goods, for tomorrow's sale	39c
5 pieces Plaid Shirt Waist 75c Silk, for tomorrow, at per yard	39c
English Moreen Skirting, worth 50c a yard, for tomorrow, per yard	39c
10 yards Crash Toweling, for tomorrow	39c
The 50c MOTHER'S FRIEND Boys' Shirt Waists, tomorrow at	39c
Best grade 50c Corsets, for tomorrow's sale	39c
Men's 50c Working Shirts, for tomorrow	39c
Men's 50c Suspenders, for tomorrow	39c
Men's 50c Necktie, all styles, for tomorrow	39c
8 yards best 7c Calico, for tomorrow	39c
2 pairs Men's 25c Cotton Socks, for tomorrow	39c
2 pairs Ladies' 25c Fast Blk Cotton Hose, for tomorrow at	39c
Ladies' 25c Handkerchiefs, for tomorrow, 2 for	39c
Men's 25c Handkerchiefs, for tomorrow, 2 for	39c
2½ yards 9-4 Bleached Sheeting, for tomorrow	39c

With every pair of Kid Gloves a bottle of Bon Marche Glove Powder given FREE OF CHARGE.

At 49c.

10 pieces 75c Dress Goods, all styles, tomorrow's price—per yard	49c
8 pieces 75c Fancy Waist Silks, tomorrow's price—per yard	49c
All 75c Corsets, for tomorrow at	49c
Ladies' 75c Fast Black Silk Hose, for tomorrow—per pair	49c
Ladies' 75c drop-stitch Fancy Lisle Hose, tomorrow's price—per pair	49c
Men's Spring Underwear, per suit, shirt and drawers, for	49c
7 yards "Fruit of the Loom" Bleached Muslin, for tomorrow	49c
10 yards all-linen Crash Toweling for	49c
8 yards heavy gray 15c Outing Flannel for	49c
1 pair Nottingham Lace Curtains, sale price	49c
5 yards Lonsdale Cambric for	49c
10 yards 7c Unbleached Muslin for	49c
Table Linen, worth 75c, tomorrow's price—per yard	49c
2½ yards Turkey Red Table Cloth, for	49c
2 bottles of regular 50c Perfume for	49c

Try our "KID GLOVES," with every pair a bottle of Glove Powder Free.

At 59c.

8 yards 10c Bleached Muslin, for tomorrow	59c
Best $1.00 Summer Corset, for tomorrow	59c
Our $1.00 6-hook Black Corsets, sale price	59c
2 pairs regular 50c Fast Black Hose for	59c
3 pairs regular 25c Fast Black Hose for	59c
12 yards Unbleached Muslin for	59c
7 yards 12½c Cretonne for	59c
White Bedspreads, worth $1.00, at	59c

Wear the C. B.—the best fitting Corsets in the world.

Try our PREMIER FAULTLESS MONOGRAM SHIRT WAISTS—perfect fitting.

Wear the "BURLINGTON" Fast Black Hose—every pair warranted.

PRICE ALWAYS THE LOWEST.

SUFFEL & Co

FREIMUTH'S

The Store is Filling Up to Overflowing

With the late purchases made in the eastern market. Goods of the right sort bought at prices far below the early ruling values. Never before in the history of the ancient or modern world were the opportunities as favorable to supply human mankind with outer garbs at such moderate cost as at present.

Store teeming with bargains for Tomorrow's large trade.

Cloak Room Inklings.

New Dress Skirts, made of lustrous figured brilliantine, lined with rustling taffeta, velvet bound; would be cheap at $6.50. Tomorrow only..... **$3.75**

Ladies' up-to-date Street Costumes, made of excellent quality storm serge, skirt lined with rustling percaline, the new Blazer shape, well worth $15. Tomorrow only..... **$10**

Fashionable Silk and Velvet Capes, silk lined, plain or jet trimmed, stylish length and ample width; considered a bargain at $10. Tomorrow..... **$5.75**

New Cloth Capes, made of good quality Kersey, single or double capes, handsomely trimmed, worth $4. Tomorrow..... **$2.50**

Stylish Ladies' Coats, made of Kersey or Clay Worsted, full box front, large sleeves; would be cheap at $12.50. Tomorrow..... **$8.50**

Latest style Coats, colors tan and black, kersay trimmed with small pearl buttons, new stylish sleeves; would be a bargain at $15. Tomorrow..... **$10**

Girls' Reefer Jackets, with large sailor collars, trimmed with soutache braid, navy or red, plain cloth or in pretty mixtures, sizes 4 to 12 years; yours at, only..... **$2.98**

Shoes.....

Our prices mark the acme of Cheapness, and are in every case the very lowest that can be made.

IN QUALITY = =

Our goods rank as the best in each and every grade—a standard of excellence.

IN STYLES = =

We are displaying the newest and prettiest. Ask to see "The Newport" Ladies' Fine Shoe, the sensation of Paris and New York. The "Tokio" Oxfords are marvels of beauty.

A Few of the Many Special Trade Makers for Tomorrow.

Ladies' Tan Lace Boot, needle toe, superbly trimmed, exactly the same shape as shoes you pay $4 and $5 for, that will fairly surprise you at the low price of, a pair..... **$2.50**

Ladies' Tan Low Shoes, turned flexible sole, worth $1.75 a pair; to make it interesting, for Saturday, a pair..... **$1.19**

You will make a mistake if you do not inspect our bargain wonder, Ladies' finest Dongola Button or Lace Shoes, the narrow opera toe, hand turn, seamless foxing; the most comfortable fitting and stylish shoe ever placed upon any foot, $4 value. Tomorrow at, a pair..... **$2.98**

Every pair of our Dongola Button Shoes at $1.39, $1.73, $1.98, $2.19, are Bargains that you do not find every day.

Misses Dongola Button Shoes, patent leather tip, spring heel, worth $2, at..... **$1.39**

Misses' Tan Shoes, regular $2.00 and $2.25 quality. Tomorrow..... **$1.39**

Children's Shoes, same grade, sizes 8 to 10½, at, a pair..... **98c**

Children's Fine Dongola Spring Heel Shoes, patent tip, hand sewed, 5 to 8..... **69c**

Infant's Fine Dongola Spring Heel Shoes, patent tip, hand sewed, 2 to 5..... **48c**

A large line of Slippers of every description.
Endless variety of Ladies' Bicycle Leggings at Lowest Prices.

Kid Gloves. A wonderful offering. 100 dozen 5-hook extra quality genuine Kid Gloves, in black, brown, tan and slate, never sold at less than $1 and $1.25. Sell tomorrow at..... **79c**

Knit Underwear. Ladies' Jersey Ribbed Vests, high neck and short sleeves, regular 25c quality; tomorrow at, each..... **15c**

Ladies' Hose! A Bargain of a Lifetime! 50 dozen extra quality English Cashmere Hose, never sold at less than 50c; tomorrow, only..... **29c**

Boys' Extra Heavy Bicycle Hose, The 30c grade; tomorrow, only..... **19c**

Muslin Underwear. Ladies' Night Gowns made of heavy cotton, well finished and nicely trimmed, sold everywhere at 75c; price tomorrow, only..... **50c**

Ladies' Nightgowns in up-to-date style, trimmed with good Hamburg Edging, well worth $1; tomorrow only..... **75c**

Ladies' Muslin Drawers, with 8-cluster tucking and embroidery ruffle, cheap at 50c; tomorrow, only..... **32c**

Ladies' Skirts, very full in width, deep embroidery ruffle, worth up to $1.50; tomorrow, only..... **$1.00**

5-Hook Ventilated Corsets, extra long waist, never sold at less than 50c; tomorrow, only..... **39c**

Veilings. 1000 yards Tuxedo Dotted Chenille Veilings, in black and colors, cheap at 20 and 25c; tomorrow, only, a yard..... **10c**

Dressing Combs. Extra quality celluloid and India rubber Dressing Combs, regular 25c grade; tomorrow, only..... **15c**

Tooth Brushes. Fine imported Tooth Brushes, 20 and 25c quality; tomorrow, only..... **15c**

Handkerchiefs. 200 dozen fine lawn printed hemstitched Ladies' Handkerchiefs, regular 10c quality; tomorrow at..... **5c**

FREIMUTH'S

AGENT FOR THE BUTTERICK PATTERNS AND PUBLICATIONS.

SIXTEEN PAGES--PART ONE--Pages 1 to 8

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

FOURTEENTH YEAR. SATURDAY, APRIL 18, 1896. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

A HOUSEKEEPER'S DELIGHT

Is Well Kept, Well Stocked Complete House Furnishing Store.

Where reliable wares are kept and sold at—

Reasonable Prices!

In Furniture The largest variety in Duluth.

In Carpets Newest styles and colorings.

In Dishes A brand new stock.

In Stoves and Ranges The oldest and best line on earth—"The Acorn."

In Curtains You must see them to know.

THE PARTIAL PAYMENT PLAN MAKES IT VERY EASY TO PAY FOR THINGS HERE.

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Third Avenue West and First Street.

PIANOS $167

A Good Second Hand Upright Piano

We have the largest assortment of new pianos at the head of the lakes.

Pianos and Organs for Rent.

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General agents for the Peck-Williamson Heating and Ventilating company, Cincinnati.

FIRST CLASS FURNACES.
FIRST CLASS WORK.
LOW PRICES.
CALL AND SEE THE SAMPLE.

Favorite Furnaces are the best on the Market.

Gold and Silver! Bring us your REPAIRING OF JEWELRY and Silverware, gold, silver or nickel plating. All work done by only first-class mechanics and GUARANTEED. We carry the largest line of precious stones in the Northwest and set them up to suit you. We pay cash for old gold and silver or work it over into any design. We also do bicycle repairing and replate any part of a wheel.

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Try our patent wing point turner on your collars. No broken edges; Gives new finish to old ones.

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Mendenhall & Hoopes,

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

$12,500 TO LOAN ON IMPROVED PROPERTY.

COMMERCIAL LIGHT AND POWER CO.,

Successors to HARTMAN GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.

Furnish Electric Current for Light and Power.

Offices:

Rooms 4, 5, 6, 216 West Superior Street.

AUSTIN SUICIDED

The Murderer of Lena Olson Took His Own Life at Seattle.

He Hanged Himself In His Cell With a Strip of His Blanket.

Papers Found In His Personal Effects Leave No Doubt of His Identity.

Crooked to the last, James E. Alsop committed suicide in his cell in the Seattle city jail last night. Whether from fear or a desire to cheat the rope of its lawful prey, it will never be known, but satisfied that at last, after two years of safety, he was to be called upon to answer for the brutal murder of Lena Olson, Olsop, alias Austin, alias Ellenson, suspended himself by a piece of blanket fastened it to a staple in the wall of the Seattle jail and died a hunted suicide's death.

Sometime before 10 o'clock last night, he tore a strip from a blanket which had been given him to sleep on. Then he fastened it to a staple in the wall of the cell only five feet from the floor, tied the other end about his doomed neck, and strangled himself. At 10:20 Detective Courtney and Jailor Pier entered the cell to give him some oranges, and they were startled to see him hanging there with his feet touching the floor. He was immediately cut down, but life was entirely extinct.

Detective Courtney has expressed fear yesterday afternoon that his charge would escape him in this manner, but the police thought there was no occasion for his fears. Alsop made no confession except by his last act, but he admitted in a general way yesterday to Detective Philbrick, of Seattle, that he was in Duluth under the name of Austin.

Detective Benson was given the requisition papers which had been prepared by County Attorney Arbury, last night, and he left at 11 o'clock for St. Paul to secure the governor's signature. He was intercepted there by a telegram this morning and will return today.

KNOWN IN DULUTH.

It has transpired that both Alsop and the present Mrs. Alsop are known in Duluth. After his first wife's death at Tacoma, Alsop married Mrs. Fred Minthorn, who had been divorced from her husband. She was a daughter of William Dodge, of Granite Falls, Minnesota.

In July, 1891, Mr. and Mrs. Alsop visited Duluth on their honeymoon, stopping here a week. Those who knew Mrs. Alsop did not know that she had been divorced from Fred Minthorn until she introduced Alsop as her husband. A. R. Walker, who used to have a real estate office in the Palladio building, and who moved to Devil's Lake, N. D., in 1894, is a brother-in-law of Mrs. Alsop's.

James E. Alsop is remembered by many people in this city, especially those who had offices in the Palladio building in the summer of 1892, when he spent about five or six weeks here. Alsop came here shortly after his marriage with Mrs. Julia Minthorn, who had been Miss Julia Dodge, of Granite Falls, Minn., and who was a sister of the wife of A. R. Walker, then in the real estate business in Duluth. The couple, who were then on their bridal tour, made their home at Walker's residence in Superior View addition while here, and Alsop spent a good portion of his time in Walker's office in the Palladio building. He was a man who was apt to be remembered by those who met him, the impression he made not being wholly favorable. He usually wore a coat of the style known as "Prince Albert" and a plug hat. He interested himself in a real estate deal with some well-known men here, during which the question as to his financial responsibility came up, and to settle the point the son of ex-Mayor Davis, who resided in Tacoma, was telegraphed, at Alsop's suggestion, to make inquiries at a bank where Alsop did business. The reply from the bank was favorable. Alsop, while here, got Walker to endorse a note for $500, which the former negotiated—and the latter paid. Alsop left here in the early fall of 1892, and the next heard of him was that he was under arrest at Minneapolis, charged with having been engaged in a fraudulent real estate deal. The long-suffering brother-in-law went down and bailed him out.

As stated, Alsop did not prepossess people in his favor particularly, and Walker was strongly advised by his friends not to go on the $500 note with him.

WENT INTO HYSTERICS.

Tacoma, April 18.—Mrs. J. E. Alsop went into hysterics when informed by a reporter of her husband's suicide at Seattle. She believes that papers in her suit for divorce were served on him in his cell. She says that they lived happily together, and that he went to Chicago on business with her knowledge and consent in 1893. He wrote her affectionate letters for a time, finally stating he was going to the Minnesota iron region. She heard no more of him, and believed he was burned in the fire which wiped out Hinckley, Minn., in 1894. She was collecting evidence of his death in order to obtain his insurance. Last Tuesday, to her great surprise, he visited her, but he did not receive a cordial reception. The same day she took steps to secure a divorce.

HIS MINNEAPOLIS RECORD.

His record in Minneapolis previous to the Lena Olson murder is best given in the Times, under date of Sunday, Dec. 11, 1892, a copy of which was found in the old valise at Mrs. Guimond's residence, as well as a copy of the Tacoma paper, giving an account of Mrs. Alsop's death. The article in the Times is headed, "Thought to be a Crook," and reads as follows:

"Inspectors Hoy and McNulty made an arrest last evening which may prove to be a notable capture. Their prisoner was a sleek looking fellow, about 45 years of age, dressed in black with a silk tile, which gave his tall, slender form clerical appearance. His name, or the one he gave at the station, is James Alsop. He has been a resident of Tacoma until recently, when he came East and represented himself as one of the directors of a land and investment company in Tacoma.

"Alsop met George Hollridge, a contractor in this city, whom he knew some years ago in the West, and sold him a piece of Tacoma property for $7871, taking a small portion of the money in cash and the rest in notes. This occurred six weeks ago, and the realty dealer, after selling the notes, disappeared from the city. Recently he returned, as he says, to consummate some other large deals of the same nature, and for that reason was solicitous that his name be kept out of the papers. The prisoner was an attorney in Tacoma, and the property he transferred is said to have belonged to other parties, and he admitted last evening to the detectives that there was a mistake, but one that he could easily rectify.

"A number of women in the city, it is understood, have invested largely with Alsop in these real estate schemes. Attorneys Penney, Johnson and Hayne have been secured by the defense for his trial, which comes up tomorrow."

After getting out of the above trouble he left Minneapolis, and the next heard of him was when he went to board with Mrs. Guimond in that city, where he left the fatal valise.

CONNECTION WITH HAYWARD.

Harry Hayward's connection with the Lena Olson murder has been a subject of speculation that has refused to remain in the background. Developments of the last twenty-four hours seem to indicate that Hayward really did know something of the tragedy. Hayward's possible connection with the case is indicated by Alsop's Minneapolis landlady, Mrs. J. D. Guimond, of 312 University avenue N. E. She avers that she has seen Alsop and Hayward together. In detail her interview runs:

"Alsop came to my house a perfect stranger, Thanksgiving day, 1893. He wanted room and board, and gave his name as Ellinson. He represented himself to be a broker. I rented a room to him and he was here about three months, when he left me, without paying his board, and owing $10, which I loaned him.

"Subsequently my husband and myself learned that he was a frequent caller at the Ozark flats. One day in the early part of '94 I met him, near Donaldson's Glass block. A man whom I afterwards identified as Harry Hayward was with him. I also found in his valise a fine silk handkerchief, which the police have discovered to be Hayward's. Some time after this, in July, I happened to be at Minnehaha, when I met Ellinson again, with a lady whom I know positively to have been Lena Olson. He also called her Miss Olson. The next thing I heard about Miss Olson was the news of her murder. From the description given of Austin, I know that it was my boarder."

Mrs. Guimond stated further that she found in the grip, beside the handkerchief, a will drawn by A. C. Austin, in the same handwriting as Ellinson's, also papers showing him to be a forger for upwards of $7000, and newspaper clippings relating to the death of his wife.

UNDOUBTEDLY AUSTIN.

A Seattle dispatch, dated yesterday, said: Papers and letters addressed to A. A. Austin were found today among Alsop's personal effects. Notwithstanding the prisoner's emphatic denial that he had ever borne the name Austin, other evidence tending to show that they are one and the same person has been produced. He claims he was never in Duluth, and says he was in Minneapolis during the summer of 1894. About the time of the murder, he says he accompanied two women to Minnehaha Falls. "I picked them up on the street car, and don't know who they were," he answered when asked as to the identity of his female companions. Courtney thinks there was only one woman with Alsop on this occasion, Miss Olson being the person, and that his purpose was to take her life at Minnehaha Falls; failing to find a suitable opportunity, took the woman on to Duluth, where the murder was done. Alsop returned to Tacoma April 7, and went at once to his home. His wife, he claims, told him to jog along after a conference of two hours. He came to Seattle and fell into the hands of the law.

A lady who knew Alsop in Tacoma and also in Kansas, where he was mayor of Wakeeny, Trego county, in the 80's, says that Mrs. William Burroughs, of Tacoma, is in possession of an affidavit or confession in writing, in which the first Mrs. Alsop declared that her husband had on two occasions tried to poison her. When the first attempt was made they were living in Michigan or Wisconsin, and according to the statement, Alsop administered Paris green in nicely prepared lettuce, of which his wife was very fond. Suspecting something Mrs. Alsop abstained from partaking of the dish and had its contents analyzed with the result, as she claimed, that enough poison was found in the lettuce to kill three women. The same informant states that it was the general belief in Tacoma at the time of the alleged runaway that Mrs. Alsop, who was known to have lived a most unhappy life with her husband, had met with foul play rather than accidental death.

DULUTH LETTER CARRIERS.

Their Claims in the General Deficiency Bill.

Washington, April 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—The general deficiency bill reported to the house today contains the following appropriations to pay awards of the court of claims to the Duluth letter carriers for overtime work: John W. Bell, $380.70; Fred Berkelmann, $142.84; Alfred Blass, $270.33; James R. Grady, $132.45; John Henneberry, $541.81; George Johnson, $208.62; Milo D. Jones, $251.89; Jerome S. Kriz, $177.98; John Kusnierek, $251.89; Murdo S. McKenzie, $426.95; Joseph Plutnizky, $114.20; Alcide Racette, $32.17; Thomas G. Thompson, $142.84; Irene Chabot, $32.17; Alton B. Heimbach, $541.81; George W. Pauls, $232.12; Joseph B. Dye, $282.86; Martin L. Fraser, $389.05; J. Andrew Godenius, $272.55; Mike Hoppa, $106.61; William Lynch, $53.21; Thomas Nolan, $399.56; Albert Wiley, $370.47; Harry Brown, $967.72; Anton Grabarkiewicz, $711.51; total, $7434.31.

ADIRONDACK FLOODS.

Mountain Snows Swelling New York Rivers.

Saratoga, N. Y., April 18.—The hot wave is reducing the Adirondacks' snow deposit to a freshet. Lakes, rivers and streams are unusually high, and still rising. Schroon lake is higher than it has been at any time during the past twenty-seven years. At Glenfalls, Chesterrown, Fort Edward, South Harlcon, Warrensburg, Thurman and other points the water is bursting its banks and threatens great destruction.

EXPLODED

Seven Lives Lost in a Niehart, Montana Mining Horror This Morning.

Powder Magazine Blew Up and Scattered Death and Serious Injuries.

Men Were Passing the Magazine When the Explosion Took Place.

Minneapolis, April 18.—A special to the Journal from Niehart, Mont., says: An explosion occurred in the Broadwater mine at 1:15 this morning, by which seven men lost their lives and six others are seriously hurt. The dead are:

Frank Doran.
W. J. Morrison.
Hugh McKenzie.
Dan O'Leary.
D. H. Rose.
John Cairns.
James Gallagher.

The seriously wounded are: Joseph Deeroen, James Connolly, George Doran, a brother of Frank Doran, Charles Smith, Mike Tobin, Mattie Brown; several others are bruised and cut somewhat.

The accident occurred in the magazine used for thawing powder. Frank Doran was looking after the powder and had just commenced loading the magazine when the explosion occurred. It is supposed that his candle must have ignited some powder. He was found some twenty feet from the magazine in another drift, and must have seen the danger and tried to escape.

The men had just finished eating their midnight lunch, and were on their way back to work. Thirty of them had to pass this magazine, and it exploded as about half were passed. Those in the center are the dead and seriously wounded. The mine is badly caved in.

Superintendent Cooney says there could not have been over thirty pounds of powder in the magazine at the time, as it was no customary to keep more than enough for one round of shots there.

Doran leaves a wife and two children, the others are single men, most of them having resided here but a short time.

DISHONEST BANKING.

Sensational Allegations in a Michigan Suit.

Marshall, Mich., April 18.—The subject of the wrecking of the City National bank in 1892 was revived today, by the beginning of a suit by Anna M. Alexander, a stockholder, to compel an accounting by George W. Bentley, president, and John R. Bentley, cashier, and also asking for the appointment of a receiver.

The bank was closed in 1891, when $112,000 short, and E. J. Kirby, the assistant cashier, is now serving a ten-years' sentence in Jackson prison for forgery in that connection. The bill filed today is on behalf of twenty stockholders. It charges dishonest and reckless management of the bank.

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

IN SERIOUS PERIL

Buluwayo, if Not Actually Fallen, is in the Greatest Sort of Danger.

Quite Possible That a Frightful Massacre of the Europeans Has Occurred.

Anxiety For the Environed Town is Felt in all European Circles.

(Copyrigated 1896 by the Associated Press).

Cape Town, April 18.—No official statement from any source is worth considering for a moment if it takes the ground that Buluwayo is not in danger. Buluwayo is in the greatest danger. In fact ere this, the town may be in the hands of the Matabeles, and one of the most terrible massacres on record may have occurred.

The latest advices received here from Buluwayo have greatly increased the anxiety felt for the safety of that place. Military men, troopers, Dutchmen and Englishmen, civilians of all classes, veteran troopers and government officials concur in the statement that the governor of Cape Colony, Sir Hercules Robinson, has not told the truth if he has notified the home government that Buluwayo is in no danger.

It is evident to everybody here that the British at Buluwayo are in a most critical position. The chief point of their weakness is in numbers, and the immensity of the hordes of Matabeles gathering for the attack. Then, again, large numbers of Matabeles, presumed to be friendlies, have been allowed to enter the town and it is well known that they have planned to rise and strike at the British as soon as the warriors of the Matabeles are heard outside the line of defenses.

Most of the Matabeles in Buluwayo got there by pretending to be seeking the protection of the whites, and the latter were foolish enough to fall into the trap. These Matabeles are armed, and an outbreak must soon occur. It may be that Buluwayo is held by 10,000 men; this is not enough. But the fact is the number of men at Buluwayo is under 900. Matabeles in the vicinity are reported to have been despatched to hold Mangwe Pass, which is a steep defile, with angular outrigrs, and can be rendered impregnable.

Other despatches, however, announce that a strange force of the remaining whites intended to leave Buluwayo yesterday in order to attack the Matabeles impi, composed of Lobenguila's crack Imbezu regiments from which the native police, who have been shown to have started the rebellion, were recruited. This impi is looked upon as being the most formidable in or about Matabeleland in point of numbers and efficiency. These warriors have been secretly profiting for some time by the drill and tactics of police deserters, and as the latter took with them their arms and ammunition, and all the other arms and ammunition they could lay their hands on, the Imbezu regiment, always most formidable, is likely to prove more than a match for the small British force.

In fact, nobody here can understand the rashness of such a sortie being permitted, and it is feared that the awful mistake of Isandu may be repeated. The British may be enticed into the bush by a feint, and while they are engaged with overwhelming numbers, the main body of the Matabeleland army may be hurled against Buluwayo and sweep over it, in spite of the defenses and the rapid firing guns ready to receive the enemy. Besides, as already stated, the attack of the Matabeles from the outside is more than likely to be assisted inside the fortification.

This has been anticipated and guarded against as far as possible, but people here predict a great disaster if the slim British force opposing the 15,000 Matabeles is allowed to divide itself and engage in a sortie against the enemy. The great trouble at Buluwayo seems to be that the majority of the leaders are dashing, dare-devil men, who are prone to engage the enemy first and estimate his numbers later, generally too late.

In addition to the Imbezu impi it is known that two other formidable Matabele regiments are in close proximity to Buluwayo, and it would seem that a carefully prepared plan of attack has been drawn up and is being carried out with skill and deliberation which gives additional color to the report that the Boers are behind the whole uprising. The armament of Buluwayo, according to advices received yesterday is four seven-pounders, one twelve and one-half-pounder, three maxim guns, one Gardner and one Nordenfeldt rapid firing gun; the latter having been sent to the front by the British flagship St. George. In addition there are several old field guns of little use, except to consume large quantities of powder, and there are about 350 Lee-Metford rifles available, besides the rifles of the volunteers, etc., which are of all makes, though the majority are Winchesters and Martini-Henrls.

For the latter the supply of ammunition is fair, but there were only about 1,000,000 rounds of cartridges at Buluwayo, and those who have seen the maxim and other rapid fire guns "vomiting" fire at the rate of 100 shots a minute, know that 1,000,000 cartridges will not suffice to enable Buluwayo to be held for any length of time against the repeated night attacks of a fierce, persistent enemy. Then to make matters worse, it is whispered that the 1,000,000 rounds of cartridges have already been greatly drawn upon, and it is hinted that supplies must reach Buluwayo shortly or the worst may be apprehended if there is much further expenditure of ammunition.

It is known, however, that 5000 pounds of rifles and ammunition left Mafekin, on March 28, under a strong escort and this supply ought to reach Buluwayo shortly. Here, it must be added, another difficulty arises. The food supply of Buluwayo is slowly giving out, mainly owing to the number of natives there to be fed, in addition to the white inhabitants, the refugees, the garrison and the forces occupying the outlying posts. It is true that eighteen wagons loaded with provisions are reported to have reached a spot about sixty miles from Buluwayo where they are laagered, awaiting a favorable opportunity to get into the town. The garrison has been communicated with and the escort of the provision train is to be strengthened; then the wagons will be pushed on to Buluwayo. Thus, it will be seen that steps have been taken to relieve Buluwayo with provisions, arms and ammunition, and that the volunteers are being hastily equipped and sent to the front.

Delay in spite of everything must occur, and it is possible that the Matabeles may capture the provision and ammunition trains in which case the situation in Buluwayo would be desperate indeed. It is stated that the chief of the native tribes of Bechuanaland, which the relief forces must traverse, have been peaceable in their demeanor up to the present and are helping the government. In consequence it is expected that numbers of wavering chiefs, who remember Ulundi, will join the British when they hear that the troops are going to the front. There is no change in the situation so far as the Boers are concerned. They are continuing their preparations apparently for a great struggle and it is feared here that the secretary of state for the colonies Joseph Chamberlain, thought it necessary to notify President Kruger that the dispatch in reinforcements to the cape did not imply a change of the feeling of Great Britain toward the Transvaal, and that this will encourage the Boers in their idea that Great Britain is afraid of them, and that it only requires a combined effort upon the part of the Boers of the Transvaal, Orange Free State and Cape Colony to drive the British out of this part of the world. The Boers boast of being able to muster about 60,000 fighting men and they claim this force can defy the whole British army.

GLASS FACTORIES.

Some May Be Built on the Co-Operative Plan.

Pittsburg, April 18.—The Window Glass Workers' association, which is the wealthiest labor organization in the world, may decide to fight the manufacturers on equal grounds by erecting factories at various points to be run on the co-operative plan. This is the result of the determination of the manufacturers to close the manufactories throughout the country on May 29. The question may be submitted to a vote of the membership of the organization after next Friday's meeting. It is proposed to push the matter so that definite action can be taken at the convention, which will doubtless be held in July. Master Workman Campbell says that the idea is to erect six tank factories, one each in Pennsylvania, New York, New Jersey, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois.

EIGHT-HOUR DAY.

St. Louis Expects a General Strike May 1.

St. Louis, April 18.—A general strike for an eight-hour day by the union carpenters and horseshoers of the United States is expected by the labor organizations of St. Louis, to occur May 1. It is positively stated that every union horseshoer in the United States and every union carpenter, save those in St. Louis, will walk out on that day and will remain out until they have secured the shorter hours.

BALTIMORE & OHIO.

Reorganization Committee Will Employ an Expert.

Baltimore, April 18.—The Baltimore committee on the reorganization of the Baltimore & Ohio railway has decided to employ an expert to make a thorough examination of the accounts of the company from 1888 up to the present time. In a statement issued by them, it is asserted that during that period there was an unwarranted increase in the floating debt to the amount of more than $12,000,000 and that many valuable securities belonging to the company were sold without these transactions finding a place in the published reports of the operations of the company.

SOUTH DAKOTA WEATHER.

Mitchell, S. D., April 18.—During the twelve hours' preceding midnight last night, two inches of water fell in this city. The weather turned cooler during the night and ice formed on the standing water one and one-eighth inches thick.

LONDON

Gay Old Town Shakes Itself and Furnishes a Sensation.

Rumored Attempt Made to Burglarize the Tower of London.

Races Are Booming---Russia's Doubtful Expedition--Some Swell Weddings.

(Special London cable letter, copyrighted 1896, by the Associated Press.)

London, April 18.—When the prince of Wales arrived in London from the south of France on Monday, the duke of York was here to welcome him, and after a night in this city he went to Newmarket, where he occupied rooms at the Jockey club. The princess of Wales, with her daughters, was at Sandringham, and on the day of the prince's arrival from France they all attended the annual steeplechase given by the Norfolk hunt. This recalls the fact that when the princess of Wales and her daughters, on Oct. 26, returned to London from Copenhagen, where they had been visiting the parents of the princess, the king and queen of Denmark, they found only a few court functionaries at the station to meet them. The prince of Wales was attending the Newmarket race meeting and apparently could not find time to leave the place for a few hours in order to meet his family. The princess of Wales seems to have felt her husband's neglect most keenly and to have taken the first opportunity of giving him a dose of his own medicine, not that it is expected by anw means to cure his royal highness.

The way Mr. Croker's horses are being backed for the Jubilee stakes and the derby is upsetting all calculations. But no one believes that Montauk has any chance of landing the derby stakes, which event will be decided on Wednesday, June 2.

There was some alarm in the Tower of London a few nights ago, it is reported, by the rumor that a plot to steal the crown jewels had been discovered. Whether it was founded on fact or not, in any case it seems that unusual precautions are being taken to guard the regalia.

Since the home coming of the duke and duchess of Marlborough, Blenheim has only witnessed one public festivity —the reception by the duke and duchess this week of a deputation from the tenants, who called to present the young couple with their wedding gifts. According to the newspapers, the bride won all hearts by her thanks to the deputation, saying that she intended to call upon all of the tenants.

A curious feautre of the budge: statement made by the chancellor of the exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, in the house of commons yesterday, is that the greater part of the importation of wines' increase is due to "the gambling" on the stock exchange, where the speculators whether successful or otherwise, consoled or congratulated themselves in the same way. It apears that 32,000,000 barrels of beer were brewed during the year, an increase of 1,500,000 over the previous year.

The interest of Russia in Abyssinia is arousing thec urlosity of Europe and there is a great deal of ironical comment here regarding the alleged Russian Red Cross expedition fitted out by popular subscription to proceed to Massowah and thence inland to attend the wounded Abyssinians. The present Russian expedition recalls the former so-called scientific and religious missions which resulted in welding political links. The present expedition is led by Gen. Shevelkoff, who has Capt. Swegain, the Russian explorer of Abyssinia; Lieut. Kochovski, a skilled engineer of Russia; ten surgeons, six army surgeons, sixty attendants, one paymaster and three interpreters as assistants. But it is more than suspected that the surgeons and their assistant know much more about killing men than they do healing wounds and evidence is accumulating in many directions showing that both Russia and France have been smuggling arms and ammunition into Abyssinia and possibly even into Soudan, and the agents of these countries are beginning the work of organizing the tribes against the Italians and British.

The annual influx of Americans has already begun and the hotels most patronized by them are in many instances crowded. Everything points to the most crowded and fashionable season that the metropolis has known for years. Lady Edith Curzon, youngest daughter of Earl and Countess Howe, will be united today to Mr. Franklin. Lady De Trafford's brother, on April 18. Lady Evelyin Curzon, elder sister of Lady Edith, will be married to J. Eyre. Both these events will be at St. George's, Hanover square.

GREAT FIND OF ORE.

An Excellent Discovery at the Minnesota Mine.

Tower, Minn., April 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—The recent find of ore at the Minnesota proves that this mine is entitled to the first rank among the iron ore producers of the Lake Superior region. The diamond drill in the fourth level of the Butte shaft has showed up a vein of No. I Bessemer ninety feet wide, estimated to contain over 1,000,000 tons. Shipments to the new ore docks at Two Harbors began last week and trains are now running night and day.

Several parties were owning lands on the range are making preparations to do some prospecting this summer. Interest in the Rainy Lake gold fields is increasing, and when boats begin running in the first part of May, it is expected that there will be another rush to buy Canadian lands. Just at present the Manitou district is receiving the most attention and upwards of 2000 mineral locations containing from forty to 160 acres each, have been surveyed by the crown land officials.

D. R. Curtin reports excellent progress at his location north of Sturgeon Falls between there and the Wiley mine. A shaft is being sunk with the aid of a power drill, and it is now down forty-four feet. The vein is claimed to be extraordinarily wide for the district, thirty-three feet, the lowest assay so far made showing $11 in gold per ton. A number of wealthy residents of Dundas, Wis., are interested in the property and are preparing to secure several other tracts in the neighborhood.

A woodsman named Bradley had his thumb badly chewed by an antangonist in a fight here last week, and as blood poisoning has set in, he is in danger of losing his arm. The chewer left town and has not been apprehended.

MAY FIND TROUBLE.

Steamer Will Try to Enter Closed Nicaraguan Ports.

San Francisco, April 18.—It is more than likely that a shot or two will be fired across the bow of the Pacific mail steamer City of Para before she again returns to this port. The vessel will sail for the turbulent Central American ports today, and Capt. Russell will be instructed to make an effort to enter the ports held by the Nicaraguan insurgents for the purpose of landing freight.

As the result of the revolution, which has been in progress for several months, Pacific mail steamers, as well as other steamers, have been denied entry at San Juan Del Sur, Corinto and several less important harbors.

CALIFORNIA'S BULLION OUTPUT.

San Francisco, April 18.—The Mining Press will print, in its issue today, statistics, by counties, of the bullion product of California for 1895, showing the total gold product to be $15,334,317.69, and the total silver product $599,789.70. The increase of the gold product over 1894 is $1,411,035.80. These statistics were prepared for the director of the United States mint at Washington, D. C.

SHARKEY AFTER CHOYNSKI.

San Francisco, April 18.—Tom Sharkey has expressed the opinion that he can whip Choynski in a finish fight, and would willingly engage in such a contest. Nothing has been done as yet in regard to a match. Choynski would agree to a match, under the same terms as they met on Thursday night. The friends of Joe are confident that but for the foul he received he would have put Sharkey out in less than five rounds.

NICARAGUAN SHIPMENTS.

Washington, April 18.—The state department is advised that invoices of merchandise shipped to Nicaragua, must be certified by the Nicaraguan consular officer at the place from which the goods come, and be accompanied by the sworn declaration of the shipper or his agent that the merchandise is of the exact classification and weight stated in the invoice, in accordance with the form which will be furnished by the consular officer.

Ten cents a week for The Evening Herald delivered at your house. Telephone No. 324, two rings.

There are many good reasons why you should use One Minute Cough Cure. There are no reasons why you should not, if in need of help. The only harmless remedy that produces immediate results. S. F. Boyce.

Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

BETTER THAN MONEY.

A New and Important Way of Looking at the Currency Question.

Public interest for months past has been steadily concentrated upon our national currency. Parties are divided on the question. Men are worked up over it. It means a great deal for the welfare of millions.

There is one way of looking at the question that seems to have been lost sight of. Is it not better to have $50 in gold than $5 in silver? And yet there are many people who are practically throwing away large amounts and holding onto the smaller amount. Many people who might be earning ten times as much as they do, fail because they lack health and energy. Health and strength represent a value greater than gold, and yet many people put up with a run down system, which steals away half their working power. Eventually they lose by sickness and medical expenses and their families suffer when it might all readily be avoided.

These are hard times. Thousands are succumbing to the strains of life. Ill-health is the rule and not the exception. People need their best strength and energy all the while. Health, which is more valuable than gold, can be maintained and even secured when it is lost, if the proper care and right remedy are used. And we do not hesitate to say that there are but few men or women who read these words that cannot be put in perfect condition by the use of that great, that grand discovery Warner's Safe Cure. This entire paper could be filled with testimonials from the grateful ones whose lives have been saved and whose health restored by its use; and if you, reader, are a sufferer, you may readily be among the number. We earnestly recommend you to think seriously upon this subject.

BLOCKADE

Missionaries' Houses in Turkey Closed By the Government's Orders.

Heroic Steadfastness of an Armenian Whose Relatives Had Been Killed.

Additional Facts About the Difficulties of the Missionary, Knapp.

Constantinople, April 18.—Telegrams from Bitlis, Eastern Turkey, state that the houses of Rev. George P. Knapp and Rev. Royal M. Cole, missionaries of the American board of foreign missions, of Boston, have been blockaded by the Turkish government and that their servants have not been allowed to go and come from the markets. On March 15, orders were given by the Turkish government, requiring that they and their families should leave Bitlis by the Southern route. The roads were then impassable.

The missionaries fearfully acknowledged the activity of John W. Riddle, the American charge d'affaires, in securing the nullification of the order for the expulsion of Mr. Knapp and Mr. Cole and their families, and the zeal of Sir Philip Currie, the British ambassador, in supporting Mr. Riddle's demands. Sir Philip Currie told the Turkish minster for foreign affairs that the American missionaries co-operated with Great Britain in the distribution of relief and that he would not see them driven away.

It is further stated that on Feb. 27, fifty Armenian prisoners in Bitlis were released after being confined, most of them for months. With few exceptions all were leading men. Among them was the oldest and foremost Armenian Protestant. His brother and son, who was the head teacher in the boys' high school of the American board, were both killed and for four months he had not been allowed to see his family. He was the only one who could not be forced to sign the address of thanksgiving to the sovereign, saying that the only thing that he could express himself as thankful for was that the rest of them had not been killed. When they were released and were called upon to pray for the long life of the sultan, with cheers, he kept silent, saying that his heart was broken and that he could not join.

The depositions that have been made against the Rev. George P. Knapp charge him with having planned and led in an attack upon the mosque, and that on Oct. 25, 1895, he was responsible for the slaughter of 500 or more people and for the plunder of thousands upon thousands of lire worth of property from the Moslems of Bitlis.

A timely telegram from United States Minister Terrell, a few weeks ago, saved him from being forcibly seized and cast into prison. Should the Turkish government decline to follow up the case, then it would be feasible for the United States government to demand damages for libel. The claim for indemnity for the assault in 1883 of Moussa Bey on Rev. George O. Knapp, father of the Rev. George P. Knapp, was made, but it has never been paid. Indemnity for the murder of Mr. Lenz, the American bicyclist, is another unsatisfied claim.

BASEBALL YESTERDAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Washington—Washington, 14; New York, 6.

At Louisville—Louisville, 2; Chicago, 14.

At Baltimore—Baltimore, 6; Brooklyn, 8.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 7; Pittsburg, 10.

At St. Louis—St. Louis, 3; Cleveland, 5.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 7; Boston, 3.

FATAL COAL OIL EXPLOSION.

Cincinnati, April 18.—This morning an explosion of coal oil in the saloon of Emil Schaafer, on North Baymiller street, set the house on fire. The upper story was occupied as a dwelling. The flames spread rapidly, cutting off the escape of the sleeping inmates. The following persons were badly burned: Mrs. Mary Schaafer, fatally; Mrs. Fred A. Wagner, dangerously; Johnny Piner, 8 years old, seriously hurt; Mary, the 7 months' old baby of Fred Wagner, slightly burned. All the injured were taken to the hospital.

"77"

Is No Better

Than Dr. Humphreys' Homeopathic Specifics for Other Diseases.

No. 1 Cures Fever.
No. 2 " Worms.
No. 3 " Infants' Diseases.
No. 4 " Diarrhea.
No. 7 " Coughs.
No. 8 Cures Neuralgia.
No. 9 " Headache.
No. 10 " Dyspepsia.
No. 11 " Delayed Periods.
No. 12 " Leuchorrea.
No. 13 Cures Croup.
No. 14 " Skin Diseases.
No. 15 " Rheumatism.
No. 16 " Malaria.
No. 19 " Catarrh.
No. 20 Cures Whooping Cough.
No. 21 " Asthma.
No. 24 " General Debility.
No. 26 " Sea-Sickness.
No. 27 " Kidney Diseases.
No. 28 Cures Nervous Debility.
No. 30 " Urinary Diseases.
No. 32 " Heart Disease.
No. 34 " Sore Throat.
No. 87 " Colds and Grip.

Small bottles of pleasant pellets, fit the vest pocket. Sold by druggists, or sent prepaid upon receipt of price, 25 cents, except Nos. 28 and 32 are made $1.00 size only. Humphreys' Medicine Company, 111 William St., New York.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Frank Ives defeated Schaefer at cushion caroms last night at Boston by a score of 300 to 284.

Bicycle records were smashed to pieces at San Diego, Cal., yesterday. Schefski made a mile, standing start, in 37 4-5 seconds, cutting 3 1-5 seconds from the world's record. Will Evans, an amateur, made the following with a flying start unpaced: One quarter, 25 1-5; one-third, 34 1-5; one-half, 55 4-5. Kaiser lowered the one-half mile paced record a fifth of a second and knocked the one-third paced record to 30 1-5. Randall then tried a quarter mile spurt, cutting the record down to 22¾ seconds.

The storm which swept the western part of Vernon county, Wisconsin, yesterday was the worst in twenty years. Farms were washed into ridges and valleys, barns, granaries and other out buildings were swept away. A great deal of live stock, cattle, hogs and sheep are reported to have been drowned in the Bad Ax valley. The loss is estimated at $20,000.

The Morrill brothers, two evangelists, have been ordered out of Baraboo, Wis. At their last meeting they received a number of souvenirs in shape of rotten eggs, stones, clubs and a dead skunk.

Three children belonging to Mrs. John Spofford were kidnapped at Redwood Falls by four men presumably in the employ of her husband, who was living in Missouri and from whom she had separated. She was trying to get a divorce from him.

H. Richards, a pioneer Anoka citizen and business man was adjudged insane yesterday and was taken to Fergus Falls.

At St. Cloud the water in the Mississippi has fallen over a foot during the past twenty-four hours and is now gradually going down.

Sir Hercules Robinson, governor of Cape Colony, telegraphs to the government that there is no sign that Buluwayo is endangered and that precautions are being taken to keep the road to Buluwayo open in order to supply it with food.

A Kingston, N. S., dispatch states that the Forest Canning company's works, consisting of five buildings, located there were destroyed by fire. The loss is not yet known, but it will be heavy and the insurance is very small.

Queen Mamae, of the island of Raiatea, in the south seas, has surrendered to the French, who will establish a coaling station there.

An infidel at Quappelle, Man., was dying and two well-known men of that place were watching at his bedside. Suddenly those in the adjoining room heard a piercing cry and rushing into the sick room found the two watchers insensible and the infidel dead. The men have never since been able to speak of what they saw and cannot refer to the matter. One of them is not expected to live. It is believed that they saw the evil one.

George G. Jacoby and Moritz Mikolas, of Minneapolis, have been arrested charged with counterfeiting the stamp of Hiram Walker & Sons, of Ontario, makers of Canadian Club whisky, also some Canadian revenue stamps.

Minnesota authorities have discovered that the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic road runs into Minnesota and yesterday the road transmitted its first report of gross earnings, for eight years, to Auditor Dunn at St. Paul, accompanied by the tax for the entire period which is $186.36.

Two persons were killed by lightning at Wallace, Mich., near Marinette, Wis., yesterday, and two others are fatally injured.

At Janesville, Wis., during a performance of "The Three Guardsmen," by Alexander Salvini, at the Meyers Opera house last night a terrific explosion occurred near the close of the second act. The magnesium light apparatus was defective and blew up. Max Mazzanovich, property man of the company, was seriously mangled by flying pieces of metal, but will recover.

John Stetson, the well-known theatrical manager, died at Boston this morning.

It has been decided to change the place of burial of Secretary Gresham from Oakwoods, in Chicago, to Arlington, at the national capitol, and the necessary application will be made at once to the secretary of war.

Chandler, the county seat of Lincoln county, Oklahoma, has suffered great loss by fire which burned the postoffice and nearly all the business portion of town. The loss is not known.

Gen. Simon Sam, the new president of Hayti, has ordered a government vessel to Kingston, Jamaica, to carry home the Haythan exiles who have been living there. All, including Gen. Manigat, have availed themselves of the president's offer of imperail amnesty, and have tendered allegiance to the new admnistration.

A PLAGUE OF THE NIGHT.

ITCHING PILES AND OTHER RECTAL TROUBLES EASILY CURED BY A NEW AND SAFE METHOD.

A Remarkable Number of Cures Made By the Pyramid Pile Cure.

About one person in every four suffers from some form of rectal disease. The most common and annoying is itching piles, indicated by warmth, slight moisture and intense, uncontrollable itching in the parts affected.

The usual treatment has been some simple ointment or salve which sometimes give temporary relief, but nothing like a permanent cure can be expected from such superficial treatment.

The only permanent cure for itching piles yet discovered is the Pyramid Pile Cure, not only for itching piles, but for every other form of piles, blind, bleeding or protruding. The first application gives instant relief and the continued use for a short time causes a permanent removal of the tumors or the small parasites which cause the intense itching and discomfort of itching piles.

Many physicians for a long time supposed that the remarkable relief afforded by the Pyramid Pile Cure was because it was supposed to contain cocaine, opium or similar drugs, but such is not the case. A recent careful analysis of the remedy showed it to be absolutely free from any cocaine, opium, or in fact any poisonous, injurious drugs whatever.

For this reason the Pyramid Pile Cure is probably the only pile cure extensively recommended by physicians, because it is so safe, so prompt in the relief afforded and, so far as known, the only positive cure for piles except a surgical operation.

In one year the Pyramid Pile Cure has become the best known, the safest and the most extensively sold of any pile cure before the public.

Nearly all druggists now sell it at 50 cents and $1 per package.

Address the Pyramid company, Albion, Mich., for book on cause and cure of piles and also hundreds of testimonials from all parts of the United States.

If suffering from any form of piles ask your druggist for a package of Pyramid Pile Cure and try it tonight.

A REPUBLICAN SPLIT.

Ridgeway, Pa., April 17.—The Twenty-eighth congressional district Republican convention composed of the counties of Clarion, Clearfield, Center, Forrest and Elk, met here last night and elected E. R. Wilson and J. H. McEwan national delegates to the St. Louis convention. Resolutions endorsing Quay for the presidency were adopted. The delegates of Clearfield and Center counties opposed the resolution and left the convention.

TILLMAN'S PERPLEXITY.

Wichita, Kan., April 17.—In an interview Tillman said: "If Whitney, of New York, is nominated at Chicago I would walk out of the convention. If Morrison is nominated I would feel like walking out, but would wait until I looked up his record. I do not know where Morrison stands on the silver question, and I have not seen anybody in recent years who does."

It's just as easy to try One Minute Cough Cure as anything else. It's easier to cure a severe cough or cold with it. Let your next purchase for a cough be One Minute Cough Cure. Better medicine; better results; better try it. S. F. Boyce.

Our I's and Other Eyes.

Our I's are just as strong as they were fifty years ago, when we have cause to use them. But we have less and less cause to praise ourselves, since others do the praising, and we are more than willing for you to see us through other eyes. This is how we look to S. F. Boyce, wholesale and retail druggist, Duluth, Minn., who after a quarter of a century of observation writes:

"I have sold Ayer's Sarsaparilla for more than 25 years, both at wholesale and retail, and have never heard anything but words of praise from my customers; not a single complaint has ever reached me. I believe Ayer's Sarsaparilla to be the best blood purifier that has been introduced to the general public." This, from a man who has sold thousands of dozens of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, is strong testimony. But it only echoes popular sentiment the world over, which has **"Nothing but words of praise for Ayer's Sarsaparilla."**

Any doubt about it? Send for the "Curebook."
It kills doubts and cures doubters.
Address: J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

COMMERCIAL OUTLOOK.

Dun Notes a More Cheerful Aspect.

New York, April 18.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade, which issued today says: The sudden change from sleighing to midsummer heat with fair skies in most cities has tested the prevalent idea that good weather was only needed to bring general improvement of business. Everywhere there has been more retail buying, and in some branches better demand at wholesale, but not as yet in most lines. There is no abatement of the almost universal disposition to deal with unusual conservatism and not to anticipate future wants, and this has been especially conspicuous where combinations have been formed or prices advanced. The comparative infrequency of serious failures, with money less disturbed since gold exports began, than might have been expected, helps to give encouragement, but does not kindle speculative fires; that such improvement as appears is mainly of a healthy sort.

To many interested in iron and coke, steel billets, Bessemer pig and various forms of steel, it may be disappointing that the forming of combinations and fixing of prices have not started again the rush to buy ahead of needs which made last year so memorable, but it is not easy to forget the lesson which the past year taught. Instead of increasing purchases have on the whole rather slackened, though a little belief in plates at the East and in sheets at Chicago. Bessemer pig and gray forge are a shade lower at Pittsburg, as is the average of all iron and steel quotations, and obstacles to some attempted combinations have not been overcome.

The greatest consumers of lake ore have not hastened to make contracts at advanced prices and the output of coke is stationary. Tin plate makers are meeting and some propose to produce steel for their trade at plants of their own. Unsold stocks increased in March 18,588 tons more than was reported last week. At the West almost every town seems to want steel for some building, and good orders have been placed by implement and carmakers. Heavy production of copper defeats heavy exports and 10¾ cents is quoted for lake and speiter.

Shipments of boots and shoes from Boston in April thus far have been 8 per cent less than last year, though larger than in previous years. Textile workers are less fortunate. The silk association states that 40 per cent of the machinery and hands in the country are idle, partly because of increasing Japanese competition. Several more woolen mills have shut down and some have reduced wages 10 per cent, while many are working only half time, but recent advances by appraisers not only disclose heavy undervaluations in the past, but tend to check further imports. The demand for goods does not improve and sales of woolen for two weeks of April, at the three chief markets, have been only 5,464,600 pounds against 11,259,200 last year, and 10,852,000 in 1892. Somewhat more demand for staple cottons has been aroused by bargain prices, but the closing of many mills for a time is urged as necessary and one of the largest and oldes mills, the Lawrence, abandoned production of heavy goods and turns to hosiery.

Wheat rose about 5 cents last week, met some reaction, but is a shade higher than a week ago. Later accounts are more promising as to winter wheat and Western receipts in two weeks of April are 3,838,302 bushels against 2,231,302 last year, while Atlantic exports for the same weeks have been only 2,301,917 bushels, flour included, aginst 2,718,888 last year. The small exports so late in the season, and Western receipts, proving that the yield last year much exceeded any estimates, have left little confidence in predictions of scarcity. After remaining unchanged for many days, rumors either way having no effect, cotton rose a sixteenth on Thursday. Heavy commercial and millstocks hinder most buyers and possibilities of injury to the coming crop retard sellers at current prices.

Failures for the past week have been 223 in the United States, against 211 last year and thirty-six in Canada against thirty-four last year.

BRADSTREET ALSO CHEERFUL.

New York, April 18.—Bradstreet's today says: Favorable weather, except in some Northwestern states, has stimulated the demand for seasonable merchandise, notably light summer clothing. On the whole, the week presents a distinct gain. This is not so much apparent at Eastern centers except at Baltimore and Pittsburg, as in the Central Mississippi River valley. At some Northwestern cities the movement of merchandise has declined, but at a number East it is unchanged, while Southern cities in most instances report business quiet and in others less favorable. There is a better demand for cotton machinery to go South; Eastern cotton dyers are busier, and there is a demand for hardware, machinery and locomotives.

Preparations are making at most lake ports for the opening of navigation, one of the first effects of which will be to release 10,000,000 bushels of grain in store at Chicago. Increased volume of business is most conspicuous West, at St. Louis, Chicago, Kansas City, Omaha, Milwaukee and Memphis. Less gain is shown on the Pacific coast except in export lines, shipments of lumber from Portland and San Francisco being conspicuous. Tacoma continues to send flour, lumber and cotton across the Pacific and to South Africa.

Exports of wheat (flour included as wheat) from both coasts of the United States this week, amount to 2,017,000 bushels against 1,754,000 bushels last week; 3,165,000 bushels in the week a year ago; 1,319,000 bushels in the week two years ago, and as compared with 5,262,000 bushels in the corresponding week of 1893. Exports of Indian corn amount to 1,874,000 bushels this week, against 1,391,000 bushels last week; 778,000 in the week a year ago, and 2,040,000 bushels in the week two years ago.

Total business failures in the United States are 241 this week against 231 last week, 219 in the corresponding week of 1895, 212 in 1894, and 217 in 1893, which is a smaller excess than the average increase weekly during the first quarter of the current year.

No Place to Go!

But to the

Free Concert

—AT THE—

PAVILION

SUNDAY AFTERNOON BY THE

Duluth City Band

AUSTRALIAN WOOL.

Dan Maratta Says it is Scarce and High.

Washington, April 18.—Daniel Maratta, United States consul general at Melbourne, in a report to the state department, says that it has been understood for several months past that the present clip of Australian wool would show a substantial decrease, compared with the previous one, owing to drought and to the strike last year involving a 12-months' clip, left only an 11-months' clip in many places this year. In New South Wales alone the sheep have decreased 9,500,000 in one year, a loss beyond all precedent. A good deal of incredulity still exists among European and American consumers as to the likelihood of a decrease in the wool products, involving higher prices, but the buyers who have visited Australia regard it as an absolute certainty.

Mr. Maratta gives exhaustive estimates to show that the decreased present Australian clip may amount to 160,000 or 180,000 bales. This decrease has not yet been felt by consumers, because up to now there has been no falling off, but really an actual increase in the supplies on the market, but the consumers, who have postponed their purchases and depend upon making them at the May, July and September London sales, will have to face a deficiency.

Ten cents a week for The Evening Herald delivered at your house. Telephone No. 324, two rings.

COL. HUNTER'S COMMAND.

New York, April 18.—A dispatch to the Herald from Assouwan, Egypt, says: At present there are about 10,000 men on the Soudanese frontier, out of which there are gathered at Akasheh three battalions of infantry, a squadron of cavalry and a battery of six guns under Hunter Pasha. The latter force, as soon as sufficient camels have arrived on the spot, for purposes of transport, will push on to Suarda, which is garrisoned by a strong force of Dervishes. The attacking party under Col. Hunter will number nearly 2000 men, while the number of Dervishes at present at Suardiz is about 1400.

BEST FOR LEAST MONEY.

That's what you are looking for and that's the correct thing. Herald want ads. fill the bill.

You don't want a torpid liver. You don't want a bad complexion. You don't want a bad breath. You don't want a headache. Then use DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills. S. F. Boyce.

THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

George A. Smith, agent of the Klinkert Brewing company, of Fargo, fell from the Great Northern trestle east of Fargo last night, while on his way home from Moorhead and was killed. He stepped to one side to prevent being run over by an approaching train and as it had been raining and freezing he slipped and fell headfirst a distance of fifteen feet, breaking his neck. He was widely known and was one of the oldest residents of the city.

Judge Thomas, in the United States court at Fargo rendered a decision in the application of Receiver Ryan, of the North Dakota Milling association, praying for instructions as to the ownership, priority and rights of farmers holding warehouse tickets, issued as collateral against wheat deposited with the association prior to its failure. The court holds that the farmers and ticket holders must be treated as tenants in common and that they are entitled to the amount that these tickets call for. It is an important matter. Farmers will, therefore, lose nothing.

A large concourse of citizens and friends gathered at the Mayville depot to welcome home Col. W. H. Robinson. The city band was present. The Fargo victor was the recipient of a shower of compliments and congratulations over the result of the big fight, and a big jollification is being determined on to properly express Mayville's pride of its honored citizen—the next national committeeman.

A rumor is current at Minot, the present terminus of the Wahpeton & Minot Northern Pacific branch, that in case of reorganization the line will be extended from that place to Oakes. It is already surveyed. Professor E. S. Cameron is making arrangements to conduct a summer preparatory school for teachers at this place during the regular summer vacation.

The Baltimore amendment to the constitution granting women equal representation as delegates to the annual conference carried in the state Methodist conference, in session at Jamestown, by a vote of 34 to 2. The Colorado amendment carried by thirteen majority.

Some three weeks ago a well-known young lady, Miss Bounda Peterson, who has been a domestic for a number of years in the family of C. Madson, a reputable business man of East Grand Forks, mysteriously disappeared from her home, since which nothing has been seen or heard of her. Mr. Madson's family, with whom she has been for the past five years, esteemed her highly, and are greatly exercised on account of her sudden and mysterious disappearance.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

The owners of the Durango mine near Lead City, shipped three cars of ore yesterday that averaged $300 to the ton. This is the richest ore ever shipped from this part of the hills by the car. The mine adjoins the Golden Crown, and it is demonstrated that the shoot of exceedingly rich ore encountered some weeks ago on the Homestake, and which evidently crosses the Golden Crown, Ready, Durango and Harrison lodes, will, when worked out, produce millions. It is found in a peculiar formation and overlays the strata of medium refractory ore, which in turn is above the vertical formation of low-grade milling rock, out of which the Homestake has paid its $5,806,750 in dividends. In the Harrison mine, a cut has encountered a body of ore, which assays about $60 to the ton.

The trustees of the school of mining held their annual meeting at Rapid City, yesterday for the election of the faculty for the next year. Dr. V. A. McGillicuddy, to whom much credit is due for the success the school has met with, was re-elected president. Professor Frank C. Smith to the chair of geology, mining and metallurgy; Professor R. F. Flinteman, chemistry, and Professor H. L. McLarey, mathematics and language. All the chairs were filled except that of assaying, which has been filled by Professor W. F. Tindell, and it is quite likely that he will consent to accept it again. The board expects to complete arrangements for a two months' study of the topography and mineralogy of the Black hills this summer, to be conducted by President McGillicuddy and Professor Smith.

The Republican city convention at Aberdeen nominated R. N. Jewett, of Jewett Bros., for mayor; W. R. Cook, for city treasurer; Ira Barnes, for treasurer of the board of education, and George H. Perry, for police justice. Mayor Jumper was defeated for renomination by a vote of 13 to 11. The citizens' convention, held last night nominated D. McGlashlin for mayor. The election will be held next Tuesday, and a big battle is assured.

AN AGREEMENT REACHED.

New York, April 17.—It is rumored that an agreement has been effected between the Northern Pacific and Chicago & Northern Pacific, whereby the former interests receive $1,500,000 for the discontinuance of all suits and the holdings of the former road's securities. This action will facilitate the Chicago & Northern Pacific reorganization.

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

WEST END

Jimmy O'Brien Tried to Escape From Jail a Few Nights Ago.

His Sanity is Questioned and He Will Be Examined.

Presbytery Meeting Next Week Will Be an Important Gathering.

Jimmy O'Brien was arrested yesterday on suspicion of turning in a false alarm of fire last Sunday from box No. 523, at the corner of Fifty-eighth and Ramsey streets. Officer Briggs went to the Irving building and took Jimmy from the school house to the jail.

During the afternoon the jailor was obliged to go to Duluth with a prisoner, and Jimmy was left alone in the corridor of the jail. From repeated experiences at headquarters Jimmy was aware of the fact that the door of the woman's department is customarily left open, and if he could manage to get into this room his escape would be easy. He accordingly picked up a large spike and a flat piece of iron and commenced to dig his way through the brick will into the woman's department. He did not have much trouble getting several bricks loose, but before he had a hole large enough to crawl through George Mahan, the fireman, happened to put in an appearance, and caught the boy in the act. If the fireman had not come upon him at the time he did Jimmy would have been free, for it required but a few minutes to complete the job and make room for the passage of his slender body.

The boy has acted as though he was not entirely in his right mind for some time, and it is thought by his mother and friends that he should be examined before the proper authorities before any other steps are taken. In deference to the wishes of his mother he was taken before the probate judge this afternoon, at 4 o'clock, and examined as to his sanity.

THE PRESBYTERY MEETING.

At Westminster Presbyterian church, the pastor, Rev. George E. Kelfaley, will preach both morning and evening. Morning topic, "Life Through Death." Evening topic, "Sons of God."

The meeting of the Duluth presbytery at the church on Tuesday and Wednesday of this week will be an important gathering of ministers and elders. About forty representatives from outside churches are expected to be present. Much of the session will be devoted to routine work, but popular meetings will be held in the evenings, which the public are invited to attend.

Dr. Forbes will exchange pulpits tomorrow morning with Rev. J. W. Heard. In the evening he will continue his lectures on illustrious men, with the "Prophet Daniel" for his subject.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Peter Peterson, formerly of West Duluth, has returned from Chicago, with the intention of opening up a bakery here.

Mrs. Julius Peterson has been ill for several weeks and is very low at the present time.

John Morrison has gone to Pennsylvania to visit his old home.

The wife of Louis Larson, living on Sixty-third avenue, died this morning of consumption. The deceased was about 35 years of age, and leaves four children.

Paints at S. J. Nygren's.

The Epworth league will give a basket social at the Arbury M. E. church next Monday evening.

De Witt's Colic Cure, Little Early Risers and Witch Hazel. Sold at Spencer's.

ARRANGING A BOOM.

Washington Star: "You must have a good deal to worry you just now," said the presidential candidate's friend. "I suppose you are bothered a good deal by interviewers for opinions?"

"Oh, no. My press agent attends to that."

"But the expense of a campaign is something pretty heavy."

"My financial backer attends to the expenses."

"But you have lots of little details to think about—like getting the brass bands to play 'Hail to the Chief' at just the proper point in the proceedings and having the American flag hung where you can point to it at an effective juncture."

"No. The stage manager and property man attend to these things."

"Well—excuse me—but would you mind telling me where you come in?"

"I—oh, I just do the running for office."

Nobody doubts that The Evening Herald is "the best." At 10 cents a week (delivered) it is amazingly cheap. Telephone No. 324, two rings, or send postal.

All the talk in the world will not convince you so quickly as one trial of De-Witt's Witch Hazel Salve for scalds, burns, bruises, skin affections and piles. S. F. Boyce.

CHANGE OF BASE.

May 1 the Northern Pacific railroad will move its Duluth city offices to the Spalding hotel. Entrance 428 West Superior street.

We have the only padded vans in Duluth for moving furniture. We pay all damages caused by the carelessness of our men. Trunks delivered, 25 cents.
Duluth Van Company,
212 West Superior street.

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25 cents a bottle.

CHANGE OF TIME.

Commencing Sunday, April 19, the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic eastbound train will leave Duluth Union depot at 4:10 p. m. instead of 4 o'clock.

REMEMBER!
The Word Contest closes April 25.
Joe Bloom
TAILORING CO.
214 West Superior Street.

The old story of Prometheus is a parable. Prometheus was on terms of intimacy with the gods. From them he stole fire, and gave it to men. For this sin he was bound to the rocks of Mount Caucasus, and vultures were set upon him. They only ate his liver. This grew again as fast as it was pecked away. Are his sufferings to be imagined?

Take a modern interpretation of the parable. There is no cooking without fire. In cooking and eating the mischief lies. The stomach is overtasked, the bowels become clogged, they cannot dispose of the food that is given them. The impurities back up on the liver. Then come the vultures—the torments of a diseased liver.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is more than equal to the vultures of dyspepsia and its kindred diseases. Every atom of the "Discovery" is like a ferret, wherever it is sent. It is as sure as the needle of the compass. There is no more need of suffering from dyspepsia than there is of hanging ones self. Sold by all medicine dealers the world over.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

The butter beans arrived but only a few basketsful and they were closed out so quickly that it is no use to give any quotations. Some nice veal and young pork appeared at the different houses, but there was no material change in prices. Hay and feed stocks were plentiful but the demand was not particularly heavy. Some strawberries from Madison, Miss., (the first of the season from that quarter) were seen. They were fine, sweet berries and were packed in legitimate quart boxes and went off well at 45 cents. Not very much new stuff was on hand and the market generally was in keeping with the weather, decidedly dull.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed daily.

BUTTER.	
Creameries, separators, fancy	18 @20
Dairies, fancy, special make	15 @16
Dairies, good, fair, sweet	12 @15
Fine roll and print	12 @14
Packing stock	8 @ 9
CHEESE.	
Turns or flats, full cream	10 @11
Full cream, Young America	11 @12
Full cream, second grade	8 @ 9
Swiss cheese, No. 1	13
Brick, No. 1	11 @12
Limburger, full cream, choice	10 @11
Primost	6
EGGS.	
Candled stock, strictly fresh	10½@11
SYRUPS, ETC.	
Pure Vt. maple syrup, gal. can	90
HONEY.	
Fancy white clover	14 @15
Golden rod	13 @14
Dark honey	12 @14
Buckwheat, dark	12 @12½
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Fresh Vermont stock per lb	10
VEGETABLES.	
Beets, per bushel	40
Carrots, old, per bushel	30
Carrots, new, per box	$ 1 75
Carrots, new, per dozen	35
Onions, old, per bushel	40
Onions, new, per doz	25 @30
Celery, large Cal., per doz	$ 1 25
Turnips, per bushel	25
Squashes, Hubbard, per doz	1 25
Onions, per bushel	40
Tomatoes, per basket	60 @75
Cabbage, Cal., new, per lb	2
Cabbage, Mobile, per crate	3 50
Lettuce, per box	1 00@ 1 25
Lettuce, per dozen	30
Horseradish, per barrel	6 50@ 7 00
Oyster plants, per doz	50 @60
Sweet potatoes, per barrel	4 75@ 5 00
Mint, per dozen	35
Parsley, per dozen	35
Spinach, per box	$ 1 25@ 1 35
Radishes, per box	1 50@ 1 75
Radishes, per dozen	35
Cauliflowers, per dozen	1 50
Pieplant, per 50 lb box	1 50@ 1 65
Cucumbers, per doz	1 50
Asparagus, per doz	2 75
Mushrooms, per lb	50
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bushel	$ 1 35@ 1 50
Medium, hand picked, per bus	1 25
Dirty lots, per bushel	75@ 1 00
Brown beans, fancy, per bus	1 75@ 2 00
Yellow peas, per bushel	1 10
POTATOES.	
Potatoes, Minnesota	16 @18
Potatoes, new, per bushel	1 25@ 1 50
FRUITS.	
Bananas, bunches	$ 1 00@ 1 50
Lemons, per box	3 25@ 3 50
Cranberries, per barrel	8 00@ 9 00
Oranges, navel, per box	3 50@ 4 00
Oranges, seedlings, per box	2 50@ 2 75
Strawberries, per case, 24 pints	3 00@ 3 25
Mississippi strawberries, qts	45
Pineapples, per dozen	3 50@ 4 50
APPLES.	
Winesaps, per barrel	$ 5 00
Ben Davis, per barrel	4 00@ 4 50
Willow twig, per barrel	5 00
DRESSED MEATS.	
Veal, fancy	6½@ 7½
Veal, choice	5 @ 5½
Veal, heavy, coarse or thin	5
Mutton, fancy dressed	5½@ 6
Spring lamb, fine	14
DRESSED POULTRY.	
Spring chickens, per lb	12½
Mixed, per lb	12
BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.	
Bran, 200 lb, sacks included	$ 8 00@ 9 00
Shorts, 100 lb sacks	8 50@ 9 00
Shorts, 200 lb, sacks included	8 00
Red dog	8 50@ 9 50
Ground feed, No. 1	10 50@11 50
Ground feed, No. 2	10 50@11 50
HAY, CAR LOTS.	
Choice South Minn	$ 6 00@ 8 00
Northern Minn	5 50@ 6 50
Medium	4 50@ 5 00
Poor	4 00@ 6 00
Tame, ton, choice timothy	10 00@11 00

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, April 18.—Butter steady; creamery, 11@15c; dairy, 9@13c. Eggs, steady, 8@10c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, April 18.—Butter, quiet; Western dairy, 8@11c; Western creamery, 10@15c; Elgins, 15c. Eggs, steady; Western, 10¾@11½c.

IN THE LABORATORY.

Pearsen's Weekly: Professor—What has become of Tom Appleton? Wasn't he studying with the class last year?"

"Ah, yes; Appleton—poor fellow! A fine student, but absent minded in the use of chemicals—very. That discoloration on the ceiling—notice it?"

"Yes."

"Taat's Appleton."

LOTS OF GOOD.

Mr. Grumps—I'd just like to know what good all these cooking school lessons are doing our daughter?

Mrs. G.—Everything she cooks she brings home.

"Yes, and none of the family will touch 'em, and the things are just tarown away."

"No, they are not. She gives them to tramps."

"Huh! What good does that do?"

"We are getting rid of tramps."

THERE'S ONLY ONE RAILROAD

That operates its trains on the famous block system between the Twin Cities, Milwaukee and Chicago;

That lights its trains by electricity throughout;

That uses the celebrated electric berth reading lamp;

That runs four splendidly equipped passenger trains every day from St. Paul and Minneapolis through to Chicago, via Milwaukee;

And that road is the

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL.

It also operates steam-heated vestibuled trains, carrying the latest private compartment cars, library buffet smoking cars, and palace drawing-room sleepers.

Parlor cars, free reclining chair cars and the very best dining car service.

For lowest rates to any point in the United States, Canada or Mexico, apply to ticket agents, or address

J. T. Conley,
Assistant General Passenger Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

Note—Elegantly equipped trains from St. Paul and Minneapolis through to Peoria, St. Louis and Kansas City daily.

DECLINED

The Favorable Crop Reports Caused Wheat Prices to Start Lower Today.

No Wheat Cleared From New York In Last Twenty-Four Hours.

One Million Decrease in the Visible Report Monday Is Expected.

Wheat was dull and lower here today, with the greater part of the business in the July future. The easy opening was due to favorable crop reports from the West and Southwest. The Duluth and Minneapolis receipts for the day were 365 car loads, against 434 on Saturday last and 197 cars on the corresponding day of the previous year. For the week these two great Northwestern receiving places got 2149 cars, as compared with 2157 last week and 1192 on the same week of the year before. One of the weak features of the day's statistical news was that no wheat was cleared from New York in the last twenty-four hours. The demand at Chicago for winter wheat from country millers at a premium over May price has practically ceased; in fact, some previously purchased has been ordered resold. The Chicago receipts were only twelve car loads and the shipments thence by lake and rail were 535,786 bus. The visible supply statement on Monday has possibilities of a comparatively heavy decrease, and from 1,000,000 bus upward was the generally expressed expectation of it.

The Duluth stocks will show an increase of about 200,000 bus. The backward state of spring wheat seeding in the Northwest was again of frequent comment, but the extra moisture which is the present chief barrier to a rapid completion of the seedling, is by good judges considered more than ample compensation for the two weeks' delay in getting the seed in.

July wheat opened ¼c lower at 66¼c, advanced ¼c, but weakened and sold down to 65¾c. May started late ⅛c down at 65c, declined to 64¾ and reacted to 64½ before the close. The mills bought 10,000 bus No. 1 northern to arrive at the May price, and the shippers took the same amount at ¼c under May. The close was ½c lower all round than yesterday. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 65¾c; April, 65¾c; May, 65⅞c; July, 67⅛c. No. 1 northern, cash, 64¾c; April, 64¾c; May, 64⅝c; June, 65¼c; July, 66c. No. 2 northern, cash, 60¾@61¾c; May, 62c. No. 3, 59⅝@60½c. Receipts, 365,786 bus. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 65¾c; No. 1 northern, 64¾c. Rye, 36. No. 2 oats, 18¾c; No. 3 oats, 18¼c. Flax, 83½c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 102; oats, 2; rye, 5; barley, 6; flax, 5. Receipts—Wheat, 58,; 981 bus; oats, 1300 bus; barley, 8521 bus; flax, 7010 bus.

NEW YORK BANKS.

New York, April 18.—The weekly statement of the associated banks shows the following changes:

Reserve, increase	$208,100
Loans, increase	607,000
Specie, decrease	205,000
Legals, increase	640,100
Deposits, increase	965,900
Circulation, increase	10,600

The banks now hold $18,139,350 in excess of the requirements of the 25 per cent rule.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, April 18.—Wheat, April, 65⅜c; May, 65⅞c bid; June, 66⅜c; July, 67c asked; September, 67½c. Corn, April, 29⅞c; May, 30½c asked; July, 31½@⅝c; September, 32⅜c asked. Oats, April, 19c; May, 19⅜c bid; June, 19⅜@⅝c; July, 20⅛@⅜c asked; September, 20⅝@½c. Pork, April, $8.25; May, $8.60; July, $8.80. Lard, April, $4.90; May, $4.92; July, $5.07; September, $5.20@5.22. Ribs, April, $4.22½; May, $4.35; July, $4.50; September, $4.65@4.67. Whisky on the basis of $1.22 for high wines. Cash: Wheat, No. 3 spring, 62@64c; No. 2 hard winter, 62½@63c; No. 1 northern spring, 65¾c. Cash: Corn, 30½c. Cash: Oats, No. 2, 19¼c. Flax, cash, 91½c; May, 88¼c. Rye, cash, 37½c; May, 38c; July, 40c; September, 41c. Barley, nothing doing.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, April 18.—Wheat, weak, April, 62⅞c; May, 61½@⅝c; July, 63¼c. On track—No. 1 hard, 63⅞c; No. 1 northern, 62⅞c; No. 2 northern, 62½c. Receipts, 265 cars.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, April 18.—Wheat, May, 73¼c; June, 72¾c; September, 72⅞c; December, 73⅜c. Corn, May, 36½c. Oats, May, 25c.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 307 Board of Trade, Chicago, April 18.—The bull fever spent itself temporarily yesterday and under the influence of dull cables and fairly large Argentine shipments, the wheat market opened easier and ruled rather weak all day. The chinch bug stories from Missouri and Southern Illinois were not so much in evidence as yesterday, but weather prospects have not been favorable for early seeding in the Northwest and the forecast is for more rain and snow flurries. Kansas sent its usual quota of bowling accounts, some sections making the claim of the largest probable yield on record. The domestic demand for flour is very light. The visible is expected to decrease about 1,000,000 bushels on Monday, but the opening of navigation makes the figures uncertain. We see nothing tonight that should very much shake the confidence of holders and think traders who adhere to the bull side will make the most money.

Corn and oats dull and declining. The buying by shorts has ceased and larger receipts are anticipated.

Provisions easy with no new features.

Puts, May wheat, 65¾c.

Calls, May wheat, 66¾c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾
Atchison	16¾	16¾	16¾	16¾
Sugar Trust	123¾	125½	123¾	125¾
Canada Southern				
C., B. & Q	78¾	79¾	78¾	79¾
St. Paul	76¼	77	76½	76¾
Chicago Gas	68¾	69	69¾	69
Del., Lack. & W				
General Electric	37¼	37½	37¼	37⅜
Erie				
Reading	11⅞	12⅜	11⅞	12¼
Louis & Nash	51	51⅜	51	51⅜
Manhattan	109	110	108⅝	109
Missouri Pacific	25⅞	26¼	25⅞	26¼
Tobacco	70	72	70	71
Chicago & N. W	104	104¾	104	104
N. P. preferred	10¾	10⅝	10¾	10¾
Rock Island	71⅜	71⅝	71⅜	71⅜
Union Pacific	8⅜	8⅝	8⅜	8¾
Western Union	84¼	84¼	84¼	84½
Leather	61	61⅛	61	61
Lake Shore				

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, April 18.—Money on call easy at 2½@3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 5@6 per cent. Sterling exchange dull but steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.83½@4.83¾ for demand and $4.87½@4.88 for sixty days. Posted rates $4.83½@4.89 and $4.89¾@4.90. Commercial bills $4.87. Bar silver 67¾. Mexican dollars 51. State bonds inactive; railroad bonds active. Government bonds strong. New 4s registered, $1.16⅜; coupon, $1.17½; 5s registered, $1.12½; coupon, $1.13¾; 4s registered, $1.08¾; coupon, $1.09¼; 2s registered, 95; Pacific 6s of '95, $1.03.

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, April 18.—Hogs, 11,000; left over, 850. Market active; prices steady to higher. Light, $3.25 @3.45; mixed, $3.55@3.80; heavy, $3.40@3.75; rough, $3.55. Cattle, receipts, 400. Quiet and unchanged. Sheep, receipts, 4500. Market dull and weak. Estimated hogs Monday, 27,000; official receipts hogs yesterday, 17,531; shipments, 7466. Cattle, 3953; shipments, 3905. Sheep, 7187; shipments, 3926.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, April 18.—Closing, wheat, spot firm. Futures steady. Current month, 5s 6¾d; second, third, fourth and fifth months, 5s 7d. Maize, spot firm. Maize, spot American mixed, 3s 3½d. Futures firm. Current month, 3s 1¾d; second, third month, 3s 2d; fourth, 3s 2¼d; fifth, 3s 2d; sixth, 3s 3½d. Flour, first Minneapolis, average price per sack of 280 pounds, 18s 3d.

THE ESSENCE OF POLITENESS.

New York Weekly: Mr. Staylate—Y-a-as, I hate those— ah—simple-minded country people that show everything they feel.

Miss Westend—It is a mere matter of training. One of the first things I was taught was the art of appearing interested when bored half to death.

Ten cents a week for The Evening Herald delivered at your house. Telephone No. 324, two rings.

WANTED TO BUY

A Mineral Spring,

Analysis to be O. K'd by Professor De La Fontaine, of Chicago, Ill. Offers will be proved, accepted or rejected before Dec. 24, 1896, or to make it more plain, before Christmas.

First assay of water has to be made before May 15, 1896, and credit will be given to the first proposition received.

Second assay to be submitted three days before July 4, 1896.

Third and last, when I have time to consider the matter.

Deeds, titles and everything connected with the deal must be perfect and without any flaws whatever. The matter will be closed with dispatch when considered and approved and will be decided to the poor widows and orphans of this glorious country. (Signed)

J. P. C. Schmit,
Proprietor Salvator Springs, Green Bay, Wis., at Spalding hotel, Duluth, Minn.
April 17, 10 a. m.

N. B. The property selected will be paid for in silver $1000 in a bag and there will be 100 of the bags. I want the addresses of bankers and proprietors of silver mines so as to know where to order the silver. I will pay for the silver in gold and during my visit to Europe this summer I will try to secure all $20 eagles I can. I will buy the eagles when I meet any old friends and do so with American silver.

J. P. C. Schmit.

MEN ARE WANTED EVERY DAY.

If you are out of work and want a position, why not let it be known? It costs nothing to advertise for a situation in The Evening Herald, and surely among our 50,000 readers some one might want your help.

Ten cents a week for The Evening Herald delivered at your house. Telephone No. 324, two rings.

CHEAP DRAYING.

Furniture, Piano, Trunks and Safe Moving.

All kinds of heavy draying done on short notice. Our prices are reasonable and satisfaction guaranteed. Great Northern Fuel and Transfer company, 210 Superior street west.

George W. Strayer, agent.
Telephone 601.

SPECIAL EXCURSIONS—LOW RATES

For homeseekers and business men via The Northwestern Line—C. St. P. M. & O. Ry. on April 7 and 21 and May 5, to points in

Alabama,
Arizona,
Arkansas,
Kansas,
Kentucky,
Louisiana,
Mississippi,
Missouri,
Nebraska,
North Carolina,
Oklahoma,
South Dakota,
Tennessee,
Texas,
Virginia,

For rates to any particular point or other information call at 405 Mesaba block, Duluth.

B. W. Summers, Agent.

Prompt delivery of trunks for 25 cents each.
Duluth Van company,
212 West Superior street.

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

BACKACHE.

A Very Significant Indication of Organic Derangement.

The back, "the mainspring of woman's organism," quickly calls attention to trouble by aching. It tells with other symptoms, such as nervousness, headache, pains in loins, and weight in lower part of body, blues and "all gone" feeling, that nature requires assistance, and at once. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for twenty years has been the one and only effective remedy in such cases. It speedily removes the cause and effectually restores the organs to a healthy and normal condition. Mrs. Pinkham cheerfully answers all letters from ailing women who require advice, without charge. Thousands of cases like this are recorded.

"I have taken one-half dozen bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it has relieved me from all pain. I cannot tell you the agony I endured for years; pains in my back (Oh, the backache was dreadful!) and bearing-down pains in the abdomen extending down into my limbs; headache and nausea, and very painful menstruations. I had grown very thin, a mere shadow of my former self. Now I am without a single pain and am gaining in flesh rapidly."—MATTIE GLENN, 1561 Dudley St., Cincinnati.

All the Successful Merchants of Duluth Advertise in The Herald.

The Saturday Herald..

Has double the circulation of any other Saturday or Sunday paper published in Duluth.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE IN THE SATURDAY HERALD.

F. S. KELLY,
FURNITURE AND CARPETS.
710 and 712 West Superior Street.

DULUTH, Minn., April 8, 1896.

A. C. WEISS,
Manager Evening Herald,
City.

DEAR SIR:—Believing that credit should be given where credit is due, I deem it a duty to inform you that my advertisement in THE SATURDAY HERALD brought me more results than any other advertising I ever did in this city.

All day Monday my store was filled with people who came in response to my advertisement in THE SATURDAY HERALD and since that time I have received a number of letters from outside towns asking about the goods I offered for sale. Yours truly,

F. S. KELLY.

THE SATURDAY HERALD REACHES THE BUYERS OF THIS SECTION.

ONE CENT A WORD

SITUATIONS WANTED.

EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER AND all round office man at present employed, wishes change. Could invest some money. F 89, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION AS STENOGRAPHER. Experienced in law and commercial work. City references. Address B. Pendergast, general delivery, city.

AN EXPERIENCED LADY STENOGRAPHER would like position. Can give city references. Address 109 First avenue east.

WANTED—WORK BY THE DAY washing and cleaning or washing taken home. 514 East First.

WANTED—SITUATION AS CASHIER or place to do general office work by young lady of experience. G 46, Herald.

GOOD LADY COOK WISHES POSITION in hotel or first-class boarding house, with fair salary. F 60, Herald.

AMERICAN GIRL WANTS A POSITION as house girl or general work in small family. Please call from 2 to 5, or address No. 6 East Fourth street.

WANTED—DRESSMAKING, ALSO ALL kinds of plain sewing. 222 First street east.

WANTED—WASHING AND CLEANING by the day. 1022½ West Second.

YOUNG GERMAN GIRL WANTS SITUation to do second work or assist in housework. Address G 24, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION TO DO LIGHT housework by young German girl. F 56, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AT ONCE BY an experienced stenographer and bookkeeper, owning good machine. Address F 61, Herald.

WANTED—WORK BY COMPETENT stenographer and bookkeeper; good reference; salary no object in order to get work at once. Address D. F., Herald.

FIRST CLASS DRESSMAKER, WHO has recently come from Chicago would like dressmaking by the day. Will guarantee best of work and furnish references. Inquire of Mr. Brown, at Panton & White's.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN OF 18, A situation in office; has a knowledge of bookkeeping; writes a good business hand. Best of references. G 41, Herald.

HAVE YOU ANY CARPET LAYING OR odd jobs. Address Carpet Layer, 431 First avenue west.

WANTED, BY YOUNG MAN OF 21, A position as collector or office or store work of any kind, or to drive delivery wagon. Address W. H. L., 525 West Superior street, city.

POSITION WANTED BY A YOUNG lady as stenographer or copyist. Address 325 East Superior street.

WANTED—WASHING BY THE DAY OR will take it home, or housecleaning. Send postal card or call at 410 East Fourth street, down stairs.

WANTED—POSITION AS STENOGRAPHER, typewriter or bookkeeper. Rapid penman. Good references. Salary no object in order to secure position at once. Address N. E., care Herald.

PAPERHANGING WANTED BY GOOD workman, F 37, Evening Herald.

A COMPETENT DRESSMAKER would like work by the day. 421 First avenue west.

WANTED—HOUSE CLEANING OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jack son, 390 Lake avenue south.

THE READERS OF THE HERALD are patrons of your line of business. Place your advertisements here and secure their trade. You can get our lowest monthly rate by starting a business card this month.

PROFESSIONAL.

MRS. JULIA L. HUGHES—SUPERFLUous hair, moles, etc., permanently destroyed by electricity, without injury. Also scientific face massage and complexion treatment. Manicuring. Choice toilet preparations. 305 Masonic temple, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—LAND AND RIVER IMprovement company stock. Will buy or sell good iron and bank stocks. Have farms to sell or trade. William Kaiser, 408 Paladio.

FIRST PRIZE BLACK, BROWN AND white Leghorn eggs for hatching. A. A. Fider, 912 East Sixth street.

WANTED—10,000 purchasers for Pianos and Organs at—
N. D. COON'S
106 W. Superior St.

PERSONAL.

TAKE NOTICE—I HAVE DISPOSED OF my interest in the Blackwood & Co. restaurant at 311 West Superior street, and no longer will assume any of its liabilities. Duluth, April 13, 1896. Fred Bonness.

COMPOUND BATHS, LADIES ONLY. Miss Smith, over Suffel's, 129-131 West Superior street.

BOARDERS WANTED.

WANTED—TWO GENTLEMEN boarders in private family. Modern conveniences; location central. Apply 113 Second avenue east.

ONE CENT A WORD!

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED SALESman to sell our high grade lubricating oils and greases. Liberal and satisfactory terms will be made with a competent man. Equitable Refining company, Cleveland, Ohio.

ALL KINDS OF PEOPLE WANTED AT 221 West Superior street. You can buy tools, hardware, tinware, granite ware, cutlery, at a less price than any other store in the city. Open evenings.

SPLENDID CHANCE TO TAKE THE civil service examinations soon in this city. Information about all government positions, salaries, etc., free of National Correspondence Institute, Washington, D. C.

SALESMEN—ONE IN EVERY STATE to sell our cigars on credit. Samples, pay, expenses and exclusive territory to proper applicants. Address P. O. Box 1324, New York city. 1

MILLER WANTED TO WORK UNDER instructions. Single man preferred. Call at Fred Borchert, Spalding hotel.

WANTED—ONE GOOD PAINTER. THE Sutphin company.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS MAN TO solicit fraternal insurance. State experience. Address P. O. Box 165.

WANTED—ONE GOOD HUSTLING canvasser. Salary and commission; steady employment; big money to a good worker. The Singer Manufacturing company, 614 West Superior street.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—MARRIED COUPLE, WIFE general servant, man teamster. Apply by letter Mrs. Thompson, Mahtowa, Minnesota.

WANTED—GIRL TO DO LIGHT GENeral housework, washing sent out. 19 East Third street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 621 East Third street.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK TO COMmence work April 24. Apply 325 East Second street.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Must be willing to leave city. Keeping to Mrs. Pogleson, 17 West Superior street.

GOOD GIRL WANTED FOR GENeral housework. 905 London road.

GIRL WANTED. 2 WEST SECOND street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERal housework. Call 516 Lake avenue north.

WANTED—AT ONCE TAILORESS AT room 3, Williamson block, W. McLean.

WANTED—AGENTS.

RELIABLE PARTIES IN EVERY CITY to sell grapohones. Grand opportunity to make big money. Only $50 cash outlay! Particulars free of Columbia Phonograph company, Washington, D. C.

WANTED—MEN AND WOMEN TO work at home; I pay $8 to $16 per week for making crayon portraits; new patented method; anyone who can read and write can do the work at home, in spare time, day or evening; send for particulars and begin work at once. Address H. A. Gripp, German artist, Tyrone, Pa.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

LADIES CAN ALWAYS FIND GOOD girls and good girls can always find good places; also the best and cheapest hair goods, switches and chains at Mrs. M. C. Seibold's, 225 East Superior street.

FRATERNITIES.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in Brown hall, Brown block, 10 East Superior street. Nels Anderson, M. W.; J. H. Powers, recorder.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 20, 1896. Work Third degree. Ellsworth Benham, W. M., Edwin Mooers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 18, 1896. Work Third degree. F. W. Kugler, acting W. M., J. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting April 22, 1896. Work M. M. degree. W. E. Covey, H. P., George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month 8:00 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday May 5, 1896. W. E. Richardson, E. C., Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. BANKS, midwife, 330 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cared for also.

ONE CENT A WORD!

CLAIRVOYANT.

FAMOUS CLAIRVOYANT, YOUR FATE revealed. Past, present and future told by the famous medium of the country. Read what he claims. Go and be convinced. What is your vocation in life? How have you prospered? What are your hopes for the future? Every person is especially adapted to some particular business, profession or trade, which may justly be termed their true vocation, and yet more than half of you are fighting against an unknown fate or fame, fortune and position, which you do not and cannot obtain until you find your true vocation. Professor Anfin is a born clairvoyant and can tell with certainty what has happened and foretell what shall happen in the future. Everyone who wishes to learn anything about his future life ought to visit Professor Anfin. No. 2 West Second street.

PROFESSOR ANFIN, CLAIRVOYANT, gives readings of the past, present and future, gives advice on all business affairs. No. 2 West Second street.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

LARGE NEWLY FURNISHED FRONT room, electric light, use of bath and parlor; no children or other roomers. 22 Seventh avenue west.

FOR RENT AT LESTER PARK, TO A gentleman, large front room with hot and cold water, bath, electric light. Breakfast if desired. Address F 68, Herald.

LARGE, HANDSOMELY FURNISHED room; private residence; bath, steam, electric lights. 711 West Second street.

FURNISHED ROOMS, FIRST CLASS, for one or two gentlemen. 507 West Second street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOM WITH first rate family, near Board of Trade. Board if desired. All conveniences. Address G 56, Herald.

FOR RENT—FOUR UNFURNISHED rooms with bath and all modern conveniences. Apply at 121 East Fifth street.

LARGE FURNISHED ROOM; ALL modern improvements. 20 Third street west.

TWO FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED rooms, light housekeeping, if desired; beautiful lake view; cheap if taken at once. 305 East Third.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS facing lake; with all modern conveniences; without board. 220 East Third street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED room with all modern conveniences. 324 West Third street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH board, $4 per week; day board, $3. 114 West Second street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS AND first-class board at 28 West Second street.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT. 211 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS SUITAble for light housekeeping, cheap, or one furnished. 309 South Seventeenth avenue east.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS IN brick house. 521 West Second.

FURNISHED ROOMS. 117 WEST SECond street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH all modern conveniences, about two blocks from Spalding house. 213 Fifth avenue west.

LARGE, LIGHT, WELL FURNISHED rooms with bath, furnace electric lights and piano. Not far up hill. Fine view. 720 West First street.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—GOOD MODERN 40-ROOM hotel. Favorable terms to responsible parties. Adress G 55, Herald.

HOUSES FOR RENT—M'RAE, TORrey building.

FOR RENT—EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE hardwood floors. R. S. Powell, 604 First National bank.

FOR RENT—HOUSE, CORNER THIRD street and Second avenue west; from May 1. R. P. & J. B. Paine, room 4, 206 West Superior street.

FOR RENT CHEAP—SEVERAL DEsirable houses, all modern improvements. Apply 104 Providence building.

WE HAVE HOUSES TO RENT FROM $6 to $40 per month. Duluth Trust company, Trust company building.

FOR RENT—HOUSES AND FLATS IN Ashtabula terrace. Fred A. Lewis, Herald building.

TO RENT—FLATS.

FURNISHED FLAT FOR RENT. 1111 East First street.

INGALLS' FLATS, 216 EAST FOURTH street. Most central modern flats

THE
EVENING HERALD,
An Independent Newspaper.
Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior Street.

DULUTH PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY.

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Counting Room 324, two rings.
Editorial Rooms 324, three rings.

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Six months	2.60
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Weekly Herald, $1.00 per year; 50 cents for six months; 25 cents for three months. Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second class matter.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

HERALD'S CIRCULATION.
17,148
HIGH-WATER MARK.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (Central time), April 18.—The barometer has fallen rapidly in North Dakota, where a storm of much energy is now central.

Snow is general in Montana, the western part of North Dakota and the adjoining Canadian provinces, and moderate to heavy rains have fallen in the Red River, Upper Mississippi and Middle Missouri valleys, and the western part of the lake region. Cloudy and threatening weather still prevails in the latter-named section. Snow has been followed by fair weather in Wyoming, Colorado and Western Nebraska and Central Kansas, following heavy rainfall during the past twenty-four hours. Warm, fair weather has continued in the extreme southern part of the lake region and thence southwest and south to Arkansas and Tennessee.

The temperature continues decidedly below the normal on the eastern slope of the Rocky mountains; at this morning's observation it was lowest in Wyoming and Colorado, where it was 10 to 20 degrees above zero and at the same hour the temperature was in the vicinity of 70 throughout Illinois.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 34; maximum yesterday, 42; minimum yesterday, 34; rainfall for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. today, .21 inch.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Showers and slightly warmer tonight and Sunday; northeast winds shifting to brisk southwest. JAMES KENEALY, Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, April 18.—Forecast until 8 a. m. Wisconsin: Showers this afternoon and tonight; lower temperature in southwest portion; Sunday probable showers and cooler; brisk to high southerly winds. Minnesota: Showers this afternoon and tonight; partly cloudy with showers in east portion Sunday; cooler in extreme southeast portion tonight; brisk shifting to southwest winds.

TO THE HERALD'S READERS.

The Herald today is delivered to all who were subscribers to the Commonwealth at the time of its demise, arrangements having been made to supply all paid subscribers of that paper with The Herald. To those who thus become new readers of The Herald, a few words may not be out of place. Today's edition consists of sixteen pages and it will bear comparison with any Saturday paper published in the Northwest which it will be generally conceded to be superior in every respect to any Sunday paper in Minnesota and Wisconsin, outside of St. Paul and Minneapolis.

It is the purpose to keep The Herald always in the lead. It is, above all other things, a newspaper. It presents all the news without fear or favor, suppressing nothing that should appear in a first-class newspaper that enters the homes of the people. It is essentially a Duluth paper, its policy always being to advocate everything that will tend to the prosperity of this city and the surrounding territory. It is invariably found upon the side of the people in every fight that is necessary against political bossism, municipal ring rule and corporate power. The people's interests are its interests, and it will always labor for their advancement.

The Herald is always progressive. It is not content with being the best newspaper at the head of the lakes. It aims to be the best newspaper published in the Northwest every day in the year, and towards that goal its steps will be unfalteringly directed. Many improvements are in contemplation for the coming season. Suffice it to say that no pains will be spared to give the people of this section the best newspaper that the field will warrant.

At 10 cents per week, no one can afford to be without The Herald.

KEEP THEM THERE.

The Delano, Wright county, Eagle gives expression to the following excellent idea: "Minnesota's congressmen are all good men. It pays to send good men to Washington. It pays better to keep them there until they become McKinleys, Reeds, Dingleys, Shermans, Blaines or Allisons. Look at the names—Towne, Tawney, Eddy, Fletcher, McCleary, Kelfer, Heatwole. They look as well as the others and are spelled as easily. They sound as well and the comparison is good. Give them the support and opportunity and their standing as able men in our national assembly will be as good."

The Herald has so frequently pointed out the great benefits which Maine and other Eastern states and certain districts in the South and West have secured by keeping the same men in congress year after year, so that they attain power and influence, that it is unnecessary for it to add anything to what the Wright county paper has said. It may not be out of place, however, to quote the following in the same connection from the Wright County Times: "When Mr. Towne was running against Mr. Baldwin two years ago everyone conceded the former's eloquence as an orator, but many said he could not do near so much for the district in a practical way as Mr. Baldwin could. As a matter of fact Mr. Towne has done more in a practical direction for his district than any congressman in the state, besides looking after the personal interests of a number of pensioners. The Minneapolis Tribune sizes him up as follows: 'It was a stroke of good fortune when Charles A. Towne was placed on the committee on rivers and harbors. He has succeeded in securing that to which the state is entitled, and it would be folly for the people of the Sixth district to oppose his nomination.'"

EFFECT OF BIMETALLISM.

The Minneapolis Journal, in common with nearly all advocates of gold monometallism, either through lack of information or lack of candor, bases its whole arguments on, first, a misapprehension of what bimetallism means, and, second, on fallacies which appeal to the fear of people, but which have no foundation in fact. The most specious argument gold monometallists make is that the free coinage of silver would drive gold out of circulation and give us silver monometallism. The Herald has shown the utter fallacy of this argument and that France for seventy years had the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at a ratio of 15½ to 1, and instead of driving gold out of circulation, it maintained an abundance of both in circulation and that gold came into the country. At another time it will take up the history of coinage in this country and disprove the fallacy by the most overwhelming arguments and unanswerable facts.

The Journal seems to associate the free coinage of silver with an unlimited issue of irredeemable paper currency. On the contrary, the remonetization of silver means taking silver from its present degraded condition and making it standard money in every sense of the word, with equal mint privileges with gold. As Mr. Towne said, it is only "taking silver from the top and putting it at the bottom," thereby broadening the basis of our credits and business and enlarging the volume of standard money, which alone measures values. The Journal seems to have a wild notion that if our mints were opened to the coinage of silver, vast quantities of silver bullion would come to this country for coinage, and silver dollars would be coined in such quantities that they would be depreciated as greenbacks were during the war. Nothing can be further from the truth. Where would the silver come from? Aside from the silver bullion in the United States treasury there is not $20,000,000 of silver bullion in the world available for coinage. Then Secretary Carlisle says that if the mints were run to their utmost capacity not more than $40,000,000 of silver could be coined per year, and probably not more than one-third of that amount would be coined, which would be no more than the country really needs.

The Journal speaks of 50-cent silver dollars. A 50-cent silver dollar was never known until silver was demonetized, and would be impossible if silver were remonetized. What makes greenbacks worth as much as gold? It is the fact that they can be converted into gold without any expense or loss to the holder. If silver bullion could be taken to the mint and converted into silver dollars at no expense, the owner of the bullion would not take less than $1 for 412½ grains of standard silver or $1.29 per ounce, which is par with gold. In 1890 the prospect was good for the passage of an act for the free coinage of silver, and on that prospect alone silver went to within 12 cents an ounce of par. Only last year the prospect of an extra demand for silver by China with which to pay its war indemnity to Japan sent silver up several cents an ounce. If gold had been demonetized in 1873 instead of silver, the increased demand for silver and the decreased demand for gold would make silver the dear and gold the cheap metal. The Journal should remember the fundamental principle that money is a commodity as well as a medium of exchange, and its value depends upon the law of supply and demand precisely the same as wheat or any other commodity.

If silver bullion would bring $1.29 an ounce, as it would under free coinage, no one would take less for it, and so silver would go up and gold come down until a parity was established. This is the position of bimetallists, and the ablest champion of the gold standard in the world, Robert Giffen, the great English statistician, admits that such would be the effect of the remonetization of silver. In his book entitled "The Case Against Bimetallism," he says: "The fall in general prices in the last fifteen years (i.e., from 1873 to 1889) being assumed to be about 20 per cent in gold, while it is hardly appreciable in silver, and gold and silver being about equal in amounts, the effect of the restoration of the ratio would apparently be that gold prices would rise 10 per cent and silver prices fall 10 per cent, so that matters would be equalized on the basis of 15½ to 1." Besides, Mr. Giffen, who has given many years of study to the subject, contends that the world's supply of both precious metals is not sufficient "to keep pace with the multiplication of commodities and the multiplication of the numbers of the people." He maintains that in consequence of the inadequate supply of both metals, if silver had not been demonetized, prices between 1873 and 1889 "would still have fallen 10 per cent as against a fall of 20 per cent in gold, which has undoubtedly occurred." That gold has appreciated more than 60 per cent since silver was demonetized in 1873 is a fact as conclusively proven by the tables of Sauerbeck, Soetbeer and the London Economist as any fact can be. In consequence of this appreciation (the prices of all commodities being measured in gold), the general level of prices has gone down in a corresponding ratio, and Mr. Giffen himself says that he is "bound to say that gold will continue to appreciate." The remonetization of silver by increasing the mass of standard money, which measures values, would cheapen gold, cause silver to advance, and with it the prices of all commodities.

The Herald invites the Journal's attention to the condition of this country under the gold standard. Just before the government sold bonds to the Rothschilds in January, 1895, when gold was leaving us at the rate of several million dollars a day, the price of wheat dropped 6 cents a bushel in ten days. After the bond sale and some $30,000,000 of gold came to this country, prices advanced, and many thought prosperity was upon us. But in the fall it commenced leaving us again, and in consequence prices fell. Dun's agency reported the general level of prices 8 per cent lower about Oct. 1, 1895, than at the corresponding period of 1894. In November last Dun's report stated: "Business has not improved, though there is little change, except in the shrinkage of prices." The commercial agencies report more failures during the first quarter of this year than ever before, and Dun's last report states: "The volume of business has not, on the whole, increased, nor have prices appreciably advanced since April 1, when the range for all commodities was the lowest ever known in this country." In the Journal of April 16 there was a news item, dated Anoka, April 15, as follows: "The price of potatoes has been broken and a world's record made. In Columbus, this county, choice white potatoes are selling for 1½ cents a bushel."

And still the Journal is clamoring for dear money and calls it "honest money." No money is honest which, as Mr. Balfour, the first lord of the British treasury, says, is "steadily, continuously, indefinitely appreciating, and which by that very fact throws a burden upon every man of enterprise, upon every man who desires to promote the agricultural or the industrial resources of the country, and benefits no human being whatever but the owner of fixed debts in gold." This talk of "honest money" and calling bimetallists repudiators is all humbug and deceives no one. The Journal does not represent the great toiling and producing masses of the Northwest, but is laboring in the interest of the speculators and gold gamblers of Wall street, who want their money to have the greatest possible purchasing power. James G. Blaine was right when he predicted that unless silver was remonetized the appreciation of gold would prove "distressing to millions and utterly disastrous to tens of thousands." It is to be hoped that the Republican party may not be lured into the trap that is being set for it by the representatives of Wall street. After having done so much for humanity, it would be pitiable to see it go down at last before a storm of public indignation because it had become the mere servant of the money power.

Next Friday, April 24, will be Arbor day, and it should be observed by all the people of Minnesota. The forest and tree planting interests of the state are of great importance, and the people should give them far more attention than they now receive.

THE DEMOCRATIC VIEW.

Those who imagine that the Democratic party has not a fair chance of winning in the coming presidential contest may be greatly surprised in November. The fact is that, while there is much talk about this being a Republican year, the Democrats have as much chance of securing a victory as at any previous time in the country's history. The Democratic leaders are now viewing the situation with considerable confidence. They are confident that their reverses in Maryland and Kentucky last fall will not be repeated this year, but that those states, as well as Delaware, will be found once more in the Democratic column. They also argue that the so-called silver states care more about free coinage than about the tariff, and that Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Utah, Oregon, Washington and the Dakotas are debatable states, with the chances about equal, and with the possibility that the Populists will carry one or two states. Going to the middle states, they hope to carry Indiana and Illinois, in case Morrison shall be nominated.

They are making strong claims of prospective success in the East. They predict, and with considerable reason, that the Raines law will make every large city in New York state roll up a Democratic majority for any candidate. If such cities as Buffalo, Rochester, Syracuse, Utica, Oswego, Troy, Elmira, and Albany return Democratic majorities to meet the normal Democratic vote from New York and Kings at Harlem bridge, the vote of the rural districts, always Republican, will be swallowed up and lost. The leaders of Democratic campaigns assert that New Jersey and Connecticut will return to the fold, and that with these states, Illinois, Missouri, the solid South and two of the silver states a Democrat will be elected president.

The Detroit Journal says the following is a list of the states and the number of electors confidently claimed by the Democrats:

Alabama	11	Mississippi	9
Arkansas	8	Missouri	17
Delaware	3	North Carolina	11
Florida	4	South Carolina	9
Georgia	13	Tennessee	12
Kentucky	13	Texas	15
Louisiana	8	Virginia	12
Maryland	8	West Virginia	6
Total	159		

The silver states are as follows:

Colorado	4	Idaho	3
Montana	3	Nevada	3
Utah	3	Washington	4
Wyoming	3	Oregon	4
Total	27		

The states esteemed doubtful by the Democrats are as follows:

New York	36	Illinois	24
New Jersey	10	Indiana	15
South Dakota	4	Connecticut	6
Total	95		

The states conceded to the Republicans are:

California	9	Massachusetts	15
Iowa	13	Michigan	14
Kansas	10	Wisconsin	9
Maine	6	Nebraska	8
New Hampshire	4	North Dakota	3
Ohio	24	Pennsylvania	32
Rhode Island	4	Vermont	4
Wisconsin	12		
Total	167		

These figures show that the Democrats have 159 votes in the solid South against 167 votes of the Republicans in the North and West. The Democrats in order to secure a majority of the electoral college must secure 65 votes from the doubtful and silver states. By carrying New York and Illinois they will get 60 of the required votes, so that the electoral vote of Connecticut or New Jersey or the votes of any two silver states would give them a majority. The campaign will thus center in the doubtful and silver states, the storm being fiercest in Illinois, New York, Connecticut and New Jersey. The silver states will not be neglected, however. On the other hand the Democratic estimates give the Republicans 167 sure votes, and if the Republicans carry the doubtful states they will have the victory. Can they carry the doubtful states? While the Detroit Journal, which is staunchly Republican, believes that the prospect is bright for Republican victory, it does not lose sight of the fact that vigilance, vim and vigor must be expended to realize its hopes. The outlook points to the hardest struggle since 1876.

The anti-McKinley men are encouraging themselves by reading over the ballots of former national conventions, when men who started with long leads failed to gain the nomination. In 1888, however, Mr. Sherman was largely in the lead with 229 votes, the next man to him having only 111. Sherman's nomination was thought certain, but Benjamin Harrison won the prize. In 1880 Grant had his solid 306, but wanted 72 more—which he never got. The man who was nominated had but one vote on the thirty-first ballot and won on the thirty-sixth. In 1876 also Blaine was the leader with 291, needing 88 votes to nominate him. On the last, or seventh, ballot he had 351 votes, or within 29 of the prize, but Hayes had the combination and was nominated. There is an exception to every rule, however. In 1884, when it was Blaine against the field, the Maine man started with 334 votes, lacking 75 of the necessary number, and he was nominated on the fourth ballot.

The Herald has received a copy of "Our Currency Problem," a paper read by Jacob L. Greene before the Hartford, Conn., board of trade. It mainly consists of an attack on bimetallism. One paragraph illustrates the "profound arguments" which it contains: "With free coinage at 16 to 1, with the present market price of silver and unlimited legal tender, I can take $500 worth of other property, go into the market and buy $500 worth of silver bullion, take it to the mint, have it coined into 1000 silver dollars and compel you to accept them in discharge of my previously incurred debt to you." It would be interesting to learn from Mr. Greene how he could buy for $500 sufficient silver bullion to coin into 1000 silver dollars, when every man who had silver bullion could have it coined at 16 to 1. The market price of silver would instantly rise to the mint price.

A Washington dispatch says that quite a sensation was caused yesterday by a statement appearing in the New York Herald to the effect that William McKinley, who is today the most prominent presidential candidate of his party, is a member of the A. P. A., and also a member of the Favored Sons of St. Patrick. It is insisted that positive proof is in the hands of Albany people showing that McKinley belongs to both of these organizations. The publication is bound to have considerable effect in the election of delegates in Maryland and other states where the A. P. A. is quite strong.

The Kansas city of Gaylord is the latest Adamless Eden. Every municipal office is occupied by a woman. It is the mayor's second term, and her previous administration is said to have been marked for its economy and business-like conduct.

The rural American play is on deck again, and in the guise of "The Village Postmaster," at the Fourteenth Street theater in New York, is making foreign conceptions of American life hazier than ever.

The annual report of the city health department shows that it has an excellent opinion of its own ability. And the amusing feature of it is that the health officer does not appreciate its humorous character.

Mr. Carlisle may have made a strong speech, but he hardly convinced the Chicago labor men that he was a perfect fool a few years ago and an enlightened statesman now.

President U. S. Grant once said: "With free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver, we will clear away our public debt before the close of the century."

Alsop, alias Austin, preferred suicide to facing justice. By taking his own life he virtually confessed that he was guilty of the Olson murder.

The Winston, N. C., White Caps who whipped a 16-year-old girl and covered her with tar should be given a dose of the same treatment.

The Herald challenges comparison of its Saturday edition with any paper published on the same day in Minnesota or Wisconsin.

No more than one in seventy-four murderers was legally executed in 1895. And yet people wonder at the increase of crime.

St. Louis county is financially ahead by Austin's suicide at Seattle. The expenses of a murder trial are always heavy.

Austin and Hayward were friends, and there was much similarity in their crimes.

The murderer of David Vaugh must also be found.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

Sick Headache
Permanently Cured

"I was troubled, a long time, with sick headache. It was usually accompanied with severe pains in the temples and sickness at the stomach. I tried a good many remedies recommended for this complaint; but it was not until I began taking

AYER'S
Pills that I received anything like permanent benefit. A single box of these pills did the work for me, and I am now a well man."
C. H. HUTCHINGS, East Auburn, Me.

For the rapid cure of Constipation, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Nausea, and all disorders of Stomach, Liver, and Bowels, take

AYER'S
Cathartic Pills
Medal and Diploma at World's Fair.
Ask your Druggist for Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Der Burgermeister Und Der Arbeiter.

Prave Heinrich went him oud to sea
In politixes boat!
He made him funny, mit plendy of munny
Und catch the boor manns vote!
He climbed him oop! He schlide him down!
De strausses, quick and goot!
Mit garriges all ofer town
He drifed him troo Dulut!
He made he vas, de boor manns frend!
Und ven he bin de mayor,
Shall ecom goot dimes, mitout some end,
Und eff'ry dings was shuare!
He make der wasser-work manns sick,
He sthart der Plant, he say,
So eff'ry shofel, eff'ry pick,
Shall vork haf, eff'ry day!
Nein enemy he hav, he tell,
To punished bien! nien friend
Mit good tings schwell!
Seine hertz, lofe all mankind!
Er look so schweet! Er speacht so fair!
Ich got mich off mine goat!
Ich mich vas hustling eff'ry vare,
Und pring oud eff'ry vote!
Und ven das arbeit hardt vas done,
Ich feel so goot, Ich schware,
Als Heinrich, Siess weigs besser sohn
Don't found vas any where!
But was ist? dis Ich heart me now?
Was ist? was hat er gesacht?
Dunder! Himmel! Blixen! Auch!
Er hat all biz-niss knocked!
Er spellt der Bergermeister well,
Er hat de gross-kopff quick!
Der promises vergesse so schnell
Der shofel und der pick
He tinks not ov! He haf der vote,
Dont dat vas all he vants?
Wen him for sometings mit dey spoke,
De find der "name vas pants."

—S.

Duluth, April 16.

TWO ARE ENOUGH.

St. Cloud Times: The Duluth Commonwealth has suspended publication. Here was a real case of newspaper "overproduction." Two dailies appear to satisfy the demand of the Zenith City people.

A BRILLIANT RECORD.

Ely Miner: Congressman Towne is making a brilliant record on the rivers and harbors committee. The St. Cloud convention will in all probability nominate him by acclamation.

THE FIELD FULLY COVERED.

Little Falls Transcript: The Duluth Commonwealth's harsh suspended publication, and this time its backers say it is dead for good. It was an afternoon daily, and made a hard struggle to gain a foothold in a field already fully covered by The Evening Herald. It is stated at least $20,000 was lost in an effort to establish it on a paying basis. The Penny Press, of Minneapolis, is still struggling, and it is now being run by the employes on a co-operative basis.

LEE'S MANY FRIENDS.

Osakis Review: William E. Lee, of Todd county, has a great many friends in this bailiwick and his candidacy is looked upon with favor here.

CORRECT.

Martin County Sentinel: Charley Towne is a man who will not sacrifice his convictions for the sake of any office in the gift of the people. You can put that down in your little book in indelible ink.

NOT HOSTILE.

Sauk Center Herald: The impression seems to prevail that William E. Lee's candidacy for governor is in some indefinable manner hostile to the interests of Congressman Towne. Far from it. Mr. Lee was repeatedly urged to enter into an active candidacy for congress this fall, long before he consented to become a candidate for governor, but peremptorily declined. Most of Lee's supporters are Mr. Towne's ardent admirers.

MAKING RAPID PROGRESS.

Sauk Center Herald: The candidacy of William E. Lee is making rapid progress in favor throughout the state. From every section the assurances of support, said a gentleman of distinction in the state; I think Mr. Lee would make an ideal governor." Would that the Herald felt at liberty to give his name—it would carry weight. With Mr. Lee in the governor's chair not only would the state have a governor, but every citizen would have a friend administering state affairs—one who could be freely approached—open and frank.

DEVOTED LOVERS
Of a full, sweet, mild and enjoyable smoke are asked to try the famous Davenport. In all first-class retailers hands.

VOLUNTEERS' FIRST SONG.

(The first number of the Volunteer Gazette, Ballington Booth's official organ, contains the first original song of the new organization: "Who'll Be One?")

Jesus loves a volunteer,
Who'll be one?
Who'll be one?
Willing feet, with heart sincere.
Is there none?
Is there none?

Faithful soldiers He doth need,
Brave and true.
Brave and true.
Loyal both in word and deed,
Why not you?
Why not you?

Calling now his ranks to fill.
Heed the cry!
Heed the cry!
Yielding, answer "Yes, I will."
Here am I!
Here am I!

Victories on the banners wait,
Yes, 'tis so!
Yes, 'tis so!
Marching in the pearly gate,
You will know!
You will know!

The arrival of April's better half would be appreciated.

ACROSS THE TEA TABLE.

"I know a time shall be,
When for one sweet delight
The pretty pageantry
Of April shall unfold
The herald violet,
With purple banneret;
Gay king cups bravely digh:
In shining cloth of gold;
And, dancing in the breeze
Virgin anemones.
Ah! me, 'tis winter yet."

But do not sigh, my dear Modern Woman; these soft fogs are magnificent things for the complexion, your face fairly revels in the vapor baths we have had lately. My cheeks and eyes feel deliciously cool and soft after I have had a walk in the mist, and it is just such fogs possessing the salt tang, however, that gives the English maiden the brilliant color in cheek and eye which is her birthright. So though the dampness may take the curl out of your hair, and the stiffness from your gown, remember that there is nothing more trying for the complexion than the harsh dry winds of spring; so welcome the damp days as the offset. I tossed over a bit of rusty oozy sod the other day with my foot, and there down under the dead gray blades of last fall were fresh green little spikes of grass springing eagerly upward. I said gently, "Oh, you dear green grass, you are there and spring is really coming."—and it will not be long before we find the "virgin anemones" and listen to the "tidings of the spring" for the rains and warm fogs have watered all nature so liberally that she is stirring again after her long sleep.

* * *

If prudence is a distinguishing mark of the modern young woman, she is already planning her spring campaign; if she rides, then she is looking after her wheel, reading up the latest style in bicycle fashions, putting her frock in order and seeing that her shoes and leggings are what they should be. If she has individuality of taste she is suggesting to the modiste a conception of spring styles and fashions which is especially suited to herself, in fact she is no more like than is her mother, the housekeeper, these days. A rainy day is a perfect Godsend to a housekeeper in the spring; perfectly sure that she will not be interrupted she takes the day for her own, and looks over trunks and boxes and closets in search of the wily moth, brings out the summer clothing, looks it over, rejects the useless and lays the useful aside for slight renovation and repairs; the wash dresses are prepared for the laundress—for no good housekeeper puts away a starched and laundered gown—Oh, there is so much to do that the wonder is that one finds time for it all. The summer furnishings for the house are to be looked after, and preparations made for that great annual festival—spring house cleaning. And then when the furnace has ceased to send up choking clouds of dust, after these days of solemn preparation, then room by room at last by closet the work begins, fresh sweet-swelling curtains go up at the bright windows, clean covers on the pillows for divan and lounge, the rugs are well whipped and beaten and thoroughly aired, the room perfectly cleanse, one is ready for any fate.

* * *

To a woman who really loves her home, and incidentally the furnishings of that home, spring is a season when she makes them put forth their freshest and sweetest appearance, imitating nature. A little bit of good furniture polish goes a great way, and rubbed in thoroughly and carefully it does a world of good. I do not as a rule believe in home upholstery and the soap-box-covered-with-denim style of furnishing. That is not true economy and a mere makeshift, but I do believe in getting good solid furniture, and as handsome as the purse will allow, one piece at a time if domestic finances do not allow more and by taking good care of it, when new pieces are added, the good substantial older one stands out boldly with its companions. If the upholstered chair is a little worn, and needs new springs or coverings, it costs but little to have it done by skilled workmen, and it's economy in the end. Good furniture was never as cheap as it is now, and it pays to buy nothing but the best, which is a safe rule to apply to everything. If the floors of the house are hardwood and are well polished, it is a good plan to put away some of the darker and heavier rugs leaving a cool and summery look to the room, lighter covers on the pillows, dimities and ginghams and soft cotton fabrics; lighter curtains at the windows and plenty of space for the air and sunshine to enter.

* * *

If the mahogany cardtable of your grandmother is to be had, and you can secure it, receive it into your house and home with grateful thanks. If it has a great round pedestal, with eagle's claws on the ends of the branching four legs, reverently polish it with your own hands. If it is possessed of brass clawed feet, and the pedestal is curiously carved, bedew it with tears of joy. If the folding top is smoothly polished and in good order, greet it with tender smiles of satisfaction, and set it, one shining, polished leaf standing against the wall, and on it place your most treasured pieces of bric-a-brac. Some of these old card tables are curiously wrought, and though our Puritan ancestors may not have used them for the purpose of tossing the wicked bits of pasteboard on, yet many of them came from England, and some Sarah Battle probably played her celebrated game of whist upon the polished surface; or those "ladies of St. James'," of whom Austin Dobson wrote so charmingly, may have "sat all night at Ombre," flinging their bits of silver here and there upon it from their gambling purses, carefully clutched in their aristocratic hands. If you know of one, use all the wiles of the collector of rare pieces to get it into your possession. They are greatly in vogue now.

* * *

Artists and decorators tell us that a north room should never be furnished or draped in blue. This should be reserved for sunny rooms, and the browns, warm yellows and reds should be used for rooms with a northern exposure. So be careful in furnishing with blue and white to select a room that has sunlight's bright and cheering presence. If you are fond of going back to those days when George the Taird reigned in England, you have probably felt the fascination and charm of Horace Walpole, and have lingered long over his Gothic castle at Strawberry Hill. Then you have been in that wonderful blue-papered and blue-furnished breakfast room which looked out upon the Thames. You have seen him in fancy among all his wonderful treasures; you have seen the teakettle and heater brought in for his breakfast, and have watched him serve tea from those dainty old embossed Japanese cups which he possessed. You have also, probably, wandered around that wonderful house, replete with treasures and memories, and have discovered that some of the finest specimas of old delft were in the possession of that master of conversation, and prince of letter-writers. So do not imagine that blue and white furnishings for a room are anything new. It is merely the survival of the fittest, a constantly recurring fashion, which makes its bow, perhaps, twice in a century.

* * *

I was recently a guest at a most charming "thimble-party." We went at 2 o'clock and had tea at 5; and each guest brought with her her best piece of needlework, and all the dainty accessories in the way of needle books, pretty scissors, reticules and the like. She was told before coming that she would be expected to tell a story, from three to five minutes long, and the best story teller was to receive a prize of a bit of exquisite needlework from the hands of the hostess. We were seven, and the stories told were immensely clever and witty, the tea perfectly brewed, and the hostess most charming in her ability to direct conversation, and draw out the best in each of her guests. There was some difficulty in selecting the best story told, it being an embarrassment of riches, but that was a small matter in the delight of listening to good, fresh, new stories. 'Tis said that women have no sense of humor. Perhaps the new woman, in her larger field of action, is acquiring that, or else developing a latent ability for telling a clever story. She certainly knows how, as I can testify. There is no more charming way of informally spending a spring afternoon. One goes home stimulated and freshened. Not weary and exhausted, as is apt to be the case after an afternoon spent over cards.

* * *

A woman's needlework is not necessarily socalled "fancy work,"—I detest the phrase—but it is more frequently at this season of the year, a portion of the fine white work which she busies herself in making for her own pleasure and adornment. Those undergarments which to suit her fancy must be exquisitely made and of fine material. There is a fashion in lingerie just as there is in gowns and wraps, and this year we are to blossom forth in white. Petticoats are white, very full and very much starched for the house and careful street wear. The night gown is made very full now as to width, but rather simply fashioned as to trimming—a full ruffle falling from the neck and full bishop sleeves are the principal characteristics of new robes de nuit. No woman whose tastes are refined puts anything but fine handwork, or best linen lace on her underclothes. She eschews the showy coarse embroideries and puts dainty hemstitching or briar stitching upon the small ruffles which adorn her work, a linen lace or stout, good Valenciennes upon those not in common usage.

'Tis said that the silk and lisle thread undervests are being relegated to obscurity, and the cambric, muslin, linen or long cloth chemise is again in fashion's ranks; not the garment used some time ago before silk vests superseded it, but a new and more comfortable one. It must be just about the length of the ribbed vest, shaped in at the waist, or held by tucks into a semblance of fit, they are very simply trimmed, and are extremely comfortable, and are delightful to wear as they come from the hands of the laundress, sweet smelling and fresh, and dainty as only such garments can be. I confess that there is something very attractive to me in well sunned, freshly laundered white underclothing, and it is an almost universal taste among women who demand dainty toilet accessories.

* * *

To be in fashion's favor you must go to nature for inspiration, you must adopt her livery and adorn yourself with her color. Green must enter into all the belongings of your spring outfit. Then when your gowns and wraps and hats are satisfactorily planned, go to your mother's jewel case and take from it, if she will allow you, one of the beautiful lockets which were her pride and joy not so very long ago, put it on a broad ribbon, preferably black, and tie it around your neck, placing the huge bow into which fashion the ends, at the back. Lockets were in great vogue twenty years ago and more, and many of them were very beautiful. Some of them were round, some oblong, some heart shaped, but nearly all were made with a view toward the sentimental. The locket was and always will be the lover's own gift. Inside cunningly concealed, he put a bit of his hair, or his counterfeit presentment and asked her to wear it near her heart. Many a romance is woven about the lockets which have been lying hidden so long. Bring them forth to the light now and wear them with afternoon dress.

* * *

If you are giving a luncheon or dinner party you must certainly have a floral salad. When the time for this course arrives the butler or waitress appears, bearing a flat florist's basket, upon which are placed a number of beautiful bouquets. Each guest takes one, and parting the roses and ferns, or carnations and feathery asparagus, or tulips in their own leaves, or lilies of the valley in their leaves, finds down in the heart of the bouquet a head of lettuce tied securely together with narrow green ribbon. This is lifted out and placed on the salad plate, and the bouquet proper lies at the side of the cloth. The ribbon untied, the lettuce leaves fall apart, disclosing a tomato jelly, or minced fowl with mayonnaise, or a mayonnaise with asparagus tips, or any other dainty salad filling that your ingenuity will suggest. The salad, of course, quickly disappears, but the bouquet remains a souvenir of a pretty and novel course.

* * *

It is said that the deft handed waitress thoroughly trained to her duties is superceding the man-servant at the table. But she should not only be skilful in the service of a meal, but should bear an appearance of perfect neatness that will be conducive to good appetites in those that she serves. It has long been fashion's decree that the waitress should, while busy at her tasks in the morning, wear a fresh, light print dress, white apron, collar and cuffs and cap; while serving luncheon and dinner she should wear a black gown, spotless white cuffs and collar, and apron and small square or diamond shaped cap on the head, with or without black bows. I must confess that the print gown is to my mind far more dainty than the black gown. It is a fashion with many women to have the maid wear print gowns of one color, and a very pretty one it is. There is no surer evidence of a good housekeeper than the maid that appears at the door in answer to a guest's ring, and it is a sort of welcome in itself to find her in light blue or light pink print gown, neatly made and well fitted, the fresh white apron, collar and cuffs and cap. To be sure, much of the material that comes to hand is crude and untrained, but many women that I know in our little city have succeeded in developing this very material into such well trained and perfect servants that it is worth while trying. The cap seems to be a stumbling point, and is looked upon in free America as a badge of servitude. This is not the way it should be thought of. It is cleanly, neat, conducive to a good appearance and always becoming. A suggestion thus planted in the mind of a self-respecting girl is not long in taking root, and she soon learns to take pride in her own dainty neatness and fresh appearance. AGATE.

Enjoy Life by Taking in the Grand Free Concert by the Duluth City Band at the Pavilion Sunday Afternoon.

It not only relieves; it does more, it cures. We refer to One Minute Cough Cure. Suitable for all ages, all conditions, at all times. S. F. Boyce.

Ten cents a week for The Evening Herald delivered at your house. Telephone No. 324, two rings.

In Duluth's Social Circles

Next Friday evening the Assembly will give a dancing party at the Spalding. As it will be its first party after the long season of Lent, the Assembly will endeavor to make it one of the very finest it has given. Hoare's orchestra will play, as usual, and a number of new waltzes and two-steps will be on the program. A large number of outside people are expected. A number of the St. Paul and Minneapolis young ladies who are well known in society here and have frequently attended the Assembly dances are expected to come up. There may also be one or two young ladies from Ashland and one or two from Southern Minnesota. The Superior people will be over and there is every reason to believe that the party will be a brilliant affair. The Assembly has done much to brighten the winter from a social standpoint, in fact, it has been about the only social organization which has done anything toward giving parties.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Giles Gilbert entertained a large company at dinner on Wednesday evening at their home on East Second street and Sixteenth avenue. It was an elaborate and charming affair. There were ten tables, with four people at each table. The decorations were yellow roses, pinks and maiden hair ferns. A unique feature was provided and proved very entertaining. At each table was an envelope bearing the names of the four people who were to be seated there. Each was labeled "A Bridal Tale of Flowers" and in each envelope was a card bearing twenty questions. Each one was to be answered by the name of some flower and a prize was offered for the table which would correctly answer the most questions. The prize was captured by Mrs. S. F. Wadhams, Miss Mattocks, Clark Fagg and E. A. James. The menu was very elaborate and handsomely served.

At its conclusion the guests played euchre for a couple of hours. Prizes were taken by Mrs. Clark Fagg, Victor Stearns and S. F. Wadhams.

Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Clark Fagg, Mr. and Mrs. G. A. French, Mr. and Mrs. S. F. Wadhams, Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Bradley, Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Dowse, Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Upham, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Tear, Mr. and Mrs. Victor Stearns, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. James, Dr. and Mrs. Woodbury, Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Knox, Mrs. Huntress, Mrs. Hopkins, Misses Collins, Ensign, Markell, Josephine Peyton, Simonds, Magoffin and Mattocks, Messrs. Watrous, W. R. Peyton, A. W. Hartman, Shepard, Siewert, Chandler, Tolman, Gilbert.

* * *

The young ladies of the Q. F. U., the organization which assists in the Women's and Children's Home work, will give their annual party in the near future, probably in the month of May. Their parties have always been delightful affairs and largely attended and this one will be joyously welcomed.

* * *

Miss Josephine Peyton and Miss Martha Peyton gave a dinner party on Thursday evening for a few friends. Those present were: Miss Oliver, of Saginaw; Miss Maud Goon, Miss Sellwood, Miss Graff, Messrs. O. C. Hartman, Ward Ames, M. Peyton, A. W. Hartman, W. Peyton and Carlos Jones.

* * *

The Superior Boat club's annual dancing party was given at the West Superior hotel last Monday evening, and a number of Duluth young people attended. It was a charming party and the visitors were delightfully entertained.

* * *

A very pretty wedding was celebrated last Wednesday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. G. Hartley, of 1305 East Superior street. Miss Mary E. Hartley, sister of G. G. Hartley, being joined in marriage to Rev. Lewis G. Rogers, of Buffalo, N. Y. The hour for the ceremony was 8:30 o'clock and the officiating clergyman was Dr. T. H. Cleland, of the First Presbyterian church. The house was beautifully decorated with flowers and plants and Hoare's orchestra played during the evening. The bride wore a handsome gown of white brocaded satin.

A reception followed the ceremony and after that the wedding supper. Mr. and Mrs. Rogers left on the night train for St. Paul and from there they will go to Buffalo. After a brief stay there they will go to England and spend the summer.

Miss Hartley was for three years a teacher in Mount Holyoke college and is a highly accomplished lady. She is well known in Duluth having spent considerable time here. Rev. Mr. Rogers is a minister of the Congregational denomination. He is a graduate of Williams college and is a magazine writer of considerable prominence.

Among the guests at the wedding were: Governor and Mrs. D. M. Clough, of St. Paul; Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Satterlee, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Hartley, L. G. Truesdell, and J. F. Hayden, of Minneapolis; Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Sellwood, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Hazen, Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Neff, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Turle, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. J. N. McKindley, Mr. and Mrs. C. d'Autremont, Miss Sellwood, Miss La Rus Sellwood, Miss Martha Peyton, Luther Mendenhall, Walter Ayres, Murray Peyton, C. B. Woodruff, Richard Sellwood and Dr. Ritchie.

* * *

The Endion Tennis club held its annual meeting this week and elected W. B. Chapin, F. W. Paine, Martin Watrous, C. Johnson and Ward Ames, Jr., to be directors. The club will be made especially attractive for the ladies this year. There will be at least two days in the month set apart for the fair sex and they will be especially invited to attend on those days. This, however, does not mean that they will not be welcome at all times, for the club will feel themselves honored in having them accept its privileges. The membership fee—this applies only to men—has been reduced to all who become members before June 1. The club will have tournaments this year.

* * *

A teaand musicale will be given next Wednesday levening by the Ladies' Guild of St. Paul's Episcopal church, at the home of Mrs. A. M. Miller, 417 West Second street.

* * *

The Superior Assembly will give a dancing party next week and a number of Duluth people will go over. Its parties are similar to those of the Duluth Assembly and are quite as popular with the people over there.

* * *

On Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock, Miss Caroline Pender, daughter of John Pender, of Detroit, Mich., and John Gilbert, were joined in marriage at St. Clement's church, Rev. Father George officiating. It was a very pretty wedding and was attended by a large number of their friends. The bride wore a cream white silk dress, trimmed with white satin and carried bridal roses. She was attended by Miss Loretto Gilbert, who was also gowned in white. Fred L. Ryan was best man. After the ceremony a wedding breakfast was served at the residence of the groom's mother at 1218 West Superior street. A large number of presents were received. The men employed in the railroad offices presented a fine silver tea set and the agents a fine glass water set. Mr. Gilbert is freight agent of the Eastern Minnesota road.

* * *

On Wendesday evening the Cecilian society will give a program of church music at Pilgrim Congregational church, beginning at 8:15 o'clock. The program will be given under the direction of Miss Margaret McDonald and Mrs. C. P. Craig, Arthur G. Drake, Mrs. Strapp, Miss Mae Kennedy, Mrs. Loman, Franz Schultz, the Cathedral quartet and Cathedral choir will take part. The program is as follows:

Organ selection—Overture to "Stradella"..... Arthur G. Drake.
"Angel Chorus"..... Wallace
Cathedral Choir.
Solo—"Savior Lead Me"..... Gilsinn
Miss Mae Kennedy
Quartet—
(a) "Come Unto Him"..... Leslie
(b) "Come Holy Spirit"..... Warren
Cathedral Quartet.
Organ solo—"Rosamond"..... Schubert
Mrs. John Loman.
Solo—"Ave Maria"..... Luzzi
(By request.)
Miss Margaret McDonald.
Solo and chorus—"Inflammatus."
(from "Stabat Mater")..... Rossini
Mrs. Charles Patton Craig and Cathedral Choir.
Solo—
(a) "From the Depths"... Campana
(b) "E: in Spritum"... La Hache
Franz Schultz.
Solo—"There Is a Green Hill Far Away"..... Gounod
Mrs. John L. Snapp.
Solo and chorus—"Gloria." (from Missa Pro Pace)..... La Hache
Miss Margaret McDonald and Cathedral Choir.

* * *

A nightcap social was given last evening by Lakeside lodge Order of the World, at King block. President William Smith welcomed the guests, after which a fine program was given. Mrs. Hancock, Miss Edith Hancock, Mr. Applebagen and William McEwen gave recitations; Miss Mercer, Miss Rose Hancock, E. M. Harrington and Master T. McInnes sang solos; A. F. Dorner gave a piano solo, and Messrs. Spalding and McMillan gave a mandolin and guitar duet. A supper was served, and dancing followed. About fifty couples were present.

* * *

The ladies of the Order of the Eastern Star entertained a large number of their friends at a card party in the Masonic Temple rooms last evening. There were fifteen tables, and playing was continued for about two hours. Mrs. Caddle won the head prize, and J. H. Darling captured the foot prize. Refreshments were served, and there was dancing for a short time.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. William White and family will occupy the Selp residence, at the corner of First avenue west and Third street, after May 15.

* * *

The final arrangements have been completed for the May musical festival, which the Oratorio society will give in the Lyceum theater on May 6. The work to be given is Dudley Buck's famous cantata "The Legend of Don Munio." This story is taken from the Spanish papers of Washington Irving, and tells the story of the Spanish and Moorish wars, also of the Moorish prince's wooing. Mr. Drake is rehearsing the chorus and getting it to perfection. In giving this concert in the Lyceum the society is put to a great expense and nothing but the liberal support of the public can make it succeed. A fine professional orchestra will do the accompaniment work, and with the large chorus it is sure to be an artistic triumph. Mr. Drake has secured for soloists Miss Kathleen S. Fogarty, soprano; Miss Mary S. Bradshaw, contralto; Mark C. Baker, tenor; H. M. Herriman, baritone, and C. Mandelert, basso.

* * *

The Ladies' union will entertain their friends at a basket social next Tuesday evening in the Catholic club rooms. Billiard and pool tables, bowling alley and other games are at the disposal of all. The ladies are endeavoring to make it pleasant for all who may attend. A grand musical program will also be given.

* * *

On Wednesday evening the young ladies of Professor Ourat's dancing class gave a leap year party at the Spalding. It was a charming affair and was attended by about sixty couples. The young ladies were in entire charge of the ball, assisted by Professor Ourat. Hoare's orchestra played.

* * *

The Chautauqua Circle announces the following program for next Wednesday evening:

Roll call—Quote from Eugene Field.
Lesson—"The Air We Breathe"..... C. E. Shannon
Lesson—"First Steps in Human Progress," chapters 18, 19 and 20..... Mrs. A. W. Bradley

JUDY BRAND
"And who is that you've just danced with, Major?
"Oh, that's Miss Essland. She is going to be married next week."
"And is she a woman with a past, too?"
"Oh, no; quite the reverse; she's a woman with innumerable presents."

SOCIAL MENTION.

The Daughters of Erin, Division No. 1, celebrated their first anniversary on Wednesday evening at St. Clement's hall. Vocal solos, recitations and addresses were given and card playing followed, forty tables playing. Refreshments were served.

Miss Anna Haben entertained a number of friends at the home of her sister, Mrs. Rosalie C. Merritt, 1701 East First street, on Wednesday evening, in honor of her guest, Miss C. Virginia Anderson, of Grand Rapids, who is visiting her. There was music, vocal and instrumental, and dancing, and refreshments were served.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Trestac, of Highland Park, entertained a number of friends on Monday evening with a dancing party.

Company A members had an informal banquet at Boyle's on Wednesday evening and passed a pleasant evening.

At the installation of officers of Lake Superior lodge of the Order of the World on Wednesday evening a fine program was rendered and dancing followed.

On Wednesday evening Miss Lena Eliza Wisserlund and Martin D. Merritt were married at the Clifton house, 219 Fifth avenue west, by Rev. G. H. Humason, of the First Methodist church. The ceremony was at 8:30 o'clock, and after it a wedding supper was served. Mr. and Mrs. Merritt have taken up their residence on Thirteenth avenue west.

The engagement of Miss Mary Schneider, of this city, and Eugene Larpenteur, of Minneapolis, has been announced. The date for the wedding has not been made public.

About fifty couples were present at the dancing party given by Professor Collins' class at the Masonic Temple hall on Monday evening. It was a very pleasant affair and the young people had a happy time.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Fred G. Stevens has returned from an Eastern trip of several weeks.

Miss Sophie Freimuth, who has been in New York city for the past year, has returned to spend the summer here.

Miss Mildred McNeil, of Ewen, Mich., is visiting friends in Duluth.

Henrick Gunderson, a graduate of the Musical conservatory at Christiania, Norway, and a former pupil of Gerard Tonling, is in the city and may remain here. He is a pianist and pipe organist.

Mrs. A. C. Jones has gone to Davenport, Iowa.

Mrs. W. H. Hoyt left on Thursday for Minneapolis, where she will spend a month with her mother, Mrs. E. J. Nicol.

Mrs. Peter Toohey and sister, Miss T. Minahan, who have been residing in Duluth the past year, returned to their old home, Bay City, Mich., on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Wright, of Swan River, were in the city this week.

Mrs. Theodore Macy has returned from an extended visit at Marquette, Mich.

Mrs. F. C. Dennett left on Thursday for Los Angeles, Cal.

Mrs. W. G. Hegardt left on Thursday for Seneca, Kan.

Mrs. A. B. Little and Miss Little left Thursday for Flint, Mich.

Mrs. Robert F. Dacre and children left yesterday for Buffalo to join Mr. Dacre.

Miss Angie Neff left on Tuesday for Nellsville, Wis., having been called by the serious illness of her father.

E. W. Durant, Jr., of Stillwater, was visiting here this week.

Clark L. Poole returned on Wednesday from Dubuque, Iowa, where he has been for several weeks.

Judge Ensign returned home from Ashtabula county, Ohio, on Wednesday, where his father, aged 86 years, is very ill.

Mrs. E. Jacobson and son, Master Hawkins, returned on Wednesday from the East.

Mrs. S. S. Fifield, of Ashland, is spending a week in Duluth, visiting Mrs. S. E. Peachey and other friends.

William M. Prindle left on Monday afternoon for New York and other Eastern points, and will be gone a month.

A. W. Harsman has returned from his Eastern trip.

Miss Minnie Kortin, of Escanaba, Mich., is visiting Miss Lucy Peterson.

E. W. Matter went to Chicago on Tuesday.

Mrs. C. A. Britts left on Tuesday for Osage, Iowa.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Merritt and Mrs. L. J. Merritt left on Tuesday for San Diego, Cal. They will visit the Yosemite valley, and returning by the way of Puget sound will stop at the Yellowstone park.

D. G. Cutler went to St. Paul on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Satterlee, of Minneapolis, were here on Wednesday to attend the Hartley-Rogers wedding.

Governor and Mrs. D. M. Clough, of St. Paul, were in the city on Wednesday to attend the Hartley-Rogers wedding, and were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. G. G. Hartley, of 1305 East Superior street.

Henry E. Harris returned last Sunday from New York.

Mrs. Clyde D. Knapp, of St. Paul, formerly Mrs. Dorwin-Aspinwall, is visiting in the city.

Mrs. J. B. Brishin, of St. Paul, was in the city last Sunday.

A. B. Hilton went to St. Paul for a visit this week.

Mrs. Marcia Scott left yesterday for a few weeks' visit with friends in Pennsylvania.

Mrs. F. M. Cooley left this week for her home in St. Paul, where she will visit with her parents for a month or two.

WEST DULUTH SOCIAL.

N. C. Kingsbury has returned from a trip through Wisconsin.

The Epworth league gave an entertainment on Monday evening, one of the regular series. A fine program was presented. Miss Sears, Mrs. Govitt, Miss Laura Govitt, J. W. Bodilly and Bert Abbott took part.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Dunham, of Cameron, Wis., are visiting their daughter, Mrs. I. T. Burnside.

Mr. and Mrs. Christopher Murphy, of Grand Marais, are visiting in the city.

A number of young people will give a dance at Isaacson & Kaupp's hall this evening.

Mrs. B. Dockey and C. Wellinger, of West Superior, were quietly married last Saturday. The happy couple will make a short wedding trip to the Twin Cities. Later in the season they will take a trip to Europe to visit the old home of Mr. Wellinger and other places on the continent. They will make their home in Superior.

The ladies of the Methodist church gave a dime social on Wednesday evening.

Mrs. C. C. Salter has returned from a visit in St. Paul.

Mrs. J. D. Gilchrist returned last Saturday to her home in Mountain Iron after a visit with West Duluth friends.

O. B. Little and wife left Wednesday afternoon for Saginaw, Mich. After a visit at that place they will take a Western trip, spending the most of the summer away from home.

Emil Gross entertained a number of his friends at his home Thursday evening. Dancing, cards and refreshments were the order of the evening.

For cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, cuts, sprains, burns, stings, chilblains, sciatica, and lumbago, use Salvation Oil.

THE NATIONAL GUARD.

An Order Issued By the Adjutant General.

Adjt. Gen. Muehlberg has just issued General Orders No. 5, covering the changes in the National Guard of the state during March. Following are the changes noted:

Commissioned—First infantry, Alfred William Bjornstad, second lieutenant Company H; Second infantry, William A. Morin, captain Company I; Third infantry, Hubert V. Eva, captain Company A; N. F. Richardson, second lieutenant Company A; A. F. Pratt, second lieutenant Company B.

Resigned—First infantry, H. E. Minty, captain Company A; Henry Bork, captain Company E; Second infantry, George A. Suter, second lieutenant Company D; J. S. Frink, first lieutenant Company H; Third infantry, Nelson Sickles second lieutenant Company G; E. J. Wilkinson, second lieutenant Company B.

Dishonorably discharged—First infantry: For desertion, J. C. Van Hul, Company C; C. H. Smith, private Company F; for non-attendance at drill, J. N. Wood, private Company C; George S. Bircher, private Company E; J. F. Flanagan, private Company E; J. R. LaValle, private Company E; John Maas, private Company E; J. J. Fischer, private Company E; B. E. Setterlof, private Company E; for disobedience of orders, F. M. Callan, private Company H; F. R. Trossen, private Company H.

Headache is the direct result of indigestion and stomach disorders. Remedy these by using DeWitt's Little Early Risers, and your headache disappears. The favorite little pills everywhere. S. F. Boyce.

THE COURTESY OF A TRIAL.
The makers of the famous Davenport cigars are confident you will afterwards prefer it to all others. Sold everywhere.

GET OUR PRICES
Before getting moved. We can save you time and money. Trunks delivered, 25 cents. Office 212 West Superior street.

THE PRIZE BABY OF KANSAS CITY MO.

Cured of Disfiguring ECZEMA By the CUTICURA REMEDIES

Our baby when three weeks old was badly afflicted with Eczema. Her head, arms, neck, limbs, and nearly every joint in her body was raw and bleeding when we concluded to try CUTICURA REMEDIES. We began with CUTICURA (ointment) and CUTICURA SOAP, and *after the first application* we could see a change. After we had used them one week some of the sores had healed entirely, and ceased to spread. In less than a month, she was free from scales and blemishes, and to-day has as lovely skin and hair as any child. She was shown at the Grange Fair, and took a premium as the prettiest baby, over sixteen others. MR. & MRS. PARK, 1609 Bellevlew Ave., Kan. City. Sold everywhere. POTTER DRUG & CHEM. CORP., Boston.

MONEY.

Offices in the Exchange building to let at reasonable figures and with every possible convenience. No better location in Duluth.

One house left in Chester Terrace.

No. 119 East Superior street is the only store building left on our list—everything else gone. We intend to *let* this building—the rent we get will cut no figure; the building must be occupied.

Fire Insurance written, on houses, stores, furniture, stocks of goods, grain and coal.

Money can still be had in reasonable amounts at low rates on good real estate security, in spite of hard times and high taxes. But money is not very plentiful and rates are certain to advance.

Wm. E. Lucas & Co
1 Exchange Building

JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT

Congressman Powers Enthusiastic Over Paine's Celery Compound, the Great Spring Remedy.

Judge Powers, who today represents Vermont in congress, entered the national house with a magnificent record as lawyer and judge of the supreme court of Vermont.

He is a fine type of the careful, learned New England lawyer.

Though but 56 years of age, he was a member of the Vermont legislature a third of a century ago, and again in 1874, when he was speaker of the house. He has been state censor, a member of the constitutional convention and of the state senate. In 1874 he became judge of the supreme court of Vermont, and remained on the bench until 1890, when he took his seat in congress. Judge Powers presided at many of the most notable trials in the history of the state, and is the author of many of the most important opinions to be found in Vermont reports.

No judge on the supreme bench in any of our states has a reputation for more clearly and unmistakably expressing his opinions. His unqualified indorsement of Paine's celery compound in the following letter is as straightforward and concise as any of his thoughtful charges to a jury:

House of Representatives, U. S.,
Washington, D. C., Feb. 19, 1896.

I have for several years been acquainted with the medicinal qualities of Paine's celery compound, and can enthusiastically indorse it as a specific in many cases for which its use is recommended by its proprietors. H. Henry Powers,
First District, Vermont.

By far the best use that any tired or ailing person can make of these precious spring days is to purify their blood and regulate their nerves with Paine's celery compound. It is plain to any observant person that the best remedy for neuralgia, persisten headaches and such like indications of low nervous vigor is the one that most rapidly and completely nourishes the worn-out parts. It is not in the power of any other remedy to do the vigorous work of Paine's celery compound in strengthening the jaded system and in bringing it back to an energetic, healthy condition.

The real danger that stares sick people in the face is the putting off attending to sickness and disease, and letting slip these health-inviting spring days, when everything so strongly favors getting well. This greatest of all spring remedies is doing an astonishing amount of good these days among sick people and those semi-invalids who are "run down" by the long, trying winter, or worn out and afflicted by disease.

The soul and life of sound health is a well-nourished nervous system. Paine's celery compound repairs the worn, nervous system as nothing else can do. It is the one certain and permanent cure for sleeplessness, hysteria, nervous debility and exhaustion, rheumatism, neuralgia and the various manifestations of an unhealthy bodily condition, such as languor, nervousness, heart palpitation, loss of flesh and mental depression.

With Paine's celery compound, returning strength and cheerfulness soon show that one is undoubtedly on the right road to health.

Paine's celery compound is the one real spring remedy known today that never fails to benefit. Get Paine's celery compound, and only Paine's celery compound, if you wish to be well.

SPIRIT LAKE AND VICINITY.

Jerome and Cassius Merritt were visiting at Spirit Lake last Saturday.

J. W. Jones and son, Prentice, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Robinson over Saturday.

John Amundson was the guest of his brother, Matt Amundson, last week.

Mrs. M. Brink has been very ill the past week. The doctor pronounces her trouble as pleurisy of the lungs.

The new victims of the measles the past week are Miss Ruth Douglas, Miss Edith Swenson and Arthur Renstrom. All are slowly improving now.

Bethel Robinson was the guest of Allan Nelson of Twentieth avenue, last Saturday.

Dennis Sullivan, Jr., was visiting with his parents Thursday evening.

C. S. Kindgren and family, of Colorado, have moved all of their household effects to this point, intending to make this their permanent home.

A number of the friends of Mrs. A. G. Nelson surprised her on Tuesday, it being the anniversary of her natal day. Among those present were: Mrs. John Nelson and daughter May, Mesdames Larsen, Hugo and Gilenberg, of Twentieth avenue, and Mrs. R. A. Folkerts and son.

Mrs. Nacey was shopping in Duluth on Monday.

Mr. Williams, of Duluth, was the first to enjoy a boat ride on the lake and river. He succeeded in getting a fine string of ducks for his trouble. Fishing has also begun, several of the finny tribe having been captured.

Mrs. McCormick, of Clough Island, was the guest of Mrs. E. Swenson Thursday.

The recent rains have made our streets practically impassable in places. Board walks would be appreciated by our pedestrians.

A. Kruskie was doing business in this vicinity on Monday last.

Mayflowers and birds' nest are reported having been found in this vicinity the past week.

Miss Jean Stewart visited the Smithville school on Friday.

On Wednesday A. Douglas was transacting business in the city.

John Price left today for Biwabik, where he expects to take charge of an engine during the coming season.

H. Sequist was a caller at E. Stevenson's Friday.

Miss August Nilson was shopping in Duluth yesterday.

Ole Johnson and John Ide returned Monday from the mining country where they have been prospecting for some time.

W. Segi has accepted a position in Duluth.

Miss Bertha Hamberg, of Rice Lake, Minn., was the guest of Mrs. R. A. Folkerts Friday and Saturday.

The flower social held last evening at the Ironton hotel was a very pleasant affair. In spite of the disagreeable weather an appreciative audience listened to the program, which was well rendered. The quartet from Duluth and Miss Huntley's recitations were well received. The "Spooks" were also in attendance. The first prize in the flower contest was awarded to Miss Sullivan of Ironton, the booby prize to John Price. Among those present from Duluth were: Mrs. Burk, Miss Huntley Messrs. Huntley, Davies, Shaw, Cressey and Bliss Robinson.

COCKROACHES are a nuisance. Exterminate them. **COCRELINE** will do it. 25c, extra size 75c, at all druggists.

NEW DULUTH DOINGS.

Latest Happenings in the Suburb Up the River.

New Duluth, April 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—The river at this place is open and the ice will soon be driven down by the jam from Fond du Lac. That place has received a scare the past few days. Two families had to leave their houses and take to the hill and the low lands around town are all inundated.

Mrs. Holm and children, of Woodland, formerly of this place, visited friends in town this week. She returned to Woodland Wednesday.

Miss Brigham, a teacher of the Fond du Lac school, will reside there in May. Her brother and herself will probably be there all summer.

A daughter came to the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Bowser last week.

Miss Edith Melhorn left last week to spend the remainder of the year in West Duluth.

Mrs. Lockhart, mother of Jerry and James Lockhart, came from Bay City last week and will remain here with them for some time.

Mrs. Nye spent Tuesday in Duluth shopping.

Mrs. Chambers will return to Fond du Lac soon and go in her new home there. She has been living at West Duluth for some time.

Miss Ethel Eva, of Duluth, came up Tuesday morning.

Mrs. Skog was quite ill this week. A son of Mr. and Mrs. Cullen has also been seriously ill the past week.

Miss Mabel White spent Thursday in town again after a visit of a few weeks' length at Fergus Falls.

J. H. Jerome, of Duluth, will move his family here very soon. He is to be at the Richards & Pool lath mill.

Mr. and Mrs. Beardsley expect to leave for Battle Creek within the next week. They formerly lived there.

Miss Shaw was in Duluth Tuesday. Mrs. Everett also spent the day in the city.

Miss Keyes gave a card party to a number of her friends last week, Friday night.

Miss O'Connell, of Short Line Park, spent Thursday in Duluth shopping.

A little 11-months'-old son of Mr. and Mrs. John Randall died Wednesday morning of convulsions. The body was taken to Antigo for burial yesterday, after a funeral service here.

Rev. Mr. Moore has returned after an absence of a couple of weeks.

Mrs. James Lockhart has been visiting friends at Two Harbors the past week.

Will McGill went to Duluth Thursday night for a short visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Gehagen were at the Safford house this week. They will remain here this summer.

Misses Cora Reed and Kittie Stevenson went to Fond du Lac Thursday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Milne have returned and are living in the Smith house below the hill.

Mrs. McNally spent yesterday in Duluth with friends.

Mrs. Merritt, of Duluth, attended the W. C. T. U. meeting here yesterday.

An entertainment was given at the Catholic hall last night by Miss Shaw and was well attended by the people here and also from Fond du Lac and Short Line Park. The children's songs, recitations and choruses were well rendered as was the whole program, and a good sum was raised for the Catholic denomination of this place, for the benefit of which it was given.

Mr. Hurd is in Michigan now, but will return next week.

The Congregationalists give an ice cream sociable at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Tower this evening.

Nobody doubts that The Evening Herald is "the best." A 10 cents a week (delivered) it is amazingly cheap. Telephone No. 324, two rings, or send postal.

Nothing so distressing as a hacking cough. Nothing so foolish as to suffer from it. Nothing so dangerous if allowed to continue. One Minute Cough Cure gives immediate relief. S. F. Boyce.

RIGHT TO THE MARK.
That's what advertisers say, and Herald want ads. go. That's because they are read by people who want to buy or sell.

HOW'S YOUR HEAD?
You will feel better, think better, if you have your scalp scientifically treated. Prevents the hair falling out; imparts freshness and vigor to the scalp.
MME. BOYD & WILBUR,
Masonic Temple.

All Scalp Diseases
which make the hair fall and prevents new growth, are cured by us.
KNAUF SISTERS,
No. 7 East Superior St.

MILLIONS

The General Deficiency Bill Was Reported to the House Today.

Amount of Urgent and General Deficiency Appropriations is $11,096,766.

Will Swell Total of House Appropriations For Session to $505,027,405.

Washington, April 18.—The committee on appropriations today reported to the house the general deficiency bill, the last of the regular appropriation bills this session. The total amount carried by the bill is $4,791,340. The principal deficiencies for which it provides are: Treasury department, $1,074,000; District of Columbia, $116,000; war department, 607,000; navy department, $199,000; interior department, $304,000; department of justice, $251,000; government printing office, $190,000; house of representatives, $104,000; judgments of court of claims, $143,000; Indian depredation claims, $140,000; audited claims, $160,000; out of postal revenues, $1,421,000.

In addition to this bill, the urgency deficiency act, passed early in the session, carries $6,305,436, making a total for deficiencies this session of $11,096,776. The following is a list of the regular appropriation bills as they passed the house, with the amounts: Agriculture, $3,215,342; army, $23,275,902; diplomatic and consular, $1,650,058; District of Columbia, $5,418,960; fortifications, $5,842,337; Indian, $8,420,445; legislative, etc., $21,380,765; military academy, $148,117; navy, $31,647,239; pension, $141,325,820; postoffice, $91,819,557; river and harbor, $10,351,860; sundry civil, $29,836,992; total, $374,613,444.

In addition to these bills, the two deficiency bills, miscellaneous accounts, $315,024, and regular annual appropriations, amounting to $119,054,160, have been passed by the house, making the total appropriations by the house during this session $505,027,405. In the deficiency bill reported today there is a clause authorizing the secretary of the treasury to transfer to the city of Atlanta the buildings erected for the government exhibit at the cotton states exposition.

There is an item of $10,000 to be paid the Italian government for indemnity to the heirs of three of its subjects who were killed and two others injured by mob violence in Colorado.

In making the appropriation for Indian depredation claims the committee provides that none of the judgments be paid until the attorney general has certified to the secretary of the treasury that he has caused to be examined evidence and testimony presented to the court of claims, and such other evidence as shall be procurable.

A FIENDISH GUARDIAN.

Received a Life Sentence at Ottawa Today.

Ottawa, Ont., April 18.—Mrs. Bell, for cruelty to her grand-children, was today sentenced to life imprisonment. The charges against Mrs. Bell which were proved, were that she punished the children, a boy of 14 and a girl of 15, with the most fiendish torture that malignant ingenuity could devise. Stripping them to the thinnest clothing she would soak them in water and then compel them to sit before open windows when the temperature was several degrees below zero until their attire was frozen stiff. On one occasion the boy was kept at work in the cold improperly clad until his toes were frozen and dropped off.

They were fed on victuals mixed with noxious fluids like kerosene, turpentine and worse. When brought into court both children showed conclusively the effects physically and mentally of the agonies they had suffered. The defense offered was that Mrs. Bell inflicted such punishment as a parent or guardian had the right to do, but the jury unhesitatingly pronounced her guilty and the full penalty of the law was meted out.

THE ONLY WAY TO GET
Your room rented is to advertise it. The best place to advertise is in The Evening Herald.

Heart Trouble Quickly Cured.
A Convincing Testimonial.

MISS ELLA KURTZ.

"For 19 years I suffered from heart trouble. During that time I was treated by five different physicians. All of them claimed that I *could not be cured*. I was greatly troubled with shortness of breath, palpitation and pain in the side. If I became excited, or exerted myself in the least, the pain in my side became very severe. At times it seemed as though *needles were shooting through my side*. Sometime in the month of November last, I commenced taking

DR. MILES' HEART CURE

and since then I have improved steadily. I can now sleep on my left side, something I had never been able to do before. I can walk without being fatigued, and am in *much better health than ever before*, I would recommend all sufferers from heart trouble to try Dr. Miles' invaluable remedy without delay." MISS ELLA KURTZ,
518 Wright St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores ...Health

A MISSING WOODSMAN.

Alexander McPhie, a Scaler, is Wanted By Relatives.

St. Paul, April 18.—Alexander McPhie, a scaler from the pineries, has been missing since yesterday, and his wife and friends believe he has been foully dealt with. McPhie arrived here about a week ago, and, together with his wife and family, took rooms at 379 Rosabel street. Yesterday he told his wife he was not feeling well and went out for a walk. He must have had something like $100 in his possession, and as he was steady and temperate, it is believed he is not absent of his own accord. The police are investigating.

LOTS OF CARIBOU.

Over One Hundred in a Herd in Maine.

"I was trout fishing early one summer up in Somerset county, Me.," said a New York sportsman in the New York Sun. "My camp was on the shore of one of the many small lakes that abound in that part of the state. One evening, just at sunset, my guide came in, all a-quiver with excitement.

"'If you want to see something that neither you nor any other man will ever be likely to see again,' said he, 'just sneak down to the pond with me.'

"I crept stealthily in his wake down through the thick timber to the edge of the lake. It was still light enough at the upper end of the lake, where we were camped, and which was not in the shadow of the hills, for us to see plainly a quarter of a mile along the margin of the water. The guide cautiously parted the dense growth of young birches that fringed the edge of the lake on that side.

"'Look yonder!' he whispered.

"I looked and my heart almost jumped out of my mouth. The sight was almost past believing. All along the upper shore of the lake standing belly deep among the lily pods, in various attitudes of grace and satisfiedness, the water was alive with caribou. Magnificently antlered bulls stamped and snorted and tossed their kingly heads among meek-faced cows, while in and out among them sported a drove of velvet-coated calves. We counted fifty-seven bulls and cows, and almost every cow had a proprietary interest in at least one calf. We watched this remarkable congregation of caribou in silence—the sight being too much for speech—until the shadows of evening began drawing deeply about them, and we could have seen them only dimly a few minutes later. Then my guide whispered:

"'We'll pull on 'em just once, anyhow, and see how many we can drop.'

"Selecting each of us a big bull, we fired. A terrified chorus of snorts followed the discharge of the guns. There was a sound of water in great commotion for a moment, and the next instant the woods were filled with the crashing of the flying herd through the thick brush. My guide and I sent the contents of our second barrels after the caribou as they rushed in a confused and thickly bunched mass from the water. In less time than it takes to tell all was as quiet as if nothing had occurred to disturb the solitude of the great wilderness. In the water, their huge hulks showing above the broad mat of lily pods, lay the dead bodies of the two old bulls we had selected as our first targets. On the edge of the lake, one with his head in the water and his flanks stretched on the shore, and the other with his antlers lifted high on land, his hind parts buried among the lilies, lay two other bulls, the victims of the two chance shots that followed the herd in its flight.

"'I have seen a good many caribou in my time,' said the guide—who was Nat Moore, at that time Maine's greatest caribou hunter—'but the natural history of Maine never calculated on me or any one else ever getting in among such a congregation of 'em as this was.'

"Two or three seasons after that thirty caribou came into that same lake while Nat was there. He shot one, and expected to see the rest of the herd dash away into the woods. To the old guide's surprise, instead of the rest scampering away they seemed to be panic stricken, and huddled together in the pond, snorting and splashing the water about. It wasn't until Nat had shot and killed seven of the drove that the survivors recovered their wits and removed themselves without any more ado out of the reach of his deadly aim. This was twenty years ago. I have been on those Maine waters every year, almost since then, and have never seen but three caribou there in all that time, and two of these I saw last year, killing one, a big bull."

Grand Free Concert at the Pavilion by the Duluth City Band Sunday Afternoon.

A MILWAUKEE ASSIGNMENT.

Milwaukee, April 18.—The Conway Cabinet company made an assignment to Charles W. Norris today. The assignee's bond was fixed at $150,000. The company manufactures mantels, cabinets, etc.

MICHIGAN CLUB DELAYED.

Lawrence, Kan., April 18.—The baseball game scheduled for today, between the Kansas and Michigan clubs, was not played, because of the Michigan's inability to get here.

MEXICAN VETERAN DEAD.

Wilmington, April 18.—Gen. Levivark, retired, died in this city today, aged 87 years. He served under Gens. Taylor and Scott in the Mexican war and also with distinction through the civil war. He was wounded at Antietam and Gettysburg.

THE TREASURY CONDITION.

Washington, April 18.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $270,138,706; gold reserve, $126,915,145.

TO NURSE GIRLS.

If your mistress has left town or does not suit you, why not get another place? Tell The Evening Herald's 50,000 readers that you're experienced, have references, wages you want, etc., and go to work. It costs nothing to advertise for a situation in the Evening Herald.

TRICK OF THE TRADE.

Cleveland World: Customer—So you sell these watches for $1? It must have cost that to make them.

Watchmaker—It does.

Customer—Then how do you make any money?

Watchmaker—Repairing them.

$10,000 cash for first mortgages; no delay. N. J. Upham & Co., Torrey block.

"THE TRIUMPH OF LOVE

IS HAPPY, FRUITFUL MARRIAGE." Every Man Who Would Know the Grand Truths, the Plain Facts, the New Discoveries of Medical Science as Applied to Married Life, Who Would Atone for Past Errors and Avoid Future Pitfalls, Should Secure the Wonderful Little Book Called "Complete Manhood, and How to Attain It."

"Here at last is information from a high medical source that must work wonders with this generation of men."

The book fully describes a method by which to attain full vigor and manly power.

A method by which to end all unnatural drains on the system.

To cure nervousness, lack of self-control, despondency, &c.

To exchange a jaded and worn nature for one of brightness, buoyancy and power.

To cure forever effects of excesses, overwork, worry, &c.

To give full strength, development and tone to every portion and organ of the body.

Age no barrier. Failure impossible. Two thousand references.

The book is purely medical and scientific, useless to curiosity seekers, invaluable to men only who need it.

A despairing man, who had applied to us, soon after wrote:

"Well, I tell you that first day is one I'll never forget. I just bubbled with joy. I wanted to hug everybody and tell them my old self had died yesterday, and my new self was born to-day. Why didn't you tell me when I first wrote that I would find it this way?"

And another thus:

"If you dumped a cart load of gold at my feet it would not bring such gladness into my life as your method has done."

Write to the ERIE MEDICAL COMPANY, Buffalo, N.Y., and ask for the little book called "COMPLETE MANHOOD." Refer to this paper, and the company promises to send the book, in sealed envelope, without any marks, and entirely free, until it is well introduced.

MADE A MISTAKE.

Detroit Free Press: That traveling man: "Either I'm a natural Rube, Jay buckwheat and pumpkin husker, or I'm threatened with intellectual paralysis. I wouldn't bet now that gold-brick man couldn't do me in a walk. I was coming in on the Wabash the other day and just opposite me sat one of the most charming little women ever I clapped my eyes on. All that pink, pearl, ruby, peach-blow, brilliant and golden business, don't you know? I'm no masher. I hate a masher with a deadly hatred. But I'm gallant. Women in distress or anything of that kind put me better fighting trim than a month's training. Two or three seats away were two young fellows. One of them looked like a quiet Dude, and the other was dapper and nobby. I saw the little chap making eyes at the lady. When he thought no one was looking he blew a kiss at her, and her pretty face cast a red shadow on the window.

"That was my cue and just as I walked over to enter my protest the quarter-back stepped forward to cast a brick. I was laying the law down to that dude, trying to keep my hands off of him, and all the fool was doing was rolling around in his seat laughing and trying to get his breath. I took a look at the lady, and when I saw her face buried in her handkerchief I was just going to jerk the offender hard enough to unjoint him when the football giant grabbed me by the collar, yanked me on the smoker in three long jumps and a thud and gave me the greatest dressing down for an old, bald-headed, interfering and driveling idiot that I ever heard. When he told me that the couple in the other car had just been married and had made a wager that they could go to Detroit without being spotted as bride and groom, I gave the porter half a dollar to capture my baggage and I sneaked off on the other side of the train when I got here. The bloated railroad corporations can look after their own female passengers so far as I am concerned."

TRACTION METHODS.

A very good illustration of the saving effected by mechanical traction on street railroads is given in the report recently made to the Metropolitan Traction company, of New York city, by its president, Mr. Vreeland, says the Boston Transcript. In this it is stated that the company now has 164 miles of single track of which 25.34 miles are operated by cable, 6.78 miles by the underground electric trolley system, and 131.88 miles by horses. The net earnings of the one-fifth of the mileage which is operated by cable and electric motive power is so large in 1895 as to carry the entire investment. "It is not only through an increase of business," says Mr. Vreeland, "that this is brought about, but also through economy in operation. When the entire traction system was operated with horses the cost of operation was 70 per cent of the gross receipts. The substitution of mechanical traction upon twenty miles of 122 reduced the cost of operation of the entire system to 54.39 per cent. The cost of operating the Broadway road was reduced from 66 to 38 per cent by the substitution of mechanical traction for horses. These figures indicate very plainly what may be expected of this system when it shall be supplied with mechanical traction throughout, and be, in other respects, fully developed."

WESTERN SALOONS.

The life of the lone saloonkeeper in the far West seems to be not entirely barren of interesting incidents, says the New York Sun. Meyer's Falls, Wash., has but one saloon. Last week an Indian came to town and got very drunk and much wrought up, and broke the peace very badly. The town is without a jail, and the citizens were in a dilemma as to what to do with the red man. Finally they decided that the saloonkeeper, being responsible for the Indian's condition, must also be responsible for his doings. The saloon man locked up his store and led the Indian a mile or two outside the city limits on the way to his wigwam. An hour or two later the Indian returned, and only consented to go home when the saloonkeeper had given him his overcoat to keep him warm on his trip across the prairie. In the early hours of the morning the Indian came back, accompanied by several other red men, and they broke into the saloon with an ax and cleared it of everything drinkable. They were not seen afterward.

CHANGE OF TIME.

Commencing Sunday, April 19, the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic eastbound train will leave Duluth Union depot at 4:10 p. m. instead of 4 o'clock.

MY MOTTO.

Protect Home Trade.

Keep your gold. I take greenbacks. My boys take silver. Give credit to the Almighty. Respect pluck, grit and perseverance. Help if you can the poor widows and orphans. All are my friends who love Salvator Spring water and the Almighty will protect our good Uncle Sam, the rest can do as they please, this is a free country.

J. P. C. Schmit.

ASSASSIN

Last Hour of John Wilkes Booth Told By Jack Garrett.

Century Tales of the Great Conspiracy to Murder Lincoln.

Booth's Significant Message Scratched on a Pane of Glass.

In the meantime the troop of cavalry sent from Washington on Monday reached Port Conway. About 3 p. m. on Tuesday the officer in charge met Rollins, asking him if he had seen a lame man in citizen's clothes cross the river, and showed him a photograph of Booth. Rollins said the photograph resembled the man who had been there on the day previous, whom he described accurately (of course he had no knowledge of Booth's identity), and was pressed to guide the troopers to Bowling Green, whither, he stated, Jett, who seemed to be the guide of the assassins, had gone, says the Century Magazine.

Poor Rollins has lived a hermit's life ever since. His neighbors charge him with the betrayal of Booth, and have consequently ostracized him completely during a period of thirty years. The claim was also made that he received money for his part in the transaction, which Rollins stalwarkly denies; and the records at the treasury department do not substantiate the charge.

As the body of cavalrymen passed the gate leading to Garrett's residence, on their way to Bowling Green, Booth plainly saw them from the porch, but exhibited no emotion whatever; and Herold, who at this time was in the lane leading from the road to the house, saw the soldiers and was seen by them.

As soon as they disappeared from view, Booth left the porch of the house, where he had been sitting, and went to meet Herold, and in his conversation with him, at a short distance from the house, exhibited the only excitement which he displayed while there.

That night the assassin attempted to leave Mr. Garrett's. Jack Garrett was offered $150 for his horse, which he refused to sell, but agreed to take the two the next morning to Guinea Station, a distance of about eighteen miles, for which Booth paid him $10 in advance. Booth explained to Mr. Garrett's family that he had had "a little brush with the Yankees over in Maryland" to account for his excitement after the cavalry rode by, and stated that he and Herold would like to sleep in the barn that night. The actions of the fugitives had already aroused the suspicions of Jack Garrett and his brother Willie, and they interpreted the wish of the assassins to sleep in the barn as a ruse to secure their horses during the night. After Booth and Herold went to the barn, therefore, the horses were secretly led into the woods half a mile distant, and Jack and Willie Garrett, after quietly locking Booth and Herold in the barn, slept on their arms in the corn crib near by.

The cavalry, guided by Rollins, who was not informed of the name of the man whom they were pursuing, rode on to Bowling Green, which they reached about 1 o'clock Wednesday morning. Jett awoke to see by the dim light of a candle four men at his bedside, each of whom held a large cocked pistol levelled at his head. A voice gruffly demanded, "Where did you leave those men? Tell us quickly, or we'll blow out your brains." Only half awake, and much frightened by the sight before him, Jett stated that he had left them at Garrett's. Under threat of death he was forced to lead the soldiers back about twelve miles to Garrett's, which was reached between 3 and 4 o'clock Wednesday morning. For Jett's connection with this affair he was jilted by his sweetheart, ostracized by his friends, outlawed by his family and finally obliged to leave the neighborhood. This was not because he guided Booth, but because he "betrayed" him. He died in an insane asylum in Baltimore.

Upon reaching Garrett's farm the cavalry were picketed before each window and door of every building on the place. Jack Garrett, when awakened, without hesitation informed the soldiers where they would find the two men, whose true names of course he did not know; and was directed to go into the barn and tell the men to surrender. He aroused the assassins, who were asleep on the straw; and when he communicated the message as directed, Booth turned on him angrily and by subdued oaths swore that his life in danger. "Young man, your life is in danger. Get out of here!" Young Garrett did not waste any time in retreating. Both was then called upon to surrender, which he refused to do; and when informed that if he did not the barn would be fired, he remarked, "But there is a man in here who does want to surrender pretty bad," whereupon Herold presented himself at the door.

In the meantime Jack Garrett had been instructed to pile brush about the barn. While doing so he was discovered by Booth, who, putting his mouth to a crack where the young man was, whispered, "I advise you to keep away from here for your own safety."

A few moments afterward the barn was fired by one of the detectives in the party, and a soldier, Bolston Corbett, in direct disobedience of orders, shot Booth through one of the cracks in the barn while the assassin was standing in the full light of the flames, which then encircled him completely. The bullet entered in almost the same spot as the shot he had fired two weeks before at the president. Corbett was afterwards court-martialed for his insubordination.

For this interesting account of the assassin's movements on Tuesday and Wednesday, the writer is indebted to Jack Garrett, who now lives within a few miles of his father's old home. The old homestead still remains in the hands of the Garrett family.

On Aug. 13, 1894, John Wilkes Booth was playing a dramatic engagement in Meadville, Pa. Upon his arrival in the city that day, he registered at the McHenry house, then kept by R. M. L. Taylor, and after the performance in the evening retired alone to his room. When the servant entered his room the next morning, after Booth had left the hotel and city, an inscription was discovered scratched in a large hand on one of the window panes: "Abe Lincoln departed this life Aug. 13th, 1864, by the effects of poison." Little attention was paid to the writing on the glass at the time; but as soon as it was learned that Booth had killed the president, the circumstances connected with the window inscription were recalled, the glass was removed from the sash, framed in a plain black woden frame, a piece of dark velvet being placed at its back to facilitate reading, and the signature of Booth entered on the register on Aug. 13 was cut from the book and attached to the window glass. The original pane is now in the possession of the war department, to which it was presented by the daughter of the owner of the hotel, Miss Mary McHenry, some time after the assassination of the president. All of the circumstances in connection with the glass are certified to by Miss McHenry and by other residents of Meadville.

At this time John Wilkes Booth was 27 years old, a man of striking appearance, handsome face and winning manners, and yet withal given to the most violent excesses of every description. As an actor he gave promise of being the equal, if not the superior, of his elder brother, and, if his own statements are to be credited, his income from his profession alone amounted to $20,000 a year. Up to the date of the failure of the plot to poison he had played the Almighty will protect our good Uncle audiences, with whom he enjoyed much favor. He appears now to have devoted all his energies to the furtherance of the matter nearest his heart—the plot against the president. John Wilkes Booth was the only member of the Booth family who espoused the Southern cause.

Whether Surratt was in the city on the day will probably never be positively known. During the trial he attempted to prove that he was in Elmira, N. Y., doing special service for the Confederacy; and the proof which he furnished was sufficient to convince eight out of the twelve jurors that he was innocent of any part in the plot. Surratt claims to have first learned of the murder on the morning following the assassination, from the newspapers while in Canada, and on the next morning, while en route to New York of his suspected complicity in the plot. He fled immediately to Canada, where he remained concealed by Catholic priests for nearly five months. Leaving Canada he went to England, thence to Paris, and thence to Rome, where, under the name of Watson, he enlisted in the Zouaves of the pope.

While in the papal Zouaves he was recognized by a Canadian acquaintance, who betrayed him. On the day following his arrest, while under the guard of six men, he leaped blindly from the rocky precipice over 100 feet in depth, and alighting in a projecting rock thirty feet below, clambered down the abyss, escaped, reached Naples in the course of a week, and sailed to Alexandria on the same vessel which carried the instructions to the consul there that led to his capture. He was finally brought back to the United States and tried at Washington on a civil court. The trial lasted over a period of two months, and more than 200 witnesses appeared on the stand. The jury disagreed, as above stated, and the government did not prosecute the case further.

SOME DEGENERATES.

Disputants All Agreed Upon One Example.

Chicago Post: "A degenerate," said the theatrical manager slowly, when the subject came up for discussion, "is a pass fiend. The terms are synonymous and interchangeable."

"Not at all," returned the newspaper man. "A degenerate is a man who repudiates his own interview when he realizes that his views look more radical in print than when spoken."

"You're both wrong," put in the "machine politician." "A degenerate is a man who sells his vote more than once in one election."

The street railroad man shook his head. "The woman who stands on the wrong crossing," he said tersely.

"The average poet," interjected the publisher with conviction.

"The professional juryman and some judges," said the lawyer.

"All children," suggested the bachelor.

"The landlord who makes no repairs except to get a new tenant," asserted the tenant.

"The tenant that is always breaking things," retorted the landlord.

"The walking delegates," said the manufacturer.

"The capitalist, or any one who makes money and keeps it," returned the labor agitator.

"The non-buying shopper," said the dry goods merchant.

"Servants—that is, some of them," put in the housewife.

"The crook-backed bicyclist," asserted the driver.

"Teamsters and all people who insist on using the streets or any portion of them, even the crossings," answered the scorcher.

"Neighbors, and especially those with children," said the apartment house tenant.

"The senate!" cried a stranger.

"Right you are!" responded all the rest in unison.

IF YOU HAVE THE ROOMS.

The Evening Herald has the roomers. Why not trade fifteen words for 15 cents?

KNOW NO PAIN

NOR HAVE FEAR OF FUTURE ACHES SUCH AS

Rheumatism,	Earache,	Sprains,
Neuralgia,	Toothache,	Strains,
Lumbago,	Backache,	Cuts,
Sciatica,	Cramps,	Burns,
Insect Bites,	Colic.	Bruises,
Headache,	Cholera Morbus,	All Hurts,

For such troubles yield almost as if by magic to

KICKAPOO INDIAN OIL!

That great quick cure for all pain. It is purely vegetable, absolutely harmless, but wonderfully efficient. To domonstrate the efficacy of this well-known and highly prized Oil, 6000 bottles, or an equivalent of—

$1,500.00

WILL BE

GIVEN AWAY!

A bottle of this greatest of American liniments will be given free to every one calling at the office of The Duluth Herald for two days, beginning Monday, April 20th, from 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. All should avail themselves of this opportunity to get rid of pain, or to have on hand a safeguard for future emergencies.

SOME COINCIDENCES.

Peculiar Occurrences Which Attracted Much Attention.

The late well-known archaeologist, Albert Way, crossing Pall Mall, cannoned against an old gentleman. After mutual apologies cards were exchanged. On each was printed, "Mr. Albert Way." The older gentleman, dying, left his fortune to the other Albert Way.

The planet Neptune, which had for countless ages revolved in the heavens unseen by any one on earth, was discovered simultaneously and independently in 1846 by Professors Adams and M. Leverrier, the two most brilliant astronomers of the day.

Some few years ago a shepherd boy placed a sleeper on the railway line between Brighton and Falmer, with the result that a train was thrown off the rails. One year later to a day—almost to a minute—that same youth was struck by lightning and instantaneously killed within a couple of miles of the spot at which the accident occurred.

Sir Walter Besant tells of the following curious coincidence which happened to himself "I was consulting," he says, "an artist with regard to the face and feature of a character which he was illustrating for me, and I briefly described to him the kind of face I had in mind. He was meanwhile rapidly sketching a face on a piece of paper he had before him. 'Will that do?' he asked, showing me the exact portrait I had been thinking of."

The four King Georges of England all died on the same day of the week.

A lady lost a ring on "The Underground." She returned and reported her loss. At that moment a train entered the station, when her ring was found on the step of her carriage, having completed the circle in that position.

At a place of worship in Rotherhithe, some little time ago, the minister was telling how Wellington said at a crisis of one of his great battles, "If darkness would only come, it would save him." Hardly had he uttered the words when the gas went out in the chapel.

In 1890, a few weeks before the census taker began his enumeration of the people of Elm Grove, Va., the town authorities counted their own population, preparatory to filing articles of incorporation. The following was the remarkable result: Number of males over 21 years of age, 148; number of females over 16 years of age, 148; number of females under 16 years of age, 148.

Some four years ago in Teheran an English sailor was caught in the act of carrying off some precious stones from the shah's palace. The thief was brought before the "King of kings," who swore that next time the sailor crossed his path he would at once be put to death. It is a curious fact that this very sailor was crossing the street when the shah was driving in Berlin, now some years ago, and was knocked down and instantaneously killed.

Some Zulus were on exhibition in Aberdeen, and a gentleman who had been in South Africa himself went and began to talk with the men in their own language. One of the natives was exceptionally shy, which rather attracted the gentleman's attention. He looked at him more closely, and recognized him as a man who had worked for him in Natal, and had run away with a pair of trousers which did not belong to him.

SOME HAVE THINGS

they want to sell, and some have need to buy. The opportunity of doing either is

OFFERED

to everyone in the Want Columns of The Evening Herald

AT A SMALL CHARGE.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made and executed by William C. Sargent and Rhobie L. Sargent, his wife, mortgagors, to Alexander Macrae, mortgagee, dated the 23rd day of October, 1894, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 15th day of December, 1894, at 3:50 o'clock p. m., in Book 127 of mortgages, page 200, and which said mortgage and the debts thereby secured were duly assigned by said Alexander Macrae to the undersigned Mary D. Newton, who is now the owner and holder thereof, by a written assignment dated the 19th day of December, 1894, and duly recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 4th day of January, 1895, at 8:40 o'clock a. m. in Book 127 of mortgages on page 177.

And whereas such default consists in the non-payment of the sum of fifty dollars ($50.00), interest due on the 1st day of November, 1895, the holder of said mortgage has exercised the option to have given in said mortgage by declaring and she does hereby declare the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage with all accrued interest thereon, to be now due and payable.

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due and there is due upon said mortgage debt at this date, the sum of one thousand three hundred forty-eight and 30-100 dollars ($1348.20) as principal and interest and thirty-nine and 20-100 dollars ($39.20) insurance premium paid under the terms of said mortgage.

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise, having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situated in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, to-wit: Lots numbered fourteen (14) and fifteen (15), in block twenty-eight (28), in London Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof; which premises with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereto belonging, will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state on Tuesday, the 2nd day of June, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest and insurance so paid as aforesaid, together with seventy-five dollars ($75.00) attorneys' fee stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one (1) year from date of sale as by law provided.

Dated April 18th, 1896.

MARY D. NEWTON.
Assignee of Mortgage.

PEALER & LEMMON,
Attorneys for Assignee of Mortgage.
42 & 43 Exchange Building.
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, April-18-25-May-2-9-16-23.

Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

THE DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R. CO. PASSENGER TIME TABLE.

A. M.	STATIONS	P. M.
11 50	Ar..Duluth..Lv	3 15
10 55	Two Harbors	4 15
9 15	Allen Junction	6 00
8 30	Biwabik	6 35
8 15	McKinley	6 50
8 00	Virginia	7 15
7 30	Lv..Eveleth..Ar	7 45
8 20	Tower	7 00
7 30	Lv...Ely....Ar	7 50

Daily except Sunday. A. H. VIELE, General Passenger Agent.

DULUTH & WINNIPEG R. R. CO.
Wm. F. Fitch, Receiver.
TIME CARD.

A. M.	STATIONS.	P. M.
11:40	Ar .....Duluth..... Lv	3:05
10:40	Ar..... Cloquet Lv	4:15
9:04	Ar. Stony Brook Junction .Lv	5:54
8:25	Ar..... Floodwood Lv	6:32
8:48	Ar..... Swan River Lv	6:10
8:12	Ar..... LaPrairie Lv	6:53
8:05	Ar..... Grand Rapids Lv	7:06
7:10	Lv..... Deer River .....Ar	7:55

Daily except Sunday.
WILLIAM ORR,
General Passenger Agent, Duluth.

NO STRIKE

Miners on Lake Superior Ranges Will Not Strike This Year.

Found That the Companies Had Carefully Prepared For the Move.

Large Stock Piles and Discharge of Numerous Men Dismayed Them.

Ishpeming, Mich., April 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—While the miners have been perfecting their plans for getting the better of the mining companies, the latter have been carrying into execution their plans for putting the miners in the hole. Within the past ten days there has been a change of front on the part of both owners and employes, which is decidedly surprising to those who have not closely watched the trend of affairs for the past few months. Instead of carrying the war into Africa, the miners, like King Humbert, of Italy, are looking for allies and examining the strength of their fortifications in anticipation of a siege.

The union was perfected last fall as the Northern Mineral Mine Workers' Progressive union, and organizers began proselyting on the other ranges, with the result that the union now claims 20,000 members in good standing out of 25,000 to 30,000 men employed in and out of the mines of the five Lake Superior ranges. The men met with no resistance to their organization until one month ago, when the work of enrolling the miners of the Vermilion range, Minnesota, was taken up, after the unionizing of the labor of the Marquette, Menominee, Gogebic and Mesaba ranges had been completed. The Vermilion iron range differs form the others in that it is controlled by a single corporation, the Minnesota Iron company, which owns the mines, the houses, railroads and docks. The Minnesota company felt itself strong enough to oppose the union, and announced that those employes joining the union would be discharged. This threat settled the course of those who were wavering and the miners joined the union in a body. The Minnesota company then announced that after May 1 the men employed in and about the mines of that corporation would be compelled to choose between their jobs and their membership in the union. The union then intrenched itself behind the Minnesota state law, which forbids the discharge of an employe because of his affiliation with any union, but the wiser among the old miners do not place any great amount of dependence upon a statute of not too certain legality as a weapon of defense in a battle with a corporation having a paid up capital of $16,000,000. The outcome of the fight in Minnesota is awaited with great interest by both miners and employers in all of the mining districts of Lake Superior.

The first annual convention of the Mine Workers' union has just been concluded in this city. The delegates from the various local unions came instructed to vote for or against the demand for an eight-hour work day. Had such a demand been decided upon at the convention it would have been made simultaneously on all the ranges. Despite the opposition to the demand on the part of the older and more experienced workmen, it would probably have been carried through by the hotter headed members of the union, but for the sudden unmasking of the batteries of the mine owners, mounted in strongly intrenched positions. After the miners here were compelled to go back to work last fall without gaining a single point for which they struck, the employers voluntarily raised wages within a few weeks. Other concessions followed, and the miners have obtained several advances in wages and have gained their way on a number of minor points, the companies yielding gracefully upon slight pressure. The uniform success with which the men have met in gaining minor concessions, together with the thorough organization of the union and the strong forces worked by all of the larger mines during the winter have led the men to believe that the demand for the shortening of the hours of labor from ten to eight per day would be acceded to by the mines, if backed by the full force of the union. Although the conservative members of the union favored letting well enough alone and preferred obtaining their wishes without taking so decided a stand that the refusal to grant their requests would necessitate a strike, the general feeling was that the demand should be made.

The first blow to the confidence of the men in their ability to obtain the eight-hour day came with the closing down of two shafts of the Tilden mine at Bessemer, throwing out 300 miners April 1. On the Menominee range the Pewabic mine at Iron Mountain discharged 150 miners, and on the Mesaba the Franklin mine closed, letting out 500 workmen, and the Canton mine has also shut down, letting out 500 more. The sudden reduction of forces, coupled with the antagonistic position taken by the Minnesota company on the Vermilion range, alarmed the miners, and this state of alarm was intensified last Saturday by the announcement that a reduction of forces would be made at the Ishpeming mines. On the day the convention was opened, Tuesday last, it became known that 700 men would be discharged within two weeks from the Ishpeming mines alone.

In addition to these staggering blows the union learned with dismay that the allotments of Bessemer ore for 1896 production, as made by the Lake Superior Bessemer ore pool at Cleveland in January, had been cut down 2,000,000 tons. Whether this reduction was caused by the uncertainty surrounding the iron and steel business this year, or was a cleverly prepared plan to reduce inflated figures to their normal dimensions for the moral effect upon the men who dig the ore, the effect was very great. Then it dawned upon the miners that the mines had been unusually active during the entire winter, and that more ore had been mined and placed in stock at the shafts, ready for shipment at the opening of navigation, than in any previous season. The Lake Angeline mine here was supposed to have been allotted an output this year of 350,000 tons. The announcement is now made that the reduction in figures made by the pool cuts this to 250,000 tons. As the mine now has nearly 225,000 tons of ore stocked on surface, the miners are beginning to see that they have walked into a trap with their eyes open. Much the same condition of affairs as at the Lake Angeline exists at the other large properties producing Bessemer grade ores. The non-Bessemer producers are not in the pool. They are satisfied to be alive, and are taking no active part in the campaign.

The convention of miners displayed a commendable degree of wisdom under these trying circumstances by referring the whole question of hours and wages to the executive committee, with power to act. The executive committee will take no action whatever for a few weeks, until the situation becomes a little clearer. As soon as the union believes it has the owners at a disadvantage the demand will be made in a most peremptory manner, and will be followed by a strike on all the ranges if the shortening of the hours of labor is not granted. Whether the demand will be made this year or not is unknown to anyone. Should the business conditions warrant it, it may be made later, but from present indications the mining companies hold the best cards and know how to play them.

Horace J. Stevens.

Your Face

shows the state of your feelings and the state of your health as well. Impure blood makes itself apparent in a pale, sallow complexion, pimples and skin eruptions. If you are feeling weak and worn out and do not have a healthy appearance, you will derive great benefit from taking that invigorating stimulant,

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

which will purify your blood, quicken your circulation, build up your system, and give you new life. It promotes digestion, cures constipation, and arouses the glow of health in every part of the body. Try it!

Sold by all grocers and druggists.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Opening Prices Were Weak With Light Trading.

New York, April 18.—The initial prices were generally shaded and the dealings were trifling in extent. Tennessee coal was the exception, being very heavy and yielded 1. London quotations showed but slight changes. An increased volume of business after 10:15 was attended by sharp advances in the industrial shares. Tobacco advanced 2⅝ to 71¼. Cotton oil, 1⅛, preferred, 1¼; Sugar, 1⅜. Manhattan jumped 1½ to 110 and general gains of a fraction were scored in other prominent shares. The upward movement was unchanged at 11 o'clock. The strength was attributed to covering of short lines over Sunday.

The industrial shares continued to monopolize the attention of the traders in the final hour, and substantial gains were generally made. Consolidated Gas rose ¾. Tobacco touched 72 and Sugar brought 125⅝. Chicago Gas gained about a point. Railway shares were somewhat stronger, and Texas and Missouri Pacific gained sharp fractions. The closing was fairly active and strong in tone at the top figures. The sales were 140,400 shares.

ANOTHER CAMPAIGN LIE.

Columbus, O., April 18.—W. W. Lanning desires to say that the chairman of the national advisory board of the A. P. A. made a misstatement to the Associated Press in Boston in saying that Governor McKinley had turned Lanning down as a candidate for oil inspector, or because of his prominence in the order. Mr. Lanning says: "I was rejected as a candidate because of certain political complications, and recognized at the time that the reappointment of L. W. Buckmaster was right. The complications have worked out to my satisfaction. The statement sent out from Boston was made without consultation with me."

LUEGER ELECTED BURGOMASTER.

Vienna, April 18.—Dr. Lueger, the anti-semitic leader in the reichsrath, was again elected burgomaster today by a vote of 98 to 42. The minority, Liberals, voted for Dr. Gruebol. The crowds outside the hall greeted the announcement of the result with cheers, and Dr. Lueger made a speech, in the course of which he inveighed against Hungary and declared that his election was a vindication of Christian liberty and the independence of Austria. Dr. Lueger has been repeatedly elected burgomaster and is frequently rejected by the emperor. On December last a riot followed the anti-semite meeting held in the Prater to protest against the rejection of Dr. Lueger.

INSTRUCTED FOR QUAY.

Lebanon, Pa., April 18.—The fourteenth congressional Republican conferees met here this afternoon and elected L. E. Wiemer and W. M. Smith, of Perry county, delegates to the St. Louis convention. Alternates: A. R. Houck, of Lebanon; S. S. Willard, of Avery. G. W. White, of Lebanon, was chosen elector. The delegates were instructed for Quay, with McKinley as second choice.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSIONER.

New York, April 18.—James Sturgis, one of the founders of Cheyenne, Wyo., and the representative in this city of the Chicago stock yards, has been appointed a commissioner of the New York city civil service supervisory board, to succeed E. L. Godkin, resigned.

HIS PROPERTY ATTACHED.

New York, April 18.—An attachment has been received for $61,470 against the property of David J. Mackey, of Evansville, Ind., in favor of Christopher C. Baldwin for money advanced for the purchase of stock of the Evansville & Terre Haute Railroad company.

CARLISLE IN WASHINGTON.

Washington, April 18.—Secretary Carlisle has returned to the city from Chicago, where he recently delivered an address on the money question.

MUSIC—RAIN OR SHINE

At Ideal Beer hall tonight.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York.—Arrived: Steamer Georgia, Hamburg.

WANTED.

One boy 15 years old of good appearance, preference will be given a clean shabby boy.

One young man 20 years old, good looking, but not necessarily wearing the best clothing.

One man 25 years old, married man preferred, preference will be given one with a sick wife or child.

All to commence work Monday and canvass the city for a few hours, the hours of work to be as follows:

9 a. m. to 11:30 a. m.

2 p. m. to 5 p. m.

Emoluments to be $5 per day to be paid in silver orders.

Apply to J. P. C. Schmit,
Proprietor Salvator Springs,
Spalding hotel.

BERNHARDT'S IRE ROUSED.

Miss Davenport's "Gismonda" a Thorn in Her Side.

If Sarah Bernhardt, the great and only, and Fanny Davenport, also great, but not so lonely in her greatness, happen to meet before they have had time to cool their feelings, there may be serious trouble, says a Boston dispatch. Bernhardt has been in bad temper during her entire two weeks' engagement in this city. Early in the first week of her engagement Bernhardt's pride received a crushing blow when she became satisfied that Miss Davenport was drawing the larger houses. The fact that the price of seats had been doubled at the Tremont theater was no balm to her injured feelings. She was chagrined that the American actress should be playing to more people, even if there was only half the money in the house.

The most interesting incident of the feud occurred on Wednesday afternoon, when the American actress saw the Gismonda of her French rival. There being no matinee at the Boston theater, Miss Davenport improved the opportunity to go to the Tremont theater for the sake of studying Bernhardt's conception of the role which each had been playing. She paid for her ticket. She wasn't going to accept any favors from the French woman. She and Mr. McDowell occupied a box, and watched with cold and critical eyes every feature of the performance. Her intention of visiting the Tremont having been announced at rehearsal, several members of her company also availed themselves of the chance, and passed the afternoon studying Bernhardt's work. Each one paid for his ticket.

The unanimous opinion of the Davenport contingent was that the French woman gave a very poor show. Miss Davenport said she had sat through the whole of Bernhardt's performance, and she could contend conscientiously that there was more of Sardou in her own presentation than in that of Bernhardt, which assertion she was ready and willing to back up with a letter from Sardou himself. She said also that her conception of Gismonda's character, as proud and haughty, but not especially passionate, was the author's own.

The subject, however, was too vast and too complicated to be discussed offhand, and that was all that she had to say for the present.

It was intimated in another quarter, by one who is in Miss Davenport's confidence, that when she got around to it she was going to dissect Mme. Bernhardt's Gismonda with paralyzing effect.

"Did Mme. Bernhardt know that Miss Davenport was in the box?" asked a reporter of Miss Davenport's manager.

"You bet she did, and she just played right at her," was the reply.

These things came at once to the ears of Mme. Bernhardt, and during the evening performance she fainted, and the curtain was rung down. After a few minutes, however, the play was resumed. Mme. Bernhardt announced that if the controversy had occurred in Paris she would have written a letter to the newspapers likening Miss Davenport to a dog which, let loose in a splendid garden, despoiled it of its beauties and made it a thing of ugliness to all beholders.

Enjoy Life by Taking in the GRAND FREE CONCERT
—BY THE—
DULUTH CITY BAND
—AT THE—
PAVILION
Sunday Afternoon.

SAVED BY AN INDIAN.

How He Cared For a White Companion.

The chief, in alarm, sprang to his feet and threw the wolf skin from his head. I did the same. He had evidently counted on scattering the buffalo and frightening them off by our first shots. Instead, a tumbling mass of them had gathered about the animal which I had shot, and, excited to greater frenzy than ever by the smell of blood, were filling the air with hoarse, deep, quavering roars, which made the ground tremble under us, says a writer in St. Nicholas.

"Come," he said, "we go quick!" and we started at a run. We dodged hither and thither to get out of the way of plunging, bawling animals, many of which lunged past within arm's reach.

The dust had grown continuously thicker, and my eyes, filled with the smarting alkali, failed me utterly before we had run fifty yards. I was assailed by a violent fit of coughing and sneezing. I shouted to Little Bear between my coughings that I could not see. He answered only "We go quick and fast," and, stooping a tight grip upon my arm, jerked me this way and that as we rushed ahead. But, active and powerful as he was, he could not save me in my blindness from collision. I was hit by one of the huge animals and knocked over. The creature struck me on the left side and I was wrenched from the chief's grasp and sent rolling over and over in the dust. In fact, I was knocked breathless, half stunned, and could not have arisen at once of my own accord. I should have been run over and crushed but for the chief. As it was, I just had sense enough left to know that I was jerked from the ground, tossed upward and borne forward upon his shoulders.

We were like a shot, and I, clinging tight grip upon my arm, jerked me this way and that as we rushed ahead. But, active and powerful as he was, he could not save me in my blindness from collision. I was hit by one of the huge animals and knocked over. The creature struck me on the left side and I was wrenched from the chief's grasp and sent rolling over and over in the dust. In fact, I was knocked breathless, half stunned, and could not have arisen at once of my own accord. I should have been run over and crushed but for the chief. As it was, I just had sense enough left to know that I was jerked from the ground, tossed upward and borne forward upon his shoulders.

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SAVED BY HIS WIFE.

A Canadian Tells the Story of His Rescue.

45 Years of Nerve Destroying Bondage—His Declining Years Can Now Be Passed in Happiness and Comfort.

Winnipeg, Man., April 17.—(Special).—A lifetime's slavery at the end of this century is almost beyond belief and yet it is true. In Poyntz & Co.'s drug store, on Williams street, yesterday, was discussed the remarkable deliverance of Mr. George Gaffield, a prominent farmer and one of the oldest settlers of St. Charles district, when he himself entered the store. His step was firm and elastic, his eye bright, his bearing that of manly vigor, so that the reporter hesitated to ask if he had just been released from a terrible bondage, but Mr. Gaffield was only too pleased to tell his story, for the good of humanity: "Yes I'm glad of it, because it may lead those who are tobacco spitting and smoking their lives away to find a cure in No-To-Bac. I was a heavy user of tobacco for over forty-five years, an inveterate smoker and chewer, using a frightful amount of tobacco and spending so much money that it was ruinous to me financially. Not only this, but the habit was disgusting to all I came in contact with. Did I try to stop? I should say so, dozens of times, but I had become such a slave to the weed that I couldn't live without it. A year ago Poyntz recommended No-To-Bac to me and my wife urged me to try it and so I bought a box. From the day I took a No-To-Bac tablet I have not tasted tobacco. I used three boxes of No-To-Bac and was not only cured of the tobacco habit, but regained my health and strength and was benefited in more ways than one. The truth is that No-To-Bac made a new man of me." Druggist Poyntz, who had listened to this wonderful story said: "The Sterling Remedy company, of Chicago, New York and Montreal, are so fair and square that it's a pleasure to do business with them. They authorize every druggist to sell No-To-Bac under the absolute guarantee that if three boxes fail to cure any case of the tobacco habit, the money will be refunded, and they refund it, too." Get the booklet "Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away." Free samples and written guarantee mailed for the asking.

ABOUT RINGS.

Circles of Sentiment With Histories Old.

Old as sentimen itself is the ring, says the New York Journal. Among the Italians of the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries it was customary for women to give to their lovers rings which contained their portraits. These rings were in the forms of two clasped hands, in which a hidden spring concealed the picture.

Another quaint custom of the long ago was that of breaking a ring for betrothal. Such rings were fashioned for the purpose, being made of two twin circles, and were called gimmal rings, from the word gemelli, meaning twins.

A ring of pure gold she from her finger took,
And just in the middle the same there she broke.
Quoth she, "As a token of love you this take,
And this as a pledge I will keep for your sake."

The gimmal was also a favorite wedding ring for many years. Dryden thus describes it in "Don Sebastian:"

A curious artist wrought 'em.
With joints so close as not to be perceived:
Yet are they both each other's counterpart,
Her part had Juan inscribed and his had Zayda.

In the modern fondness for rings is seen a survival of the barbaric love of display, of superstition and of sentiment. The habit of loading the fingers with jewels, which Seneca condemned in his day, saying, "Our fingers are loaded with rings, each joint is adorned with precious stones," is still in favor with a class in whom the barbaric instinct is not yet exterminated, while many a modern belle would like to wear, as did the Empresses Faustina and Domitia, rings which cost $200,000 and $300,000. And she does often wear, as did her Roman prototype, "sardonyxes, jaspers and emeralds on the joints of her fingers."

Such displays deserve the condemnation of a modern Seneca, but for the rings worn in conscious or unconscious recognition of some quain; old superstition or tender sentiment there should be only benediction.

Such rings are found upon the fingers of women wedded to the church and of women wedded to the men they love. They shine upon the brawny hand of toil and glitter upon the rosy digits of the little child. They sparkle beneath the glowing eyes of radiant maidenhood, and reflect before many a scarred shrine the "light that never was on land or sea." They hold "gems of purest ray serene" for many fond and loving hearts, and while human loves remain they will continue to be among affection's most sacred symbols.

RATHER PREMATURE.

This story is told of a woman who has recently come to live in New York, and whose beauty has brought her into considerable notice. Some years ago her husband, who had been drinking a good deal, became in consequence irresponsible, says the New York Journal. It was deemed advisable to confine him temporarily in a sanitarium. Here his physical condition grew rapidly worse, and one day his wife received a hasty summons to what was said to be his deathbed. The lady, who has always given considerable time and thought to the matter of dress, stopped on her way at her dressmaker's and gave an order for a complete outfit of widow's mourning.

On arriving at the sanitarium she found her husband better, and after remaining with him several days until the danger was past, she returned to her home. She had entirely forgotten about the order that had been given to the dressmaker, and what was her dismay to find all the paraphernalia of woe awaiting her. The husband recovered entirely both in mind and body, and was obliged to pay a goodly sized bill for the mourning that was designed for his funeral. Shortly afterward a friend was calling upon the lady and seeing a pile of dressmaker's boxes in a corner of the room, asked whether they contained something new and pretty.

"No," was the smiling answer. "Therein lie my buried hopes."

ALARMING EXPLANATION.

Pick-Me-Up: Country patient—I didn't expect that you would call again before tomorrow, doctor.

Doctor—Well, you see, I had to visit another patient in the neighborhood, and I thought I might as well kill two birds with one stone.

NO WONDER.

Washington Star: "You think you ought to have a pension!" exclaimed the Spanish official.

"I do."

"In what battles did you serve?"

"I was in almost every engagement against the Cuban insurgents."

"It's rather early to be looking for a pension. That war is not over yet. What is the nature of your disability?"

"Pen palsy."

IT'S HELLO! 213 NOW.

The telephone number for city ticket office of St. Paul & Duluth railroad has been changed to 213.

A FLYER

Gresham's Boat Which Will Cross the Atlantic in Eight Hours.

A Peculiar Craft Which Reminds People of the "Nautilus."

Will Run 350 Miles an Hour or Six Miles a Minute.

If the vessel which has been invented by James Gresham, the Brooklyn manufacture, proves able to accomplish what the inventor intends it shall, New Yorkers will be able to have breakfast in this city and dinner the same day in London. If the ambition of the inventor of the boat is gratified the famous submarine craft told of in Jules Verne's "Twenty Thousand Leagues Under the Sea" will be nowhere. The boat invented by Mr. Gresham, when it is completed, will, it is claimed, complete a voyage over the ocean in a little more than eight hours, which means going at the rate of something over 350 miles an hour, or about six miles a minute, says the New York Recorder. The empire state express is able to make a little more than a mile a minute. Mr. Gresham's craft will go about seven times as fast as the express; that is, providing the claims made for it pan true. Ocean steamships make the voyage from here to Liverpool in from six to eight days; the boat of the Brooklyn inventor will, then, be able to cross and recross about sixteen times while they are making one passage.

Mr. Gresham is a cousin of the late Walter Q. Gresham, who was secretary of state. He is prominent in Brooklyn politics, having been nominated for congress, but being defeated by ex-Mayor David A. Boody. He is a chemist of note, and is well known in business circles, being a manufacturer of paints and oils at 200 Sixth street, Brooklyn. As an inventor he has made a reputation for himself. Some years ago he invented a submarine torpedo boat to be steered by means of electric wires from the shore or from a man-of-war. The Russian government placed itself in communication with him after the invention had been perfected and shortly after purchased the invention. Other inventions have been patented by him, all of them of more or less importance.

The latest invention of Mr. Gresham is one in which he has taken the most interest. For months he has been at work upon it, and today he has the satisfaction of knowing that the model of it is completed and that he is in a fair way to astonish the entire world. The boat is constructed and designed upon a mechanical theory, which is as astonishing as it is difficult to explain.

The model is at present at the factory of the inventor. When one of Mr. Gresham's employes showed it to a Recorder reporter yesterday there was revealed a polished cylinder made of steel, about thirty inches in length and eight inches in diameter, and tapering in some what blunt curves to each end. Around the cylinder, from one end to the other, runs a thin steel flange, fastened spirally, so that it encircles the cylinder about three complete turns. As the cylinder revolves upon its axis the flange has an effect on the water in which the cylinder floats like that of a screw propeller; that is, in revolving it pushes back against the water so that the cylinder is forced forward. The force with which the cylinder is propelled in this manner is great.

At each end of the cylinder rises a bent tube one and one-quarter inches in diameter and six inches long. These tubes are open at the tops and just below the tops are encircled by miniature cunning towers. At one end of the cylinder is a steel rudder attached to a heavy steel keel hanging below the cylinder. The upright tubes rise from each end of the cylinder's axis. They are joined to an inner cylinder with bearings, where the upright tubes join it. The outer flange cylinder revolves, while, wonderful as it may seem, the inner cylinder preserves an equilibrium. Within the inner cylinder are clock and machinery, but as patents on the boat are pending the inventor does not care to make the internal arrangements of the boat public yet. Running into the upright tubes are wires attached to an electric battery and connected with the mechanism inside.

The model which Mr. Gresham has constructed has been thoroughly tested in ponds and in a specially constructed tank. The tests, he says, have been all that could be desired, and in all the boat attained a phenomenal rate of speed. Guided by electric wires it went from one end of the tank to the other—a distance of 643 feet—in seven seconds.

It will probably be only a question of a short time when the inventor will build a boat after the lines of the model which will enable the public to see that his labors have not been in vain. When the boat is completed it is safe to say that it will be the most wonderful affair of its kind ever put into the water.

In talking of the boat recently Mr. Gresham said that if he constructed a vessel 100 feet in length she would be able to carry 100 men. These men, he said, would be carried in the inner shell, which would remain absolutely without motion. The cylinder of the outside would revolve with a greater rapidity than the screw of an ocean steamship and the spiral flange would drive the vessel forward at an enormous rate of speed.

"It seems almost incredible," said the inventor, "but I would not say that the Atlantic could not be crossed in eight hours."

The boat will go faster under water, Mr. Gresham stated, because the entire flange is then submerged. When the boat is under water the persons who are in it will be supplied with breathing material by means of liquefied air, carried to them by an arrangement which will be included in the patent.

Mr. Gresham explained that the model, when tested, made absolutely no commotion in the water and left no wake.

A feature of the boat is, according to the inventor, that it will be impossible for it to become grounded. Should it strike bottom it will at once worm itself free again.

Mr. Gresham's application for a patent in the United States has been accepted, he says, and as soon as he gets an answer from applications for patents in Spain, Great Britain, Portugal, France, Germany and Russia he will perfect his patent rights in this country. He believes that the craft will be especially adapted for mail carrying purposes.

Swift's Cotosuet

If we couldn't keep your trade we wouldn't ask for it.

We are not trying to sell one pail.

Sold wherever lard is—in 3 and 5 lb. pails.
Made only by Swift and Company, Chicago.

BEAR IN MIND THAT "THE GODS HELP THOSE WHO HELP THEMSELVES." SELF HELP SHOULD TEACH YOU TO USE

SAPOLIO

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Daniel H. Morgan and Mary Morgan, his wife, mortgagors, to William E. Lucas, mortgagee, dated February first (1st), 1882, and duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on February sixth (6th), 1882, at eight (8) o'clock a. m., in Book one hundred one (101) of mortgages, on pages 205, 206, 207 and 208 thereof; which mortgage, and the debt thereby secured, was thereafter duly assigned by said William E. Lucas to Charles Espenschied, by an instrument of assignment, dated February eleventh (11th,) 1882, and duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on February twelfth (12th), 1882, at 9:40 o'clock a. m., in Book ninety-seven (97) of assignment of mortgages, on page eighty-eight (88); such default consisting in the non-payment of the semi-annual instalment of interest upon said mortgage debt, which became due on January first (1st), 1896, amounting to the sum of eighty ($80.00) dollars, no part of which has ever been paid, by reason whereof said assignee of said mortgage, and present owner thereof, has heretofore elected to exercise the option to him given by the terms of said mortgage, by declaring, and he does hereby declare, the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage, with all accrued interest thereon, to be now due and payable;

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of two thousand one hundred twenty-eight and 32-100 ($2128.32) dollars, principal, interest and exchange;

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale in the form, which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the said power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All of lot numbered one hundred five (105), in block numbered twenty-six (26), in Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the second (2d) day of June, A. D. 1896, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fee, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated April 10th, A. D. 1896.

CHARLES ESPENSCHIED,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Assignee.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-18-25-May-2-9-16-23.

CONTRACT WORK.

Notice is hereby given that the board of county commissioners, of St. Louis County, Minnesota, will meet at two o'clock p. m., Tuesday, May 5th, 1896, at the office of the county auditor in the city of Duluth, to receive and examine sealed proposals for the construction of a high-way bridge over the tracks of the St. Paul & Duluth and the Duluth & Winnipeg railways at Short Line Park, St. Louis County, Minnesota, in accordance with plans and specifications on file in the office of the county auditor and in the office of the county surveyor.

Tenders will also be received for the construction of this bridge of structural steel on plans to be furnished by parties making such tenders.

A certified check or bond with at least two good and sufficient sureties, in the sum of $500.00 will be required with each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of the board.

O. HALDEN,
County Auditor.

(L. S.)
Duluth Evening Herald, April-18-25-May-2.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of the sum of four hundred and forty-eight and 12-100 ($448.12) dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Murdock D. McDonald and Christine McDonald, his wife, mortgagors, to John C. Campbell, mortgagee, bearing date the eighth day of December, 1893, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 21st day of December, 1893, at 10:25 o'clock a. m. in Book 81 of mortgages, on page 574.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots three (3) and four (4) and southwest quarter of northeast quarter of section thirty-four (34), township sixty (60) north of range nineteen (19) west of the fourth (4th) principal meridian, containing one hundred and fourteen and 84-100 acres, more or less, according to the government survey, in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the second (2d) day of June, A. D. 1896, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fee, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 18, A. D. 1896.

JOHN C. CAMPBELL,
Mortgagee.

CUTTING & LARDNER,
Attorneys,
Duluth, Minn.,
1-2-3 Johnson Building, 323 West Superior street.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-18-25-May-2-9-16-23.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RAILROAD COMPANY.

February 3, 1896. Daily except Sunday.

7:45 am	Lv.....	Duluth	Ar	3:35 pm
8:15 am	Lv....	Proctorknott	...Lv	3:06 pm
10:22 am	Ar..	Iron Junction	..Lv	1:13 pm
10:30 am	Ar.....	Wolf	Lv	1:06 pm
10:45 am	Ar....	Virginia	Lv	12:45 pm
10:44 am	Ar....	Eveleth	Lv	10:56 am
11:00 am	Ar..	Mountain Iron	..Lv	12:30 pm
11:56 am	Ar.....	Biwabik	Lv	12:28 pm
11:25 am	Ar.....	Hibbing	Lv	12:13 pm
9:00 am	Lv.....	Virginia	.....Ar	1:45 pm
10:23 am	Lv.....	Wolf	Lv	1:25 pm
11:25 am	Ar.....	Hibbing	Lv	12:13 pm

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R. RUNS
A YELLOWSTONE PARK LINE

THROUGH CARS
—TO—
Fargo, Grand Forks and Winnipeg.
—TO—
HELENA. BUTTE. SPOKANE. TACOMA. SEATTLE. PORTLAND.

Pullman Sleeping Cars, Elegant Dining Cars, Tourist Sleeping Cars.

TIME SCHEDULE.

	Leave Duluth Daily	Arrive Duluth Daily
Dining Cars on Pacific Express.		
Pacific Express for all Minnesota and Dakota points, Winnipeg, Yellowstone Park, Helena, Butte, Spokane, Tacoma, Seattle, Portland, Alaska, San Francisco and all Pacific coast points	7:30 pm	8:00 am
Chicago Limited for all Wisconsin Central & Milwaukee, Lake Shore & Western points, Milwaukee, Chicago and beyond	1:20 pm	11:05 am

Through tickets to Japan and China, via Tacoma and Northern Pacific Steamship Co., an American line.

For information, time cards, maps and tickets, call on or write F. E. DONAVAN, City Ticket Agent, or CHAS. S. FEE, Gen'l Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

St. Paul & Duluth R. R.

Trains Leaving and Arriving Duluth.

9:00 A. M. DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.—Arriving St. Paul 2:50 p. m.; Minneapolis, 3:15 p. m.; Stillwater, 3 p. m., making direct connections with all diverging lines east, south and west.

1:55 P. M. DAILY—THE FAST LIMITED.—Arriving St. Paul 6:25 p. m.; Minneapolis, 6:40 p. m.; Stillwater, 7:10 p. m.; Chicago, 7 a. m.; Omaha, 9 a. m.; Kansas City, 4 p. m.; St. Louis, 3 p. m., connecting with all lines south, east and west. Parlor cars to St. Paul, Minneapolis, Chicago, etc.

11:15 P. M. DAILY—NIGHT EXPRESS.—Arriving St. Paul 7 a. m.; Minneapolis, 7:15 a. m.; Stillwater, 7:15 a. m.; with sleepers, Duluth and West Superior to St. Paul and Minneapolis. Direct connections with all morning trains east, south and west. Sleepers ready for occupancy at 9 p. m.

TRAINS ARRIVE DULUTH.—Day Express, 1:50 p. m.; Fast Limited, 6:45 p. m.; Night Express, 6:30 a. m.

For tickets to any point in United States or Canada, sleeping car berths, call at city ticket office, 401 West Superior street, corner Palladio building.

Baggage checked direct from residences. Steamship tickets to and from Europe.

F. B. ROSS,
Northern Passenger Agent.

Illinois Central R. R.

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS

at the low rate of
ONE FARE for the Round Trip, PLUS $2.00

WEST

An opportunity to visit and investigate the merits of the excellent farm lands for sale in Iowa at reasonable rates, and those of fine quality for sale in Minnesota and Lake Counties, S. D.; or to visit other desirable farming regions West and Southwest. Tickets at the above rates on sale from stations on Illinois Central in Iowa east of Cedar Falls and in Illinois and Wisconsin, to all points on its lines west of and including Iowa Falls, also to all other points within authorized territory in Northwest and Southwest, on April 7th and 21st, and May 5th, 1896. For information as to the country reached by these excursion, address at Manchester, Ia., J. F. Merry, A. G. P. A., I. C. R. R.

SOUTH

Homeseekers' Excursions to all stations south of Cairo on the line of the Illinois Central and the Yazoo & Mississippi Valley Railroads, except Memphis and New Orleans, from stations in Iowa, Alden to Sioux City inclusive, on April 6th and 20th, and May 4th; from stations Iowa Falls to Cairo inclusive, on April 7th and 21st, and May 5th. For a copy of the Southern Homeseeker's Guide, describing the agricultural advantages of the country traversed by the above mentioned roads, address at Manchester, Iowa, J. F. Merry, Assistant General Passenger Agent. For information in regard to Railroad Lands in Southern Illinois, and in the famous Yazoo Valley of Mississippi, address at Chicago, E. P. Skene, Land Commissioner, I. C. R. R.

Tickets at the above rates on sale only on dates quoted. For further particulars apply to your local ticket agent or address A. H. Hanson, General Passenger Agent, Illinois Central Railroad, Chicago.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio. Phone No. 9.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

Highest price paid for old clothes. New York buyer in town. Send postal to G 88, Herald. Will call promptly.

Spring millinery at Mrs. Humes'.

Evangelistic meetings are being held each evening at the Bethel, on Lake Avenue, S. E. Wishard will speak tomorrow in the morning at 10:30 and in the evening at 8 o'clock.

The Endion club decided last evening to have its rooms in the Columbus building. There is talk of having a restaurant in connection with the club. The board of directors was instructed to take the necessary steps to increase the initiation fee to $10.

The county commissioners finished their monthly meeting yesterday, approving the bonds of the Security bank of Duluth and the Exchange bank of Ely, as county repositories. The board also recommended the reduction of the taxes of several applicants.

The case of the state against Edwin Ball, charged with discharging an employe for belonging to a labor union, has been set for Friday next, the bail fixed in the first case being continued.

Harry Williams, who was routed out of a box car, where he had registered for the night, by Officer Mark last evening, pleaded guilty of vagrancy in the municipal court today and was let off with a suspended sentence.

A marriage license has been issued to Mark Strom and Louise Jekson.

The board of directors of the Duluth Home Society urgently ask that the collections in all the churches will have a special collection taken up on Sunday, April 26, for the benefit of the society. The home is full at present and the society is under heavy expense in consequence and funds very badly.

The body of Miss Ida Taylor was taken by to Brookston, Ind., by her brother, W. K. Taylor.

The following births have been reported the health department: A son to Steve and Sarah Carroll, of 108 West First street; a daughter to Victor and Mary Marland, of 721 [illegible] avenue.

The ladies of St. Clement's church will give a basket social next Tuesday evening at St. Clement's Association hall.

The citizens' meeting, which was to have been held this afternoon at 2 o'clock, to hear the report of the committee which is investigating the waterworks question, was adjourned until next Saturday, the committee not being ready to report.

John D. Miller, of Duluth camp No. 231, has received the appointment of deputy head consul of Modern Woodmen of America.

TAKE YOUR GIRL TO THE
Free Concert at The Pavilion
...Sunday Afternoon...
—BY THE—
Duluth City Band

THE HEALTH REPORT.

Statistics For the Year With Comments Thereon.

The typhoid fever statistics given in the annual report of the health department and heretofore published in The Herald show that the past year presents a record that will stand as a high-water mark of the ravages of that disease. Health Officer Ruth, in his report for the year ending March 31, 1896, which will be presented to the council on Monday evening next, states that Duluth is situated in the "fever belt," and that, in addition to other conditions incident to that situation, the character of the water supply figures as an important factor in causing an extraordinarily large number of cases and deaths, the reported cases numbering 2020 and the deaths 153, or 7.5 per cent. Scarlet fever is responsible for but 6 deaths during the year, out of 136 cases reported, or 4.4 per cent.

There have been 51 cases of diphtheria during the year, of which 7, or 14 per cent, proved fatal. The use of anti-toxine in fighting this disease, it is stated, saved many lives that would, probably, have been lost. There were no cases of smallpox. The system of weekly inspection of all school buildings, which was instituted in September last, has resulted in a vast improvement in sanitation. The department asks that authority be vested in it to clean vaults and premises where necessary.

Attention is called in the report to a decrease of 31 per cent. in the total of expenditures for the past year. The establishment of a legacy quarantine hospital for diphtheria and scarlet fever cases and the hastening of the work on the new water system is urged. By the mortuary report it appears that during the year there were 631 deaths, or a rate of 9.07 per 1000, as against 584 deaths for the year preceding. Of those who died, 341 were males and 292 females; 243 were married and 320 single, and 206 were under 20 years old. As regards nativity, 267 were born in Duluth, 163 in other parts of the United States and 264 were foreign born.

The principal causes of death were as follows: Typhoid fever, 153; abcess, 9; consumption, 45; pneumonia, 45; accidents and violence, 38; cholera infantum, 30; inanition, 23; capillary bronchitis, 22; Bright's disease, 20; enteritis, 17; heart disease, 17; infantile convulsions, 15; appendicitis, 5; cancers, 14; meningitis, 10.

There were 1282 people born during the same period, of which 679 were males and 603 females, 1279 white and 3 colored. There were 11 pairs of twins and 11 illegitimate births.

If you want to learn to ride a bicycle scientifically and safely, go to Wieland & Munsey's bicycle academy at 26 East Superior street.

Nobody doubts that The Evening Herald is "the best." At 10 cents a week (delivered) it is amazingly cheap. Telephone No. 324, two rings, or send postal.

Music at Ideal Beer hall tonight.

PERSONAL.

Fred Terrell, who for the past three years has been the telegraph operator at the Commonwealth's office, left last night for Cincinnati.

Mrs. George P. Stillman and son left on Thursday to attend the funeral of Mrs. J. Y. Quick, at Walhpeton, N. D., from which place she will go to Fargo to visit her parents.

C. E. Lewis and wife, of Minneapolis, are in Duluth today and will remain over Sunday the guests of B. E. Baker. Mr. Lewis is one of the most prominent grain commission men of the West.

Thomas R. Congdon, Duluth's leading artist, who has been abroad three years, is now recognized as a portrait painter of unusual merit at Paris. He is represented in the present great exhibition of the Salon of the Champs Elysees by a life size portrait in oil of Mrs. Congdon. Mr. and Mrs. Congdon are now on a tour through Spain, Italy, Switzerland and the Alps, and will return to America and Duluth next September.

E. E. Ketchum, of Marquette, is in the city today.

Hon. Neil McInnes came down from Tower yesterday.

A. Gowan, of Cloquet, was at the St. Louis last evening.

Hon. E. H. Daugherty came up from St. Paul last evening and was at the St. Louis.

G. W. Wallace, of Eveleth, was in the city last evening.

Miss Maas, of Butte, Mont., is visiting in the city.

B. Ternan, of Beloit, Wis., is in the city.

William Sauntry, the Stillwater lumberman, was at the St. Louis last evening.

William Allen was down from Tower yesterday.

Joseph T. Gilbert, of Milwaukee, was in the city yesterday.

Cy Wellington, the St. Paul lawyer, is in the city this morning.

Mrs. Logan, of Grand Forks, N. D., sister of E. Jacobi, is visiting in the city.

S. A. Howes, of Battle Creek, Mich., is at the Spalding.

Henry Dolser, a prominent business man of Au Sauble, Mich., is spending a few days in the city visiting B. Cofield, of the Clifton house.

H. H. Hodges returned from Los Angeles, Cal., yesterday, where he went to attend the last sickness and burial of his sister, Mrs. Wallace, formerly a resident of this city. Returning home his train was caught in a severe snow storm in the mountains in New Mexico, and as a result he is now laid up with a severe cold.

J. J. Henry, general agent at Chicago of the Lehigh Valley Transportation company, and J. L. Kellogg, general agent at Milwaukee of the same company, are in the city. Mr. Henry is accompanied by his wife.

E. J. Lonsyear, of Hibbing, is in the city.

R. M. Liddell, of Belfast, Ireland, is at the Spalding.

MONEY TO LOAN
5% AND 6%
With the On or Before Clause.
ANY AMOUNT. NO DELAY.
JULIUS D. HOWARD & COMPANY.
201-202 First National Bank Bldg.

THE POULTRY ASSOCIATION.

The Northern Poultry association, of Northern Minnesota and Wisconsin, held its annual meeting in Superior yesterday and elected as officers: President, Frank B. Hallock; first vice president, T. J. Worthman; second vice president, Fred Bleiz, of Duluth; secretary, C. D. Washburn; assistant secretary, J. L. Cliff, of Duluth; treasurer, N. M. Reynolds; financial committee, G. W. Frost, H. J. Campbell, Hugh Fawcett. The next meeting will be held July 2. The next poultry show will be held in Superior next January.

WHY IT CAPTURED THE COUNTRY.

Some people wonder why and how it was accomplished.

Here are the reasons why "The Black Cat," Boston's unique 5-cent magazine, has in six months reached a guaranteed sale of over 200,000 copies per number:

First, it publishes the best stories that brains and genius can produce and money can buy;

Second, it is original and fascinating from A to Z, publishing no continued stories, no translations, no borrowings, and no stealings;

Third, it pays nothing for the name or reputation of a writer, but the highest prices on record for stories that are stories; and

Lastly, it is dandy, attractive, and offers better stories for 5 cents than have ever before been offered for five times that price. Newsdealers everywhere find it difficult to meet the demand for this wonderful literary hit.

THE POOREST MAN ON EARTH

Can afford to buy jewelry now the way Hulberg Brothers are selling it.

The Word Contest interests both Young and Old. Bring in your answers before April 25.
Joe Bloom
TAILORING CO.
214 West Superior Street.

A trial convinces the most skeptical. Carefully prepared, pleasant to the taste, One Minute Cough Cure is a valuable remedy. S. F. Boyce.

Banjos, guitars, mandolins. Coon's.

For bargain givers in watches, try Hulberg Brothers, jewelers.

125 Sacks of "Duluth Imperial" Flour Given Away
===June 6th, 1896.===
Watch this space for particulars.

DATE SET

Hearing in the Bell Sale Matter Will Be Held on May 2.

Assignee Markell's Statement of the Matter to the Court.

The Howard & Haynie Matter is Before the Court Today.

Clinton Markell, assignee for H. H. Bell, this morning filed his report of the auction sale of remaining property of the estate, which occurred during the week. In reporting the sale he says that he held the property for some time, hoping that values would return, or at least that such a combination of conditions would arise that the true value of the property could be realized. After a very long period of waiting this consummation did not appear, so under the order of the court he sold the stuff at auction.

The prices realized he considers the best that could be secured under the circumstances, and he asks an order fixing a time for a hearing on the confirmation of the sale. Judge Moer in special term this morning signed an order setting the hearing for Saturday, May 2, when all creditors will have an opportunity of being heard as to whether the sales are satisfactory to them. It is expected that there will be more or less objection.

HOWARD & HAYNIE MATTER.

Judge Moer at noon was hearing the Howard & Haynie assignment case, in which about forty creditors have asked to be allowed to participate in the division of the funds without filing releases. In order to secure this they represent that the insolvents kept no books from which any idea of the condition of the firm could be secured, and they assert that $6000 had been concealed. At noon Howard & Haynie's bookkeeper was on the stand and the attorneys were floundering in a pile of books endeavoring to prove that the books show nothing.

Judge Ensign this morning decided that John M. McClintock had ample authority to put in an answer in the case of Henry Nienstadt, Jr., against William L. Stretch, et al. H. H. Hoyt, attorney for plaintiff, claimed that he had not, and cited him to prove that he had, which he did by an affidavit from John McKinley.

McKinley said that he is a nephew to Stretch; that Stretch is an unmarried man of 60, of a peculiar and seclusive nature. He is an explorer by occupation, and for many years prior to 1880 was a resident of Duluth. McKinley and he explored together, and together they located the land in controversy, some valuable pine lands on the north shore. After Stretch's departure in 1880 affiant had charge of his land and paid the taxes on it for a number of years. In 1888 the plaintiff secured a tax title upon it, but affiant redeemed it, and he asserted and the court held with him, that by virtue of his interest and his relationship to the fee owner, he had a right to defend and to employ counsel.

They have not been able to find trace of Stretch, but they hope to soon. McKinley also claims that Nienstadt was trying to get a snap judgment on the property and would have done so were it not for the answer which John M. McClintock put in in behalf of the absent owner.

In deciding the matter, Judge Ensign held that while technically McClintock might have no right to answer in the case, morally he did, and he would refuse to make the order striking out the answer.

New Pastor Arrives.

Rev. Wilson Aul, the new pastor of Glen Avon Presbyterian church, arrived in the city last evening from Worthington, accompanied by his wife and her mother, Mrs. H. O. Fletcher. He will preach his first sermon tomorrow morning, and the subject will be, "The Province of the Modern Pulpit." In the evening he will preach on "The Person Who Thinks He is Without Sin."

Will Honor His Birthday.

Next Tuesday is the birthday of Froebel, the originator of the kindergarten method, and the kindergartners of the city will give an entertainment on that day at the Jackson school. There will be a reception, and a musical program will be given. The rooms will be prettily decorated in colors. Mrs. Webster will serve a lunch. Invitations have been issued to the school board members, Superintendent Denfeld and a number of people.

Agate jewelry and specimens at cost. Hulberg Brothers, 1801 West Superior street.

Miss Kading, dressmaker, is now located at 312 Temple Opera.

An elegant line of spring millinery at Mrs. O. S. Humes', over Suffel's.

Six per cent residence loans wanted; no delay. N. J. Upham & Co., Torrey block.

CHANGE OF TIME.

Commencing Sunday, April 19, the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic eastbound train will leave Duluth Union depot at 4:10 p. m. instead of 4 o'clock.

There is no sense in breaking your neck and wheel in learning to ride a bicycle alone, if you can learn it right and without the least danger at Wieland & Munsey's bicycle academy, 26 East Superior street.

Nobody doubts that The Evening Herald is "the best." At 10 cents a week (delivered) it is amazingly cheap. Telephone No. 324, two rings, or send postal.

SWEET MUSIC

And the best of goods to refresh the inner man at Ideal Beer hall tonight.

DO YOU WANT THE LATEST STYLE

In jewelry at cut prices? Then go to Hulberg Brothers, 1801 West Superior street.

Nobody doubts that The Evening Herald is "the best." At 10 cents a week (delivered) it is amazingly cheap. Telephone No. 324, two rings, or send postal.

Anheuser-Busch, Budweiser and Tony Faust beer at Ideal Beer hall.

THEY APPROVE IT.

Jobbers Sanction the Retrenchment Report.

The recommendations of the retrenchment committee are good and should be carried out, says the executive committee of the jobbers' union to the mayor and common council, which communication will be conveyed in a memorial to the head and members of the city government. T. B. Hawkes submitted the report of the committee at the meeting of the jobbers' union executive committee held yesterday afternoon. It was adopted, and the president, secretary and J. A. Ferguson were designated to draft the memorial.

A resolution favoring joint traffic association methods, which was communicated from the New York board of trade and transportation for endorsement of the union was coldly received. The sentiment was that their section would not be benefited thereby. Secretary Buchanan was instructed to communicate with the boards of trade in St. Paul and other Northwestern cities on the matter.

The St. Paul & Duluth and Eastern Minnesota roads, through their managers, said they were sorry the necessities of the case had compelled them to adopt the course they had followed in connection with the lumber jack traffic, and expressed the hope that they should not have to do it again. The union directed the secretary to reply that it hoped so, too, and further, that any similar action in the future would be regarded as unfriendly to Duluth's interests and would be treated accordingly.

The report of the committee on insurance, with reference to the appointment of fire commissioners, was adopted. P. S. Amnek was designated to confer with the mayor respecting such appointments, with the view of bringing about the selection of men qualified for the position.

The Frye bill, providing for the institution of a federal department of commerce and manufacture, was endorsed.

Action on the consolidation scheme proposed by the chamber of commerce was deferred until the next meeting.

The application of L. S. Loeb & Co. for membership in the jobbers' union was received and favorably acted upon.

MONEY TO LOAN
LOWEST RATES—NO DELAY. ANY AMOUNT.
Stryker, Manley & Buck,
TORREY BLDG.

Had No License.

Albert La Blanche, an agent for a shirt factory at Chippewa Falls, Wis., went into a barber shop on Lake avenue south this afternoon and tried to sell some shirts to a customer in the chair. The man having his hair cut made inquiries about the goods and La Blanche expected a sale. When the barber had finished the customer stepped out of the chair and asked La Blanche if he had a license. The latter made made an evasive reply, when his interlocutor flashed a star as big as a harvest moon and repeated his inquiry. La Blanche confessed he lacked the requisite document and was prevailed upon to accompany Court Officer Marshall—for he was the customer—to the station, where he was placed behind the bars. La Blanche thinks Duluth a very quick town.

Free Band Concert.

Tomorrow afternoon the Duluth City band, under the direction of Ernest Meier, will give a fine concert at the Pavilion. The program will be as follows:

PART I.

March—"Mount Hamilton".....Dalbey
Waltz—"Dublin".....Lahitzki
Overture—"The Fairy Lake".....Ashter
Song and dance—"Lovely Brown Eyes".....Casey
Characteristique—"The Advance and Retreat of the Salvation Army" (new).....Orth

PART II.

March—"Adjutant Clayton".....Missud
Trombone solo—"The Message".E. Brooks
George A. Huse.
Selection from burlesque opera—"Tabasco".....Chadwick
Two step—"Randolph".....Hall

USE HERALD WANT ADS.

It's a sure way to get other people's money.

Desires a Divorce.

Tamonia Kemppainen has applied for a divorce from Charles Kemppainen whom she married Dec. 19, 1892, at Sault Ste. Marie. Her maiden name was Huhmarkoski. In May, 1894, Charles was sent to Marquette prison for two years and a half for larceny, and that is her ground for divorce. She is 21, and her husband is 23. A. N. McGindley is her attorney.

Served Their Time.

Jimmy Murphy and Billy Patterson were released from the Carlton county jail yesterday, and came at once to the head of the lakes. Murphy going to Superior and Patterson to Duluth. Both men are apparently gainers in health from their incarceration. They will give a sparring match in Cloquet soon. Patterson says he is going to work for Sheriff McKinnon in his hotel at Cloquet.

The Transcript Sent.

Court Stenographer George P. Stillman today prepared the transcripts of the proceedings in the Soular and Verill cases, and, accompanied by a letter from Judge Moer reciting the circumstances, they were sent to Governor Clough, who will fix date of the execution some time after the sixty days' sentence expires.

THIS DAMP EVENING

You may spend a pleasant hour at the Ideal Beer hall.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair,
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Kirk's
Famous Discovery
EOS
(In Powder Form)
Does the Family Washing While you Sleep.
At All Grocers.

SPECIAL MARINE NEWS.

A Tug Passing Through the Sault River.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., April 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—The tug Merrick passed Detour at 6 o'clock this morning, bent on forcing her way through the ice in the Sault river. It is not certain that she will reach here today, but she probably will, as the weather is warm and cloudy, with showers indicated.

VESSEL OWNERS HOLD OFF.

Cleveland, April 18.—(Special to The Herald.)— Duluth telegrams offer only 2¾ cents on wheat to Buffalo, but vessel owners are not concerned in the Duluth market just now, as they could probably get $1 on ore from the head of the lakes for the first trip. All vessels will be moved as fast as they can be fitted out.

WILL CHANGE TO DULUTH.

The Lake Michigan and Lake Superior Transportation company, which has a fleet of five vessels, is about to change the port of hail from Chicago to Duluth and make Capt. John Flynn, of this city, the managing owner. The Rockefeller fleet, which will consist of ten vessels, all but two of which are yet to be built, will also probably have Duluth for the port of hail. The fleet which carries the ore of the Minnesota Iron company, consisting of thirty-seven modern leviathans, will probably follow suit, and negotiations are being had looking to a similar arrangement for the vessels of the Western Transportation company.

THE MANITOU COMING.

The palatial steamer Manitou, which carries tourists between Chicago and Mackinac island, will the latter part of next month make a trip to Duluth with a special excursion party previous to entering upon her regular run. This will be the first time for the Manitou to be on Lake Superior. She is the finest thing on the lakes, except the North West and North Land.

QUICK LOANS—
6% WITH OUR INVALUABLE "On or Before" Repayment Plan.
WITHOUT THE GOLD CLAUSE.
LOWER RATES FOR LARGE LOANS.
BUILDING LOANS A SPECIALTY.
B. M. NEWPORT & SON,
W. B. CHAPIN, Mgr. Providence Bdg.

A CHEAP RATE.

Low Fare to Buffalo For the Educational Meeting.

The Northern Steamship company has announced rates on the North West and North Land of one fare for the round trip plus $2 membership fee to the National Educational association meeting at Buffalo, good for passage leaving Duluth June 30 and July 4, Soo and Mackinac July 1 and July 5, Detroit and Cleveland July 2 and July 6. The rate from Duluth to Buffalo and return, including the membership fee, is $19; from St. Paul and Minneapolis, $22; Sauke, $12; Mackinac, $11; Detroit, $7; Cleveland, $5; Chicago, $17.

The Pittsburg lake freights by way of the Northern Steamship company are as follows, being the closing rates of last year: Class one, 75 cents; two, 62 cents; three, 50 cents; four, 33 cents; five, 24 cents; six, 20½ cents; iron and steel, 21½ cents.

WITH THE INSURGENTS.

New Orleans Newspaper Man Has Reached Them.

Havana, April 18.—It is reported that the correspondent of a New Orleans paper has succeeded in penetrating into the insurgent camp. The government has decided to increase the strength of the fortifications in all parts of the island. A numerous band of insurgents at Placetas surprised the local guerilla force while the latter were out foraging, and killed nine and wounded twenty-four with machettes. In an engagement with the troops commanded by Gen. Suarez Valdez, near Pase Del Rel, province of Pinar Del Rio, the insurgents left nine killed and retired with their wounded.

KILLED HIS COUSIN.

Richmond, Tex., April 18.—Miss Ella Somerville was shot and killed this morning by her cousin, Albert Somerville, when she was leading to her father's residence from a drunken carousal down town. The young man is from New York city, where his father resides, and was visiting relatives here.

CHANGE OF TIME.

Commencing Sunday, April 19, the Chicago limited on the "Omaha" will leave Duluth at 5:10 p. m. daily for Chippewa Falls, Eau Claire, Madison, Janesville, Rockford, Milwaukee, Chicago and all points East and South. The afternoon train which has been due at 6 p. m. will now reach Duluth at 5:10 p. m.

Notable improvements have also been made on the Sioux City division, thereby giving more rapid and better service to Omaha, St. Joe, Kansas City and all points Southwest and West.

Full information at 405 West Superior street. B. W. Summers, agent.

New so-called remedies spring up every day like mushrooms; but the people still cling to Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

AMUSEMENTS.

The LYCEUM
L. N. Scott, Manager.
2 Nights, Commenc'g Wednesday, April 22
The Legitimate Comedian
EUGENE O'ROURKE
Supported by his original Metropolitan company of players, in the greatest of all Irish comedy dramas,
THE WICKLOW POSTMAN.
From the 14th Street Theater, New York.
A STORY of IRISH LIFE TRUE to NATURE
SPECIAL
In conjunction with this massive production
John L. Sullivan and Paddy Ryan
Champion for 12 yrs. Ex-Champ. of America
will appear in a three-round scientific exhibition of boxing, introduced by Charles E. ("Parson") Davies, immediately after the performance.
Prices—25c. 35c, 50c and 75c.

"THE IDEAL SCHOOL."

Lecture By Col. Francis W. Parker Last Evening.

"The Ideal School," of which Col. Francis W. Parker, principal of the Cook county normal school, talked at the High School Assembly hall last night, is really ideal, and it were a great pity if it were not practical. It would turn out broad-minded, healthful, helpful, active, forceful, wholesome citizens that would throw out the bosses and the demagogues and build up a country that would be a shining tower before the nations. And Col. Parker not only believes it to be practical, but he is enthusiastically in favor of it and uses his ideas in his own school, and he is very scathing in his denunciation of the system in which the present generation was educated.

He was introduced by R. E. Denfeld, who spoke of his great work in the cause of education in this country, and stated that Col. Parker's ideas had been taken up by every school in the country. Advancing to the front of the platform, Col. Parker said that he was not going to lecture, he was merely going to give a plain talk, and he wanted the taxpaying parents to act as a jury and decide upon the merits of his argument. It was hard to get an unprejudiced jury, he said, because the case had been pending for years and most people were prejudiced by tradition.

"What is your idea of your child's life? What is he to be? What good is he to do? What success is he to have? You want him to have health. There is little good without health. You want him to be helpful, willing to work. You want him to be trustworthy, so that you know when he is told to do a thing he will do it, and do it right. You want him responsible. There is no education without responsibility. The reason our great men have come from the shops and farms is because they have been trained to responsibility.

"You want him to have good taste, which is one of the good things of this world. You want your child to have a vocation that is suited to him. There are many misfits in this world, and there is nothing sadder than a man who has missed his vocation, and nothing so happy as a man who has found it and does it well.

"The highest idea of life and a higher plane of vocation is citizenship. A citizen is one whose greatest end is the elevation of his city, state or the world. When I speak of citizens I feel that half this country is disenfranchised, but their day is to come. (Applause.)

"If we want all these things in our children, where are we to get them? From the school. What do we demand from the school? Is it knowledge? We send children to school to get knowledge, and we don't know whether they have gotten it unless they bring home a report. We do not look at their own personal gains, but we look at their reports.

"Here Col. Parker scathingly derided the old school methods, confessing that he had used them himself. He said they made rivalry, ambition and systematically cultivated selfishness. Each pupil tried to get the highest percentages.

"Liberty is at the core of history. Tyranny still clutches the throats of the many, and it has its greatest hold in the schools. The object was to teach without learning them to think, and the child learned images of words which vanished, leaving only the conceit of knowledge.

"The ideal school is an ideal community, an ideal democracy, in which every child can reach the limit of his possibilities, with nothing in its way but himself. No human being is truly educated unless his end is the elevation of humanity, which is the only purpose which lifts man to his highest plane."

Then Col. Parker went further into this ideal school, showing that all the things that we want in our children could be derived therefrom.

Nobody doubts that The Evening Herald is "the best." At 10 cents a week (delivered) it is amazingly cheap. Telephone No. 324, two rings, or send postal.

DRINK THE BEST

It costs no more than cheap beer.

RIGHT TO THE MARK.

That's what advertisers say, and Herald want ads. go. That's because they are read by people who want to buy or sell.

Nobody doubts that The Evening Herald is "the best." At 10 cents a week (delivered) it is amazingly cheap. Telephone No. 324, two rings, or send postal.

1,000 Men Wanted...
To buy their—
SPRING SUITS of
STOLTZ, THE TAILOR
Over 218 W. Superior St.
STYLISH, UP-TO-DATE SUITS FOR..... $15
And made right in Duluth by Duluth tailors.

Bring in Your Answers for the Word Contest Which Closes April 25.
Joe Bloom Tailoring Co.
214 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

HOTEL OLIVER. ELY, MINN.
Best accommodations on the Range. Newly furnished throughout. Charges moderate. Home comforts for Transients; with good Livery in connection.
R. T. LAWRENCE, Prop.

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PATENTS.
MASON, FENWICK & LAWRENCE,
Patent Lawyers, Solicitors and Experts.
Estab'd Washington, D. C. 1861.
Palladio Bldg, Duluth, Minn.
(Inventors guide book free.)

Roses
Tea and Everblooming
Eight for $1
(Price Includes Pots.)
Carnations
At the old Price Per dozen $1
Four houses full of choice plants, nearly everything named in ordinary catalogues.
Everything clean, bright and attractive.
Visitors Welcome at All Times.
LINDSAY'S GREENHOUSES,
Fifty-second avenue east.
Lakeside Cars Stop at the Door.

Economy is wealth,
But don't carry it to the extent of injuring your eyes with poor glasses, or neglecting to have them fitted when you cannot see fine print easily at night.
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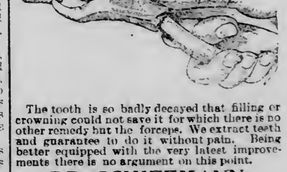

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SIXTEEN PAGES--PART TWO--Pages 9 to 16

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SATURDAY, APRIL 18, 1896.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

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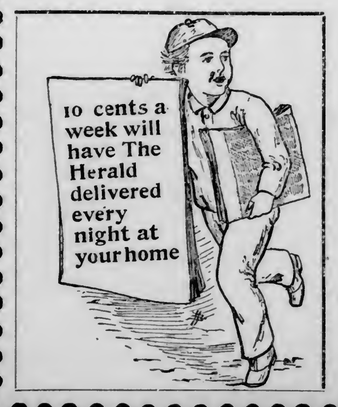

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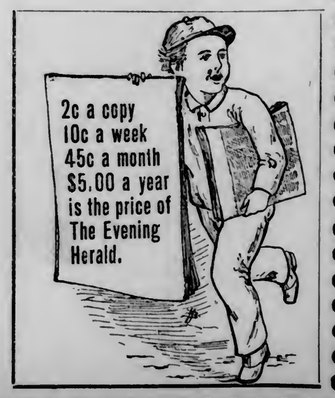


GOSSIP OF ★ ★ THE STAGE.

There are many O'Rourkes in the United States, the off-shoots of the various branches of the Irish family, who, like many others of their race, have sought a home and shelter under the stars and stripes, and have prospered under the fostering protection of that flag. They have branched out into many paths of life, and there is found among these bearing the ancient and honored name, that of Eugene O'Rourke, who, within the past few years, has come rapidly to the front as a delineator of Irish character on the mimic stage. Mr. O'Rourke is gifted with the same fine physique for which his family have always been noted, also with a voice of rare quality and expression, and well adapted to rendering the melodies of Erin. He is besides, a graceful dancer and has had dramatic experiences of the best quality, having graduated from Harrigan's theater, New York, a school which has turned out many finished pupils in Irish comedy-drama.

Mr. O'Rourke is starring this season in a new Irish comedy-drama especially written for him by the well-known author and actor, Mark Price, also an Irishman of American birth, entitled "The Wicklow Postman," the scenes of which are laid in the country named in the title, and the action of which is carried on without the appearance of the conventional red-coats, police-men, priest, process servers, or reformers. As Mr. O'Rourke has hosts of friends throughout the country to whom he has endeared himself, not only by his genial disposition, but by his art, his success is well nigh assured.

"The Wicklow Postman" will be seen at the Lyceum theater on Wednesday and Thursday next, and the popular comedian will be supported by his entire metropolitan company of players, the same who appeared with him during his extended engagement at the Fourteenth Street theater, New York.

Incidental to this massive production in connection with Eugene O'Rourke,

EUGENE O'ROURKE.

John L. Sullivan, ex-champion of the world, and "Paddy" Ryan, ex-champion of America, will appear as an added attraction. They will be introduced by Charles E. Davies, more widely known as "Parson" Davies. Sullivan is now making his farewell tour of the country under the able management of "Parson" Davies, and it is said that it is the last time he will be seen in this city.

FREDERICK WARDE.

Next Friday and Saturday Frederick Warde, the well-known tragedian, will appear at the Lyceum. He will present "King Lear," in which he has won such great success recently in San Francisco he has been showered with praises for his fine work in this character. He will also, in all probability, present "The Mountebanks," which has been received with great favor.

NEVER ENDING THEATERS.

Continuous Shows Have Become Popular in Chicago.

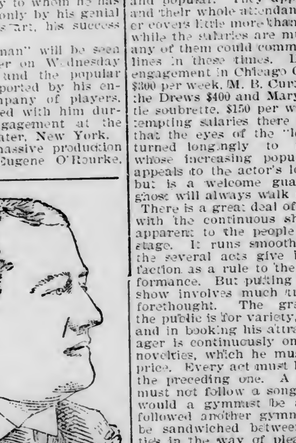
Since the continuous show came in vogue there has been a marked change in the theatrical business, says the Chicago Chronicle. Many theaters devoted to the legitimate drama have languished for support and scores of excellent companies have had to disband before half the season was played. It has been the fashion to ascribe this condition to the hard times, and doubtless the panic had much to do with it, but in the minds of some managers who have given the question deep thought, the change wrought in the habits of the amusement world by the inauguration of the continuous show is most to blame for the depression in the legitimate walks of the stage. Long before the panic there was a widespread feeling among theatergoers that they did not always get the worth of their money. They were often charged with high rates of admission to witness second-rate attractions and when anything really good came to town prices were raised beyond the reach of the humbler patrons of the drama. In some instances this course had to be adopted to meet the demands of the visiting companies and leave a living percentage to the house, but in others there was practically no valid excuse for the extra charge and it did not take the amusement-loving world long to find that fact out and to enter a vigorous protest against what seemed like extortion. One high-class theater recognized the justice of this outcry and reduced the price of best seats to $1. An increase of business followed the reduction and the same theater, under new management, made a further cut with still better results.

But it is not alone to the low price of admission that the continuous show owes its growing popularity. The performance itself appeals to a more numerous class than the patrons of the legitimate. Persons with limited incomes have the same desire to be amused and entertained as their more fortunate fellows, who can afford luxuries like Calve and Melba, and the vaudeville theaters take pains to meet their tastes as well as the capacity of their pockets. A greater variety of talent is employed than formerly, and the artists are ranging higher. Indeed, many legitimate stars have taken to the vaudeville stage this season. People like Richard Golden, M. B. Curtis and wife, Sydney Drew and wife, who had great drawing power on the boards of the legitimate theaters, are now doing "turns" in the continuous shows, and find the work both pleasant and popular. They appear twice a day and their whole attendance on the theater covers little more than an hour a day, while the salaries are much larger than any of them could command in their old lines in these times. During a recent engagement in Chicago Golden was paid $300 per week, M. B. Curtis and wife $500, the Drews $400 and Mary Heath, the little soubrette, $150 per week. With such tempting salaries there is little wonder that the eyes of the "legitimates" are turned longingly to the vaudeville, whose increasing popularity not only appeals to the actor's love of applause, but is a welcome guarantee that the ghost will always walk on time.

There is a great deal of work connected with the continuous show that is not apparent to the people in front of the stage. It runs smoothly enough, and the several acts give increasing satisfaction as a rule to the end of the performance. But putting on a continuous show involves much trouble, care and forethought. The great demand of the public is for variety, infinite variety, and in booking his attractions the manager is continuously on the lookout for novelties, which he must secure at any price. Every act must be different from the preceding one. A song and dance must not follow a song and dance, nor would a gymnast be acceptable if he followed another gymnast. They must be sandwiched between other specialties in the way of pleasing contrast so as not to weary the audience. Then a turn which needs the whole of the stage for its presentation must be succeeded by one that needs only the first or second entrance. This rule is for the convenience of the stage manager, who wants an opportunity to change his settings without any waits. A wait is always disagreeable and often kills interest in the performance. Another matter that gives the manager considerable trouble is the jealousy which seems inseparable from any kind of stage life. Each performer wants the best place in the bill and some balk and work badly if a rival gains precedence. All these things give the manager a chance to do a great deal of thinking and exercise rare gifts of diplomacy. He not only has to please his patrons, but keep his performers in line—a double task that does not always conduce to suavity of temper.

Every Monday afternoon the Olympic, which is one of the best types of the continuous show theater, there is one man who rare lifts his eyes from the performers, and strains his ears to catch every word they utter. This intent auditor is invisible to the rest of the audience. He sits on the left-hand side of the stage, near the floodlights, and is hidden from view by a small screen. Near to the peephole from which he watches the several turns is a long, narrow sheet of paper, on which are the names of the performers in rotation as they appear with three columns of figures opposite to their names. The first column shows the time each turn begins, the second its estimated duration, and the third the actual time consumed on the stage by the respective artists. As the show proceeds the vigilant watcher consults a large clock over his head and at the end of each turn he enters figures in the third column to denote the time each turn must occupy during the rest of the week. This man is George Castle, the energetic manager, who only goes back on the stage on Mondays to make the time card for the regulation of the show. "That clock is our compass," said he to a writer for the Chronicle, who was watching him at work last Monday afternoon, "and we sail by it."

But the manager does more than fix the time schedule of the different acts. He gets in touch with the audience, and ascertains what turn takes well and what one seems to weary. From 12:30 to 4:30 p. m. Mr. Castle never budges from his post, and he rarely speaks a word, except in the way of direction.



"PARSON" DAVIES.

But the performers and stage hands read his thoughts by the varying expressions on his face. He allows his lips to twitch when he is satisfied with the course of things, and when anything goes wrong his brows come down and he seems to be muttering to himself. Abe Jacobs, who used to be a south town politician, but has been stage manager for twenty years, and who stands near Castle during the whole of the vigil, claims to be able to read that gentleman like a book. He said:

"When the boss sits down in his easy chair and leans back as if he's asleep, you can bet it's a good act, and he'll applaud just as heartily as any of the blokes in front. But wait till some turn comes on dat's bum, den you'll see him stand up, screw his head round, look at de floor, den out at de audience den at de clock, as if he wished it was over. He never says a word, 'cause, you see, he books his own acts, and if he books a poor act and kicks, he's kicking himself, but you bet they don't come back. But if a new guy comes here and makes a hit, dat fellow's got a snap. I seen de boss sit right down and send out a few telegrams and get the guy engagements for several weeks right away. Dere's a lot of other managers takes his word for the guy's act."

Opposite the manager in the right hand wing is another active individual who keeps his eyes upon the boss on the other side. This is the master of ceremonies—a spry, little chap in full dress suit, who changes the placards announcing the names of the performers. He hasn't a soft snap, by any means, since he has to see that the names are spelled right and look solemn as he emerges into the sight of the audience, which is not always an easy task, as he has a prick of laughing heartily at all funny doings on the stage. As the show goes on, Mr. Castle can be heard whispering to the performers on the stage. For instance, the banjo player is down on the time card for thirteen minutes, and the man only plays ten minutes. "I've got you down for thirteen, Billy," he says, "Go on and give them another tune." Perhaps a comedian is called and recalled until his eighteen minutes have spun out to twenty-two. "Don't do anything more," will be the whispered command; "just go out and bow." Or perhaps there is a hitch in the settings of an act just as the Irish specialist walks off the stage. He is instructed to go back and fake something until the stage hands are ready. Should an objectionable word be used during a turn the offender is at once admonished to "cut it" in future performances.

The continuous show business was started at Keith's Bijou, at Philadelphia, about four years ago. Mr. Keith got his idea from the museum business, in which he was previously engaged in Boston. The dime museums are open all day, but the crowds are changed after viewing the curiosities and the curtain drops on the performance in the theater. The continuous show opens at 12:30 and runs without break until 10:30 p. m. From thirty to forty performers are engaged, and the turns number from fifteen to seventeen, according to length. The bill is gone over three times a day, but patrons have the privilege of sitting out the whole performance if they so desire. No pass-out checks are given, however, and it would be pretty wearisome for any one to stay ten hours without refreshments. All three of the continuous shows in Chicago have patrons who are determined to get their money's worth. Young men and boys, and often adult visitors from the rural districts, come in when the curtain rises and do not leave until after it falls for the night. They bring luncheons with them so that nature may not weary during the eye and ear feast. As a rule, however, the audience practically changes three times a day. Regular attendants find out what time their favorites are to "come on," and time their visits accordingly, but the theaters are invariably packed from the hour of opening to the close. There are always people waiting to take the seats vacated by those who have had enough or have more pressing engagements.

GOLDMARK'S LAST OPERA.

"The Cricket on the Hearth" Set to Music.

Vienna letter to the New York Sun: Vienna has not been especially enterprising of late in the matter of operatic novelties. Every season, to be sure, has brought its four or five additions to the current repertoire, but these have been either works that had been thoroughly well tested on other stages before being produced here, such as "Der Evangelmann," "Pagliacci" and "Hansel and Gretel," or they have been concessions to local musicians like "Miriam" last season, or "Walther von der Vogelweid" this season, of both of which it was admitted tacitly at the start that they were not of a character to achieve any success, although they had to be given, as their composers were attached to one or more of the all-powerful daily newspapers, and must be treated considerately. The year 1892 brought two works, Johann Strauss' "Ritter Pasman" and Massenet's "Werther," neither of which had been heard before they were produced here; but only "Werther" became a permanent success, which, standing alone, may be set down as the exception that proves the rule prevailing at the Imperial Opera house of Vienna.

Such being the state of affairs, the announcement of a new work from the pen of Karl Goldmark, the composer of "Die Konigin von Saba," and facile princeps among the living German operatic composers, could not fail to arouse more than usual interest. It is nearly ten years since "Merlin," the successor to "The Queen of Sheba," was brought out, and one has to go back again almost the same length of time to the day when, with his first work, his fame as an operatic composer burst upon the musical world. As during these years his symphonies, overtures, concert pieces, chamber music and songs have been comparatively few, it will be evident that he works slowly and with the utmost care.

Karl Goldmark, a Hungarian by birth, and in the realm of music essentially a self-made man, is one of the relatively few composers who in their works can boast an individuality of their own, and, though having written much, still have new and valuable ideas. He need not cover up poverty of invention with the glitter of instrumental investment; his inspiration is apparently as fresh and spontaneous today as it was twenty-five years ago.

For this latest work his librettist has gone neither to the Bible nor to the Arthurian legend; another source has been found, which, for similar purposes, has never been used before—the works of Charles Dickens—and since this is apparently the day for fairy tales set to music, where could a prettier or more wholesome one than "The Cricket on the Hearth" be found? Of course, it is not so familiar in the German translation as in the original, and this may be the reason why, in his adaptation for the purposes of a libretto, various liberties have been taken with the characters and situations. The most inexcusable of these is the calm suppression of one of the most lovable figures in fiction, Caleb Plummer, whom playgoers in America and England have taken to their hearts. Bereft of this character, the story as such loses much of its original charm, and is reduced to a more or less trite and clumsy tale of jealousy, which at its climax suggests rather forcibly the closing scene in the first act of "Pagliacci." When Caleb Plummer has had to make way for the needs and perplexities of the librettist, one cannot be surprised to find that Bertha, the blind daughter, has been sacrificed, and even the immortal Tilly Slowboy, with her infant charge, Master Bouncer. The absence of the baby is, however, not so much to be regretted, as otherwise we should not have had the exquisitely tender musical passages in which Dot dreams of the joys of motherhood, and the effective tableau at the end of the second act, where John Peerybingle in a vision sees his diminutive other self, the son and heir whom the Cricket promises, a baby postilion who is to crown his domestic bliss. Mr. Tackleton, the "grim ogre," who, in the gallery of Dickens' character portraits, may be counted among the best sketched, is degraded for the purposes of the opera libretto to the office of buffoon, who, with his Dundreary whiskers and grotesque finery, is supposed to represent the comedy element. It is related of Victor Hugo that he was most unhappy over the use or misuse to which his plays had been put when they were turned into opera texts, but surely had Dickens ever dreamed that his stories were destined once to serve the same purpose, he would have had far more cause to bewail the clumsy manner in which it has now been done.

JOHN L. SULLIVAN.

Simple as is the tale of "Cricket on the Hearth," the score of Goldmark, which illustrates it, makes a demand upon the full resources of the modern orchestra. A band as numerous and skilled as is needed for any of the Nibelungen dramas is required, and on the orchestra devolves at least 50 per cent of the labor as well as the laurels.

The chief reproach that Herr A. M. Willner deserves for his libretto apart from the wilful changes he has introduced in the dramatis personae, is that it lacks all local color, and were it not for several of the themes, which denote a distinctly British origin, there is no reason why the scene of action should not be laid in Germany or in France quite as suitably as in England. Bluntly stated, the text book is not a good one; there is too little incident, the situations are too familiar, the various characters have not sufficient individuality. When we turn, however, to a consideration of the music, we find an entirely different state of affairs. From cover to cover there is not an uninteresting page in the score. The musical invention is abundant and spontaneous, the workmanship as careful as it is masterly. No modern work boasts a richer and more effective instrumentation, and, strange as it may seem, Goldmark, whose characteristic in his earlier compositions is the sensuously Oriental in music, has, in his later, and especially in this last opera, divested himself thereof completely. Coming at a time of special musical productivity, "The Cricket on the Hearth" would deserve to be reckoned among the most notable tone productions, but appearing, as it does, at the present day, when operatic masterpieces are but few and far between, it is impossible to overestimate the value of this latest Goldmark score. Conceived in an entirely different vein from that of "The Queen of Sheba," it deserves to stand on the same exalted plane of merit. It will be remembered that its composer was past 43 years of age when he gave his first opera to the world, and the youthful fire of which he then gave such abundant proof is still aglow today. It is devoutly to be hoped, in the interests of all that is best in music, that the more than enthusiastic reception the first public performance of the work received in Vienna is a promise of long-enduring popularity.

PEOPLE OF THE STAGE.

Tim Murphy No Longer With "A Texas Steer."

Tim Murphy has quit the "A Texas Steer" company, because of a quarrel with his managers. Of course his wife, Dorothy Sherrod, who played Bessy Brander, quit, too, and that gave Charlotte Crane a chance. She is now playing Bessy. Charlotte Crane is the stage name of Lottie Bowes, a Topeka young woman, whose first engagement was with the Kemper Stock company at Kansas City, in August, 1894. A small part was given her, and after rehearsing for a week, she was to have made her appearance one Sunday night. Her mother could not become reconciled to her daughter's playing on Sunday, and took her home. The stage-stuck girl did not give up her hopes, however. Her next step was an interview with Felix Morris, who promised her an engagement, providing he remained in America—which he didn't. In the meantime, shortly before the opening of the season last fall, she was offered a place in the cast of the "Alabama" company, to play the Willow Stockton, and understudy Carey Preston. The company played in Kansas City, Aug. 26. In October Miss Irving, the leading lady, went over to London, and Miss Bowes was given the part of Carey, with the understanding that she was to have it permanently if Miss Irving did not return. Miss Irving came back, however, in the latter part of November, and rather than resume the minor role Miss Bowes left the company. She was fortunate in securing another engagement almost immediately, this time with "A Texas Steer." She appeared Dec. 14, in Chicago, as Dixey Style, the girl who plays a sinful confidence game upon Maverick Brander. Miss Bowes is not quite 18 years old and is possessed of more than ordinary beauty. She is a blonde with fluffy golden hair, and great innocent blue eyes.

Felix Morris, who has been repeating his former success in "On 'Change" in London, is about to produce a new play there, called "A Mother of Three." He is to play an astronomer, who is the father of the "three," who are triplets born during his absence on a scientific mission. He remains away longer than he had anticipated, and returns home after eighteen years, expecting to find his wife and one child. It is, of course, not before the professor has been thoroughly bewildered by the "three" that he realizes his exact position.

Una Abel and Charles Charters have been engaged by Jacob Litt for his new play, "A Tammany Tiger," which is to be produced in Brooklyn, April 20.

The New York Evening Sun says: This is terrible. Little did the critics think when they recommended all New York actresses who had the chance to hie them to Eleonora Duse of what would follow. They little knew of the ghastly pallor which would spread itself over the faces of the leading women. Since the actress-ly saw Duse play "Cavalleria" and "La Locandiera," rouge has gone out of fashion. Even powder is almost ignored. Miss Allen now slips upon the stage as Mimi with scarcely a trace of rouge upon her cheeks; Miss Cogdan plays Madame, and confines all her color to her gown; at the Lyceum Miss Irving plays Flavia with a pallor which happens to compose most charmingly with the Elysian red of her hair. But these three young women are comparatively high colored. They can stand a little idiosyncrasy of this sort in spite of the footlight's glare. Not so, however, the most ardent Duse devotee of them all—Miss Maud Adams. Miss Adams has become so enraptured with Duse's work that she has renounced the rouge pot for good and all. But if Miss Adams could have seen herself as she looked from the front of the house on Saturday night she would have repented there and then. If Miss Adams intends to give up rogue she should also stop blacking her eyes. Her charming little face looked simply ghastly on Saturday, and several women in the audience who were unaware of her sacrifice to art though that she must certainly be very ill. No actress, however great, need be ashamed of her rouge pot. It is a legitimate part of her stock in trade. And in spite of all ideas to the contrary, Mme. Duse is as much a slave to it as the veriest chorus girl. Only Duse manages to paint her face so naturally that no one in the front of the house is any the wiser.

An enterprising firm of Western bicycle manufacturers have presented Lillian Russel, the prima donna, with a golden wheel. The manufacturers state that this bike cost $1400. Every part of the wheel which could be plated has three layers of gold, and the value of the bullion used in the plating process was $800. Every part of the wheel has Miss Russell's name engraved on it. Tais even extends to the delicate spokes, each of which is emblazoned with the owner's name on the triple plating of gold. The gold is not of a brilliant color, but of a dullish tinge. The rims are, of course, devoid of plating. They are made of curly maple and polished to brilliancy. The cyclometer was included in the plating, as was also the lamp, which is lighted with electricity from a small but strong storage battery. Miss Russell wishes it positively understood that she does not wear bloomers. She prefers a divided skirt, which falls to about six inches below the knees, where it is met by boots laced up the front to the knee. A Derby hat and her costume is complete.

Frank McKee, who is to manage the tour of Charles H. Hopper in "Chimmie Fadden," has engaged George Bowles as advance agent.

A farce from the German called "His Absent Boy," has made a laughing hit in New York. It relates this story: A henpecked husband needs money wherewith to enjoy himself. His wife is rich, so he confesses falsely to her that before they met he was wedded and divorced, and that a child of his is alive. The good woman allows him considerable wealth to support this mythical stepson. On the silver anniversary of their union the curtain rises. Then the trouble begins. You must see it to appreciate the ridiculous farcical part of the comedy. A young man who comes a-courting their daughter is mistaken by the wife for the missing mythical son, for whom she has sent according to the fairy tale directions of the husband. The principal parts are enacted by Frederick Bond and Isabelle Coe.

Cable messages from Australia to William A. Brady announce that his "Trilby" company opened there to a $1750 house, scoring a great success. The play is now being presented in America, England and Australia, and continental productions are soon to follow.

J. K. Emmett has played many roles, including "Fritz in Ireland," and "Fritz in a Madhouse." His latest character is "Fritz in Hard Luck," which according to a dispatch from Albany, was acted in that city recently before a small, but most select audience.

"Fritz" was forced to own to a remarkable degree of bankruptcy as a consequence of his failure to scale with the undertakers for the burial of his father, the famous and original "Fritz." The amount due the undertakers is $56.71. Friday night, Marshal George Van Worsmer appeared at the Island Opera house before the performance. He asked to see Mr. Emmett. He was told that no one could see the star. He then sent in his card, and finally Mr. Emmett agreed to see him. The marshal was received in one of the dressing rooms, where Emmett was "making up." The marshal explained his errand.

"Ah, yes," observed Emmett, "I rather expected such a call. Well, take what you can get. I'm 'dead on the hog,' as one might say. You see how I am fixed."

"Where is your trunk, Joe?" asked the officer.

"Trunk! I have none," answered Emmett. "All I have you see right here," and he pointed to the shoes in which he was to appear, and they were the ones which he wears on the street. They were patent leathers which had seen better days. The marshal left without being able to satisfy the amount of the claim.

Lillian Russell's appearance in "The Little Duke" suggests again how much better her course during recent years might have been if, instead of acting and singing in plays badly written especially for her, she had made the effort to adapt her talents to worthy material. Maybe it was the experience in these pieces which enabled her to acquire that facility as an actress which she is exhibiting now in Lecocq's opera, but certainly there was never in any of her previous work much promise of the spirit with which she plays her part now at Abbey's, in New York. In a half dozen places she adds to the role a charm of appreciation that gives the right point and expression. Probably she is not the "Little Duke" of Meilhac and Halevi in the way that Jeanne Granier was eighteen years ago, but her performance shows so much improvement that it marks a new phase in her career. Miss Russell reveals in "The Little Duke" a pleasant vein of comedy that may develop into talent which will make her as pleasing in action as she is in voice and looks.

Albert Chevalier, who has captured the favor of New York, is the most discussed man just now in the theatrical life of that city. At Koster & Bial's Music hall, where he is singing every night his quaint and original songs, illustrative of the London costermonger, the vast auditorium is thronged with the most prominent members of society, with a big S, as well as with the intelligent middle class. He has been given all the honors that belong to the most brilliant star. The newspapers are asking his opinion on every conceivable subject, and one of them—the Journal—has been clever enough to have him escorted through the Bowery and narrate his impressions of it. Some one should now take Edward Harrington through Whitechapel.

Yvette Violette states that the tools of a burlesque actress are few, but they go far toward success and fame. "First," she observes, "it is necessary for the girl to have a lively disposition and a thorough understanding of the humorous side of things. Then she must have a good pair of flashing eyes, pretty teeth, a saucy mouth, dainty ankle and plenty of dash."

Louis F. Nethersole, Olga Nethersole's brother, who is in London looking out for a theater in which his sister may appear this summer, has not yet found it. When he does get it and Miss Nethersole reaches it the bill will be "Carmen."

Henry E. Dixey is to play a strong character part—a sort of twin brother of Benjamin Goldfinch of "A Pair of Spectacles"—in "Thoroughbred," Ralph Lumley's new comedy, opening April 20 at the Garrick, New York.

A novelty in playing cards is to be put on the market. All the face cards are to have the portraits of well-known players instead of the conventional phizzes. Jessie Bartlett Davis has been selected to represent the queen of hearts.

Fay Templeton is to play her original role of Gabriel in "Evangeline" at Manhattan beach this summer.

Julius Steger, Lucy Daly and Lillian Swain have been engaged for the forthcoming Casino review, "In Gay New York."

On Lillian Russell's tour next season Canary and Lederer have secured at this early stage of the game $80,000 in guarantees through Klaw and Erlanger.

"The Chili Widow," which is to tour this country next season under the direction of E. W. Husted, with Arthur Boucher in the star part, is one of the greatest contemporaneous successes of London.

Walker Jones, who made his debut in "The Lady Slavey" at the New York Casino on March 30 as a sheriff's officer, has eclipsed, some people say, his hit as the Tramp in "1492."

"The Streets of Bombay" and "The Mystery of the Catacombs of Paris" are the lurid titles chosen by Herrmann the Great for new illusions he will present next season.

Lillian Russell will sail for Europe the latter part of May. She will return Aug. 1 to rehearse a new opera with which she will open her next season Sept. 14 at Scranton, Pa.

Gertrude Elliott, a younger sister of the beautiful Maxine, has been winning laurels in Macie Wainwright's support. She has been especially commended for the vivacity and ease of her performance in "The Love Chase."

Stuar Robson inspected the other day a building called an opera house by the local manager, with a view to giving a performance there. "It's large enough," said the comedian, "and the lighting arrangements seem to be all right, but it hasn't exits enough. In case of a sudden alarm there would be a crush. Did you ever try to find out how long it takes to empty the hall?" You bet I have," answered the proprietor. "A dog fight on the outside will empty the buildin' in twenty-seven seconds by the watch."

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treament, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from ten drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address

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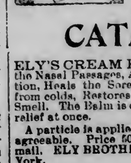

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THE BICYCLE WORLD.

Notwithstanding what the general public thinks, the trials and tribulations of the bicycle dealers are many. A reporter happened into one of the local dealer's stores recently, and overheard a conversation and argument about the repairs of a wheel, which the owner was exhibiting, he claiming that the repair should be made free of charge under the guarantee given him when buying the wheel. The wheel was one of well known make, and looked upon by riders generally as being a strictly high grade bicycle. The owner had brought in his wheel, the forks of which were bent back towards the rear wheel. The grounds upon which he claimed the repairs should come under the guarantee was that he was riding along the street, and in attempting to back pedal in order to prevent striking a lady who was crossing the street at that point, the forks from the back action he gave to the pedals had sprung backwards. The dealer of whom he had bought the wheel, not wishing to insult the enmity of his customer, tried in a nice way to show him how impossible it would be for such a thing to occur while riding a wheel, from back pedaling. The gentleman insisted, and a compromise was effected by him paying half rate for the repair.

To show how ridiculous his claim was, the dealer, after the gentleman had departed, took a wheel, a sample from his floor of the same make which the gentleman had been riding. Pushing the front wheel against the wall, he invited several friends who were standing around at the time to try their strength by pushing on the handle bars with the front wheel pressed against the wall, to see if they could spring the forks. After several vain attempts, it was found impossible to spring them. The dealer then said that at a rough calculation, it would take in the neighborhood of 150 pounds dead weight, hung from the end of the forks to spring them a particle, adding also that in all probabilities the rider of the wheel had, through carelessness, jammed his wheel into a curbstone. This proved to be correct, as several days afterwards a friend dropped in, mentioning that he had seen "Mr. Blank" take a very graceful header from coming in collision with a high curb.

Here is another story in the same class. The rear wheel of a bicycle with the rim badly split was brought into a local agency with the request that a new rim be fitted on which no charges were to be made, the gentleman claiming that the lady who, by the way, weighs less than 125 pounds, was riding along a smooth road when the rim cracked. The agent looked the wheel over, saying at the time that he hardly saw how it was possible for the rim to break in that manner, when there was no noticeable flaw. To test the strength of the rim and wheel which, as above mentioned, was badly cracked, the dealer put his full weight, and he weighs 160 pounds, upon the wheel. It held up under his weight, even in its wrecked condition. Then, laying the wheel down flat upon the floor, he deliberately stepped with both feet upon the spokes, giving the wheel one of the severest strains that is possible and yet the rim did not give way. Noticing that the spokes at the nipples were, more or less damaged, he examined them closely, and saw that several of them were bruised as if struck by some steel implement. His conclusions were that the wheel had been stepped on by a horse, and this theory proved to be correct.

A WORD FOR KNICKERS.

Among other discussions, if the disputes may be termed that, that have arisen over cycling, the subject of dress has been uppermost in the minds of some writers, says M. J. B. in the St. Louis Star. How terrible is their position when they fly into a passion of words, and declare on this or that one's authority, that "rational dress," which means knickerbockers, is condemned and tabooed. Shall a mantua maker's judgment prevail, when he himself said less than twelve months ago that his firm did not care to make cycling costumes, because an ordinary walking dress would fetch $125, and it was the cheapest price they had? Now, a lady who writes for the official organ is sure that "knickerbockers" have seen their end.

Perhaps in her exclusive circle, yes. But, then, she is not very deeply versed in experience, as, according to her own story, riding gives her a headache.

I have, at some pains and the expenditure of considerable time, read many makers' catalogues, representing, as they do, the foundation of cyclodom. The millions and millions of dollars invested by them in the industry ought certainly to aid in giving a conservative estimate to the public mind.

In all I have perused about fifty catalogues. Of this number I find that seventeen openly favor rational dress and diamond frame wheels for women, and the others, while not expressing any opinion on the subject, show attractive sketches of rationally attired women riders.

Will the opinion of men milliners influence the women riders more than the makers' aggregation of brains and money?

In the argument used, it is said, after naming celebrated women, that they have decided to wear such and such a costume, and everybody should imitate them. If we follow their lead in dress, why not in morals? You know the kind of morals I mean.

A week ago Saturday on the Coney Island pathway, out of twenty women riders counted in a short time, nineteen were rational dress and rode diamond frame wheels.

In California, Chicago and Paris "rationale" predominate. That it will always be a matter of personal taste I maintain.

The great increase in the number of lady riders calls for special recognition at our hands this year. The proper fulfilment of this is made less difficult for us by the introduction and rapid adoption of the rational costume. The knickerbocker suit, when properly made and worn, is manifestly more appropriate and modest than flowing skirts. This leads directly to the use by lady riders of the diamond-frame, which can be made lighter than drop-frame machines for the same degree of strength.

This is rather an age of differentiations than of apologetics, and we hardly realize how quickly we move from the stage of discussion to that of accepted fact. A brief year or so ago we were all agitating the subject of rational costume for women on the wheel, but today the whole tenor of debate is not upon the broad question, but rather upon the more practical point as to which kind of rational costume is best. Today a woman who rides a wheel may don or doff her skirts at her own sweet will. No one will forbid or command either way; all that is asked is that while enjoying the most glorious exercise under the sun, she shall remain graceful, modest and womanly.

CYCLING CHAPERONS.

A new occupation is looming up on the impecunious woman's horizon. It is a significant fact that mothers who advertise for governesses require a knowledge, upon the instructress' part, of 'cycling, in order that she may accompany her young charges when they go a-wheeling. It seems likely that a new remunerative employment may open up for women in the form of cycling chaperonage.

In regard to the much discussed question of dress, a skirt long enough to reach six or seven inches below the knees, this being short enough to render pedaling easy, seems to find many advocates. Few people are really decided about knickerbockers. The other morning there were two girl cyclists on the platform of a country station. One wore a short skirt, the other knickerbockers. The contrast was remarkable, the latter looking conspicuous and far from graceful. She could not even walk about without indulging in a mincing swagger and thrusting her hands in her pockets. She was not an impressive figure, all her femininity having disappeared.

There is a skirt which English women are wearing for cycling which gives perfect freedom and makes life on wheels worth living. The peculiarity of this skirt is the clever introduction of a wide trouser, which gives the freedom of a knickerbocker with the appearance of an ordinary walking skirt. It is made of serge or tweed, lined with silk. A blouse and short jacket are worn to complete the costume.

The clever English girl who wishes to go to a dinner party or a dance and does not own that luxury, a carriage, mounts her wheel in wheeling costume, her evening dress neatly folded up in a box or bag being secured to the bicycle in some ingenious way, and off she goes, with her father or her brother as an escort. Upon her arrival at the scene of festivities, she slips into her gown as easily as you please.

DENNIS' FAST MILE.

Melvin O. Dennis, a Denver wheelman, enjoys the distinction of having ridden the fastest mile on a bicycle on record. He rode the distance unpaced in 1 minute 11 3-5 seconds.

A few days ago some Denver riders discovered a smooth stretch of road east of the city and conceived the idea of making a straight-away course of it, says the Republican. They had it accurately measured by a surveyor and, during last Friday's high wind five of them went out to the course and trials were made. There was a lull in the dust cyclones and Dennis took this opportunity to make his trial. He rode a wheel geared to 107 and says he pushed on the pedals as hard as he could all the way.

The watches showed 2:45:35 2-5 when Dennis crossed the tape at the start and the timers snapped their timepieces at 2:46:47 as the rider flashed across the finish line. The mile had been made in 1 minute 11 3-5 seconds, or at the rate of 73 1-3 feet to the second. Dennis rode for a quarter of a mile beyond the finish line before he was able to stop his wheel. Then the wind was so strong that he could not ride back, but was compelled to walk and drag his wheel after him. His throat had been so affected that he was unable to speak aloud for some time. The sand was blown with such force across the prairie by the wind that the enamel and nickeling on the machine was literally ground off and the steel underneath brought to view.

In the middle of the course a ditch crossed the road. The ditch was bridged by a narrow culvert raised an inch above the level of the road. Spectators say that Dennis' wheel seemed to skim along in the air for twenty feet after striking this bridge before it touched the ground again. Had he swerved a few inches and gone into the ditch there would not have been enough of him left to pick up. The boys are waiting for another hurricane to come along and propose trying to do a mile a minute.

MOUNTING THE WHEEL.

One of the greatest difficulties women have to contend with in bicycling is learning to mount easily and gracefully off the level roadway. It is easy enough when the friendly curbstone or raised footpath is handy, but to stand on tiptoe in the road while the dress is adjusted on the saddle, and then effect a good start, is a gymnastic feat which few are equal to, especially on an up or down grade. The fact is, this is not the best way to mount. The best way—in fact, the only proper one, not so easy to learn, but far more effective and graceful when accomplished—is this: Get the pedal into position for starting, grasp the handles firmly, and stand exactly in front of the saddle, with one foot on the pedal and the other firmly planted on the ground; then, by an upward and backward spring, you are in the saddle in a moment, with the machines well started by the weight of the body thrown upon the pedal and the push from the other foot on the ground. The dress, moreover, falls equally on both sides and needs no adjustment, and the other pedal is easily caught as it comes up by the foot which has just left the ground. In raising the body very little actual spring is needed. Most of the weight should, as we have said, be thrown upon the pedal, but some pressure on the handles will assist. After a little practice it will be found much more easy and effective than the other method. It is best to try it at first at a standstill, with some one to hold the machine. In mounting down hill it is a good plan to hold on the brake until the moment of starting.

This is one of the most difficult phases of cycling, and many women who wear bloomers prefer mounting even a drop frame from the rear, considering the method not only far safer, but also much more graceful.

THE FEMININE SWEATER.

For a long time the girls, and even women, have felt that they would be happier if they could wear sweaters. It was tried by some adventurous spirits, and, while found perfectly satisfactory about the throat, lacked the symmetry women have learned to prize about the waist.

This has led to the manufacture of women's sweaters. These lack that style which made the manly sweater so desirable in women's eyes. But, on the other hand, they gather in at the waist and are entered after a manner more familiar to women than is the male sweater. At first they were only used in gymnasiums, but now they are considered a necessary part of almost every woman's wardrobe. The up-to-date sweater is not only a sensible garment, but an exceedingly stylish one as well.

The coming summer girl will be devoted to the sweater. She can wear it when wheeling, riding or sailing, and, in fact, they are sure to be the fastest friends, for there will be dozens of times when the little knit arrangements will just fit the occasion.

The modernized sweater is far removed from awkwardness. It fits like a glove, and for sleeves are generally the long, full, bishopy sort, with a tight-webbed cuff, which clings to the arm snugly from elbow to wrist, and over which the full upper part falls with all the gracefulness that fashion demands.

One can find all colors and styles in sweaters. Sailor collars and neatly rolled-over small ones are the kinds most generally seen, and they give a very jaunty effect.

The act of getting into one of these garments looks to be a heart-breaking operation, but in reality it is simplicity itself. They either button on the shoulder or lace in front, and it is no more trouble to get into one of them than an ordinary waist.

THIS GIRL HAD PLUCK.

When scorching bicyclists of the male sex refuse to adopt the chivalric sentiment "Place aux dames," they must not be surprised if ladies protect themselves, as one of them did, according to the London Daily Telegraph, the other afternoon in Brompton road, and, amid the plaudits of many spectators, gained a notable victory. The cyclist was racing along at his best pace, and the lady was crossing the roadway. Instead of making a detour to avoid her, the man simply rang his bell and rushed on without abatement of speed, considering that he had thus done his duty to society.

Pedestrians on the footpath and 'bus men on their perches saw that a collision was inevitable. So did the lady, who braced herself for the ordeal and resolved on offensive tactics. Giving her body—not by any means that of a pigmy—a rapid swing, she brought the strongest and most padded part of her figure into contact with the front wheel of the machine and the bicyclist himself and then sent both sprawling into the roadway.

Then, giving her skirts another swing just to prove that they had suffered no damage, she finished her journey across the road and, turning round and laughed with others at the unlucky cyclist, as he picked up himself and the disjecta membra of his once perfect machine. He made his way to the curbstone, where he sat down to contemplate the damage, and finally he put the thing on his shoulder and carried it away.

HOW RIDERS SHOULD BEGIN.

Assuming in the first place that you have purchased your wheel and had the saddle adjusted at the proper height, which is now done wherever wheels are sold, and that you have learned the art of mounting and maintaining your equilibrium in a riding academy under an instructor, or, better still, in the hands of a friend upon the asphalt, you are ready to begin preparing yourself for the long rides that you probably intend to take later in the season. For the first week do not ride more than a mile or two, or perhaps three miles, morning and evening, say at 8 or 9 a. m. and 4 or 5 p. m. If you master the wheel readily you may be able to exceed this, but in no case ride long enough to get thoroughly tired out. The new rider tires before she realizes it, and great harm may be done by too severe exertion at this stage. Smooth roads should be chosen where traffic is light. The green rider is liable to lose her head and get a spill on a crowded thoroughfare. Don't try any trick riding or hill climbing. You ought to be able to do five miles and return by the end of the week if the roads are entirely favorable and a good rest is taken before starting back.

WHO SHALL CLEAN THE BIKE?

A discussion has arisen in London as to whether the cleaning of bikes should be included among the duties of the servants in a household. The servants are much opposed to it. In some instances the masters and mistresses maintain that the servants are justified in making objection. Others contend that the cleaning of a wheel should be a regular part of the duties of the servants.

What is regarded as a settler in the way of an argument is that no men or women with proper sporting instincts will permit any person to handle their bikes, even for the purpose of cleaning them, except themselves.

CYCLE CHAT.

It is not in the least necessary for a puncture to drive the average rider into a state of panic, and if he will but take a moment or two to do the job properly he will be amply repaid for his trouble in having a permanent repair, provided, of course, that he has single tube tires. In the first place, make sure that the plug has a blunt edge patch of ample surface, the more ample the stronger the mending will be. It is not necessary to attempt to put a very large patch into a very small hole. To complete the operation see that the puncture hole and plug patch are clean—scraping with a common penknife will serve the purpose—and then with a cement of good consistency, insert the plug, inflate the tire, allowing the former a moment or two to properly settle, cut off the projecting stem and ride away.

The secret of bicycle popularity is not appreciated by the average layman until he finds himself astride of one, and subject to its magic influence. Its whole value seems to lie in the fact that the wheel has revealed to man that his natural power of locomotion can be multiplied. With the same amount of energy required to take one stride, a rider on a seventy-gear wheel can cover eighteen feet of ground, almost a realization of the magic power of the seven-league boots.

Most of the big racing teams will soon begin racing, while the less fortunate riders, who are not under contract, are also thinking of taking their preliminary training, in order to be in prime form when the cycle racing season opens in May. Louisville, where the Fountain Ferry track is located, will be the scene of a large gathering, though some of the riders will report at Savannah and others in California.

It has been said that there has been a waste of effort and money in a good many cases where promoters have agitated the question of good roads and cyclist's speedways. In order to insure success of plans of this character, it is necessary for harmony to prevail among the various classes of wheelmen, who should unite for the good of the cause. Wheelmen of America want better roads, and need them badly.

L. D. Cabanne, the St. Louis racing man, who was suspended for life on the charge of having participated in a plot to throw a race, is now circulating petitions throughout the West calling upon the racing board to reinstate him. Cabanne never confessed complicity as charged by the cycling board, and to this day affirms his innocence.

Single tube tires have reached that stage of popularity where they are almost the universal choice. The great ease with which a puncture is repaired and the assurance of safety that is ever with the rider in a degree are two of the things that have resulted in the success of the single tube tire.

The Detroit Driving club has consented to permit the Detroit wheelmen to use its track for a great bicycle meet on May 29 and 30.

Ohio has followed the example of the Empire state and made it a misdemeanor to place tacks or such things in the path of the bicycle tire.

Count Magre, the two-and-a-half foot Italian nobleman who married Gen. Tom Thumb's widow, has ordered a bicycle built. The frame will be only twelve inches high and the diameter of the wheel eighteen inches. It will weigh less than ten pounds and will cost $250.

Mrs. Jennie Barlow, of Colorado Springs, has the distinction of being the first lady appointed to the position of local consul.

A new use has been found for bloomers. They were used recently by a couple of San Francisco women as a means of smuggling opium to Honolulu.

The legislature of Maryland, which has just adjourned, allowed the puncture bill to stand as their idea of what wheelmen should have in the way of legislation. Wheelmen say that there is another session coming, and another election, and then they will take a hand and convince legislators that it is not such a wise stroke of policy to ignore the wants of devotees of the bicycle. Wheelmen are increasing with wonderful rapidity. It is probable that they will control 50,000 votes in Maryland at the next general election.

The smallest bicycle ever built to ride is the property of Joyce Madeline Slocum, of Dertoit. The wheel has an 11-inch frame, 16-inch wheels and weighs 15 pounds. Its owner is a child of 4 years old.

The newest thing in a bicycle brake has recently been patented by a Berlin bicycle house. It works on the lever principle and is fastened to the tubing of the frame just over the pedal crank axle. It is operated with the heel of either foot, and since it acts instantaneously on the rear wheel the bicycle is stopped very quickly. The brake is light and useful in case of danger.

H. K. Clover, an Omaha, Neb., inventor, has evolved a gasoline motor of one and one-sixteenth horse power, which is capible of running an ordinary bicycle about forty miles an hour for sixteen hours without a fresh supply of power. The motor consists of two cylinders attached to the rear wheel and supplied with gasoline from the tubing of the machine. The whole apparatus, with the bicycle and gasoline, weighs but about forty-two pounds. It may make a revolution in modes of travel.

Connecticut has 998 league members. Once she had above 2500.

The membership of the League of American Wheelmen has now reached 43,977.

M. J. Flack has been appointed chairman of the race committee of the L. A. W. national meet, to be held at Louisville next August.

A cycle path between Saratoga Springs and Glen Falls, N. Y., has been proposed, and the wheelmen of the two towns named have agreed to raise $2000 for the purpose of building the path.

Bicycling will this season be more popular than ever with London's smart set. Hyde Park is now open to cyclists, and the Green Park club for ladies is taking steps to make its enclosure at Battersea Park especially attractive this season. This club now numbers Princess Christian Victoria, an accomplished cyclist, among its members.

FOR BICYCLE GIRLS.

Chicago Times-Herald: Don't lend your wheel.

Don't borrow a wheel.

Don't imagine you are a racer.

Don't ride too far at first.

Don't forget your matches.

Don't lean too far forward.

Don't forget your pump.

Don't forget your repair outfit.

Don't ride on flat tires.

Don't thump up your back.

Don't think a bicycle is a dray.

Don't forget to turn to the right.

Don't keep in the middle of the road.

Don't ride on the railroad tracks.

Don't ride too high a gear.

Don't use bicycle slang.

Don't ride a tandem with a "soldier."

Don't let a puncture go unrepaired.

Don't forget the number of your wheel.

Don't try to ride like a man—if you're a woman.

Don't leave your wheel unlocked in the street.

Don't go out after dark without a lantern.

Don't get tires that can not be easily repaired.

Don't turn too short in a wet road.

Don't ride "hands down" where the sprinkling wagon has just been.

Don't fail to oil your wheel every Saturday night.

Don't ride too close to your riding partner.

Don't take your wheel apart unless you are sure you can put it together again.

Don't wear a long, peaked jockey cap if you have to wear skirts.

Don't talk bicycles to people who don't want to listen.

Don't think you lighten your load by raking the tools out of the tool bag and carrying them in your pocket.

Don't attempt bicycle tricks before you can sit in the saddle.

Don't think diamond frame wheels were designed for women.

Don't think bloomers give a woman license to act like a man.

Don't join a cycling club unless you want to, but it's a good scheme.

Don't "ride down to business" unless you are properly dressed for it.

Don't think you "won't be in it" if you don't have the latest make of wheel.

Don't learn to ride on a new wheel. Rent an old one.

Don't take off your back step to remove an ounce of weight.

Don't pull your belt too tight.

Don't ride too soon after eating.

Don't drink much water on long rides.

Don't attempt a century before you can ride around the block.

Don't ride with your saddle so low that your knees pump up in front of your chin with every turn of the pedals.

Don't claim that your wheel is the only good one on the market. There are others.

Don't forget that wet tires puncture easier than dry.

Don't think the "pedal" mount is the only correct one. The "back-step" mount is more graceful and doesn't rack the wheel as much.

Don't ride on the pommel of your saddle. You won't get there any sooner.

Don't try to run down pedestrians.

Don't expect to ride a bicycle and not have your nose sunburned.

Don't think sweaters and bicycle suits are made to save laundry bills.

Don't drink beer while on long rides. It makes the rides much longer.

Don't ride so far from home that you can't get back.

Don't sell your last year's wheel before you know where you can get a new one.

Don't wear too blooming bloomers.

Don't chew gum. It looks bad, and doesn't make your wheel go any faster.

We Make Wheels Too!

Eldredge & Belvidere.

They are the Lightest Running Wheels on Earth and Strictly High Grade.

We Always Made Good Sewing Machines! Why Shouldn't We Make Good Wheels?

QUALITY GUARANTEED THE BEST

Marshall-Wells Hardware Co., DULUTH, MINN.

NATIONAL SEWING MACHINE CO., BELVIDERE, ILLS.

AMONG THE SPORTS.

The sporting situation in this city is plunged in an unsoundable gulf of inactivity. Of course the weather, which has prevented wheeling, has been largely responsible for the lack of actual sports, but worse still, no one is talking sports of any kind, and so far as surface indications go, one might imagine that the young men of Duluth were an intensely solemn and sober set of young men, who never so far forgot their dignity as to indulge in sport which was violent enough to ruffle their well-combed locks or to start the slightest perspiration.

Such is not usually the case, however, therefore it is all the more wonderful that it should be as it is at present. The only event of the near future is the annual Memorial day road race, which is yet about six weeks' distance, but even that, which has always been one of the features of the year, has not aroused the slightest energy. At this time last year plans were well under way and a dozen candidates for the road race honors were in the field. This year a committee has been appointed to look after the race, but it has no plans so far.

There is but one wheelsman in all the city so far who has announced that he will ride in the road race, and his name is Walter Murphy. Of course there are others, but they have not yet come out. C. C. Evans, the winner of the place prize in last year's race, will undoubtedly come out later. There were some able-bodied kicks coming last year on the handicaps, and on that account some of those who rode will not this year. B. Taylor was surprised to find himself handicapped as though his riding was equivalent to a flash of lightning, and it disgusted him so that he has not thought yet of riding this year.

However, it is hoped that everything will be straightened up soon and that candidates for the road race prizes and places will come out in a volume soon. It is perhaps a little early, and prospective candidates should be allowed a little space of dry road in which to try their mettle and get up their courage.

* * *

Aquatic fowl of all eatable species and the grouse, brant and snipe families go off easy this year. Their season closed Wednesday, and they may not be disturbed without invoking the law before Sept. 1. There was no weather this spring in which people cared particularly to go out and hunt, consequently there were few birds killed, and these toothsome families have had an abundant opportunity to increase. Further down in the state, however, there has been more hunting, and it is said that the ducks have been found particularly fat and juicy.

All the game birds are enjoying closed seasons now. The chicken and grouse families are protected until Sept. 1. Beginning with July 4, however, anyone who finds them will be at liberty to shoot woodcock and bertram or upland plover.

May 1 we will all go fishing. The open season on trout and other lake and river fish will open on that date, and "we won't do a thing," as a well-meaning but somewhat slangy friend remarks.

* * *

Riley Grannan, the well-known plunger of the turf, was not the only man who lost heavily on the races in San Francisco recently, says the Evening Wisconsin. Carroll Johnson, the actor, was on the coast during the time that "Little Pete," the Chinese plunger, was creating such havoc among the bookies. Mr. Johnson says he followed Grannan to a great extent and the horses selected were of the best. He could not understand why they should lose so regularly, and still no one caught on to the game until the Chinaman made his coup d'etat on the race in which Sea Spray was defeated. This was too much for the talent, as it was conceded on all sides that Sea Spray was withheld, otherwise he could have won the race in a canter. Like Grannan, the rest of the Eastern plungers were nearly all broke, and Carroll Johnson was among the ones unlucky enough to get caught in the "cinch game." Mr. Johnson says the report that "Little Pete" won only $50,000 is rot. He says that the Chinaman had been working the races for at least two weeks and his winnings were not less than $150,000.

* * *

Ball games were played Monday in many cities in the country in honor of the late Harry Wright, "the best friend baseball ever had." The proceeds will go toward the erection of a monument for the father of the national game.

* * *

Maher and Slavin were matched Sunday at Pittsburg to fight before the Eureka club, Long Island, May 29, for a purse of $6000, of which the loser will get $1000. The fight will be twenty rounds.

* * *

Chairman Gideon, of the L. A. W. racing board, has completed the dates for the national racing circuit. Among them are: Appleton, Wis., July 9; Superior, Wis., 16; Milwaukee, 4.

* * *

Much interest is being taken in the pentathlon contests at the Y. M. C. A. gymnasium, not only in the association but outside. Tuesday evening the fourth event of the series of five will be finished, part of the contestants having already completed. The interest is nearly all centered in Dr. Fred Richardson's work, as he has a fair fighting chance of coming out ahead of Seecamp, who has stood at the head of the list so far. The interest outside the association is manifested by the report of a bet of $25 laid on Richardson and Seecamp by outside parties.

SNAKES EAT TROUT.

Several Foes of the Speckled Beauties.

According to experts, anglers for speckled trout will be disappointed to learn that the hunt for the gamy fish in Orange and Sullivan and adjacent counties in New York state, Sussex county, New Jersey and Pike county, Pennsylvania, will not be a profitable undertaking the coming season. Many streams were dried up last summer and millions of small fry were killed, says the New York World.

Only fish in brooks supplied with living springs survived. Larger streams running into the Delaware or Neversink rivers allowed full-grown trout to return to those waters for safety.

Hundreds of trout, ranging from one to three inches long, were seen last fall in pools dead. There was no water running and the fry had lodged in this muddy pool and died from want of fresh water and their crowded condition.

The water snake, mink and water rat have killed thousands. The owner of a fine trout stream in Sullivan county says that when the other brooks in his vicinity had dried last fall he began to notice unusual numbers of water snakes and mink about his brookway, which is fed by several big springs. He discovered many half-eaten trout along its banks. Watching, he saw snakes catch the fish, bringing them ashore to devour.

The following morning he declares he and his boys killed thirty-seven water snakes, every one of which, when cut open, had a trout all the way from five to eight inches in length in its stomach. They also killed twelve mink the same week, something that had not been done on his place before in twenty-five years.

Jacob Bauer, the restaurantuer at the Erie depot at Port Jervis, states that mink and water snakes played havoc with the trout in his breeding ponds, eighteen miles west of this place, late last fall. Sixteen minks and over 200 water snakes were killed.

Trout fishing will be poor, the experts say—it cannot be otherwise under the circumstances. What is needed is more hatcheries where fish capable of taking care of themselves can be transferred from the hatchery to the brook without long-distance traveling—fish that are from three to five inches in length, not little fry just fit for every redfin in the brook.

If every county had its hatchery for inland fish there is little doubt, it is claimed, that there would be fish enough to replenish the streams.

Nobody doubts that The Evening Herald is "the best." At 10 cents a week (delivered) it is amazingly cheap. Telephone No. 324, two rings, or send postal.

A "DELICIOUS" FUNERAL.

This was overheard in a North Clark street cable car, says the Chicago Record:

"I was sorrry I couldn't go."

"You missed it, dear. It was a perfectly lovely funeral."

"Large crowd?"

"Oh, indeed, yes; and such swell people, too. I think I never did hear a better quartet. They had a new soprano who was simply heavenly."

"I dare say the flowers were nice."

"Oh, they were perfectly magnificent. I told Clara that the flowers were never so much finer than those at the Wilson funeral."

"Black casket, I suppose?"

"It was very dark and had the sweetest lining I ever saw. The body of it was pale pink satin puffed, and then there were delicate roses, and they were all hand-painted. I never saw anything prettier."

"Did you go the cemetery?"

"Yes; and do you know, their lot was just one mass of green, and inside the grave they had a thick bed of evergreen covering the box. It was simply superb."

"Well, it's just my luck," said the one who had missed all the festivities. "I didn't know it was to be so swell."

"Well, it was. It was the prettiest funeral I've seen in years, and I'm awfully glad I went."

And then they began to talk about the grand opera.

ST. PETERS THUMB.

Portuguese fishermen say that the black spot on each side of the haddock's head is an imprint of St. Peter's thumb and fingers. According to the tradition, in the haddock was the fish from which he took the piece of tribute money miraculously found in its mouth.

AN UNJUST SUSPICION.

Chicago Record: "I'm afraid your young man is not economical."

"Yes he is, papa; he asked me to go sleigh riding tonight, and he wants to borrow your cutter."

MUNYON

FACTS THAT CANNOT BE DENIED.

STRONG STATEMENTS IN FAVOR OF HIS IMPROVED HOMEOPATHIC REMEDIES

Ask Your Druggist For Munyon's Guide to Health, Select a 25-Cent Remedy and Cure Yourself.

John Regenfuss, an employe of the Pabst Brewing company, and residing at 993 Winnebago street, Milwaukee, Wis., says: "I was, on account of severe rheumatism, unable to attend to my work for several months. Nothing I took seemed to do me any good. Now I am about again, thanks to Professor Munyon, whose medicine has done so much for me."

Munyon's Rheumatism Cure seldom fails to relieve in one to three hours, and cures in a few days. Price 25 cents.

Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure positively cures all forms of indigestion and stomach trouble. Price 25 cents.

Munyon's Cold Cure prevents pneumonia and breaks up a cold in a few hours. Price 25 cents.

Munyon's Cough Cure stops coughs, nigh sweats, allays soreness and speedily heals the lungs. Price 25 cents.

Munyon's Kidney Cure speedily cures pains in the back, loins or groins and all forms of kidney disease. Price 25 cents.

Munyon's Headache Cure stops headache in three minutes. Price 25 cents.

Munyon's Pile Ointment positively cures all forms of piles. Price 25 cents.

Munyon's Blood Cure eradicates all impurities of the blood. Price 25 cents.

Munyon's Female Remedies are a boon to all women.

Munyon's Asthma Cure with herbs, $1.

Munyon's Catarrh Remedies never fail. The Catarrh Cure—price 25 cents—eradicates the disease from the system, and the Catarrh Tablets—price 25 cents—cleanse and heal the parts.

Munyon's Vitalizer restores lost powers to weak men. Price $1.

Munyon's Remedies at all druggists, mostly 25 cents a vial.

Personal letters to Professor Munyon, 1505 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa., answered with free medical advice for any disease.

DIET AND DIGESTION.

Chicago Dispatch: Bean soup may be digested within three hours.

Beans may be properly digested in two hours and a half.

Melted butter requires three and a half hours for digestion.

Cheese cannot be properly digested under three hours and a half.

Wheat bread requires three hours and a half for perfect digestion.

Oyster soup requires from three to four hours for proper digestion.

Baked sponge cake requires two and a half hours for proper digestion.

Three hours are required for the digestion of broiled or boiled mutton.

Alexis St. Martin digested broiled venison steak in an hour and a half.

Boiled parsnips are completely digested at the end of two hours and a half.

Hashed meat and vegetables will be digested in two hours and a half.

Carrots are considered difficult of digestion, requiring over three hours.

Green corn, properly masticated, will be digested in three hours and a half.

The capacity of the stomach is varied greatly by age and habits of eating.

Boiled apple dumplings require from three to four hours for proper digestion.

Boiled turnips will be properly digested at the end of three hours and a half.

The frying pan is said by physicians to do almost as much harm as the beer mug.

People digest food that they relish better than that which is distasteful to them.

Nobody doubts that The Evening Herald is "the best." At 10 cents a week (delivered) it is amazingly cheap. Telephone No. 324, two rings, or send postal.

HER FRIENDS MISSING.

New York Mail and Express: "Mamma," asked the little 4-year-old, "how do you spell 'ginger?'"

"Put away your book, dear. It is time for you to go to bed."

"Papa, how do you——"

"Don't bother me, Katie."

"What does it mean when it says——"

"Didn't you hear your mother?"

Katie threw the book on the floor.

"I don't believe there's anybody that loves me," she burst forth, "'cept grandpa an' God. Grandpa, he's in Michigan, an' I don't know where God is."

EXCURSIONS SOUTH.

NO CHARGE FOR FULL INFORMATION.

Apply to H. R. Dering, A. G. P. Agent, 248 South Clark street, Chicago, for details concerning Home Seekers' Excursion to the South. He will extend valuable aid in arranging for a trip and give you the benefit of low rates over Pennsylvania Short Lines.

Ten cents a week for The Evening Herald delivered at your house. Telephone No. 324, two rings.

IN THE LABOR FIELD

The institution of an insurance company of, by and for organized labor is attracting much attention in labor circles, the general feeling being that the scheme is practicable, and that it will work to the great benefit of labor organizations to keep the profits of the business in their own pockets rather than allow them to go to the enrichment of corporations, the interests which are not in common with those of labor, at least, and are, often, actually hostile to them. The committee appointed to investigate the matter will make a report favorable to the inauguration of union insurance, and will submit to the assembly articles of incorporation for a company to be formed. We can run our own mercantile establishments, why not, with equal success, our own insurance company, is the question that is asked, and there seems to be but one answer, and that is that the scheme is worth trying at least.

The first number of the Labor World, which made its appearance on Saturday, is first class in matter and attractive in form. It promises to be an ally of labor's cause, whose utterances will command respect and carry weight.

The first step in enforcing the law assuring to labor the same right to organize as capital has for long enjoyed has been taken, and the sentiment is that the iron companies, and through them, all employes of labor, shall be taught that there is a law for the toiler as well as for those whose wealth he helps create, even though it is necessary to carry the fight to the last ditch.

THE TRADES ASSEMBLY.

The Trades assembly has acceded to the request of the Journeymen Plumbers' union for aid in its fight against the employment of non-union plumbers by M. F. Crosby. It being resolved at the special meeting called to consider the matter last evening that if Mr. Crosby is allowed to employ non-union plumbers on the new brewery, the product of that establishment will be declared unfair.

Delegate Otto Sturm, of the plumbers' union stated, in behalf of that organization, the situation to be that Mr. Crosby, who has the contract for the plumbing work on the Upper Peninsula brewery, had displayed evidence of an intention to ignore the union and employ non-union men, and it was desired that the assembly take such a stand as to bring Mr. Crosby to time.

On motion of Delegate McEwen, it was resolved with but two dissenting votes, that the secretary be instructed to notify Manager Houck that the product of his brewery would be declared unfair; should the employment of non-union plumbers be allowed. Delegate Nichols made an attempt to have the matter referred to the grievance committee for settlement, but his motion was declared out of order.

A delegate from the Bricklayers' union, who was a member of the committee appointed to confer with the brewery people, also spoke against the action taken, saying that Manager Houck is living up to his agreement made with the committee. This called forth a reference to the charge that Crosby had been a scab, and, for a moment, it looked as if the whole matter of the trouble with him would be again opened up for discussion, a tendency that was headed off by the chair.

The action taken last night stands without the necessity of being referred to the assembly at a regular meeting. The following appointments to the recently created standing committees were announced: Committee on public and municipal affairs—Baker, Findley, Cobb, Ferguson and President Thomas. Committee on grievances—Murphy, J. McCullough, McEwen, Heasley and Haire.

CHICAGO TRADES ASSEMBLY.

Unless some unseen obstacle intervenes the passing of this week will see the reorganization of the Chicago Trade and Labor assembly and the dissolution of the Labor congress. All the steps toward a harmonious settlement of differences have been taken and the joint meeting of delegates from the two bodies tomorrow is expected to have smooth sailing in all but minor details.

Thus, despite strenuous opposition from certain quarters, the terms of the Chicago compromise, made at the American Federation of Labor convention in New York, will have been successfully carried out, and unity and harmony will be restored, to a great degree, in the ranks of the trade and labor unions, which have been so long divided.

The Trade and Labor assembly, from whose dissenting members the Labor congress was formed, has stood the test of time. It was organized in 1866 in the old city hall and at that time embraced all the labor organizations in Chicago. Thomas Nolan was its first president and Frank Lawler its first secretary. Among the labor unions which were represented in it at that time were the Journeymen Stonecutters' union, which has just achieved victory in a fight for an eight-hour day; the Lake Seamen's Benevolent association, Typographical union No. 16, Cigarmakers' union, No. 14 and various others.

The work of the Trade and Labor assembly was excellent from its inception. It organized most of the trades unions which are in existence in Chicago today, as well as many of the central allied trades bodies, among them the Building Trades' council, Painters' District council, Women's Central Trade council and others.

The assembly was reorganized on a broader basis than before in 1886, and up to the time of the secession of the members who formed the Labor congress had an untroubled history. And though for the past two or three years labor in Chicago has been divided, it has continued its work unabated and has been recognized as the most important local central body in the United States.

The Trade and Labor assembly is glad to amalgamate with the Labor congress, not only in the interests of unity, but also because of the growing strength and importance of the congress, which numbers in its ranks many of the most prominent labor men in the city. The necessity for gathering these men under one banner was considered more paramount than selfish interest and attendant strife.

The consolidated body will occupy a noteworthy position in the realm of labor, principally because Chicago is the storm center of the labor movement and the place where most progressive labor movements have had their inception. It will be a trade union organization in the most absolute sense. As was the case when the bodies worked separately, the reunited organization will eschew politics. All questions of political affiliation will be left to the judgment of its individual membership.

In the near future it is proposed to simplify the business of the Trade and Labor assembly by having it made up only of delegates from the central bodies of allied trades. There are now twenty-two of these organizations in the city, well-managed and capable of reflecting the ideas and wishes of their respective memberships.

RUSKIN CO-OPERATIVE COLONY.

The Ruskin Co-operative association colony, near Tennessee City, Tenn., is described by a writer in the St. Paul Pioneer Press, who says that after five years of existence it is in good condition and its prospects bright for the future. The people have had their difficulties and overcome them, and now, united, in sentiment, are bravely looking forward to the new work of the opening season, and before another winter closes over them will, in all probability, be enjoying not only the material comforts of home, but some of those opportunities of culture which do not ordinarily find their way into the lives of workingmen.

Ruskin was located upon a rugged piece of ground on the timbered hills, or "ridge land," not adapted to agriculture, and so, while seeking more suitable land, temporary structures were erected. However, the new site lately acquired presents the features sought, being good farming land, and upon this the work of building the permanent town has already begun. This place, locally known as Cave Mills, is a few miles from the present site, has a splendid water supply, land under cultivation, a grist mill running, a good site for the little town, and, with its clay beds, building stone and the timber of the old place, gives abundant raw material to be developed into home and comforts by their labor. Indeed, while there are 150 persons in Ruskin now, the immediate need is for more workers.

The families live in separate houses, but all use the common dining hall, which is under the charge of Seward Carnegie, and employs a professional cook from outside the ranks. This arrangement seems to meet with general approval because of ease and economy. But the most encouraging feature of the whole is the spirit of unanimity and pull-together which prevails. And I never saw so many women and children in one bunch who could get along as they do, day after day, without a squabble.

The association is now well officered, and the people back them up by active and earnest work, and everything of importance is submitted to a vote of the entire membership. Aside from the housekeeping and cooking, the occupations for which there are still facilities include those of farming, sawmill, store, blacksmith, quarry, brick and terra cotta work. The caves, themselves, are quite an attraction to neighboring people, and, when the town is built and better roads provided, will no doubt make it somewhat of a regret. The store business of the colony is regarded by neighbors as a convenience, furnishing, as it does, a market for their surplus products, which make up the food supply of the Ruskinites, who do not as yet provide for themselves. Ruskin has also furnished considerable employment to neighbors.

On the whole, Ruskin may be considered a success thus far, and, with the prospects before them, there is no reason why the colonists should not attain the permanency and prosperity which they seek, along with the increasing comforts which come with larger membership and just administration of their affairs for the common benefit.

AGAINST PRISON LABOR.

In a recent address before a Detroit organization C. J. Whelan used strong argument against prison labor and deprecated the Michigan law regarding the subject. He said the state board of charities last year addressed the supervisors in all the counties of the state, asking them to enforce the law, in the interest of civilization as well as the taxpayers. The circular showed that of the prisoners confined in the county jails about 60 per cent were drunks, tramps and disorderlies, and that the system of frequent arrests, which is largely due to the fee system, was a heavy tax to the hard working citizen.

"If such be the case, it seems to me that the system of compelling the prisoner to work is a direct tax on the hard-working citizen and exempts capitalists from taxation for the support of the jails and prisons. If the prisoners through their labor support the prisons, the entire taxation falls upon the sons of toil by placing cheap convict labor on the market in competition with the workingman's labor and depriving him of a fair recompense for his toil.

"For example, I cite from the statement in a Sunday paper: In Grand Rapids the city furnishes the stone at a cost of about $3.25 per cord when delivered, and when broken by the prisoners it is sold for about $6.25 per cord, and with a guard paid $2.50 per day by the city, fifteen men working eight hours per day can break a cord. That will leave 50 cents for the keeping of the men. The honest, law-abiding, hard-working man is cheated out of that amount of work that he would have otherwise earned and receive proper compensation for it if there were no convict labor in the market.

"In the Detroit house of correction the principal industry is chair making, and the labor of the convicts has been made so profitable that the institution has turned into the city treasury during the last five years a considerable sum of money."

PUSH, DON'T MOPE.

Moping for increased pay, for better hours and just treatment is useless. Put your shoulder to the wheel and help move it as you wish it to turn. It will not turn itself. Grieving over the past is foolish. The past is dead, only as we have gained in experience, says the Railway Telegrapher. The future is bright if we will only wipe the tears away and gaze at it with a clear eye. Kicking up rows because the labor movement is slow is waste of energy. Use the energy to help push the labor movement onward and it will recompense you at some time; if not you, your son or daughter.

Sighing for roses or because your environment gives you a chill is childish. Reach out for the roses and strive to improve your environment. Put the leaven of hope into your life; get an up-to-date union card and join the ranks of those who are battling for labor's rights. In a word, be a man of purpose and action, not a useless, inactive human stump in the industrial world.

QUESTION OF ARBITRATION.

Judge Tuley's efforts to induce the Chicago clothing manufacturers to submit their case to arbitration have been unavailing, says M. J. Carroll in the Eight-Hour Herald. The manufacturers take the ground that their contention is so just, that right and fairness are so firmly intrenched in their cause, it would be folly for them to go before an unprejudiced jury to learn whether or no their case is as sound as they profess to believe it to be. It will strike any fair minded man that the reasons the manufacturers give for not submitting to arbitration are just such as would lead one to count the fullest inquiry if he believed his own assertions.

What is to be the outcome of all this?

GALLEY 2.

LABOR.

For years the people of this state have agitated in favor of the passage of a law looking to voluntary arbitration of industrial disputes. Such a law was passed at the last meeting of the legislature, and it appears as though the law would be rendered useless by the stubbornness of the employers. What are the working classes to do next to secure a peaceful settlement of these disputes will they turn to compulsory arbitration as did the people of New Zealand? We know that there is a strong feeling against compulsory arbitration, but we begin to believe that a law that will compel arbitration on the part of the employer would be one not altogether to the disadvantage of the worker.

CAN INVITE COMPARISON.

The Masons, Odd Fellows and kindred organizations are composed of men who are drawn from all walks of life. Not so the trades unions, whose membership in the beginning was drawn from the ranks of those who by the force of adverse circumstance had for centuries been kept down in the social scale and denied the opportunities of obtaining an education, says the Cigarmakers' Journal.

Today the trades unions contain some of the best speakers and writers that can be found. Their local meetings will compare favorably with that of the large meeting in point of the general appearance of its members and the character of its works and debates, while their conventions in point of intelligence, appearance and general debate will outpoint any legislative body, including the federal congress, in the land. Trades unions, in elevating the intellectual, moral and physical well being of its members, have performed a worthy task and benefit to society at large, that is second to none of the many achievements in the annals of the history of the rise and development of this country.

GENERAL LABOR NOTES.

Toledo has fifty-eight unions.
Minneapolis coopers struck.
Buffalo sailors are organizing.
Congress contains 287 lawyers.
Toronto reports a printers' strike.
Toledo is to have a labor temple.
Unionism is spreading in Buffalo.
Texas has one horseshoers union.
Auburn, Me., shoe workers struck.
Auburn, N. Y., has a bakers' union.
San Francisco shinglers organized.
San Francisco has a milk combine.
Detroit waiters now have a union.
Denver has 367 union compositors.
Frances Willard is a single-taxer.
Green Bay, Wis., unionists paraded.
Detroit has seven carpenters' unions.
Buffalo stonecutters work eight hours.
Maine is to have a "Bellamy colony."
Nashville tobacco workers will organize.
Buffalo bicycle workers have formed a union.
Buffalo has only one non-union stonecutter.
Free employment bureaus are multiplying.
Elwood, Ind., compositors have organized.
Tailors in Omaha are on a strike.
A paper mill has been started in Hamburg, Germany.
The iron output of Michigan is 9,000,000 tons a year.
The cooks and waiters in San Francisco have organized.
India has five woolen mills, all of which have a large trade.
The union label has been adopted by Toledo laundry workers.
The Brotherhood of Bookbinders will hold its annual convention in St. Louis May 5.
Girls in Vienna bookbinding establishments are paid from 75 cents to $1.75 a week.
Milwaukee bartenders held a mass meeting.
San Francisco has a "butchers' board of trade."
At Forty Mile, Alaska, miners get $10 a day.
Seattle farmers talk of establishing a fruit cannery.
Unionists are boycotting three Indianapolis theaters.
Sydney, Australia, compositors average $12.50 a week.
Tacoma butchers want peddling of meat prohibited.
Kansas City now has a Printing Trades council.
Hartford machinists held a mass meeting Sunday.
An Allegheny parson says poor wages cause dishonesty.
Anderson, Ind., stage hands struck and won an advance.
Chattanooga printers' strike was satisfactorily adjusted.
Ft. Wayne carpet layers and house decorators organized.
Denver stores now close at 10 instead of 11 o'clock.
The Federation of Washington, D. C., branch has seventeen unions.
Milwaukee bodies now have an Allied Printing Trades council.
A St. Louis machine typesetter set 74,100 ems in seven hours.
Utah prohibits the employment in mines of children under 14.
St. Joseph, Mo., girl shirt workers struck against 75 cents a day.
Bay City, Mich., shipbuilders struck against receiving wages in checks.
Logansport, Ind., compositors were assessed $1 each for Detroit strikers.
Unionists at Terre Haute who attend a boycotted theater are fined $5.
Detroit machine molders won a strike for a minimum wage of $2.50 a day.
New York Herald advocates compulsory arbitration of railway disputes.
St. Louis unionists insist that only union men be employed on convention hall.
Chicago structural ironworkers demand an increase of 7½ cents an hour.
Beverly, Mass., shoeworkers struck against a cut of from 20 to 30 per cent.
Detroit striking cigarmakers have recently received $6000 from out-of-town bodies.

It is said that there are 20,000 garment workers on strike throughout the country.

San Francisco iron moulders protest against non-union and prison made stoves and ranges.

Knights of Labor are pushing the bill to have money order offices receive money on deposit.

The annual convention of the iron and steel workers will be held in Detroit on May 19.

The Horseshoers' union in many Western cities will demand eight hours a day on July 1.

Eight hours on street work is demanded of the city of Lansing, Mich., by the Federal Labor union.

Negro workers in the Transvaal mines are paid $15 a month, with board and lodging. They work eight hours a day.

Stonemasons are getting ready to enforce the eight-hour day on May 1. They count 12,000 men who will stand pat.

Johannesburg compositors won their demand for 1 shilling 5 pence per 1000 and 2 shillings 6 pence for overtime.

The world's labor congress meets in London late next week in July. Organizations of all countries will be represented.

The San Francisco Trade and Labor alliance has endorsed the offer of the building trades to establish the working card.

Many Brooklyn ice wagon drivers have left the company and are now working on their own hook.

The Illinois bureau of labor declares that all personal property should be exempt from taxation.

Chicago reports 500 new union painters, thanks to the agreement between the unions of bosses and men.

Labor Commissioner Fitzgerald, of California, will secure contractors who owe $75,000 in wages to employes.

Detroit striking printers rejected the proposition of employers to settle the strike by admitting non-union men to the shops. They drew the line at former members of the union.

On and after May 1 the union carpenters will enforce the $3 per day minimum wage on all work done in the city and county of San Francisco.

Chicago stonecutters won a strike. The agreement provides that all stonecutting machines shall be manned by a planer man and a stonecutter.

Detroit Trade council endorsed the proposed establishment of a newspaper devoted to the public schools. The expense is $10 per day for 5000 copies.

A bread war is on between Italian bakers in San Francisco. The price has been cut to 5 cents per three loaves. The normal price is 5 cents per loaf.

The first union of horseshoers in Texas has been organized under a charter from the International. Several more unions are in prospect for the near future.

The cigarmakers of St. Paul endorsed the proposed measure which will compel manufacturers in different cities to pay the same wages in all towns.

The journeymen plumbers, gas and steam fitters of Kansas City will demand eight hours on May 4—$3.50 for senior plumbers, $3 for senior gas fitters and $2 for juniors.

The call for the semi-annual convention of the Minnesota State Federation of Labor, to be held in Minneapolis on the second Sunday in June, will be issued in the course of a few days.

When the street car working agreement at Detroit goes into effect May 1 the old trouble of two scales of wages will possibly be obviated. At present men receive 19 cents an hour for the first ten months, and then the amount is raised to 21 cents per hour. The agreement committee, who now have the work in charge, will ask the Citizens' company to pay 21 cents to all men. The Detroit railway is bound by agreement to meet every advance of the Citizens' company.

FOUND IN A BETTER WAY.

Exchange: Miss Coygirl—Jack Softleigh told me last night that I ought to accept him because he was willing to prove his love for me.

Her friend—What did you say?

Miss Coygirl—I said I couldn't see it in that light.

Her friend—Then what did he say?

Miss Coygirl—Nothing. He just turned the light out.

ALL FREE.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it free. Call on the advertised druggist and get a trial bottle, free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing. Duluth Drug company's drug store.

Nobody doubts that The Evening Herald is "the best." At 10 cents a week (delivered) it is amazingly cheap. Telephone No. 324, two rings, or send postal.

EASTER

How a Confederate Refugee Led an Episcopal Church Service.

He Was Compelled to Occupy the Pulpit For Safety.

Ruse of a Rector Who Favored the Cause Which Lost.

A new man read the service on Easter in an Episcopal church in the town of St. Joseph, Mo., in 1865. That night a Confederate officer, who had come back from Virginia with a wound, ran the federal picket out on what was known as the Gentryville road and escaped, says the Chicago Caronicle. The rector was a young man whose known sympathies for the South had not interfered with his effectiveness in the chancel or his popularity in the city. He was sincere in everything he undertook, and his ideas of justice were based rather on the Mosaic law than the doctrine that was preached from the mount.

The Confederate officer who came back to St. Joseph during the war had enlisted in the commencement at Savannah, a county seat town in the county adjoining that in which St. Joseph is the seat. His people lived in Savannah and St. Joseph, and one of his brothers has since been an official in Montana, and was conspicuous delegate to the national convention held in this city which nominated Grover Cleveland.

AN ERA OF LAWLESSNESS.

The wound the young officer received nearly cost him his life. He returned home to die in peace. He was in the house of his father in St. Joseph. There was not much fighting in that section in 1865. The draft had thinned out the population, or that part of it capable of bearing arms. The town was in the hands of the federals, and one of those militia regiments which did more to disgrace the cause than they ever did to help it was in possession. The business of the command seemed to be to frighten women and children by searching the homes for returned Confederates and demanding anything they saw which had any value.

The Confederate officer referred to spent his nights, and sometimes days, in the cellar of his home. On several occasions the searching parties were within his reach, but it never occurred to them that a human being could lie under a lot of potatoes that were stored in one corner of the cellar. This condition of affairs wore upon the aged parents of the young man, who saw in every ring of the door bell a squad of searching militia.

The rector of the church often called at this house. Its inmates were his parishioners, and those were times when the minister found that he had more to do in administering consolation to his own flock than in trying to convert the unbeliever.

THE SEARCHING SQUAD.

He was at the house of the parents of the young officer one night when a searching squad of militia called. A storm raging without caused those within to feel more at ease. The young rector and the young Confederate were engaged at a game of chess. The other members of the household were asleep. The rector and the young officer were disturbed by a demand for admittance. The rector answered the demand. For once the young man, who was a prisoner in his own house, thought he would not secrete himself in his hiding place. One reason for this conclusion was that he believed the appearance of a man of the cloth at the door and any explanation he might make would prevent any search. He had not been in Missouri during the darker days of the war, and consequently he did not know that there was an element in the state which had no confidence in or respect for anything which bore the impress of sanctity.

The man in charge of the squad was drenched with rain, and stepped in without ceremony as the rector opened the door. The rector, with innate courtesy rather than from any other motive, stepped aside and said:

"Captain, bring in your squad out of the storm," and a half dozen militiamen answered and brought their guns to the floor. The attitude of the rector and his apparent indifference caused the man in charge of the squad to hesitate, but he quickly recovered himself and asked:

"You are Rev. Mr. —— of —— Episcopal church of this city."

Following the assent to this interrogative statement the man in charge of the squad said:

"Will you give me your word as a minister that there is no one in this house who is in hiding, or trying to escape—no one who is in arms against the government?"

Without the least hesitation, and without a quiver on his lips, the young rector replied in a tone which he meant should be heard upstairs:

"I give you my word there is no one hiding in this house that I am aware of and that there is no one here who is trying to escape, and that there is no one here who is in arms against this government."

Every word he uttered was the truth. His conscience was at rest.

THE UPPER ROOM.

"There is a light in the room upstairs. I saw it as I came along with my men. Is there anyone in the room now?" asked the man in charge of the squad.

"I cannot answer that; I do not know," was the quick and firm answer.

"You hesitate to tell me directly," said the man in command.

"If you know anything about me, you know that I hesitate about nothing of which I have any knowledge." The intimation of the militiaman had nettled the rector's exalted sense of his own integrity.

"Attention, squad! Shoulder arms! March!"

The squad marched to the room above, followed by the rector. When the squad entered the room no one else was there. The chessboard was exactly as it was when the rector had left the room to answer the summons.

"There is no one here," said the man in command.

"You see for yourself," was the answer.

"I am not a chess player," said the man in command, "but is it not true that it is a game which requires two to play?"

"It is," answered the rector.

"Where is the person with whom you were playing when I demanded admittance to this house?"

"I do not know."

"Why was it necessary for that person to leave this room?"

"There are several reasons why he may have done so. He must answer that to you himself."

"Where is he?"

"I am here." The young officer stepped into the room from a closet in the hall and stood before the squad and its commander.

"Who are you, and why are you here?" asked the captain.

"I am ——," was the reply without hesitation. "I am here to assist Rev. —— in his Easter service tomorrow at his church. Is that treason?"

The captain turned to the rector and demanded:

"Do you give me your word as a minister that what this man says is true?"

"He has told you the truth," replied the rector. And in his heart he was still an honest man. He had said nothing thus far which left any care upon his conscience as a man of his profession.

"I will be at your church in the morning," said the captain. "If this man is there as your assistant I will apologize to you and him for this visit. If he is not and you cannot explain it, I shall require you to report to the colonel of this post immediately after your sermon. Attention, squad! Shoulder arms, march!"

STUDYING THE SERVICE.

The tramp, tramp, tramp grew fainter on the stairway and the door closed. Not until then had the rector or his prisoner stirred from where they stood when the squad marched out. After the door below closed the rector said:

"You must come with me to my study, now. You have been reared in this church and you might have been in my place if you had wished. But I fancy you are a little rusty in the rudiments."

The young Confederate looked at the chess board, on which a few pieces were standing, and said to the rector: "It is your move."

"Mate," replied the rector, as he moved a knight to a square which, supported by a castle, prevented any move of the king.

The young officer put on his rain coat and the rector left a note for the parents of the young man, explaining that "Ben" had gone home with him and would read the service the next day.

It was the sort of Easter that comes in that section, but which we rarely see in Chicago. It was a day of sunshine and flowers and in the face of a great congregation a young man known to none, save the family and the rector, read the service impressively, as he had been drilled by the rector, and the text of the sermon, while not exactly an Easter text, had in it an appropriateness that some understood: "Thy Faith Hath Made Thee Whole."

After the service an officer called at the vestry and made his apology. That night the assistant of the day crawled through the picket line of the militia and escaped. The rector had gone that far with him, and the incident of the day was forgotten in the news of Lee's surrender, cartels and within a few weeks the assistant of that Easter morning was in the church again. And the rector's voice was heard chanting: "I am the resurrection and the life."

STARTLING FACTS.

HEALTH AUTHORITIES GREATLY AGITATED.

Death Rate Twelve Per Cent Greater in January '96 Than in '95—Good Advice to Follow.

A total of 2022 deaths in Chicago during a month in 1896 has given that city's health department great concern. Dr. Frank W. Rielly, assistant commissioner of health, in his January report, says: "There has been a marked increase in deaths from diseases of the heart and kidneys." The statements of Dr. Reilly are borne out by proofs, and no doubt the same facts, if they could be obtained, would be shown to exist in all cities and towns of the country.

Kidney diseases are prevalent everywhere; among the rich as well as the middle classes, but there exists no reason why Chicago's people should be more afflicted with kidney troubles, Brigat's disease, rheumatism, gout, etc., than any other city. Still it is not to be wondered at that such prominent medical authority as Dr. Rielly should "advise those with symptoms of incipient Brigat's disease, (or kidney complaint) to seek advice on the first appearance of kidney trouble."

Because kidney diseases are so dangerous, so insidious, and because unhealthy kidneys bring on Brigat's disease, rheumatism, gout, neuralgia, diabetes, dropsy and other similar troubles. The best advice to be given for such diseases is to use Dr. Hobbs' Sparagus Kidney Pills. They are a sure specific for all kidney troubles.

Physicians endorse Dr. Hobbs' Sparagus Kidney Pills, and are fully justified in doing so. Thousands who have been restored to health have added their testimony to the curative powers of these wonderful pills.

Every city and town's death rate can be lowered by the timely use of Dr. Hobbs' Sparagus Kidney Pills. Have you the rheumatism, gout, diabetes, dropsy, neuralgia? Have you pains in the back, headache, thirst, dry skin, puffiness of the eyelids, swelling of the feet and ankles, or dark-colored urine? Which are some, though not all, the symptoms of Brigat's disease and other kidney troubles.

Heed the warning. Take the advice given and run no risk of swelling the death rate in your city.

Ten cents a week for The Evening Herald delivered at your house. Telephone No. 324, two rings.

JACK ASTOR'S PLUCK.

"Jack" Astor, who has just reached the age of 30, is developing rapidly. It is the fashion now to tell big yarns about "Jack" to show what a splendid chappie he is. The old story about his wedding tour through Florida, when he made the whole state mad because it was declared "the just, neglected his wife shamefully," has been forgotten since he chipped in so jauntily his $3000 to give the governor a good time on the Atlanta trip. They say now that an engine broke down on that trip, and "Jack," waiting until the engineer and all the train hands gave it up, crawled under the trucks, repaired the damage in three minutes and was saluted as master mechanic of the road. I have a still better one of "Jack," says a writer in the New York Press. The last time he sailed for the country of William Waldorf the main shaft of the steamship cracked and a cylinder head threatened seriously to blow off. "Jack," it is said, promptly sat on the cylinder head to hold it down, and from that position repaired the break in the shaft so that the vessel could proceed.

"Know who it is?" an enthusiast asked of an oiler.

"Chief engineer of the fleet," was the reply, in a whisper of admiration.

"Not at all. That's the great John Jacob Astor; worth $500,000,000!"

"Naw? Great Lord! He must have his life positively insured!"

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A GREAT BIG PIECE FOR 10 CENTS

As good as can be made regardless of price

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VITALITY in MEN Restored

Failing Sexual Strength in Old or Young Men can be QUICKLY and PERMANENTLY cured by me and I will send a valuable treatise, free, to a healthy, vigorous man. Sufferers from

Nervous Debility
Weakness
Varicocele

and all wasting Diseases, should write to me for advice.

I have been a close student for many years of the subject of weakness in men, the fact is, I was a sufferer myself. Too bashful to speak of it to old men or reputable physicians, I investigated the subject deeply and discovered a simple home remedy, finally successful. Instantly that completely cured me, and I always enlarged me from a shrunken, stunted condition to natural size and strength. I will convey to you or any old man to know about it, free, as I feel a personal interest in such cases, and no one need hesitate to write me as my communications are held strictly confidential. I send the recipe of this remedy (or kidney complaint) to cure, absolutely free of cost. Do not put it off, but write me fully at once, you will always bless the day you did so. Address,

THOMAS SLATER, Box 2052
Skipper of famous Kalamazoo Celery, Kalamazoo, Mich.

DR. DIX'S Celebrated Female Powders never fail. 10,000 ladies declare them safe and sure when all other remedies have failed. Particulars 4 cents. DR. S. T. DIX, Back Bay, Boston, Mass.

SANTAL-MIDY

These tiny Capsules are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cubebs or Injections and CURE IN 48 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience. MIDY

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BLOOD POISON A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary Syphilis permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for the same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Syphilitic BLOOD POISON that we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

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This Famous Remedy cures quickly and permanently all persons diseases, such as Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Headache, Wakefulness, Lost Vitality, nightly emissions, evil dreams, impotency and wasting diseases caused by youthful errors or excesses. Contains no opiates. Is a nerve tonic and blood builder. Makes the pale and puny strong and plump. Easily carried in vest pocket. $1 per box; 6 for $5. By mail prepaid with a written guarantee to cure or money refunded. Write us for free medical book, sent sealed in plain wrapper, which contains testimonials and financial references. No charge for consultations. Beware of imitations, sold by our advertised agents, or address NERVE SEED CO., Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill.

SOLD IN DULUTH, MINN., BY S. F. BOYCE AND BY MAX WIRTH DRUGGISTS.

PITCH AND GRAVEL ROOFING. FURNACES AND SKYLIGHTS, TIN AND SHEET IRON WORK. Repairs for the Union and Kernan Furnaces kept on hand REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

McMartin & Co., 23 FIFTH AVE. WEST. Telephone No. 642.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of the sum of four hundred and sixteen dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Michael Banack and Annie Banack, his wife, mortgagors, to R. G. McCarthy, mortgagee, bearing date the 28th day of May, 1889, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 31st day of May, 1889, at 9 o'clock a. m., in Book 42 of mortgages, on page 45.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said R. G. McCarthy, mortgagee, to A. Fitger and Percy S. Anneke, by written assignment dated the 18th day of January, 1892, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 3rd day of February, 1892, at 12 o'clock m., in Book 83 of mortgages, on page 57, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot numbered eighteen (18), on East Eighth street, in Duluth Proper, First Division, according to the recorded plat thereof and lot numbered eighteen (18), in block eighty-seven (87), in Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof on file in St. Louis county and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 18th day of May, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of four hundred and sixteen dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated April 4th, A. D. 1896.

AUGUST FITGER AND PERCY S. ANNEKE,
Assignees of Mortgagee.

SCHMIDT, REYNOLDS & MITCHELL,
Attorneys.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-4-11-18-25-May-2-9.

SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE.—Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court of the state of Minnesota, in and for the Eleventh judicial district, and county of St. Louis, on the 10th day of April, 1896, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in said court and county in an action therein, wherein Albert G. Simonds was plaintiff and Harry N. Morgan defendant, in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendant, for the sum of two hundred ninety-one and 47-100 dollars, which said execution has to me, as sheriff of said St. Louis County, been duly directed and delivered, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction, to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, on Monday, the 25th day of May, 1896, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all the right, title and interest that the above named judgment debtor had in and to the real estate hereinafter described on the 10th day of April, 1896, that being the date of the rendition of said judgment, the description of the property being as follows, to-wit: Lot numbered fourteen (14), in Block numbered one hundred eight (108), in Portland Division of Duluth, according to the plat thereof of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, also the west one-half (w½) of the southeast quarter (se¼) of section numbered nine (9), in township fifty-two (52), north of range fourteen (14) west of the fourth principal meridian, according to the government survey thereof, said property lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Minn., April 11th, 1896.

W. W. BUTCHART,
Sheriff of St. Louis County, Minn.,
By Amos Shephard,
Deputy.

CASH, WILLIAMS & CHESTER,
Attorneys for Judgment Creditor.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-11-18-25-May-2-9-16.

A LEGEND OF VERMILION LAKE.

A hundred miles north of the western end of Lake Superior is a region of infinite solitude and loneliness. If life exists there, it is such a life that but increases the feeling of utter loneliness and weird solitude. In great forests, dark-colored stretches of water and ghostly lakes lie hidden from all but water fowl and wild creatures of the woods, says Horace T. Carpenter in the Chicago Times-Herald.

Long ago a tribe of Indians, it was said, made its home upon the wild shores of one of the larger lakes. Here, isolated from the world, strange rites and practices were reported as having been witnessed by some venturesome trapper. One not aware of their near presence might paddle within 100 feet of their landing place without even noticing it. Ungainly bowlders thrust their smooth, brown forms up out of the shallow depths, half hidden by the wild rice that grew in richest abundance far out from the wooded shores. It was one of the largest bowlders that served as a grim sentinel at the entrance gateway, itself partly hidden, the passageway it headed was craftily screened from any possible intruder, presenting simply a thick stretch of rice. But a canoeman, upon reaching the other side of the bowlder, would find a narrow way that these children of the woods used, silently and stealthily gliding out upon the broad waters of Lake Vermilion and as quietly returning at nightfall.

Whence had these aborigines come, for they were not of the region born? Some of their customs reported give evidence of Eastern origin, customs of the woods and shores of the far Northwest. Doubtless they had drifted ahead of advancing and menacing civilization, had traversed vast forests, floating in their light birch-bark canoes down steep, treacherous streams, or skimming the waves of the great stormy lakes with the ease and surety of birds until, finding a safe and congenial refuge in this remote wilderness, far north of the great lakes, they found themselves comparatively free from both hostile tribes and civilized foes. And they retained undisturbed and undisputed possession of their chosen land.

However their customs originated, certain it was strange acts were credited to them. Some were barbarous and cruel, some without apparent meaning or purpose, but in one practice the legend carries interest and wonder. The practice referred to was that of sinking their little papooses to the bottom of the lake each fall, where the little ones sleep peacefully and safely all the cold winter long, watched over by the great muskellunge, the swift and wakeful pike.

In the springtime, at the melting of the snow, when the sweet arbutus begins to shyly push its dainty little pink and white petals from under fallen leaves, the deerthongs that were tied by trembling mothers around the forms of their little ones begin to loosen, and, as the ice melts away, that upward to the surface that each little bundle may be found when the mothers return to claim their own.

This tribe of Indians were said to live along the lonely lake only during the warm months, migrating southward each fall after the first ice had skimmed the shore line. Solemn ceremonies were enacted during the actual placing of the papooses in the water. Three of the oldest squaws of the tribe—having renewed strength given them for the purpose by the Great Spirit—performed the actual sinking of the precious little bundles in the water, carefully slipping them over the side of the canoe, the while uttering strange invocations and incantations. The mothers, apart from the greater gathering, huddled together at the edge of the water woefully wailing, chanting and swaying their bodies in rhythmic motion, while occasionally some unreconciled mother would with difficulty be restrained from rushing into the water, as if to rescue the little ones from the fate she could only understand when motherhood had opened her eyes.

But in the springtime, upon the return of the tribe and regaining of the papooses, which were always found alive, fat and happy, long seasons of festivities and rejoicings were indulged in.

Little else was known of this isolated tribe and of their strange doings until late one spring, after an unusually severe winter, when a trapper, a French Canadian, who had left the nearest trading post early in the previous fall to spend the winter in seeking fur in the neighborhood of Vermilion lake, returned loaded with what he sought and overrunning with marvelous and incredulous stories. Then, again, was the legend of the papooses given a new life, for though he recounted his experiences many times with a curious mixture of French and English, and though, too, his experiences varied more or less each time he recounted them, according to his audience and the time o' night, yet in the main he kept pretty close to the following:

He had arrived at Vermilion lake during some beautiful autumn weather; had pitched his camp on the opposite shore from the Indian encampment, not thinking it wise to venture nearer their lodges. The lodges were not visible, though he could locate them from the curling smoke and the barking of dogs. For several days he paddled around, catching fish with little effort, until early one morning he noticed a canoe shoot out from the side of a great bowlder at the edge of a thick growth of rice and reeds. An aged Indian, whose haughty and dignified bearing indicated one of authority, sat in one end, while at the other an Indian girl swiftly and gracefully paddled the canoe. The Canadian floated out where they could get a full view of him, but neither the Indian nor the girl paid the slightest attention to his presence. This happened several mornings in succession, when he approached the canoe so closely that there was danger of collision. While the girl stopped paddling and looked with some wonderment at the trapper, the old Indian fiercely grasped a paddle as if to fight off the intruder, and his wrinkled visage was distorted by anger. But the Canadian, with signs of friendship, picked up a fine trout he had just caught and presented it as a peace offering. Strange to say, the offer of friendship was not ignored and finally the old Indian's features relaxed and, muttering a few unintelligible words, he accepted the fish. This was the beginning of a daily meeting between the three. The girl was slender and rather prepossessing, and inclined to be friendly, so that one evening, upon their return he ventured to follow them to their encampment. He evidently was not a welcome guest at the lodges, for nothing but scowls and suspicious glances met his rather timorous advances. However, the old chief made him welcome at his tepee and his daughter—for so the maiden proved to be—prepared their meal of fish and berries. During the evening it had suddenly turned cold, and with no blanket he spent a miserably unpleasant night.

Falling off into a doze shortly before daylight, it seemed but a moment before he was awakened by a strange feeling of uneasiness that he could not account for. Shivering, he raised himself on his elbow and listened intently. Peculiar sounds as though a boat were being pushed through thin ice came from the direction of the water's edge. Then low, weird, chanting, plaintive and melancholy, came to his ears, terminating with sobs and cries as of papooses. The trapper had little thought of personal physical danger, but with his surroundings and recalling the stories he had heard, he felt a little creepy and decided that if his curiosity was to be further satisfied he would prefer it should be done from his canoe.

So in the breaking light he silently and stealthily crept into the deep shadows of the wood. As he stepped into a small opening he was startled at seeing a figure perfectly motionless in the center of the plat with clasped hands and bowed head. Before he could retrace his steps he was observed, and at the same time he recognized the chief's daughter. He had from time to time pleasantly communicated with the maiden while with her father, mostly by the sign language. The girl, however, paid no further attention to him, and indeed seemed not to be aware of his presence, but slowly moved toward the lake. Piqued, and yet full of curiosity to know something further of an event that was evidently a sudden and important one, he followed the girl to the edge of the water. The water here was comparatively free from any growth. Without a moment's hesitation the girl stepped into the water, and as her moccasined feet crunched through the thin ice, which he had not before noticed, the meaning of the whole performance was made plain to the Canadian. He knew that this was the first ice that had formed, and he knew, too, before the day was over not a vestige of the encampment would be left. If tradition were true, every papoose would be at the bottom of the lake and the tribe on its southward journey.

This flashed through his mind as he helplessly watched the girl wade out a few yards, afraid to interfere with what he considered part of the ceremony. Standing in the water to her knees, the girl turned to the east, and, burying her face in her hands, commenced a low, sweet chant, full of plaintive weirdness, not unlike what he had heard. Suddenly she stopped. Then once more, in a far higher key, renewed the chant until it became harsh, discordant and wild. Then again absolute silence. Only the shrill note of a killdeer broke the stillness that brooded over the white, lonely lake.

The girl bent lower, moaning as in great grief, when a subdued, stifled sobbing was heard, which seemed to come from the bottom of the lake. The Canadian felt his hair beginning to raise, when with a quick, terrified cry the girl sank into the water.

With a few bounds through the icy water the thoroughly startled Canadian was at her side, and soon had the unconscious form on dry ground. At that moment a canoe came crunching through the scum of ice from around a near point of land, paddled by three aged squaws. It took but a moment for them to land, and, apparently aware of the girl's presence, were instantly bending over her. With suspicion and hatred showing in their eyes, the Canadian well believed that his safest place would be as far away from that spot as possible.

In recounting this the Canadian said that a few weeks later he returned to the old encampment, where he spent one night in an improvised hut—the ground then white with snow—but he heard nothing but stifled sobbing the whole night long, and no power could induce him to spend another night there.

Whether he did or not the writer does not know, but he does know that years later he visited the lake himself, and paddling across the beautiful sheet of water in a frail canoe and pusaing a way through the thick rice growth, he found a beautiful landing spot. Following a wild, rocky and wooded path a few hundred feet an Indian encampment was discovered. No welcome was extended, but in the short visit many squaws were seen picking berries and many with wide-awake papooses on their backs. And it the black-eyed little creatures had spent the long, cold winter at the bottom of the lake, the practice must be a healthy one, for happier, fatter little youngsters never existed.

WE CAN'T LAST FOREVER.

But we may prolong our continuance on earth by keeping in good working order the physical organs which providence has vouchsafed to us. Among the more important of these is the liver. Either through neglect or provocation, let this great secretive gland remain in or get into disorder, and you will soon find an Asiatic change in your complexion, you will feel very uneasy in your right side or under the right shoulder blade, your tongue will take on an unseasonable coat of fur, sick headache and nausea will ensue. Don't resort to a powerful purgative, but begin and pursue a course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Then you will get well speedily and thoroughly. This great household remedy for biliousness also relieves and cures malarial and kidney complaints, constipation, incipient rheumatism, dyspepsia and the infirmities begotten by an enfeebled condition of the system. It promotes sleep and a tranquil state of the nervous system.

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FASHIONS

(Continued from page 16.)

all other skirts, not to mention "bloomers."

The front view of this garment has every appearance of a plain walking skirt, with the only difference of being somewhat shorter. The division is at the back and defies detection when walking, and when seated on the wheels falls gracefully on each side; the Eton coat worn in this instance is the kind I have already suggested as being the most useful to be worn with any skirt for ordinary use. Here it is composed of a dark tan cloth matching the skirt. It has an under collar of the same shade and an over one of white cloth, the effect of which is exceedingly becoming both to blondes and brunettes. A turned-up sailor hat with a brown wing adorns this fair rider's head.

Another charming suit for this pastime comprises a black and white check tweed. The skirt shows pleats down either side strapped across at intervals all the way with white bands, while a belt of the same also keeps the little double-breasted coat compact; the revers two ores of white cloth finished with three rows of narrow black braid at the edges.

For the warmer weather "duck" suits will be au fait for cycling by reason of their being so delightfully light and cool.

Leaving for the moment a subject, which although very interesting, is like everything else, apt to pall after a time, let us turn our attention to the many new styles of shirt waists for the season. I see that the sleeves in cases where the shirt is made of lawn or cambric are to be tucked quite half way down from the shoulder besides all the way down the front of the bodice. These in russet brown shades are very effective especially when worn with a navy blue serge suit. The coat should, of course, be open fronted.

Redfern's most popular coat for this season seems to be an open fronted little "blazer" that has very wide revers faced with some light shades of silk—the one I saw was faced with a pale shade of apple green, the coat itself being a dark bottle green. It is adjusted by one large gold button on the left side; sometimes a mosaic button is preferred. This style of coat is probably so much favored on account of the graceful way it hangs when left quite open, compared to a reefer, which is bound to look a little floppy.

Skirts deserve a few words before I conclude my letter of this week. One that is particularly attractive is made with many gores, each of which are strapped, a method which lends not only additional charm, but also causes the folds to stand out and hang very gracefully; on each side is a special strap, which terminates in a couple of curves at the top. This style of skirt Redfern has decided should be made in such materials as mohair or linen.

OBJECTED TO "APPENDIX."

Philadelphia Record: Six-year-old Maude was spelling over some big words, and, coming to "appendix," said to her papa: "I don't like that word; it's a very bad word."

Papa—"Why so?"

Maude—"It's a very bad disease that people get that kills them."

Maude—"Well, that means something the matter with their appendix."

CONGRESSMAN SHUT UP.

The last time Congressman Bailey, of Texas, was in New York he had business on lower Broadway, says the New York Journal. As he went down on a cable car the conductor shouted out "Houston!" with the pronunciation given to that name in these parts. Bailey looked at a lamp-post.

"You mean 'Hooston,'" said Bailey, "don't you?" The conductor, without looking at him, said: "I know my business."

"If part of your business is to call out the streets properly," said Bailey quietly, "then you don't know it. The street we just passed is not called 'Howston,' as you gave it, but 'Hooston,' for Gen. Sam Houston, the liberator of Texas. If you ever went to Texas and talked about Sam 'Howston,' you'd be lucky to escape lynching."

"If I went to Texas," said the conductor, who was born on Sixth avenue, and who never was farther away from the city than Coney Island, "I'd deserve anything they gave me." Bailey said nothing, for he did not know the answer to this discourteous suggestion.

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DISPUTED

Some Description of the Venezuelan Territory Now Causing Trouble.

A Land Where it is Always Summer Prettily Described.

Wild Stories of Venezuela By a Mutineering Spanish Officer.

In regard to that portion of territory in South America the title to which is now claimed by both British Guiana and Venezuela, nothing more interesting has appeared in print than the following passages, taken by permission of Harper & Brothers from advance sheets of the new book, entitled "Venezuela: the Land Where it's Always Summer," by William Elroy Curtis:

"I was within this disputed territory, between the Orinoco and the Amazon, that the ancient voyagers located the mythical city of Manoah, upon the silver lake of Parima—the El Dorado upon which the wonder and the greed of two centuries were concentrated; the country upon which more ambition rested than any man has ever known. Said Sir Walter Raleigh:

"'I have many years had knowledge by relation of that mighty, rich, and beautiful empire of Guayana, and of that great and golden city which the Spaniards call El Dorado, and the natives Manoah. Whatsoever prince shall possess it, that prince shall be lord of more gold and of a more wealthy possession than either the king of Spain or the great Turk.'

"It was not more than ten years after the return of Columbus from his first voyage that strange tales were heard about the courts of Europe concerning a mysterious city situated in some vague place upon terra firma where were untold treasures of gold and silver and precious stones. Tidings of this barbaric splendor were brought home by every voyager, and each caravel that left the shores of Europe carried ambitious and avaricious men, who hoped, if they did not expect, to share its plunder before their return to Spain. But this alluring El Dorado was not a place. It was a man. The term signifies 'the gilded,' and was originally applied to a mythical king, who every morning was sprinkled with gold-dust by his slaves.

"According to Father Gumilla, one of the most reliable of the early writers, the fable originally referred to the source of the wealth found among the Indians along the coast of Carthagena and Santa Marta. Vasca Nunez de Balboa reported tidings he gained of it from friendly Indians upon the Ishmus of Panama, and while searching for this city he discovered the Pacific ocean. When Mexico was plundered and the treasures of Montezuma were scattered among the nobles of Spain; when Pizarro had stripped the Innocent Incas of the millions their industry had acquired, the avarice of the invaders was not only not satisfied, was more fiercely inflamed, and El Dorado, the highest prize in the grand lottery of the conquest, remained yet to be drawn. By the middle of the sixteenth century cupidity and credulity were excited to the highest degree. The seamanship, the science, and the chivalry of all Europe were called out by this golden phantom, so possible, so actual, so alluring; and more enterprise, more endurance, and more valor were wasted in its pursuit than were ever expended before or since in peace or war. The first tangible evidence of the existence of the mythical city was brought to Europe by Gonzales Ximenes de Casada, a treacherous knigh; who was sent out by Pzarro on an exploring expedition after the conquest of Peru.

"After the peaceful Incas had been subjugated, their palaces and temples plundered, and their cities destroyed, the restless and reckless freebooters that had been attracted to Peru gave Pizarro a great deal of trouble. The viceroy deemed it prudent to keep them occupied, for a community of idle men of that character were capable of infinite mischief. Therefore, as the fable had reached Lima, Pizarro organized an expedition of several hundred soldiers and several thousand Indian slaves to carry their supplies and equipment, and sent them over the Andes under the command of his brother Gonzalo, in search of the gilded king. A more desperate and turbulent band of ruffians was never turned loose upon the world; but, fortunately, few of them returned. The great majority left their bones and armor lying unburied upon the rocky slopes of the Andes and among the forests that hide the affluents of the Orinoco and the Amazon.

"Gonzales Ximenes de Casada, who was an officer of low rank in the expedition, with a handful of selected mutineers, deserted his command, stole his food, and, finding the sources of the Orinoco, followed that river in canoes, while young Pizarro narrowly escaped death from starvation. To avoid the consequences of his desertion, when he arrived in Spain Casada told most fabulous stories of his experience, and for that reason was welcomed as a hero instead of being hung as a knave. One Antonio Galvano wrote a book called "The Discoveries of the World," describing Casada's adventures, and that volume caused more heart-burning and brain-fever in Europe than all the doctors of medicine or geography could cure. Casada described a city called El Dorado, which he claimed to have found in the midst of a great white lake, whose manner house, he said, surpassed in grandeur the palaces of the Incas and the Aztecs and the temples Pizarro and Cortez had plundered and overthrown.

"'All the vessels of the kitchen,' wrote this merciless liar, 'are of gold and silver studded with diamonds and precious stones. In this house are statues of solid gold as large as giants, and other figures in proportion of the beasts, birds, fishes, trees and herbs of his kingdom; yea, and robes and budgets, and chests, and troughs of solid gold. There is a garden of pleasure in the island where the people are wont to recreate, in which are also figures of gold and silver of an invention and magnificence that like of which was never seen. And the king of that country, yea, and all his court, wear apparel of the most famous texture, so that it doth appear like garments sprinkled with gold and silver from his sandals to his crown.'

"These falsehoods were read and believed in all the courts of Europe, and cost the lives of thousands of the bravest knights of two centuries, who plunged into the green gulfs of the Amazon and the Orinoco, never to emerge again. Casada brought lumps of virgin gold picked up in Guiana to prove his words, and even the fable of the Amazons seemed as true as the gospels to explorers who had seen the Carib women in Hispaniola and Jamaica, and along the Spanish main, fighting as warriors by their husbands' sides.

"One of the most tragic and romantic stories of the search for El Dorado concerns the fate of Pedro de Ursua, a noble, handsome, generous and popular young knight of Navarre, who was sent by his uncle, the viceroy of Peru, at the head of a large army to find and plunder the city that was paved with silver and the river that flowed over sands of gold. His sweetheart, Dona Inez de Atienza, was a beautiful young woman of Trujillo, and hers was no common love. Although gently nurtured and of delicate physique, accustomed to surroundings of luxury and refinement, she insisted upon sharing his adventures and hardships, and, as the ancient chronicler quaintly expresses it, 'forsook not her lord in his travels even unto death.' Inez de Atienza is the heroine of the Orinoco as Madame Godin is of the Amazon.

"Ursua was assassinated by his disappointed lieutenants after the expedition had been out four months, and a few days afterwards a fiend incarnate, named Aguirre, caused Inez to be murdered in her sleep because her mattress took up too much room in his boat. The pious chronicler of the expedition exclaims: 'The birds mourned on the trees, the wild beasts of the forest lamented, the waters murmured their grief, the fish groaned beneath them and the winds execrated the deed when the wicked Llamoso cut the veins of her beautiful white neck while she was sleeping and let the blood of her pure heart flow away.'

"She was buried on the banks of the Orinoco, among the forests in the foot-hills of the Andes. The men who followed Aguirre were so touched by her fate that they gathered flowers to cover her grave, and cut this epitaph in the bark of a tree under which she was laid:

"'This is the burial place of one whose beauty and faithfulness are unequalled, and whom cruel men slew without cause.'

"Columbus and Raleigh, the two most gifted and conscientious of American explorers, told tales that were even more fabulous than the legends of Casada, and nobody doubted their truth. John Milton himself lent them credence in 'Paradise Lost,' and the blessing of the pope gave a sanctity to the search for the savage Croesus. Columbus was derided, Cortez was sneered at and Pizarro was pronounced an imposter, but the world, which always vibrates between absolute scepticism and absolute credulity, finally came to believe not only in them, but in everything their imitators told.

"The nuggests of gold and the rudely wrought images and ornaments of the same metal which Sir Walter Raleigh laid at the feet of Queen Elizabeth when he returned from his exploration of the Orinoco doubtless came from the now famous mine of El Callao, but the El Dorado was never found. No courage could overcome, no persistence could discover what did not exist, and the fabulous king of the fabulous island still sits on his fabulous throne, covered from his fabulous crown to his fabulous sandals with the fabulous dust of gold."

FREE PILLS.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of constipation and sick headache. For malaria and liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25 cents per box. Sold by Duluth Drug company, druggist.

QUEER BURMESE CUSTOM.

It is a Burmese custom on the night of a wedding for a number of young bachelors to surround the young couple's house, and pelt the roof. The explanation given by the natives is that nine celestial beings, or Brahmans, having elected to remain on earth, and having partaken of terrestrial food in place of celestial manna, degenerated from their pristine angelic form, and, taking the shape of mortals, five became men and four women. The fifth man naturally resented being left compulsorily single, and pelted the happy couples on their wedding night, and it is thought that the stone-throwing of the present day is done out of sympathy with the feelings of that bachelor of long ago.

During the winter of 1893, F. M. Martin, of Long Reach, W. Va., contracted a severe cold which left him with a cough. In speaking of how he cured it he says: "I used several kinds of cough syrup, but found no relief until I bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, which relieved me almost instantly, and in a short time brought about a complete cure." When troubled with a cough or cold use this remedy and you will not find it necessary to try several kinds before you get relief. It has been in the market for over twenty years and constantly grown in favor and popularity. For sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle by all druggists.

WHY OUR NERVES PLAY OUT.

An Analysis of the Conditions which are Responsible for It.

Wonderfully Good Results from the Famous Pink Pills—Brain Wear Checked—Testimony as to Their Merits which Commands Attention.

They are Richer Food for Blood and Nerves than Quantities of Beef and Bread.

From the Examiner, San Francisco, Cal.

The prevalent maladies of diminution of the vital powers, undue physical fatigue and mental exhaustion, are to-day engaging the careful attention of the most eminent pathologists. Their prevalence is ascribed to poisoning through alcoholic drinks, opium tainted and adulterated foods, contaminated water, the vitiated atmosphere of towns, the continuous jar and rumble of railroad trains, the flashing of electric lights, the clangor of street cars, the jingling of telephone bells, the vertigo producing effects of lofty buildings and swift elevators, the perpetual noises and shifting sights of city streets, all the constant activities, the simplest of which involve an effort of the nervous system and a wearing of tissue.

A German author in a recently published work calls attention to these murderous influences that beset the end of the century and points out that the enormous increase in nervous expenditure has not and can not have a corresponding increase of supply in the food we eat. Even if we had the choicest food in the greatest abundance it could do nothing toward helping us, for we would be incapable of digesting it. Our stomachs can not keep pace with the brain and nervous system. The latter demand much more than the former are able to furnish and as the inevitable consequence then comes disaster. The strongest may keep up but the weaker fall by the way. Mankind has become fatigued and exhausted and this fatigue and exhaustion make themselves manifest in the increase of nervous disorders, including such new affections as the "railway brain" and "railway spine," the increase of heart disease, the prevalence of precocious dental decay and baldness, of nearsightedness and deafness and premature old age. To counteract the incessant strain on the nerves and to replenish the wear and tear on the brain caused by every line we read or write, every face we see, every conversation we carry on, every scene we perceive, every noise we hear, every impression we receive is precisely the province of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. They are designed to fill the void in the nourishment of the nerves and brain that no amount of choicest food can fill. In a concentrated form is infinitely richer food for the blood, and the blood is the life of the nerves, than in vast quantities of beef and bread.

It is generally agreed that a man's physical condition is dependent, to a great degree, upon the nature of his employment. Men whose occupation necessitates the constant use of the brain, without any opportunity for physical exercise, are generally nervous, while men employed at manual labor requiring no exercise of the brain function, are almost universally possessed of sound nervous systems, not easily disturbed by exciting events.

A striking illustration of this principle is found in the case of Professor George E. Coleman, who is a professional pianist, and who was, until within recent years, a druggist. Professor Coleman lives at 1530 Buchanan Street, San Francisco. He is well known here as a pianist, having played at some of the most popular music halls in the city. Mr. Coleman is not a man of strong frame, and he has been an easy prey to the severe, nervous tension of his work at the piano. He has had to play continuously for several hours during every evening for five years, and his nervous system finally gave way under the strain. He was forced to retire from regular work at the piano, but that did not have the effect of improving his condition. Upon the contrary, he steadily grew worse. His nerves had been shattered, and in addition he discovered that one of his lungs had been affected by his having been exposed to counter draughts in poorly ventilated halls. His condition soon became such that he was confined to his home, and finally gave himself over to the care of a physician. Mr. Colemun's experience as a druggist had given him an acquaintance with diseases and their remedies, so he had a full knowledge of just what was necessary on his part to effect a cure.

"After several weeks' careful treatment by the physician," said Mr. Coleman. "I could notice no improvement in my condition. If anything, I think I was considerably worse. The action of my lungs had become so weak that I was afraid to walk any distance unassisted for fear of falling, through loss of respiration. My nervousness had advanced to an alarming stage. I was not able to contain myself for even a short time, but had always to be fumbling with something or moving nervously about the room. It was while I was in this condition that I noticed in a paper an article on Williams' Pink Pills. I determined to try them, even though they killed me. Well, they didn't kill me, but I'm not going to tell you that they cured me immediately, my case was much too serious for that. But I had not taken a full box before I felt a great relief. My respiration was more certain, I was gradually regaining control of my nerves and my condition was generally improved. I kept right on taking the pills and getting well. Now, I had taken just three boxes of them when I considered myself a cured man. And I was right, for although I quit taking the pills, I did not relapse into my former condition, but grew stronger daily.

"It was truly a marvelous cure, and I will say that I think Williams' Pills possess remarkable curative properties, and I would recommend them to the use of the thousands of people of this city who are nervous wrecks, or who are suffering from diseases of the lungs."

The foregoing is but one of many wonderful cures that have been credited to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Diseases which heretofore have been supposed to be incurable, such as locomotor ataxia and paralysis succumb to this wonderful medicine as readily as the most trifling ailments. In many cases the reported cures have been investigated by the leading newspapers and verified in every possible manner, and in no case has the least semblance of fraud been discovered. Their fame has spread to the far ends of civilization and there is hardly a drug store in this country or abroad where they cannot be found.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effect of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, all forms of weakness either in male or female. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50, by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best Salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Duluth Drug company.

A SURE CURE
FOR RHEUMATISM, KIDNEY AND STOMACH TROUBLES.

For sale by All Druggists.
Retailers supplied by the SAGAR DRUG CO.,
Wholesalers for Duluth, Minn.

MEN BE A MAN! We send the marvelous French Remedy CALTHOS free, and a legal guarantee that CALTHOS will STOP Discharges & Emissions, CURE Spermatorrhea, Varicocele and RESTORE Lost Vigor. Use it and pay if satisfied. Address VON MOHL CO. 39 B. Sole American Agents, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Big G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A. Trade Mark. Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of three hundred seventy-nine and 50-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Michael Dean, mortgagor, to B. G. Segog, mortgagee, bearing date the 9th day of February, 1893, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 13th day of February, 1893, at 8 o'clock a. m., in Book 67 of mortgages, on page 520.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said B. G. Segog, mortgagee, to Bruno Eyferth, by written assignment dated the 1st day of March, 1893, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 30th day of July, 1894, at 8:30 o'clock a. m., in Book 108 of mortgages, on page 66.

Which said mortgage, together with said debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Bruno Eyferth, the assignee and holder thereof, to J. C. Bertrand by written assignment dated the 28th day of July, 1894, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 23rd day of March, 1896, at 8:40 o'clock a. m., in Book 107 of mortgages, page 256, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north half of the southwest quarter of section twenty-eight (28) and the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section twenty-nine (29), township sixty-one (61) north of range twenty-one (21) west of 4th P. M., containing 120 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 18th day of May, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of three hundred seventy-nine and 50-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated April 4th, A. D. 1896.

J. C. BERTRAND,
Assignee of Assignee of Mortgagee.
SCHMIDT, REYNOLDS & MITCHELL,
Attorneys.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-4-11-18-25-May-2-9.

THE SOUTH

A Springtime Journey Up the Mississippi River to Natchez.

Wealth of Floral Beauty, and Unbrageous Woods in Full Leaf.

Visit to Old Concord, the Home of the Spanish Governors.

Natchez, Miss., April 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—The great desire to form some idea of the travel of ante-bellum days, and move among the interesting pictures so graphically drawn by our ancestors, I took passage on the old boat "Natchez," for the romantic and picturesque city of that name. Our captain was a most genial and pleasant man, and son of the noted old Capt. T. P. Leathers, of New Orleans, (now past his four-score years, but still in active service on the river). I was much surprised on being introduced to the mate of the vessel, to find her a clever attractive young woman. She had lived for fifteen consecutive years on the boat, and had become so thoroughly enamored of her husband's work, studying the current and every bend in the tortuous river, passed a rigid examination before the authorities, and received a full captain's diploma. She executes her work with force and ability, and in no way has it blighted the womanly instincts of her nature. Leaving New Orleans, we passed out by Carrollton, a beautiful suburb, (reclaimed from the marshes) and entered the richest sugar-producing section of Louisiana.

HOMES OF THE PLANTERS.

The handsome homes of the planters, embowered in blooming roses and vines, a wealth of tropical vegetation, and the bright green turf of the levees, formed a most inviting scene, only broken here and there by the tall black steam pipes of the refineries that rise far above the surrounding flat country. On the right bank of the river stands Baton Rouge, the capital of Louisiana, and about one hundred miles above New Orleans. It contains about 10,000 inhabitants, is substantially built, and is above the highest inundations of the river. A handsome brick and stone state house on an eminence, commands a fine view of the river. Here are a deaf and dumb asylum, the Louisiana naval academy, substantial old colonial buildings, which could be seen as we passed by. Sugar cane plantations, with handsome gardens and attractive villas border the bluff, while farther on, well tilled plantations protected by levees, skirt the river banks. The levees which extend continuously from Cairo to New Orleans, at this season of spring time, look like beautiful grassy mounds or fortifications. The changing current of the river, and the many bends, cause a wearing away on one side or shore, and the proportionate gain on the other, necessitating a continual renewal of the dykes. They are kept in thorough repair by the state. The new levee is built within or behind the old one.

I wooed the good graces of the pilot, and ensconsed myself in his little "sky parlor," and drank in the surrounding broad view of rich valley, luxuriant groves of trees, and the great river rolling onward to the gulf. The pilot regaled me with stories of the "by-gone, good old times." He said, no idea could now be formed of the extensive travel for pleasure of former days, for the railroads have carried off much of the traffic, and the loss of thousands of slaves, and of the means of keeping in cultivation the enormous tracts of land, have to a great extent impoverished the country. But little money in circulation, small advantages for education, "no anything!" so expressed this man who now lives in the glorious past.

AT THE PLANTATIONS.

But to my eyes the journey was most engaging. Stopping frequently at the plantation wharves to land passengers, or to carry ashore the small freight from the deck below us, always found me an attentive looker-on. The negro roustabouts rolling off barrels of sugar and molasses, carrying plows or bundles of beautiful cypress shingles, (made at the sawmills along the shore), swinging great piles of cotton bags over their shoulders, and rushing along in a little trotting gait to expedite matters, kept the traveler in an interesting whirl. As the horn blew for the landing, the little pickaninnies came running out to see the excitement, and the country belles in their gay frocks, added quite a bright bit to the picturesque landscape. Farther on, many beautiful little islands dotted the river here and there. As I sat on deck in the gathering twilight, the water tinged with the palescent afterglow of the setting sun, the far off Tunica hills, with the misty blue veil of evening gathering over them, the sweet-smelling odors from the bayou, (that softly glides into the great river).

"Stole over my senses like the sweet south wind,
That floats o'er beds of violets."

I was lost in the dream, until the big bell sounded, and the great swinging platform was lodged against the landing, and the negroes again in their little trot, carried ashore the miscellaneous freight, that is daily needed at these plantations. This was Plantation Angola, the first in the state. Of 10,000 acres, owned by the estate of S. L. James of New Orleans, 4000 acres in cultivation, last year it produced 1600 bales of cotton, 25,000 bushels of corn, 1100 barrels of molasses, 1500 bales of hay, and thousands of vegetables, for the New Orleans market. This plantation supports 600 negro families, about 1000 children, and built thirty or forty new cabins during the past year. A daughter of this wealthy planter married Mr. Howard, of our sister city St. Paul.

AT NATCHEZ.

Early the following morning I arrived at my destination, the town of Natchez. This city is divided into two sections. The latter is built on a narrow strip of land between the bluff and the river, and includes the landings and the business houses. It was in former times the resort of river thieves and gamblers, but is now the shipping port of a large and fertile region. The greater part of the city is beautifully situated on a bluff nearly two hundred feet high, overlooking the broad river. Along this cliff is a park, affording a magnificent view of the river and valley. Adjoining this park, is the national cemetery, beautifully laid out, with many handsome shade trees and a few old cannon, and many rows of small marble stones, mark the last resting place of the heroes of the rebellion. No more fitting spot could be found, than this broad plateau overlooking the majestic river. It is kept in order by the government as is also the fine driveway leading from it into the center of the city.

Natchez claims about 12,000 inhabitants. Contains a massive old court house, several banks, a cathedral, several churches, a state hospital, half dozen cotton factories, and many magnificent old residences.

CONCORD.

Rich in historical interest is old Concord, the home of the Spanish governors. It was erected in 1789 and was first occupied by Governor Grand Pre. Like many old colonial mansions, it was surrounded by a portico, supported by massive Doric columns. The double circular stairway of white marble (hewn from some Spanish quarry) and wrought iron balustrade leading to the floor above. Through the center of the ground floor was an arched porte-cochere, leading to inner or back court. Forming this court at the back, were substantial brick buildings for the governor's retainers and guards. The large library contains many valuable books of science, history and art. I opened one volume thickly covered with the dust of time, and found it to be a history of England by Katherine Macauley, dated 1768. Another, an old account book of 1748, beginning with £200, 10 shillings and 6 pence to the governor's credit, not a beggarly sum for those early days. Scattered over the house were hand carved old rosewood sofas, leather trunks studded with brass nails, a few old pictures, decorated china vases and cut glass candle shades and small bric-a-brac The greater part of the furniture has many times changed hands and become destroyed. Though long held by the Minors and the descendants of former governors, has now passed into the possession of a wealthy New Yorker, George Kelly, and will no doubt be kept in good repair. In the attic of this old house is a wooden cage about twelve feet square, where tradition claims that a fair spouse of one of the Spanish governors was confined owing to a severe case of inherent insanity. Here he buried his grief, and placed his young wife in the care of a faithful old slave who watched over her until death brought a release. Owing to the unbending pride of the old governors, no positive knowledge could ever be gotten of this melancholy case.

GRAVE OF S. S. PRENTISS.

Extending my drive through the great ancestral domains, I entered the home of Mrs. Nutt, the widow of the bosom friend of Sargent S. Prentiss, the talented lawyer and silver tongued orator of the South. It was here in the large octagon-shaped room he breathed his last. Across the hills in a small family burial ground, lie the remains of this gifted, though unhappily weak man. The blue-eyed violets and ivy cling to his grave as though they wished to cry out that the heart was pure within. Crepe myrtle and cedars blend together their leaves and throw a mellow shadow over the unobtrusive tablet that marks this peaceful spot. In this same enclosure is a more pretentious monument to the memory of his grandfather, Winthrop Sargent, first governor of the state of Mississippi. On the left of the main road is "Gloster," the old home of his maternal ancestors, the Sargents. No one is now living there, and it is fast crumbling to decay. With a sad heart I turned away from this once beautiful home, where had lived the cultivated, the aristocratic, the most accomplished of men and sighed that fate was so severe, and there now remained no member of this great family to tell the tale of grandeur of the old regime.

"Somerset" is another old home of the Franco-Spanish settlers. Here have lived in elegance and luxury the distinguished families of the Chotards, the Minors and the Connors.

The handsome home of Dr. Stephen Duncan breathes in every room the scholarly and artistic tastes of the owner. The beautiful old carved furniture, the portraits and paintings, imported from Europe, a complete collection of engravings by Dore, a madonna by Guido, Christ by Caracci, and many of the old masters. Many of these people have inherited the traits of their famous ancestors. Leisure and its accompanying luxuries, induced culture and high-toned hospitality, and here the savant, the noble Spanish gentlemen, the English younger sons and the French subjects commingled, and the aristocratic Southern gentleman, "to the manner born," was the product of this soil. Many of the men, however, of today have succumbed to the many vicissitudes of time, but I fail to find words to express my admiration for the many noble Southern women who, through adversity and privation, have borne the galling yoke of poverty, yet in their purity and strength, have risen equal to every emergency. Through their influence the prospects of this land, made desolate by the late rebellion, are now more encouraging than ever before.

MONMOUTH.

Formerly the residence of Gen. Quitman, one of the heroes of the Mexican war, Monmouth is still one of the handsomest and most aristocratic of the many beautiful homes around Natchez. Like many old colonial houses, it is of large dimensions, a great portico extending across the front, supported by massive pillars of brick and stucco, and beautifully situated on an eminence surrounded by a great grove of oaks, cedars and magnolia trees. One wing of the house holds the fine library of the soldier-scholar, just as he left it, fifty years ago. Monmouth is yet owned by the daughter and granddaughters of this distinguished Southerner, and dispense, with grace and elegance, the hospitality so typical of this warm-hearted, blighted race—as I can testify, having spent some charming hours among them. "The Briars," where Jefferson Davis married his accomplished wife; the homes of the McMurrans, the Saleids, the Merrills, the Marshalls, the more modern residences of the Stantons, Hendersons and Davises, all attest the unbounded resources of this once flourishing agricultural district. I have seen none, and can conceive of no place in the South, where once dwel; such aristocratic, high-toned people as here among these beautiful Natchez hills.

OLD STATE HOUSE.

About six miles east of Natchez, in the village of Washington, is the old state house, where Aaron Burr was brought and confined after his arrest for treason in 1807. "Old Indian Trails" form the main roads around Natchez, and in many places are worn through the solid rock or sandstone.

"Lover's Leap" is a beautiful and romantic spot, 200 feet high, overlooking the river. In fact, this historical city is full of incidents interwoven with romance of the old Indian tribe of the same name, and claims its first pioneer settlement in 1700 by the adventurous D'Iberville. Here was built old Fort Rosalie. Only a few broken walls now remain, and subterranean springs are undermining the foundation, and in a few short years all traces will have entirely disappeared.

EASTER GLORIES.

One of the pleasantest impressions of my visit to Natchez was the attractive Easter service at "Old Trinity" Episcopal church. The rector, Rev. Charles Morris (brother of our townsman, Hon. Page Morris), who is held in high esteem by his people, delivered a powerful and impressive sermon on the resurrection of our Lord. The beautifully trained choir burst forth in paens of glory to the risen Lord. The decorations were beautiful. Great boughs of dogwood, with innumerable white starry petals, masses of lilies, roses and every seasonable flower, with a background of palms and cedars, in the midst of this floral temple stood the form of the robed priest, pointing out the way to the great throne above and the unending love of the Good Shepherd. I also had the pleasure of meeting Miss Page Waller Morris, who last summer visited in our town and left a most favorable impression among many of our society belles and beaux.

I leave with many regrets this "land of flowers," and from whose people I have received every high-bred hospitality. In return I extend a welcome to our "city of snow-clad hills" on the shores of the "great lakes," in the state of the "Father of Waters," from whence sprung the "great river" that gave the Southland its glory.

Beaumont.

ONE HONEST MAN.

Dear Editor: Please inform your readers that if written to confidentially I will mail in a sealed letter the plan pursued by which I was permanently restored to health and manly vigor, after years of suffering from nervous weakness, night losses and weak, shrunken parts.

I have no scheme to extort money from anyone whomsoever. I was robbed and swindled by the quacks until I nearly lost faith in mankind, but thank heaven, I am now well, vigorous and strong, and anxious to make this certain means of cure known to all.

Having nothing to sell or send C. O. D., I want no money. Address

James A. Harris,
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Chew Mutual Benefit Plug Tobacco and get accident insurance free.

Beecham's pills are for biliousness, bilious headache, dyspepsia, heartburn, torpid liver, dizziness, sick headache, bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, loss of appetite, sallow skin, etc., when caused by constipation; and constipation is the most frequent cause of all of them.

Go by the book. Pills 10¢ and 25¢ a box. Book *free* at your druggist's or write B. F. Allen Co., 365 Canal Street, New York.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

GARDENS

Now is the Time When the Suburbanites Spade and Sow.

They Study the Seed Catalogues and Are Full of Enthusiasm.

The Fever is Said to Last For About Three Weeks.

The time of year approaches when the denizen of the suburbs comes forth from his secluded lair and procures sundry brands of seeds which he will stick in the earth in the praiseworthy endeavor to make the jungle of the wilds in which he lives blossom as a garden. He does this every spring, following the same blind, inherited impulse as the canine brute when he turns around before lying down. Ever since man was driven forth from the first garden, he has been filled with a desire to start one on his own hook. This longing is dumb at times, and again it breaks forth in overmastering violence and the animal man, is seen digging holes and chucking in seeds all over his premises.

The attacks always come on in the spring. The subject—he is not a patient, properly speaking, his family would come under that head—forgets the weeds, the mosquitoes and the backache of last summer, as well as the turnips that never turned up and the peas that he never realized. Spring, with her cheating whisper of hope, assures him that this season will, somehow, differ from the others—that weeds will no longer trouble and the neighbors' hens wil be at rest. And so, as the evenings grow longer and warmer, the old longing seizes the suburban dweller and he gets out the seed catalogue and cons it over. He reads, too, the same old paragraphs in the newspapers about the health-giving properties of vegetables and the strengthening effects of exercise. He snaps his fingers at the doctors and makes up his mind there is not so much hurry about that last bill; he will need no more favors from the medical man. Already he feels the tingle of renewed youth in his veins and he steps off like an athelete, albeit favoring the game knee he cultivated while enjoying to the full the suburban privilege of shoveling off his walk.

Having made his plans, he buys seeds, selecting with a wisdom born of oft consulting the seed buyer's guide, and for a week his fellow passengers on the car consign him to the nether regions as he climbs aboard nightly laden with bulky packages, spades, pruning forks and other sharp-edged tools that bump ther shins and poke into their ribs. If there is one thing more than another that makes a man want to throw up against his neighbor all the old mean things he can remember, it is to ride two or three miles with a pruning fork sticking in his neck. It makes a fellow hot—full of prunes, as it were.

Having the preliminaries all arranged, the suburbanite hurries home after a day's work to rest himself in spading the garden. He has set apart spaces for the various flowering plants and humbler though more useful vegetables he intends to raise and which his mind's eye already beholds in full blossom and fruition. And he spades and digs and is happy. His joy grows less hilarious—more subdued, but not more holy, for, as the season waxes and the job waxes him and the mosquitoes come forth, he swears a little softly to himself as he spades in the gloaming, and he sweats as he swears and spades and swears again. He does not get the foot more than right and he misses the spade and jabs his foot viciously in the dirt and jars himself and bites his tongue. A drop of perspiration runs down to the tip of his nose. It tickles and in wiping it off he gets dirt in his eyes. He discovers also that the seeds he purchased have surprises in store for him and that about all he can rely on their producing is backaches and a ruinous condition of morals.

Enthusiasm wanes about the third week. It always does. It did last year and it will this year. One gardener gets careless about his patch. It would make no difference to him if his melons all turned out to be pumpkins and his cucumbers parsnips. Things commence to look ragged and the hens living next door wander undisturbed among the tomato vines. Finally the suburbanite hangs up his hoe, just as he did last year, and buys his garden truck of his grocer, just as he did last year. But he will start a garden next summer just the same.

There are exceptions, of course, to the rule that gardening enthusiasts falter and faint in the work, as a well-authenticated case of a prominent Lakesider bears witness. This gentleman became infatuated with the gentle pastime of raising cabbage and corn. He wore callouses on his hands, neglected his business and alienated his friends, abandoning all interests in life but his patch. His church duties were neglected and he forgot to keep up his taxes. His family have already, this season noticed some premonitory symptoms of a return of the attack and although every precaution is being taken it is feared that the fatal taint of gardening has entered into his blood never to be eradicated.

GERMANY AND ITALY AT LOVE-FEAST
ANNUAL M.E. CONFERENCE
NEW YORK'S NEIGHBORS REFUSE TO BE TAKEN IN
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BROOK-LYN
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200 MASTABLES EXPERIMENT WITH DYNAMITE — THEY WON'T DO IT AGAIN.
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NO WAY TO GET THEIR SALARIES
SPRING NEWS BLOSSOMS
NATIONAL MINE WORKERS IN CONVENTION.
THOUSANDS OF ITALIAN PAUPERS LANDED AT NEW YORK.

GREETED BY GROVER.

He Receives the Veteran "First Defenders."

Washington, April 17.—By special arrangement President Cleveland received the visiting "first defenders" from Pennsylvania today. The reception took place in the east room and was confined to the veterans who had responded so promptly to the call for troops for the defense of the capital. Judge F. D. Deweese, of the Washington bar, representing the local citizens committee of reception, made a short speech to the president in behalf of the old soldiers. He said that the 130 men who were with him constituted nearly all the survivors of that noble band of 530 soldiers who were the first to respond to the president's call for troops at the very outbreak of the war.

President Cleveland said that he was very glad of the opportunity to welcome veterans with a record so worthy as theirs, and felicitated them on being able to leave the memory of such a record to posterity. There were duties in time of peace as well as in time of war and the country could confidently expect men with a record such as theirs had been would do their duty equally well in time of peace. In closing he said he would be pleased to take each of them by the hand. Each of the veterans received a cordial greeting.

'FRISCO LINE PLAN.

Reorganization Scheme Details Made Public Today.

New York, April 17.—The reorganization plan of the St. Louis & San Francisco road is out. It provides for the issue of 5,000,000 of consolidated mortgage 100 year 4 per cent gold bonds, $5,000,000 non-cumulative 4 per cent preferred stock, $16,000,000 non-cumulative 4 per cent second preferred stock, and $29,000,000 common stock. All stock of the company is vested in five trustees for five years, and on the first preferred stock has received 4 per cent cash dividend for two consecutive years. The plan provides for a reduction of the fixed charges from $2,436,982, the present amount.

Provision is made for future necessary improvements by the reservation of new bonds, not more than $3,000,000 to be available in any one year. The present consolidated mortgage bonds are assessed 5 per cent, for which first preferred stock at 70 will be given. Each present bondholder is entitled to subscribe, in respect of each $1000 bond deposited by him, for $670 new mortgage bonds, $469 first preferred stock, $670 second preferred stock, and $1206 common stock, paying therefor $670 in cash.

The total cash requirements under the plan are $6,321, 410; including $1,400,000 for arrears of interest and sinking fund; $1,415,000 for cars trusts, etc., and $1,971,550 to acquire at 35, the $5,633,000 4 per cent consolidated bonds owned by the Atchison interest, and which it has offered to sell at that figure. Gen. Louis Fitzgerald is chairman of the reorganization committee.

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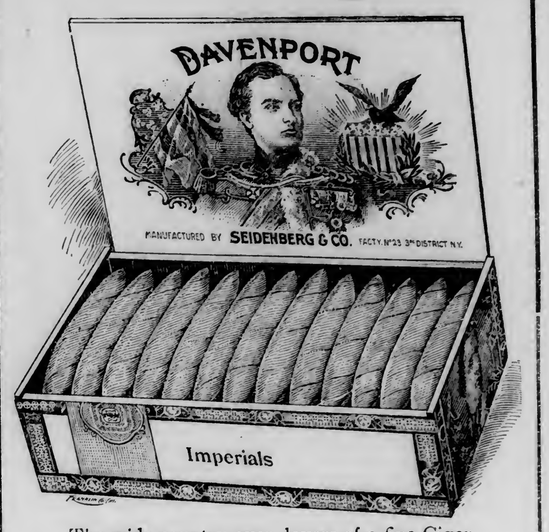

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Sold Everywhere.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of six hundred twenty-nine and 37-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Willis M. Quinn and Jennie Quinn, his wife, mortgagors, to B. G. Segor, mortgagee, bearing date the 4th day of January, 1893, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 5th day of January, 1893, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 68 of mortgages, on page 463.

Which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said B. G. Segor, mortgagee, to J. C. Bertrand by written assignment dated the 30th day of March, 1896, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds, on the 23st day of March, 1896, at 8:40 o'clock a. m., in Book 147 of mortgages, on page 29, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section fifteen (15); west half of northwest quarter and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section fourteen (14,) township fifty-six (56), north of range sixteen (16) west of the 4th P. M., containing one hundred sixty acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 8th day of May, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of six hundred twenty-nine and 37-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated April 3rd, A. D. 1896.

J. C. BERTRAND,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

SCHMIDT, REYNOLDS & MITCHELL,
Attorneys.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-4-11-18-25-May-2-9.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of three thousand seven hundred and fifteen and 23-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Joseph W. Reynolds, unmarried, of Duluth, state of Minnesota, mortgagor, to William E. Lucas, of the city of Duluth, state of Minnesota, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of February, 1893, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 4th day of February, 1893, at 2 o'clock p. m., in Book 102 of mortgages, on page 217.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said William E. Lucas, mortgagee, to Mitchell Harrison, of Philadelphia, state of Pennsylvania, by written assignment dated the seventh day of April, 1893, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds, on the 21st day of April, 1893, at 10:30 o'clock a. m., in Book 88 of mortgages, on page 416, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All of lot numbered three hundred seventy-nine (379), in block numbered fifty (50), Duluth Proper, Second Division, according to the recorded plat thereof on file of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said St. Louis County, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 18th day of May, 1896, at ten o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $3715.23 and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Duluth, April 4th, A. D. 1896.

MITCHELL HARRISON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

CASH, WILLIAMS & CHESTER,
Attorneys.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-4-11-18-25-May-2-9.

DR. FAULKNER,
SPECIALIST.

Successfully treats all chronic, private and nervous diseases of male and female. No detention from business. Consultation Free. Office, room 4, over 19 East Superior st. Duluth.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of five hundred and fifty-six (556) dollars, interest, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Arthur E. Prudden and Florence A. Prudden, his wife, mortgagors, to Anna P. Hillebrand, mortgagee, bearing date the 26th day of May, 1885, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minesota, on the 28th day of May, 1885, at 9 o'clock a. m., in Book 24 of mortgages, on page 520.

And whereas said default is a default in one of the conditions of said mortgage, it has become optional with the holder of said mortgage and the note secured thereby, by the terms thereof, to declare the whole debt secured by said mortgage to be immediately due and payable, in the exercise of which option the whole debt secured by said mortgage is hereby declared and claimed to be due, and is due, owing and unpaid, amounting at the date of this notice to the sum of three thousand five hundred and fifty-six ($3560) dollars.

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lots number 178, 180, 182, 184, 186, 188, 190 and 192, being eight (8) lots comprising the north half of block sixty-five (65), in Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof on file or of record in the office of the register of deeds in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 9th day of May, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of three thousand five hundred and fifty-six ($3560) dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($0) dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 20th, A. D. 1896.

ANNA P. HILLEBRAND,
Mortgagee.

FRED W. HARGREAVES,
Attorney for said Mortgagee,
5 Mesaba Block,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-21-28-April-4-11-18-25-May-2.

SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTICE.

Whereas petitions signed by a majority of the freeholders, who are legal voters residing in school districts Nos. 6 and 7, St. Louis County, Minnesota, asking that the boundaries of school districts Nos. 6 and 7 be altered so that the following described territory shall be included in school district No. 6, to-wit: North half of section 31, township 50, range 15, and all of sections 25, 26, 27, 28, 29 and 30, township 50, range 16, and changing the boundaries of school district No. 7 so that it shall not include the above described territory was presented to the board of county commissioners of St. Louis County, Minnesota, at a session of said board held on the 7th day of April, A. D. 1896, for the action of said board thereon:

Now, therefore,

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that a hearing of parties interested in the matter of said petition will be granted at the next session of said board, commencing on the 5th day of May, A. D. 1896, at the office of the county auditor, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

By order of the board of county commissioners.

O. HALDEN,
Clerk of the Board.
Per A. J. WASGATT,
Deputy.

SCIENCE AND INVENTION.

The almost universal assertion of the times that there is no work to be done is only modified by the rather milder, but equally untrue, statement made by certain classes that there is no work except for machines and that machines are driving manual work out of demand and the laboring classes out of existence. Coupled with these unruly colts of theoretical argument is the nightmare of "surplus production." It is a fact, however, that the whole population of the globe might be continuously employed for a century, or more, directly or indirectly, in the building and improvement of one city, no more than 400 square miles in area. True the number employed within the city would be insignificant, but, provided the transportation of credit by means of sufficient and recognized money should keep pace with the energies of the people and with the expenditure of their labor, the whole human race could, in securing, refining and transporting materials, raising and manufacturing food and clothing for themselves and other workers, and performing the countless other duties required, be profitably employed. One city completed in the magnificent perfection which might be thus attained, the labor of the people could be concentrated on another project; or, as is now the case, a number of projects might engage various communities at the same time. Think for a moment of how many people were employed directly or indirectly in the building of Solomon's temple!—yet it is fair to assume that the building might, with modern appliances, have been vastly improved and without diminution of the artisans' wages. Nature demands of man labor, is constant and increasing as she demands of that arch farmer and mechanic and giant athlete—the sun, without whose energy life would cease, and the planet earth fly off into chaos.

The question is not whether there is work to be done, but rather what character of work are the people contented with. As our materials and means increase by the discovery of new metals and substances, and by the invention of new means and processes, ought not there to be a universal and not merely local demand for a better class of work or finished product? There are many people who pride themselves on being just "plain people," and who affect to despise the good things of life, but the condition is a strained one, brought about, usually, by unfortunate circumstances or by contempt for the snobbishness of many who enjoy better advantages. It is the natural ambition of man to desire the beautiful and comforting things of life, and not to be contented with the crudest offerings of nature.

The barbarian finds that the most constant application of his mind and body cannot materially increase his comforts. He feels cold, and hunger and thirst; he obtains food, drink and scanty shelter, and so his existence continues, with practically no new sensations to make his life enjoyable. That the savage appreciates luxuries is evidenced by his manner of welcoming many of them when they are offered him by civilized people, but, as his ignorance has been profound, he is slow to realize completely the proper uses of his new trinkets. A rifle is a machine—will the barbarian disdain against invention because his new rifle brings him more food and in shorter time than he could secure it before? On the other hand, he congratulates himself that the hours of chase are shorter and less fatiguing, and that he now has more time to devote to his shelter, or to the dance and other amusements, or to lie at ease. If, then, machines produce more rapidly than individual manual labor the necessities and luxuries which we crave or desire, the machines should be welcomed, and should result in the greater comfort and happiness of the masses. If this result is not attained, the fault is not with the machines, but with faulty, human laws governing distribution, hoarding and transferring of property, whereby the channels of trade become clogged and the energies of the people wasted.

It may also be asserted that a surplus production is practically impossible, though a deficient production is an almost contigual condition; but when the production of one article is deficient, the stock on hand of another commodity may, by that reason, be prevented from coming into use. The term "surplus production" is used today with regard to flour, when there are thousands of people who have no bread to eat and perhaps millions in the world who have not enough to entirely satisfy them. The term surplus production simply means, in most cases, that there is more on hand than the people have money to pay the demand-d price for. The rules providing for the proper distribution of the benefits of nature and the results of mental, manual and mechanical labor must be left to politicians and legislators, or to sectional conventions of the people, who, if they use their powers of invention as effectively and beneficially as do the inventors of mechanical appliances, will earn the gratitude of the human race.

* * *

"The time is racked with birth-pangs:
every hour
Brings forth some gasping truth, and
truth new-born
Looks a misshapen and untimely growth,
The terror of the household and its
shame—
A monster coiling in its nurse's lap
That some would strangle, some would
starve;
But still it breathes, and passed from
hand to hand,
And suckled it: a hundred half-clad
breasts,
Comes slowly to its stature and its form
Calms the rough ridges of its dragon
scales,
Changes to shining locks its snaky hair,
And moves, transfigured, into angel-
guise,
Welcomed by all that cursed its hour of
birth,
And folded in the same encircling arms
That cast it like a serpent from their
fold."

* * *

It is said that twenty-four years ago electricity as a mechanical power, was unknown. Now nearly $1,000,000,000 is interested in various kinds of electrical machinery and appliances.

* * *

The invention of language is still progressing—the field of electricity and chemistry having given the creation of words almost as great an impetus as the electrical current can itself attain if coming generations do not have to employ interpreters in conversations with scientists as well as with Dameyans, they may consider themselves favored of the gods.

* * *

Leonardo da Vinci, one of the world's masters of painting, was the inventor of the wheelbarrow.

* * *

The steam engine was invented about 300 years before the birth of Christ, but there were no patent laws to encourage its development and it did not come into practical use before the eighteenth century.

* * *

Many foreign countries reward their most celebrated inventors and discoverers with medals and decorations or pensions, but the American inventors are more richly rewarded by better patent law protection. That noted and disinterested Americans have at times advocated the giving of direct public rewards to great inventors is evidenced by George Washington's letter to Gen. Lincoln in 1786 in which, commenting very favorably on the invention of a method of extracting fresh from salt water, he says: "Every maritime nation in the world ought, in my opinion, to offer some acknowledgement to the inventor."

* * *

A patent has been granted to Charles P. Dole, of Duluth, for his improvement in clam-shell bucket.

J. T. Watson.

THE PATENT LAW.

As Construed By Recent Decisions of the Courts.

It has, until a recent period, been generally accepted as law, that an inventor might make and use his invention and sell machines in accordance therewith for a period less than two years, and that though such sale might be to the public, the inventor would not abandon his right to a patent. This view is all set aside by the recent decision of District Judge Shiras, in the equity case of Mast, Foos & Co. vs. Dempster Mill Manufacturing company, rendered in circuit court, district of Nebraska, Jan. 14, 1896. In this decision the judge said:

"It certainly must be true up to May 2, 1890, when the application was filed, that every person purchasing a windmill embodying the combination, whether from Mast, Foos & Co. or any one else, had the right to assume that he was dealing with machines not covered by a patent. Suppose a manufacturer of windmills had purchased one of these mills, or had seen it in operation in the hands of someone who had bought it of complainants before the application for a patent was filed, and being impressed with its advantages he had concluded he would adopt it in his establishment. An examination of the records would then have shown that the combination was not patented, and that no application for a patent had been filed, and inquiry as to the facts would have shown that these windmills were being manufactured and sold by Mast, Foos & Co., to the public generally. Certainly the manufacturer in the supposed case would have the right to embody the improvement in the mills by him made, and he might, to that end, invest much money and time in changing his patterns, machinery and in printing catalogues to advertise the changed form of his windmill. Could the complainants after all this expense had been incurred by filing an application for a patent and procuring the issuance thereof compel such manufacturer to abandon the manufacture and sale of mills embodying the Martin combination and consent, without being protected by a patent issued or applied for.

The defendants in this case contended that public use was permitted for a period of two years before the application was filed by the provisions of the statutes now in force, and therefore the decision of the court was not well founded. The court said in response to this that the patent upon its face recites a condition of facts that shows that the patentee had abandoned the invention to the public before he made his application for his patent, and, therefore, that it is invalid.

The judge, it seems, made this statement in view of the fact, simply, that the patentee had set forth in his application record, or the specification of his patent, that a considerable number of the mills embodying the improvement had been put upon the market for sale prior to the filing of the application, and that the facts recited in his record, as evidence of the value and usefulness of the combination, had been ascertained from commercial experience with it. It did not appear to be a matter of consideration by the judge whether this sale and public use, generally, had been for one, two or three months, or two years, or more.

The court dispelled the idea that this use and sale to the public generally might be regarded as experimental, in view of the language found in the record of the patentee. In support of his decision the judge referred to section 4886 of the revised statutes, which is as follows:

"Any person who has invented or discovered any new or useful art, machine, manufacture or composition of matter not known or used by others in this country, and not patented or described in any printed publication in this or any foreign country before his invention or discovery thereof, and not in public use or on sale for more than two years prior to his application, unless the same is proved to have been abandoned, may, on payment of the fees required by law, and other due proceedings had, obtain a patent therefor."

The court, in discussing this question, said the defense of abandonment is separate and distinct from that of having in public use or on sale for a period exceeding two years. The court further said, and in section 4920 it is further enacted, that the defendant, under the general issue, may give thirty days' notice, may prove, "fifth, that it had been in public use and sale in this country for more than two years before his application for a patent, or had been abandoned to the public."

The court also, in discussing the question of abandonment before two years' public use or sale to the public generally had occurred, cited the following court cases: Elizabeth City vs. Pavement company, 97 United States 124-134; Fruit Jar company vs. Wright, 94 United States 92; Andrews vs. Hovey, 123 United States 267; 8 supreme court 101, and 124 United States 694; 8 supreme court 676.

Finally, the court said: In view of these rulings of the supreme court, and the express language of sections 4886-4920 of the revised statutes, it is clear that if it is made to appear that, before filing an application for a patent, the inventor had abandoned the invention to the public, the patent, if issued, would be invalid.

This doctrine of the court, if sound, though I am very much inclined to believe it is not, will defeat any patent secured on an application filed after the inventor has made any general sale of his invention to the public.

In another case prior to this decision of Judge Shiras it was decided by the court of the District of Columbia that an inventor and patentee is free from the penalty of abandonment even though he has sold his invention or machines to the public for trial, such machines to be retained if found practical—the contract in that case being that the machine might be returned and not paid for if not found satisfactory. The judge said in that case the invention had not been abandoned, notwithstanding the fact that the invention was proved to have been completed two years prior to the third year's experimental test by the public and the conditional sale.

In concluding, we will refer to a recent novel and interesting decision of the United States circuit court of appeals, namely, fourth circuit, in the case of Boyden Power Brake company et al. vs. Air Brake company et al., 73, Patent Office Gazette, p. 1857. This decision is to the effect that a patentee who has a claim for simply an improvement in the mechanism of a prior patented invention is free from the charge of infringement, in view of the fact of the grant of the second patent by the patent office, the court holding that the fact of the second patent being granted in the face of the first patent establishes the fact that the invention is not an infringement.

The fourth clause of the syllabus of this case reads as follows: "The fact that a patent was granted for a specific means for operating quick action air brakes after the grant of a pioneer patent describing and illustrating the different means is, in effect, a ruling by the patent office that the subsequent patent does not infringe the pioneer patent, and such a decision, while not conclusive, is entitled to great respect."

As in offset to this decision, we will quote from the supreme court decision in the case of Smith vs. Nichols, 21 Wall. 112, Justice Swayne said: "A new idea may be ingrafted upon an old invention, be distinct from the conception which preceded it, and be an improvement. In such case it is patentable. The prior patentee cannot use it without the consent of the improver, and the latter cannot use the original invention without the consent of the former." Robert W. Fenwick.

Washington, D. C., April 3.

AN AFFIDAVIT.

This is to certify that on May 11 I walked to Melick's drug store on a pair of crutches and bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm for inflammatory rheumatism which had crippled me up. After using three bottles I am completely cured. I can cheerfully recommend it.—Charles H. Wetzel, Sunbury, Pa.

Sworn and subscribed to before me on Aug. 16, 1894.—Walter Shipman, J. P. For sale at 50 cents a bottle by all druggists.

LONDON ROARED AT THIS.

Judy: "Rushworth is a most eccentric man, especially in connection with animals."

"What does he do?"

"Why, he makes a practice of giving his horse three courses for dinner, and hangs up a menu in front of the feast. Now, what do you think of that?"

"I should say it was a case of putting the carte before the horse."

True portraits of a Rich but honest American family about to embark for Europe to engage in the noble sport of — hunting a lord.
BAIT
MORE
BAIT
TRAINED BLOODHOUNDS

ON THE IRON RANGES.

There Will Be No Strike This Year.

The Mesaba Range says it is in a position to say authoritatively that there will be no strike by the Miners' unions on the Mesaba and Vermilion ranges this year if wages are at all fair, neither will an attempt be made to enforce the eight-hour rate this season. It is claimed to be the purpose of the unions to work slowly, to gain all the strength possible by adding to their membership and to work for needed reforms. Two things to be asked of the legislature this year: First, a law providing for a mining inspector to be elected by the people of the county, and providing penalties for mine owners who do not take every possible precaution for the safety of their workmen, and another law making heavy penalties for blacklisting union men simply because of their membership in a union.

The fear of a general strike on the Mesaba and Vermilion ranges this year is entirely unwarranted. While the miners know that the advance in the price of ore will make it possible for the mining companies to pay somewhat better wages than during the past two years, they also recognize the fact that the cutting down of the proposed output has placed the mining companies in a very independent position, as nearly all the underground properties already have large stockpiles, nearly sufficient to supply the demand.

Tuesday morning Capt. White and a crew of men began shipping the stockpile at the Cincinnati mine. There is about 4500 tons in stock and this will be shipped as rapidly as possible.

Shipping was commenced from the North Cincinnanti mine Monday morning and loaded cars are now going forward at a rapid rate.

The Canton closed down Tuesday and the machinery is being put in shape for a long season of idleness. The pumps were left underground, however, and are now covered with water. Loading from stockpile will probably be commenced some time this month, but just how soon is not known at present. Nearly all the men thrown out of employment by the shut-down will find places at the other mines. The officers of the company offer their books to prove that the average wage rate at the Canton since May, 1894, was over $1.70 per day, and that several times good practical miners have made over $3 per day. Occasionally a good miner will have a bad month. The public always hears of these cases, but rarely overhears a word from the men who are doing well.

The Drake and Stratton company have a force of men at work repairing machinery and tracks preparatory to the resumption of stripping operations. They will work two shovels this summer, which will give employment to about 200 men.

The Eveleth Star says a diamond drill now working on the southeast portion of the townsite is finding its way through a body of ore.

A new town will shortly be located, about three miles east of Eveleta and adjoining Ely lake. It will be close to the Genoa mine and on the south half of southeast quarter of section 34, range 58-17. The name of the town is not yet known. Among those interested are G. G. Hartley, Col. Gridley and J. H. James.

The Vermilion Iron Journal says: "The union men wish to state to the public in regard to the article published in The Duluth Herald of last week that the report was false right through in regard to any members making a canvass from house to house or that any one has been asked in any other way to become members of the union. The union is well pleased with the way it has been used by the management of the Minnesota Iron company, and if the correspondent of The Duluth Herald knows of any trouble likely to occur in the near future, he knows more than any officer or member about the affairs of their organization. The union also wishes it to be understood that it is satisfied with the ten-hour system now in operation at the mines."

The Ely Miner says that Peter Okkonen, a Finn laborer at the Chandler, met death at the seventh level of No. 4 shaft Friday night, between 1 and 2 o'clock. Okkonen ran out from a drift and attempted to jump the cage after it had started, and in consequence, was caught between the roof plate and the cage, and it is presumed was instantly killed, after which he fell down the shaft. He was a single man, 28 years of age, and leaves a brother and sister.

Matt Muchavitz, an Austrian, employed at the Chandler, was seriously injured by a fall of rock Monday night, from the effects of which he died Tuesday evening. He was a single man.

HONEST AND RELIABLE.

Remedies That Are Always Efficient.

Their Proprietors Know it and Will Prove it to the Public in a Practical Manner.

The Kickapoo Indian Remedy Company have the courage of their convictions. They know their remedies will do all they claim they will. They want every one else to know it, too, and in order to accomplish this end they have adopted a plan which will not only prove of advantage to them in the end, but will alleviate no little amount of suffering at this time of year when humanity in general is undergoing more or less pain resulting from rheumatism, neuralagia, sciatica, lumbago, earaches, toothaches and kindred afflictions that always are prevalent after a severe winter.

The Kickapoo Indian Medicine Company want to show the public the wonderful efficacy of their remedies, and are advertising to give away free a bottle of their already famous Kickapoo Indian Oil. This will accomplish the most wonderful results in the way of dispelling pain of every description when applied externally. Although this is but one of the several patent medicines manufactured by this company, yet it is undoubtedly used more for minor troubles than any of the others. This is an opportunity that no one should neglect. The Duluth Herald have offered the use of their office for dispensing this medicine, and it is the intention of the agents of these remedies to give away one bottle to every one who will call between the hours of 9 a. m. and 7 p. m. for two days, beginning April 20. In addition to the Indian Oil every one calling will get a package of the famous Kickapoo Indian Worm Killer, which for its purpose is absolutely unequalled. All who will avail themselves of this opportunity to give a fair and unprejudiced test to these wonderful Indian Remedies that have done so much in the past to make the red man famous for their perfect health and longevity will never regret it.

Representatives of the Kickapoo Indian Medicine Company will also be on hand and will gladly advise any one concerning their other well-known remedies.

AT THE CHURCHES.

Dr. Humason Will Preach on "Divorce" Tomorrow.

Rev. G. H. Humason will preach tomorrow morning at 10:30 o'clock on "Judas Iscariot," by request, and at 8 o'clock on "Divorce." The evening service will begin hereafter at 8 o'clock.

At the Unitarian church Rev. F. C. Southworth will preach tomorrow morning on "The Positive Argument for Immortality." Sunday school at 12 m.

Rev. W. W. Dudley will preach at the First Baptist church tomorrow morning on "The Proofs of Christian Faith," and in the evening on "The Preciousness of God's Thoughts."

At the First Presbyterian church Rev. T. H. Cleland will preach tomorrow morning at 10:30 o'clock on "The Darkness of Agnosticism Versus the Light of Revelation." In the evening there will be a popular service, with the subject of the sermon "The True Secret of a Happy Life." The evening service will be at 8 o'clock.

At the cathedral the low masses will be at 7, 8 and 9 o'clock in the morning, and there will be instructions at each, and by Bishop McGolrick for the children at 9 o'clock. At 10:30 o'clock there will be high mass, with a sermon by Rev. Father Corbett on "The Bible." Baptism and blessings at 2 p. m. Sunday school and benediction at 3 p. m. Benediction and sermon by Rev. T. Corbett at 7:30 p. m.

Rev. Robert Forbes will preach at 10:45 a. m. tomorrow at Lester Park Methodist church. At 7:30 p. m. the pastor, Rev. J. W. Heard, will preach on "The Vision of Isaiah," Sunday school at 12 m. Epworth league at 6:30 p. m.

At St. John's English Lutheran church Rev. S. W. Kuhns will preach at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 11:45 a. m.

At the German Methodist church the pastor, Rev. C. Lehnert, will preach at 10:30 a. m. on "Prayer, a Duty or Privilege, or Both," and in the evening there will be a song service.

At Highland Park Presbyterian church John Wilson will preach at 7:45 p. m. tomorrow. Sunday school at 11 a. m.

At Hazelwood Park Presbyterian church John Wilson will preach at 3 p. m. Sunday school at 2 p. m.

At the Oneota Methodist church the pastor, Rev. R. H. Craig, will preach at 11 a. m. on "What to Preach," and at 7:30 p. m. on "A Sermon to Fathers and Sons." Sunday school at 10 a. m. Epworth league at 6:30 p. m.

John Wilson will speak in the morning at the Second Presbyterian church, and Mrs. Findley in the evening on the subject, "The Perfect Law."

At St. James' church in West Duluth there will be low mass at 8:30 a. m. and high mass at 10:30 a. m. tomorrow. Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. There will be a high mass and sermon at New Duluth at 10:30 a. m.

There will be the usual service at Morley Congregational church tomorrow morning at 10:45. The children's choir will sing at the evening service at 7:45.

There will be a gospel service at room No. 302 Temple Opera tomorrow evening at 7:30, conducted by Mr. Allen, of Lowry, and Mr. Brandt, of Bayman.

Charles B. Brown, membership secretary of Minneapolis Y. M. C. A., who has been in this city for the past two weeks, will again address the meeting for men at the Young Men's Christian association hall Sunday afternoon, at 4 o'clock, on the subject of "Hiding." This will be the last opportunity afforded to hear him.

FOR INDIGESTION.

TAKE HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE.

Dr. A. R. Boyd, Aberdeen, S. D., says: "I have used and recommended it in cases of nervous debility, indigestion and for strengthening the brain."

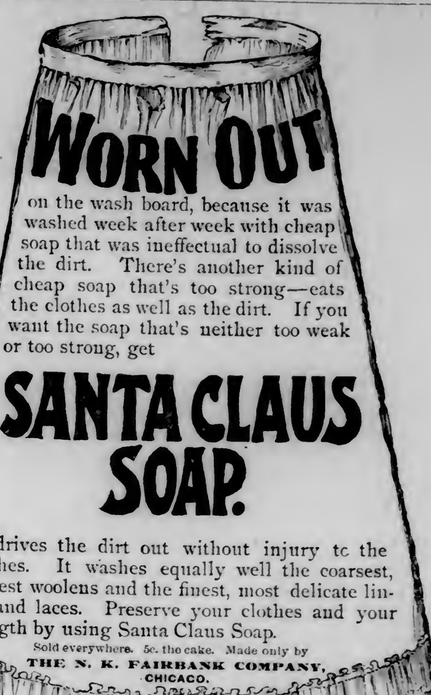
OLD MAHOGANY.

The mahogany card tables of our grandmothers are much esteemed these days as a bit of parlor furnishing, says the New York Times. The folded top having been protected from any but occasional use, is generally a fine piece of wood, and when the table is stood against the wall, with one-half of the top supported by it, the polished background is very effective for a little bright bric-a-brac. It is a suggestion, if a fine polish is wanted, to send the table to a coffin or piano warehouse for the process used in the work at either of these manufactories. A caution to purchasers of the tables, too, in some old New England farm house, or at an antique shop, is to keep on looking till one is found with a graceful base, there being a decided choice in the supports. A straight pedestal base is not so graceful as the curved scroll or widened harp design, and it is the latter that should be found if possible.

IT IS THE WOMEN

Who do nine-tenths of the buying for the family. The women read The Evening Herald.

SANTA CLAUS SOAP. SANTA CLAUS SOAP.



on the wash board, because it was washed week after week with cheap soap that was ineffectual to dissolve the dirt. There's another kind of cheap soap that's too strong—eats the clothes as well as the dirt. If you want the soap that's neither too weak or too strong, get

SANTA CLAUS SOAP.

It drives the dirt out without injury to the clothes. It washes equally well the coarsest, dirtiest woolens and the finest, most delicate linens and laces. Preserve your clothes and your strength by using Santa Claus Soap.

Sold everywhere. 5c. the cake. Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, CHICAGO.

WATER DISLIKED.

Not a Favorite Beverage Three Centuries Ago.

It needed a very bold man to resist the medical testimony of three centuries ago against water drinking, says the Hospital. Few writers can be found to say a good word for it. One or two only are concerned to maintain that, "when begun early in life it may be pretty freely drank with impunity," and they quote the curious instance given by Sir Thomas Elyot in his "Castle of Health," 1541, of the Cornish men, "many of the poorer sort, which never, or very seldom, drink any other drink, be notwithstanding strong of body and like, and live well until they be of great age." Thomas Cogan, the medical schoolmaster of Manchester fame, confessed in his "Haven of Health," 1588, designed for the use of students, that he knew some who drink cold water at night or fasting in the morning without hurt; and Dr. James Hart, writing about fifty years later, could even claim among his acquaintance "some honorable and worshipful ladies who drink little other drink and yet enjoy more perfect health than most that drink of the strongest." The phenomenon was undeniable, but the natural inference was none the less to be resisted. Sir Thomas Elyot himself is very certain, in spite of the Cornish men, that "there be in water causes of divers diseases, as of swelling of the spleen and liver." He complains oddly also that "it turneth and swimmeth," and concludes that to young men and them that be of hot complexions it doeth less harm, and sometimes it profiteth, but to them that are feeble, old and melancholy it is not convenient." "Water is not wholesome cool by itself for an Englishman," was the version of Andrew Borde—monk, physician, bishop, ambassador and writer on sanitation—as the result of a life's experience. And to quote the "Englishman's Doctor:"

Both water and small beer, we make no question,
Are enemies to health and good digestion.

But the most formal indictment against water is that of Venner, who, writing in 1622, ponderously pronounces "to dwellers in cold countries it doth very greatly deject their appetites, destroy the natural heat and overthrow the strength of the stomach, and consequently confounding the concoction, is the cause of crudities, fluctuations and windiness in the body."

Nobody doubts that The Evening Herald is "the best." At 10 cents a week (delivered) it is amazingly cheap. Telephone No. 324, two rings, or send postal.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE. Always reliable. LADIES, ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square Philada., Pa.
Sold by all Local Druggists.

THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE
C. ST. P. M. & O. RY.
Trains Leave and Arrive Duluth:
10:45 A. M. EX. SUN.—DAY EXPRESS for St. Paul, Minneapolis, Eau Claire. Has Parlor Car. Arrives Duluth 6:00 p. m.
5:00 P. M. DAILY—CHICAGO LIMITED for Chicago and Milwaukee. Pullman and Wagner Vestibuled Buffet Sleepers to Chicago. Arrives Duluth 10:30 a. m.
11:00 P. M. DAILY—NIGHT EXPRESS for St. Paul and Minneapolis. Has Pullman Sleeper. Arrives Duluth 7:00 a. m.
G. M. SMITH, General Agent. B. W. SUMMERS, City Ticket Agent. 405 Mesaba Block, Opposite Spalding.

FLORIDA,
The land of Sunshine
Flowers and Fruit,
IS EASILY REACHED BY TAKING THE ST. LOUIS & CAIRO SHORT Line
The "Holly Springs Route"
From St. Louis.
FAST TIME, LOW RATES, LIBERAL LIMITS THROUGH PULLMAN SLEEPERS.
GEO. E. LARY, Gen'l Pass. Agt. St. Louis, Mo.

THE TREMONT
12-14 LAKE AVENUE N.
CENTRALLY LOCATED.
ROOMS SINGLE AND EN SUITE.
STEAM HEAT.
BATHS ON EACH FLOOR.
ELECTRIC LIGHTS, ETC.
SERVICE UP-TO-DATE.
Try It!
SPECIAL RATES FOR THE WINTER.
Room and board $5 per week and up wa

DULUTH TRUST CO.,
CAPITAL $130,000.
Surplus and undivided profits $10,000.
Will take entire charge of property for non-residents and others. Collect rents, pay taxes, Insurance, etc.
FRANKLIN J. PULFORD, Pres't.
EDWARD P. TOWNE, V. Pres't.
CALVIN F. HOW, Sec'y

IF YOU WISH TO—
DRINK.....
A Choice, Wholesome, Palatable and Nourishing class of Beer—call for
FITGER'S BEER

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Whereas default has been made in the conditions of that certain mortgage made, executed and delivered by Fannie L. Mitchell and Robert C. Mitchell, her husband, mortgagors, to Frank W. Eaton, mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of January, 1890, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 11th day of February, 1890, at 11:35 o'clock a. m., in Book 42 of mortgages on page 309.

Which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said Frank W. Eaton to Henry H. Bell by written deed of assignment, dated March 7th, 1890, and duly recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 9th day of April, 1892, at 8 o'clock a. m., in Book 97 of mortgages on page 126; which said mortgage and debt thereby secured together with all of the property of said Henry H. Bell not exempt from sale on execution, was duly assigned by said Henry H. Bell for the benefit of his creditors to Clinton Markell, by voluntary written deed of assignment, dated November 25th, 1895, and said deed of assignment was duly accepted by said Clinton Markell by written acceptance, dated November 25, 1895, which said deed of assignment and said written acceptance were duly filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 26th day of November, 1895, and duly certified copies thereof were recorded in said register of deeds' office on the 26th day of November, 1895, in Book II of deeds on page 508.

Which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said Clinton Markell, as assignee of said Henry H. Bell, to Mary J. Crosby, by written deed of assignment, dated the 27th day of March, 1896, and duly recorded in said register of deeds' office on the 1st day of April, 1896, at 2:20 o'clock p. m. in Book 105 of mortgages on page 462. And whereas said default consists in the failure by the mortgagors to pay the sum of six hundred seventy-one and 82-100 dollars principal and interest, and the further sum of sixty-eight and 23-100 dollars taxes paid by the mortgagee and his assigns, for the years 1894, 1895, 1892, 1896, upon the premises hereinafter described and conveyed by said mortgage; and whereas there is therefore claimed to be due and is due on said mortgage debt at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred thirty-nine and 87-100 dollars, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein conveyed not released from the lien thereof, viz: The east one-half of lot two, section thirty-one, township fifty-one north, of range fifteen west of the 4th P. M., in St. Louis County, Minnesota, containing 29 and 11-100 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 1st day of June, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of seven hundred thirty-nine and 87-100 dollars and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated Duluth, Minn., April 11th, 1896.

MARY J. CROSBY,
Assignee of Assignee of Mortgagee.
JOHN Q. A. CROSBY,
Attorney for said Mary J. Crosby.
Office 312 Palladio,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-11-18-25-May-2-9-16-23.

FASHION'S FOIBLES.

The mortal who can walk the avenues these fine afternoons without becoming impregnated with some of the beauties of dress always seen there is dulled to all sense of the beautiful, says Mildred B., writing from Paris to the Cleveland World. It seems as though the modistes have vied with Nature in getting up the most charming combinations. The general tone of costumes is green. Lovely, soft, tender greens, so in harmony with the color of the bursting leaves.

Pale russet and cedar browns, and dull, soft grays. Just the shades seen on the branches of the trees, through which the new life is now coursing madly. It's a marvelous thing to be young and able to enjoy all these beauties; to be sure, those older can enjoy, too, but it is in a sort of a past tense, and not with the same gladness the young heart feels at every returning spring. It's a divine pleasure to walk along the sunny street, hearing the birds overhead, and drinking in great draughts of the lovely new air. And the happiness of feeling one's self gowned in perfect keeping with the season, and not a blot upon the landscape.

It's a wonderful season this for smart gowns. I am sure I never saw so many displayed at one time. If I had not promised to tell you of them I should not try to distinguish one from the other, but just enjoy them en masse. Let me see. I think a gown of Delft blue cloth impressed me most. It had a perfectly plain skirt, and a bodice most difficult to describe with the pen.

A SPANISH JACKET.

There was a Spanish jacket of cloth, cut straight across the back just below the shoulders, to show a wide empire sash of black satin. In front was a vest of white polissed crepe, finely pleated, bloused over the belt, and was strapped across with black satin ribbon, one-half inch wide, which joined the sides of the wide silk girdle, which was cut out in a sharp point at the front.

Inside of the cloth jacket was a jacket of cream lace, edged with a frilled pleating of the polissed crepe; this hung quite separate from the cloth. There was also a full collar of this lace and pleating standing like a ruche within the cloth collar, which flared out like the Marie Antoinette style.

The sleeves were quite full at the top, and were gored to fit the lower arm smoothly, with overlapped and stitched seams. There were slashings at the waist, to admit a lot of crepe lisse frills. With this fanciful gown was worn black suede gloves, and a huge hat of soft black woven straw, all glittering with gold threads. There were tall clumps of black ostrich feathers on the top, and nosegays of roses underneath the brim.

Then I saw a gown from Meyer's Maison of dove-colored mohair, so silky as to deceive one into thinking it silk. The wide skirt was drawn smoothly away from the front and massed in godets at the back. Across the front breadth rested an artistic arrangement of heavy gray silk cord, caught up into a bunch of loops, and fastened with big cut steel buttons.

The jacket was beautifully curved, and rippled out smartly over the hips. There was a half-inch wide band of gray velvet set along the edge, quite flat, with a silver cord as a finish. A similar arrangement of cord to that of the skirt decorated the revers of the coat, while the wide collar, faced with velvet, flared up about the ears. A stock of black satin was all that could be seen of the bodice. The sleeves were big at the tops and smooth below, curving into a bell shape at the wrist, with an immense bell of velvet.

A FETCHING HAT.

There was a fetching hat worn with this gown, of reseda green straw, high of crown and wide of brim, knocked up at one side, filled in with masses of dainty field flowers, and worn tipped low over the eyes. A soft scarf of corn yellow crepe encircles the crown, and stands in tall loops at the side.

I followed the pretty girl who wore this natty rig for some distance and noticed she carried a parasol hugged in her arms, of black chiffon, beautifully embroidered.

A third chic costume was of heavy Ottoman cloth, and combined with shades of the violet and the violet leaf. The wide skirt was of violet blue cloth, with a girdle of leaf-green velvet twisted inch an inch-wide rope. There were two buckles used upon this belt, both of engraved turquoise, rimmed in gold.

A blouse bodice of violet blue velvet had the top cut like a clerical waistcoat, with a clergyman's collar of green velvet, and inside of this a cravat of cobwebby white lace, made into odd little tassels.

The sleeves of violet velvet were gathered very thickly all along the inside seam, wrinkling all along the arm just like a mousquetaire glove. It had full frills of lace at the wrist, and double caps of velvet at the shoulder. I saw so many trimmed sleeves; almost every frock had the sleeves trimmed to death, either at the wrist, or shoulder or belt; single and double caps, all fancifully edged with tucks or frills. The large sleeves were trimmed at the wrists, and all the sleeves fitted the lower arm like a glove.

COATS AND CAPES.

"Were there no coats or capes?" you ask. Yes, indeed; no end of them, and extremely dashing they were, too, but somehow it's the really, truly gowns which catch the eye thus early in the season; perhaps because we are satisfied with coats and wraps all winter, and welcome the change.

Creamy-looking coats are worn in abundance, not to make them common, but enough to make it noticed that they are great favorites. Very little is seen in the way of dark outer garments, unless velvet is the material—and then such gay accessories are used that they do not seem at all dull. A smart Doucet coat of cream white broadcloth was nipped tightly in at the waist, and had a skirt which flared tremendously—quite over the hips. It opened pointedly to the waist, to show a pleated vest of cerise crepe, and had a great pearl button at its termination.

The sleeves were unusually large and drooped immediately over a tight lower arm, finished by a flaring cuff of pale cedar brown velvet. There was a double cape collar of cedar brown velvet, edged with exquisite metal embroidery, and a full neck ruche made of dozens of loops of brown velvet ribbon, set in with violets. A soft jabot of yellow lace ornamented the front. This swell coat was worn with a swirling skirt of cedar brown velvet.

There was a smart little capote on her sunny hair, made of a margin of purple pink roses and standing frills of black chiffon. With her was a girl who wore

FASHION'S FESTIVAL.

New York's Easter Day Dress Parade.

The small boy's definition of Easter being "a time for ladies to put on new frocks and spring bonnets," is more than ever justified this year, says Nina Fitch in the St. Louis Star. All the big dressmaking and millinery establishments have been turning out lately cartloads of smart trappings intended for Easter services, and much of the headgear today will vie with the churches in profusion of floral ornament.

CONSERVATIVE FOLK.

There are good folk in the world, however, who from principle never wear their new clothes on Easter Sunday. Besides the wickedness of it they think the practice eminently vulgar turning the holy day into a fashion jubilee.

They, therefore, this season, as of yore, wore their latest winter gown to Easter services. But in both cut and texture there is so little difference between gowns fashioned in February and the first spring styles that this year, at least, the denial of a new frock may be easily borne.

The weather permitting there was on Fifth avenue Sunday the usual dress parade after church services. This New York has come to expect just as much as the grand Easter music and the beautiful flowers.

POINTS TO BE NOTED.

Sunday rich falls of deep cream lace were seen in the little velvet collets, and other laces in the front and at the wrists of velvet coats so yellow that they are almost brown.

Then there were narrow belts galore, for belts in all sorts of materials are just now the rage. Plain gilt braids which fasten in front with a gilt or jeweled buckle abounded; and among the more expensive novelty belts were seen here and there one in Russian gilt with a dull blue metal effect, and a long Moorish buckle in colored enamels, enchanting the cultivated eye.

A feature of many of the large hats was a soft shrouding over of the brightest flowers with black tulle or dotted or figured net.

SPRING SLEEVES.

The fall in the size of sleeves was subtly indicated through many quaint models.

A short upper puff, and a tight lower portion shirred across the arm, is one of the latest sleeves in designs.

The gigots, too, have grown much smaller at the top, and have taken to a glove wrinkling of the cuff part that gives them an old-time look. These are much seen in the tailor gowns and short velvet jackets, which, combined with skirts of striped and flowered taffeta, are to be more than ever the rage. Other sleeves, especially those of light silks, and dressy wools, look as if they had gone straight back to our grandmas for designs.

Some have funny old-fashioned looking caps at the top, the sleeve underneath fitting the arm snugly and ending low on the hand with a bell opening or a fall of lace. In fact, all sleeves for spring street use are very long at the wrist, but many of these for later wear are three-quarter length, and run much to smallish double puffs divided by a band of velvet.

NEW SKIRTS AND FABRICS.

Skirts, of course, correspond in narrowness to the fleeciness in the sleeves.

The latest model skirts in the dressy materials, the silks, satins, light wools and all the airy textiles, measure only five yards and a half round.

Many of the tailor-made skirts are even narrower, often only four yards and a half wide, the haircloth stiffening at the bottom being from five to nine inches deep.

In the way of street textures and trimmings, the smart Easter toilets which I noticed will give a few of the most approved combinations.

In all their details these toilets have been selected from the best places and represent some of fashions latest and most becoming fancies.

A jaunty costume by Felix was that with the short loose coat and the skirt buttoned at the lower front gores. The material is Marie Antoinette blue cloth; the trimming strapped seams stitched heavily with white tailor's silk.

The whole costume is lined throughout with white taffeta, and a novel feature is the vest, which is woven like a sweater in coarse white silk.

A narrow belt of white kid with an oval buckle of unpolished porcelain, also white and set in a narrow rim of silver gilt, finishes the waist and the dainty ensemble.

These porcelain belt buckles, by the way, are newer than the jeweled affairs, and extremely effective. The lack of polish gives a powdered bisque look to the surface, and on this will be a modish female head—often coquetishly hatted and veiled—hand-painted in delicate outlinings of dull green or black.

They cost from $15 to $20, but this will be no drawback to the up-to-date maid.

Though but lately imported, and by a single firm, many smart women have already bought them for the dressy shirt waists and thin toilettes that will be worn later on.

The hat with this costume is a Marie Antoinette shape with a puff crown of white satin and black panama brim. Trimmings black ostrich feathers and ribbons velvet, a coronet buckle of Rhinestones and jet and yellow roses.

ANOTHER CHARMING MODEL.

A useful Raehitz confection is realized in brown mostly homespun, which shows in tinings of green and round black clings.

The skirt of this is in eleven narrow gores with V shaped insertions let into the bottom of dark brown velvet. These are strapped over with squares of plain moss green cloth, and on the bodice, which fastens diagonally, there are two magnificent buttons enameled in the colors of the gown.

Silks being in high feather, black peau de soie is much used for dressy mourning, and in many modish instances is combined elaborately with English crepe. In a mourning gown the skirt is of the peau de soie with the front and border all round of the crepe, but this style of trimmings, together with the novel girdle, will be found becoming only to tall slight figures.

STYLES FOR THE STREET.

Black and white cheviots are much advocated by the smartest dressmakers for street use. Made plainly, nothing more serviceable or simple could be desired for all round use, but in conjunction with trimmings of black velvet and a white front to the bodice, these rough woods resolve themselves into very fine affairs.

A pepper and salt cheviot of uncommon desirability had together with these decorations splendid buttons of cut steel on the short half fitting jacket.

As to the short velvet coats that have been carried over from the winter it will be impossible to count them today.

In plain colors they will be worn with patterned silk skirts, and when brocaded with jupes of plain silk cloth or satin.

FOR NECK AND SHOULDERS.

Wraps in any other sense will be scarce, as these combine the office of bodice and coat in one, and with the exception of the dashing collets, wraps are conspicuous by their absence this year.

There were multitudes of smart tan coats, but the world is not given to coats on Easter Sunday.

And besides a few very short affairs of lace and velvet—hardly more than neck fixings themselves—almost no capes are seen.

The most prominent novelties of Easter headgear this year were the poke bonnet and the top-heavy French walking hats. A green velvet puff crown and a bowl brim of cream Tuscan veiled in yellow tulle is the ground principle. Trimmings, black feathers, black and yellow chine ribbon and white gardenias.

A more generally becoming top piece, however, will be found in the hat, which comprises a gold colored and black brim of French chip. A pancake of black feathers, a close knot of red roses, and a wisp of cream lace around the brim, trim this effectively.

Neck ruffles grow more numerous daily.

Narrow gold bangles set with turquoises are being brought over by European tourists as dainty gifts for the stay-at-homes.

A woman who would die of fatigue at the mere mention of sweeping a room will ride twenty miles on her wheel without uttering a whimper.

VANITY FAIR.

Boston Beacon's Weekly Talk on the Fashions.

"Sing ho the Easter bonnet
With a lot of things upon it
New and bright."

We see them all now; the Easter hats and bonnets, the new jackets and wraps and gloves, and every new thing that can be worn.

Coats deserve special discussion, for we are all anxious to throw our furs aside with the first breath of warm air and wear something more springlike. There is no doubt that the loose-backed coats are to be the favorite shape, and the newest of these are cut extremely short, reaching just to the hips. Besides being made of cloth, these short coats are seen in velvet and corduroy.

Black velvet coats embroidered with jet will be a great deal worn in early spring. High collarettes of black ostrich feathers will be worn at the neck. The sacque-backed coat made in drab with large pearl buttons, or in black with pearl buttons, is the chosen coat of the moment. It generally has a square collar, and revers faced with velvet.

For those who like a tight-fitting garment, the coat of cloth, elaborately braided, is the newest thing. Silken braid, outlined with a narrow gold cord, is much used on these coats. Short coats of the bolero shape, which hang rather loose from the neck to the waist, both back and front, are particularly effective when they turn back in the front, with straight revers, trimmed with black braid and gold buttons.

Capes will probably be worn about as much as ever, as nothing is quite so comfortable. There is a tendency to have these capes fitted in at the back, and some of the new models have fitting bodices and bell sleeves, which, although they are quite separate from the bodice part, are so full that when they are worn they have all the appearance of a circular cape. A new style of jacket is neither opened or closed, but just meets over the chest, where it is held by double buttons and links of passementerie. It is finished at the top by a deep turn-down collar and revers and continued into a short waved basque. All the outlines are stitched twice, and there are no other trimmings.

THE EASTER BONNETS.

But it was the Easter bonnet we started in with, wasn't it? Well, then, there never was such a season when flowers were so lovely and natural or when they were to be used to a greater extent. Roses are always fashionable and violets always hold their own place among the season's favorites, but this year there are a few new flowers that are putting in their appearance, and beautiful indeed some of them are. As many as eight roses are seen on a single hat, and the different shades blend together most harmoniously. Orchids, poppies, geraniums, lilies of the valley, oxalis, lilacs and pansies will all be used for trimming.

Sweet peas in all their natural colorings, and nasturtiums with their brilliant hues, and morning glories in petunia, purple and white, looking as if they had just opened their eyes to the morning sun, are among the new flowers. Leaves of every description—ivy, rose, clover and geranium—are to be a popular trimming to satisfy the demand for green, which is the fashionable color in millinery. Red ivory berries, with a garland of ivy leaves about the crown, is one of the favorite models this spring.

There is a perfect craze for black and white and black tulle decorated with applications of white. Brussels lace increases in favor as the season advances. The most brilliant colorings are fashionable in straws, green, golden yellow and tea-rose shades, rose pinks and geranium reds and scarlets being used. Violet is a favorite, but blue is little used, except in combination with violet.

THE LARGE HAT.

In shape the large hat is the most stylish. Now and then an oddity is seen, like a hat with a four-cornered crown, or one where the crown rises in ridges. Most of the hats are turned up at the back, while a few have the brim turned up at the side. Bonnets show more variety, hardly any two models being alike. One idea that is called out with variations in several bonnets has the bonnet made of a broad strip of fancy braid, the ends at each side turned under to form a loop or bow, and gathered to fit the top of the head. The brim is made of velvet or lace braid.

Some of the fancy braids used are very lovely, and almost form a trimming of pink enamel. You can make these yourself if you are clever with the brush.

PRETTY AND CHEAP.

An Easter Outfit For Exactly Fifty Dollars.

How far would $50 go in buying an Easter outfit? asks the New York Journal.

That is a question that many hundreds of women in this city have thought of in one form or another. Every woman loves to dress well, but comparatively few have the means to compete with their wealthy sisters who are the wives or daughters of our millionaires.

The one peculiarity of Easter which distinguishes it from all other days of the year is the fact that it is the one day when everybody is supposed to wear something new. From this has arisen the custom of appearing on Easter in an entirely new outfit. Tais, among the wealthy women of New York, has afforded an opportunity of squandering large sums of money on dress.

But the best dressed women in New York, however, are by no means the wealthiest. This distinction belongs invariably to the women with small bank accounts, but with a knowledge of the harmony of colors, a keen sense of the artistic and a practical experience in the judicious spending of a little money.

A WOMAN'S PLAN.

There is a woman in this town, moving in fashionable society, whose costumes are the envy of every other woman who sees them. They are faultless in coloring an design. Every one speaking of her gowns calls them Parisian made creations. But if the truth were known their origin would be found much more plebeian. This woman, whose gowns are so much admired, consented the other day to tell a Journal reporter how she planned and purchased her entire Easter outfit for the comparatively small sum of $50. Here is how she did it: Her gown was bought ready-made. It came from one of the best dry goods stores in the city, but it was not purchased until a tour of the shops had been made and many other gowns inspected. The gored skirt was of cheviot, cut in the latest fashion.

It was a small, broken plaid in brown and fawn, with a fine, irregular line of apple green running through it. The skirt was lined with percaline.

With it was worn a short, jaunty jacket of soft brown Kersey cloth. The jacket was tight-fitting at the back, open in front and made with rather small brown satin revers. The four buttons were of bronze in gilt rims. The sleeve was the ordinary coat sleeve. At the cuff were two bands of brown satin about two inches apart. The jacket was lined with changeable taffeta silk, shading from fawn to green. This suit she bought for $25.

The vest to be worn with it was the outcome of deep thought. When completed it gave a French touch to the whole costume. It was not a tight-fitting vest, but a full loose front of apple green silk covered entirely with rows of batiste insertion in the natural flax color. Five-eighths of a yard of silk made the front at a cost of 43 cents. The insertion bands were bought by the yard, and then joined by means of narrow green ribbon, the same color as the silk foundation. The bands were in an effective open work design, and three yards were required to make the front. The insertion cost 27 cents a yard. The narrow ribbon for joining was 5 cents a yard, and three yards were needed. The front was sewed to a stock collar of apple green taffeta ribbon, costing 52 cents.

To make a fashionable stock with a bow at the back, a yard and a half of ribbon is required. The total expenditure for the front and collar amounted to $1.91.

None of the batiste fronts which the shops are displaying are as pretty as this one, and yet they are much more expensive.

The owner of the gown in question bought two extra yards of the batiste insertion for 54 cents, and used it to trim the brown satin revers and the cuffs between the satin bands. This little extra expense was worth a vast amount to the costume in improving its effect.

HER HAT SELECTED.

The hat was the next item in importance to be considered. It was trimmed by a milliner and cost $8. The milliner's shop was not on Fifth avenue, but her ideas were in harmony with Fifth avenue styles. The hat was one of the new French panama sailors, just a shade or two darker in color than the batiste insertion which trimmed the gown. It was a flower-laden hat with little bunches of violets and sprays of lily of the valley encircling the crown. At the left side was a bow of fawn velvet ribbon, the loops mingling with a feathery green aigrette. Underneath the brim were a few stray violets which rested becomingly on the hair.

The clever woman who planned this Easter outfit is a firm believer in the necessity of wearing well made shoes and gloves. Cheap shoes alone, she declares, will ruin the effect of even the most perfect gowns. For her shoes, therefore, she willingly paid $5. They were hand-sewed, made with patent leather vamps and cloth tops.

Her gloves cost $1.50. They were of undressed kid in the new mode shade, which shows just a shadow of violet beneath the pale tan.

Much to her regret, her new petticoat was of black moreen instead of silk, but it had a deep taffeta silk ruffle which matched the lining of her jacket. It cost half the price of the good silk skirts sold in the shops, and yet could claim the fascinating rustle so dear to the heart of every woman. She paid just $2.50 for it.

HER PARASOL.

Her parasol also cost $2.50. It was of batiste trimmed with batiste insertion and lined with apple green silk. The handle was of natural wood. She paid 50 cents for her stockings, which were made of fine lisle thread in fawn shade. This left her just 55 cents for her pocket handkerchief, which was of sheer linen with a dainty lace border. When arrayed in this Easter outfit the fashionable woman who planned it looked as if she had been gowned from head to toe by a Worth or a Doucet. To the uninitiated her outfit would be more apt to be valued at $500 than $50.

Here is an itemized account of this $50 Easter wardrobe for the benefit of the many women with limited bank accounts, who have not yet purchased their spring outfit:

Gown, consisting of skirt and jacket, $25; silk and batiste front, with stock collar, $1.91; extra batiste insertion, 54 cents; hat, $8; shoes, $5; petticoat, $2.50; gloves, $1.50; parasol, $2.50; stockings, 50 cents; handkerchief, 55 cents. Total, $50.

Now, if a young man of her acquaintance happened to present her with a bouquet of violets today, the effect would be charming. A $50 costume and a $5 bouquet of violets might seem a little incongruous if you knew about the financial part of it all; but you may be sure people do not know, and the violets would place her in the seventh heaven.

FASHION NOTES.

A brisk walk is the best cure for the blues.

Vivid colorings are noted in men's neckwear.

A white leather belt mounted in silver is very chic.

Pink pique reefers are cute for the baby of fashion.

Blue denim curtains at $8.75 are delightfully artistic.

Ties as wide as sash ribbon are seen on some tiny bonnets.

Josephine combs are novelties for the flat braided coiffure.

A white satin dancing slipper is covered with wee rhinestones.

The twentieth century boot is the favorite of the tailor-made girl.

Genesta is a bright bit of bloom noticed in the florists' windows.

White tulle cravats are popular neck decorations for summer gowns.

There is a rage for braided costumes. The fancy originated in Paris.

White taffeta mohair gowns made in tailor style are considered very chic.

Dainty corsets to match silken petticoats are a winsome but extravagant caprice.

Spangles in needlework are a new conceit that will develop on summer hotel piazzas.

A pretty bit of porcelain for the cabine: is an open umbrella beautifully covered and carved.

The woman in half mourning has a marvelous assortment of pretty silks from which to choose.

A lorgnette or a monocle would be a gift appreciated by the chic woman who likes all dainty accessories of the toilet.

The last felt feminine want is supplied in a belt grip which prevents that ungainly gaping so annoying to a tidy woman.

REDFERN'S LATEST.

The Great Costumer is Full of Novelties.

Now that we are fully launched into the spring season and may naturally look for bright and sunny days, our bicycles will be brought out and given an extra shine, and altogether made ready for long delicious spins far out into the country. Then comes the momentous question of what to wear; one always wants the smartest and newest costume to be had, while at the same time the suit must be thoroughly useful as well as ornamental. For instance, it is wiser to have a coat for bicycling that one can wear for walking with any other skirt if required, instead of one that can only be worn to look well with the short skirt. It is with this presentiment that I request you, my readers, to "lend me your ears," and I will describe a most ingenious invention in the form of a demi-divided cycling skirt, designed and made by Redfern. Let me begin by stating that this same skirt has become wonderfully popular already both at home and abroad, and has undoubtedly cast a big shadow over

(Continued on page 13.)